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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

INQUIRY INTO VALUE OF STATE'S MINERAL LANDS IS PROPOSED

Claimed That the Legislature Has No Authentic Information.

Split In Committee to Investigate Grain Weighing System.

FROM THE HERALD ST PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—An inquiry into the value of the state's iron mines, and whether it is getting enough royalty, is proposed by a resolution offered in the house by Representative Somers of Murray county, and adopted by that body. It has still to receive the approval of the senate. The resolution recites that the method of disposing of the state's mineral lands has been called in question from different sources and the legislature has no authentic information so as to properly safeguard the state's interest by suitable legislation. Therefore it is directed that governor, attorney general and state auditor makes investigation as to the state's mineral lands, their value and the royalties which, under present conditions, the state ought to receive, and report, with recommendations, to the next legislature.

The special committee to investigate grain weighing in this state appeared before the house this morning involved in a split.

J. F. Lund of Minneapolis, a member of the committee, said that A. Hannaford, the chairman, had had in his pocket since Feb. 8 a report unanimously adopted by six out of seven members. Therefore he offered a copy of the report and moved its adoption.

Mr. Hannaford explained that he did not approve the report, that he secured the committee's consent to draft a new one, that he had been unable to get a meeting of the committee to approve his report until yesterday, when a majority of the committee signed a report which he offered and asked to have adopted in place of the Lund report. The latter complimented the grain weighing service of the state, mildly disproved of the system of weighing grain in hoppers, and recommended that track scales be used instead.

The Hannaford report was much stronger, and said the hopper system gave unlimited possibilities for fraud, mistakes and peculations.

John Zeich, after the row had run a little further, moved as a substitute that both reports go to the grain and warehouse committee, and this motion prevailed.

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The special fire insurance rate committee made its report and submitted a bill. The report says that anti-compact laws have not lowered insurance rates, and that the provisions of the proposed bill will result in a 25 per cent reduction in rates. The bill creates the office of fire marshal, prohibits discrimination in rates, and limits the fees of agents to 15 per cent of premiums. The report says that now some companies pay 35 and 40 per cent for business.

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M. Scarl of Clara City offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of three by the senate to investigate the salaries, fees and emoluments of every state officer during 1903 and 1904, and report within ten days.

S. S. Smith gave notice of debate and sent the resolution over to tomorrow.

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The house agricultural committee recommended the rattlesnake bounty bill to pass, and it was greeted with a laugh by the house.

* * *

The senate passed the Flower resolution sending three representatives and two senators to witness the launching of the battleship Minnesota, and appointed Senators L. E. Jepson of Minneapolis and W. A. Smith of Windom to go.

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John Selb offered a bill in the house making it a misdemeanor for a person charged with the care of a child to encourage it in bad ways.

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E. E. Adams offered a bill abolishing the public printing commission and putting its duties upon the state board of control, which would employ and discharge the expert printer after July 1, 1905.

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A. K. Ware offered a bill licensing wholesale milk dealers.

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J. B. Kelly offered a bill defining pure white lead paint and pure mixed paint and punishing people for using substitutes.

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In the senate, Senator Eberhart offered his private banking bill as an amendment to the banking committee's bill, and there was another long argument over it. This is the third time Eberhart has had his bill before the senate. It is a copy of the Lund bill, which passed the house yesterday.

The senate defeated the Eberhart amendment and put the committee bill over until tomorrow.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

WIFE BEATING BILL PASSED BY THE HOUSE

Convention to Revise the State Constitution Is Also Favored.

Pressure on Senate to Pass the Reciprocal Demurrage Bill.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Just to show that it really can do business when it wants to, and to repel the insinuations that have been made to the effect that it talks too much to be able to accomplish business with facility, the house yesterday afternoon passed a number of very important measures, on some of which there was not even a word of debate.

This was not the case with W. I. Nolan's wife beating bill, but there was not a great deal of talk about that. The author made a serious and earnest plea for the bill, and answered those who have said that the bill was a relapse into barbarism. He read from sundry black-covered books said to be reports of public officials supposed to know all about it, wherein it appeared that where it has been tried, the punishment of wife-beaters by flogging has resulted in a material reduction in the number of wives beaten.

Elias Rachie of Lac Qui Parle county said that all of the unmarried men were against the bill, and that it was barbaric. Nic. Juliar off Blue Earth county voted for the bill, but he complained that it ought to work both ways and provide punishment for a woman that beats her husband. However, he supposed these great reforms could not all be brought about at once.

S. D. Peterson of New Ulm, happy in his victory in getting two important licks in on corporations, through the action of the house, gave uterance to the humorous statement that he voted for the bill because his wife was so large he could not whip her if he wanted to. So the bill passed, and its title was agreed to, the vote being 69 to 59.

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Another exceedingly important bill was that by Sherman S. Smith of Minneapolis, proposing a convention to revise the constitution of the state of Minne-

(Continued on page 5, second column.)

WOMAN'S TONGUE A CONCEALED WEAPON, ACCORDING TO JUDGE

New York, March 22.—Edward L. Cook, who dispenses New Jersey justice at Madison in that state, has decided that a woman's tongue when used upon a justice of the peace becomes a concealed weapon.

Two women had appeared in his court, one charging that the other had called her names. The justice tried to settle the case, and after dismissing the complaint endeavored to make the women shake hands. It was then that they turned their tongues loose upon the justice. He did not look up the law, but made out a complaint under a section of the disorderly act, which relates to concealed weapons, and fined them $10 each. One of the women hurried to her lawyer who brought the matter before a county judge for review. That official set aside the conviction and ordered the fines returned.

TURKISH TROOPS WAIT FOR SHIPS.

Constantinople, March 22.—The minister of war has been ordered to hold further battalions in readiness for service in Yemen province, Arabia, but meanwhile the government is unable to obtain ships to convey to Arabia the troops already awaiting transportation. Reinforcements are urgently needed. The casualties of the imperial forces since the outbreak of the insurrection are already estimated at 4,000 to 5,000 men.

ITALIAN WARSHIP SAILS.

New York, March 22.—The Italian warship Calabria has sailed for Kingston, Jamaica, cables the Herald's correspondent at Santo Domingo. Her itinerary to Havana and La Guayra has been altered because of an unexpected cable dispatch from Rome, and her trip to Kingston is presumably taken because Jamaica is nearer.

RUSSIAN WAR FLEETS WILL UNITE AND THEN PROCEED TO MEET TOGO

NOTHING IS HEARD

From Venezuela Relative to Demand of the United States.

Will Probably Insist on Awaiting Decision of Court.

Washington, March 22.—The state department has heard nothing from Minister Bowen to indicate that the Venezuelan government has made answer to his last proposition to arbitrate the American claims, and it is supposed that the answer, when it does come, will be to the effect that the Venezuelan government insists on awaiting the final action of its courts upon the pending asphalt case. It will then remain for the state department to determine how long it is prepared to await this judicial action. The difficulty is that the Venezuelan government has refused the application of the asphalt company, supported by Minister Bowen, to revert to the status existing before the appointment of a receiver in the asphalt case, and allow the company to repossess itself of its property. As it is, the receiver is taking out large quantities of asphalt from Bermudese lake, the proceeds from which are going into the Venezuelan treasury to the great financial loss of the company, which is making daily representations on the subject to the state department.

Paris, March 22.—The French Cable company has received a further dispatch from M. Brun, its representative at Caracas, confirming the postponement of the decision of the court relative to the company's concessions. The company's officials here say the postponement resulted from the representations of the French minister. It is understood that the reports point out that the company is a governmental concern and that an unfriendly attitude toward it would amount to an unfriendly attitude toward the French government. The company is reticent as to its future attitude, is still unadvised of any cutting of cables and expresses a desire for an amicable adjustment with President Castro.

HAS BULLET IN HIS HEAD

St. Louis Attorney Denies That He Attempted Suicide.

New York, March 22.—Charles Erd, a prominent St. Louis attorney, was found in his room here early today with a bullet wound in his head. To the police and physicians, who questioned him closely, Mr. Erd insisted that he had not attempted to kill himself and that he had no motive for doing so. He declared he had the revolver under the pillow of his bed and that it was discharged accidentally. One of the policemen stated there were powder stains on Erd's left hand. Erd will be blind in one eye.

GAYNOR-GREENE CASE

Will Now Be Tried on Its Merits.

Montreal, March 22.—The application for a writ of prohibition on the ground that Extradition Commissioner La Fontaine was not qualified to hear the Gaynor-Greene case was dismissed by Justice Davison today and the case will now be tried on its merits by Judge La Fontaine. A large number of witnesses from the United States are here. Gaynor and Greene are wanted by the United States government for alleged frauds in connection with the improvement of Savannah harbor.

ONE ARREST MADE.

Des Moines, March 22.—One arrest was made today in connection with the Rock Island wreck at Homestead yesterday. The officers refuse to divulge the name, pending a further investigation. It is believed others are implicated.

JERSEY LILY A GRANDMA.

New York, March 22.—A son has been born to Mrs. Ian Malcolm, wife of a well-known member of parliament from Scotland and daughter of Mrs. Lily Langtry, says an American dispatch from London. It is said that Mrs. Langtry and her daughter have been estranged since the latter's marriage.

CONFESSED TO MURDER.

Oakland, Cal., March 22.—Asserting that he had been converted by evangelists, Earl Bodine, who says he is an ex-convict, went before Chief of Police Hodgkins and to him confessed that eight years ago, near Fort Fairfield, Me., he had shot and killed a companion, throwing the body into the Aroostook river. The authorities believe that he is telling the truth.

ASKS FOR BATTLE FLAG.

Madison Wis., March 22.—The governor of Alabama has asked the assembly for the battle flag of the First Alabama regiment, captured by the Fifteenth Wisconsin regiment at Island No. 10, on April 7, 1862. Assemblyman Norcross, department commander of the Grand Army, has introduced a resolution providing for the return of the flag.

The Prospects of a Great Naval Battle Are Good.

Russian Rear Guard Now Seventy Miles North of Tie Pass.

Japanese Cavalry and Infantry Discovered Beyond Them.

St. Petersburg, March 22, 5:30 p. m.—At the admiralty it is strongly intimated that Admiral Rojestvensky will effect a juncture with Admiral Nebogatoff within two days and then proceed to meet Admiral Togo. The third division of the Russian Second Pacific fleet, commanded by Rear Admiral Nebogatoff, left Suda bay, island of Crete, yesterday, for Port Said.

St. Petersburg, March 22.— Adispatch from Gen. Linevitch, dated March 21, says:

"Yesterday Japanese cavalry detachments appeared in front of our advance posts. Behind the cavalry were infantry, who halted at the village of Machantzy."

St. Petersburg, March 22, 1:55 p. m.—The retreat of the Russian army, from the latest reports, evidently is being conducted in a splendid fashion. In four days actual marching after leaving Tie pass the rear guard has fallen back seventy miles and the heads of the columns are already entering Gunshu pass forty miles further north keeping up with the Japanese column marching north over the Grand Trade route. With the bridges and railroad destroyed behind the Russians the Japanese are unable to press the rear and according to information received from the front it is believed that the bulk of Field Marshal Oyama's army is still at Tie pass the flanking column being comparatively weak. This news may, however, prove incorrect. For two days there has been some skirmishing accompanied by artillery exchanges between the Japanese on the Grande Trade route and the Russians screening the retreat, showing that they are in constant contact.

With the crossing of the Sungari river at Chantihitu protected many military men here believe that Gen. Linevitch while prepared to withdraw to Harbin will attempt to hold the line from Kuanchangtze to Kirin, so as to control the rich Sungari valley as a source of supply for the army. A Japanese advance to Kirin would be equivalent to the isolation of Vladivostok.

The war office points to the fact that Linevitch was able to give his troops a day of rest as being the best evidence that complete order has been restored and that the stories of demoralized flight are untrue.

The Russian press commends Gen. Kuropatkin highly for the fine spirit which he displayed in returning to the army in a subordinate capacity declaring that the defeated leader is more to be pitied than blamed.

The advocates of a continuance of the war are encouraged by the somewhat better outlook for the Manchurian army, the success of the internal loan and the announced departure of the squadron commanded by Vice Admiral Rojestvensky eastward.

The Son of the Fatherland which has again been revived at the expiration of its three months suspension, inaugurated its reappearance today with a plea for peace declaring that the Manchurian adventure has cost $1,000,000,000—$250,000,000 for the Chinese Eastern railroad; $250,000,000 for Port Dalny and Port Arthur and $500,000,000 for the war—pointing out that if the money had been spent at home it would have given approximately $10,000,000 to each province for schools, roads, sanitation and lighting. The paper adds:

(Continued on page 8, sixth column.)

HAS A GENUINE GAINSBOROUGH

Milwaukeean Said to Possess an Original Canvas.

Milwaukee, March 22.—The Journal today says: What is pronounced by a New York connoisseur to be a genuine Gainsborough picture is in possession of a Milwaukeean. If it is an original, the picture for which J. P. Morgan paid a fancy price, must be a duplicate. The old canvas has a history. It is a portrait of King Louis XIV. of France, which may turn out a second duchess of Devonshire sensation. Evidently it was painted about the same period of the famous picture bought by Mr. Morgan. The artist's name was worn away by time and stress. The canvass was bought by a Milwaukeean, thirty-three years ago for a small price from an old French immigrant.

According to his story the picture was cut from its frame during the French revolution and passed from hand to hand through the Canadian provinces until the owner found himself in Milwaukee and ready to sell the well-worn canvas.

MOTHER AND SON PERISH.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 22.—Mrs. Harland Newton of Shelton, Neb., and her 9-year-old son, John, perished in a fire here today at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Kneebone. The fire was caused by a gasoline stove.

SHOOT FIVE MEN

Was Order Given to Anderson White By Judge Hargis.

Sensational Testimony at Hearing of Breathitt County Case.

Lexington, Ky., March 22.—Dr. Cox, Jim Cockrell, Mark Cockrell, Attorney Vaughan and Marcum were to be shot by Anderson White in the courthouse, during the trial of Tom Cockrell for killing Ben Hargis, in obedience to orders by James Hargis, according to a sensational story told today by White during the hearing of the motion for bail for the Hargises and Callahan.

Anderson White is the brother of Tom White, who is under life sentence for the murder of J. B. Marcum. White said that prior to the killing of Cockrell, James Hargis took him to the Hargis store and gave him a 45-calibre pistol, and told him he wanted him to return to the courthouse, where the trial of Tom Cockrell for killing Ben Hargis was in progress, and be ready to do as Judge Hargis told him. He declared that Hargis wanted him to shoot five men, White being ordered to shoot in the event that any trouble started. The men he was to shoot were Dr. Cox, Jim Cockrell, Mark Cockrell, Attorney Vaughan and another, the witness recalled to be Marcum. "Kill all of these or any damned one of them," is what White said Hargis told him to do. He said he declined to do this, and returned the pistol. Hargis told him then that he would be needed probably as a witness, and told him to return when sent for.

TRYING TO RAISE ROW

Visit of Emperor William to Morocco Causes Comment.

Paris, March 22.—Emperor William's proposed visit to Morocco at the moment when France is establishing her paramount influence there, attracts marked attention and comment. Concerning the visit itself, reports to the effect that France had taken umbrage are distinctly denied, as it is pointed out that there is nothing incorrect in such a visit, which is altogether natural during a cruise in the Mediterranean. However, the authorities recognize that the visit is being used in unfriendly quarters as a pretext to stir up animosity and excite the Moors to believe that they should resist the acceptance of the French plan for administering the country. The officials here say they do not regard the Germans as being party to this maneuver, which is attributed mainly to the Morocco correspondent of a leading London newspaper.

Owing to the Anglo-French agreement, the authorities here expected that British official and press opinion would assist in the execution of the French policy. This policy has now reached a crisis, as the French mission at Fez is awaiting the sultan's final answer. Therefore the British press reports that Emperor William's visit may interrupt the French policy are strongly disapproved.

Relative to the suggestion that Germany seeks equality of trade rights in Morocco, it is said that the Anglo-French agreement distinctly provides for an open-door policy, whereby the United States, Germany and other countries have the same commercial rights in Morocco as France.

WOULD HAVE STATE CONTROL INSURANCE.

Springfield, Ill., March 22.—Representative Edward J. Glacklin of Chicago today introduced a resolution in the Illinois house of representatives, providing for the appointment by the governor of a commission of five members to serve without pay to study into the question of industrial insurance, and to report their findings, with a draft of a bill which would put such insurance under the control of the state at the next session of the general assembly in 1907.

"In France, Germany and England the state controls industrial insurance business," said Mr. Glacklin, in explaining his ideas. "What I want is a thorough study into the matter by a commission. I think it would, under state control bring about a partial solution of the labor question."

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS

Must Be Regular Physicians In Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., March 22.—The state senate has favored the Christian Science bill, already passed by the house, which requires all healers to take a four-year course in medicine and pass the examination required of regular physicians. If the governor signs the bill all Christian Science healing, for fees, will be stopped in the state until after the healers have obtained their certificates and been licensed to practice.

FRENCH DEPUTY ENDS LIFE AFTER QUARREL WITH OPERA DANCER

M. Proust, Minister In Gambetta's Cabinet, Shoots Himself.

Tragedy Follows a Dinner Given to Famous Rosita Mauri.

Paris, March 22, 2:30 p. m.—Antonin Proust, minister of fine arts in the Gambetta cabinet, died today as the result of two shots in the head, self inflicted. He had long been a victim of melancholy which is believed to have been intensified recently by differences with Rosita Mauri, the celebrated dancer of the opera, with whom he was closely associated. She dined at his apartment Monday evening, the tragedy following shortly after her departure.

Antonin Proust who was born in 1832, entered journalism in his youth, travelled extensively and was the author of a number of works on the fine arts and travel. He was correspondent of the Temps in the Franco-Prussian war. After the capitulation of Sedan he became secretary of Gambetta, the cause of whose death has been shrouded in mystery, but who according to one report died in a manner somewhat similar to M. Proust. In 1867 M. Proust was elected to the chamber of deputies from Niort and devoted his attention almost exclusively to foreign affairs and the fine arts. In 1881 he entered the cabinet presided over by Gambetta as minister of fine arts and retired with the ministry in 1884 after which the ministry of fine arts was suppressed. In December, 1892, M. Proust was among the many deputies compromised in the great Panama canal scandal and was one of the five prosecuted by the government which caused M. Proust to resign the position of French commissioner general to the Chicago World's Fair. He was tried before the assize court on the Panama charges and was acquitted.

Rosita Mauri was at one time the leading dancer of the Paris opera and was at the head of her profession in the world. When she retired from the stage in 1898 no dancer was so well known.

SOLUTION OF POISON MYSTERY PROMISED

Police Expect to Act In Stanford Case Within Two Days.

San Francisco, March 22.—The Call says today: It is announced at police headquarters that within the next forty-eight hours the mystery surrounding the presence of strychnine poison in the bottle of Poland water, with which Mrs. Stanford quenched her thirst on the evening of July 14, at her California street home, will have been completely solved and that possibly one or two persons toward whom the strongest suspicion is directed, will be arrested. As to whether the poison was placed in the bottle before the water was drunk by Mrs. Stanford for the purpose of ending her life, or injected into the bottle after she had drunk from it, with malicious intent towards Miss Berner, the police refuse to say.

The report of the local detectives just returned from Honolulu has been filed with the acting chief of police, and the captain of detectives, giving the result of their investigations into the death of Mrs. Stanford at Honolulu. This report shows that the detectives made Dr. Humphreys of Honolulu, who was in charge of the case, contradict himself on points so material that the detectives are unable to arrive at the conclusion that murder was committed. Briefly, their findings are to the effect that an overloaded stomach; a weak heart, excited by over-indulgence in exercise attending the aged woman's outing on the day of her death, and the use of cascara with strychnine, improperly prepared, combined to bring about her death.

FOREIGN BONDHOLDERS GET A GUARANTEE FROM CASTRO

London, March 22.—At the office of the council of foreign bondholders the Associated Press was informed today that an agreement between the Venezuelan government and the British and German bondholders, adjusting and consolidating the exterior debt, $28,600,000, will be signed tomorrow, the details having been concluded to the satisfaction of both parties. It was added that the guarantees comprise considerably more than 50 per cent of the customs duties of all ports except La Guayra and Puerto Cabello, but the officials declined to give the exact figures.

Surprise was expressed at the dispatches from Washington, intimating that the American minister at Caracas, Mr. Bowen, was seeking to prevent the ratification of the agreement which the council of foreign bondholders contend is entirely in accord with the Washington protocol. The British and German foreign officers have been consulted and agree that the bondholders are entirely within their rights, and the provisions of the protocol.

The council of foreign bondholders has been working for a guaranteed payment since the promulgation of the protocol, first on a scheme which provided for a settlement of the Venezuelan indebtedness to all countries, but this plan was killed by the withdrawal of the French last October. Thereafter the British and German bondholders united and secured President Castro's agreement to allot a portion of revenues of La Guayra and Puerto Cabello, to which Minister Bowen objected. Since this frustration in January the bondholders have been at work on the present agreement, which provides for the issue of new 3 per cent bonds to cover the debt of the Anglo-German bondholders, amounting, including arrears, to about $28,600,000.

Gen. Antonio Velutini, President Castro's fiscal agent, acted in behalf of Venezuela in the present negotiations, while the council of foreign bondholders and the Disconto-Gesellschaft respectively represented the British and German bondholders.

FLOOD LOSSES IN PITTSBURG MAY EXCEED MILLION DOLLARS

Pittsburg, March 22.—The crest of the flood was reached at 8 o'clock this morning and the rivers are rapidly receding. The highest point reached was in the Monongahela, the stage being twenty-nine feet. The rivers started to fall at their headquarters last night and early this morning, and the flood stage will last only a few hours, as the streams will go down almost as rapidly as they came up.

While not the greatest flood Pittsburg has experienced, the results have been serious enough. Scores of mills have been forced to shut down in various parts of the Pittsburg district, thousands of workmen thrown out of work, hundreds of families compelled to abandon their homes; railroad schedules disarranged, and telegraph and telephone service crippled.

In fact all branches of trade have been more or less affected by the high water.

It is estimated that the loss to local industries since the flood began will exceed $1,000,000.

Bellaire, Ohio, March 22.—The river reached forty-two feet here this morning and is still rising. The lower portion of the city is inundated and hundreds of families were forced to abandon their homes. The railroads are crippled and many manufacturing plants had to suspend operations.

Wheeling, W. Va., March 22.—The crest of the first rise reached here at 11 o'clock with forty-two feet of water at that time. Forty-five feet is expected on the second rise, which will put the water over the greater portion of the city. The city is completely tied up with almost all railroad communication cut off and all of the works shut down. But two railroad mail routes are open and with forty-five feet of water all will be closed in. There is considerable distress in the lowlands as the victims of the flood are unable to get assistance in moving their goods out, many being forced to desert their homes, leaving everything in the water.

ALEXANDRA AT PORTUGAL.

Lisbon, Portugal, March 22.—The British royal yacht Victoria and Albert, with Queen Alexandra and her party on board, arrived here today.

Bayha's Great Sale of Manufacturers' Sample

FURNITURE!

Is getting in better shape every hour now. We put to work an extra force of men unloading, unpacking and placing in position the contents of the three great carloads that arrived the first of the week, and lots of eager buyers are securing some extra fine values—values *they* are proud to get, and values *we* are proud to give, for we want to show you what *this store* is doing to merit your trade. Among the other good things put on sale this morning we mention *Children's Go-carts, 25 sample Sideboards, 33 sample Extension Tables, 18 sample Buffets, 25 sample China Closets, 20 fine Combination Book Cases* and other desirable pieces being added ever hour at *25 per cent, 33 per cent and 40 per cent less than regular prices.*

SELECT WHAT YOU WANT AT THIS SALE AND SAME WILL BE STORED FREE UNTIL YOU WANT IT DELIVERED.

Cor. Second Ave. W. and First St.

Bayha & Co.

Mammoth New Furniture Store.

"YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD HERE."

One of the most interesting of the social affairs of the week is the wedding of Miss Rose Gidding and Max Stern of Chicago which will take place this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gidding on East Superior street. Following the ceremony Mr. Stein and his bride will leave for a wedding trip, and will then go to Chicago where they will be at home.

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Mrs. S. L. Frazer left yesterday for a week's visit with her daughter Mrs. LeRoy Salsich at Hibbing.

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Dr. Emilie Maris who has been visiting at her home in Iowa returned to this city yesterday.

• • •

Mrs. H. McIntyre and Miss Basie McIntyre of 121 Tenth avenue East have gone to Minneapolis to spend the week and attend the opera.

• • •

Mrs. J. R. Marshall of 1113 East Fourth street left yesterday for Florida where she will join Mr. Marshall and remain a month.

Mrs. J. S. Forward was pleasantly surprised yesterday afternoon at her home, 2591 West First street, the affair being in honor of her birthday. The hostess was presented with a set of silver spoons and an album quilt, each guest contributing a block. Those present were:

Mesdames—
Lent, G. Stevens,
E. Stevens, Haven,
Hopkins, Wellington,
Ives, Hubbard,
Allen, Rockwell,
Helm, Tufte,
Burns, Sharp,
Lawson, Ash,
Opperman, Preston,
Gorman, Harper,
Robinson, Wellington,
Conghill,
Misses—
Allen, Burns,
Taylor.

• • •

The last class meeting of the Twentieth Century club was held yesterday afternoon at the club room of the library, when the Travel class gave its last program of the year. The election of the leader for the class was held and Mrs. J. H. Crowley was re-elected to that office. The work for the coming year was discussed and the program for the year's study will be left in the hands of a committee, with Mrs. Crowley as leader. The committee will consist of Mrs. J. L. Crawford, Mrs. E. L. Fisher, Mrs. A. H. Smith and Mrs. C. H. Merritt. It is probable that for a part of the year at least the class will continue the study of special features of Great Britain.

A paper was read by Mrs. A. H. Smith on "Wales," and following the program an informal reception was held for Mrs. T. K. Hicks, and tea was served.

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The Duluth Art club will hold its regular meeting this evening at the library.

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The Olcott club of Duluth Heights will meet this evening at the home of Miss Lillian Brayton, and the leader for the evening is Miss Edith Christensen.

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The Ladies' Reading club of Duluth Heights will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. William Stewart. The leader for the afternoon will be Miss Jean Hendry.

NECESSITY FOR TASTE.

Absence of It a Thing Quickly Noted.

Let us be tasteful or hide, exhorts the New York Globe.

Today, when the edicts of the fashion queen are laissez faire edicts, and graciously allow each subject to follow her own particular caprice, free and welcome rein is given taste.

Today we choose like free women what we shall wear, and are not tyrannically chosen for.

If picture hats are not becoming we choose toques.

If turbans do not suit we wear sailors.

A lordly opportunity this to express our souls—to vote, garmently speaking. Some women of us, indeed, do look as if they had simply blossomed out of their inner consciousness into a beautiful toilet; others of us are the creatures of chance, and look as if their clothes had been hurled at them by a tornado.

Some of us, otherwise good and true, have a sort of inborn want of taste, and wear too bright colors, too many glass beads, too much hair, and a combination of discordant materials, which causes the heart of a good dresser to smart with anguish.

This want of taste runs across the character like an intellectual bar sinister, forcing us to believe that their conclusions are anything but legitimate.

We know how it offends us to see a person in a dress which is inappropriate.

A chief justice in the warpaint and feathers of an Indian chief would scarcely be listened to, even if his utterances were those of a Jay or a Marshall.

It takes a great person, a courageous person, to bear the shame of unbecoming dress; and no doubt to a nature shy, passionate, proud and poor the necessity for wearing poor or unbecoming clothes has done injury for life.

He despised himself for his weakness, but the weakness remained.

Perhaps to their taste in dress Frenchwomen owe much of their easy civility and their success in social politics, and herein women are far more fortunate than men, for they can always ask, "Is it becoming?" and add the handkerchief, fan, muff or mantle for trembling hands.

Neatness and simple elegance are the shibboleths of good taste, and after that one may be as expensive as one please if only at the right time.

Vulgarity is readily seen under the costliest garments.

Every one can avoid vulgarity and dowdiness, and when the modes travel by telephone every one can be de rigueur.

Women, particularly shy women, feel the effect of handsome clothes as a reinforcement.

"There is an appui in a good gown," said Mme. de Stael.

Therefore, the awkward and shy, in attempting to conquer the manners of artificial society, should dress as well as possible.

There should be harmony and fitness and suitability as to times and seasons and purposes.

A gorgeously dressed woman in the proper place is a fine sight.

A tastefully dressed woman is she who understands herself and her surroundings.

WASP WAIST IS RULE.

Women Must Cultivate the "Hourglass" Figure.

Chicago, March 22.—If they would be fashionable, women must cultivate the "hourglass" figure. The National Dressmakers' association, which began its convention on the tenth floor of the Fine Arts building, Monday, has said so, and the edicts of the organization mean everything to Dame Fashion.

With the hourglass figure the Chicago woman will display shoulders like those of a pugilist and a waist like that of a wasp. The latest proclamation of fashion was enunciated by Mme. Linda Ross Wade, vice president of the association, who has just come from New York and who intends to deliver lectures during the convention on "Poise—Something Necessary for Every Woman."

"Women should now strive to attain what has been termed the hourglass figure—a figure which is both graceful and attractive from all viewpoints," said Mme. Wade. "All women will find this figure to suit them admirably, whether they be stout, thin or medium. The hourglass figure in its perfection shows wide shoulders, a small waist and reasonably large, somewhat sloping hips. Padding is being introduced in the shoulders of gowns to give the proper effect there, while waists are laced rather tightly. If women follow my rules of walking and poise they will not need, however, to use padding for the hips.

"Attainment of the hourglass figure is largely a question of poise—the art of holding oneself properly and walking properly. Walk on your toes—that is the chief secret of both poise and walking. Use the heels merely to aid in balancing, but place the weight of the body forward—on the toes.

"Try it, and you will find that this position throws out the chest and causes you naturally to hold yourself straight and with squared shoulders. When women allow themselves to sink back on their heels in walking they become sloppy.

"Women who wear high French heels will find it easy to walk on their toes, and that is the way they should walk, for when they attempt to bring into prominent play those tiny, elongated heels, they become wobbly in their progress down the street. I suppose the toe walk might better be called the dance walk—the position is somewhat analogous.

"In mentioning French heels, another thought is suggested. This is that French women know how to walk properly and do it. That is one of their greatest advantages over American women. French women, in consequence, can manage any kind of a dress, be it long or short, with delightful grace and skill.

"It must not be supposed that the hourglass figure means, as some one has said it does, the abolition of the straight front. Not at all. The hourglass figure is an hourglass figure viewed from the front or back, but viewed from the side the straight front is the effect to be sought.

"The art of sleeping in the correct position is another aid to cultivation of the hourglass figure, allied to the art of improper walking. Sleep on your face, with the body stretched out at full length. Do not draw up the knees. Let the muscles of the legs be taut, and remember that good muscles are a requisite in walking with the toes."

A GOOD DEAL OF NONSENSE.

About "Blood Purifiers" and "Tonics."

Every drop of blood, every bone, nerve and tissue in the body can be renewed in but one way, and that is, from wholesome food properly digested. There is no other way and the idea that a medicine in itself can purify the blood or supply new tissues and strong nerves is ridiculous and on a par with the fol-de-rol that dyspepsia or indigestion is a germ disease, or that other fallacy, that a weak stomach which refuses to digest food can be made to do so by irritating and inflaming the bowels by pills and cathartics.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure indigestion, sour stomach, gas and bloating after meals, because they furnish the digestive principles which weak stomachs lack, and, unless the deficiency of pepsin and diastase is supplied, it is useless to attempt to cure stomach trouble by the use of "tonics," "pills" and "cathartics" which have their only effect is to give a temporary stimulation.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs and similar foods, and experiments have shown that they will do this in a glass bottle at proper temperature, but of course are much more effective in the stomach.

There is probably no remedy so universally used as Stuart's Tablets, because it is not only the sick and ailing, but well people who use them at every meal to insure perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

People who enjoy fair health take Stuart's Tablets as regularly as they take their meals, because they want to keep well, prevention is better than cure, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do both; they prevent indigestion and they remove it where it exists. The regular use of one or two of them after meals will demonstrate their merit and efficiency better than any other argument.

PRICES FOR

IF THIS SIGN YOU WILL KNOW SINGER SEWING MACHINES SINGER STORES EVERYWHERE

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,

14 West Superior Street,

Duluth, Minn.

WHITINGTON WHITINGTON

By Shannon Birch.

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Nobody knew so well the inscrutable mainsprings that set in order the beauty, the wit, the sprightliness, the hopes and achievements of the fair members of Gold Handle street—nobody knew these things so well as Whitington Whitington, and knowing well the capabilities of this select sphere of the social world, he enjoyed its environments and assumed control of its destinies, preserved in his task by an intimate knowledge of its many matrimonial pitfalls.

To be young and to be fair, in the catechism of Gold Handle street, was to be in love with Whitington Whitington. To be in love with Whitington Whitington was generally known to be, with Whitington Whitington's own consent, curable; it was an event against which there seemed no desire to become immune. Like a spell of the measles, it was serious enough while it lasted, it was considered inevitable, and finally mended only when ended.

Whitington Whitington was believed never to fall in love in return. To have fallen in love would have put him beyond the leadership of Gold Handle street society, and beyond the gentle remembrance of many and many a Gold Handle street graduate whose romantic reminiscence he continued to be long after they had passed to wider stages of action.

At last, however, be it known, uncertain fate decreed that Whitington Whitington should labor in the shadow of impending matrimony, for he was at last profoundly loved by a maiden that knew not to palter; indeed, her age was ten years or more beyond the class of callow maidens to whom Whitington Whitington had so long made love professionally. It was the second attack, for in fact Rosina Crosby had fallen under the customary charm of Whitington Whitington ten years before, and he had counted that the incident, in the usual diplomatic sequence, was closed; indeed, he had after ter; indeed, her age was ten years or more beyond the class of callow maidens to whom Whitington Whitington had so long made love professionally. It was the second attack, for in fact Rosina Crosby had fallen under the customary charm of Whitington Whitington ten years before, and he had counted that the incident, in the usual diplomatic sequence, was closed; indeed, he had always been led to believe that Rosina herself treated it as a closed incident, and was only, alas, undeceived in the ripening stages of his association, within the confines of Gold Handle street, with the newest of its opening buds, Annette Van Tank.

The unprecedented vigor with which Rosina Crosby, now no longer young, and for that reason the more dangerous, pressed her rejuvenated claims was something never heard of before in Gold Handle street society, and was the more perplexing to Whitington Whitington as her's was a display of tactics wholly out of line with his entire experience. Love had perished in every other instance with Whitington Whitington simply by the statute of limitations; it just run along until it was outlawed; indeed, he considered that Rosina Crosby had followed safely in the footsteps of all Gold Handle street, and that between him and her there existed nothing more tangible than a pleasing aroma of other days. In fact, Whitington Whitington had been further led to suppose that Rosina had not only forgotten her early flame, but that she had found eternal solace in the manifest gallantries of Prof. Van Tank, whose wife had died young and left to his care their only daughter, the truly beautiful Annette Van Tank!

Whitington Whitington could not, however, forget his value as a matrimonial catch, and trembled for his fate at the hands of Rosina Crosby. Nothing like it had ever happened before. Rosina took charge; she dined him; she wined him; she monopolized his precious time and absorbed entirely his valuable attention.

Something must be done or he was lost! Thoughts of Annette—of love for Annette, that flew through his mind, merely served to aggravate his distraction. Could he save himself for Annette? Could he save himself at all? Could he. If he could at all it should be for Annette. It was worth while to be saved for Annette; for himself it would not be worth the supreme efforts. In the case of resolutions as admirable as Whitington Whitington's it is a pity that anything should ever prevent their consummation, but when we take into consideration that these resolutions were made in the absence of Rosina we can see how easily they might, as of course they did, "go awry and lose the name of action."

Would Whitington boat? So would Rosina! Would Whitington drive? So would Rosina! Would Whitington rest? So would Rosina! And so on to the end of the chapter. Finally, would Whitington Whitington please Rosina enough to become her guest at supper with Prof. Van Tank and his daughter Annette? Behold, here was a green spot! Yes, he would dine, gladly, under these conditions.

Whitington Whitington on the day he dined found the conditions as stipulated, but with an unmistakable air of marriageable things about. Was Rosina about to execute some unexpected master stroke? Was innuendo to be used? Was he, Whitington Whitington, willy-nilly, to be announced? Was Annette thereafter to count him among the lost? Alas for his tongue that clave to the roof of his mouth! In the midst of these perturbations Prof. Van Tank arose from the table and asked permission to make known a condition of affairs the most delicate and happy that could fall to the human lot. In the private gathering around him he wished to call on all to drink to the happiness of two people who had consulted the calendar of love, and found the stars propitious; he wished to call on those present to drink to the happy event, known to all present but one (whereupon Whitington Whitington looked despairingly at Annette); "known," the speaker continued, "to Rosina, Annette and—and—and to myself, of course, and now announced first and specially to our dear friend, Whitington Whitington. I refer to the early prospects of marriage between—(a long pause, amounting to suspense)—Rosina Crosby, whose guests we are, and—(another long pause, still more excruciating)—and the speaker, your servant, Alcibiades Van Tank!"

"Our health!"

Whitington Whitington, passing from death to life, arose with Annette, and with the most intense look of gratification possible to the human countenance, exclaimed exuberantly, as he lifted his cup:

"Delightful! Delightful! Professor, your health! Your health!"

Rosina arose and looked the sphinx on all except on Prof. Van Tank; to Prof. Alcibiades Van Tank she was sweetness itself.

Whitington Whitington at once turned an awkward eye on Annette, who was never lovelier; his spirits could not be subdued, and he promptly made an important resolution with reference to any further delay; he then resumed his seat, murmuring:

"Ah! Delightful! Delightful!"

ST PAUL SENSATION.

Dances Given By Women In Scanty Attire.

St. Paul, March 22.—Sensational rumors were prevalent today concerning an entertainment given at Bowlby hall Monday evening.

One "feature" of the affair is said to have been such that the attention of the grand jury may be called to the affair.

Witnesses of the "feature" paid $1 extra after the general entertainment to enter a separate room where a young woman in scanty attire is said to have disported herself in a dance in the altogether much after the manner of the famous Seeley dinner performance in New York that caused the Metropolitan police to raid the festive board where this diversion was presented.

Those who witnessed the "dance" were close-mouthed today in talking of the affair, but with many a wink, pronounced it the "hottest" thing seen in St. Paul in many a day.

The woman who is said to have given the exhibition is employed in a local music hall. Her parents live in St. Paul and she was once a model for a local art school.

Another "specialty" that is said to have aroused as much surprise as the former model's performance was that of a negress who poses as an Igorote, doing what purported to be a native dance. This woman's costume is said to have consisted of a few whisps of grass.

The show was in the nature of an indoor "Pike" such as was presented at the St. Louis fair. There were a number of attractions in one room which were exhibited at so much each.

When the general entertainment was concluded those with extra dollars were admitted to the artist's model's performance.

It is said that nearly 600 people attended the entertainment, having been cautioned both before and after not to discuss it in public.

The janitor of the hall said the entertainment committee of a lodge that meets as Bowlby hall had the rooms for the "show" Monday night.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove 25c.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Mildred Holland in "The Triumph of an Empress."
METROPOLITAN—"A Hidden Crime."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Latter half of week, "Yon Yonson."
LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, "David Harum."

MILDRED HOLLAND.

"Triumph of an Empress" at the Lyceum.

CAST.

Grand Duke Peter Fedorowitz.....
.....William Clifford
Lieut. Potemkin.....John A. Miesen
Archbishop of Novgorod.....
.....George Warrington
Count Gregory Branitsky.....
.....George A. Dayton
Count Orloff.....Del La Barre
Gen. Bibikoff.....Robert Courtley
Prince Galitzin.....Elmer Davenport
Jewish Peddler.....William G. Donald
Princess Catherine.....Mildred Holland
Countess Vorontzof.....Rita O'Neal
Countess Louise Dashkoff...Alice Holliday
Abbess.....Amy Rath
Olga.....Gertrude Ailing
Count Soltikof.....James Hetherington
Count Besborodko.....Arthur Dysard
Countess Shuvaloff...Roselle Framingham
Princess Brohinsky.....Viola Stevenson

Catherine the Great of Russia is the historic and most interesting character impersonated by Miss Mildred Holland in "The Triumph of an Empress," which she presented at the Lyceum last evening and will repeat this evening. The audience was a very small one and rather discouraging to the players, though it cannot be said that this affected their work.

The impersonation of the remarkable empress dates from the time she is a romping hoydenish young woman in a convent, and takes her through the period of her meeting with the man she is to wed, her marriage, her rule as empress, in which she shows great capacity and great devotion to the welfare of her land, and through the intrigues and plots that are designed to kill her and her child. The events are stirring, and while the play has many faults, is not brilliant as to writing, and has scenes susceptible of much better treatment, it is interesting and chains attention throughout.

Miss Holland is a young actress of fine talents and they range from comedy to the emotional and majestic. In the opening acts she is a gay, impetuous and mischievous young woman, and the excellence with which she simulates the part leads one to believe that she might be very successful in the field of comedy alone. The latter acts, however, show her to be capable of deeper and more substantial things. As the empress, walking amid the intrigues of court and baffling with her woman's wit and courage the snares and perils laid by the conspirators in that nation where plotters have always been desperate in their means, she is wonderfully effective. The dominating note of the woman's character is her love for her son, and this spirit of motherhood outshines and outweighs every other consideration. Empress though she is, she is first of all a mother, and the duties of state are brushed aside as nothing when the call to the mother comes. This trait naturally makes the role a sympathetic one and adds to its effectiveness. Miss Holland is rather under the medium height, but has an impressive stage presence and a fine voice.

The company is not as good as Miss Holland deserves. William Clifford makes a fairly good Grand Duke Peter, afterward emperor and husband of Catherine, but is rather too stagey and stilted in his manner. John A. Miesen is not pleasing as Potemkin, and hardly impresses one as being of the character a woman such as Catherine would have chosen as prime minister. Del La Barre was a convincing Count Orloff, but his elocution might be considerably improved. Miss Rita O'Neal falls far short of an ideal countess Vorontszof, rival of the empress.

"DAVID HARUM."

Friday and Saturday "David Harum" will be seen at the Lyceum. The play is divided into three acts and the ascending curtain will show an exterior scene, the location being Homeville, New York. David Harum's bank is on the one side of the road, Aunt Polly Bixbee's house on the other, and in the background is the big barn which shelters Harum's horses. All of the characters come on quickly and Harum makes his first appearance as he drives into the barn behind that pesky critter, the bay "hoss." The second act shows the sitting room of Aunt Polly's house on Christmas morning. There are three sides of Harum's character shown and the supporting company includes a number of well-known players, headed by Harry Brown, a well-known comedian.

"YON YONSON."

With an experience gained in the theaters of his native land, and after some seasons in leading places of amusement in Germany and the big music halls of London, David Brattstrom comes to America particularly well equipped to play the title role in Manager P. J. Kennedy's magnificent production of "Yon Yonson." His work has been along the lines of Scandinavian dialect comedy, and he is confidently expected to make a hit wherever he appears, with his handsome appearance, sweet voice and remarkable fund of good humor. "Yon Yonson" will open at the Metropolitan tomorrow evening.

"BUSTER BROWN."

"Buster Brown," which will appear at the Metropolitan next week is one of the greatest successes of today. Everywhere it appears its success is phenomenal. It has been playing at St. Paul this week and one of the features there is something never known before. Performances are given at 10 o'clock in the forenoon to care for the great demand.

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If you avoid the old fashioned, lumpy starches and use only

ELECTRIC LUSTRE STARCH

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10 Cents

(*)Wtc fe 22

NOTED ORGANIST

Sues For Divorce on Ground of Desertion.

Chicago, March 22.—Clarence Eddy, organist of international repute, began suit in the superior court of Cook county for an absolute divorce from Sarah Hershey Eddy, now said to be in Europe.

The only cause alleged in the bill is desertion. Mr. Eddy declares his wife left him two years ago without any cause, and has remained absent to the present time. Reports, however, say the real cause of the trouble lies in long-continued and pronounced differences in temperament, which made their life together exceedingly unhappy.

Mr. Eddy has spent a large share of his time for ten years in Paris. Although claiming Chicago as his home, he often expressed dislike for this city, and spoke of it slightingly in comparison with the delights of the French capital.

As long ago as two years the public became aware of the domestic infelicity existing in the home of the Eddys. In the summer of 1903 there were stories that a legal separation was imminent, but at that time rumors said that Mrs. Eddy was to begin the proceedings.

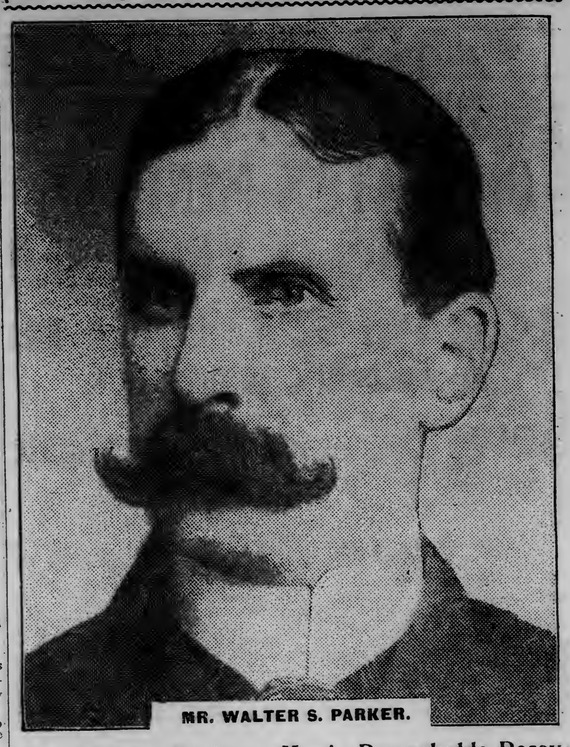
In June of that year Clarence Eddy stopped in Chicago on his way from California to Paris. It was then reported that the couple had separated for good. Mr. Eddy, on being asked whether he intended to live with his wife in the future, replied:

"I will not say whether I do or not."

Mr. Eddy declared he had outgrown Chicago and never wanted to reside here permanently again.

Mr. and Mrs. Eddy lived in Chicago for twenty years and were regarded as fixtures here. The city proudly pointed to Mr. Eddy as proof that the artistic could be developed in Chicago, with all its commerce and business. Mrs. Eddy, too, as a vocal teacher of note, was one of the centers about which moved the musical element of the city.

"Had a Doctor for a Year, but without relief—Pe-ru-na promptly cured me."—Walter S. Parker.



MR. WALTER S. PARKER.

A Prominent Business Man's Remarkable Recovery By Pe-ru-na the Talk of His Friends.

Walter S. Parker, 130 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., President Board of Local Improvements, also Member Board of Education of Grossdale, writes:

"I was troubled with a cough and catarrhal trouble for a number of years, and although I was under the doctor's care for over a year, he was unable to help me at all.

"Finally I decided to try Peruna, as I had heard so much about its worth, and after using it a few days my cough was relieved and I began to feel as if here was a cure in sight for me.

"I continued the use of the medicine for three months and at the end of that time was cured of the catarrh and my physical condition much improved.

"I find that I have a better appetite now and weigh more, and am better fitted to take charge of my business."—Walter S. Parker.

The above testimonial cites the experience of thousands of people. Persistent coughs and chronic catarrh develop in the majority of cases from neglected colds. At the first appearance of a cold Peruna should be taken. A few doses of Peruna taken at the first symptom will effect a speedy cure and save months, perhaps years of suffering, not to say anything about the doctor bills.

Neglected Colds Prove Disastrous.

If you find yourself catching cold, do not delay. Buy Peruna at once. Delays are dangerous.

HAT ABLAZE IN SHERRY'S.

New York Society Member's Accident In Restaurant.

New York, March 22.—Miss Laura Swan, a daughter of Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., went to Sherry's with some friends Sunday night. In the party were Robert W. Goelet and Miss Beatrice Mills. On the table was a red candelabrum. Miss Swan sat opposite Goelet, and leaned over to catch what he was saying.

As she did so the filmy brim of her hat came incontact with the flame of one of the candles. In an instant the hat was on fire.

Goelet, without attracting the attention of the other diners, asked Miss Swan to remove her hat. She didn't know her danger. Goelet, still endeavoring not to attract the notice of others in the room, told her why he made the request. Miss Swan tried to pull the hatpins out, but she was too flustered to succeed.

By that time the others at the table noticed the burning hat. One or two from the other tables started toward Miss Swan. Goelet jumped up, and, reaching across the table, tried to smother the fire with his napkin.

Miss Swan continued to pull at the hatpins. Then Goelet, grabbing a tumbler of water, dashed it on the hat.

By that time Miss Swan had the pins out and the hat fell to the floor and Goelet stamped out the fire.

Miss Swan's front hair was singed a little, but she suffered more from the shock than from anything else.

The incipient blaze took away the appetites of the members of the party and they went home.

TO BUILD BRIDGE AT INTERNATIONAL FALLS.

Ottawa, Ont., March 22.—The railway committee has passed a bill to incorporate the International Terminal & Bridge company, capital stock $100,000. The object of the company is to construct a bridge over the Rainy river from Fort Francis to the International Falls, Minnesota, and for other purposes. E. W. Backus of Minneapolis is named as one of the directors.

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Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

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We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

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Save You Money and Dress You Well on $1 a Week

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS

FROCK AND FRILL SUITS —made of the finest mohair, Panamas, etc., pleated skirts and jackets—very swell—

$30

That's what we can do. No other store can offer you such a favorable proposition. Should you be out of employment, sick or "short," don't worry. If you come to our store and don't buy, don't be bashful—we are only too pleased to show you our goods and get you acquainted with our plan of selling.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

JUST OUT.

Ladies' rainproof Cravenettes, handsome mixtures, only—

$10

PETER THOMPSON SUITS for the girls are the latest—

$2 up.

SPRING MILLINERY.

Our early exhibit of spring millinery reflects the trend of coming styles. New shapes include the Polo and Normandy Turban, Charlotte Corday and many others. You'll enjoy seeing them.

EVERYTHING IN MEN'S AND BOYS' SUITS, COATS, HATS AND SHOES.

GATELY SUPPLY CO. 8 East Superior St

LOSS OF LIFE

By the Brockton Explosion May Number Seventy-Five.

Third Public Funeral Service For the Unknown Dead.

Brockton, Mass., March 22.—City Marshal Boyden, after examining the pay roll of the R. B. Grover shoe factory today, estimated the number of killed by Monday's explosion and fire at between sixty and seventy-five. The factory books showed 450 employes enrolled, and ninety-three of these had not reported, having escaped, up to 2 o'clock this afternoon, but the city marshal stated that the estimate was based on the fact that some who escaped from the fire had failed to report the fact to the authorities, as well as upon the probability that all the operatives were in their places at the time of the accident.

It was decided today that, in view of the widespread sympathy for the stricken families, a third public funeral service for the unknown dead should be held tomorrow simultaneously with those at the city theater and the Porter Congregational church. This service will be held at St. Paul's Episcopal church. The mayor issued a proclamation today, directing the flags of the city to be displayed at half-mast during tomorrow's public funerals, and that so far as possible all business be suspended.

The body of Richard Spriggins was identified today, making the total number of identified dead thus far fifteen. A contribution of $5 to the relief fund was received today from Governor Douglas. The relief fund amounts to more than $7,000.

THANKS DONATERS.

Successful Boys In Competition Are Grateful.

The boys who won the prizes in the educational contest just closed and which was under the auspices of A. C. Pearson, circulation manager of The Herald, have received their membership tickets in the boys' branch of the Y. M. C. A. and they are feeling pretty good over it. Last night they drew up the following expression of thanks which they handed to Mr. Pearson to give to the gentlemen who proposed the idea and who donated the money for the prizes:

"We the undersigned boys wish to express our thanks to the gentlemen who so kindly put up for competition the memberships in the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., and to assure them that we will make good use of them.

"Bert Smith, Ray Lavell, Henry Anderson, Edward Fisher, William Nielsen, Philip Helenbeck and Henry Jensen."

WHITE TO FIGHT BRITT.

New York, March 22.—Charles Mitchell, manager for Jabez White, the lightweight champion of England, announced today that a match had been made by telegraph for a fight between White and James Britt. The date of the match and the amount of the purse were yet undecided, Mitchell said, but the divisions of the purse would be probably 75 per cent to the winner and 25 per cent to loser.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Varicocele and Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $2.00 per box; 6 boxes, guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 936 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

TO CORRECT REBATE EVIL

New Plan Presented to New York Board of Trade.

New York, March 22.—Plans for the correction of the rebate and unlawful discrimination evil on the part of transportation companies, by the interstate commerce commission, were outlined in a report submitted today to the New York board of trade and transportation by the board's committee on transportation. Among the salient features of the proposed law is a suggestion that whenever the interstate commerce commission shall, after full hearing, ascertain that an unlawful rebate is being given or discriminating a rate lower than the published tariff has been made or charged by any common carrier, the lower rate shall be held to be a new and reasonable rate and shall take effect and become operative immediately and shall be substituted for the rate complained against. It is provided, however, that the common carrier affected thereby at any time within sixty days from date of such notice may institute proceedings in the United States court to have it reviewed and its lawfulness determined.

The plan also provides that whenever a complaint shall relate to any regulation or practice affecting the transportation of persons or property and the commission finds such regulation or practice to be unreasonable, or unjustly discriminatory, the commission shall order what shall be a just and reasonable practice or regulation to be followed in the future. In this case the common carrier has the same right of appeal to the courts for a final ruling. The report also provides that the owner or operator of private freight cars, shall be regarded as a common carrier and subject to the provisions of the proposed law.

UPRISING OF NATIVES.

Berlin, March 22.—The National Zeitung says a general insurrection of natives has taken place in the southern part of the Cameroons, German Southwest Africa. The news has not yet been officially confirmed.

ANDRASSY GIVES IT UP.

Budapest, March 22.—Count Julius Andrassy, the former premier, has failed to solve the ministerial crisis. He had an audience with the emperor-king today at which he relinquished the task of attempting to form a new cabinet.

REV. ELMER CAPEN DEAD.

Medford, Mass., March 22.—Rev. Elmer H. Capen, D. D., president of Tufts college, died at his home here today of pneumonia. Dr. Capen was 67 years of age. He had been president of Tufts college since 1875. A widow, one son and two daughters survive.

RUSSIA'S NEW LOAN.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The new internal loan will be issued at 86 per cent.

IRVING'S TOUR POSTPONED.

London, March 22.—Sir Henry Irving's United States tour has been postponed for a year by the advice of his doctors. The health of Sir Henry is improving.

FAIRBANKS IS BUSY.

Washington, March 22.—Vice-President Fairbanks returned to the city early today from Indianapolis and almost immediately after his arrival, left for Greensborough, N. C., where he is to be the guest of honor tonight at a banquet to be tendered by the Tarheel club.

JUNKETERS AT SAN DOMINGO.

San Domingo, March 22.—The United States transport Sumner arrived here today from Porto Rico, with the congressional party, bound for Colon to inspect the Panama canal route.

NEW JAP BATTLESHIP.

Newcastle-on-Tyne, Eng., March 22.—The new Japanese battleship Kashima was launched today at the Elswick shipbuilding yard here.

FINED FOR PEONAGE.

Savannah, Ga., March 22.—In the United States court today William F. Crawley, an attorney of Waycross, and Thomas J. McClellan, a former sheriff of Ware county, entered pleas of guilty to the cahrge of causing citizens to be held in a condition of peonage. Judge Speer fined each defendant $1,000, but remitted $500 of that amount pending a further violation of the law. The fines were paid.

NO ULTIMATUM SENT.

Paris, March 22.—The Matin says Ambassador Jusserand will confer with President Roosevelt today relative to Venezuela and adds: "An ultimatum has not been sent."

Improved Service to Kansas City and California.

Through palace sleeping cars will leave St. Paul at 9 a. m., Minneapolis, 9:35 a. m., except Sundays, making connection in Kansas City Union depot with the "California Limited" and the "Golden State Limited" trains. This is the only line operating sleeping cars connecting with the California Limited trains. For ticket and berth reservations, call at Minneapolis & St. Louis ticket offices.

Settlers' Rates to Minnesota and Dakota.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis will place on sale each Tuesday during March and April very low rates for benefit of settlers to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, etc. Through trains daily to St. Paul, making direct connections in Union depot with northern lines. No change of cars enroute.

Don't fail to consult Minneapolis & St. Louis agents before buying your ticket.

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

St. Paul and Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

March 26 and 27, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75. Tickets limited for return March 29th. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street, or Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

$32.90 to California.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell tickets from St. Paul to San Francisco, Los Angeles, and many other points in California, March 1 to May 15, 1905, at the low rate of $32.90. This rate applies via Kansas City, and tickets will be good in Pullman tourist sleeper for Los Angeles that leaves St. Paul every Tuesday at 8:30 a. m., and runs through via C. M. & St. P. R'y and Santa Fe system—the Sunshine Route. Write W. B. Nixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, for further particulars.

Essays of Little Bobby.

DOCTORS.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Doctors is the men who maiks it cost so much to be sick or to die, when you git sick then you are in bed and then your foaks say Well I guess we will have to send for the doctor, but none of them want the doctor to come until you have to have him or die, and then you die sometimes anyhow.

thare is a good many kinds of doctors, doctors that charge a good deel and also some that charge lots moar, then there is horse doctors thay dount charge so much but thay moast always have better luck with thare pasients.

If i git to be a man I think i will be a doctor, then foaks will call me Doc and hand me thare munny & that will be better than being one of the foaks, and giving some other doctor my munny.

thare is also 1 other kind of doctor that is a man that pulls teeth they call him doctor too, but he hasn't got no snap beekaus he has to pull wimmmen's and gurl's teeth and thay yell jest like babies. When I got my teeth pulled I didn't yell and the doctor said You are a brave boy, and i guess he is rite.

A free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, the fruit Constipation Cure, can be had by simply sending your name to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 207 Third avenue, Rock Island, Ill. If you suffer from constipation, try it. Your druggist sells it. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. Send name today.

PANEL IS FILLED

Investigation of So-Called "Beef Trust" Begins In Chicago.

Charge to Jury Delivered By Judge Otis Humphrey.

Chicago, March 22.—The special grand jury to investigate the so-called "beef trust" was completed today. Three vacancies left in the panel yesterday, were filled and the huge mass of testimony available was immediately attacked.

A. J. Hoffman of Mendota, Ill., was designated by the court as foreman of the jury.

District Judge J. Otis Humphrey charged the jury to "present no one from envy, hatred or malice, nor to leave anyone unpresented for fear, favor, affection, reward, or hope of reward."

The charge to the jury was delivered in a most impressive manner and was listened to with deep interest. In charging the grand jury, Judge Humphrey said:

"This body stands between the upright and honest citizens and the malicious accuser. You are savers of reputations, as well as the body through which the honest accuser obtains just inquiry."

Continuing, Judge Humphrey said:

"I call your attention particularly to the statute which prohibits and fixes a penalty for combinations in restraint of trade, in the interstate laws and their various branches.

"While you are not selected to try the guilt or innocence of the accused, in order to justify a true bill, you will have such evidence as, if unexplained and uncontradicted, would satisfy your minds of the guilt of the accused."

Among the important witnesses who will appear before the beef trust grand jury are Miss M. A. Dinock, private secretary to J. Ogden Armour; C. O. Young, general superintendent of Swift & Co., and George F. Morgan, assistant to Young.

BAD FIRE IN SKY-SCRAPER

Empire State Building In New York Burns Very Rapidly.

New York, March 22.—The Empire State building at the corner of Broadway and Bleecher streets, is burning. The three upper floors were in flames from end to end within a few minutes after the first alarm was sounded. Three more alarms brought a large force of fire fighters and apparatus to the scene. A large number of girls are employed in the building. It is not yet known whether all escaped. Flames spread with startling rapidity. It is possible that some of those on the upper floors were cut off by the fire.

Later—There was no loss of life in the fire. The burning building is on the site of the old Empire State Bank building, which was burned nine years ago.

The fire today started on the seventh floor. It spread with startling rapidity, and within three minutes, and even before the firemen had arrived the three upper floors were wrapped in flames.

DR. W. P. SPRING FAILS TO RECOVER CONSCIOUSNESS.

Minneapolis, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—After lying unconscious for more than sixty hours, Dr. W. P. Spring, who was overcome by illuminating gas in his office, 328 Nicollet avenue, Sunday afternoon, died at St. Barnabas hospital at 8 a. m. today. His wife and two of his sons were at his bedside when the end came.

VALID IN STATE.

"Jim Crow" Law Worthless For Interstate Passengers.

Annapolis, Md., March 22.—In an opinion delivered today the court of appeals held that the act passed at the last session of the legislature commonly known as the "Jim Crow" law and requiring steam railroads in the state of Maryland to furnish separate compartments for white and colored passengers, is valid so far as it affects commerce within the state, but invalid as to interstate passenger and must be construed as not applying to them. William H. Hart, the appelant is a school teacher in Washington, D. C. He was arrested for refusing to go into the compartment assigned to colored passengers, while he held a through ticket from New York to Washington on the cars of the Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington road, and was fined five dollars and costs by the court for Cecil county. From this verdict he appealed.

HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

Inspector Dean Refuses to Talk of Langmo's Escape.

Immigant Inspector William H. Dean, who lost his prisoner, Alfred Langmo, at Evansville, Ind., whom he was taking to New York to deport to Norway, has returned, but refuses to be interviewed on the matter.

"I must report to the department first of all," said Mr. Dean today. "It is of no interest to the public anyway and it is for the department to say whether or not I am to blame."

WISCONSIN CIGARETTE BILL MAY YET FAIL

Madison, Wis., March 22.—The assembly today killed a bill prohibiting the exhibition of snakes or of human monstrosities. The senate laid over the anti-cigarette bill for a week. Friends of the measure fear for its passage.

GRANT HAS GOUT.

Baltimore, March 22.—J. Frank Grant, grand secretary of the grand lodge of Odd Fellows of the United States, underwent an operation today for rheumatic gout at the Union Protestant infirmary, and the physicians report the operation a success.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Extraordinary Sale of

Beautiful New Art Goods!

Special purchases from overstocked manufacturers and a number of lines on which we bought too heavily are the reasons of the remarkable values. It's an opportunity that every woman should avail herself of—a chance to beautify the home at small cost.

Hand Embroidered Center Pieces 98c Each.

Values $1.75, $2.00, $2.25 and $2.50—200 in the lot, full 18-inch size, all hand embroidered with the best wash silks in designs of violets, poppies, wild rose, holly, chrysanthemums, daisies, buttercups, cherries, carnations, forget-me-nots and apple blossoms.

Silberstein & Bondy Company. Silberstein & Bondy Company.

CALLED BY WIFE'S VOICE.

A Teamster's Strange Experience in Canadian Wilds.

In the pine woods this has been a memorable winter for the cold and the great quantity of snow. The meteorological observers report that more than seven feet has actually fallen since the third week in November. The expense in shoveling miles of roads through the bush falls heavily in such winters upon the great lumber firms, and also entails much misery upon the workmen, says the Lachine correspondent of the New York Sun.

Dan Worrell, a struggling settler of Ottawa county, hoped to make enough money by teaming in the woods with his colts to clear himself of indebtedness. But disaster came to him, as to many another, through the severity of the season.

When he reached the central depot, to which his entry load was consigned, he was assigned to conveying provisions to the groups of shanties dependent upon that office. Owing to some confusion in the directions given to him, and in part to a terrible, driving snowstorm, he got on the wrong track.

Just at the edge of Lac Desire he followed what looked like a track, which turned off almost at a right angle. After half a mile of tedious progress he pulled up at the stump of a big pine, where his road ended. There his horses floundered badly, and at last sank down. Their master did all he could to trample down the snow and to release the poor brutes, but soon realized his helplessness in his single-handedness. In despair he wandered off looking for a lumber shanty where he might obtain assistance.

Late at night, thirty hours afterward, he staggered into a large shanty, perfectly dazed by misery and cold. The seventy or eighty good-hearted fellows there warmed and fed him and put him to bed without bothering him with questions. Next morning he arose in a half-demented condition.

He could give no account of himself, and did not even know his name. For a day or two he moped about the shanty, overwhelmed with trouble, a puzzle to the shanty men. Then he offered to work, and, being a good axman, went to road making with the gang that was cutting a way into where the logs were chopped. He worked diligently and silently, as one in a daze, until early in the present month. Then he got up in the middle of the night, dressed himself and disappeared again.

Meanwhile the shanty to which his first load was sent became hard up for want of provisions. Thinking that some misunderstanding had prevented the December load from being dispatched they sent men down to the nearest shanty, twenty-eight miles away, a shanty which represented the interests of a rival firm, and borrowed a bag of beans and a barrel of pork. As it chanced, this was the very shanty where Dan had found refuge, but as the messengers could not delay until evening they did not see the unfortunate one, whom they would have recognized.

As supplies threatened to run out again a runner was sent down to the depot to report the state of affairs. There had already been surmisings there about Dan, but it was commonly thought that the heavy snow had prevented his return and that the shanty boss had found something for him to do.

However search was made for the missing team in all directions, and at last a special messenger was sent to his home. The tidings created intense trouble. Mrs. Worrell at once jumped to the conclusion that her husband had broken through the ice with his horses, and would never be heard from again. She was in a delicate state of health, took to her bed and appealed quite unable to rally. It was simply a case of pining away, the doctor said. She had lost her grip, and unless something aroused her there was no chance of saving her life.

On the night of Feb. 5 the woman suddenly sat up in bed and called out: "Oh, Dan! Dan! I knew if you were not dead you would come back to me! Oh, Dan, quick, quick!" Her attendants feared it was her spirit calling to Dan's disembodied soul before it left her body, and were amazed when the fainting which followed the cry was succeeded by a long, tranquil sleep, the first untroubled rest she had since the receipt of the bad news.

It was at the same hour, that same night, that Dan arose in the shanty, seventy miles away, dressed himself and went. He began to walk home. How he managed the journey he never could tell. Probably some friendly teamsters gave him an occasional lift. Possibly someone shared a meal with him. At any rate, forty-eight hours later he lifted the latch of his own door again, hung up his coat and hat on the usual peg, and as his invariable custom had been in former days, stooped to the stove door to look after the fire.

Then he quietly embraced his sick wife and sat silent and in a dazed manner on the chair beside her bed. Now and then he appeared to be about to make some explanation, but he had evidently lost all power of expression. After a long doze by the bedside, his petted child, a little lad of 4 years, crept into his arms. Then he had a fearful fit of weeping. This was followed by a long sleep, from which he awoke to a partial understanding of the state of affairs, to the intense joy of his faithful wife, who speedily began to grow stronger.

The man now became conscious of some sense of loss of remembrance. With the assistance of his friends he could recall all that happened up to the time of his leaving the depot with the load of provisions. Everything after that was blank, except that his wife had called him home in a great hurry. As it was important to settle about what had become of the horses, it was judged best for his brother-in-law to drive him back to the depot, to make inquiries there.

The manager took a great interest in what had occurred, and with great pains endeavored to recall to Dan's remembrance the incidents of his departure upon his fateful trip. At last, all of a sudden, the man got up to his feet, his face flushed and strained; he gasped wildly for a moment or two, then staggered and would have fallen but for his brother-in-law. His features writhed for a little time, as though he was in some kind of a fit. Then his nose began to bleed violently and he seemed to experience great relief.

As soon as the bleeding had stopped Dan declared that he began to remember that he had left his horses and sleigh somewhere, and he must go to them at once. The horse they were using was put to the sleigh again, and, Dan driving this time, he and his friend set out. Speaking not a word, with strained vision and breathing aloud almost stentoriously, he retraced the journey he had made three months before. The wrong turn was noted by the relative, who said nothing.

Lac Desir was crossed, and then the horse was pulled up, and, with excitement showing itself in his countenance, Dan plunged into the deep snow, scrambled through it as far as the open space extended, and then began clearing away the piled-up snowy blanket which covered the provision sleigh. Everything was found in perfect order, the horses lying dead in their harness, where, tired out with their exertions, the deadly cold had finished them.

By the time the two men had ascertained this much they were perspiring freely with their hard work, and to his own and his friend's surprise, Dan began with great volubility to explain all the circumstances of his dreadful experiences. He had fully recovered his senses and speech, and insisted upon going to the jobbers' shanty, where he had found refuge and received employment.

He had a cheery welcome from his comrades, and made full explanation. He was positive of one thing. He had certainly heard his wife telling him to be quick the night he left so unceremoniously.

The pair spent the night in the shanty. When they left in the morning they received a note to hand in at the headquarters of the firm as they passed down. This, it turned out, was not only the order for Dan's wages while working at road-cutting, but was also an order upon the wages of the crew, for sums varying from $3 to $1, to be handed to Dan. It has made up enough money to purchase him another team to replace the pair of horses destroyed in the deep snow of Lac Desir.

RAILROADS IN AFRICA.

Railroads in Africa are approaching the heart of the continent from the Congo on the west, from Cairo on the north, from Cape Town and Lorenzo Marques on the south, and into Uganda and Abyssinia on the east.

Now they propose a line along the southern shore of the Mediterranean, connecting Tangier and Cairo. The idea is to construct a line along the slopes of the Atlas mountains or the Mediterranean littoral. The ground has been inspected and the conditions are favorable. The engineering difficulties are nowhere such as need hinder a scheme which is otherwise desirable.

Over a great part of the route there would be more to fear from the predatory tribes than from natural obstacles. Tracing the new route from England, there would be, first, the twenty miles across the channel, then rail through France and Spain, and again a short sea journey from Gibraltar to Tangier, where the new line would begin. Its course would lie along the northern borders of Morocco, thence by way of Algeria to Tunis and Tripoli, and onward to Cairo through the Libyan desert and the great tracts of country over which the Khedive rules.

If a Cape-to-Cairo railway becomes one of the actualities of the future, the new line would make it possible to travel from London to Cape Town overland except when crossing the channel and from Gibraltar to Tangier.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

THE HOME OF THE BEST.

Silk Shirt Waist Suits $12.50 Tomorrow.

An exceptional value which we place on sale tomorrow for the first time—made of good quality taffeta silk—skirt made in full pleated effect—waist the latest spring model—special tomorrow $12.50.

Other new arrivals at $15.00, $18.50 and $25.00.

Stylish Sicilian Shirt Waist Suits $8.75 Tomorrow.

Positively the greatest suit offer of the season—made from a good quality Sicilian, in new blues, browns and fancy effects—50-gored skirt with waist to match. Waist trimmed with rich braid—only 50 suits in the lot.

New Walking Skirts $6.75.

Another shipment of those serviceable Sicilian Skirts has just arrived—made with 48 side pleats—all colors and sizes tomorrow—$6.75.

New Covert Coats $8.75.

The best popular-priced model in this section. Coat is made of good quality covert cloth in the latest corset fitting-effect—lined throughout.

At $12.50 We offer a beautiful model in a new covert coat—made from a fine quality covert and lined throughout with guaranteed "Skinner" satin lining—nothing to compare with this garment hereabouts.

Silk Underskirts $6.75 Tomorrow.

We place on sale another shipment of the "Sampson" silk skirts, thoroughly guaranteed for two seasons—all colors—choice $6.75.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Minneapolis & Return $5.75.

March 26th and 27th, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Minneapolis and return for $5.75, account Grand Opera production of "Parsifal," good returning until March 29th. Arrangements are being made to have seats for this production on sale at city office, 332 West Superior street. Three trains daily, including famous Lake Superior Limited. Call early for full information.

NOTICE!

The Boston Cafe, 7 East Superior street, will be open for business tomorrow. First-class service. Business men's lunches a specialty. Only the best foods the market affords will be served here. We invite all our friends and patrons to come and try our meals. Prices moderate.

N. H. & K. A. MURRAY, Props.
N. H. MURRAY, Mgr.

THE NICOLLET CAFE,
517 West Michigan St.,
Under same management.

$8

We Guarantee Our Work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE.

For the Best Value in

$10 $12 and $15

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Men's Suits, Overcoats and Cravenettes

We lead them all. It is not only the looks of the garment when you buy here. The tailoring and wear-resisting fabrics we give you are the points we look to that will bring you back.

KENNEY & ANKER

409-411 West Superior Street.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

President Promises to Attend Ski Tournament Next Year.

Ishpeming.—That the annual ski-jumping tournament to be held in Ishpeming on Washington's birthday, Feb. 22, next year, will be the greatest of the kind ever conducted in this country is already assured. President Roosevelt has promised to be present, unless something now unforeseen prevents, and there is confidence that if King Oscar of Sweden and Norway is not in attendance, a member of the Swedish royal family will represent him. The tournament will be both a national and an international competition. Several of the best riders in Norway will participate. President Roosevelt's promise to attend was made to John G. Greenway, assistant superintendent of the Marquette range mines of the United States Steel corporation. Mr. Greenway, a graduate of Harvard, is a personal friend of the president and served in his regiment of Rough Riders in the Spanish war.

Ontonagon.—The Wyoming Cattle company, which purchased a section of land near here last fall, has erected buildings on the tract and is now enclosing it with wire fencing. Cattle and sheep will be shipped here in the spring from the company's ranch in the West, and after being fattened will be sent to Chicago in the fall at an expense of transportation no greater than had the animals been forwarded from Wyoming direct, the railroads having granted stopover privileges. The scheme is an experiment, but there is every reason to believe that it will be successful. For the first year the range will be stocked with 1,000 head of cattle and sheep. The land which has been both burned and cut over, is practically worthless for any other purpose and was secured at an extremely low figure.

Wakefield.—The present incumbent, Ole Alquist, defeated Postmaster James Bedell for president of Wakefield village, Gogebic county, in the hottest election the town had seen in its history. He won out by fifty majority. The issue was whether the village or the United States government should supply the coal needed to heat its postoffice and the United States government came out second best.

Menominee.—John Pevonki, a young man working at Faithorn Junction, went to St. Joseph's hospital at Menominee suffering from a strange combination of injuries. He had set some wolf traps, and in one of them a pet dog, a young hound, became entangled. While Pekonki was trying to release the animal it bit through the fingers on his right hand. Pevonki feared blood-poisoning and to counteract the possible bad effects of the bites poured pure carbolic acid on the hand. When the stuff began to burn he placed his hand against his face, getting the acid over one side of it. The burns are severe and very painful.

Sault Ste. Marie.—Frederick Zulke, aged about 60 years, has been confined to the county jail at the Soo for the past few days pending an examination relative to his sanity. He will probably be sent to Newberry asylum for treatment. He seems to be afflicted with a belief that union labor men are trying to kill him. While in his cell Zulke has imagined that enemies have telephoned to him through the water pipes in the building, making threats. He claims also that at one time he heard a number of people plotting to kill him. His mind wanders at times to occurrences of past years.

NAVIGATION OPENS IN LAKE MICHIGAN.

Muskegon, Mich., March 22.—The ice crusher Arctic, which for six days has been struggling to break through four miles of ice, reached the docks here today. Almost simultaneously navigation opened for the season with the arrival of the steamer Atlanta of the Goodrich line.

MY LADY'S HEALTH.

DOUBTLESS health is beyond price, as it is the royal road to beauty. We will endeavor to show you how this great blessing may be cultivated or acquired without wealth. What is it that makes some of our young American women

so attractive? Beyond doubt it is the buoyant air of intense life and animation. Plenty of sleep is most important; a rest in the middle of the day, even if only for a few minutes, on the flat of the back, perfectly relaxed. Simple food. Plenty of water. And most essential is fresh air. Get out in the good fresh air and take some exercise each day. Sunshine and ozone are two of Nature's beautifiers, and those who want to have clear skins, bright eyes and rosy color will embrace every opportunity of being in the open air.

More important than all of these, is, that the young woman or middle-aged woman starts with a healthy womanly system. If she is dragged down or suffers greatly at stated periods, she is bound to have that dragged-out, wornout look which goes with womanly weakness. But this is not difficult to cure, because a physician, who makes a specialty of diseases of women, has given to the world a medicine which is absolutely a cure for these weaknesses. We mean Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It stands alone as a medicine which has been tested and recommended for the last thirty-eight years. It stands alone as the only medicine now on the market which is guaranteed to contain no alcohol or narcotics of any kind.

Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.:
Dear Sir—I have found Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to be a valuable remedy and take great pleasure in recommending it. I used to have frequent headaches, also backaches, and would feel nervous and irritable at such times and unable to attend to my work. One of my friends who had been cured of irregularities through the use of your "Favorite Prescription," advised me to try it, and I found that it not only brought me relief but that my general health was very much improved through its use. I am enjoying the best of health today, thanks to your medicine.
MISS MARY NELSON,
West Point, Nebraska.
Member Board of Directors Young People's Christian Temperance Association.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath, they cleanse and regulate the stomach, liver and bowels and produce permanent benefit and do not re-act on the system. One is a gentle laxative.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

AN EARLY PEACE

Between Russia and Japan Is Hope of the Diplomats.

Talk of Czar's Minister Is Regarded as Significant.

Chicago, March 22.—Walter Wellman says in a Washington special to the Record-Herald: Again hope of an early peace between Russia and Japan is revived in diplomatic circles. Much significance is attached to the authorized interview with a member of the czar's council of ministers given in the Associated Press dispatches from St. Petersburg. While the name of the minister is not published, the interview bears all the earmarks of authenticity and of having been put out for a purpose. That purpose, it is believed by members of the diplomatic corps here, was to sound the Japanese government as to its willingness to conclude peace without demanding an indemnity in cash.

Diplomatists who are most intimate at the Japanese embassy in Washington do not hesitate to say that in their opinion the Tokio government would be willing to forego a cash indemnity. In fact, within a few days, or since the result of the battle of Mukden became known, it has been understood generally that Japan would not demand an indemnity. While this understanding is not conclusive as to the attitude of the Tokio government, it raises a strong presumption that such is the case. In this connection it is pointed out that Japan so far has made no effort to take possession of any of Russia's territory. If the Japanese had thought it worth while there is little doubt they could have captured Vladivostock long before this. But they have made no effort to do so. And it is believed they have refrained because of their settled policy not to attempt to oust Russia from all access to the Pacific. They do not covet the permanent possession of Vladivostock and are willing Russia should retain that port as an outlet for the main line of transcontinental railway. In other words, so far as the Japanese have fought for none other than territory which they have from the first contended Russia should give up in accordance with pledges previously and frequently given to all the powers, Japan included. If Japan is willing to forego an indemnity and asks of Russia only the permanent surrender of territory which was never Russian and which was occupied under protest, and then only temporarily, according to Russian pretensions, and which Russia had agreed to evacuate, it seems to diplomatists that a basis of agreement should be found without much further delay.

It is an extraordinary fact that up to this time all the military operations of this war have been upon neutral territory. Not a foot of the soil of either combatant has been invaded by the other. In this respect it probably stands alone among the great wars known to history.

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For a week or ten days now diplomats have been saying that peace must come, or should come, or was about to come. It is known that influences in favor of a settlement have been brought to bear upon the czar. These influences, dexterously exerted, have come from Berlin and from Paris. In three or four capitals the heads of states and their diplomatic chancellors have been looking for an opportunity to get in a strike that might promote peace negotiations. The kaiser has been eager to repeat the concerted movement made after the fall of Port Arthur, when Berlin and Washington joined in friendly and wholesome counsel that the czar and Japan co-operated to the extent of submitting informally tentative terms of settlement. That effort failed through the stubbornness of the czar and his advisers. Now it is understood the kaiser is again at work along similar lines and that he has what he did not have on the former occasion, the aid of the French government. What is being done by neutral governments is kept well under cover, but the belief exists here that a vigorous effort is being made and that there are fair prospects of its success.

Here the conclusion of many neutral diplomats is that peace may come at any hour. They say they would not be surprised to hear of a rapprochement between the two combatants tomorrow or the next day or next week. When it comes it will come with astonishing suddenness and probably without much, if any, previous rumblings or gossip. According to this view, the moment the czar makes up his mind to have peace Japan will open the door and the czar's ministers will find the way to enter and to institute negotiations direct between the parties at interest without the mediation or good offices of a third power. It must be remembered that this is after all only an opinion, but it is the opinion of well-informed men who are trained to reach conclusions from indications which mean little or nothing to the inexperienced observer.

As the diplomats here are fond of putting it: "Everything depends upon that crazy man, the emperor of Russia." That the czar was never of strong intellect and character, that he is a weakling, a man of moods, presentiments, superstitions, changeable as the moon, flying now this way and now that for comfort, relying first upon one set of advisers and then upon another, is an open secret among the ambassadors and the envoys. They knew and among themselves do not hesitate to say that the czar should be in an asylum rather than on the throne; that it is one of the greatest tragedies of the modern world that such a weakling should be at the head of a government so sorely tried and needing the guiding hand of a man of the finest strength and wisdom; that the most pathetic picture of modern history is that painted by the navy crushed, the armies beaten and battered, the thousands upon thousands of slain and the many more thousands dying of wounds, often unattended, on the plains of Manchuria, and of this poor, miserable, well-meaning but misfit ruler vainly trying to play a game ten thousand times too large for him and to pose as the head of an imperial autocracy when his proper place is in the nursery or a retreat for the weakminded. And back of all this breakdown and death and misery of which we do hear there are probably twenty millions of Russians at home on the verge of starvation and a score or two score of millions of children without even the rudiments of education and the most of them lucky to get a crust of bread between dawn and darkness.

The tragedy of Russia is greatest and most appalling to those who know Russia best—who know what depths of suffering and of misery her people have reached. Even seasoned diplomatists are not heartless, are not indifferent to human agony on such a tremendous and soul-harrowing scale as this. Hence the universal hope that the present indication of peace may not prove another idle dream.

It all depends upon the moods and mysteries of that half-demented czar, who has now taken to praying two hours a day and to wearing a crucifix constantly to protect his person from evil. It will be a pity if some of the gods to whom he thinks he is praying do not hear him and direct him to put his feet instantly upon the path that leads to peace.

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It is significant that the unnamed minister of the czar quoted in Associated Press dispatches outlined terms which in his judgment, Russia could accept. These terms are almost identical with those which Japan intimated through President Roosevelt six week ago would be satisfactory to the Tokio government. These terms were, in brief, retention of Korea and of Port Arthur by Japan, Russia to evacuate Manchuria and turn the country back to China, the Chinese Eastern Railway to become Japanese or to be managed by an international board and Vladivostok to remain Russian. There was no demand for an indemnity. Though there has since been talk that Japan would demand an indemnity in view of the tremendous victory she won at Mukden, the latest indications are that this gossip was speculative and without the authority of Tokio. If the diplomatists here are not mistaken in their diagnosis that Japan is still willing to settle without an indemnity, and if the weakling and half-crazed czar can be induced, in one of his moods of remorse and depression, to give free rein to his ministers, an armistice should speedily follow. Essentially, so far as we know, the two governments are already in fair agreement as to what the peace terms should be.

The reasons why Russia should seek peace are so well known and are so compelling that it is not even necessary to recapitulate them. More than a week ago I announced on good authority that Japan was ready to grant moderate and even generous terms. That is true today. And one excellent reason why Japan is willing to negotiate without the imposition of harsh or retaliatory terms is found in the prevalent Japanese fear that if the war should continue through two or three years more financial difficulties might interfere with success. The Japanese are not afraid of the fighting. They have not the slightest doubt of their ability to defeat all the armies Russia can send against them. If Rojestvensky is forced to fight they will destroy him. But they do have misgivings about their war chest. Japan is a poor country. It has no France to borrow thousands of millions from.

• • •

Now that the Russian bubble has been pricked and the great, mysterious power which all the nations in the world were more or less afraid of a year or so ago has fallen to at least second and perhaps third rank among modern nations, it is an interesting fact that the autocracy and bureaucracy which rule Russia are left without a friend among civilized peoples. A well-known American who has recently returned from an extensive tour abroad says all Europe is delighted that the Russian balloon is burst. Even the French are weary of their alliance with a government whose distinguishing trait is incompetency. The French newspapers almost without exception are calling for peace and demanding that the purse of the thrifty Gaul no longer be opened to supply sinews of war to the Muscovite. Japan's victories are cheered on the boulevards of Paris, and the comic press unmercifully cartoons the czar and his unlucky generals. Russia may succeed in getting more money out of France—for the French are in so deep they cannot afford to let go and permit a crash to come—but the terms already are getting harder, and the French government is using its influence for an ending of the war.

In Germany it is much the same, though the feelings of the people are better disguised. The government, of course, maintains a correct attitude and the kaiser's friendship for the czar is well known, but even the kaiser perceives that it is all up with Russia and he is extremely anxious that as much as possible be saved out of the wreck. The educated German classes dislike and distrust the Russian bureaucracy. A curious fact is the jubilation of many German army and navy officers over Russia's downfall. They always have insisted that the vaunted Russian military and naval strength was a sham and delusion, and they are naturally glad to have their predictions come true. Besides, they feel that all danger of troubles between the two countries is now at an end, and during the present generation, at least, they need not find it necessary to go to the front to defend the fatherland against the Cossacks.

• • •

According to my informant, the change in German opinion during the last year has been very remarkable. He talked with one of the leading professors of history in Germany, connected with a famous university. For years the professor had felt very gloomy over what he termed the menace of Russia. He was thoroughly convinced that, sooner or later, Germany would have to fight Russia, and he thought the struggle would be so terrific as seriously to strain the resources of his country and put back the progress of the German empire a quarter of a century. All these fears now have vanished, and the professor says that he, in common with all the German publicists, thinks many of the military experts had for years ridiculously exaggerated Russian prowess on land and sea.

There is a similar feeling of relief throughout Europe, says this traveler, who had exceptional opportunities to gain information. For twenty years there has been a vague fear on the continent that Napoleon's prophecy that all Europe might in time become Cossack was in danger of being verified. The great bear of the North was feared by everyone. There was no telling where his ugly paws would next appear. Now all is changed. The doughty little Jap has lifted a load of anxiety from half the civilized peoples. And nowhere is the relief more gladly received than in Sweden and Norway, where fear of Russian territorial aggression has existed in an acute form during the last two decades.

WHEN you see the Gordon imprint you know it means the best.

Gordon

THE fact that the Gordon imprint is in a hat is evidence enough that the hat must be all that a hat should be.

Gordon Hats $3

WAS BURIED ALIVE.

Marvelous Experience of Senator Hawley's Mother.

Wilmington, N. C., March 22.—The late Senator Hawley of Connecticut was born on the old Stewartville plantation near hear. Old citizens who well remember his parents declare that long before the birth of the child afterwards to rise to distinction his mother was supposed to have died and was buried. The story is that some ghouls sought to rob Mrs. Hawley's grave at night and were removing a ring from her finger when they discovered she was not dead. The ghouls are said to have fled in alarm, leaving the woman to her fate. Neighbors found Mrs. Hawley in the morning still alive. She was removed to her home, where eventually she fully recovered.

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM CURES LIVER AND KIDNEY ILLS.

Your Druggist sells this famous remedy.

DROP US A POSTAL AND WE WILL MAIL YOU

FREE OUR BOOK

"SOUND SENSE FOR THE SICK AND THE WELL"

THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

SAMPLES OF MILK

Deputy Inspector Bennett Makes Tests of Milk Sold Here.

Milk Averages High In Fat But Cream Is Low.

Harris Bennett, deputy dairy and food inspector, is taking samples of milk and cream supplied by the dairymen in Duluth and is subjecting them to the test to determine the amount of butter fat they contain. The law provides that milk to be sold legally must show at least 3.50 per cent of fat, and cream must show 20 per cent.

The result of Mr. Bennett's inspection thus far shows that the cream sold in Duluth very generally runs below the requirement and the milk averages high.

The department has adopted the policy in St. Paul of publishing the results of its inspection, and a comparison shows that Duluth milk averages much better than in the capital city.

In cases where the milk or cream is found to be deficient the dealer must bring it up to the standard or suffer prosecution.

The result of Mr. Bennett's inspection last week was as follows:

Sample No. 29—Morning's milk, Bridgman & Russell, 16 West First street. Test 5 per cent butter fat. Legal.

Sample No. 30—Cream, Bridgman & Russell, 16 West First street. Test 20 per cent butter fat. Legal.

Sample No. 31—Morning's milk, Bergson's dairy, 1026 East Tenth street. Test 6½ per cent butter fat. Legal.

Sample No. 32—Morning's milk, Bridgman & Russell, 15 East Superior street. Test 5½ per cent butter fat. Legal.

Sample No. 33—Cream, Bridgman & Russell, 16 West First street. Test, butter fat 20 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 34—Morning's milk, John Einarsson's dairy, 1024 East Ninth street. Test, butter fat 6 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 35—Evening's milk, John Einarsson's dairy, 1024 East Ninth street. Test 6 per cent butter fat. Legal.

Sample No. 36—Milk, Carl Rich, 201 West First street. Test, 3.25 per cent butter fat. Illegal.

Sample No. 37—Cream, Carl Rich, 201 West First street. Test, butter fat 18 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 38—Morning's milk, Albert O'Brien, Kenwood Park. Test, butter fat 6 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 39—Morning's milk, Carl Clause, 608 East Tenth street. Test, 5½ per cent butterfat. Legal.

Sample No. 40—Morning's milk, A. Anderson, 1722 East Eighth street. Test, 6 per cent butterfat. Legal.

Sample No. 41—Cream, A. Anderson, 1722 East Eighth street. Test, 14 per cent butterfat. Illegal.

Sample No. 42—Cream, S. Anderson, 1724 East Eighth street. Test, 13½ per cent butterfat. Illegal.

Sample No. 43—Morning's milk, S. Anderson, 1724 East Eighth street. Test, butterfat 6½ per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 44—Evening's milk, J. H. Ezard, P. O. box 303. Test, butterfat, 4.20 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 45—Cream, J. H. Ezard, P. O. box 303. Test, butterfat 20 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 46—Morning's milk, D. Anderson, 1623 East Fifth street. Test, butterfat 3.20 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 47—Morning's milk, S. E. Cornish, 826 East Twelfth street. Test, butterfat 4½ per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 48—Cream, S. E. Cornish. Test, 16 per cent butterfat. Illegal.

Sample No. 49—Cream, Bergtold & Ryan, Woodland dairy. Test, butterfat 21 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 50—Milk, Bergtold & Ryan, Woodland dairy. Test, butterfat 3 per cent. Illegal.

Sample 51—Cream, J. F. Hallberg, East Duluth dairy. Test, butterfat 18 per cent. Illegal.

Sample 52—Morning's milk, J. F. Hallberg, East Duluth dairy. Test, butterfat 4.20 per cent. Legal.

Sample 53—Evening's milk, J. G. Hogin's dairy, 1124 East Fourth street. Test, butterfat, 3.20 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 54—Cream, Ed Bernhardt, Twenty-second avenue east and Sixteenth street. Test, butterfat 16 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 55—Morning's milk, Ed Bernhardt, Twenty-second avenue east and Sixteenth street. Test, butterfat 4.20 per cent. Legal.

One sample Mr. Bennett secured was a curiosity. It was impossible to raise a semblance of butterfat upon it. The sample has been sent to the state chemist at St. Paul.

A spring tonic that makes sick people well. Drives out all impurities that collect in your system. A family tonic for the sick and afflicted. Holiister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

MAN GONE, BOOKS MIXED.

Trustee of $500,000 Estates Has Disappeared.

Boston, Mass., March 22.—Leaving the affairs of several large estates aggregating $500,000, of which he was trustee, Charles F. Berry, clerk and accountant, has disappeared. He is said to have gone to Chicago. His accounts are so tangled and out of shape as to baffle the shrewdest experts, who have failed to straighten them out. For relief and assistance representatives of the estates have succeeded in having the supreme court appoint James D. Colt receiver and conservator of Bery's property and all the estates under his care.

It is said that Berry went away in February, and when he did not return nor explain his absence an investigation of his accounts was begun. Expert accountants who examined the books failed. The supreme court issued an injunction restraining Berry from continuing as trustee of the Andrew H. Newhall estate, valued at $110,000. The superior court also issued a restraining injunction on application of persons representing the estate of Caroline E. S. Riverdale of Cork, Ireland, valued at $10,000. Mr. Colt said today:

"I should say that $500,000 was a conservative estimate of the amount of money involved by the disappearance of Mr. Berry. A large part of the funds he held was invested in real estate, and this he could not convert into cash. I have taken steps to secure what is left."

Berry is about 50 years old, and his home is in Dorchester. When last heard from he was in Chicago.

A DINNER INVITATION.
After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of Indigestion. Nothing will cure Indigestion that doesn't digest the food and give the stomach a rest. It isn't necessary to starve yourself in order to rest your stomach—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest any quantity of all the wholesome food you want to eat while your stomach takes a rest—recuperates and grows strong. Sold by all druggists.

FREIMUTH'S BARGAIN SQUARE—THURSDAY

ONE SOLID CASE OF STANDARD APRON CHECK Ginghams—the very best goods—all sizes in the blues and browns that everybody wants—the mill agents are under contract not to sell these good at less than 5½c the yard wholesale in New York—so they put these up nameless—the quality is there just the same—and Thursday we will sell them to you at FIVE CENTS THE YARD.

5c **5c**

"Nemo" Corsets are for Women who know and want the best.

Freimuth's
Lake Ave., Michigan and Superior Streets, Duluth, Minn.

New Neckwear—fine lot of Lace Collars now on sale—special.

ANNUAL MARCH SALE OF

RUBBERS

FOR three days—Thursday, Friday and Saturday—we shall sell guaranteed high-grade Rubbers exactly as advertised below.

These are not odds and ends—but complete new lines—and fresh stocks of the best makes on the market. We had hard work to get these bargains—rubber is high—and there's almost no profit for us in these prices.

WOMEN'S WALES GOODYEAR STORM RUBBERS—sold everywhere else at 65c—here. **49c**

WOMEN'S LOW RUBBERS—summer styles—always 60c—here now..... **39c**

Misses' 50c Storm Rubbers. **39c** Boys' 65c Rubbers. **49c** Youths' 50c Rubbers..... **39c**

NEW PANAMA CRAVENETTE COATS $10.00

CHOOSE FROM A HUNDRED STYLISH NEW ONES—the popular new Panama weaves—in tans, browns, grays and greens—worth more, but offered at each, ten dollars.

$12.50—A lucky purchase of new cravenette coats—finely tailored, choice materials, nicely trimmed—worth $17.50 to $20.00—marked to sell at $12.50.

MORE NEW PLEATED SKIRTS AT $5.00

THEY CAME BY THIS MORNING'S NEW YORK EXPRESS—stylish pleated garments—browns, blues and blacks, in Panamas and mohairs—the most striking values in town at $5.00.

$8.50 Fine Sicilian Skirts—25 extra pleats—extra heavy weight—a surprise for stylish dressers—only a small lot for Thursday.

$8.75 Fine black Skirts of herringbone serge—good dependable merchandise, very genteel styles at $8.75, $11.50 and $13.50.

THIRTY NEW MODELS in exclusive styles, in clan colorings, plaids, checks, new shades of brown and blue—and in black—the very finest tailoring that can be put into them by the smartest skirt makers in New York city—prices $15.00, $17.50, $18.50 and $25.

WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS.

THE EARLY SHOWING OF NEW TAILORED SUITS is now complete—all the new things and all the new materials—prices start at $12.50 and range upward to $87.50 in steps of one or two dollars each.

$12.50 Only ten of these left out of fifty put on sale Saturday—excellent values, brown and gray mixtures—better see them tomorrow—these are pleated and gored in newest effects.

$25.00 Over a hundred fine suits in novelty mixtures, plain serges, Panamas and Cheviots—some blouse, others strictly tailored styles—all the stylish colorings, worth up to $35.00—here marked $25.

NEW SILK SUITS.

A GRAND ASSORTMENT—Shirt waist suits and coat suits—new redingote effects—rich silks—superbly fashioned.

SHIRT WAIST SUITS—$20.00 to $45.00—colors and black.

COAT SUITS—$32.50 to $50.00—long and short coats.

THE NEW WAISTS READY.

BIG new shipments ready tomorrow—among them such pretty waists as these—

AT $2.75—fancy trimmed waists—made from wash silks.

AT $3.98—new black polka dotted white Jap silk waists—strikingly stylish—launder splendidly.

AT $4.50—new lace-trimmed Jap silk waists that look like $7.50 waists.

AT $5.00—twenty new fancy dress waists, made from imported all-over nets. Another lot at $10.00.

FANCY LAWN AND LINEN WAISTS.

AN ALMOST ENDLESS assortment—greater values we have never offered—and styles are entirely new—many of them very different! Prices range $1.00, $1.25, $1.75, $3.00, $3.98 to $25.00. each.

65c CORSET COVER EMBROIDERY 39c.

THIS IS YOUR CHANCE for laying in a supply of dainty corset covers—we offer three hundred yards of fine nainsook embroidery, in 16 and 17-inch widths—new and very effective patterns, with beading tops. To make a dainty corset cover one has only to buy the length—and run the top with ribbons—then a few stitches and some dainty bows—and the trick is done—costs little—saves much—and very pretty.

39c **39c**

50c KAI KAI SILKS 39c.

THE WAR HASN'T KEPT THE JAPS FROM MAK[illegible] SILKS—in fact it seems only to have inspired them t[illegible] for making of more and prettier siks than ever before—the proo[illegible] is here in plenty.

Lots of plain white habitais at all prices from 25c to $1.50 yard. The widths and qualities at every price insure you of a bargain no matter what price you pay.

39c We offer three thousand yards fifty-cent corded kaikai silks—stripes and checks, in reds, pinks and blues—silks that wash and wear splendidly—Thursday only 39c a yard.

Subscribe for it now

THE DELINEATOR is the best woman's magazine published—you'll say so yourself if you'll look over a recent copy. Greatly improved—bigger, better and brighter than ever. Order it at our pattern department—$1.00 the year.

75c DRESS GOODS 50c.

A MIGHTY FINE COLLECTION of popular styles, in mannish suitngs, cheviots and mohairs, splendid new and stylish cloths from 36 to 40 inches wide.

Browns, blues, reds, grays, in mohairs and all-wool suitings—only 50c yard.

Lake Ave. and Superior St., Duluth, Minn. **Freimuth's** *Lake Ave. and Superior St., Duluth, Minn.*

Sale No. 1---Ladies' shirt waists.

This sale is still going on—the waists are now all on the second floor—there are white and colored waists of all kinds and all colors and all sorts of washable materials in the lot—waists worth $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00—and you may still take your pick for..... **98c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Sale No. 2--Furniture--reed, rattan

The Glass Block furniture department is the greatest blessing the housekeepers of Duluth have ever known. We give you relief from the extortionate prices of the furniture trust and installment systems. The carload of rattan furniture is only one evidence. Hundreds of other evidences are to be seen daily in our immense fourth floor furniture display.

Chinese Joss sticks-incense.

Oriental curio stores get 5c a package, containing 18 sticks of this incense—Our prices are— per package..... **2½c**
10 packages for 15c.

Ideal hair brushes.

Thursday the drug department offers 100 only—ideal hair brushes, regular price 75c—choice for..... **59c**

Alabine Soap powder.

Reguar price 25c a can—our regular price 15c a can—Thursday the drug department offers 100 cans at, each..... **10c**

Minn. Iron Mines.

The new book by Welbanks, Crandall & Co., illustrating the iron mines of St. Louis county..... **$1.00**

Stylish suits for Thursday saving you five dollars in real money.

The interesting thing for every woman to remember is that she does not sacrifice a single point of style or good workmanship when she buys the same garments from us at a saving of $5.00 to $20.00 compared with the prices she must pay the small store in order that the little fellow may pay his big expenses.

THESE SUITS AT $16.50 PROVE IT—They are made of the popular new CHIFFON PANAMAS, which are to be so much worn. They are made in a very pretty blouse style with broad and deep stitched girdle and trimmed with very pretty fancy applique, lined throughout with fine quality taffeta silk. The large sleeves, fancy cuff and collar complete, a very smart blouse. The skirts are full kilted and panel effects. $22.50 would be a low price at the little stores — our price only..... **$16.50**

THESE SUITS AT $12.50 PROVE IT—They are made in the 24-inch jacket-style, all the jackets lined throughout with fine quality satin. They are made in brown, blue and black, plain cheviots, as well as in various styles of very smart mannish mixtures. The jackets are collarless with the correct "leg-o'-mutton" sleeves. The skirts are kilted in correct 1905 spring style. You'll pay $18.00 for such suits at the other stores—yet all you can pay us is only..... **$12.50**

OUR WALKING SKIRTS PROVE IT—for the walking skirts others sell at $10.00 we sell at $7.50. The walking skirts others sell at $7.50 we sell at $5.98. and we are showing some beautiful new mixtures—made up in stylish kilt, button and strap effects—others sell at $7.50—our leaders at..... **$4.98**

OUR COVERT AND BROADCLOTH COATS PROVE IT—for the tan covert and black broadcloth coats others sell at $16.50, we sell at $12.50. The tan coverts and black broadcloth cotts others sell at $12.50 we sell at $9.98. The tan covert and black broadcloh coats others sell at $7.50, we sell at..... **$5.98**

Leather bags—a special sale.

Thursday we place on sale 500 leather bags, worth $1.25 and $1.50 at Glass Block prices and sold by other stores up to $2.00—black, gray and brown bags, with inside pockets and extra coin purse, strong frames and snap locks. Thursday you may have your choice for..... **98c**

Side combs.

Our special side combs made up for us to sell at 15c—for Thursday—to introduce them— your choice for... **10c**

ANOTHER COMB SPECIAL—we offer an assortment of side and back combs, in various styles—regularly sold at 50c—your choice.. **25c**

Millinery in the new spring Styles.

Every day new hats are coming to the Big Store and are placed on display. Come and see them Thursday.

STREET HATS—$1.89 up to $8.50—all the new shapes in all the new straws. There's beauty, style and value in every hat on display.

DRESS HATS—$2.95, $3.95 and $4.95—will save you from paying about double. It's getting to be pretty well known that the biggest money saving in millinery is done at the Glass Block store.

Embroideries less than Half.

Entirely new purchase—new sale—and every yard for less than half its value—fine nainsook embroideries—lengths 4½ to 6¾ yards—every yard perfect and all the very latest patterns, in heart, flower, ring, bow-knot, star, butterfly and cut-out designs. COME EARLY if you want matched sets at less than cost of importation.

10c Value to 20c. **12½c** Value to 25c. **15c** Value to 35c.
20c Value to 50c. **25c** Value to 65c.

Silver spoon sets—special sale.

These are sets sold by jewelers for as high as $4.50. Set consists of—
1 dozen teaspoons,
½ dozen tablespoons,
1 sugar shell,
1 butter knife,
Made in beaded pattern, heavily silver-plated, in leatherette box — prettily silk lined. It's a very fortunate purchase that enables us to sell these Saturday at—per set..... **$1.95**

$2.00 Silverware

Rogers' 1847 goods— set of 6 dessert knives and 6 dessert forks—complete, in pretty box— regular price $3.50 for the set — we will sell 25 sets only at—per set..... **$2.00**

Babies' Go-carts.

A dozen different patterns in folding go-carts, plain and fancy, the "Whitney" make, up to $10.00, and as low as..... **$3.25**

Knit Underwear.

Spring weights now ready in union suits, vests, pants and tights.

UNION SUITS — made from fine combed Egyptian cotton—spring weight—high neck, long sleeves, angle length— each..... **65c**

Vests and Pants — spring weight, cotton vests, high neck, long sleeves, umbrella or close-fitting knee pants to match— each..... **35c**

The Simple Life.

The book that everybody's talking about. The book that President Roosevelt is boosting — full cloth bound edition — regular price 25c —our price..... **15c**

Men's Half Hose.

Black and colored, plain and fancy socks, in lisle and cotton, worth 35c to 50c a pair—maker's samples, all going at —per pair..... **19c**

Our misses' coats

prove it—new ones have just arrived for us to show Thursday for the first time.

AGES 12 TO 18—New coverts and new blacks for the school girls and graduates, in many exclusive novelties, at a saving of $3.00 to $8.00—our prices being—
$4.50 to $19.50

AGES 6 to 14—New fancy coats of all lengths, all colors and all materials, including new Peter Thompson effects and other novelties, many of which are to be found nowhere else—
$2.98 to $9.98

Our petticoats

prove it—whether in gingham sateen or silk.

GIGHAMS AT 59c—Others sell for 75c—made with large flounce and two smaller ruffles, of pretty striped ginghams.

SATEENS AT $1.25 that would cost you $1.75 anywhere else at the Head of the Lakes.

SILKS AT $4.98—in all colors—the equals of any $7.50 silk petticoats you'll find, with three flounces and extra dust ruffle.

Our shirt waists.

prove it—no matter what the style or grade.

At 98c We are still selling the flannel and wash waists, worth up to $3.50.

At 98c We are showing white lawn waists, lace or embroidery trimmed, better than other stores sell at $1.25.

At $1.25 We are showing the new white waists, buttoned in the back, in many handsome styles—others get $1.50 and $1.75.

At $1.98, $2.98 and $3.98
You'll save 50c to $1.00 on the many stylish waists we're showing.

Sale No. 3--Cutlery--table, kitchen

The basement hardware department is still offering the big New York purchase of table cutlery, butcher knives, carving knives, forks and steels, kitchen knives, etc., at less than half regular prices.

50c butcher knives for 25c
39c butcher knives 15c
$1.00 carving knives 39c
19c bread knives for.....10c

SHOES AND RUBBERS, 2nd floor.

Duluth's best and most reliable shoe store is the Glass Block, second floor. Try it for these, Thursday.

LADIES' STORM RUBBERS —perfect grades—all sizes..... **43c**

CHILD'S STORM RUBBERS —a special sale of all sizes..... **29c**

LADIES' $3.50 KID SHOES—light or heavy soles lace and button, all sizes, fine kid stock—newest shapes, low or Cuban heels—per pair..... **$1.98**

Sale No. 4--Oriental rugs.

The Oriental rugs are still on sale on the third floor. Less than one-quarter of the 350 rugs remain, but there are still splendid bargains in small, medium and large rugs at less than half value.

$9.98, $15.00, $25.00, $50.00, $75.00.

DELAY IN PLANS

Naval Training Ship Fern Not Coming Until August.

Money For Boiler Changes Is Not Yet Available.

The naval training ship Fern, which the government has assigned to the Minnnesota Naval reserve stationed at Duluth, for training purposes on the Great Lakes, is no likely to be brought to Duluth until next August, owing to the delay that will be incurred in getting the state appropriation.

The Fern, which is now in the United States shipyards at Norfolk, will come to Duluth, manned by a detachment of the members in the local reserve, and it was first planned to go after the ship some time in June, with the intention of reaching Duluth early in July, the trip to be made along the Atlantic coast, the St. Lawrence river and the Great Lakes, covering an estimated period of twenty-five or thirty days.

Before the fern is started on her long trip, however, it is intended to make important changes as to her boilers. To do this a portion of the funds appropriated by the state legislature will be necessary to cover the expenses entailed in the changes. Provision was made in the omnibus bill before the state legislature for an appropriation of $8,500 for the use of the Minnesota Naval reserve, but the bill has not yet been passed and the money is not available. During the next few months it is expected that the navy yards will be quite busy overhauling and repairing the ships in the United States naval fleet, which will be put in their after a cruise, and it now seems certain that the changes to be made in the Fern will have to wait until the battleships have been attended to.

Lieutenant Commander Guy A. Eaton, who returned several weeks ago from Norfolk and Washington, says that while it is to be regretted that the training ship cannot be brought here earlier in the season, it is possible that a larger number of the members of the two divisions of the reserves will be able to go to Norfolk when the ship is ready to start on its voyage to Duluth, than would be able to get away in June.

The officers of both divisions are still undergoing a course of instruction in the science of navigation, from one to three lessons being given every week. It is claimed that the lessons have been a great feature in the preparatory work for active training in the future, and the officers have attended to the matter with diligence and enthsiasm. The lessons will be continued right up to the opening of navigation, when Capt. Harry Hutchinson of the Welvin fleet, the youngest and one of the best navigators on the Great Lakes, will assume his duties on the steamer Reed for the season.

Besides the school for the officers in the higher branches of navigation, Capt. Hutchinson has also held school for the petty officers and the enlisted men in the elementary branches of navigation.

WIFE BEATING BILL PASSED BY THE HOUSE

(Continued from page 1.)

sota, which passed by a vote of 91 to 7. It needed eighty votes, because the constitution says that such a measure can be passed by no less than two-thirds of the members.

If the senate follows the action of the house, the result will be that at the next general election the people of the state will vote upon the question of whether or not there shall be a convention to revise the constitution. Revision is needed, everybody admits, even more than it was needed on the statutes, for the constitution was built many years ago, has been altered and repaired many times, has many restrictions that do not fit with modern methods and conditions, and is in sad need of overhauling. So if the people say there shall be a constitutional convention, the legislature of 1907 will pass a law—the constitution says it shall do it, so there is no alternative if the people vote "yes" on the proposition of having a convention—providing for such a convention. This convention is to consist of the same number of members as the legislature, who are to be elected in the same manner as though they were members of the legislature, and they would have to meet within three months after their election.

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The bill that created the most talk of the afternoon session was that by E. W. Gates of Blue Earth county, to appropriate $2,000 to buy a tract of land near Mankato and turn it into a state park, to be known as Minneopa park.

Some of the members said this was establishing a bad precedent, and that while no doubt Minneopa, is a very beautiful spot, there are many beautiful spots in Minnesota and they can't all be bought by the state and made state parks. W. P. Roberts, chairman of the committee on appropriations, fought the bill, and said that it should not be passed when he was sweating blood to try and make both ends meet on the needs of the state and the money available.

Gen. M. D. Flower of St. Paul, in a speech in favor of the bill, said the place had historic associations. Mr. Roberts demanded to know what they were, and there was a laugh when Mr. Flower said the Indians used to make the place a resort, because as Mr. Roberts remarked, that applied to every part of Minnesota.

The bill passed, 78 to 21.

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S. D. Peterson's tax bill, a bill that had a stormy passage through the house in 1903 and that the senate killed later, passed the house without a word of debate by a vote of 77 to 1.

The bill was introduced in 1903 by J. O. Haugland of Montevideo, who fell heir in a way to the mantle of Jacobson of Lac Qui Parle, and it was then considered rather a drastic measure. This time, neither in committee of the whole or on final passage has there been any talk about it, and it might as well have been passed under suspension of the rules. It provides for a new schedule of personal property, for the taxation of the franchise of public service corporations by subtracting the value of their real and personal property from the total amount of their stock and bonded debt, the balance to be the value of the franchise, and for the creation of the $3,500 a year office of tax commissioner, with an assistant at $1,500. The tax commissioner is to have general supervision of taxation, and he is to see that everybody is properly assessed and pays his due share of taxation.

It might be proper to shudder at the frightful task ahead of the tax commissioner if it were not for the certainty that the senate will kill the bill.

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With as little debate the house passed the bill of S. D. Peterson making 25 cents for ten words the maximum charge for messages of ten words between points in this state. For every word over ten but 2 cents can be charged. The vote was 69 to 5.

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P. A. Gundrud's bill to provide that railroads can't raise switching and terminal charges on certain heavy commodities, including coal and livestock, without the consent of the railroad and warehouse commission, passed without a dissenting vote.

• • •

The famous Horton capitol bill, much amended but still the Horton bill, passed the house finally yesterday afternoon by a vote of 78 to 12 after a career marked by much debate, though there was none yesterday.

Capt. Ray T. Lewis of Duluth, as chairman of the house committee on public buildings, had charge of the bill and interested himself in its passage, and he was very much pleased with the outcome.

The bill keeps the new capitol in the hands of the capitol commission for two years more, when it is hoped by its friends that a Republican governor will be in power to appoint the scrubwomen. The commission is to buy supplies through the board of control, and $50,000 is appropriated to care for both the new capitol and the old.

• • •

Among the other bills passed were these:

Providing for an optional plan for consolidating rural school districts, by J. A. Anderegg.

Providing for a state highway commission, by the committee on roads and bridges.

Taxing mineral rights when owned separately from the land, by E. R. Hinds.

Establishing a teachers' college or department of pedagogy in the university of Minnesota, by W. H. Putnam.

Proposed constitutional amendment providing for a road tax of one-fifth of a mill, by the committee on roads and bridges.

Permitting the board of control to borrow an amount equal to half the revolving fund to carry on the manufaeture of twine at the state prison, by John Zelch.

Providing for liens on personal property for transporting and storing it, for caring for animals, and for making or repairing any article.

• • •

The special house committee on fire insurance rates has decided to recommend for passage J. T. Rosenthal's bill state fire marshal, with an additional tax of ¾ to 1 per cent on premiums to support it. Several anti-compact bills were considered, but will not be recommended to pass, because it appears that in several states that have anti-compact laws the fire insurance rates are higher than they are in Minnesota, and that rates have risen since the compact was driven out of business there.

• • •

Shippers are bringing tremendous pressure to bear upon the senate to secure the passage of the W. A. Nolan reciprocal demurrage bill and while the senate is usually depended upon to kill off measures attacking the corporations, it is not at all improbable that this will fall this time, and that the bill will pass the senate and become a law because of the pressure that is behind it.

Recently the men that are pushing the bill discovered that the railroads, which have been bitterly fighting it, had sent out blank petitions against the bill to their agents, and the friends of the bill are laying stress on this in a manner calculated to discount the effect of these petitions when they come in.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

100 Doses For One Dollar

Economy in medicine must be measured by two things—cost and effect. It cannot be measured by either alone. It is greatest in that medicine that does the most for the money—that radically and permanently cures at the least expense. That medicine is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It purifies and enriches the blood, cures pimples, eczema and all eruptions, tired, languid feelings, loss of appetite and general debility.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and found it reliable and giving perfect satisfaction. It takes away that tired feeling, gives energy and puts the blood in good condition." MISS EFFIE COLONNE, 1535 10th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

NO APPLICATION MADE

By Finnish Mutual Life Insurance Association.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In tonight's issue of the Duluth Evening Herald there appears a news item from St. Paul in reference to the Finnish Mutual Life Insurance Association of Hancock, Michigan, which is erroneous to a degree of requiring a correction. No application has yet been made by the company for admission into Minnesota. My communication to Hon. T. D. O'Brien, the state insurance commissioner, was only preliminary to making such application. The company's financial standing and permanent stability are unquestionably good, and it will be ready and able to furnish prompt such proofs as are required by our statutes. My own relation to the company is simply that of an attorney employed to secure for the company an admission into Minnesota and a license to do business here, and not of one desiring a state agency. The success of the company in Michigan has been wonderful and the business showing made by it phenomenal. And as the same fate is more than likely to be assured for it here in Minnesota, it will not permit a totally wrong and unfounded impression of the character and standing of the company to be spread about here and all over the Northwest, and I feel confident that The Herald does not want to be constituted an agency to do it. Commissioner O'Brien had no facts before him upon which to base an official action of admission or declination of license for the company. This communication was a response to my letter of preliminary inquiry as to what proofs of the company's right to admission into Minnesota his department would require. Very truly yours,

JOHN R. HEINO,

Duluth, March 21.

THE COLONEL'S WATERLOO.

Colonel John M. Fuller, of Honey Grove, Texas, nearly met his Waterloo, from Liver and Kidney trouble. In a recent letter, he says: "I was nearly dead, of these complaints, and, although I tried my family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50c bottle of your great Electric Bitters, which cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Sold, and guaranteed to cure, Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Kidney Disease, by all druggists, at 50c a bottle.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Policeman Mulvahill of Kansas City was accidentally shot and killed Wednesday morning while trying to make an arrest. Accompanied by Policeman Bryant, Mulvahill was chasing an alleged thief, when Bryant dropped his revolver, which was discharged, the ball passing through Mulvahill's head, killing him instantly.

Charles M. Schwab sailed for Europe Tuesday on the steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm. It was said that Mr. Schwab was bound for St. Petersburg to negotiate the building of warships for Russia.

It is announced that Mont Reville, who played with the Washington and Detroit American League clubs last year, will catch for the Kansas City American association team this year.

The Midway association, an organization for the preservation of the Colonial Midway church and burial ground in Liberty county, Ga., received a check for $50 from President Roosevelt as a contribution to the society's maintenance fund. President Roosevelt's maternal great-grandfather, Gen. Daniel Stewart, was buried in the Midway churchyard.

During the rush hour on the West Farms branch of the subway, New York, last night, one train crashed into another. Then a third train hit the second train with terrific force, throwing one car from the track and smashing every window in two cars. Four persons were injured. Slippery tracks are blamed for the accident.

KILLED IN WOODS.

Jacob Friski Kicked to Death By Horse.

Tower, Minn., March 22.—Jacob Friski, a Finn homesteader, in the Pike River settlement, was killed in a mysterious manner yesterday morning. The man had gone into the woods with his team to work, and later a neighbor found him beside the road. His face was covered with blood and he was unconscious. Friends started to town with him, but he was dead before reaching there. Examination showed fracture of the frontal bone of the skull, and the supposition is that ten of the horses kicked him.

Friski was about 35 years of age, and leaves a wife and several children.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

GOLD FROM A RIVER BED

Saskatchewan Said to Contain Millions of Precious Metal.

Prince Albert, N. W. T., March 22.—Three miles up the river from this town is now maturing what is claimed to be the largest gold dredging scheme the world has ever seen. For years past it has been known that gold exists in the Saskatchewan river, but it has always been supposed to have existed in such small quantities that it would not pay to wash for it, but the present plan is one by which the work can be done very cheaply and efficiently, and at the same time a very large quantity of gravel can be handled each day. The organizer of this work is Dr. Roughsides and the Hon. Charles Ramsey, son of the twelfth earl of Dalhousie and uncle to the present earl.

Men are now at work building a dredge 110 feet long, which is 26 feet wide and 5 feet deep. The ladder head which is being made for its top is 24 feet above the deck, and it will dig 27 feet below the water's level. It is fitted with thirty buckets, each weighing 500 pounds with the connecting links, having a total capacity of 165 cubic feet. The weight of the ladder, buckets and sprockets is about 30 tons, the hull of the dredge weighs 100 tons, and the machinery another 75 tons. The cost of the dredge complete will be about $70,000.

The method of "working" the gold is simple. The banks of the river are full of gold; they are, in fact, a glacial deposit, but in such a quantity that it would not pay to work it in the vastness of super-incumbent material. The river has, however, been doing the mining for centuries past. It has been washing away the banks ever since the river first flowed in that course, depositing the dust in a mass at the bottom of the river. The cost of mining by this process is insignificant compared with the cost of quartz crushing, and by this process it is possible to handle a very large quantity of gravel.

The machinery digs out the gravel and raises it to the head of the lader where it is dumped into a hopper, and from there into the revolving screen which is 20 feet long by 6 feet wide. After the gold has been extracted by quicksilver the debris is carried away and dumped thirty feet at the rear of the dredge. One dredge is expected to handle 3,000 tons of gravel during every day of twenty-four hours. This is the first time a dredge of this kind has ever been made in the Dominion, it being designed by Dr. Roughsides himself.

The interested people in this venture, many of whom are from the Northwest, are prepared to build twenty other dredges each with a daily capacity for handling 5,000 tons of gravel. It is proposed to run these dredges by electricity, which will be generated at central power stations erected at different points along the river, each station being capable of supplying the power for the twenty dredges. By means of this system each dredge will have an increased area for installing labor-saving apparatus, thus adding to the efficient and economic recovery of the value of the washings.

Meanwhile the projectors are at work establishing supply stores for the men and are discussing the building of foundries, machine and carpenter shops. This machinery will show decided improvements on that now in use in New Zealand and California, and it is expected the enterprise will show handsome profits. At the present time, upwards of 300 men are at work on the undertaking and everything will be in readiness for a trial start during the next few weeks and in the meantime the rest of the province is watching with interest all reports from the center of operations expecting that in the near future profitable gold mining will be added to the already lucrative ventures in grains, oils, lumber and coal.

GIRLS RUN FROM HOME

To Join a Roving Theatrical Company.

Norffolk, Neb., March 22.—Five pretty maids of Norfolk left their happy homes and became runaway show girls when the Chase-Lister repertoire troupe came to town. They are Misses Gerture Austin, Nora Dixon, Tessie Dixon, Lydia Wheeler and Maude Mayhew. The girls were members of a local ladies' band, and they made a hit with the manager. They are now being featured on the advance sheets of the company, through Southern cities. A Chicago band was released in order to make places for the Norfolk girls. Their mammas followed them to the train with threats, doors of homes have been closed upon them, and undesirable futures have been predicted for them by the local gossips.

EVELETH TEACHER DEAD.

Eveleth, Minn., March 22.—Miss Clara Lake, teacher of domestic science in the Eveleth high school, died at the Hotel O'Neil at 6 o'clock last night of inflammation of the inner ear; she was sick only a few days. Miss Lake came to Eveleth from Detroit, Mich., last fall and during her residence in Eveleth made many friends. She leaves a brother in Detroit who has been notified of her death and will come on to take charge of the remains.

MELLIN'S Food for the Baby

Colic and stomach troubles are avoided by using Mellin's Food for the baby. Mellin's Food being soluble, easily digested and very nourishing, Mellin's Food babies are free from colic and stomach troubles. Try a bottle of Mellin's Food and prove it to your own satisfaction.

We will send you a sample of Mellin's Food free of charge.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

A STRONG PULL

on public favor our exquisitely-flavored, rich and invigorating BOCK BEER has taken, as well as the regular brew of BOCK BEER. It is a delightful beverage, as well as an appetizer and tonic, and will benefit any one who is weak or run down. If you are a physical wreck BOCK BEER drank freely will make a new man of you.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

WHAT WHISKEY COSTS THE DRUNKARD.

Cure the Drink Habit With Orrine and Save Money.

Whiskey drinking does not pay. Take the lowest possible view, without counting the loss of friends, the loss of business, the loss of manhood that comes to the drunkard; consider simply the actual money paid out, and see what it costs in dollars and cents. Good authority states that nearly one-third of the wages of the laboring man goes over the bar. How much are you contributing? Figure up for one month how much you take from your wife and children and pay out in exchange for drink. The total will astonish you, and you will swear off.

Will-power alone will not cure the habit. Use Orrine, the only guaranteed cure for the habit. It can be used without publicity or loss of time. It strengthens the nerves, gives a good appetite and refreshing sleep. The cost is small, $1 per box. Orrine is sold and recommended by F. W. Kugler, 108 W. Superior St., Duluth.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

NEED OF MANUAL TRAINING.

In a plea for trade schools made to the board of managers of the Franklin fund in Boston by William E. Wall, secretary-treasurer of the Society of Master House Painters and Decorators, the speaker made an interesting comparison in these words:

"As an illustration of the need of skilled mechanics in the painting trade I beg to submit the following. The Philadelphia Public Ledger several years ago had the two following advertisements:

"'Wanted—First-class house painters, steady work, nine hours, wages $2.70 per day, bring overalls.'

"(The only recommendation needed.) This remained in the paper for three insertions, to which not a single applicant responded. At the same time in the same paper appeared the second advertisement, which read thus:

"'Wanted—A librarian for a public institution, hours of service 8 a. m. to 10 p. m., salary $400 per year. Undoubted references required.'

"The second advertisement had 368 applicants, including doctors, lawyers, and professional men; but not one bricklayer, carpenter or painter was in the list."

To be sure the proportion of applicants for these positions would be different in the West, but this incident serves to well illustrate the results of the system of education that has been in force in this country during the past thirty or forty years. The lack of manual training has resulted in a great oversupply of men fitted to fill what are known as the genteel occupations, while there is a decided scarcity of competent artisans and tradesmen.

Intelligent foreigners are impresssed with the lack of opportunity for technical education in the United States and the scant consideration given to such education in relation to our commercial progress when compared with European countries. A German manufacturer, who visited our country this year, said:

"In the large cities that I have visited, Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, etc., I was impressed by the number of lawyers and doctors that are being turned out by the thousands, while with the exception of a few first-class technical schools little attention is paid to scientific training. It is possible that the American race of the future is to be so sickly and combative as to require the attention of all these doctors and lawyers; and who is going to provide the business to support them?"

The trouble with our system of education has been that efforts were entirely devoted to preparing pupils to "be somebody" while the majority were left unfittd to "do something" useful to themselves and to society. We have sought to turn out too many doctors, lawyers, ministers and business men and left the great many who are better fitted to enter the field of industry without adequate training or proper education.

In generations past the apprentice system was in general vogue and the boy, after he left school, and even while yet attending school, was taught in the workshops under the immediate direction of his superiors, both the rudiments and the details of the trade he was set to learn. This is the day of specialization and such opportunities of learning a trade thoroughly are seldom afforded. The boy of this age who enters a factory or workshop is put to work on some special machine, and while he may acquire aptitude in this limited sphere he becomes hardly better informed as to the details of the trade than the machine he is operating.

There can be nothing more mentally deadening than a routine of this kind where no knowledge is gained of what goes before and what comes after. The deficiency could be supplied in industrial training schools, but because it is not supplied the spectacle is presented of Americans being excluded from the higher positions while they are filled by foreigners who have received the necessary training.

TO SAFEGUARD BANKING.

It is a matter for general satisfaction that the Lund bill, providing that no concern or individual may use the word "bank" or "banker" to designate his business until sanction is given by the state and unless state supervision is granted, passed the house by a substantial majority.

A measure similar in its provisions was killed in the senate recently by a majority of only one vote, so it is possible that the Lund bill may yet pass the senate and become a law.

There is certainly need of such legislation. The number of private banks that fail is out of all proportion to the number of failures among state and national banks, and it is simply because of the fact that some of the private banks take too great risks in the loaning of their funds in the hope of making big profits because there are no restrictions on their methods of doing business.

It is also an encouraging fact that several private bankers, among them two members of the legislature, have changed their views on this mater since the agitation started and are now in favor of government regulation and supervision of all banking institutions. The man who does a banking business should willingly submit to public inspection of his business methods and if not he should be compelled to do so.

ON THE RIGHT TRACK.

Says the New York World: "The Niagara power grab bills are promoted purely for corporation interests. Behind them is no public need or demand—only public injury for private gain. With the success of the grab measures the public would lose the falls, while the state would not even gain the assurance of a decent pecuniary return for the priceless franchises voted into company hands."

Now the World is on the right track. It is time to drop the maudlin sentimentality regarding the falls and reduce the proposition to dollars and cents.

If the power companies undertake to monopolize the water of the Niagara river for their own exclusive benefit and as a means of taxing the public, the people and their legislature should say nay. But if the developers of the water power are willing to proceed on an equitable basis and divide the benefits with the public, then the people should let them go ahead and develop even if not a single drop of water finds its way over the great stone precipice.

Attempts to monopolize either water or air should be promptly squelched. A good stiff gross earnings tax on the power companies would be the proper and effective way of regulating the matter.

POSSIBLE CONFLICT WITH JAPAN.

In the United States senate on Friday last Senator Carmack of Tennessee presented and had read a telegram from Des Moines purporting to be an interview with Congressman Hull, in which he is reported to have made the declaration that even now the Japanese are planning to insist on possession of the Philippines as soon as convenient after conclusion of their war with Russia. Among other things he said: "The situation is regarded at Washington as menacing; not immediately so, perhaps, but certain to develop dangerous phases as soon as the present war is over."

In commenting upon this interview Senator Carmack made the assertion that the statement of Mr. Hull as to the attitude and feeling of the Japanese toward our experiment in Asiatic colonization, is corroborative of statements that have been made by American naval officers in Eastern waters, who bear testimony to the resentment and jealousy of the Japanese because of our intrusion in Asiatic affairs, and continued:

"A short time ago Western nations regarded Japan with a feeling of patronizing admiration. They were disposed to regard her simply as a pawn upon the international chessboard which might be moved about by the hand of Western diplomacy. The tremendous energy and the marvelous military genius displayed by that nation during the present war with Russia have been a revelation to the whole world, and Japan has sprung forward at a bound to occupy a place among the very foremost military powers of the world. When she emerges from her victorious war with Russia she will be blown with pride and ambition and ready to try conclusions with any power in the world. The cry of 'Asia for the Asiatics,' which Mr. Hull says has been raised by Japan, will have a terrible significance. He tells us that the administration in Washington—and says that he knows whereof he speaks—looks forward to a probable contest with that powerful nation in order to maintain our foothold in the Philippines, and that the great increase of our navy, the multiplication of our battleships, is demanded because it is necessary permanently to maintain in Eastern waters a naval force large enough to hold our own with Japan and thereby make good our possession of the most worthless territory upon which any nation ever wasted its treasure or shed the blood of its citizens."

This whole controversy may have been a cleverly-devised scheme on the part of Russian diplomats to win away American sympathy from the Japanese in the present conflict, but it is more likely an honest expression of opinion, whether or not warranted by the facts. A recent remark made by President Roosevelt regarding a "foreign foe" would indicate that he had something of this kind in mind.

The Japanese minister to this country took occasion to promptly deny that Japan had any designs upon the Philippines, saying among other things: "My opinion regarding the relations which Japan should maintain with the Philippines is very simple—that they should be good neighbors, whose commerce will steadily develop and whose social and political conditions will be progressive and peaceful. Japan has never had any intention of taking advantage of her neighbors or to seek for territorial aggrandizement, but the sincere desire of her government is to have all neighboring countries realize that mutual interests can best be promoted by the maintenance of peace and the strengthening of the tie of interdependence."

This may also be an honest expression of opinion or it may be an effort to retain American sympathy at this very critical period in Japan's history.

If the United States should evince a disposition to be entirely satisfied to leave the Chinese nation intact and not to encroach upon Japan it is not to be expected that there will be any trouble in that quarter, but should American exploiters at some future date demand further encroachment in the interests of trade a spirit of hostility on the part of Japan might develop that would lead to armed conflict. And, as Senator Carmack says, if that time ever does come, it will all be a result of a desire on the part of a few Americans to retain possession "of the most worthless territory upon which any nation ever wasted its treasure or shed the blood of its citizens."

The lust for world power and dominion over foreign peoples and lands having once attacked a nation it may continue to thrive and grow upon that which it feeds, and the American nation having abandoned the policy of a century of minding its own business in order to mind the business of others is liable to need a large navy and a large army before the matter is ended.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

Henry W. Savage has had Wagner's "Parsifal" translated into English. But what is the use when the orchestra makes so much noise that nobody can hear what is either spoken or read on the stage? It might as well be rendered in Chinese unless the listener has studied the text and music so thoroughly that he knows what is coming next. A large number of Americans who pretend to be enraptured over "Parsifal" do not know what it means.

* * *

Gen. Kuropatkin has exhibited great patriotism and real greatness by accepting a subordinate command under Gen. Linevitch. Few men there are who possess equal strength of character.

* * *

A purchase of 100 pounds of insect powder at one time for the St. Louis county jail was thought to be a little heavy, but the Panama commission sends to the canal each week 200 tons of insect powder and 200 tons of rolled sulphur. And still the mosquitos and other insect pests thrive. A membership on the canal commission would be a fine sit for an enterprising druggist.

* * *

Spring has arrived. Barnum's circus has moved out of winter quarters.

* * *

The grocers of Brainerd have solved the meat problem for that place by handling meats direct from the farmers. The local butchers are sore, and the packing trust promises to get revenge. But the producers and consumers are happy. If there was only sufficient stock raised around Duluth to supply its inhabitants with meat this city also might escape the extortions of the trust.

Hotel Gossip.

"Butte, Mont., is something like Duluth in that nearly everyone out there has a block of some kind of mining stock," said O. H. Johnson, of Minneapolis at the McKay. "But the Western town is even stronger in this respect than is Duluth, for the mining interests are more vital to the city, and the subject is one which is constantly before the people. The stock fever extends from office boys to bank presidents, and there are so many different companies, many of them fakes, disposing of their stocks, that the prospective buyer does not have to go far in search of them.

"The town is full of stories of mining propositions of all descriptions, and the hard-luck and good-luck stories go hand in hand. One of the best-paying mines in the district was abandoned by the original workers and later taken up by other people, who are now making their fortunes out of it, have already made their fortunes, in fact. The region is full of abandoned shafts and diggings, and the hill and mountain sides are lined with deserted flumes, built at great expense, to conduct water from a distant point to a mine which probably played out a short time after work was begun. In other cases the mines, and with them the flumes, have been left by the owners after the latter have been well paid for efforts expended in getting ore from the ground."

* * *

"According to home papers, working in the interests of their own town, as all good newspapers should, the great central market of Chicago is battling for a stake of $15,000,000 worth of annual trade in the markets of the Southeast," said A. B. Andrew of Chicago at the Spalding. "Assisting Chicago and the Middle West in the great struggle for commercial equality is St. Louis, which is losing annually at least one-third as much as Chicago by reason of an arbitrary and unjust rate discrimination.

"The rates on all classes of merchandise from New York and other large Eastern cities to the markets of the Southeast are on an average of 10 per cent lower than they are from Chicago, notwithstanding the fact that the distances from the Eastern centers are between 50 and 60 per cent greater than the distances from the Windy City to the Southeast.

"Chicago and the Middle West are contending for freight rates which shall be at least as low as the rates enjoyed by the Eastern manufacturing centers, while the railroads of the Southeast take the stand that their rates are all that could be expected and should remain as they are. For twenty-five years or more New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and one or two other Eastern cities have enjoyed a practical monopoly of the trade of all the country south of the Ohio river and inland from the Atlantic coast for a distance of more than 500 miles."

* * *

"Vaudeville is hard work, and there are several unpleasant features about it," said Leo Kendall at the St. Louis. Mr. Kendall, aside from his excellent work in the part of a negro in "A Hidden Crime," the attraction at the Metropolitan the first half of the week, nightly delights the audience with his coon songs between the acts.

"Sometimes the vaudeville performer takes part in fifteen performances in one week, and if that isn't work I don't know the meaning of the word. But aside from this there are many difficulties to be encountered. Take, for example, the position of one's act on the program. The public has no idea how very much depends upon that. A quiet comedy turn after a violently funny number is bound to go badly.

"Then, too, if one's act is down toward the end, the people are apt to be tired and think about putting on their wraps. Maybe they have laughed themselves all out over some other things, and when a sketch of more refined treatment is put on they cannot respond, whereas had the same thing been placed before the noiser acts it would have turned out different. Bad judgment in placing acts has many times ruined an otherwise effective bill. A well-arranged program is a joy to the manager, but, unfortunately, not all managers realize the importance of this detail."

* * *

"People in the larger cities of the state hardly realize the number of tiny villages which have sprung up through the northern section of the state during the last year or two," said Joseph Adler of Bemidji at St. Louis. "New mining properties on the range, new farming districts in other sections, and the proposed new lines of railroad to extend through sparsely settled portions of the state, have resulted in the starting of numerous new towns.

"Some of these places are mere temporary headquarters for the lumber companies, while others are of a more lasting nature, and may in time become respectable cities. Bemidji was a pretty small place once, but she is now coming to be a proposition worthy of consideration, and will each year become of more importance from a business standpoint. I heard a story up there the other day relative to the rise in land values thereabouts after the town started to grow. There were two men who took claims on Bemidji lake about the same time, and in due time they proved up on the land and obtained title to it. Both hung on for two or three years, and then one of them decided to get out, and sold his 160 acres for $300. That was before the town started, and his land is now almost in the center of Bemidji. The other old fellow, whose tract was located a mile up the lake from the center of the business district, hung on until a year or two ago and then sold for $10,000. This is only one of many similar incidents that have occurred in Northern Minnesota."

* * *

At the Spalding: W. J. Power, Hibbing; Maj. A. Harris and wife, Minneapolis; H. D. Bushnell and wife, J. G. Ostrander, Chicago; A. K. Keller and wife, Indianapolis; Nels Clifton, Ishpeming; A. C. Burnett, Swan River; A. Anderson, Ashland; C. W. Cowenes, Sandusky, Ohio; W. G. McFarlane, Winnipeg; C. L. Brundgle, Virginia; C. S. Howard, St. Louis; D. A. Anderson, Virginia; C. A. Megg, Portland, Me.; W. L. Miller, H. H. Touch, Cincinnati; P. M. Moroney, St. Paul; W. P. Smith, Indianapolis; J. J. McMullin and wife, Oshkosh, Wis.; A. Cunnningham, Milwaukee; H. A. Hunt, St. Paul; A. E. Parcher, F. P. Stone, Wausau, Wis.; G. C. Gilm, New Richmond, Wis.; J. S. Meader, George Quayle, Bayfield; W. A. Chamberlain, Ashland; S. T. Harris, Houghton.

* * *

At the St. Louis: D. E. Sper, wife and son, Virginia; V. T. Engstrom, Calumet; A. B. Claire, G. L. Daney, Grand Rapids; R. R. Trezona, Eveleth; Charles Trezona, Ely; C. A. Abbott, Eveleth; Harry Ellermann, Iron River; D. D. Blanchard and wife, St. Paul; S. Smith, Milwaukee; W. J. Coman, Hibbing; M. H. McGowan, Grand Forks; O. M. Clement, Colon, Mich.; N. B. Arnold, Eveleth; E. L. Sear, Princeton; C. A. Forsgren, Evansville, Minn.; N. J. Benson, Tower; J. C. Crowe, Virginia; Charles Spangler, A. W. Anderson, Marquette; W. H. Shoop, Winton; J. F. O'Brien, Cloquet; J. C. Patterson, Princeton.

* * *

At the McKay: Robert Johnson, Detroit; C. H. Gray, Marshfield, Wis.; C. B. Stephenson, Christ Anderson, Two Harbors; F. S. Seaman, Chicago; Charles Webb, St. Paul; I. H. Johnson, Minneapolis; Mrs. A. W. Swan, Virginia; Mrs. Paulson, Independence, Mich.; A. S. Hyeager, Floodwood; E. Anderson, Brainerd; J. E. Danielson, Morris, Minn.; Mr. and Mrs. Finnigan, Two Harbors; John Buffalo; C. P. Comsalle, Two Harbors; C. Edstrom, Mountain Iron; J. M. Mansley, J. Delaney, Nebagamon; R. Holliday, Minneapolis; J. D. Wood, Chicago; Fred Anplerson, South Dakota; W. L. Case, Cloquet; W. O'Rourke, Two Harbors; S. K. Watt, Larimore, N. D.

Progress Goes Forward.

Detroit Tribune: The Delaware senate has voted almost unanimously in favor of abolishing the pillory, an instrument of torture slightly less barbarous than the whipping-post. Congress has refused to act upon the president's recommendation that the whipping-post be re-established in the District of Columbia. The Massachusetts legislature has refused to pass the flogging bill introduced early in the session. Michigan's legislature has killed the Ming flogging bill. Human progress consists in going forward, not backward.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 22.—A storm of considerable strength overlies Saskatchewan. It has caused snow or rain throughout the Northwest and Pacific coast states and high winds along the Montana-Alberta border. Snow or rain also fell over north Atlantic and upper Ohio valley states, and rain over the lower Mississippi valley. Moderate temperatures continue in all districts. The barometer is high over Pacific and north Atlantic states.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	48	Marquette	32
Atlanta	44	Medicine Hat	32
Bismarck	34	Milwaukee	38
Boston	28	Minnedosa	26
Buffalo	30	Modena	34
Calgary	34	Montgomery	52
Charleston	54	Moorhead	36
Chicago	38	New Orleans	60
Cincinnati	34	New York	32
Davenport	36	Norfolk	40
Denver	34	Northfield	30
Detroit	32	North Platte	40
Dodge City	46	Oklahoma	48
Duluth	28	Pittsburg	36
Edmonton	32	Port Arthur	—8
El Paso	44	Portland	40
Escanaba	26	Prince Albert	32
Galveston	60	Omaha	48
Green Bay	30	Rapid City	40
Havre	34	San Francisco	50
Helena	34	Santa Fe	54
Houghton	16	Spokane	32
Huron	32	St. Louis	38
Jacksonville	60	St. Paul	36
Kamloops	28	Sault Ste Marie	22
Kansas City	44	Swift Current	32
Knoxville	42	Washington	38
La Crosse	32	Williston	30
Lander	28	Winnemucca	38
Little Rock	54	Winnipeg	34
Los Angeles	54		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Thursday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Snow or rain tonight and Thursday. Brisk winds northeast probably shifting to westerly Thursday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 22.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Threatening with showers and thunderstorms tonight and possibly in east portion Thursday. Warmer in east portion tonight. Cooler Thursday afternoon.

Minnesota—Threatening with showers tonight and possibly in northeast portion Thursday. Cooler in south portion Thursday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Partly cloudy tonight. Thursday fair.

HIS NOBLEST UTTERANCE.

Houston Post: The address of President Roosevelt before the National Congress of Mothers in Washington yesterday is a sermon of surpassing merit, and altogether one of the noblest utterances that ever fell from his lips. It reveals to the world the lofty ideals that form the basis of the president's domestic life, which all people concede to be exemplary in the highest sense. Mr. Roosevelt's statesmanship will arouse conflicting opinions among his countrymen so long as he is on the stage of human action, but no good man or good woman will dissent from the philosophy of domestic life so happily put in this charming address.

It should be read and pondered by every mother, father, son and daughter in the land. It is a plea for home life and home virtues at a time when millions of our people are fast cutting loose from home ties. Ours was a nation of homes of the earlier stages of its career, a nation of families, firesides, the proper training of youth and the exaltation of character beyond all else. The American home is not what it used to be. Its architecture, where it exists at all, is more splendid, but there has been a palpable weakening in the heart life of the people.

So far as we are able to trace the causes of this unfortunate change, the eagerness for wealth is at the bottom of it all. The rush to the cities is gathering impetus every day, and the argument is needed to prove that home life in the cities is poorly calculated to produce men and women of great character. The extremes of wealth and poverty, so prevalent in our large cities, are not conducive to well conducted homes. The penury of the one and the voluptuous luxury of the other alike strangle virtue, impoverish character and breed vice.

Thoughtful people will readily agree with the president that "no piled up wealth, no splendor of material growth, no brilliance of artistic development, will permanently avail any people unless its home life is healthy."

The Face Unseen.

Mrs. Mary G. Baker Eddy, the head of the Christian Science movement, is noted throughout New England for her love of cleanliness.

Mrs. Eddy lived in her youth in Lynn, Mass., and the other day a Lynn woman said of her:

"Mrs. Eddy was very charitable when she lived here. No one was ever turned from her door. Only, always, she insisted that her petitioners be neat and clean. A tramp, dirty and lazy, stood small chance of enlisting her sympathy till he had cleaned himself up.

"One day a very dirty tramp came to her house. She admitted him. She regarded him closely. She asked him what he wanted.

"'Lady,' the tramp whined, 'I'm tryin' to get back to me poor old mother. She ain't seen me face for ten years.'

Mrs. Eddy smiled grimly.

"'I guess that's true,' she said. 'Why don't you wash it?'"

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman loves to give information, specially if it isn't.

Women mostly think about their children and men about themselves.

There is no use borrowing trouble when people will give it to you outright.

A man will always be better off for believing that he could be worse off than he is.

There is hardly anything so foolish as imagining that people are crazy to be reformed.

A Question to the Packers.

Kansas City Times: Inasmuch as the packers seem to have convinced Commissioner Garfield that they make an average profit of less than $1 on the meat of each animal slaughtered, a few questions are pertinent.

Why are retail prices of meats under packing trust conditions higher than before, in spite of the fact that the prices of live stock are lower?

Was the meat of the animal sold at a loss when stock prices were higher and meat prices lower?

Why are meat prices higher than before the by-products of the packing business became so enormously profitable?

Why can an independent butcher right now, without realizing anything like the packers' profits on the by-products, go into the market and buy cattle, slaughter them on a small scale instead of the cost-saving system employed by the packers, and still undersell the butchers who buy from the packing houses?

Life As It Really Is.

Pittsburg Dispatch: The man of grand impulses sheds a lustre on all around him.

When a woman says she is of little consequence she does not expect she will be taken at her word.

A man usually estimates his value according to a scale of his own making.

Men speak of women's vanity as something which is part of every woman's make-up.

The kiss of love lingers long in the memory of a woman.

When a man undertakes to prove his importance he is inclined to overstep the mark.

Every woman feels she knows just how far to go in the matter of assisting nature with her face and figure.

Many commanding men are easily controlled by those who seem to be other than commanding.

The woman who thinks she can manage her husband's affairs never makes known how she would do it.

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***There is still considerable snow in the woods.

***A fourth drug store is to be opened in the city soon.

***William Dambruck's assets are about $1,700 and his liabilities the same.

***C. F. Hartman is finishing a pleasant residence in the western part of the city.

***St. Louis county paupers will be boarded this year at a cost of $12.50 a month each by Frank McDevitt.

***The village council will meet in the Hosmer building on East Superior street and the municipal court will also be located there.

***John Gieret has opened the old Commercial hotel as the Hotel La Pere.

***A. Van Horn & Company, late of Minneapolis, will open a shop for doing all kinds of brass, copper and sheet iron work on the first of next month in the building formerly occupied by Walsh on Minnesota Point.

***The Knights of Pythias will use the upper floor of the Hunter building as a lodge room, Company K going out.

LINES TO A LAUGH.

Washington Star: "You have a fine piano," said the musician.

"Yes," answered Mr. Cumrox. "It must be pretty well built or it couldn't stand what is done to it."

New Yorker: Minnie—I want to introduce you to a young lady—a very nice young lady—and she's worth her weight in gold.

Bob—Stout girl, I hope.

Philadelphia Press: "My wife," growled Chumpley, "is the most forgetful woman."

"Indeed?" politely queried his friend.

"Yes. She can never remember in the morning where I left my pipe the night before."

Philadelphia Enquirer: "Say, pa," queried little Johnny Bumpernickle, "what's a pence congress?"

"It's a lot of men who make war against war," answered the old gentleman.

Philadelphia Press: "It's bad enough for you to come home intoxicated," said Mrs. Luschman, "but why so late?"

"Well, you shee, m' dear, my frien's foolishly shent me home by meshenger boy."

Chicago News: Gunner—I think there should be an authorship class connected with every big college. I mean so students would be enabled to write fiction for money.

Guyer—Fiction? Say, did you ever see the letters the students write their parents when they need a check?

A SPRING HEALTH NOTE.

Indianapolis News: A spring note worth while is that put out by the Chicago health department. It consists in repeating substantially a department document entitled "Regimen for Spring," published first in 1873. A quarter of a century has demonstrated the wisdom of its admonitions, and today the department does no more than repeat them. They are simple enough—as all things worth while are. They explain the "run down" condition, the craving for "green food," which recognizes the wise hygienic principle in Lent, with its meager diet and its abstinence from excitement. What we need at this time of year is rest, physical, mental and spiritual; we need to "train down" and get rid of mental worry and excitement. Especially do we in America need this, for, say what we will, we do not lead a strenuous life. So there is for us on every hand an appeal that we second nature at this time of year by the simple life literally and physically.

The amount of work done in the human body during the winter, the health article goes on to say, merely in maintaining the normal temperature of 98 or 99, is enormous and sufficient to overload the system with waste tissue by this time of year. When to do this we add the special nerve waste caused by the wear and tear on the brain and nerve centers that the excitement and mental activity of life in a city during winter months mean, it is a logical condition that we reach in the spring when nature cries out for relief by manifesting humors and "break downs." The special remedy or regimen is one not hard to take beyond the summoning of a little will power; it is for the next six weeks, abundance of exercise in the open air, free bathing and spare diet. The illustration used is the well known one of the furnace. For months the body, the furnace, has been keeping up steadily a high degree of heat, which as meant a constant stoking with rich foods and somewhat in proportion a failure thoroughly to combust all and get rid of the waste—the ashes. So now what is needed is to reduce the heat and the quantity of fuel and clean out the flues and pipes.

The reduction of heat comes from the reduction of fuel, or food, and this, it is pointed out, can well be accomplished by wise Lenten regulation—and by eating largely of vegetables and fruits. At the same time, tea, coffee, alcohol, tobacco and the like should be reduced to a minimum. Those that lead this sort of "simple life" physically, can dispense with the spring remedies used so much to purify the blood. It will be nature's way of getting the same results; a little slower, but much surer, without reaction, and so avoiding possible injury to health. Thus we pass along this spring note from the health department with the assurance that it is true and wise. More than all, or as much as all, it conduces to a moral upbuilding in the self-control that its observance would entail, and so we have here benefit on all sides.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Madison Independent Press: Senator Clapp, in a speech at some function in Washington a few days ago, intimated that United States senators should be elected by a direct vote of the people. Talk is cheap. What the people want is not only talk, but action, and that in the right place, which is on the floors of congress. This talk of what ought to be is all buncombe and food for gudgeons.

Anoka Free Press: The Standard Oil trust pays 48 cents per barrel for crude oil, and after extracting the gasoline from it and selling that for 20 cents a gallon, the worthless residue is sold as kerosene for 12 to 18 cents per gallon. And Republican policies compel the people to pay the price. Thus, by buying oil at 48 cents per barrel and retailing it at from $5.00 to $6.00 per barrel, under protection of Republican laws, Rockefeller evidently has a very good thing.

Warroad Plaindealer: If the legislature passes the code, and Governor Johnson should veto it, nothing short of the death of the governor could prevent his re-election in 1906. A Republican gubernatorial nomination would certainly be an empty honor.

Perham Enterprise: An evangelist named Hanson over at Fergus Falls was fined $35 last week on the charge of disturbing the peace. It was shown at the trial that he was making more converts for the insane asylum than for the church. Fergus Falls has several churches which could stand an increase in membership, but the asylum over there is pretty well crowded now, so the evangelist's services were not appreciated.

Grand Rapids Independent: Man is getting things down pat. A company of Duluth capitalists is at work trying to turn Hudson Bay into Lake Superior and it looks like a go.

The Wisdom of Children.

London Spectator: What could be more simple, or more splendidly direct as a compliment to a pretty girl, than the small boy's admiring question, "Are your eyes new ones?" No "grown-up" person could have thought of that. "A ruminating animal is one that chews her cubs"—there might surely be less thoughtful definitions. As for definitions, no dictionary has ever given anything better than "a movable feast—a picnic."

There is a delightful note of the night nursery in the beginning of a girl's essay on boys: "The boy is not an animal, but they can be heard to a considerable distance;" equaled, perhaps, in its splendid simplicity by the boy's written criticism to the effect that "most girls are very shy and angry." It is the directness of the description which compels attention in vivid comments such as, "Just before it killed me the tooth came out;" and nothing surely could be more Johnsonian in its absolute truth than the answer given to the painstaking schoolmaster trying to make the class understand what might be meant by the subversive word "antipodes." "If I bored a hole right through the earth till I came out at the other side, where should I be?" "Off yer 'ead! You can't do it!"

YOUNGER ON ETHICS.

Kansas City Journal: Cole Younger has renounced the show business, and gives as his reason that it was entirely beyond his ability to keep his associates "straight." He said the other afternoon in Kansas City: "I could have made good money out of the show that I had if I could have kept them fellers straight. I was talking to Pinkerton down at St. Louis the other day, and he told me that they would rather have $1 that they stole than $10 that they made honestly."

The spectacle of Cole Younger as the champion of ethical business methods and complaining bitterly that he is unable to keep his "fellers straight" is novel and only emphasizes vividly the changes that have been wrought in commercial enterprises in the West during the past quarter of a century. There was a time when Cole Younger had no trouble in enforcing an honest distribution of profits among his associates. Those were the days of sterling knights of the road, who, with admirable frankness, went right at the heart of things and would not deign to utilize the subterfuge of the drama in enticing the coins from the pockets of their fellow men. Who could have accused such men as Jim, Cole and Bob Younger and Jesse and Frank James and Stiles and Miller and Pitts of lack of straightforwardness in their business transactions? They never disputed about the fruits of their industry. They shared and shared alike. A certain stigma has attached to their names over an argument with the cashier of a Northfield, Minn., bank as to the ownership of certain funds on deposit, but that had nothing to do with the loyalty of the members of the Younger party for each other.

After the years put in by the Youngers and the Jameses in earnest attempts to elevate the stage, in various isolated localities, it is hard to hear that Cole Younger can't get a square deal in pursuit of the "drammar." We have fallen upon evil times indeed when men of the Younger and James stamp are robbed by box office sharps, duped by dishonest managers, lied to by the oily-tongued advance agent and forced to abandon their honored profession because their business associates are mean and villous. Cole Younger will have a full measure of public sympathy.

Origin of the Cocktail.

Kansas City Journal: There has been much curiosity as to the origin of the name "cocktail." At last someone has come forward with an answer to this much disputed question which may be pure invention or truth, but at any rate sounds plausible. In the early days, when doctors used strenuous methods and medicines in the cure of disease, there was a habit among them of treating certain disease of the throat with a pleasant liquid, which was applied by the tip of a long feather plucked from a cock's tail. In course of time this remedy came to be used as a gargle, still retaining its old name. During the course of its evolution the gargle gained more of the present ingredients—spirits, sugar, bitters and so on—till it became the highly esteemed beverage of today.

The New York Way.

Springfield Republican: This belated but authentic story of inauguration time in Washington is worth preserving. The day after the inauguration, Sunday, a particularly gracious Washington hostess was seated in her drawing room in the afternoon, expecting that callers would come in as usual for tea. Without any warning, a party of a dozen or so, all absolute strangers, were shown in. Not having sent out cards for the day, and feeling that there must be some mistake, the nonplussed Washingtonian endeavored to rise to the occasion with due courtesy until the mistake should appear. But one of the visitors promptly put an end to all mystification by casually announcing, while looking around, that they were "from New York, come down for the inauguration," and had dropped in just because they "thought they'd like to see how people lived in Washington." Overcoming her astonishment, the involuntary hostess tactfully and somewhat mischievously replied that they were "really very enterprising, indeed, but that unfortunately" she was "not official and didn't count, and that what they ought to do was to call, say, at Secretary Hay's house or at Senator Depew's." There was a moment's hesitation, and then another of the party quite naively replied, "Yes, we tried that, but they put us out."

A Wise Woman.

Philadelphia Bulletin: "Now, for $2," announced the test medium, "I'll send you a philter that will make your husband love you to the exclusion of all others."

"I don't think I'll invest," said the practical housewife; "but if you have a philter that'll make him bring home some of his salary on pay-days, I'll allow you a percentage on the amount realized."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
LAST TIME TONIGHT—
Mildred Holland
As Catherine the Great, of Russia, in
"THE TRIUMPH OF AN EMPRESS."
D. C. $1.50, Pq. $1, F. C. 75c, Bal. 50c, Gal. 25c
Friday and Sat. "DAVID HARUM"
—Sat. Matinee
TUESDAY, MARCH 28—PAUL GILMORE.

METROPOLITAN
LAST TIME TONIGHT.
Enormous Success—"A HIDDEN CRIME." 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c.
Thursday, Friday and Saturday,
The Swedish Dialect Comedy—
"YON YONSON"
SEATS NOW ON SALE.

Gray-Tallant Co

Tomorrow We Shall Offer the Choice of All Our New $10.00 and $12.50 Rain Coats for $8.75.

The colors are tan, olive and gray; belted at the waist; pleated at the belt line or with plain back; full sleeves, shoulders squarely blocked or with straps and buttons on the shoulders; two pockets. The best $10.00 and $12.50 coats that we can find.

It seems a shame to sell them at $8.75, for even one day. But our Mr. Tallant has his own way of introducing our exceptionally beautiful showing of Spring rain coats. A display that is so decidedly out of the common, that no matter what your plans for a spring coat are, in justice to yourself, take time to see it tomorrow.

It embraces rain coats of mohair, cravenette and silk, handsomely shirred, pleated and trimmed, priced from $15.00 to $35.00. We'll warrant you'll see here more prettiness, more individuality, fairer prices than are gathered in any other 2 stores in Duluth.

DRESS GOODS AT LESS

THE dress goods section is at its best—a newly better and best. And from this excellent selection we've prepared a treat for Thursday visitors. Three splendid fabrics at much less than usual. Goods that we've sold in regular stock at full prices.

Silk and Wool Crepe de Paris—of which we have sold thousands of yards at $1.00 a yard—and the demand for Crepe de Paris for dressy gowns and waists is just as great as ever. Tomorrow we shall sell 6 pieces—navy, reseda, brown, Nile, light blue and cream—38 inches wide, for the yard..... **79c**

French Serges and Arnold's Henriettas—reliable cloths, both — and much used for waists, suits and children's dresses. Our color line is so badly broken that we have only blues left—dark and medium shades—8 pieces all told—for Thursday we divide them in two lots—

89c and 95c Cloths at..... 69c
All 75c Cloths at..... 59c

Remarkable Values.

Because they are goods that we won't duplicate at this time of the year, we have reduced all the shawls and hoods that remain, to away below the cost of knitting them. Take them as you find them—at little more than half.

Large $1.25 Crocheted Shawls—circular styles— one part to be thrown over the shoulders, the other part over the head. Protection against the chill of spring, summer and autumn evenings, $1.25 value for..... **69c**

50c Black Crocheted Hoods—will be comfortable for elderly people for two months to come. We've fixed a price to make it worth while to buy now for next fall's wear, as well.. **29c**

A Display of W. B. Erect Form Corsets.

The corset's the thing — the smartest dressmaker can't do a whit with your figure if the foundation isn't there. But a clever dressmaker and the W. B. Erect-form Corset can work wonders. This corset has the same shape as the natural figure, except that its lines are perfect and your figure is bound to have a little flaw or so, which this corset will overcome. See the new corsets tomorrow.

$1.00 Corsets at 79c. All New Models.

A size missing here and there, is reason for this chance to buy such well known $1.00 corsets as the W. B., Thompson's Glove Fitting, the J. B. and the Royal Worcester — all new model straight-front corsets—at 79c—an unusual price.

180 Corset Covers at 25c—worth 35c.

Made of good muslin, with full front and trimmed with snowball lace, insertion, beading and baby ribbon.

Spring Hats Ready to Put On Now.

While other stores are showing hats of a season ago—large hats, overtrimmed, we are the first to show the new, close fitting hats with just a suggestion of trimming—a touch of foliage or of fruit—a ribbon, or motif or a feather. These new hats at $4.98—for early spring wear—are in the latest fashion—quite the early season's attraction—as well as they may be, for we've made them **$4.98** *equal in style and beauty to $7.00 hats. There are hats for less and hats for more—but nothing to surpass the value of these hats at* **$4.98**

Ask for "yarn"—at most stores you'll get good, bad or indifferent—as they happen to have it. Here you're sure of the best always—the yarn that never fails— **Fleisher's.**

ITS RECORD YEAR

The Duluth Commandery Closes Eventful Period By Installation.

First Ball Given In New Masonic Temple Largely Attended.

Last evening at the new Masonic Temple Duluth Commandery No. 18, Knights Templar, closed the most eventful year of its existence and opened another which it hopes will eclipse or at least equal the past year for successes. The new officers of the commandery were installed by Right Eminent Past Grand Commander Sir Knight Trevanion W. Hugo. The grand marshal, who introduced the new officers and conducted them to the installing officer and then to their stations was Right Eminent Grand Commander Sir Knight George W. Buck.

During the installation ceremonies a choir furnished some very excellent music and all of the singing was good, but especially so was Mrs. Leo Ball's rendition of "The Star Spangled Banner" when the flag of the country was presented to the standard bearers during the installation.

The scene in the lodge room where the ceremonies took place was a pretty one with the knights in their glittering uniforms and flowing plumes and among the spectators were a large number of ladies dressed in handsome gowns. The ceremony itself took up a great deal of time, the better part of two and a half hours, after which everybody went down to the first floor, where the ball room is located. There Plaaten's orchestra played from the orchestra balcony and a large number of couples danced until midnight.

The ballroom is a pretty one, is well lighted and the air responds quickly to the system of ventilation established in the room. This room is to be used, as well, for a banquet hall and on one side of it there is a large kitchen with a cooking outfit which a large hotel would feel to be a perfect equipment. The Masons can take care of 500 banqueters in this part of the building. The hall is about 150 feet long by half as wide and the large crowd which was present last night did not seem to tax it very much. It is expected, however, that the attendance at the house-warming Friday night will jam the building.

The officers installed last night were: Commander, Eminent Sir Knight Charles W. Wilson; generalissimo, Sir Knight James L. Owen; captain general, Sir Knight William A. Abbett; senior warden, Sir Knight Edward A. Moye; junior warden, Sir Knight Clarence E. Peaslee; prelate, Sir Knight William W. Brook; treasurer, Sir Knight John P. Johnson; recorder, Sir Knight A. LeRicheux; standard bearer, Sir Knight James E. Watt; sword bearer, Sir Knight Wallace P. Welbanks; warder, Sir Knight William H. Wilson; third guard, Sir Knight Albert E. Boisford; second guard, Sir Knight Henry T. Hurdon; first guard, Sir Knight Melville A. Dunning; sentinel, Sir Knight Henry Van Brunt.

During the year just ended, John T. Black, who has been commander, has made a record which breaks all former ones and until somebody else surpasses it, will remain the banner record of the comandery. During the year he initiated 106 new knights, bringing Duluth commandery from fourth or fifth place in the state to second. The members of the commandery are very proud of Sir Knight Black's record and expressed their appreciation last night by two presentations. The first one was made for the commandery by T. W. Hugo and was a beautiful jewel of a past commander, a Templar cross suspended from two bars with Mr. Black's name on one of them and his rank on the other. The cross itself is a fine piece of work in gold and enamel. The other presentation was made by George W. Buck and is a watch charm with the emblems of a Knight Templar and a thirty-second degree Scottish Rite Mason. The charm is in the shape of a Maltese cross and is set with twelve one-karat diamonds along the sides and on the crown of the Templar side of the charm are five smaller diamonds and five rubies.

TURNS ON HIS BLACKMAILER

An Iowa Merchant Secures Arrest of His Tormentor.

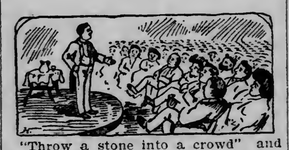
Marshalltown, Iowa, March 22.—After submitting to the demands of a blackmailer, paying him $100 in cash and giving him a note for $200 more, J. A. Awde, a merchant of this city, proved the worm that turned, and as a result his tormentor was arrested.

Some months ago Mrs. F. Lord, who formerly lived here, came to this city and pretended to be selling insurance. She solicited a policy from Mr. Awde. She invited him to her room at the hotel to explain her plans of insurance. Awde accepted, and Mrs. Lord urged him to stay for lunch.

While Awde and the woman were eating, someone knocked at the door, and on being admitted, stated he was a detective who was employed by the woman's husband. He offered to settle with Awde, however, and keep the matter quiet for $200. Awde agreed, and paying $100 down, gave his note for $200 more, to be paid in three months. The man gave his name as Frank Hodges. The woman left town and has not been heard of since.

Monday the note came due and Hodges came after his money. Awde, in the meantime, had recovered from his original scare and had the man arrested. He agreed to pay back the $100 and gave up the note and Awde agreed not to prosecute. It is believed the woman and Hodges were working together and have probably played the scheme on others.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.



"Throw a stone into a crowd" and you will probably hit a man who has some surplus money to invest—but you will probably go to jail if you try to find him in that way. A Herald Want ad., or a careful reading of the want ads., will be safer.

A landlord with enterprise enough to advertise should suit you—for he will have enterprise enough to keep his property in repair and "up-to-date."

If you are out of work you will probably find a want ad. today which is almost a direct bid for your services.

Is your wife wearing "the sooty yoke of kitchen vassalage?" Read the ads., and send her a servant—as a little surprise.

There is no want with reason that Herald wants cannot fill. Make Herald wants work for you and you'll find them great workers. Only one cent a word.

NEW TRIAL DENIED

In Stitt & Howe Against Rat Portage Company.

Brainerd, Minn., March 22.—Judge McClenahan in chambers yesterday denied the motion of the defendant in the case of Stitt & Howe vs. the Rat Portage Logging company for a new trial. The suit grew out of a logging contract between the principals and involved something like $15,000.

Some time ago the plaintiffs brought suit to have an accounting, after several years of opeartion in the pineries north of Duluth. After years of litigation, in which the record in the case made over 1,600 pages, Judge McClenahan made a decision giving Stitt & Howe the right to redeem a large amount of land and timber upon the payment to the defendant company of something like $67,000.

It was after this decision that the defendant company gave notice of a motion for a new trial. This was argued yesterday and H. B. Fryberger of Duluth appeared for the plaintiffs, and R. R. Briggs, also of Duluth, for the defendants.

FAIRBANKS

After Minnesota Delegation to Next National Convention.

Washington, March 22.—Vice-President Fairbanks has a line out to capture the Minnesota delegation to the next Republican national convention. Although more than three years must elapse before the convention assembles there has been a great deal of presidential politics going on in Washington since March 4. Vice President Fairbanks has a regularly organized bureau, and while he himself deprecates any mention of his name at this time, it is well known that he is in the field for the presidency from now until somebody is nominated.

Mr. Fairbanks has been very considerate of the two Minnesota senators, and it was largely through his recommendation that Senator Clapp has been promoted to the important committee on Indian affairs.

The vice-president has many friends in Minnesota who formerly resided in Indiana. Senator Clapp was born in Indiana, and consequently there is a sort of bond in that direction. It is also said that Senator Nelson feels very friendly towards the vice-president.

Eugene Hay of Minneapolis, a member of the board of appraisers, has declared that Fairbanks is the logical candidate, and Charles A. Towne in a speech made before the Ohio association in New York on Saturday evening, predicted that Fairbanks would be the nominee. The congressional delegation from Minnesota in the house is believed to be for Fairbanks, with the exception of Mr. Tawney, who thinks that Speaker Cannon will be the coming man. In this instance Mr. Tawney has an axe to grind, as he will be a candidate for the speakership when Uncle Joe steps out.

GIANT LABOR UNION

Planned to Include All Classes of Workers.

Denver, March 22.—Plans for a giant labor union that shall offer membership privileges to every advocate of organized labor on the face of the globe are progressing favorably, according to W. D. Haywood, secretary to the Western Federation of Miners. He asserts he has received thousands of letters from persons who promise to attend the first convention in Chicago June 27. Haywood and W. L. Hall of Chicago are the prime movers in the scheme. The former claims the support of many Socialist Labor leaders.

NO CHARITIES IN NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Neb., March 22.—The state senate, in its desire to make a record for economy in the closing days of the session, has pared expenses until even charity work in the state is to be dispensed with for two years. The state board of charities is cut off without an appropriation, and the board of prison visitors will have no funds at its command.

IS A FAIR BILL

No Radical Measures Sought In Courthouse Commission.

County Board to Retain All Its Legislative Functions.

The draft of the bill presented by a committee of the business men of Duluth, to the St. Louis county representatives in the state legislature yesterday, relative to the legislation desired for the appointment by the judges of district court of a board of courthouse commissioners for St. Louis county, is far from being a radical measure, and the general fairness and conservativeness of the provisions have been a matter of a great deal of favorable comment by even those who have been opposed to the idea of a special commission.

The bill provides for the creation of a board of courthouse commissioners to contract for and superintend the erection, construction and furnishing of any new courthouse and to approve of the selection of a site therefor, in counties of this state having at any time a population of over 75,000 inhabitants, when the need for such building and the necessary cost of the same shall have been determined by the board of county commissioners.

The theory on which the bill is based is that in counties having the population mentioned, the increase in population and wealth carries with it an increase in the duties of the county commissioners, that a new courthouse under such circumstances is apt to be more elaborate and expensive than for counties of smaller population and wealth and that the superintendence of the building and expenditures of moneys should be under the direction of a courthouse commission.

That the proposed measure is far from being as radical as some expected that it would be is shown by the provisions which state that the county commissioners shall determine when there is need of a new courthouse, the site, subject to the approval of the courthouse commission, and the amount to be expended. Another liberal feature is the provision that two of the five members of the proposed courthouse commission shall be members of the board of county commissioners.

In the drafting of the bill it was the object of the originators to avoid the necessity for a special act of the legislature such as the Hennepin county courthouse was built under. The idea of a courthouse commission with full powers in the matter of selecting a site and determining the building would have meant the vesting of legislative functions in the commission. Under such conditions the special commissioners would have been named by the legislature instead of the district court judges. Under the provisions of the drafted bill the commission will have administrative functions and the members can be appointed by the judges of district court.

Section 1 of the bill provides that whenever any county of the state has a population of 75,000 or over, the county commissioners thereof shall declare the existing courthouse inadequate for its needs and a new structure is necessary for purposes of a courthouse, for jail purposes, or for any one or more of such uses, and fix a sum in their judgment sufficient to cover the cost and equipment of a new building, the county auditor shall send a certified copy of the resolutions to the judge of district court. All proceedings thereafter with reference to a choice of a site and the equipment of the building shall be governed by the provisions of this act.

Section 2 provides that the district court judges, immediately after receiving the certified copy of the board's resolutions, shall proceed to select five men, freeholders and legal voters of the county, to constitute a board of courthouse commissioners. Two of the members so appointed shall be members of the county board. Each commissioner appointed shall file his acceptance in writing and shall take an oath to faithfully and honestly perform the duties of his office, not knowingly to permit any fraud, dishonest practice of cheating by any contractor or other person doing work or performing labor in or about the erection, or having any connection whatever with the building or its equipment.

Section 3 provides that the members of the commission shall not draw salary, but that they may have a clerk to be paid a fixed salary. The records of the meetings of the commission shall be of public record, a majority of the board shall constitute a quorum, three votes being necessary to authorize contracts or determine questions involving money expenditures. The first meeting shall be called by any three members.

Section 4 provides that each of the commissioners shall hold office until the courthouse is built and equipped, a vacancy on the board to be filled by appointment by the district court judges.

Section 5 outlines the exclusive duty of the board of courthouse commissioners to superintend the construction of the new courthouse, furnish and equip it, choose the architect and the superintendent of construction, if one is deemed necessary, to let all contracts, purchase material, employ workmen and have general full authority within the limits of the act, the price of the construction contract not to exceed the amount fixed by the county board as the proper cost of the same.

Section 6 provides that the site for the courthouse shall be determined in the first instance by the county commissioners, but that this determination shall not be final until approved by the board of courthouse commissioners, and no proceedings shall be started for the acquisition of any site until such selection is approved.

Section 7 provides that the board of courthouse commissioners shall let the contract for the construction to the lowest responsible bidder, also that any work subsequently found necessary and not included under the general contract may be let by contract or completed by day labor under the direction of the board. Competitive bids shall be called for on the construction contract and for the furnishings.

The last two sections of the bill are mere matters of form.

"GOD BLESS DUFFY'S"

Mrs. Anna Johnson, a Physical Wreck from a Severe Attack of Grip, Completely Cured By Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, After Physicians Failed to Help Her.

"God Bless Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, It Has Cured Me and Saved My Life." She Writes:

MRS. ANNA JOHNSON.

112 Lockwood St., Providence, R. I.

Gentlemen: I want to let you know what I have suffered from grip all winter. The doctors said I had everything. I could not eat. I was reduced to skin and bone. I weighed 175 pounds before I went to the doctors. I lost 50 pounds. I was so weak I could not work or sleep well. I stayed with the doctors six months, but one day my next-door neighbor told me of your Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I thought I would give it a trial. I took one bottle, got strong all at once. I began to eat and my people said I had a good look in my face.

What I have suffered no one can tell but me. Your Pure Malt Whiskey has cured me and saved my life. I give it to my children. I only hope that people will see for themselves that Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has built me up and saved my life. I don't know how I can thank you. I can only say God bless Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.—Mrs. Anna Johnson, May 8, 1904.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is recognized everywhere as the purest, most powerful tonic-stimulant, and is prescribed by doctors of all schools and used in hospitals as a positive cure for pneumonia, pleurisy, grip, coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption and all diseases of throat and lungs; nervousness, malaria and fevers; indigestion, dyspepsia, and every form of stomach trouble. It makes the old vigorous, keeps the young strong, recuperates delicate women, saves the lives of sickly children. Purity and freedom from fusel oil are guaranteed.

Our medical booklet tells all about a few of the many thousand marvelous cures performed within the past few months. Write us for a free copy.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is sold by all reliable druggists and grocers, or direct in sealed bottles only. Price $1.00. You'll know the genuine by the "Old Chemist" trade-mark on the label. Look for it carefully and refuse everything else. "Duffy's" will cure you; nothing else will. Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Nervous Women

Their Sufferings Are Usually Due to Uterine Disorders Perhaps Unsuspected

A MEDICINE THAT CURES

Can we dispute the well-known fact that American women *are* nervous?

How often do we hear the expression, "I am so nervous, it seems as if I should fly;" or, "Don't speak to me." Little things annoy you and make you irritable; you can't sleep, you are unable to quietly and calmly perform your daily tasks or care for your children.

The relation of the nerves and generative organs in women is so close that nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous debility, the blues, sleeplessness and nervous irritability arise from some derangement of the organism which makes her a woman. Fits of depression or restlessness and irritability. Spirits easily affected, so that one minute she laughs, the next minute weeps. Pain in the ovaries and between the shoulders. Loss of voice; nervous dyspepsia. A tendency to cry at the least provocation. All this points to nervous prostration.

Nothing will relieve this distressing condition and prevent months of prostration and suffering so surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. M. E. Shotwell, of 103 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"I cannot express the wonderful relief I have experienced by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for a long time with nervous prostration, backache, headache, loss of appetite. I could not sleep and would walk the floor almost every night.

"I had three doctors and got no better, and life was a burden. I was advised to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and it has worked wonders for me.

"I am a well woman, my nervousness is all gone and my friends say I look ten years younger."

Will not the volumes of letters from women made strong by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound convince all women of its virtues? Surely you cannot wish to remain sick and weak and discouraged, exhausted each day, when you can be as easily cured as other women.

HER BEAUTY HER FORTUNE

Anna Robinson, Minneapolis Girl, Who Is Now a Countess.

Minneapolis, March 22.—Anna Robinson, a former Minneapolis girl, is now the Countess Rosslyn. A New York dispatch yesterday stated that the marriage of Miss Robinson and the Earl of Rosslyn took place quietly in London.

Miss Robinson is well known and has a host of friends in Minneapolis, where she was born and lived for many years. She and her sister, Margaret, left Minneapolis about twelve years ago to go on the stage. They made a great hit, both being especially beautiful and clever. They were later followed to New York by their parents, who while in Minneapolis conducted the old Grand Opera hotel on First avenue S., between Sixth and Seventh streets.

For the past five years Miss Anna Robinson has lived abroad, most of the time in London and Paris. She entertained much in the best circles and in the French capital she was well known because of her beauty and grace as an entertainer as La Belle Americane.

During the latter part of her stay in America she was with a number of the Hoyt productions, taking the parts originated by Caroline Miskel Hoyt. She also appeared in Minneapolis in Frohman's "Shenandoah." Her sister was last seen here about four years ago in "The Tyranny of Tears," and "A Brace of Partridges," in which she starred in London last season. For a time Miss Robinson was with the Litt Stock company, appearing at the Bijou theater some years ago.

The countess is a brunette, tall, stately and with a distinct patrician bearing. Her beauty has made a wonderful reputation for her, and attracted the attention of millionaires and European noblemen. Among her former suitors are Stewart M. Brice, son of Calvin S. Brice, the Ohio capitalist and millionaire; Comte de Gauetz, described as one of the "high rollers" of Europe; the Duke of Manchester, and the aged and amorous King Leopold of Belgium.

The affair with King Leopold was widely exploited and was described as being one of the most spectacular incidents of Leopold's many love affairs. He showered her with flowers, attentions, letters and diamonds, and publicly declared that it was "the" affair of his varied and affectionate life. But he was rejected.

Miss Robinson, if reports are true, was a bon vivant and enjoyed life to its fullest extent. She is described as the woman who came nearest to breaking the bank at Monte Carlo. In May, 1901, she narrowly escaped drowning in the bay off Nice by falling from the yacht of one of her noble admirers, who promptly followed her and saved her at the risk of his own life. She introduced the fad of putting gloves on her dog.

Following the affair with King Leopold, in 1900, she stated that she would retire from the stage and would live in Paris.

"Here," she quoted as saying, "counts and baronets pelt you with gifts and diamonds. In New York the people step on your toes in the street cars or drunken cabmen drive you to the wrong street. I shall stay in Paris."

She was known as one of the best-dressed women in Europe and was reputed by her friends to be the owner of a pint of diamonds as well as other jewels of every sort, all the gifts of her many admirers.

Her husband is James Francis, Harry St. Clair-Erskine, fifth earl of Rosslyn and member of an old English family. He has seen a bit of life himself in the British army during the Boer war. He also served as a war correspondent of the London Daily Mail, and took a turn on the stage as James Erskine. He has lately acted as editor of Scottish Life.

He is 35 years of age, was educated at Eton, Oxford, and was lieutenant of the Third battalion Northamptonsihre regiment from 1886 to 1890, and captain of the Fife Horse Guards from 1890 to 1897.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

LETCHER GETS FIVE YEARS

Alleged Firebug Is Sentenced For an Old Offense.

Minneapolis, March 22.—George E. Letcher, who is said to have burned his house in Minneapolis and collected the insurance before leaving for San Jose, Cal., has been sentenced to the Ohio state prison for five years for burning a house at Montpelier, Ohio, Jan. 4, 1881. He has appealed the case and is out on $15,000 bail.

Letcher is said to have gone into the arson business on a wholesale plan, and wherever he lived, has left a pile of ashes behind him. Just before he left Minneapolis, seventeen years ago, his residence in the vicinity of Lake Calhoun was burned to the ground and the insurance, amounting to the full value of the property, was collected. The circumstances surrounding the fire were thought to be suspicious, but no evidence could be gained against Letcher.

He then went to California and made money until he was reputed to be immensely wealthy. Shortly before Christmas he was arrested at his home in San Jose, Cal., charged with burning a house in Montpelier twenty-three years before. He fought extradition, but on Christmas Eve was kidnaped by the Ohio officers and taken, without papers, to the Buckeye state.

The trial was a remarkable one, inasmuch as so many years had elapsed between th commission of the crime and the arrest of the accused, but the jury found him guilty and he was sentenced to five years in prison. He asked for a new trial. It was denied and the appeal was taken.

TO WED YOUNG WOMAN

And Elderly Maidens Force a Pastor's Resignation.

West Springfield, Mass., March 22.—Rev. W. H. Dockham, pastor of the Mittineague Methodist church, proposes to marry a pretty parishioner of half his years, and consequently his resignation, tendered under these circumstances, was promptly accepted, and he will close his ministry in Mittineague early this month.

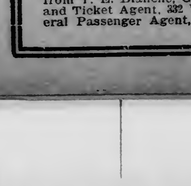
Miss Elizabeth Madden, Mr. Dockham's fiancee, is a teacher in the Mittineague schools. She is a graduate of the state normal school at Westfield, and is 23 years old. The Rev. Mr. Dockham is 47.

The Rev. Mr. Dockham has been prominent in civic and religious work in the western part of the state. He came to West Springfield three years ago. His preference for so young a member of his congregation caused the tongues of gossip to wag. It is whispered that maiden women of somewhat advanced years consider that the Rev. Mr. Dockham overlooked members of his congregation who, in their opinion, would be better fitted to assume the responsibilities of a pastor's wife.

The Rev. Mr. Dockham's parishioners, or the contingent which has interested itself in his personal affairs, does not, it is said, derive any joy from the fact that he has received a call from the Webster Square church, in Worcester, one of the strongest of the denomination in New England. He will marry Miss Madden on May 10.

TON OF SILVER FOUND NEAR CITY OF AKRON.

Akron, Ohio, March 22.—While walking along the south shore of Silver lake yesterday George Lodge came upon a huge billet of metal which was found to be silver. Making further investigation he and his brother dug out twenty-six large billets of an average weight of 100 pounds, making over a ton in all. For many years the late Henry Wetmore, who died at the age of one hundred and ten years, told a story how an encampment of 500 Indians shortly before the battle of Tippecanoe, left the vicinity of this lake in a single night and it is thought this silver was the treasure they dumped into the water for safe keeping.



Irrigated Acres are Gold Mines

Because they produce sure crops, give certain profits. Others are making money on the wonderfully productive irrigated farms of the Great Northwest. Why don't you try? Opportunities don't last always. See the country now.

Exceptionally Low Colonist Rates

Pacific Coast $25 From Duluth, Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis to Billings, Mont., $15; Helena, $20; Spokane, Wash., $22.50; every day until May 15, 1905. Special $6 Settlers' Rates to principal Minnesota and N. Dak. points, every Tuesday during March and April.

Northern Pacific Railway

C. W. Mott, General Emigration Agent, St. Paul. Rates and information from T. E. Blanche, General Agent; J. H. McFadzean, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 332 West Superior street, Duluth; A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

M. S. Shore Gets Verdict.

A verdict for damages in the amount of $150 was returned by the jury in favor of M. S. Shore, against I. Schechtman, in Judge Ensign's room, yesterday afternoon. Mr. Shore purchased a quantity of wearing apparel from Mr. Schechtman, but afterwards rescinded the order, claiming that second-hand goods had been substituted.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

To draw the fire out of a burn, or heal a cut without leaving a scar, use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A specific for piles. Get the genuine. J. L. Tucker, editor of the Harmonizer, Centre, Ala., writes: "I have used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve in my family for Piles, cuts and burns. It is the best salve on the market. Every family should keep it on hand." Sold by all druggists.

ASHLAND MAYORALTY.

Ashland, Wis., March 22.—At the primary election yesterday, Mayor Burt Williams, who was elected two years ago as a Democrat, was nominated on the nonpartisan ticket. C. A. Lamoreaux was named as the Republican candidate, and J. O'Connell as the Democratic candidate.

PHILLIPS BIG SHOE SALE!

The tide still flows our way. Exceptional bargains for tomorrow's selling. Everybody has to have shoes, and now is the time to buy them. **Children's and Misses' Shoes at a Saving of 30 to 50 Per Cent!**

BOYS' SHOES— $2.00 and $2.50 values at..... **$1.48**

MEN'S SHOES— $2.50 and $3.00 values at..... **$1.98**

LADIES' SHOES— $2.00 and $2.50 grades at **$1.59**

Hundreds of other bargains at equal savings.

T. C. Phillips Retires From Retail Shoe Business!

PHILLIPS & CO,

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

West Duluth

Messrs. and Mesdames H. R. Patterson, H. H. Phelps and C. R. Keyes went from West Duluth last evening to meet the board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. in regard to a branch Y. M. C. A. building at West Duluth. As a result of the conference the Y. M. C. A. directors appointed a committee, consisting of N. J. Upham, Secretary Phil Bevis and E. A. Schulze, as a board to co-operate with and assist the West Duluth people who are trying to establish a branch.

The W. C. T. U. has succeeded in raising $500 toward purchasing a lot for a West Duluth Y. M. C. A. branch, and the site most favorably considered at this time is at the corner of Grand and Fifty-sixth avenue, with a frontage of sixty feet. This lot will cost $1,500.

The state secretary, E. W. Peck of Minneapolis, was present and spoke encouragingly.

GIVES PLEASANT PROGRAM.

The Eighth B Grade Literary society of the Irving school gave a very pleasant program on Monday afternoon in the assembly room of the school. The numbers were all well given, each participant taking his or her part well. After the business meeting, which came first, the program was opened by a song by the whole school, "There's Music in the Air," and then Miss Lillian McLaughlin gave a reading in a pleasing manner. A piano solo by Seymour Burns proved popular and was encored, after which James Bothwell recited. A debate was taken part in by Mollie Doyle, Ewald Lund and Marie Martin, for the affirmative, and Eva Cochrane, Peter Wick and Cora Bergstrom for the negative. The judges were Miss Zoa Foster for the affirmative, Miss Katherine Holt for the negative, and Miss Ingelborg Wohlin. They decided in favor of the negative.

DELIGHTFUL STAG PARTY.

Last evening Carl Bailey and Jack Schuyler gave a stag party at the residence of the former at Fifty-second and Ramsey. The affair was a very distinct success and an exceedingly pleasant time was passed. There were singing, instrumental music, good stories and cards, after the fine supper which was served. Everybody enjoyed it and it is expected that stag parties will become a feature of social life in West Duluth. Those present were: George C. Foote, Frank Dan of Detroit, William Wright, Henry Gifford, F. H. Wade, Arthur Jacoby, Jack Schuyler and Carl Bailey.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

James Mogey, a farmer near Proctorknott is reported as quite sick.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Svenson of 125 South Sixteenth avenue West; and a son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Angus McDonald, 329 South Fifty-seventh avenue West.

L. Deatherage is the man to see for your papering or painting. 303 Central avenue. Zenith 'phone, 3100.

At the meeting of the Commercial club on Friday evening next a committee on the boulevard extension of Fairmont park will report. The special business of the meeting will be the matter of a new street car line to New Duluth and Fond du Lac.

Spring overcoats and cravenettes—a try on means a sale—try one on.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

The Misses Martin of Fifty-eighth avenue West are entertaining Miss Mary Breen of Hibbing.

Samuel Price has gone to Alberta, Canada, to join his parents who have been there about a year.

Miss Ethel Browning has gone to Ashland on a visit.

James Michaelson and Arthur Thompson have gone to Split Rock.

Andrew Jensen of Cloquet is in West Duluth visiting friends.

Mrs. J. T. Samuelson of Forty-ninth avenue West is back from Aberdeen, S. D., where she visited for about a month.

Hats—Stetson, Gordon, Blake—latest—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

The Western Curling association's board of directors will hold a meeting tonight to transact the business of the association and fix upon a date for the closing of the rink for the season. The annual meeting for the election of officers will be held April 4, at which time the organization for the next year will be formulated and arrangements will begin for next winter's sport with the stones and brooms.

Otto Gafvert, the newly appointed internal revenue collector who is a resident of West Duluth, began his duties today. He will have his office at the federal building at West First street and Fifth avenue, but his quarters have not yet been assigned. For the present he is sharing the deputy United States marshal's office.

Shoes—good work and dress shoes.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

J. A. Scott of West Duluth, J. E. Cooley and City Assessor W. L. Jackson have returned from Scanlon where they were appraising land for a right of way for the Minnesota & North Wisconsin road from its present terminus north of Scanlon to Aldon lake, a distance of only a few miles.

Now is the time to buy wall paper.—Nygren's.

The Modern Woodmen will initiate a large class tonight at West Duluth.

G. C. Foote, superintendent of the Zenith Blast Furnace, left today for California where he will remain for about a month. During his absence the superintendency will be filled by Frank Dan of Detroit who has just arrived here.

Gregory Doherty was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening by a number of young friends. Games were played after which refreshments were served.

Throat Sore? Voice Hoarse? Nose Running?

Perry Davis' **Painkiller**

will quickly cure you. Sold for over 60 years. TRY IT.

MODERN SAMARITANS

Alpha Council No. 1 meets tomorrow, Thursday evening, at Elks' hall. Business of importance. Samaritans of both degrees are urged to be present.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

The Embezzlement Charge Against Ker Has Been Withdrawn.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo — The embezzlement charge against O. W. Ker, representative of a local collection agency, was withdrawn by C. D. Austin of Minneapolis, on whose complaint a warrant was issued. It is said that the complaint was made on a misunderstanding, and there was no basis for the charge.

Some months ago, after a hearing at Ellendale, the local land office held the homestead entry of Miss Anna Addler for cancellation as a result of the contest by Barnhardt Klattke. Miss Addler said the most of her witnesses resided near Kulm and asked for a hearing at that point to secure their testimony. She appealed to the commissioner and a new hearing has been ordered.

Local men will operate gasolene launches on the Red river this summer. The stream is very low, but the removal of a few obstructions will make it possible to run the launches fifteen miles up river.

After about six weeks of spring weather there was a slight snowfall here, apparently in the nature of an equinoctial storm. The farmers look for this as the clearing weather of the season and expect that real spring will now be experienced.

The insurance cases on the Denbigh elevators, by the Edwards-Wood company, are still on trial in the United States court before Judge Morris. The same evidence is to be heard in all three cases, the jurors not on the present case are excluded from the courtroom during the trial.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—George Schlosser, postmaster of Sioux Falls, and Joseph Freudenfeld have just made a trip of a dangerous character, or they traveled a distance of several hundred miles, most of the distance by a night train, with cash and securities to the amount of $220,000 in their possession.

The cash and securities belonged to the recently organized Queen City Fire Insurance company of this city, of which the two are the leading promoters. The stock was all sold in the state, making the company a purely South Dakota concern. However, it is authorized to do business in states other than South Dakota, and at the proper time will do so. Agents to the number of 150 will be appointed as soon as a charter is secured. Postmaster Schlosser and his companion carried the cash and securities to Pierre, the object in visiting the state capital with this great sum in their possession being to furnish the necessary evidence upon which a charter could be issued to the company.

Huron—The great religious meetings in progress here for three weeks closed Sunday night. The gatherings have been the largest ever witnessed here, and at no time has there been such an awakening among all classes along religious lines. The meetings were conducted by Rev. Charles C. Smith, evangelist, and Prof. Holden, singer. There was no building in the city large enough to accommodate the vast throngs at every meeting. The immense room in the World building, with seating capacity of 1,000, was filled long before the hour for opening the services.

Sunday was a great day—three meetings, besides a union Sunday school following the morning service. A thousand men attended the men's meeting in the afternoon, and when an invitation for those who desired to forsake a sinful life was given, there were scores of responses. As some went forward and gave their hand to the evangelist, the audience broke forth in rounds of applause.

The conversions number about four hundred, and half as many more will be gathered into the churches as a result of this effort. Evangelist Smith and Mr. Holden go to Ortonville from here.

EXAMINATIONS ARE ON.

P. M. Moroney Conducting Civil Service.

A civil service examination, is being held today in the federal court room in the government building and P. M. Moroney of St. Paul is in charge. Mr. Moroney is secretary of the Eighth United States civil service district with headquarters in St. Paul, which district comprises Minnesota, the two Dakotas, Iowa and Nebraska. About twenty-five are taking the examination for the customs service in the local office. Those passing will be put on the eligible list for there are no vacancies at present but when navigation opens there will be three or four places, a couple of which will be on vessels running from here to Canadian ports. Ten are trying the examination for the railway mail service and about the same number for typewriters and stenographers in the departmental service in Wasnington and the Phillippines. Two want to be guards in the United States penitentiaries and a number of others are trying the examinations for pressmen, compositors and bookkeepers.

Mr. Moroney expresses surprise that there are not more trying the examination for departmental service for the reason that in the case of ambitious young men Washington offers many advantages in the way of college facilities which can be attended without interfering with one's work in the departments, and other advantages are offered. Fairly good salaries are paid also.

HIRED MAN SHOT

When Making Vicious Assault Upon His Employer.

Appleton, Minn., March 22.—Herman Nagel, a farmer living in the town of Appleton, shot his hired man, Ole Lee, inflicting a mortal wound. Lee went home drunk and in an ugly mood and when Nagel chided him for his condition started for his employer, with loud threats. Nagel ran into the house and hid in a closet. Lee battered the door in and knocked Nagel down, who then grabbed a revolver and fired, the ball striking Lee just below the heart. He then gave himself up and was bound over to the district court. Lee says Nagel was not at all to blame, and that it was entirely his own fault.

RAILROAD NEWS

The "Isle of Spice" Company Will Make a Flying Trip.

Omaha Change Will Affect Few Men at Superior.

The "Isle of Spice" company will visit the Head of the Lakes for a second time within a few days tomorrow morning, on its way to the Michigan copper country. The company will make a flying trip from St. Paul to Hancock, Mich., over the Northern Pacific and South Shore roads.

The theatrical people will board the train at St. Paul tonight and will start for the copper country by way of the Head of the Lakes, arriving here at an early hour tomorrow morning and leaving almost immediately via the South Shore, reaching Hancock, practically without a stop, at 7 o'clock Thursday evening, in time for a late but regular performance.

Four other companies have recently traveled with success over the same route. Their curtains rose in Hancock at any time between 8 and 9:30 o'clock.

According to Northern Pacific agents the late arrivals of the theatrical companies does not bother the Hancock people, who are very amiable when it comes to matters of this kind. They fill the house to the doors and wait until the company arrives and gets ready to begin.

The Omaha Transfer.

It is said that the consolidation, at Eau Claire, of the Omaha's assistant superintendent and superintendent's offices now located at Superior and St. Paul, respectively, will be of comparatively small consequence to the city across the bay, as only six men are to be moved to the new headquarters. Contrary to reports published in Twin City papers, no train crews will be moved from either of the present headquarters.

Railroad Notes.

It is reported that the general passenger department of the Chicago Great Western road will not be removed from Chicago to St. Paul before April 15, or possibly May 1.

George J. Ryan, traveling freight agent of the Great Northern, has been made division freight agent of the same company, in succession to M. J. Costello, appointed general industrial agent. Mr. Ryan will have his headquarters in St. Paul and his territory will include Minnesota and North Dakota.

Railroad Personals.

H. L. Wyand, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago Great Western with headquarters at St. Paul, is in the city today.

H. F. Carter of Omaha, traveling passenger agent of the Union Pacific, is in town.

Charles W. Humphrey of St. Paul, northern passenger agent of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, is in the city.

E. B. Ober of Minneapolis, first assistant general freight agent of the Omaha, is in the city today.

George L. A. Thompson, traveling passenger agent of the Pennsylvania line, is in Duluth today.

TONIGHT!

Skating at Western Curling rink, West Duluth. Ice in excellent condition or money refunded. This may be your last chance. FIRST-CLASS MUSIC.

DRIVEN INSANE

By Grief Over Her Favorite Niece's Marriage.

New York, March 22.—Capt. Huggins was sitting at his desk in the Oak street police station when a middleaged woman walked into his room and solemnly laid before him $338 in new notes. When the captain had recovered from his astonishment he blurted out: "What's this for?"

"It's yours," was the answer. "I don't need it any more, for I am going to be executed tonight, you know."

The captain sat up and rubbed his eyes.

"Who says so?" he demanded.

"The voice," returned the woman. "The voice speaks through the walls to me, telling me that I am to be executed. While I was praying in St. James church, at vespers, the voice came out of the altar and said. Bridget Cashman go to the police station and be executed."

Thereupon she sat down in the chair and bade the captain proceed with the execution, stipulating that when she was no more he should spend her money upon a belated St. Patrick's day celebration.

Thinking to test the woman's sincerity, Capt. Huggins raised a large hammer which lay upon his desk and told her he would execute her as well with that weapon as with the electric current. With a smiling face the woman removed her hat and bade the captain strike. She lives at No. 8 Madison street. Her insanity is attributed to grief over the marriage of a favorite niece. She was sent to Bellevue.

If you want your little ones strong, healthy and robust, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. A tonic for the whole family. The children's friend. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.

BOYCE

is going to move. Everything in the old stand at greatly reduced Prices. Come in and see

BOYCE.

ENLARGE FORCE

Three New Officers For the Duluth Police Department.

Fire Department Is Now Without an Eligible List.

By May 1 Duluth's police force will be increased by three new members.

The conference committee at its meeting last fall made provision for this enlargement of the force, but owing to the fact that the men were not greatly needed during the winter months, they were not added at that time. With the approach of summer, however, and the necessity for men on the docks and in the parks, more policemen are needed. One new man, Mar Stewart, has already been appointed owing to the fact that the force is shorthanded on account of sickness. The other two new men will be added about May 1.

The civil service commission report shows that there are fifteen men on the eligible list for the police department. In the order of their standing they are as follows: Mark Stewart, Eugene Rothle, A. S. Cater, Hector Rambo, Henry Mason, Peter Gram, Albert Kilgore, Edward Davis, Frank Shannon, Edmund Claffey, Gust Vanosky, Peter Bissoniere, John Westerlund, August Noren and George Poillard.

Stewart, who was appointed to the force yesterday, headed the list of applicants in the number of marks received in both the physical test and the written examination.

There are at the present time no eligibles to the fire department on the books of the civil service commission. Since the written examination was held about two months ago, the weather conditions have not been satisfactory for the physical test to which Chief Black desired to submit the applicants, and the civil service commission has decided to hold another examination during the month of May. All those who wrote on the last May and have to be examined again in May and then submit to the physical examination prescribed by the chief of the fire department. Any new applicants who appear at that time will be given an equal chance with the older candidates and the men taking the highest standing in both the written and physical tests will be given the preference.

By the time the next examination is held there will be a number of vacancies on the fire department force. Already substitutes are being used to fill the regular positions, and a number of resignations are generally received in the spring of the year. At least six or eight of the successful candidates at the coming examination are practically assured of positions in the department.

A Bunch of Keys LOST

Suitable Reward if presented at the Real Estate and Insurance Office of Little & Nolte.

HER HUSBAND WAS KILLED

While Returning Home In Response to Fake Telegram.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 22.—"Come home; Barney is dead," was the "fake" message which Mrs. Patrick Kinsella, of No. 12 Mandrake street, sent to her husband in Erie, Pa., Saturday, in the hope that he would quickly return home to her. Monday she received word of his death, the grim reaper overtaking him as he was hurrying home to take a last look at "Barney," his life-long chum.

Kinsella, who is employed by a transportation company, recently went to Erie on business. His stay was prolonged, and when importuned by his wife to return, he sent word that he was not yet ready to leave the Pennsylvania city.

Then it was that Mrs. Kinsella hit upon the expedient of sending the "fake" telegram to him, knowing that "Barney" was her husband's chum and bosom companion. She felt sure that Kinsella would drop everything and come back to Cleveland as fast as he could. When Kinsella received the telegram he crammed it into his pocket and went to the railroad station, where he consulted a time table. He found that it would be some time before he could get a train to Cleveland and so he decided to "jump" a freight train on the Lake Shore and in this way reach home.

He was riding on the train and had reached a point about two miles east of Girard when in some unknown manner he fell under the wheels of the cars and was ground to death. His body was found there early this morning.

The "fake" telegram on his person was the only clew to his identity and through it his family in Cleveland was located and notified of his death. Mrs. Kinsella was nearly overcome with grief. She declares that his blood is upon her hands and that but for the "fake" telegram he would not have been killed.

INCREDIBLE BRUTALITY.

It would have been incredible brutality if Chas. F. Lemberger, of Syracuse, N. Y., had not done the best he could for his suffering son. "My boy," he says, "cut a fearful gash over his eye, so I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which quickly healed it and saved his eye." Good for burns and ulcers too. Only 25c at all druggists.

GANG OF ROBBERS AT WORK AT DES MOINES.

Des Moines, March 22.—With the robbery early today of Sub Station No. 4, the third postoffice to be robbed in that many days, the postal authorities have become convinced that a "system" is being worked here and United States secret service men will be sent for. The latest robbery was accomplished by breaking open the safe where the stamps and cash were kept. A small amount was secured. The robberies are committed in a similar manner, indicating that the same gang is doing the work.

For goodness sake dine at Haley's restaurant. Popular prices. Best service.

Change of Firm.

The firm of Blodgett-Oldham Co. has been dissolved, Mr. Blodgett retiring from the firm, March 16th. The business will be carried on as usual by P. McDonnell and J. M. Oldham, and the same splendid lines of fine footwear handled. At the present time the stock is being reduced rapidly to make room for the new lines which are constantly arriving.

"Where Values Reign Supreme."

STACK & CO.

107 West Superior Street.

EXTRA SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THURSDAY.

New Covert Coats—collarless and velvet and braid-trimmings—in newest makes, with fitted backs and lined throughout, best satin linings. This line we just received and three special values are offered for tomorrow:

$7.50 Coats in black or tan only..... $5.00
$10.00 Coats in black or tan..... $7.50
$12.50 Coats in tan only for..... $10.00

New Dress Goods at Special Prices.

46-inch all-wool heavy twill Serges—in all the new spring shades—69c values—tomorrow's special at..... **49c**

40-inch Shepherd's Checks, all the popular colors, regular 50c values, tomorrow..... **33c**

52-inch Sicilians in the new Navy, with a high silk luster, the regular 75c quality, while they last—tomorrow..... **50c**

$1.00 quality serges in the new brown and blues, 52 inches wide, tomorrow... **75c**

Domestics, Specials

98c full-sized Bedspreads—Marseilles patterns—special at only..... **75c**

72x90 hemstitched Sheets, full bleach and sold at 65c—tomorrow's sale..... **43c**

29-inch twilled Cretones, the regular 10c and 12½c kinds—tomorrow at..... **8c**

10c and 12c quality of long cloths—full widths and beautiful qualities—tomorrow's special for..... **8½c**

Hosiery and Underwear Specials.

15c ladies' black cotton Hose, fleeced, for..... **10c**

35c ladies' ribbed top fleeced Hose, for..... **25c**

35c children's Swiss Ribbed Underwear, in vests and pants, in medium weights and beautiful goods, bought cheap, price **25c**

35c ladies' medium weight Underwear, in vests and pants—lightly fleeced, for..... **25c**

50c Corset Covers, with four rows of nice lace trimming—special only..... **35c**

39c Corset Covers, handsome pieces—lace trimmed, special tomorrow..... **25c**

40c Girdles, in sizes from 18 to 24—tomorrow's special at only..... **29c**

FREE TOMORROW—with every 25c pillow top—6 skeins of Corticelli floss to work it.

75c Rubber Hot Water Bags—2-quart size, tomorrow's special..... **45c**

50 odds and ends of various lines of Wrappers, varying in price from $1.00 to $2.19—if you can be suited in size—tomorrow the price is..... **69c**

RUSSIAN WAR FLEETS WILL UNITE AND THEN PROCEED TO MEET TOGO

(Continued from page 1.)

"Contrast the two pictures and then say whether poor beggared Russia should continue the war."

GONE SEVENTY MILES.

Russian Rear Guard Now at Sipinghai.

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, 108 Miles North of Tie Pass, Monday, March 20.—The Russian rear guard is now at Sipinghai, seventy miles north of Tie pass. The Japanese are slowly pursuing but are not energetically pressing the rear. Apparently Field Marshal Oyama is holding his main army at Tie pass.

When the Russians evacuated Tie pass, March 15 one span of the five span bridge over the Tehai river which flows into the Liao river just north of the town was destroyed by dynamite immediately after the last train had been despatched northward and as the army moved northward the bridges of the railroad were disabled and everything in the shape of stores, etc., which could not be taken was burned.

Some desultory artillery fire was heard on the extreme right as the retreat progressed but the Japanese appeared to be indecisive. Their pursuit lacked strength in spite of four days' rest at Tie pass which gave the Russians a chance to reform after the hardships they had suffered and they took up the march in orderly fashion pressing forward, however, at such a pace that many horses and cattle in the transport train were exhausted and left dying by the roadside. Like an endless serpent the army trailed over the vast rolling country moving along during the day over half a dozen meandering roads parallel with the railroad. At night the neighboring hillsides were lighted by dead grass ignited by the camp fires. Thirty miles were covered the first day, Kaiyuan being left behind March 16. The rear guard evacuated Changtufu March 19.

Despatch riders report that Col. Madridoff in command of an irregular force in the mountains far eastward found himself cut off before he got news of the great battle of Mukden and was compelled to retire northeast probably making his way toward Kirin.

KUROPATKIN TO REMAIN.

Will Have Command of the First Army.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The Russian army in Manchuria is still to have the services of Gen. Kuropatkin, who is considered by many, in spite of his series of reverses, the best general and foremost strategist of the Russian army. Sinking all feeling of personal bitterness, because of his supercession and all the old-time enmity between himself and Gen. Linevitch in a patriotic desire to be of service to the fatherland, the former commander-in-chief volunteered to remain in any capacity with the army which he had so long commanded. The tender has been accepted by Emperor Nicholas and gratefully received by the new leader of the grand army.

The change exactly reverses the old order of affairs, when Kuropatkin was the supreme leader and Linevitch directed the First army.

Authoritative news of this remarkable step was known in Manchuria much earlier than in St. Petersburg. Gen. Kuropatkin, having paused on his homeward journey at Harbin, started southward the afternoon of March 20, amidst a most remarkable farewell from residents of Harbin and soldiers who are on the way to fill out the ranks of the depleted army. The send off was a mere foretaste of what awaits Gen. Kuropatkin at the front; and his self-sacrificing determination, and the equally patriotic course of Gen. Linevitch in accepting the services tendered, are bound to do wonders for the reinspiration of the emperor's legions, and gives promise of union and harmony at the council table which that army has hitherto lacked.

GREAT OVATION

Given Kuropatkin On His Return to the Army.

Gunshu Pass, Tuesday, March 21.—The correspondent of the Associated Press, after the removal of the Russian headquarters from Tie pass, remained with the rear guard, being some days without telegraphic facilities.

Extensive preparations to carry out the plan of retreat were made by Gens. Kuropatkin, Linevitch, Bilderling and Kaulbars, and were successfully carried out. On March 19 Kuropatkin, considering that the army was safe, departed for Harbin, but having subsequently decided to remain as commander of the First army, reached here today, receiving a great ovation at the railroad station, and acknowledging the cheering by a short speech, in which he expressed the hope that the army would soon be able to retrieve its reverses.

It is too early to determine the effect of the change in the supreme command, but private soldiers have great confidence in the venerable Linevitch, whose task is monumental. The organization effected at Tie pass, after the retreat from Mukden, incontestibly marked the end of the second stage of the war.

Gunshu Pass, which has a large railroad station and Red Cross settlement, with all army facilities, is now an enormous camp, overflowing the native hamlet in all directions. Troops are arriving daily. The advance divisions are continuing their march northward, while some fresh troops from European Russia are coming south to relieve the worn-out rear guard.

The booming of guns on the right flank was heard all morning.

BOGUS CHECKS

Issued By Minnesota Man At Fort William.

Fort William, Ont., March 22.—Monday afternoon John W. Caspers, a Norwegian by birth, claiming Granite Falls, Minn., as his home and also having a bank deposit of over $400 in the First National bank of that town, appeared before Police Magistrate McDougall to answer a charge of issuing cheques without any funds to his credit.

Casper cashed two cheques on the Molsons bank at Port Arthur for $42 at Charlie Yun's Chinese restaurant, and when Charile found that they were not negotiable he at once had him arrested.

The prisoner was remanded for a week to investigate his bank account at Granite Falls. He has traveled during the past year through the West. Caspers tried to pass his cheques on a couple of clothing men but they would not recognize his collateral.

You can trust a medicine tested 60 years

Sixty years of experience, think of that! Experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla; the original Sarsaparilla; the strongest Sarsaparilla; the Sarsaparilla the doctors endorse for thin blood, weak nerves, exhaustion, general debility. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

TWELVE MILLION PACKAGES SOLD LAST YEAR

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums. MERRELL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

WE TRUST YOU

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

STEWART RANGES.

$1 DOWN AND $1 A WEEK

Any Stewart Steel Range

$1 Down and $1 a Week.

Six-hole Steel Range with High Warming Closet,

For $27.50.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

NO DUTY ON TEA AND COFFEE

Payne of Ways and Means Committee Denies Rumors.

Washington, March 22.—"All this talk about putting a duty on coffee and tea and increasing the internal revenue tax on beer is nonsense. It originated in the same source as the story about an increase in the president's salary. There is no necessity for changing the present revenue raising laws in order to get more money. The treasury has plenty of money as things are."

This statement was made by Representative Payne, chairman of the house committee on ways and means. Chairman Payne says there is no occasion for the business world to give itself uneasiness over stories of tariff legislation printed at this period of the year. That matter, he explained, was settled for the time being at the conference at the White House during the recent session of congress. Since then leaders in the house and senate have given no attention to the subject. Speculation about possible changes indulged in by outsiders is of little consequence in the judgment of Chairman Payne.

"The condition of the treasury ought not to alarm anybody," said Mr. Payne. "The deficit is now about $23,000,000, and this will be reduced to $20,000,000 by the end of the fiscal year.

"I believe that the revenues and receipts will balance each other next year, and that there will be no deficit by July, 1906. Hence, there will be no need to tinker with the laws in order to raise more revenue. The deficit this year was no embarrassment, for there is plenty of money in the treasury to make it good. So, all the talk about placing duties on coffee and tea and adding to the tax on beer and malt preparations is mere idle gossip."

OVERRUN WITH ALIENS.

Influx Into England at an Abnormal Rate.

London, March 22.—The influx of aliens is continuing at an abnormal rate. The rate of immigration for February is almost twice that of last year. The number of aliens who came to this country with the avowed intention of staying during the last four Februaries were:

February, 1905 ..6,086 February, 1903 ..4,488
February, 1904 ..3,676 February, 1902 ..2,903

The completed returns for 1904 have not been published yet, but the figures for the five last months of 1904 are far in excess of the corresponding figures of 1903:

August-December, 1904 42,040
August-December, 1903 29,918

The latest annual report is for 1903, in which year the number of aliens who came to settle here was 69,168, as compared with 66,471 in 1902 and 55,494 in 1901.

The local papers have repeatedly called attention to the fact that the board of trade returns are unreliable as far as the number of aliens coming to stay in this country is concerned.

This month, for the first time, the returns do not distinguish, except in an approximate manner, between those aliens who are merely birds of passage and the far greater number who intend to foist themselves on the overburdened districts of London.

A large number of immigrants of all nationalities who have been rejected by Canada and the United States are a burden on the Liverpool taxpayers. The latest addition to them are twenty Chinamen, who have just been returned from Canada.

CZAR NICHOLAS

Cowers In Fear While Czarina Guards Him.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The czarina has no rest either by day or by night. In the first place she is filled with anxiety as to the comfort and health of her husband and children. The greater part of her imperial majesty's time is passed in consoling her husband and inspiring him with courage. Besides this she must concern herself with every little trifle. She prepares food for the czar, who is in constant fear of poison; she assists at every detail of his toilet, as would the German wife of some smaller citizen, since the czar mistrusts every act of his servants; she superintends the tailor and the laundress, as well as the barber, and besides this she attends to every want of her infant son, whom she rears herself. Formerly she left but little for the nurses to do, undertaking everything herself. Now she scarcely allows the female attendants to approach the czarevitch's cradle. Even if she would she cannot, as the czar has greater fear for his son than for himself.

It has become almost a fixed idea with the czar that his son's life is threatened. His majesty fears that the loss of his son, whom he so long vainly expected, would cause the outbreak of a revolution in every corner of the empire, even among conservatives, and for this reason every one in any way connected with the imperial family is surrounded by hosts of spies, who in their turn are watched by a second series. Naturally, every one knows that he is under close supervision and the the slightest untoward act would give room for denunciation. No care is taken to prove the truth of suspicion, but everyone in the slightest degree suspected is removed upon some feeling of insecurity, as nobody knows what the next hour will bring forth.

Matters are not much better in the palaces of the grand dukes, who scarcely trust themselves in the streets, and intrigue one against the other in order to obtain the greatest influence over the czar. Their relations accuse them of abandoning the tradition of the imperial house in order to cause a revolution and to save their property. This information concludes with the statement that the future lies in darkness, and that everyone may be prepared for the most alarming surprises.

REPORTED PURCHASE OF PIG IRON IS CONFIRMED.

Pittsburg, March 22.—Reports of a heavy purchase of pig iron from the Bessemer Furnace association by one of the larger independent steel companies of the Pittsburg district some two weeks ago, all of which were denied, have at last crystallized into the official announcement of the largest purchase of steel billets that has been made in years by an independent steel interest.

It was announced yesterday that a contract had been closed between the Pittsburg Steel company and the Republic Iron and Steel company for the delivery of 150,000 tons of billets during the year, beginning March 1, 1905. At the same time another contract was closed with the United States Steel corporation for 50,000 tons of billets for delivery during the same period.

The price was the same in both instances, $20 a ton, a total of $4,000,000, or $1 below the price fixed by the billet pool and from $2 to $1 below the price paid in the open market at this time, because of the premiums which billets command in all portions of the open market.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN.

Findlay, Ohio, March 22.—Unknown parties attempted to wreck No. 2, the eastbound limited passenger train on the Pennsylvania railroad, about three miles east of Ada last night. A large number of ties were found on the road near the end of a long down-grade. The obstruction was discovered by a farmer, who ran up the track and with a lantern succeeded in stopping the train a few yards from the obstruction. The motive is not known.

No Knife Needed

Piles can be cured by internal treatment. To get at the cause—that is the secret, and that is why Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is so universally successful in its results. It increases the flow of digestive juices in the stomach—accelerates the action of the liver. With congestion of the liver removed and constipation relieved, the two chief and distinct causes of piles are reached and conquered.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Certain in its results, this remedy will cure the most obstinate case of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

NO CLOUD BEDIMS

The Horizon, and Everyone Partakes of Great Prosperity.

Commercially and Financially There Is No Drawback Visible.

New York, March 22.—With almost every industrial establishment of the United States doing a very good business; with nearly every farmer, planter, vegetable and fruit grower, cattle and sheep owner prospering and selling that which he produces at a profit; with mines of all kinds producing better results than ever in the history of the country; with transportation companies reporting increases in business from all parts of the Union, it surely can be said the people of the country are in excellent financial and commercial position.

No one now disputes that statement. The prices of stocks in the exchanges as compared with one year ago affirms and confirms prosperous conditions.

There is no cloud visible upon political, financial or commercial skies, but there is a general feeling that prices of stocks are as high as they will be for months to come, and that a slight reaction or decline is due and will soon be here.

This comes from the natural tendency to have prices evened up, and this tendency is not only to be found in stocks and securities, but in many other articles, natural and manufactured products.

This tendency, as stated, is natural under the present circumstances, and it is right and wise that there should be this new standard of prices through the entire range of securities, commodities and values of all kinds.

Values have been thrust upward by increase in quantity of money used by the world and they will have to be conservatively and wisely brought into correct and proper adjustment to each other in order to have safe and reliable foundations for future transactions.

Labor all over the world is about to receive an advance in compensation for service rendered. India and China even will soon report an increase in pay of agricultural and industrial labor. It is unnecessary to refer to the demands being made by the peasants and the working men of Russia, the columns of the daily papers are filled with the details of a situation that is the logical outcome of the advancement of civilization in the world, and which no earthly power, neither emperor, czar, king, sultan or mikado can control, change or overcome.

The greater the force they exert to control or crush, the greater the explosion which is sure to follow, and the greater the overthrow and destruction of the ruling class or classes.

There is in progress now in every country of the world, not one being excepted, a rise in prices paid for labor.

This follows as a matter of course with the rise in value of all products, all stocks, securities, lands and property of every kind.

Values in general are rising all over the world. They will continue to rise gradually, slowly it may seem, but surely, steadily, certainly rise, rise, rise with the many years to come.

The United States and those other leading nations of the world with the greatest amount of circulation per capita were the earliest to feel the swelling tide of advancing values, but even the poorest and most inaccessible countries are feeling it today. Labor is more fully employed and better paid in Italy today than it ever was in that sunny land, and the heavy emigration from all the Mediterranean countries is causing a vigorous call by the agriculturists at home for farm laborers. For centuries these regions have had a surplus, a redundancy of farm laborers, but the absorption by America and Africa of millions of Italians, Greeks and Armenians, together with unusual activity in demand for their home products, has called every man and woman into immediate employment at their homes in their native lands.

When Russia and Japan settle down from martial deeds the people of both countries will be more fully informed on world-wide affairs than they were before the war began.

Neither czar nor mikado will have as much authority or influence with the individuals of his country as he had three years ago. The Civil War in the United States was a great education to millions of men on each side of Mason and Dixon's line, giving them a more correct view of themselves and of their antagonists. So with the soldiers of Japan and Russia; they are bright and shrewd enough to form pretty correct estimates of their officers, their generals and their rulers. Probably a million of men on each side, when the war is ended, will take to their homes information, intelligence, ideas, sentiments that they knew nothing of before the outbreak of hostilities.

These new ideas will be disseminated throughout both Russia and Japan, and the entire population of both empires will absorb them.

The intelligence and knowledge of the individuals of the masses of the people will be increased and the aggregate intelligence of the people will thereby be largely augmented.

As the mental activity and knowledge of the masses of the people increases, the power of sovereigns and rulers decreases and conditions of the masses of population improve. The pauper labor of Europe and Asia will demand and receive better pay and better government, and nothing can prevent these desirable results, though all men will regret that human lives were sacrificed in war and revolution to obtain them.

In the United States the elasticity of our form of government saves our people from internal commotions, to the greatest possible degree. The popular will finds ready form of expression at the ballot box, and is potent with lawmakers and officials of executive power.

The adjustment of the value of labor to other values in our land has created at times more or less friction, but the good common sense of our people has so far been found great enough to make equitable and satisfactory settlements of wage differences.

In several of the largest corporations during the past four months advances in the wages of employes have been voluntarily made, the officers of the corporations recognizing the value of the service rendered by the men they employed as worthy of an advance in pay. Such prompt action has produced the best of feeling in all these cases, and created a bond of union which will be beneficial to both capital and labor.

Advances in values of all kinds will be well maintained, taken as a whole or upon the great majority of articles that have values; business will be of great volume upon the basis of the past advances, but new advances in values will not be made along all lines for some months to come, as there will now intervene temporarily the adjustments necessitated by the recent advances. Additional advances on a grand or general scale will only came later on, when a few hundred millions of dollars of new gold is added to the world's stock of money. Then comes another great lift, another general rise of values, to be followed by another temporary halt for readjustment. This is the process that business will undergo while the world's mines produce increased gold supplies.

16 Doctors pronounced case of Eczema incurable, but D. D. D. Prescription cured it quickly.

If you doubt it, read this letter from a man whose integrity no one can question, who is the leading furrier of Toledo, O.

Toledo, O., March 25, 1904.

D. D. D., Chicago, Ill.

Gentlemen: I have long been desirous of writing you a letter of gratitude for the happy results obtained from your wonderful remedy, D. D. D., and I am doing so now with a deep feeling of appreciation, hoping that it may bring the same happiness and relief to other sufferers that it brought to me.

Six years of intense suffering from a severe case of eczema, to be given up as incurable by sixteen doctors, several of whom were specialists of skin diseases, and then to have tried every known medicine for my ailment without effect, and finally to procure absolute relief and a permanent cure from a new remedy, is an experience that justifies my action in making it known to the public; and I feel that it is my duty to give it as much publicity as possible, so that other sufferers may be relieved. My sympathy goes out to those who have to go through what I did. It was almost unendurable, and not only was it a most painful disease, but its appearance was horrible on my face, and for years I went from home to the store and back again, going to no place of amusement or visiting any friends, simply going through a daily ordeal that I could scarcely endure. Worse than that, I was restricted to eating certain things, and any change from that would greatly increase the pain. My hands and finger nails were unsightly, and I wore gloves all the time. My eyes were swollen most of the time so that I could barely see, and my ears and face had all the resemblance of a raw piece of steak.

All this embarrassment and pain and misery have entirely left me. I can now call on my friends, go any place I desire and my business is receiving the attention that it should. When specialists will pronounce you beyond cure, and you are advised to seek another place of residence, and leave your established and profitable business, is it no wonder then that I should write you this letter?

Thanking you again, and wishing your great remedy continued success, believe me, I am your grateful friend,

ROBERT SUSSMAN.

If you are suffering the tortures of the damned don't hesitate, but go TODAY, NOW, to your druggist and invest $1.00. It will not be an expenditure, but an investment in happiness.

D. D. D. Prescription

Is guaranteed to cure or money refunded. For sale by all druggists.

Sold in Duluth at Lyceum Pharmacy, Lyceum Bldg. Metropolitan Drug Store, 616 West Superior Street.

VISIT THE SCHOOLS

School Board Directors Make Inspection of Teachers' Work.

Are Spending Valuable Time In Interests of the District.

The business of at least four of the members of the board of education has been sadly neglected during the last two or three weeks.

A "show me" policy has been adopted by the committee on schools and teachers and the members of that committee are visiting in person every room in every school building in the Duluth school district, and spending from fifteen minutes to an hour in watching the work of the teacher, and gaining some idea of the methods she adopts in her work. At the next meeting of the board the appointments for next year will be made, and by that time every school room in the city will have been visited by at least one of the committee.

The members of the committee who have been thus giving their time to the school district are J. L. Washburn, H. H. Phelps and Rev. J. W. Powell. J. J. Le Tourneau, the treasurer of the board, has also made several trips with members of the committee.

One of the members stated in speaking of the work they had undertaken, said that it required about a day to get through an ordinary ten-room building.

"If I start out in the morning," he said, "and figure my time pretty closely I can visit each room in the building and get through by 4 o'clock."

The work was undertaken about two months ago and the directors started then on their tour of inspection. All but one or two of the schools have now been visited, and these will be finished before the next meeting. One of the members of the committee stated that last week he was not in his office except for a few odd moments the first five days of the week.

"I am glad to say that we have found the schools in a most satisfactory condition," said this member of the committee. "On the whole I think the district is to be congratulated. We have found some weak spots, but Duluth I think has a very efficient and hard working corps of teachers in her public schools.

When it is considered that there are about 240 school rooms in the city, and that the members of the committee are spending at least fifteen minutes in each room, the amount of time they are devoting to the affairs of the district can be appreciated. This time, however, is taken from the busiest part of the day between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.

LITTLE TOTS DEAD IN LAKE MENDOTA.

Madison, Wis., March 22.—Two children, Frazier McGowan, aged 5, and Wilfred Bondi, aged 4, have been found dead on the ice on Lake Mendota by Angus McGowan, father of Frazier. The ice gave way while the children were trying to cross with their sleds, and although the water was only three feet deep they were unable to climb out. The father followed the tracks of the sleds, found the boys' caps, and later the two tiny bodies.

SEARCH IS ABANDONED

No Probability of Recovering Any More Bodies at Brockton.

Brockton, Mass., March 22.—Satisfied that there was no chance of recovering additional bodies from the ruins of the R. B. Grover company's shoe factory, search was abandoned at 11 o'clock last night by the small army of volunteers, after thirty-seven hours of constant toil.

The little band of persons who have besieged the morgue since the first body was taken from the ruins reluctantly turned their steps homeward, satisfied that all remained of missing ones occupied the pine boxes inscribed "unknown."

The revised list, as given out by the police at 11:30 o'clock last night, was as follows: Bodies recovered, 56; identified, 14; missing, 45; reported as escaped, 283.

It now seems probable that but fourteen bodies will be buried with their identity positively established. An inquest will be held shortly.

Today saw the first movement on the part of workmen in trades similar to that pursued by the victims of the disaster to raise a relief fund for the bereaved families. It is expected that several thousand dollars will be subscribed.

PEOPLE WALK IN SHEBOYGAN.

Sheboygan, Wis., March 22.—Mayor Born yesterday stopped every street car in the city and the entire system is tied up. The aldermen in the council wanted to know why the city order to have all cars equipped with fenders was not complied with, and instructed the mayor to see that the street car company complied with the law to have arrested any one who attempted to run cars not equipped with a fender.

CONVENTIONS TO BE HELD AT PORTLAND.

Portland, Or., March 22.—It has practically been decided by the National Good Roads association to hold its convention here. Governor Chamberlain has received word from Col. W. W. Moore, president of that association, that June 14 to 17 has been selected as the dates for the meeting.

Chairman Booth of the executive committee of the National Irrigation congress has announced that that organization will meet in this city Aug. 21 to 24.

The dates for the meeting of the Trans-Mississippi congress, to be held here, are Aug. 16 to 19.

HOLD-UP MEN ARE INDICTED FOR MURDER.

Anoka, Minn., March 22.—"Murder in the second degree" read Foreman T. J. Abbott of Anoka yesterday, when the grand jury returned its indictment against John Kolb and Charles Hammon, accused with Orlin Kalderwit, of being the Columbia Heights hold-up men and murderers of Freddie King.

Second degree murder was the indictment brought against the men, because it is brought out that the murder of little Fred King was the result of an accident, the hold-up of the saloon being the intention of the parties involved in the murder.

TROLLEY FUNERAL CAR RUNS AWAY ON HILL.

Lancaster, Pa., March 22.—While descending a steep hill on the Lancaster & Southern railway near Martin Forge, about twenty miles south of this city yesterday afternoon, a trolley car bearing a funeral party, got beyond control of the motorman and was wrecked against an embankment at the foot of a steep hill. Not one of the twenty-one persons aboard escaped injury. Thomas Cummings, aged 80, whose wife had just been buried, was so badly injured that he will die. The injuries of several others are serious. The car had borne the funeral party from this city to a cemetery at Mount Nebo church and was returning to the city when the accident occurred.

WOUNDED BY BOMB.

Warsaw, March 22.—A bomb thrown from the window of a house in Volsk street at 9 o'clock in the evening, exploded in the midst of a passing patrol composed of police and infantry. Six soldiers and two policemen were dangerously wounded. They were removed to the military hospital. The assailant escaped.

BOLD ATTEMPT TO ROB SAFE.

New York, March 22.—A bold attempt was made yesterday to secure from the safe of James E. March, a Republican leader, $151,000, in railroad bonds; $10,000 in cash and $10,000 worth of jewelry. While Mr. March was reading in his office, a man who had entered by a back door, tiptoed to the safe, which was open, and was proceeding to help himself to the contents when he attracted the attention of the contractor. After a short and sharp tussle, Mr. March overpowered the man and handed him over to the police.

BROOKLYN HOSPITALS FULL.

New York, March 22.—Pneumonia, grip, bronchitis and kindred ailments are so near epidemic in Brooklyn that the hospitals, like those of Manhattan, with two exceptions, reached the limit of their bed accommodations. In some of the institutions patients are compelled to sleep on mattresses on the floor.

MAY BUILD TERMINALS

Farmers' Co-Operative Grain Warehouse Enterprise to Be Pushed.

St. Paul, March 22.—The farmers' co-operative grain warehouse enterprise will be in working order this year if the plans of the Minnesota Farmers' Exchange corporation do not go awry.

The stockholders of the exchange met in their first annual convention in the senate room at the old capitol yesterday and discussed plans for enlarging operations. In the afternoon a board of directors of nine, six from Minnesota, and three from North Dakota, was elected and instructed to formulate plans for the purchase of memberships in the Minneapolis and Duluth chambers of commerce and boards of trades, and to inquire into the advisability of erecting terminal warehouses at Minneapolis and Duluth.

Nearly twenty farmers from this state and the two Dakotas attended the convention. They represented thirty-four co-operative elevators that are included in the exchange, which is capitalized at $500,000, being incorporated under the laws of this state. The exchange has existed since April 14, 1904, and since that time has handled nearly 2,000,000 bushels of grain.

Governor Johnson addressed the farmers, assuring them of the support of the state administration and promising his aid wherever it could be legitimately applied.

Late in the afternoon the by-laws were amended so as to allow residents of other states to serve on the board of directors. As originally drawn, the by-laws required each director to be an owner and operator of a farm in this state. The amendment extended this to include Iowa, Wisconsin and North and South Dakota. Article 8 of the by-laws, relating to an association feature of the exchange, was stricken and the exchange will be hereafter conducted as a strictly business organization.

NEW ISLAND FORMED IN THE SEA OF JAPAN.

New York, March 22.—The new island reported to have been thrown up late in December by a volcanic disturbance in the sea of Japan, has, according to a Times dispatch from Tokio, been visited by inhabitants of Iwo island. They found the surface covered with volcanic tufa.

The island was surrounded by a belt of sand and there was a boiling lake near the northern end below a peak 240 feet in height.

NO BREAD FOR THE ARMY.

New York, March 22.—Prince Ouktomsky, editor of Vliedmosti, has declared that peace is imperative because there is no bread for the army, says a Times dispatch from St. Petersburg. All the grain accumulated at Harbin is asserted to have been taken to Mukden, or was transported south by China.

Food Authority

A FAMOUS ENGLISH PHYSICIAN (WHO REQUESTS THAT HIS NAME BE WITHHELD FROM PUBLICATION) SAYS OF

Grape-Nuts

"In cases of slow digestion, lack of stomach tone, and debility, this food is invaluable."

Now for the reason:

The great bulk of human food is starch in some form—bread, pastry, potatoes, rice, cereals such as oats, wheat, rye, barley, etc.

This class of food supplies "energy" if it be properly digested, but there's the rub. Starch and sugar in food are digested by the liver and intestines. When these organs are overworked or become weak, then the food is not entirely digested and lies in the warm moisture of the body until it decays, producing gas, and therefore disturbance and incipient disease of the liver and intestines and frequently appendicitis.

To meet this trouble Grape-Nuts food was invented. In it the starch part of wheat and barley is transformed by long soaking, warmth and time into sugar—just the same method as the body employs in digestion. Hence when one eats Grape-Nuts he eats a pre-digested food, ready for immediate digestion and assimilation, supplying the body with the needed food elements in a soluble and delicious form.

The London "Lancet" says:

"The features worthy of note in our analysis are the excellent proportion of proteid, mineral matters, and soluble carbo-hydrates per cent. The mineral matter was rich in phosphoric acid. 'Grape-Nuts' is described as a brain and nerve food, whatever that may mean. Our analysis, at any rate, shows that it is a nutritive of a high order, since it contains the constituents of a complete food in very satisfactory and rich proportion and in an easily assimilable state."

The food is naturally pre-digested by heat, moisture, and time. The diastase is thus produced, and the transformation of starch into sugar accomplished.

A perfect food for persons with weak intestinal digestion and who need, but cannot fully digest, ordinary bread and starchy food.

For athletes, brain-workers, or the weakest babe.

(For infants, pour hot water over three or four teaspoonfuls of the food. Use that water with a trifle of the food dissolved in it.)

"There's a reason."

Known, Proved and Warranted.

American Family Soap

Wherever used, the dirt disappears in almost magic fashion. Contains no adulterations or free caustic soda. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 North Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

RAILROAD BUILDING

Great Activity In Construction For Year 1905 Indicated.

Contracts Let Almost Daily For New Lines or Extensions.

Chicago, March 22.—The Railway Age says: For the year 1905 there is promise of great activity in railway building. Last year showed a falling off of over 1,500 miles in the length of new track completed, compared with 1903, but before the year 1904 had closed there were evidences of a revival following the slump which began in the summer of 1903 and with the opening of spring these evidences are growing stronger. Last year was devoted largely to the completion of lines which had been started in the previous year and had not been affected by the unfavorable conditions which caused a lull in railway building; but now fresh projects are taking life, and almost daily contracts are being let for the construction of new lines or extensions.

The Age publishes a list of railways under construction and projected in the United States. While many of the projects there enumerated will never materialize, a large mileage is projected to cover territory the development of which only awaits transportation facilities, and such lines as these will be built—some of them this year and others in years to come. An effort to cull from this impressive list such projects as bear the stamp of genuineness results in showing a total of 7,560 miles now under construction or under contract, and 9,332 miles more which may be classed as live projects. The latter include lines showing signs of life and on which work may begin during the year. The proposed mileage, thus classified, is distributed as follows:

	Under Contract or Construction Miles.	Live Projects Miles.
New England states	37	103
Middle states	455	55
Central northern states	681	651
South Atlantic states	1,356	1,547
Gulf and Mississippi Valley states	1,110	802
Southwestern states	2,580	2,631
Northwestern states	638	1,243
Pacific states	963	2,699
Total	7,560	9,332

With the exception of two or three New England states every state and territory in the Union is represented in the mileage included in this table, and the construction of the present year will be as widely distributed as it has been in the past, although a large percentage of the new work is in the South and Southwest. One-third of the mileage under contract, and more than one-third of the live projects, are located in the Southwestern group of states, while 1,356 miles are under contract in the South Atlantic states and 1,110 miles in the Gulf and Mississippi Valley states, making a total of 4,766 miles under contract in the South and Southwest.

In considering these figures it should be borne in mind that many contracts awarded for the building of new lines are conditional, and that their execution depends upon ability to raise the necessary funds for construction purposes, or upon some other important condition; also, that many contracts are for lines of such magnitude that it would be impossible to complete them in a single year, even though work should progress without interruption. Therefore, it should not be taken for granted that the 7,560 miles reported under contract are going to be completed during 1905. The mileage so classed includes about 750 miles of the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient in Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas, and although a good percentage of the grading has been completed and track is now being laid north of Sweetwater, Tex., toward the southern terminus in Oklahoma, it is not to be expected that the entire mileage will be finished by January 1 next. It is reasonably certain that at least 4,000 miles of the 7,560 miles under contract will be completed this year, about one-half of which will be built by twenty companies.

The roads classed under the head of "live projects" include the entire line of the Western Pacific from San Francisco to Salt Lake City, over 800 miles, which is just beginning to let contracts; 394 miles of the Denver Northwestern & Pacific, lying beyond the thirty-three miles under construction, and 220 miles of the Belin cutoff of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe in New Mexico.

The 965 miles under contract in Texas include all of the Kansas City Mexico & Orient, but in addition to this road there are over 300 miles already under construction in that state. In Oklahoma and the Indian Territories 536 miles are now under construction, with work well advanced on several lines of considerable length; while the live projects, some of which will materialize during the year, aggregate 604 miles. There is likewise great activity in Arkansas, where over 400 miles are under contract, of which 107 miles are to be built by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific and about 150 miles by the Missouri Pacific, and where the mileage of live projects amounts to 355 miles. Illinois, which for many years has held the banner as the greatest railway state of the Union, continues to increase her mileage at a remarkable pace when it is considered how well she already is supplied with transportation facilities. During 1904, 211 miles of track were completed in the state, and the lines now under contract aggregate 213 miles. Including the several Wabash links, on which, we are informed, work is to be resumed this spring, there are 470 miles under contract in West Virginia, and the live projects in the state aggregate 110 miles. Gridironed as it is with railroads, it is surprising how the mileage of Pennsylvania continues to grow. There were 238 miles of new line completed in that state in 1904, and not less than 257 miles are now under construction or under contract.

The following are some of the companies which have important extensions under construction: Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, 291 miles from Thief River Falls, Minn., to Canmare, N. D.; Missouri Pacific, 250 miles in Arkansas and Missouri; St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico, 143 miles in Texas; Louisville & Nashville, 141 miles in various southern states; Southern Indiana, 130½ miles, to complete its extensions from Terre Haute, Ind., to Chicago Heights, Ill; Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, 135 miles, in Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Arizona and California; Illinois Central, 124 miles in Indiana, Illinois and Mississippi; Midland Valley, 110 miles in Indian Territory; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, 107 miles in Arkansas; Buffalo & Susquehanna, 106 miles in New York and Pennsylvania; Missouri, Oklahoma & Gulf, 100 miles in Indian Territory; Chesapeake & Ohio, 80 miles in Kentucky and West Virginia; Illinois, Iowa & Minnesota, 55 miles; Oregon Short Line, 59 miles; Denver & Rio Grande, 48 miles; Oregon Railroad & Navigation company, 45 miles; Southern railway, 42 miles; Denver, Northwestern & Pacific, 33 miles.

In Canada, also, the present year will witness wonderful activity in railway construction, including the inauguration, at several points, of work on another transcontinental line. The Grand Trunk Pacific railway, which is to add 3,500 miles or more to the system operated by the Grand Trunk Railway company, is to stretch from Moncton, N. B., (connecting with the Intercolonial railway for Halifax and Sydney, on the Atlantic) west via Quebec and Winnipeg to the Pacific coast, probably at Port Simpson, over 1,700 miles, are reported to have been awarded to firms in the United States. The Canadian Northern, which last year built 440 miles, has under construction over 1,000 miles of lines in Manitoba and the Northwest; the Canadian Pacific is building a 200-mile line in Ontario and has various other extensions in contemplation, and altogether Canada will make large contributions to the mileage of track on the American continent. In Mexico, our customer on the South for railway material and railway men, hundreds of miles altogether will be added this year by the Mexican Central, National of Mexico, Rio Grande Sierra Madre & Pacific and other companies, the most significant work being the probable completion by the Central of its transcontinental line to the Pacific at Manzanillo.

A detailed statement of track laid in the United States, Canada and Mexico, during the calendar year 1904, shows a total of 4,251.69 miles, laid on 326 lines in forty-three states and territories, 571.33 miles or new track on ten lines being laid in Minnesota. The new mileage for 1904 is 1,535 miles less than the track laid in 1903, and is the smallest mileage completed in any year since 1898, when 3,063 miles were built. Very complete returns from Canada show that 828.64 miles of new road were completed in the Dominion during 1904 on twenty-five lines. Of this, 429.7 miles were built by the Canadian Northern on ten lines and 101 miles by the Canadian Pacific on two lines. Reports received from Mexico show 293.6 miles of track laid last year on six lines.

THE HISTORY OF CHAMPAGNE—No. 2.

EARLY VINTAGERS of the Champagne district of France noticed the tendency of their wines to effervesce. It remained for Dom Perignon, a Monk of St Peter's Abbey, Hautvillers, to discover, about 1670, how to control this effervescence, to preserve the quality as desired, until he obtained the rarest, most delicate of all wines, Champagne.

The fame of French Champagnes, plus $8.00 duty, doubling the price, makes some people think them worth more than

Great Western

Extra Dry

In reply, we only ask that you try Great Western. Great Western Champagne actually has the fine flavor and rare boquet found in French Champagnes. This is due to the long cultivation of Great Western Vineyards—the oldest in New York State. These soils have actually attained the chemical condition which imparts that quality hitherto found only in foreign goods.

Try Great Western—equal to foreign Champagnes, at half the price.

PLEASANT VALLEY WINE CO., Sole Makers, RHEIMS, N. Y.
Sold everywhere by Dealers in Fine Wines.

PREDICTS AN AWFUL FATE

"Hermit Tim" Anton Believes Milwaukee and Chicago Doomed.

Wausukee, Wis., March 22.—Predicting in a foghorn voice that Chicago will shortly have an awful loss of life and property, and that there are terrible things in store for Milwaukee and Wausukee, the details of which he refuses to tell, "Hermit Jim" Anton, has left the dust of this village and neighborhood on his old shoes, purchased a pair of new ones or cowhide, purchased a pair of new unknown.

Anton says he will hoof it from this village to Seattle, Wash.

Anton is a most peculiar personage. He came here about a year and a half ago from the upper peninsula of Michigan and "struck" M. G. Ledvina for a job. The latter sent him out to cut cordwood on his land southeast of the village. Instead of living like other men Anton erected a crude cabin in the woods and has been living the lonely life of a hermit ever since he put in an appearance here, the mysteriousness of which was only equalled by his disappearance last Saturday night.

His cabin was made of logs and poles, the roof being covered with brush. It was by no means water-tight and the wind whistled through the openings of the walls.

No bed, or bunk, made up a part of the furnishings of Jim's lonely hut—not even a floor did he provide for his comfort. He slept on the bare ground, without any bedding whatever to cover his shivering body. And in this condition the man occupied his "home" and apparently enjoyed life, in his own way.

It was not that he could not afford a bed or better furnishings; for it is said that the fellow had over $100 in cash coming to him when he settled with Mr. Ledvina on the eve of his departure.

He seldom came to town, unless in need of provisions. He had no stove, but did his cooking in an oven made of clay.

Anton is a Bohemian, about 50 years of age, and speaks the Bohemian, Polish and English languages well.

STRIKES HIDDEN ROCKS.

When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of Consumption, Pneumonia, etc., you are lost, if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. McKinnon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with Pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave relief, and one bottle cured me." Sure cure for sore throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed at all druggists, price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

IS A NATION OF PAUPERS.

Every Fortieth Englishman Is a Public Charge.

London, March 22.—Every fortieth person resident in England and Wales is a pauper supported at the expense of the taxpayers. In London one person in every thirty-six is a pauper.

Such is the startling fact shown in a return of pauperism in England and Wales issued last week by the local government board, by order of the house of commons.

The figures given show the number of persons in receipt of relief at the end of February to have been 823,854, the highest total on record since 1873. Only once in the intervening thirty-two years was the number 800,000. This was in 1881, when the total reached 804,549.

During the last five years there has been a steady increase not only in the number of paupers, but in the percentage to the population. The figures were as follows:

Year.	Paupers.	Per 1,000 population.
1901	767,445	21.5
1902	720,445	22.1
1903	742,938	22.5
1904	709,229	23.0
1905	823,854	24.4

The total for this year was divided into 259,346 indoor and 564,508 outdoor paupers, or, in other words, one person in every 125 living in England and Wales is in the workhouse.

In London the number of paupers was 128,182, or one in every thirty of the population. The total is the largest since 1871, when there were 162,425 paupers. The only year since 1871 which has approached anywhere near to this year's total was 1895, and then the number only reached 125,435.

Unlike the average for the whole country, the majority of London paupers were in the workhouse, the figures being: Indoor paupers, 77,493; outdoor paupers, 50,698.

For the purposes of comparison London is divided into five districts. It is in the south that the largest number of paupers are to be found, but it was in the east where the largest increase took place. The figures, compares with those of the previous year, are as follows:

District.	1905.	1904.	Increase.
South	47,897	44,854	3,042
North	28,018	25,586	2,432
East	25,006	20,722	4,283
West	16,799	15,290	1,509
Central	10,462	10,283	179

DESIRE TO GRAFT

Is Serious Obstacle to Engineers of Reclamation Service.

Lands Wanted For Reservoir Sites Held at High Figures.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is a disposition on the part of a certain class of individuals in every community in which the government proposes to make expenditures for public improvement to hold up the work by making unreasonable and extortionate demands for damages or property. Civic pride, if it exists at all, in the bosoms of these individuals, is entirely subordinated to the desire to graft. Frequently the demands of property holders are so enormous as to necessitate the abandonment of plans for the construction of buildings and works urgently needed by the community, and which when completed would greatly enhance the value of the property of the grafters themselves.

This is one of the serious obstacles which confronts the engineers of the reclamation service in almost every section which they have selected as a feasible point for constructing irrigation works. As soon as there is an indication that the government is likely to begin operations, property, especially any that it may be necessary for the government to acquire, suddenly assumes a high valuation. Lands wanted for reservoir sites, sage brush land, waterless, rough and heretofore practically worthless, in the eyes of the owner acquires a value equal to or in excess of the best lands in the neighborhood.

In one case unimproved lands which have been held for years at prices ranging from $5 to $10 per acre, with few sales, had a price of $50 per acre placed on them by the owners as soon as the fact became patent that they would be needed by the government. Of course the reclamation service will not permit such a hold up, and unless the land owners indicate a disposition to treat the government fairly, the project will not be constructed. There are too many opportunities in other sections, for the government to consent to pay exorbitant prices for property, and the sooner this fact is recognized the more rapid will be the progress of the work of construction.

The large per centage of irrigable land throughout the West lying at heights too great to be reached by gravity systems, presents a problem which can be solved only by the use of pumping plants, and the engineers of the reclamation service have been making investigations and working up estimates on several projects to determine the feasibility of their use in connection with the government irrigation works. The most important and variable factor to be considered is the cost of power and of operating the plant.

In many cases water power may be developed as an incident of the construction of dams for storage and diversion, or in canals where the nature of the country requires the water to descend suddenly to a lower level, making the additional cost for the power little more than the expense of erecting the necessary buildings, water wheels and generators. In many sections water power may be developed in the mountains or at falls, and transmitted electrically to lands some distance away where the water is to be pumped and used.

The high rates charged for power by commercial electrical companies have not been found prohibitive in sections of the West where the value of the crops to be irrigated is relatively high, or where the water to be pumped is only to augment the main supply during dry periods. In the case of irrigation works minimum costs may be expected from the fact that no interest is charged by the government on the money advanced for installing the plant, and the item of profits involved in commercial enterprises will also be eliminated.

In many sections of the West, however, water power possibilities are not present, and it becomes necessary to locate a cheap fuel supply for the production of steam power. Coal and oil are found in many parts of the arid region, and often may be delivered at the pumping plants at very low cost. Western coals are, as a rule, poorer steam producers than coals from the Eastern or Middle states. Tests to determine the relative evaporative powers are now being made by the United States geological survey at St. Louis, and the data obtained will be reliable and important for comparing the steam producing qualities of varieties of coals from all parts of the United States. The results of various commercial tests indicate that under similar conditions one pound of the bituminous coal of Pennsylvania or West Virginia will evaporate about ten pounds of water into steam; one pound of Illinois or Missouri coal will evaporate about seven pounds of water into steam; and one pound of Western lignite, about five pounds.

Many grades of coal besides lignite are, however, found in different sections of the West, Colorado alone producing coals ranging all the way from lignite to anthracite. On account of the extreme variations in the kinds of Western coals it is just as important to know the steam producing power of the coal to be used as its cost per ton, in order to estimate closely the probable cost of the fuel for a given pumping plant.

Crude oil burned under steam boilers is an ideal fuel when its cost is not too high, and the small gas engine in its many forms and types is one of the best means of obtaining power for irrigation in units up to as high as 30-horse power. The possibilities of utilizing, in an economical way, any kind of fuel available for pump engines are deemed worthy of consideration by the engineers of the Reclamation Service.

Estimates of probable costs of power and pumping plants necessitate a knowledge of all the factors peculiar to each project; for instance, the duty of water, materials for construction, which can be secured locally, the character of the water to be pumped, and of the ground on which the plant is to be built, the type of plant peculiarly suited to the various conditions, etc. On projects where oil, coal or other fuel furnishes the power for pumping, it has been suggested that each water user be required to pay for the amount of water actually delivered to him, since the operating expenses will depend so largely upon quantity of water pumped. This would tend to foster economy in the use of water, and the annual expenses of the water used could be adjusted from year to year to correspond with the varying quantities used, depending upon whether the season is wet or dry. A minimum annual payment per share would cover the fixed charges for keeping up the plant.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

BLOOD POVERTY

The Greatest of All Afflictions, Breaks Down the Health and Invites Disease.

Blood poverty, or Anaemia, is due to a lack of health-giving properties in the blood. Instead of being rich, strong and pure, it has become infected with some poison or germ which has destroyed the rich, red corpuscles that furnish nutriment and strength to the body, and is reduced to such a weak, watery state that it is no longer able to keep the system in health or ward off the countless diseases that daily assail it.

Every part of the body is dependent on the blood for nourishment and strength, and when this vital stream of life becomes impoverished and run-down, the effect is quickly shown. The destroying of the red corpuscles takes the color and glow of health from the cheek, and we see pale, sallow faces, chalky, washed-out complexions, diseased bodies, weak constitutions and a general broken-down condition of the health.

Blood poverty is often an inheritance, parents transmitting it to their children, and those so afflicted live a life of suffering and disease. They do not possess the natural energies that belong to their more fortunate companions who are blessed with a healthy, strong blood supply; they have weak bodies, soft, flabby muscles, brittle bones, often weak eyes and scrofulous affections of various kinds. They are also more susceptible to Catarrh, Rheumatism and other blood troubles, because their blood does not possess the strength and vigor necessary to purge the system of the poisons and impurities which produce these diseases.

HEALTH ALMOST BROKEN DOWN.

Gentlemen:—For several years I was a sick man. Just what was the matter I do not know, but I do know I was indeed a sick man and could get nothing that would bring me out. Last winter my trouble was at its worst. I was unable to work for several months, lost in flesh, had no ambition or energy whatever, and was extremely nervous. I really became alarmed about my condition. I asked a friend of mine what I should do. He told me S. S. S. had done him a world of good in some chronic trouble and strongly advised me to begin it. I did so. Imagine my glad surprise to find I was actually improving after using a few bottles of the medicine. Of course I continued with the medicine, with the result that it put me on my feet again and made me a well man. My blood had gotten very poor and weak, and I would have broken down and lost my health entirely had I not taken S. S. S.

Wooster, Ohio. L. Y. McCLURE.

Long continued sickness is another cause of blood poverty. The blood becomes infected with the germs of disease, and when the body begins its work of recuperation and building back to health, the blood, because of its impoverished condition, is unable to furnish the system with the nourishment and strength necessary, and Old Sores or Ulcers, Skin diseases or some other blood disorder follows. Persons whose blood is poor and weak will find that if the trouble is not corrected there will be some serious blood disease later in life.

When the system is suffering from blood poverty it is in a very weakened condition and should be treated with a remedy that is not only thorough, but very gentle in its action. This is one of the qualities possessed by S. S. S.; it is made entirely from roots, herbs and barks, and contains no strong minerals or harmful drugs to further derange or damage the health. It is the greatest of all blood medicines. S. S. S. not only purifies the blood of any and all poisons and germs, but gives it tone and vigor to supply the entire system with strength and nourishment. It carries to the blood the health-giving qualities it needs, and by its use it is made rich, pure and strong, and all evidences of blood poverty pass away.

SSS

Every lost property is restored and health is firmly established. The full, round face, glowing with healthy color, returns, the constitution is strengthened and the entire body reinvigorated by this great vegetable medicine. S. S. S. cures all diseases arising from a poisoned as well as an impoverished blood, and cures them permanently. It is the remedy approved by the best people all over the country for the past forty years, and nothing equals it in the treatment of blood poverty. Write for our book on the blood, and if you are suffering from any blood trouble our physicians will give you any special medical advice you wish. No charge is made for the book or advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

MAN THE MOST BEAUTIFUL.

Mrs Gilman Points Out Shortcomings of Women.

London, March 22.—Mrs. Gilman, an American authoress, told a select gathering of ladies at the Women's Institution at Victoria, that women were not nearly as beautiful as men. She encouraged them to try to become as beautiful as men.

The subject of her lecture was "Women and Beauty." The audience listened with what was, perhaps, silent amazement when she told them that statues made from measurements of typical young people in America proved that man was the more beautiful. Women were too short from the waist downward. She said one reason for this being that from time immemorial they had carried too much clothing around the waist, a modification of the living frame had taken place.

She poured scorn on some of the deficiencies of women. "When a woman runs," she said, "it is an agitated waddle; climb she cannot, and people take hold of her elbows and help her up and down things. I call it an insulting practice, unless a woman has a wooden leg."

Mrs. Gilman argued that the physical freedom of boys should be given to girls.

"There is no reason," she said, "why women should balk at a fence like she does. You can vault it easily in a skirt and it is the easiest and most ladylike way of getting over."

Mrs. Gilman was intensely scornful at the suggestion that women had more taste than man. "Have you ever heard of the science of 'antimacassars?'" she asked. The great art treasures of the world were the work of man. "Women really belong to a beautiful race of animals," she said encouragingly.

The audience were invited to enter into a discussion, but Mrs. Gilman had apparently stunned them into silence. Three shamefaced reporters, the only men folks in the place, crept out stealthily, leaving the room still in a dead silence.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

SENSATIONAL CASE.

Green Bay Brewer Is Sued For Alienation.

Green Bay, Wis., March 22.—The sensational damage suit of Albert W. Hollman against Henry Rahr, a wealthy brewer, has opened before a jury in the circuit court. The plaintiff alleges that Rahr alienated the affections of his wife and demands $50,000 damages.

The plaintiff is the son of Fred A. Hollman, Green Bay's postmaster and president of the Weis-Hollman company, wholesale and retail crockery dealers.

Scores of witnesses, some of them from Milwaukee and Chicago, have been subpoenaed and the trial is expected to last a week. Hackmen, restaurant-keepers, saloon proprietors and one minister are among those who are expected to give testimony of a sensational nature.

In a separate action for divorce, Hollman alleges infidelity and mentions Rahr.

LEFT HER DIAMONDS.

Pretty Parisian Remembered By Brazilian Admirer

Paris, March 22.—A pretty Parisian actress has just derived consolation in a very substantial form for the loss of a Brazilian friend, who died while traveling abroad on business. She had confided her jewelry, which is valuable, to the gentleman in question, who had placed it in his safe at a bank in this city. When the lady heard the sad news, and had, as in duty bound, shed tears over the departure of the wealthy South American from this life, she bethought her of her necklaces, bracelets and rings, and, as must be added, felt just a trifle uneasy about them. When, however, she was present, as invited, at the opening of the strongbox, she was much relieved at finding that everything was in order. So far, indeed, was her experience from that of the persons who assisted at a similar ceremony some time ago at a mansion situated not a hundred miles from the Arc de Triomphe, that she not only recovered the whole of her jewelry, but found a very pleasant surprise awaiting her as well. Among the trinkets were upwards of a dozen visiting cards in gold, with her name engraved on each. These cards were turned up at one end and each corner was pierced with a hole, through which had been drawn a little ribbon, to which a precious stone worth $2,000 was attached. The gift, therefore, represented a sum of nearly $25,000. A flood—this time of grateful tears—greeted the agreeable discovery, and certainly the Brazilian's delicate attention has deserved this tribute.

CZAR ORDERS

Drumhead Court-Martial For "Grafting" Officials.

Berlin, March 22.—A new ukase issued by the czar has spread consternation among the ranks of Russian officials. The ukase provides that any official found appropriating public funds or goods intended for the army in Manchuria may be tried by a drumhead court-martial and, if found guilty, is to be shot within twenty-four hours, without right of appeal.

A great number of secret police agents watch every shipment which leaves for the far East and keep it under surveillance until it reaches its destination. The ukase is said to be the result of a demand made by the new commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, Gen. Linevitch, who declared that the disappearance in transit of thousands of tons of supplies and ammunition was mainly responsible for many of the defeats suffered by Gen. Kuropatkin, and that he would not accept the post as commander-in-chief unless it was guaranteed that this stealing would stop.

Since the signing of the ukase many shipments of clothes and shoes, which have been missing for weeks, have suddenly come to light in a most mysterious manner.

CARE OF THE BODY

TAKE CARE OF STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS,
BY TAKING
Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills 25c.

TAKE CARE OF THE EYES
BY USING
Roman Eye Balsam 25c.

TAKE CARE OF THE CHILD
BY GIVING IT
DR. PEERY'S
"Dead Shot" Vermifuge 25c.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

SHOE SALE

FORMERLY **BLODGETT-OLDHAM CO.** Mr. Blodgett has retired from the firm.

IT IS IMPERATIVE that AT ONCE we shall sell a big lot of Shoes, as our shelves are crowded to overflowing. NO RESERVE in any of our fine lines of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes. Some broken lines will be closed out entirely—these will go at exactly Half Price and the rest of the stock at manufacturers' (cost) prices—as follows—

LADIES' $5.00 SHOES—Made by D. Armstrong Co., John Cross Co., Marzluff, Bering, Todd, Utz & Dunn, and other fine lines will go at..... **$3.75**

Ladies' and Men's $4.00 Shoes go at..... **$2.98**

Ladies' and Men's $3.50 Shoes go at..... **$2.75**

Ladies' and Men's $3.00 Shoes go at..... **$2.25**

Men's $7.00 John Murphy Shoes will go at..... **$5.25**

Men's $6.00 MacDonald & Riley Shoes will go at..... **$4.75**

Men's $5.00 MacDonald & Riley Shoes will go at..... **$3.75**

Children's Shoes sell at like reductions and many broken lines go at.... **Half Price**

BE EARLY AND GET YOUR FIRST CHOICE.

124 W. Superior St.

NEXT TO GLASS BLOCK.

TOM LEE IS HIDING

Knows His Appearance Means Sudden and Awful Tragedy.

Is Trying to Escape the Vengeance of Mock Duck.

New York, March 22.—Somewhere in the crooked labyrinths of Chinatown, immured behind a locked and bolted door, Tom Lee, the venerable "mayor" of the quarter, is trying to live through the most troublous period of his long career. His whereabouts are kept a profound secret by his followers and he does not venture out even at night, because there is a price on his head and there are well founded reports that in many dark alleys and hallways of the district lurk men who are ready and eager to earn it.

Meantime, all Chinatown, metaphorically speaking, is sitting back in its stolid Oriental fashion, waiting for the intelligence that Lee has been exterminated. They have no doubt he will be, in course of time. He himself is of the same mind. He knows that just as soon as he shows his face in the streets it will be for the last time. He has no faith in the power of the police to protect him. Better than they does he know the many dark ways in which murder is brought about by his fellow countrymen.

All this is because of the sudden reappearance in Mott street a few days ago of Mock Duck, arch enemy of Lee and his faction of the Ong Long Tong, otherwise known as the Chinese Merchants' society. Duck is known as the agent of the Hip Sing Tong, which is freely said, is a highbinder organization. The Hip Sings have threatened to wipe the Ong Long Tongs off the earth, and, moreover, Mock Duck has a few personal grievances to settle.

According to the best authorities the feud began about a year ago when the Ong Long Tong, through Tom Lee, flatly refused demands for money made by Hip Sing Tong. Following came the murder of Tom Lee's secretary. Then there were other shooting affrays, and many wounded Chinamen lay groaning in mysterious back rooms. Down there they have a way of attending to their own enmities, without appealing to the police. So it was not long before a pistol flashed from some dark corner and a bullet found its way into Mock Duck's body.

Unfortunately for the Ong Long Tongs, and especially for Tom Lee, the wound was not mortal, but Mock Duck disappeared, and not long afterward it was learned he had returned to San Francisco. Even then there was apprehension in the quarter, for it is well known that the Hip Sing Tong never abandons a feud until every vengeance has been satisfied.

This feeling gave way to certainty last Friday, when red slips of paper appeared on the doors and walls in Mott, Pell and Doyer streets. Each of these was virtually a death warrant for one or other member of the Ong Long Tong, but the principal ones were those that offered $1,000 for the head of Tom Lee and $2,000 for that of Gin Gum, his new secretary.

When these slips were found the whisper went around that Mock Duck must have returned, and it was not long before the report was verified. Not an hour had passed before Tom Lee vanished from sight, while several others who are also marked for death barricaded themselves in their rooms with selected groups of trusted friends.

That night came the first display of hostility. Ji Gong, one of the condemned men, unwarily showed himself in Mott street. Passing a dark doorway he was confronted by two Chinamen, who leveled revolvers at him. Gong insists that in the shadow of the doorway stood Mock Duck, directing the attack. Several of the extra policemen who had been sent to the district arrested the Chinamen. Duck, however, if he was there at all, escaped.

To Magistrate Whitman, in the Tombs court, the prisoners said they were Louis Gui and Ung Loy, and they were held in $2,000 bail each for examination next Wednesday. The Ong Long Tong insists that these two are Highbinders, brought from San Francisco by Mock Duck to aid in his murderous plans, and that there are at least two others, Ow Sing Ark and Ung Yung, still at large.

When a reporter called at Tom Lee's house, No. 18 Mott street, and climbed the dark, winding stairway to where the "Mayor's" rooms are supposed to be, he almost fell over a diminutive Chinese boy in purple costume and with a pigtail flowing down his little back, who in good English demanded to know what was wanted. Informed of the errand, he shook his head, pointed to the door and said: "Tom Lee not here."

Then he made a gesture that the reporter was to follow him, and he led the way to No. 14 and up four more flights of dark stairway to the top floor, where the sign on a door indicated the headquarters of the Ong Long Tong. The Chinese boy rapped on the door and uttered a curious little shout, which was echoed from within. Then the door was opened on a crack, and the information was given that Tom Lee was not there.

Offer was made by an adult Chinaman, however, to try to find him, and this time the pursuit led to a little store at No. 20, which was filled with a crowd of Chinamen, muttering in low tones. It became apparent here that Tom Lee was not to be found.

Presently a figure pushed its way from the back of the crowd, came to the door and, recognizing the reporter as a previous acquaintance, consented to say something. This was Gin Gum, Lee's secretary, who speaks excellent English and knows the situation thoroughly. He said it would be impossible for any one to see Lee, and intimated that only he knew where the "mayor" was hidden.

"Does he come out at all?" was asked.

"No," replied Gum. "He is 60 years old, and he knows it would mean death. They are waiting for him and he cannot escape."

"Does he believe he will be murdered by the Hip Sing, sooner or later?"

"He is sure of it. The police cannot prevent it."

"And you—there is a price on your head, too?"

"Yes, but I do not go far from this door by day and at night not at all."

BY THE TONIC ROUTE.

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Billousness, etc. Early Risers are small, easy to take and easy to act—a safe pill. Sold by all druggists.

DETAINED IN CHICAGO

Duluth Girl Found Demented In the Windy City.

Wandering demented about the streets of Chicago, Freda Youngdorf, a Duluth girl, was picked up by the police and placed in the Chicago detention hospital, according to a telegram received by Chief Troyer from Francis O'Neil, chief of the Chicago police force, this morning.

The telegram stated that the girl was being held in the detention hospital awaiting word from her relatives in Duluth. She is said to have claimed this city as her home, and gave the address of Mrs. Anna Carlson at 2225 Second avenue, as a relative with whom the police could communicate.

There is no such address in the city, and no person of that name lives at either 2225 West Second street or 2225 East Second street.

Several Anna Carlsons appear in the directory, and the police are endeavoring to learn if any of them have a relative by the name of Freda Youngdorf.

NOTICE!

Mr. N. H. Murray has taken charge of the Nicollet Restaurant, opposite the Union depot, on Michigan street, and would be pleased to meet all his friends and patrons. Mr. Murray is prepared better than ever to supply first-class meals at the lowest possible prices, and will make a specialty of 15, 20 and 25-cent dinners.

NICOLLET RESTAURANT,

Opposite Union Depot on Michigan Street.

SHORT-LIVED

Is the Position of Chief of Staff.

Washington, March 22.—Under the present policy of President Roosevelt the office of chief of staff will serve simply as a post of honor through which the distinguished major generals may go to the retired list as lieutenant generals. General Chaffee will retire in April, 1905, after having held the post of chief of staff for more than two years. Then the post will probably be given to Major General John C. Bates, now commanding the Department of Missouri, who will retire in August. Major General H. C. Corbin, now commanding the army in the Philippines, will then be given the place, but will hold it but for a month, as he will have to go on the retired list by age limitation of 64 years. After that it is supposed and hoped that the most important post in the army will go to some man who is not so near the retiring age, and who can hold it long enough to get settled in the ways of administration, and will accomplish what the possibilities of the position permit for the good of the service.

Other changes of importance have recently been decided upon. Brigadier General Tasker H. Bliss, president of the Army War college, will go to the Philippines, where he has not yet served. His important post here will be filled by Colonel Arthur L. Wagner, who is considered the foremost theorist of the army.

Colonel Samuel M. Mills, now commanding the artillery district of Boston, will become chief of artillery upon the retirement in August next of Brigadier General J. P. Story. Colonel Mills will then have rank of brigadier general.

The retirement this year of Major General C. L. Gillespie, assistant chief of staff, will result in the promotion to a major generalcy of Brigadier General G. M. Randall.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointments never fails.

AS MISFORTUNE.

Governor MacDonald's Wife Views Her Elevation.

Denver, Colo., March 22.—"I wish I could run away from it all and return to my home."

This was the way the wife of Governor Jesse F. MacDonald viewed the events which made her the first lady of the state.

Mrs. MacDonald has not secured a residence in Denver. It was not her intention to remain here while her husband was in office. She has been in Colorado fifteen years. She came here as a bride from Plattsburg, N. Y. She is of medium stature and a brunette. Her manner is one of gentle dignity, which bespeaks of her refinement and culture.

"The dearest wish of my heart is that I could return to my home—run away from it all," she said. "I wish I could express my feeling for both Mrs. Adams and Mrs. Peabody. They are both lovely women and both have graced the position.

"My home is in Leadville and it has never been my intention to take up residence elsewhere. As the wife of a lieutenant-governor it was not required that I spend all my time here. It all seems a dreadful misfortune."

ALTON ISSUES ORDER

To Employes Prohibiting Flirting With Passengers.

Chicago, March 22.—Flirting is prohibited on the Chicago & Alton railroad. Here is substantially the new code put out for the guidance of Alton employes:

Don't be too attentive to women passengers.

Don't overstep the bounds of politeness.

Don't endeavor to ingratiate yourself by conversation.

Don't make yourself too conspicious in your desire to accommodate.

Don't think you are a "lady killer."

Don't flirt.

"We have warned our trainmen against making nuisances of themselves by too much attention to women passengers," said George J. Charleton, general passenger agent. "We have instructed them to pay attention to their duties, to be courteous at all times, answer all questions in a gentlemanly manner, but never to be forward or annoying to any woman on their trains."

BUILDINGS WRECKED BY CAVE-IN OF MINE

Irwin, Pa., March 22.—A cave-in over an abandoned mine is causing much damage at Claridge, a mining town near here. A church and three stores, with their contents, have been completely wrecked, while two other houses are gradually sinking into the mine forcing their occupants to vacate. The people of the town fear a further cave-in that will swallow up other buildings.

A RECESS APPOINTMENT.

Washington, March 22.—The commission of James Wickersham, as United States district judge of the Third judicial division of Alaska, has been signed by President Roosevelt. Judge Wickersham's reappointment was sent to the senate by the president during the recess session, but it failed of confirmation. He is at present a judge in the district to which he is reappointed.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Cure Throat Troubles caused by cold or use of the voice. Sold only in boxes.

WILL GET BUSY

Sheriff Has Executions on Delinquent Personal Property Taxes.

Levy Will Be Made and the Chattels Sold.

Executions numbering sixty-eight, on judgments for delinquent personal property taxes for 1903 have been placed in the hands of the sheriff of St. Louis county, and that official will proceed to levy on the effects of the persons delinquent and sell the chattels so procured at sheriff's sale, the proceeds to pay the delinquent tax.

The total amount involved is about $800 and the execution showing the largest amount is for $150. There are two delinquencies of $50 each and the remainder are for small amounts ranging from $6 to $10.

The executions have been issued against delinquent taxpayers in Duluth and in the county outside the city. The percentage of the total amount realized on the sheriff's seizure and sale will depend largely on the success of the levy.

Judgments have not yet been taken on the delinquent personal property taxes for 1904, but the matter will be attended to very shortly and the executions will be turned over to the sheriff at a comparatively early date.

COURT CASES ARE BEGUN

Judge Ensign Is Hearing a Plumbing Case.

With jury trials still on in the rooms of Judges Cant and Dibell, Judge Ensign, this morning, began hearing the court cases on the present term calendar of district court.

Trial was begun this morning of the civil action of the Farrell-Turnbull company, local plumbers, against Mrs. Cornelia Vanvick of East Second street. The plumbing concern sues to recover $56.10 alleged to be due for repairs made to the hot water plant in Mrs. Vanvick's house in January, 1904.

Mrs. Vanvick makes answer to the complaint and brings a counter claim against the Farrell-Turnbull company for damages in the amount of $160. She claims that during the cold weather, while she was ill in bed, she asked the plumbing company to fix up the hot water plant and fill it with water. It is alleged that not enough water was let in to fill the expansion tank, circulation did not follow, and the pipes froze up, causing an explosion of the boiler and damage from fire and water, besides great discomfort to the inmates of the house. The counter claim is based on the alleged unworkmanlike manner in which the work was performed.

Testimony is still being introduced in the civil action of W. C. Sherwood against C. J. Petruschke, in Judge Dibell's room, and in the personal injury case of A. V. Bailey against Swallow & Hopkins, in Judge Cant's room.

MYSTERIOUS WHITE RACE.

Mindanao Folk Are Ivory White, With Brown Eyes.

On foot and horseback, by canoe, raft and steamer, A. H. Savage Landor toured the Philippine archipelago in 1902, covering 16,000 miles in 250 days', continual traveling, says the San Francisco Argonaut. In his book, "The Gems of the East," he gives a record of the trip. Of political conditions he has little to say; he spent only a day in Manila; the volume consists almost entirely of descriptions of the savage tribes in little-known corners of the archipelago. He visited islands never before visited by a white man; he penetrated Mindanao, discovered there a previously undescribed white race.

Leaving Manila in the government cruiser Balabac, Mr. Landor went southward through Mindora straits. He notes that owing to the monsoons, ever blowing either from the northeast or the southwest, and the general shallowness of the sea, it is always terribly rough cruising about among the islands. The first stop was at Cuyo island in Sulu sea—a beautiful little island with town of the same name. In the course of his comments on this town, Mr. Landor takes occasion to pay his compliments to the American style of house-building. "Say what you will," he says—"and no matter what imaginative civilized people may import at greater cost—the native style of house is decidedly the only one adapted to the climate. . . . Naturally, corrugated iron roofs last longer, but not so the people who have to live under them." The native houses are, of course, built of wood or bamboo, raised on supports from six to fourteen feet high, with floors of split bamboo.

A particularly curious use of the bamboo at Cuyo is as a crab-trap. The jointed bamboo is stuck into the ground. Each piece has a little bow-half way up, and a string set at tension to shoot off an arrow, passed through an aperture in the lower part of the cylinder. It is set at the mouth of crab-holes, and when the poor crab proceeds to climb up to the upper part of the tube, a delicately-set hook releases the broad arrow, which closes the lower aperture and imprisons the crab.

At Cuyo, also, Mr. Landor found the native children playing an ancient sort of football, the ball being made of wicker.

At this place Mr. Landor was much struck by the musical ability of native Filipino boys. Three boys, one 12, one 13 and another older, played two violins and a guitar at a dance with, says the author, "the entrain of old Hungarian musicians."

"Where did you learn this Spanish and American music?" I inquired of the younger boy.

"I have heard it played.'

"Heard it played? Have you not learned it with notes?'

"No, sir; I cannot read music.'

"One or all these boys—if I remember right—was or were the son or sons of the native provincial secretary. He told me that many boys and girls, even younger than his sons, can pick up any tune by ear, or soon learn to play any instrument, musical talent being inborn in the race. This was quite true, as I had ample opportunity to ascertain."

On this island an official report places the male population at 10 per cent, the female at 90, the men being migratory. Mr. Landor took anthropometrical measurements of these, as of nearly all people that he visited, finding the average male weight to be 114½ pounds, and the height five feet four inches. Curiously enough, the Cuyonos have no "little toe" the "big toe" being very large, and the other four of uniform size, the last two even being sometimes larger than the two middle ones. Venereal diseases have greatly spread since the occupation of the islands by American troops.

From Cuyo, Mr. Landor went on the government boat to two little islands, Cullon and Coron. The latter was sheer walls of rock fronting the sea, in which are deep holes where a certain sea swallow builds its nest. The wild aborigines, Tagbanouas, collect the nests from the cliffs by means of long vine ropes, selling them to Chinese traders, who export them to their own country, where they are considered a great delicacy. The nests are three inches long and bring $12 (Mexican) for bundles of ten or twelve, according to size. Mr. Landor is in error in stating that the material composing the nests is a "gum from certain trees." On the contrary, it is a secretion from the salivary glands of the swallows.

On Coron island Mr. Landor explored six lakes situated in the craters of extinct volcanoes. One of them has a subterranean communication with the sea, and in another, so the native swore to the traveler, there were five or six enormous octopi, of great age, and with arms twenty-four feet long. They had drawn down many people. The aborigines on this island have feet curved inward to assist them in climbing the sharp rocks.

Just north of Coron is the island of Busuanga, where is situated the "best-conducted farm in the Philippines"—a farm of several thousand acres, with thousands of profitable cocoanut trees. Mr. Landor has great faith in the agricultural future of the islands, if the Americans will go to work patiently and systematically to reclaim the wilderness.

From Busuanga the vessel turned south and, owing to a storm, was obliged to seek shelter under Kalsan island. When morning came the voyagers observed white flags stuck upon shore, and presently a trembling youth—the schoolmaster—came off to the vessel:

"He earnestly and modestly inquired whether the Spaniards or Americans had been victorious in the war, as he had not heard yet. He once understood from some one, a long time ago, that there had been a war going on between the two countries and that was why he had put up the white flags in case we had come to bombard the place. He was glad, very glad, the Americans had won. Where was America?"

Balabac island, further south, proved to have interesting features. Here the women distort their eyes and some of them, by preference, carry little bundles of tobacco leaf in the large lobe-holes. Curiously enough, both the sight and hearing of the Balabac women was found to be less acute than with white persons. An amusing incident occurred:

"After they got over their first fright, the natives took much interest in being measured all over, and they firmly believed it was done in admiration of their great beauty. One lady, having undergone measurement, I noticed, suddenly became quite sulky. Having inquired the reason, she remarked that I had measured her friend's forearm and not hers. In comparing the measurements in my note book I found the omission had inadvertently occurred, and as a reward for her keen power of observation she was instantly restored to her former happiness by having the measurement taken and a looking-glass given to her as a present."

Balabac is principally known for its dwarf mousedeer, no taller than one foot.

Of the Tagbanoua, a tribe on the long narrow island called Palanwan, Mr. Landor writes:

"Most musicians of other nationalities play wind instruments by applying them to the mouth. The Tagbanoua plays them with his nose! The lantui, a reed-flute of cano bujo, has two holes, and one near the closed end of the cane, at the joint. The lantui is pressed by the thumb against the left nostril, the right nostril being held tightly closed by the first finger of the hand. The Tagbanoua nose is so flattened at the base, and has such expanded nostrils, elongated at the side, that it is especially adapted for this purpose. The Tagbanoua musician can get from this fashion some sweetly pathetic sounds—by far the most melodious sounds I have ever heard from anybody's nose—and he is even bold enough to attempt—with success, too—a trill."

Parts of Palanwan island are infested by man-eating crocodiles, which attack men on the shores at night. They have been known to climb into boats. Once while the author was in a boat in a shallow bay one was seen.

On the most northerly islet of the barrier, a huge crocodile, some fourteen or fifteen feet long, was sleeping soundly on the beach. Lieut. Boren sent a bullet into him, which woke up the brute with a start, and with a terrific pace toward us—not dragging its body, as most people would imagine, upon the ground, but with outstretched limbs supporting his entire body and tail high up in the air; then with splendid leap into space and disappeared with a big splash into the water."

On other rivers pallsades are built around bathing places in the stream to keep out the crocodiles. Palanwan also boasts of having a species of scaly armadillo and a long-nosed ant-eater which exhales noxious gases in its own defense; also boa-constrictors, wild peacocks, monkeys and wild hogs. One of the chief foods of the inhabitants is honey, which they preserve in jars with salt. They believe that honey eaten with meat has great strengthening qualities.

Leaving this island, Landor cruised on the government vessel among the Malay islands, some of which had never before been visited by white men. The sultan of Jolo exercises authority over most of these. The town of Jolo, according to Mr. Landor, is a pretty and clean settlement. It has a masonry pier and a lighthouse. The author tells how some soldiers played a practical joke on the sultan at the time of his visit:

"The soldiers of the escort had given some Sulu boys three or four small lumps of clear ice—a thing they had never seen or heard about before. Believing them to be precious crystals of great value, they wrapped them up carefully in pieces of silk and hid them in their pockets. As their clothing was thin, their astonishment was great on experiencing a curious 'burning' feeling against their ribs next to where the precious gifts lay, and on discovering, when they opened the handkerchief, that the 'precious crystal' had vanished, leaving a wet handkerchief and jacket, their amazement at this incomprehensible phenomenon was amusing to watch. They became quite perplexed, and for some time the entire assembly was greatly excited by it. The sultan begged to be given some ice, too, and one high personage wished to know how he could preserve his piece, as he wanted to set in a ring!"

We pass over the description of the sultan of Jolo, as he has been "written up" quite often. It is, however, somewhat surprising to note that a small breed of wild elephant was formerly found on the island of Jolo.

Mr. Landor next explored Mindanao, the second largest island (45,356 square miles) of the whole archipelago. The people are mostly Mohammedan Malays, and in their language are many Arabic words, introduced by the Koran. The graves all have their heads facing toward Mecca; the people do not eat pork, or have more than four wives; and they follow the teachings of the Koran in some other particulars. Some have made pilgrimages to Mecca, and these are greatly looked up to. A peculiarity of the women of South Mindanao is that they wear switches to make their hair seem more abundant.

Mr. Landor accompanied the military expedition under Pershing against Fort Bacolod. He thinks much of the fighting against these Moros, so-called, might have been avoided if more tact had been used in dealing with them at first. The mistakes had been made, however, and there was at that time nothing for Pershing to do but to reply to the insulting letters constantly being sent, with a military force. Mr. Landor gives one of the letters from the Panandungan:

"We ask you to return to the sea, because you should not be here among circumcised Malanos, for you are not like us. You are marauders, and we do not want to follow your religion. You eat pork. If you do not wish to leave this region, come here and live in Bacolod, under the sultan, and Panandungan, who will practice circumcision upon you."

Capt. Pershing's strategy is given high praise by the author. After the campaign, the events of which are more or less familiar, Landor headed a most remarkable expedition into the heart of unknown Mindanao. "One of the first tribes he encountered was the Tiruays, whose dental practices he thus describes:

"They all chew betel-nut and file their teeth—to such a degree that artificial teeth have to be manufactured of brass or silver or wood. Anything more terribly ghastly than these artificial sets, made by the local blacksmith and dentist, it is difficult to imagine; while the operation of fitting them gives one the creeps. When hopelessly broken, the teeth are filed level down to the gum and two holes drilled with a nail or the point of a knife in the two end teeth. The new set having been made with sharply pointed imitation teeth, is inserted by two corresponding wedges into the holes of the original teeth, where it remains more or less firmly, according to the delicacy with which the work has been accomplished by the blacksmith. On my examining a young lady, she removed the set and placed it in my hand; she was willing to part with it for a 50-cent coin, but nothing in the world would induce me to possess such a terrible remembrance."

Not the least wonderful thing that Landor tells of his journey through Mindonao is his meeting a datto with whom he conversed through the datto's priest and chief adviser, Sheriff Abdul, from Bokara, the common language of Landor and the priest being Hindustani!

In this region was encountered lakes covered with lotus blossoms, other lakes in which were floating islands with trees and houses. The most striking feature of the fauna was a semi-amphibious black crane, which swam all under water except the head, which resembled that of a snake.

One of the dattos was asked by Landor if he had heard of America. "Merika?" he queried. "No, there was no such tribe about." He had never heard of Spain either.

The most remarkable of all the tribes that were encountered were the white tree-dwelling tribe discovered in the very heart of the dense tropical forests of Mindanao:

"My men in the meantime had gone about and captured a number of fellows for me to examine. I was amazed. These Mansakas were indeed as white as, in fact, whiter than, Europeans. It was the ivory white of Latin races and not the pinky complexion of Anglo-Saxons, but that they were white there could be not the slightest doubt. This does not mean that they came from the same stock as we do, nor is their color derived from stray wrecked European crews which have dwindled in the interior and intermarried. Far from it. It is mainly due to these people living in the dark forest or in dark huts and being seldom exposed to the light of the sun. . . . When young they were beautiful people, with eyes in perfect condition, of warm and most magnetic deep brown. The eyes are perfectly straight, like those of Aryans, large, with heavy upper lids and fine eyelashes. . . . The women very shy, had sentimental faces, very white—almost like wax—and with such nicely chiseled cheek-bones and lips and unwrinkled, smooth skin, so well fitting the anatomical detail below, that they were quite attractive. They spoke softly and in a sort of sing-song like birds, and, indeed, there was much in the general appearance of these white folks to remind one of birds."

Mr. Landor's explorations in Mindanao were cut short. He was bitten by a small, but very poisonous green snake, and suffered intensely for days, feeling the effects even at the time of writing, ten months afterwards. Leeches—which, grievously, had annoyed him greatly, leaping from the damp vegetation on which they live, and attaching themselves to hands and face, and even getting inside the clothing—now were useful in sucking the wound and reducing the swelling.

When he had partly recovered, Mr. Landor visited Sebu, Negros, Panay, Leite, Samar, Mindoro and Luzon, but devoted five hundred and fifty that the book contains.

The general impression that one gets from the volume as a whole is that Mr. Landor thinks the American officials sanguine; he does not expect that they will practice circumcision upon you."

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The general impression that one gets from the volume as a whole is that Mr. Landor thinks the American officials sanguine; he does not expect that they will become lower; the constabulary Mr. Landor praises, and has confidence in the Filipino character; he hopes the natives will not suffer from "that worst of all pests—missionaries." The concluding paragraph runs:

"I may say that in some eighteen years' traveling I have never enjoyed and been interested more than I was in the journey over these most enchanting islands—really and truly, to anyone with an unbiased mind, "the gems of the East."

A BUSINESS POINTER.

One of the new publications which purport to give "business women" points on how to deal with business men and make a success in life cost a young woman stenographer in the St. Paul building her job a few days ago, says the New York Sun.

"If a mysterious woman, who does not want to give her full name, either calls or telephones to your employer during his absence, do not leave her message where other eyes than your employer's may fall upon it, and do not mention the matter to him in the presence of a third person," was one of the injunctions emphasized in large type in the book. This piece of wisdom had just fixed itself in the mind of the young woman when a symphony in violet, glittering with jewels, rushed into the office and demanded familiarly to know if Mr. —— was in.

"No," replied the studious stenographer, "but would you like to wait for him or leave a message?"

"No, I'm in a hurry. Just tell him Josie was here, and he'll know what I want."

The discreet stenographer prepared the rest of her memoranda, and when her gray-haired employer entered a little later with several equally respectable and prosperous-looking men of his age, the typewritten slips of calls and callers were handed to him, but no mention of Josie was made.

The rest of the afternoon was spent in conferences. When 5 o'clock came the stern, gray-haired financier rang for his new stenographer and informed her that he would not require her services until the following day. Several men were present.

"Y-e-e-s, sir," stammered the wise amanuensis, "but might I speak to you alone for a moment?"

The gray-haired man gasped. "Wha-at?" and then excused himself to follow the blushing young woman into another office.

"I am sorry to disturb you, sir, but a handsome young woman called this afternoon and told me to tell you that—that—well, just Josie had called, and you would know what she wanted," exclaimed the young woman.

"Why in thunder didn't you tell me before?" asked the employer.

"I—you were—that is—you have not been alone, sir."

Light dawned on the financier. "I want to inform you, madam," he said, "that I am a married man, that my wife and only daughter, and her message was important. Further, I shall not require your services after today."

COLOR IN MEN'S CLOTHES.

There is no real reason why knee-breeches should not eventually be generally worn, says London Truth. Men are not, after all, so sartorially conservative as they used to be. See how they have burst into color during the last few years. Take, for instance, the one man who ventured upon a red tie ten years ago there are now scores. And, again, think of their pretty waistcoats! Such varied fantasy as these display was quite unknown ten years ago. Black or white was their only alternative during the fifty years that passed since embroidered waistcoats went out. Then one day a smart man wore a tan-colored waistcoat. Next day there were two men with tan-colored waistcoats. Their ties were either black or white or black and white. A week later a man in the park lounged on the rail and seemed unconscious of the observation he excited. He had a biscuit-colored silk alpaca waistcoat and a faintly blue tie. With his gray-blue eyes and chestnut hair, these colors harmonized so well that he was greatly admired, and though many men despised him for daring to introduce such innovations they only pondered as to what colors would suit themselves.

And turn your thougts to colored shirts. They in themselves spelled a sartorial revolution.

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IT Does Its Work While You Do Yours.

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Sewed on your shoes in twenty minutes. Don't run chances of getting your feet wet. You know our prices for improved shoe repairing:

Men's half soles, sewed..... 75c
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Child's half soles..... 35c and 25c
Women's, Misses' and Boys' nailed..... 40c
Women's, Misses' and Boys' sewed..... 60c

The Gopher Shoe Repair Works
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WHEAT HAS BREAK

Low Prices With All Markets Sustaining About Same Loss.

More Wheat Is Worked For Eastern Shipment —Flax Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 22.—Wheat had its first break of the week today and throughout the morning and rather erratic. The Chicago market was again the weakest, although at the close it was not any more so than others. The May option in Duluth, Minneapolis, Chicago and New York fell ¾c. The July option fell 1c in Duluth and Chicago, ⅞c in Minneapolis and 1¼c in New York.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d lower. Paris ¾@1c higher, Berlin and Budapest ½c higher.

The cash situation in the Northwest continues strong and offerings are quickly absorbed. Duluth shippers sold a cargo of wheat today to go East upon the opening of navigation.

Car receipts at Duluth were 10 against 33 last year, and at Minneapolis 134 against 236 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 144 against 266 last year. Chicago received 10 against 9 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 281,000 bus, last year, 404,000 bus. Shipments, 298,000 bus, last year, 288,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 16,-900 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¾-⅞c lower. May corn in the Chicago market closed ⅝c lower. May oats closed ⅛-⅜c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 582,000 bus, last year 365,000 bus. Shipments 474,000 bus, last year 241,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 324,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was very dull. The May option opened ¼c higher at $1.11, sold at $1.11⅛ a moment later and fell to $1.10 at 9:55. It recovered all of the loss, selling to $1.11¼ at 11:30, and then slumped again and closed at $1.10, the low point of the day, and ¾c lower than yesterday. The July option closed 1c lower at $1.06¾.

Offerings of cash wheat were very light and the basis of prices was unchanged at 1c under May for No. 1 northern.

Flax was very dull. The May option closed unchanged at $1.39, after selling ¼c higher than that.

Oats fell ⅝c and rye 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.09; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.09; No. 2 northern, $1.06¾@1.06¾; Durum No. 1, 93c; No. 2, 92c; May, $1.10; July, $1.06¾; September, 87¼c. Flax—To arrive, $1.39¼; on track, $1.39¼; May, $1.38¾; October, $1.25. Oats—To arrive, 39¼c; on track, 39¾c. Rye—To arrive, 77c; on track, 77c. Barley—Feed, 33@37c; malting, 37@44c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 10; last year, 32; oats, 12; barley, 3; flax, 7; last year, 35. Receipts: Wheat, 2,600; oats, 22,537; flax, 7,568. Shipments: Wheat—6,902; oats, 2,900; flax, 45,575.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 2 wheat, 1 car	$1.04¼
Flax, 1 car	1.40
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.35
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white	30½
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white	30¾
Oats, 3 cars No. 4 white	29¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Spring-Like Weather Principal Factor In Wheat.

Chicago, March 22.—Spring-like weather was the principal factor in wheat here today. Pit traders generally were moderate sellers on prospects of favorable progress in the development of the fall sown crop. At the opening May was ⅛c to ¼c lower at $1.15 to $1.15⅛ and July was a shade lower to a shade higher at 92¾c to 92⅞c. With little demand prices soon declined still further. May selling off to $1.14⅝. July sold off to 92¾c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 184 cars, against 179 cars last week and 277 cars a year ago.

On buying of July a leader of the bull crowd the entire market experienced a material rally. July advanced to 93c and May to $1.15⅝. News from the Southwest, however, was of too bearish tenor to be easily withstood, and as soon as the demand slackened, the market again became weak. July sold off to 91¾c and May to $1.14½. The close was practically at the lowest point. May being off ¾c at $1.14⅜. July was down precisely 1c, closing at 91⅝@91¾c.

Lower cables and larger receipts than estimated had a weakening influence on corn. The decline in wheat also induced some selling. Shorts were the principal buyers. May opened unchanged to ⅛c down at 48¾c to 48⅞c and sold off to 48⅛c. Local receipts were 243 cars, with 2 of contract grade.

The market became still weaker as trading progressed. The close was at the lowest point of the day, with May down ⅝c at 48¼c.

Sentiment in the oats pit was quite bearish following yesterday's decline in prices. Offerings were fairly liberal today, but demand was lacking. The large increase in stocks was the chief factor. May opened a shade to 1/16@⅛c lower at 31¾c to 31¼c and sold off to 30⅜c. Local receipts were 157 cars.

Trading in provisions was extremely quiet, and the market had a steady tone. May pork was unchanged to 2½c lower at $12.80½ to $12.85. Lard was off 2½c at $7.10. Ribs were a shade lower to a shade higher at $6.50 to $6.92½.

Close: Wheat—May, $1.14½; July, 91⅝@¾c; September, 85½@⅝c. Corn—March, 47c; May, 48¼c; July, 48⅜@⅝c; September, 48½@⅝c. Oats—May, 30¾c; July, 30¾c; September, 30¼@⅝c. Oats—May, 29⅜c; July, 30½c; September, 29½@¾c. Pork—May, $12.80@12.85; July, $12.95. Lard—March, $6.—; April, $7.00; May, $7.10; July, $7.22½@7.25; September, $7.37½; October, $7.42½. Ribs—September, $7.27½. Rye—March, 81½c; May, 78½c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.37; southwestern, $1.25; March, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—March, $2.80; April, $2.80; September, $2.60. Clover—March, $13.35. Barley—cash, 40@49c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.15@1.17; No. 3 red, $1.08@1.14; No. 2 hard, $1.13@1.15; No. 3 hard, $1.06@1.12; No. 1 northern, $1.15@1.17; No. 2 northern, $1.10@1.17; No. 3 spring, $1.05@1.13. Oats—No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30¾c. Corn—No. 2, 47¼@49c; No. 3, 47@49½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The bearish sentiment so strong in the past seems to be largely increased by the action of the market itself. For some days it has shown but little snap. Meanwhile weather conditions continue very favorable with glowing reports coming in of the magnificent condition of the crop. May wheat showed some weakness in the late dealings and contributed somewhat to unsettlement of the deferred futures. Trade showed some increase which still seems catered in the July. The action of the market is distinctly disappointing and gives more confidence to the bearish element.

Corn—This market was under pressure throughout the session, at no time showing any disposition to improve. Sentiment seems inclined to change somewhat, the bullish feeling not being quite so confident. Receipts are in excess of requirements and stocks are piling up. This factor will make it hard to accomplish much on the up side in corn at this time. Until these conditions change the market will continue on its present form and at the moment acts as if it might drag lower.

Oats—This market suffered from liquidation which was general. Shorts were moderate buyers which steadied the market somewhat, but the close looked weak and discouraging. It will take a vastly improved cash market to sustain higher prices in this pit.

Provisions—Early weakness was caused by liberal offerings and a prominent packing concern supporting lard. Outside trade continues disappointingly slow.

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat had a big trade. Prices changed quickly over a range of 1¼c. At Minneapolis the decrease in stocks for four days was reported at 250,000 bus. Inquiry for flour from the Orient said to be excellent and with flour prices 20c to 30c higher so far this week, the reaction or shake out as it may be termed was due and quite natural after these steady climbs from low figures and it is not expected to extend much, if any, further. The market's position is now stronger and the next upturn should be more pronounced because of it. In Chicago the local trade was a heavy purchaser today as they have been for some time. We believe we have had set-back enough and with the market worked into strong hands together with indications that the May prices of a sort more cannot be construed either way otherwise than bullish, the opportunity to own some May wheat at a discount of 2 to 2½c under No. 1 northern should not be overlooked.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: One of the large cash handlers of oats predicts that July will sell at a premium over May. He advocates the buying of July and the selling of May. "Northwestern hedges," he says. "Have been taken out of May and put into July. With the increase in stocs there should be more pressure to sell from the people who have the May to liquidate, which if it is expected, will depress it to a discount under July."

"Our coast wheat, both red and club, is practically cleaned up," says a report from Spokane, Or. "We doubt if you would pay $1.12 or even better, that you could secure 100,000 bushels from this section. We have heard rumors to the effect that there are 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 bushels remaining in the interior of this coast, but those in close touch with all the different dealers at terminals and interior, we know for a positive fact that the quantity is nearer 3,000,000, and this will be used by local dealers."

"An elevator man returning from a trip through Northern Missouri and Southern Iowa says he did not see over 40,000 bushel of corn in cribs on the entire trip ,that feeders are offering 50c per bushel for corn in Southern Iowa and Northern Missouri, and that there is nothing moving from farmers."

* * *

Robert Pringle, Chicago: There is a 1½c break in corn. With cattle and hogs higher than last year, a better export demand, and price 4c lower, think you ought to buy it.

* * *

Chicago: A corn bull summarized the conditions that should advance prices of corn in the near future thus: "Fat cattle are selling at $6.15 and hogs at $5.45. Receipts of corn will be very light in a few weeks, and the export trade is good. These are the factors that should put corn above 50c."

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 22—Wheat spot, steady; 1 Cal., 6s 10d; futures, quiet; March nominal; May, 6s 8¾d; July, 6s 9¼d. Corn—Spot, firm; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; American mixed old, 4s 11d; futures, quiet; March, 4s 3¾d; May, 4s 4⅜d.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 22.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.13½; July, 90¼c; September, 85⅝c. Corn—May, 54½c; July, 54c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	...$1.11	$1.14¾-¼	$1.15⅛	$1.13⅞-14
High	... 1.11¾	1.14¾-¾	1.15⅛	1.14
Low	1.10	1.12⅝	1.14⅛	1.13¼
Close	... 1.10B	1.13¼B	1.14⅛B	1.13¼A
Close	21. 1.10⅜	1.13⅞	1.15¼	1.13⅞
July—				
Open	... 1.09¾	1.10⅝	92⅜-¾	97½
High	... 1.09⅞	1.10⅝-¾	93	97½
Low	... 1.08⅛B	1.09⅜	91⅜	96
Close	... 1.08½	1.09⅝-10A	91⅝-¾	96¾B
Close	21. 1.09½	1.10¼-⅜	92⅜-¾	97⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	31¼@31⅛	48⅜@48¾	$12.82-85
High	31¼	48¾	12.90
Low	30⅜	48¼	12.80
Close	30¾	48¼	12.80-82

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 22.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.13½; July, $1.09¾@½; September, 87⅛@¾c.

No. 1 hard, $1.17⅛; No. 1 northern, $1.14⅞; No. 2 northern, $1.11⅛.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	25
Dairies, fancy	23
Renovated	20
EGGS.	
Fresh	16
CHEESE.	
Twins, full and cream	15
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, Young America	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	15
Limberger, full cr'm cheese	15
Primost	7
HONEY.	
New fancy, white clover	14
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SYRUP.	
Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts	50
Brazils, per lb	10
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12½
FRUITS.	
Apples	2 25 @ 3 00
Malaga grapes, per kg	6 00
Cranberries, per bbl	7 75
Grape fruit	5 50
California naval oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 50
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25
VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce, per bus	1 25
Lettuce, leaf, per box	60
Beets, cwt	1 65
Green onions	20
Spinach, bus	1 65
Potatoes, per bus	38
Mushrooms	90
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 25 @ 2 50
Celery, per doz	85
Turnips	80
Cabbage, per cwt	1 25
POP CORN.	
Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Spring chickens	15
Hens	14
Ducks	15
Turkeys	22
Geese	13
MEATS.	
Beef	5 @ 7½
Mutton	9
Lard	7¼
Pork loins	7½
Veal	7½@ 8
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	2 50
Fruit juice	5 00
Duffy cider	3 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 22.—Butter, firm; creameries, 20@26c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs, strong; at mark, cases included, 15½c. Cheese, firm; daisies, 12@12½c; twins, 12@¼c; young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 22.—Butter, firm; receipts, 3861; street price, extra creamery, 28c. Official price, creamery, common to extra, 20@27½c. Cheese, firm; unchanged; receipts, 1,572. Eggs, firm; receipts, 22,768; state and Pennsylvania, and nearby fancy selected white, 19½@20c; choicse, 18@18½c.

THINGS JAPANESE.

The statistical bureau of the Japanese cabinet gives the population of Japan in 1894 at 41,813,215. In 1900 it was 44,815,980, in 1903 it had reached 46,832,841. This is rather less than one-third the population of the Russian empire.

The Japanese street railway transit tax was levied on Jan. 1, 1903, to help pay war expenses. The Japanese government estimate was that it would receive $300,000 during the year from this source from the three lines in Tokio, but returns for the first part of January for one line alone show that it will contribute at least $250,000 during the year. Evidently the year's transit tax from all three lines will be nearer $500,000 or $600,000.

All through the war Japan has had economic luck. Expenses have been no more than expected, while revenues have exceeded estimates nearly all along the line.

The wonderful growth of cotton manufacturing in Japan is shown in her increased purchases of raw cotton from the United States during the last ten years. In 1903, she bought 793,-242 pounds, worth $68,423, but in 1904 her purchase was 49,165,405 pounds, worth $5,390,260.

We cane see how vitally important it is to Japan that Russia should not increase or retain her hold on China for the benefit of Russian manufactures, particularly cottons, when we learn that Japan's sale of cotton goods to China rose in one year from $101 in 1899 to $14,112,507 in 1903.

Japan bought $20,115 worth of manufactured cottons from the United States in 1902, but $561,771 worth in 1904.

American wheat flour to the value of $4,258,200 entered Japan in 1904; in 1902 it was only $1,409,09.

American electrical machinery worth $1,187,693 was placed in Japan in 1904, against only $341,743 worth in 1902; steel also rose from $2,103 to $801,604 in the same years.

Japan's foreign commerce was $16,-500,000 in 1884; last year, 1904, in spite of the war, it was $345,000,000, a more than twenty-fold increase in twenty years. In the face of such figures her financial strength under the war strain can be understood.

Tokio has 83,577 factory workers, says the Sun Trade Journal, of whom 16,421 are women. Of the total number 9,370 are workers in spinning factories, 4,750 in the printing business, a surprisingly large employment for that branch of industry; 4,040 in the tobacco factories, 1,833 in iron foundries, and the rest in numerous trades.

Japan's export of silk was $3,077,-000 in 1867; $12,908,000 in 1887; $21,-023,000 in 1897; $37,833,000 in 1900, and $41,509,000 in 1903. At first the silk cocoons were raised in only a few districts, while now this industry extends through the empire.

Japan will have to educate the Koreans into paying taxes for the support of the government of the peninsular kingdom. This year's Korean budget shows $9,500,000 expenses and only $7,500,000 revenue, a deficiency of $2,000,000. Korea's population is more than 10,000,000, and the present per capita payment of taxes, direct and indirect, is only 75 cents a head.

Count Okuma speaks for his country when he says: "The Russian evacuation of Manchuria must be our first demand for peace; we must take possession of the military and naval station of Vladivostok; the island of Saghalien must be annexed to our dominion; we must be possessed of the Siberian railway extending to Vladivostok, as well as the East China railway; we must improve these railways; the Russian government must allow the open door to trade in Siberia, reduce the heavy taxes on foreign goods, and let foreigners start work in trade or industry in that country of wonderful resources. Peace is best secured for the world by developing commercial relations of nations. The Japanese government should endeavor with the utmost energy and enthusiasm, politically to lift up the Chinese to a height which will entitle them to be treated by foreigners with some consideration, if not on equal terms."

WOE TO PEANUT-EATERS!

There is a new disease of the peanut, not as yet in Georgia, but in German East Africa, and such things travel.

A. Karosek, in a letter to the journal Gartenflora, describes the new disease. The peanut belongs to the most important cultivated plants there. It suffers from a fungus which causes reddish-brown spots upon the plants, which afterward change to black. The disease occurs wherever peanuts grow, but does not kill the plant elsewhere.

The new disease observed by Mr. Karosek in the vicinity of Tanga results in a rapid dying out of the plant. It shows itself in a retarded growth of the leaves, flowers and fruit, and the leaves, in addition, show irregular waste spots, which ultimately change to brown and black.

The peanut plant has still another enemy in a root-louse, concerning which no close research has yet been made.

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

Market Very Weak and Selling on a Large Scale.

Close Was at the Lowest Prices of the Day.

New York, March 22.—In the stock market today, the opening was weak and the pressure to sell was very evenly distributed in all parts of the list. Corn Products preferred dropped 2⅜ and the common a point. There were losses of a point or more in Southern Pacific, Smelting, Locomotive and Kansas & Texas preferred and of a large fraction in L. & N., O. & W., Southern Railway and Sugar.

After an interval of steadiness in which the initial losses were recovered the market was subjected to heavy selling again and weakened materially. Northwestern declined 3¼, Steel Foundries preferred and Corn Products 2¾, the preferred 2½ and New York Central, Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis, Reading, O. & W., C. & O., L. & N. Atlantic Coast Line, Kansas & Texas, Chicago & Alton, Toledo, St. Louis & Western preferred, Tennessee Coal, Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Chicago Union Traction preferred 1 to 1¾. Prices rallied moderately and trading became dull.

Another drive against the market carried prices rather lower than before but the subsequent rebound was also more pronounced. Union Pacific was carried over a point below last night and St. Paul and Chicago & Alton preferred 1. Realty and Pacific Mail lost 1, Virginia Iron 1½ and Pacific Coast, St. Joseph & Grand Island preferred and Pump preferred 1¾. The rally carried New York Central above 162. Chicago Terminal preferred gained 2¾ and the common 1. Bonds were heavy at noon.

The forenoon losses were slowly retrieved, the market coming almost to a standstill with prices ascending. A sprinkling of inactive stocks moved widely enough to comment, especially Twin City Rapid Transit, which stiffened 4¾ to 114 on an active demand. Ann Arbor preferred rose 3 more and Detroit United Railway and Knickerbocker Ice preferred 1. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo sold off a point.

Prices slid off with some rapidity just before 2 o'clock on unexplained selling. Most of the representative stocks yielded to about the morning's low prices. Quite a number showed losses of a point or more. D. & H., Norfolk & Western, Sugar, Republic Steel and Rubber were late weak features, losing 1 to 1¾.

News of progress in tax measures at Albany, which are dreaded by stock operators determined the uncertain course of prices. Favorites were the chief sufferers. Union Pacific lost 2½. O. & W., New York Central, Atlantic Coats Line, D. & H., and Smelting about 2 and Southern Pacific, Atchison, Kansas & Texas preferred, C. & O., Canadian Pacific and Tennessee Coal and some others 1½ to 2. Realty broke 3⅞. New York, New Haven & Hartford 3 and Corn Products preferred dropped 4½ below last night. Losses reached a point or over all generally. The extent of the drop invited some quick covering by short sellers for the decline, which checked the fall. Rallies were merely fractional and did not hold. Closing was active and weak at the lowest.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd	103	102½	102¾
do com	83⅜	83	83
Smelter, com	101½	99¼	99¼
American Ice	5¼	5⅛	5⅛
Amal. Copper	79⅜	78⅜	77⅞
B. & O. Ry	108¾	107½	107⅝
B. R. T.	69⅞	65⅝	68¾
Can. Pac. R.	148½	146¾	146¾
C. & O.	58½	56½	56½
C. G. I.	54¾	52¾	53½
C. G. W., com	24	23⅝	23⅞
Erie, first pfd	80¼	79¾	79¾
Erie, com	46	45¼	45¼
Ills. Cent.	160½	158¾	159¾
Lou. Nash.	138⅜	138	138⅜
L. & N.	141½	140½	140¾
Mex. Cent.	24¾	23⅞	24¼
Met. Ry.	124	122½	122½
Mo. Pac.	107¼	105⅞	107
Manhattan	169¾	169	169
Norf. & West.	85⅝	84½	84⅝
N. Y. C.	162¼	159⅝	159⅝
O. & W.	60¼	58½	58¼
People's Gas	111¼	109⅝	110
Pacific Mail	45	44	44
Penn. Ry.	142⅜	141⅛	141⅛
Rock Island, com.	34	33¼	33⅜
Rock Island, pfd.	80	79⅜	79⅜
Reading, com	95	93½	93⅝
R. I. & S., pfd	78¼	77⅜	77¾
R. I. & S., com	21	19⅞	19⅞
Rubber, com	41⅞	41	41⅞
St. Paul	180⅜	178⅞	178⅞
Sugar	141⅜	140⅝	140⅝
So. Railway, com	34¾	34⅛	34¼
Southern Pacific	67⅛	66¾	66¾
Soss com	118	117¾	117¾
Tenn. Coal : Iron	91-72	89¾	89⅞
Texas Pacific	38½	37½	37½
U. S. Steel, pfd	94¾	93¾	93⅞
U. S. Steel, com	35	33⅝	33⅞
Union Pacific, com	131	128½	128⅝
Wisconsin Central, com	23¾	23½	23½
Wisconsin Central, pfd	52	51	51
Western Union	93½	93	93⅛
Wabash, com	23⅝	22¾	22¾
Wabash, pfd	45¾	45	45
D., S. S. & A., pfd	32	31	31

The total sales were 1,350,100 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Throughout the session the market was under pressure. As we have pointed out for some time, the market seemed to lack snap with former enthusiasm missing. This seemed to us to indicate a halt in the buying power. Large interests have undoubtedly parted with the bulk of their holdings and the market misses support from this element. The foreign situation does not look any too strong. In the late dealings the report was circulated that trouble had broken out between this country and Venezuela which aided somewhat in depressing values, the market in spots closing somewhat higher than the lowest point, but at best it is but a feeble rally. The market does not look well and its action does not seem to hold out any immediate hope for sustained improvement.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was very weak and the selling on a large scale. Commission houses sold a great deal of stocks and many stop orders were reached. There was some attempt at a rally but on the advance stocks were heavily sold. The weakness continued until the close which was at the lowest prices of the day and with talk very bearish. We do not look for any very large break but think the market a sale on rallies.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 22.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $139,449,311; gold, $65,5?9,?00; silver, $25,-416,131.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 22.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 1@3 points and during the first hour increased the loss to a matter of 7@8 points on the active months and liquidation and bear pressure following easier cables, good weather in the South and the prospect for large receipts. At the decline early sellers covering, checked the downward tendency without materially improving the tone of the market, which later was irregular. Business was moderately active.

Cotton spot closed quiet 10 points lower; middling ups, 8.15; middling gulf, 8.40. Sales, 114 bales. Futures closed steady; March, 7.58; April, 7.62; May, 7.60; June, 7.58; July, 7.58; August, 7.63; September, 7.63; October, 7.67; November, 7.70; December, 7.73; Jan. 7.77.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	77⅞	78
Adventure	6	6¼
Atlantic	16¼	16½
Allouez	22	22½
Arcadian	1¼	1¾
Elm River	2¾	3
Bingham	30¾	31½
Copper Range	75½	75¾
Centennial	17⅞	17⅞
Calumet & Hecla	695	670
Calumet & Arizona	103	105
Calumet & Pittsburg	..	37
L. S. & Pittsburg	..	45
Isle Royale	24	25
Mass	11½	11¾
Michigan	13½	13¾
Mohawk	52½	53
Mayflower	75c	$1.00
Mercur Con	..	36c
National	1½	2
Old Colony	1½	1½
Old Dominion	20¼	20½
Osceola	58	58½
Phoenix	1¾	2⅛
Parrott	28	29
Quincy	104	106
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	2⅛	2½
Franklin	10½	11
Tecumseh	2½	3
Tamarack	134	..
Shannon	7⅝	7¾
Trinity	10⅛	10⅜
Utah	40½	40¾
U. S. Mining	24¾	25
Victoria	4⅝	4⅝
Wolverine	111	112
Wyandot	2	2¼
Winona	13¼	13⅜
Daly West	15½	16
Greene Cons	28⅛	28⅜
Pittsburg & Duluth	..	29
Union Land	3½	4
Junction	..	90
Wolverine & Arizona	..	4½
Black Mountain	..	2
Chiricahua	..	64
Granby	6	6⅛

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The copper market today showed some little liquidation, especially in Mohawk and Osceola. Copper Range came out very freely, one house selling 1,000 shares, but the buying was good on a scale down. The traders are all playing for a reaction, feeling sure that good buying will come into the market at a lower level. Lawson brokers are steady sellers of Trinity, and there is a rumor that the stock may be assessed. The traders' market, both here and in New York, and should be bought on all weak spots.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Harrett & Zimmerman report that the market opened with buyers well in attendance. Horses crowding the market and sales frequent at slightly stronger prices than at the closing of last week's market. Values:

Drafters, extra	$185@210
Drafters, choice	160@185
Drafters, common to good	125@155
Farm mares, extra	125@155
Farm mares, choice	110@135
Farm mares, common to good	90@110

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 22.—Cattle receipts, 20,-000; market, steady; good to prime steers, $5.15@6.25; poor to medium, $3.85@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.60; cows, $2.00@4.50; heifers, $3.00@5.15; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.40@4.40; calves, $3.00@6.50. Hogs receipts, 28,000; tomorrow, 23,000; market 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.35@5.45; rough heavy, $5.20@5.30; light, $5.15@5.35; bulk of sales, $5.30@5.40. Sheep receipts, 20,000; sheep, steady; lambs, 10c lower; red sheep 10c below last night. Losses reached a point or over all generally. The extent of the drop invited some quick covering by short sellers for the decline, which checked the fall. Rallies were merely fractional and did not hold. Closing was active and weak at the lowest.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 22.—Money on call strong, 3@3½ per cent, closing bid 3½, offered at 3¾. Time loans steady; 60 days, 90 days and six months, 3½. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange easy at recovery, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8460 @4.8685 for demand and at $4.8406@4.8410 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85 and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.83¾. Bar silver, 53¼c. Mexican dollars, 44¾c. Government bonds strong; railroad bonds heavy.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.90, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m.	...St. Paul, Minneapolis...	†3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m	...Twilight Limited...	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	...Chicago, Milwaukee...	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	...Appleton, Fond du Lac...	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	...Oshkosh, Fond du Lac...	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	...FAST MAIL...	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	...Ashland and East...	*11:15 a.m
* 8:00 a.m	...Ashland and East...	* 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	...North Coast Limited...	* 4:55 p.m

Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	† 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m		† 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv...North Country Mail...Ar. *8:55 a.m
All Points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv.....LOCAL.....Ar. †9:35 p.m
Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv....Duluth....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar....Virginia....Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar....Eveleth....Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar....Ely....Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv...Duluth...Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv.57th Av.W.Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv...Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar.Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n.Iron.Lv	-----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar...Virginia..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar...Eveleth..Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar...Sparta...Lv	-----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar...Biwabik..Lv	-----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar...Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

BROU'S INJECTION
CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET
WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT.
Sold by all Druggists.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. Gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.
Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth

$2200 Takes 6-room modern house, hot water heat, below Third street.

$1300 Takes 6-room house, water and sewer, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1450 Takes 6-room house on Fifth near Portland Square.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

THERE IS CLAIMED TO BE DUE and there is due at the date of this notice the sum of five thousand seven hundred forty 55-100 dollars ($5,740.55) upon a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Henry M. Backus and Hattie W. Backus, his wife, mortgagors, to L. D. Wolfe, agent for Jennie M. Wolfe of Carbondale, Lackawanna County, Pa., mortgagee, bearing date

"ERICSON'S FOR QUALITY."

Cravenette Weather!

And the finest, most stylish and most dependable makes in America awaiting your inspection here. At—

$10, $12, $15 and $18

We are offering grand values. The Cravenette, remember, is as useful for bright weather as for rainy—and always looks well.

New Spring Suits. New Top Coats. New Headgear.

CHAS. W. ERICSON

219 W. Superior St. Clothier, Hatter, Furnisher.

HE SAVES THE TRAIN.

Outlaw Gives Up His Life to Save Others.

The recent sensational trading in Pacific stock recalls a tragic incident in the improvement of the railroad, says the Chicago Record-Herald.

It is known to only a few that the narrow escape of the Overland Limited train was the final factor in moving former President Horace G. Burt and Chief Engineer J. B. Berry to recommend the rebuilding of the mountain division of the Union Pacific.

It is a fact, however, that the management of the road had under consideration for many months the project of constructing practically a new railroad over the mountains, but the expense, more than $3,000,000, according to estimates, was enough to stagger the most progressive railroad management six years ago. Both Mr. Burt and his chief engineer, however, knew that Edward H. Harriman would not stop at expense provided the ultimate and commensurate good of the property could be foretold with reasonable certainty.

When the matter was wavering in the balance along came the awful night of December 23, when the storm giants of the Rockies seemed to have united to produce widespread and tremendous chaos. Such a night the oldest mountain railroader had never before experienced, and for 48 hours trains crept along at a snail's pace, bereft of the friendly aid of the dispatcher. It was when the chaos-producing revel of the elements was at its height that the Overland Limited ran sheer to the brink of the Dale creek chasm and then stood there as if uncertain whether it were best to take the plunge of more than 1,000 feet to the swollen river and the serrated rocks below.

The next day President Burt declared that Dale creek trestle must go, whatever the cost, and go it did, despite the fact that it took more than $3,000,000 of the company's surplus revenues to construct the new line around it.

The story of that night and of the almost miraculous escape of the limited, as told by E. L. Lomax, general passenger agent of the Union Pacific, has few parallels even in the history of hazardous mountain railroading. Dale creek, usually an inoffensive streamlet, wends its way through Lone Tree Gulch, which is at the very summit of Sherman Pass, more than 8,000 feet above the sea level. It was almost impossible to fill it, so the company constructed a wooden, and later a steel, trestle, spanning its yawning depths. The trestle was within a few hundred feet of the Natural Fort near the summit of the pass. This fort was well named, for it resembles the miniature crater of an extinct volcano. Here and there its sides are perforated with natural portholes, and around about it is a sheer descent of anywhere between 100 to 1,000 feet. Well provisioned, within its walls a few could easily defend themselves against an army. And this is just what a band of noted bandits once did in the Natural Fort. Driven to bay by a Wyoming posse, four bandits held this for for nearly a month, until starved into surrender.

Picturesque in its surroundings, Dale Creek trestle was also in the midst of legendary lore and of early frontier history. Less than a half mile west was Tie Siding, with the reputation of being the toughest little town in Wyoming, which was the end of the limit as to reputation in those days. Tie Siding was just what its name implied—the place where the ties and other railroad supplies for construction and renewal were dumped for use. Nestling in the side of the mountain pass, Tie Siding was as forlorn looking a collection of board shanties as one could care to see. It had its attractions, however for those excommunicated by the law and hunted by the authorities.

This fact undoubtedly accounted for the presence of "Red" McCann, who had swung himself from the front end of the blind baggage the day previous to the big storm. No less one said about "Red" McCann when he was alive the better it was for his anatomy. His record was called "bad" in a territory where ordinary compound cussedness went unchallenged. The afternoon of McCann's arrival it began to rain gently; then to the south appeared a miniature thunderstorm, which called along prettily between heaven and earth and below the level of the summit. It was soon followed by others in other quarters, until the denizens of Tie Siding witnessed the phenomena of eight separate and distinct thunderstorms raging about them, while they themselves remained rainless.

Those who have had the pleasure of witnessing such a magnificent display of nature's forces from the top of a mountain can never forget the awe which it inspires and the sentiments it creates.

Perhaps it was this that may have brought out the good and noble which must have lain dormant deep in the heart of "Red" McCann, Wyoming's noted outlaw. Perhaps it was the tear-stained letter which they found in his pocket the next day, written by a heartbroken mother in the East. At any rate, there was something which moved "Red" McCann to save the Overland Limited at the cost of his own worthless life and thereby expiate so far as possible his many crimes.

By sunset the storm had reached the summit of the pass and was raging with a fury almost inconceivable in strength and grandeur. Dale Creek had become a swollen, roaring, swirling, maddened torrent during the few short afternoon hours and the risen waters were undermining the trestle abutments and beating with tremendous force upon the underframing. The east-bound through freight was stopped at Tie Siding by the track-walker, who declared that the trestle was unsafe and that it would not stand the hurricane of wind and water more than an hour.

"How about the limited?" asked the conductor of the freight.

"She's due at the Siding in an hour, and all the wires on the mountain division are down. There isn't time to go around and stop her; unless some one will cross the trestle she's fated."

"Will no one undertake to cross? The trestle will hold the weight of a man."

"I know, but I don't believe there's a man living could cross there tonight. The wind would sweep a train from the track, so powerful are the blasts above the center of the gulch, where there is nothing to break its fury. I've tried it several times, only to be glad to retrace my journey. The best I could do was a third of the way over."

The freight conductor was a powerful man and a brave one. The limited must be warned at any cost. Falling upon his hands and knees and slinging a red lantern on his arms he began to creep out from the swaying trestle. Slowly he went from tie to tie, clinging desperately to the rail when the gusts came. Nearing the middle of the bridge he realized that he could proceed no further and would be fortunate if his strength lasted until he returned to his starting point. To the anxious group awaiting him he declared that the task was beyond human effort. The distant rumble of the Overland as she labored up the mountain grades came faintly to the ears of the anxious watchers. Was it possible that nothing could be done to save the four-score lives she was known to be carrying?

"Red" McCann, who had obtain the group, suddenly asked: "What is a fellow to do if he should get over there?"

"Just swing a red lantern across the track. That's all."

"That's easy. I guess I'll try."

Taking the lantern from the conductor he placed it underneath his coat, securely buttoning it in, and started on his perilous trip. The wind had increased in violence and the trestle was sawying and creaking and groaning as it was shaken by the fury of the storm. "Red" McCann reached the center of the trestle in safety, where he was seen to crouch with his arms and legs entwined about the rail. At each effore to proceed the eager watchers could plainly discern that he was forced to quickly entwine himself about the rail to prevent being blown into space.

Again and again the effort was renewed, only to be met with failure. The rumble of the Overland now came plainly to the ears of all, and evidently "Red" McCann, with his ears clase to the rail, had heard it more plainly than any of them.

"The task's beyond human strength," groaned the freight conductor.

"McCann's moving again," shouted the station agent excitedly. The outlaw had evidently realized that if he accomplished his purpose it would be only by one almost superhuman effort, and he had been resting for the supreme test. The little group watching him as he crept along, apparently in defiance of the wind, until it seemed that he must succeed. Then there came a moment of suspense. McCan paused and drew the lantern from beneath his coat. As he did so a reverberating double blast caught him fairly. There was a momentary struggle, then the gale whipped the outlaw into its grasp and shrieklingly threw him ten feet above the trestle.

As he arose in the arms of the gale McCann swung his red light once and then disappeared, engulfed in the storm and the swirling waters below. Owing to the fact that engineermen had been warned always to keep a sharp lookout upon approaching Dale Creek trestle, Dan Mahoney, in charge of the Overland that night, caught the flash of the red light as it was swung by the hand of the dying bandit. The next morning the searching party found the mangled remains of "Red" McCann upon the rocks far down Lone Tree Gulch, where the subsiding waters had left them. In a pocket of his coat was the letter from home. In the leter was this paragraph:

"My Darling Son: Although your sins have caused you to be shunned by all and proscribed by law, your heartbroken mother knows that some day you will redeem your past and yourself."

"His old mother knew best," remarked the leader as he tenderly assisted in the rescue of "Red" McCann's remains.

Homeseekers' Rates.

On sale March 21st, April 4th and 18th, via the "North-Western Line," at one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, to points in Alabama, Alberta, Arizona, Arkansas, Assiniboa, British Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kendtucky, Louisiana, Manitoba, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, North Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wyoming. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

You may have a bigger store than the other fellow—better goods—more clerks—a better delivery system; but if he beats you as an advertiser he beats you as a merchant.

MOVED

ZIMMERMAN BROS.
PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES,

Are now located in their handsome new store—corner Fourth Ave. West and First St.

READY FOR JURY

Evidence Is All Closed In the Whiteman Case.

Motion For Dismissal of Case Denied By Court.

Buffalo, March 22.—When the criminal court convened today, counsel for the defense in the case of Alonzo J. Whiteman, charged with grand larceny, announced that the defense rested its case.

The state called several witnesses in rebuttal, after which they announced their case closed. Attorney Dolson for the defense moved a dismissal of the case on various grounds. The motion was denied, and Attorney Dolson took an exception and began summing up the case.

Yesterday afternoon, under cross-examination, Whiteman admitted having been in Hudson, N. Y., in March and April, 1904, but denied ever having bought a draft at Hudson. He admitted having been convicted of a crime in California; of having been convicted on the charge of obtaining money on a worthless check in New York and in Chicago in raising money on a draft, endorsed "E. M. Clark," under which name he was stopping, and to pleading guilty, through his counsel, in Boston.

Whiteman told the court that his escape from the officers at Dunkirk was prompted by a conversation with a detective from a private agency. Other witnesses gave evidence to support Whiteman's claim that he was not in Buffalo when the alleged fraudulent draft for $9,000 was deposited.

EAGLES ATTENTION!

Members of the lodge will meet at the Eagle's hall in the Folz block tomorrow afternoon at 1:30 to attend the funeral of Brother William Matheson.

CHOPS OFF ONE CLERK

Miss Scott of Land Office to Go to Washington.

One clerk has been taken away from the local land office. Miss Georgia Scott, the clerk removed from here has been given waiting orders to be transferred to the treasury department in Washington, D. C. Her transfer will probably take place in a short time.

The business of the local office has dropped off to such an extent of late that a short time ago orders were received by the officials of the local land office to drop two clerks. The officials wrote the department asking that not more than one be dropped and a few days ago word was received that this request was granted and Miss Scott was ordered to the land office at Hailey, Idaho. This order was afterwards rescinded and she is now on waiting orders.

ENTRIES FROM WISCONSIN.

Chicago, March 22.—Wisconsin's entries for the charity meet to be held here March 28, were received by mail early today by the Illinois Athletic club. The Madison entry for the mile relay event is W. H. Ridout, L. B. Stevens, B. M. Hasbrock, B. G. Vreeland and A. J. Schohoster. In addition, Wisconsin has named Walter for the 60-yard dash and the 400-yard event.

POLYGAMY IN HAWAII.

Washington, March 22.—Although the officials of the department of justice are non-committal on the subject, it is known that reports have reached the department that polygamy is being practiced in some parts of the Hawaiian islands and United States Attorney Breckerton at Honolulu has been instructed to make an investigation of the matter.

FOUR MORE SUBMARINES.

Quincy, Mass., March 22.—The Fore River Shipbuilding company of this city has signed a contract to construct four submarine torpedo boats of the Holland type for the United States government to be completed within eighteen months from today.

BLISS TO PHILIPPINES.

Washington, March 22.—Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, now with the general staff and president of the war college, has been ordered to the Philippines. He will leave the United States about July 1, sailing in the same vessel with Secretary Taft. It is expected that Gen. Bliss will take command of one of the departments in the Philippines.

SPECIAL PRICES!

NO PLATES REQUIRED

Reliable Dentistry

Don't forget our special price offer for this month. This offer is made to introduce our work and get acquainted in Duluth. We are here to stay. All work guaranteed.

This Month.

$15 set of Teeth for...$10
$10 set of Teeth for...$8
$8 set of Teeth for...$5
$1 Fillings for.....75c
$7 Crowns for $6
$5 Crowns for $4

See us before having your dental work done. Examinations free. Extracting FREE with plates.

LEE & TURLEY,
114 West Superior Street.
OVER FOLZ.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 9 to 4.

CITY BRIEFS

Lawyers' briefs. North Land Printery.

Robert Johnston, who was injured by falling down the shaft of the elevator in the Patrick building, has recovered sufficiently to leave the hospital, and is now at his home on Duluth Heights.

Rev. Charles Fox Davis of Lester Park M. E. church will speak at Grace M. E. church this evening on "Christ Reasoning With Men."

Madam Warde has returned from New York where she has spent the past month making spring purchases.

Adolph Anderson, a West Duluth young man, has been named by S. M. Kelley, the building inspector, as his assistant.

PERSONALS

Mrs. S. Levy left this afternoon for a week's visit at St. Paul.

Dr. Emily Maris has returned from Iowa.

Robert T. Merrill of Milwaukee, president of the new Superior & Southeastern Railway company, was in the city yesterday, a guest of J. L. Norman.

G. C. Stone has gone to Chicago.

A. D. Thomson left for the East today.

G. L. McCurdy left for Chicago today.

Mrs. E. C. Brown and children left over the Northern Pacific today for Ashland, Oregon.

BURGLARS ON THE HEIGHTS

McEwen's Store Is Robbed of Cash and Groceries.

Burglars entered the store of McEwen Brothers on Duluth Heights last night and secured about $15 in cash and some tobacco and groceries.

The thieves entered by the front door after breaking the lock and prying open the door. They then broke open the till and took what cash there was in it, helped themselves to what tobacco and cigars they needed, and took all the groceries they could carry conveniently. The total amount lost will probably be about $25 or $30.

The proprietors of the store and the police have a strong suspicion as to the guilty party, but they have not yet sufficient evidence to warrant an arrest. A search warrant may be issued this afternoon and an attempt made to locate some of the missing property.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

GETS A NICE APPOINTMENT

Assistant United States Engineer Wadsworth Goes to California.

H. H. Wadsworth, assistant engineer in the office of Maj. Charles L. Potter, United States engineer for the Lake Superior district, will sever his connections with the local offices about April 1, and leave with his family for San Francisco, Cal., where he has just been appointed assistant engineer on the California debris commission.

The appointment comes through Capt. W. W. Harts, secretary and disbursing officer of the commission, and the position is a desirable and permanent one.

The debris commission is appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate. Its duties are to regulate hydraulic mining, to prevent the debris from the mines to fill navigable streams or destroy agricultural lands. The commission has the authority to request miners to impound the debris, and also has an annual appropriation of its own from the government to build dams for such purpose.

The commission is made up of three United States engineers, together with their assistants.

Mr. Wadsworth has been connected with the local offices of the United States engineer since 1897, during which time he has had charge of the general surveying of the harbor, inspection of harbor dredging and the location of the beacon lights. He was in the civil engineering business previous to 1898, at which time he went to Marquette, remaining there in the government employ about a year and a half, being then transferred to the Duluth office.

No steps have yet been taken in the matter of the selection of an assistant engineer to take the position left vacant in the local offices of the government engineer by Mr. Wadsworth's removal to California. This is one of the quiet periods of the year at the engineer's office and it is not likely that an appointment will be made until well on in the spring.

CHANGE IN OFFICERS.

Marine Recruiting Station Has New Men in Charge.

Sergt. John Minde and Private Boyd, who have been in charge of the recruiting station of the United States marine corps here, have been ordered to report to New York for duty and to turn over the office to Corporal Robert T. Glenn and Private Harry W. Hutchings, who have arrived here from Norfolk, Va.

Capt. George C. Thorpe, the officer in charge of all recruiting stations of the corps in this district, will arrive here tomorrow morning, and arrangements for the transfer of Sergt. Minde and Private Boyd will take place then. They will probably go to New York Friday. Sergt. Minde will there be discharged from the service, his term having expired, but he will immediately re-enlist, having taken and passed his examination here for re-enlistment.

AMERICAN SECURITIES

To Be Handled In France By New Company.

Paris, March 22.—Arrangements have been completed for the organization of a French company for the better handling of American securities in France. The company, which will be called the Societe Financiere Franco-Americaine, will be organized under the auspices of Speyer & Co. of New York and the Banque De L'Union Parisienne of Paris. The initial capital will be $5,000,000. The company will invest in American securities and issue its own obligations against such securities, these obligations being placed in France.

MEETING IS HELD

Executive Committee of Wisconsin Farmers' Association Here.

Confer With Local Business Men at Commercial Club.

Local people who are interested in the development of the Northern Wisconsin counties of Douglas, Bayfield, Washburn and Iron are today meeting in the Duluth Commercial club rooms with the executive committee of the North Wisconsin Farmers' association, which is composed of the following men: H. S. Fairall, secretary, Superior; D. M. Maxcy, Washburn; David Doble, Lake Nebagamon; C. P. Peck, Mellen; J. C. Roehm, Ashland; W. H. Webb, Superior; J. A. Pettingill, Iron River; Mayer M. McGheehan, Hurley, and Nick Lucius, Solon Springs.

The Wisconsin men arrived this afternoon on the association's car Grassland, used for advertising the products of Northern Wisconsin, and the meeting was called to order shortly before 3 o'clock, with several local business men in attendance. A number of Duluthians own property in the four counties mentioned, and are interested in any move which may be made to advance the interests of that section of the state. Last year the association had about 100 Duluthians as members, and the meeting today is called for the purpose of allowing them an opportunity to renew their membership and to become acquainted with the work the organization has accomplished. It is not the intention of the Wisconsin men to ask financial aid, other than that which might come from membership fees.

"The car Grassland has been doing some quick work in the way of moving from town to town lately," said Secretary Fairall today. "It is a fact that within eight days the car has visited every city and town that has a railroad, in the counties of Ashland, Bayfield and Iron, and in the neighborhood of 5,000 of our home people have visited it.

"Our annual meeting was March 7, Tuesday. On the Thursday following we began our work in Ashland, and by Friday noon had nearly 200 new members as a starter. Early Friday afternoon we were at Bayfield, and before noon the next day we had 100 more members. We were in Washburn Saturday afternoon and 150 more members were secured there. And so the good work has gone on all along the line, and new members are coming in rapidly."

THE "LOCO" WEED.

It Ruins Many Fine Horses in the West.

Magazine and newspaper readers, who like to peruse stories of ranch life in the West, with all its picturesque descriptiveness and touches of local colorings, are usually amused by the cowboy's more or less profane references to "locoed" unfortunates, whether horses, cattle or—as sometimes portrayed by surcharged imaginations—men.

It is generally understood that this "loco" craze, which furnishes material for the writer and amusement to the reader, but infinite annoyance and loss to the stock raiser, is due to a noxious plant of prairie growth, but that it is an enemy to human and beast sufficiently dangerous to arouse the machinery of the general government to a campaign of extermination is not so widely known.

Eastern people regard the loco plant as more or less of a joke. Ranchmen in the West do not, says the Chicago Tribune.

They are losing every year, by sudden death of their cattle and sheep, property to the value of $400,000. Blame is mostly attributed to the loco weed, which produces in animals an effect similar to that caused in man by the continued use of alcohol or morphine, finally resulting in death. Some, however, think the trouble is due to an animal parasite. The bureau of plant industry of the department of agriculture is conducting an exhaustive inquiry to learn which theory is correct and firmly convinced that it is to blame. They say it has been taking more than its accustomed tribute of live stock during the lest summer. The season has been wet and the loco plant has flourished to such an extent that cattle have been more than ordinarily attracted by its freshness.

A single mouthful means craziness and agony, and continued indulgence results in certain death. It is more feared by ranchmen than rattlesnakes or any other pest of the range. No antidote is known.

The name sometime given the loco plant—"crazy weed"—best describes its effect on horses and cattle. Ranchmen call it "general cussedness," and employ even stronger terms, but here is the description of its effect as furnished in more or less official phraseology by the agriculture department:

"The symptoms of loco disease in animals are familiar to all stock raisers. Perhaps the most characteristic are those of cerebral origin, compared to a drunken condition in men. Sheep and other animals affected by the disease are commonly said to be crazy or 'locoed.'

"The cerebral disturbance may consist in an impairment of the function of the special senses, or in improperly regulated motor impulses, which produce more or less pronounced inco-ordination of muscular movement. Sight is frequently much impaired. In some cases the animal becomes totally blind. This condition is reached more often in acute cases than in chronic cases of loco disease.

"More frequently the animal sees incorrectly or makes errors in judgment of size or distance of objects. These errors in judgment of ocular perceptions are a common occurrence, and are often so pronounced as to become ludicrous. A locoed horse, upon being driven up to a gate, may either attempt to jump over the cross-bar, which is usually placed at the height of about 15 feet or may lower his head for fear of striking it. Simple experiments indicate that both sheep and horses in a locoed condition frequently mistake harmless things for dangerous enemies.

"Locoed horses are often used for both draught and driving purposes. Such horses may work or travel in a perfectly normal for days at a time. They often, however, run away or are attacked with kicking fits, without any apparent external cause.

"One horse, which was under continuous observation for a period of two weeks in 1897, remained during this time upon a piece of ground about 150 feet square. The ground and vegetation were unusually dry, and the horse had no water during the two weeks. At the end of this time the animal walked about a mile to a small stream, where, in attempting to drink, it fell and was unable to get upon its feet again. It seems difficult to understand how under the dry conditions of the open plain, animals can live so long without water.

"In chronic cases of the loco habit in sheep the animal becomes more and more emaciated and crazy. One of the effects of the habit is the shedding of the fleece as a whole or in patches. The animal becomes unable to take care of itself, and, unless carefully watched, is apt to fall into the water and be drowned while attempting to drink. The sight becomes more and more affected until the animal is unable to direct its course properly or to keep along with the band. Fits of trembling are of frequent occurrence during the later stages of the disease, and finally the animal dies from inadequate nutrition and total exhaustion as the result of the muscular convulsions."

With cattle the malady is invariably fatal, although sometimes the stricken creatures live for weeks.

Curiously enough, wild creatures of the plains are immune from any serious effects of thep lant. A prairie dog, after eating it, shows all the symptoms of a plain drug, but the effect passes in a few hours and he is as chipper and jovial as ever. Rabbits are made dizzy, but soon regain the natural condition. Coyotes and prairie wolves nibble at the plant whenever they are inclined, but, so far as known, suffer no ill effects.

No one knows what the action of loco on a human being would be, for, after seeing its effect on animals, it would take a braver man than lives on the plains to make any experiments on himself.

The loco weed itself looks harmless, but there are five different varieties of the plant, any one of which may produce death. The two that are regarded by some to be deadly poisonous are the woolly and the stemless. These are the two weeds that are believed to have entailed upon ranchmen the loss of enormous numbers of sheep and horses.

The wooly loco or "crazy" weed is described as a silvery white, silky leaved perennial, eight to twelve inches high, with an abundance of soft foliage springing out in a cluster from a short central stem close to the ground. The flowers are pea-shaped and usually purple. The pod is distinctly two celled. This plant is native to the great plains region, extending from Western Texas and New Mexico northward to South Dakota and Wyoming, being most abundant in Colorado and in the western part of Nebraska and Kansas.

Some stock raisers hold to the theory that a physiological effect upon sheep and horses similar to that produced by the loco weed may be caused by eating undue quantities of alkali. It is said that when animals are not salted frequently they soon discover localities where large quantities of alkali are found in the soil, and visit such places frequently for the purpose of eating this alkali. It is also contended by some that the influence of alkali predisposes animals in the loco habit. The failure to provide salt for animals on the range may tend to produce a perverted or depraved appetite for the loco weed. Sheep and horses are more apt to eat various noxious plants where salt is lacking that they would if salt were fed them regularly.

The theory that the eating of alkali may have a tendency to produce a condition similar to the loco disease is not given much credence by experts, however. It is totally discredited on the plains. There a "locoed" horse, steer or sheep is a common sight, and every ranchman attributes the trouble to the "crazy weed," that is all too common on the plains.

ARKANSAW'S GRAND OPERA.

Pigeon Correspondence in the Baxter (Ark.) Bulletin: I want to say that if I was competent to give advice, I would advise those that has an ear for natural music to not to come to our place, but go to an up-to-date farmer's barnyard, where they can hear the horses neighing, mules braying, cattle lowing, calves bawling, sheep bleating, hogs grunting, pigs squealing, geese gabling; then if not satisfied just go to the house; there they can hear the cocks crowing, hens cackling and prating, ducks quacking, pea fowls hollering, guinnies potrackin, the baby crying, children fusing, old woman quarreling, old man cussing, dog growling, pups whining, birds singing, then if one was not satisfied with all this music they would be hard to please, and I would knock my shingle down. I suppose it should be knocked windin anyway, as I heard that a woman said that the one that was writing from Pigeon had no sense.

HATS MADE OVER

All kinds—into the latest spring styles — reblocked and retrimmed equal to new. Our spring blocks and shapes are all here. Hats called for and delivered. Old phone 1257-M.

C. VOLLAND

Fashionable Hatter, 14 First Avenue East.

Why Not Get it at Gidding's?

Notwithstanding the fact that our styles are newer and more fashionable than others—

Notwithstanding the fact that our fabrics and workmanship is better than others, and—

Notwithstanding that everything we sell is absolutely of the best!

Our prices are actually lower than any in town,

As you'll find by comparison.

These values for tomorrow:

Finely tailored Blouse and Coat Suits at $15.00.

Finely-made Rain-Shine Coats—$10.00, $12.75 and $15.00.

$10.00 finely pleated and tailored Skirts at $7.50.

$8.75 seventeen-pleated and gored Skirts at $5.00.

Covert Coats at $10.00 and $12.50.

Special line of Covert Coats at $6.75.

$8.75 Silk Petticoats at $5.00.

Fine white lawn and embroidered Waists; new spring models—$1.00 and $1.25.

$1.25 and $1.50 Wrappers—65c.

$1.75 black sateen Petticoats at $1.00.

Gidding's

Superior St. and First Ave. West.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William C. Lounsberry and Celia. Barbara Harper.
George Baxter and Elizabeth Wilde.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John O. Johnson of 5613 West Eighth street, this morning.

HUNT—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Owen Hunt of 622 Twenty-fourth avenue west, March 1.

EASS—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Ceass of 2202 West Second street, March 17.

CARLSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Carlson of 936 Garfield avenue, March 20.

DEATHS.

POWERS—Thomas Powers, aged 65 years, died March 20 at Knife River.

ROSEN—Carl August Rosen of 309 Exeter street died last evening at St. Luke's hospital. The funeral will be held Sunday from the Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west, at 2 o'clock, and interment made at London Road cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Chapped, smarting, windburned, rough skin healed by Satin Skin Cream. It's best made. 25c.

FOR SALE — TWO-CHAIR BARBER shop. Good trade. Look this up. Address Y 94, Herald.

WIDOW WANTS PLACE AS HOUSEkeeper. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED — ELDERLY LADY FOR light housework; Scandinavian preferred. 2422 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, best of repair; bath and use of phone. 2820 West Third street.

BOARD AND ROOM—IN MODERN house; steam heat; electric light; pleasant surroundings; very central; $5.00 per week. Y 96, Herald.

Some stores are "born busy," some achieve business, and some have business thrust upon them. Of a hundred successful stores, we find one of the first kind, two of the third kind, and ninety-seven of the second kind. And of the second, we will find just ninety-seven that achieve business through effective advertising.

It Pays to Advertise--in The Herald

Reach All Duluth People

The people you want to do business with at a small cost. Herald Want Ads cost but little when quantity and quality of circulation is considered—you reach the masses. In no other way can you place at such a small cost your proposition and be assured of reaching

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — NEW FIVE-ROOM COTtage, with bath, 50-foot lot, upper side. 1823 West First street.

Modern houses for sale in all parts of city. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

$1,600 GOOD HOUSE AND LOT, SIXTH street, near Seventh avenue east. Terms—$300 cash, balance at $25 a month. For sale exclusively by W. M. Prindle & Co., first floor, Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST end, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for the season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans, fire insurance.

FOR SALE OR RENT—LARGE MODern residence, centrally located, steam heat and all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

$1,100 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, centrally located, above Fifth street. $1,500 for 6-room house, with water and sewer and bath; Fifth street; central. $12.00 per month for 4-room flat, Twelfth avenue west and Michigan street. Cheap lands near the city. J. N. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1904 price until the 26th. Look this up quick. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at $160 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1½ to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

CRUSHED OATS. CRUSHED OATS. Is the best feed for your horse. It gives him more strength than other feeds. Maginnis Grain & Feed Company, foot of Third avenue east. New phone 660; old phone 1154-M.

FOR SALE—A FINE YOUNG HORSE—suitable for hack or delivery. Call mornings, at 2425 West Sixth street.

FOR SALE — TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD fine draft horses, also logging outfit, or will trade for city lots, pine lands or good outside property. R. B. Whiteside, 216 West Superior street, over Duluth Savings Bank.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

A CARLOAD OF REALLY GOOD fresh milch cows for sale. D. S. McKay & Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh. Zenith 1387.

FOR SALE—E. CARLSON ARRIVED with carload of fresh milch cows. Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist. **Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.**

YOUR DENTAL WORK AT ONE HALF price this month. See Lee & Turley, 114 West Superior street, over Folz. Book of valuable information on care of the teeth sent to any address upon request.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD WITH private family, somewhere between Twenty-seventh and Thirty-sixth avenues west. Conveniences. Y. 97, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—APRIL 1ST, FOUR room cottage in nice neighborhood. Price reasonable. Y. 83, Herald.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, FORTY-ACRE farm, good improvements, Carlton county; eight miles west of Moose Lake. J. Sand. Address 118 West First street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, 3 miles north of Lester Park. 80 acres, or in smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings and running water. Inquire 318 Torrey building.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Blk., 4th Ave. W.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

AND DECORATING. LOWEST PRICES best work. M. L. Beck & Co., 422 East Fourth street. Old 'phone, 719-K.

COD LIVER OIL.

C. J. TUFTE'S, 1904 IMPORT. ALFRED Swedberg, 2016 West Superior street.

EVERYTHING IN MAGAZINES.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, 417 Burrows building. Telephone 987-L.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A BUNCH OF KEYS. BETWEEN New Duluth and pumping station. Suitable reward for return to the real estate and insurance office of Little & Nolte.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

MEAT MARKETS—

	Old 'phone.	New 'phone.
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189

LAUNDRIES—

Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447

DRUGGISTS—

Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7

MUSIC AND INSTRUMENTS—

Ingvald Westgaard	521-K	464

COAL AND FUEL—

Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485

FUNERAL DESIGNS—

Victor Huot	633-R	1370

FLORISTS—

Seekins & LeBorious	1356	1626

BAKERIES—

The Bon Ton		1166

SEWING MACHINES—

Singer Sewing Mach. Co.	1141	973
White Sewing Mach. Co.	33-K	515

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—

Mutual Electric Co.	496	496

RUBBER STAMP WORKS—

Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co.	702-K	755

FRENCH CLEANING—

La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191

PLUMBING AND HEATING—

McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG MAN, SOBER AND INDUStrious, wishes work of any kind. Can give good references. Address 18 Third avenue west, care Mrs. T. G. White, Dodge block, Harry Richings, room 18.

A YOUNG MAN OF GOOD HABITS wants a position as timekeeper or clerk. Experienced. Z. 38, Herald.

COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER WANTS position; has A1 reference. Address A 35, Herald.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A JOB of any kind. W 23, Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WANT SITUATION as cook and caretakers of camp or boarding house for contractors' employes. Address A 36 Herald.

YOUNG MAN WANTS SOME WORK OF any kind. Address J. S., 1025 Garfield avenue, city.

EXPERIENCED MALE STENOGRAPHer, well recommended, wants position. Salary no object. U. 79, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

GIRL WANTS POSITION AS CLERK in piano store; has taken lessons for over two years. Address 42 N. Fifty-fifth avenue, West Duluth.

GERMAN WOMAN WANTS PLACE TO do washing and scrubbing. 612 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY GRADUATE of high school and Duluth Business University wants position as stenographer for mercantile house. Best references. Address Miss B, care of Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY, washing, scrubbing and cleaning. U. 24, Herald.

WANTED — WORK BY THE DAY, washing, ironing and cleaning. Z. 40, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING BY THE DAY OR week by an experienced seamstress. Mrs. M. O. Howell, West Duluth.

MARRIED WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work for board or small wages. B. 32, Herald.

WANTED POSITION BY THOROUGHly competent stenographer of five years experience. First-class references. Address 309 West First street.

WANTED—CLEANING OR WASHING —20 First avenue west. Zenith 1218-Y. Mrs. Anna Jones.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY BOOKkeeper would like position; can furnish best of references. Address A 66, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS CLERK IN store by young woman with some experience. Address A. 18, Herald.

WANTED — SEWING AT HOME, ladies' clothes, plain and light garments; reasonable charges. 103½ East Fifth street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

DON'T RENEW YOUR FIRE INSURance without first calling on W. M. Prindle & Co., room 3, Lonsdale building.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MEDICAL.

LADIES ONLY—DR. LE DUE'S GENUINE French Female Regulator from Paris. Three packages are positively warranted to cure the most stubborn cases of monthly stoppages, irregularities, obstructions and suppressions brought on from whatever pathological or abnormal cause, or return money. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the relieving remedy at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't waste time and money trying other or cheaper remedies; haste is important. Drug trade supplied by jobbers.

WOMEN ONLY — DR. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought relief to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2.00 by mail. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

MADAM ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1024 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

ARCHITECTS.

F. L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Palladio Bldg.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION, KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH & BASSETT, Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

$185 for a mahogany upright piano; excellent condition. Terms, $10 cash and $6 a month.

Mahogany upright Piano—used one year—$90. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.

INCUBATORS AND BROODers at factory prices. Poultry supplies. Chick food. Eggs for hatching from very best show birds in Partridge and Golden Wyandottes. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.'S Special prices for Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

Cleaning watch	50c
Main spring	50c
Hair spring	50c
Jewel	50c
Crystal	10c
Hands	10c
Soldering jewelry	15c
Set stone	15c
Pins for brooches	5c

All work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver.

PALACE JEWELRY CO., 324 West Superior Street.

FISCHER PIANOS. FISCHER PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 29 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager. EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

KIMBALL PIANOS.
HALLET & DAVIS
WHITNEY PIANOS.
HEINZE PIANOS.
ARION PIANOS.

$325.00 Mahogany Piano $165.00
$350.00 James M. Star Piano $128.00
$350.00 Mahogany Piano $235.00
$450.00 Shaw Piano $228.00

KORBY PIANO CO.
Factory representatives for W. W. Kimball & Co.
201 East Superior Street.

NEEDLES FOR ALL SEWING Machines, three sizes in package, only 5 cents. We sell the best needles and oil, at White Machine Store, 106 West Superior street, next to 10c Store.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITER on approval. Old 'phone 1084-K. New 329-D.

FOR SALE—A DINING ROOM TABLE, chairs, gas range, center table, forty feet garden hose with fixtures. Call Flat A., Bostwick.

FOR SALE—CLOUQUET STEAM LAUNdry. No other power laundry in city. Population 6,000, with 2,000 in surrounding territory. Largest lumber cut capacity in the world. Three trunk line railroads. Apply Charles Edmondson, Cloquet, Carlton county, Minn.

FOR SALE — TWO DOZEN SPRING chickens. 1201 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—RAILS, LIGHT AND heavy, Switches, Frogs, Portable track for tramways and sidings. M. Mitshkun Co., Detroit, Mich.

$35.00 BUYS SIX OCTAVO PACKARD, second hand; 35 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

FOR SALE CHEAP—GARLAND COOK stove. Inquire Park Point car barn.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR A NEW first-class 22-foot torpdo gasoline launch. Particulars call Zenith 'phone 1378.

$30 BUYS STORY & CLARKE SECOND-hand organ. Payments $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

FOR SALE, CHEAP—BEDROOM SUITE. 422 Second avenue east.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—FIRST-class soda fountain. Inquire Eischen Bros., 129 West Superior street.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver. Highest market prices. M. Henrickson Jewelry company, 234 West Superior street.

MEN'S SOWED SOLES, 75c; NAILED, 50c; rubber heels, 40c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

WYANDOTTE BRAND CHICK FEED, made by Pike & Co., Minneapolis. Balanced ration, chick grower and life-saver. Raising every chick. Ask your dealer for Wyandotte Brand Poultry and Stock supplies.

$47.00 BUYS ONE FANCY OAK CASE, almost new, Kimball organ; $5.00 cash, $3.00 monthly payments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior St., (uptairs).

THE OLIVER STANDARD VISIBLE typewriter. Edmont, 410 W. Superior St.

FOR SALE—T RAIL AND DYNAMOS and second-hand sacks. Northwestern Iron and Metal company.

CEDAR POSTS, SEVEN FEET LONG, 5 to 8-inch top. Duluth Street Railway company, Eleventh avenue west.

TRY THACHER'S GROCERY NEXT time you order groceries. 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone 747-X.

$175.00 BUYS NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; $10.00 cash and $5.00 per month, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs.)

FOR SALE CHEAP—INVALID'S CHAIR —good as new. 625 East First street.

FOR SALE—SINGER SEWING MAchine, in good order; big bargain. 725 East Second street.

HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS ON Park Point, or central; no commission. 508 Burrows building.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

MERRITT & HECTOR, 32 W. First St.

LYLE, SECOND AVENUE WEST.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Superior street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—1025 WEST First street, city water. John Flood.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURNISHed or unfurnished. Inquire at First Avenue Grocery.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR two ladies; breakfast if desired. Reasonable. 204 East Third street.

THREE ROOMS, UPSTAIRS, IN REAR of lot. 616 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 605 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS, ELECTRIC light, water paid by owner. 10 East Fifth street.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, modern, 'phone service. 106 Eighth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS UP stairs at 14 East Seventh street. No children.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT WITH use of kitchen. 411½ East Fourth St.

FURNISHED ROOM—9 WEST SECOND street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MERABA building, Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 2 BLOCKS from court house. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT — COTTAGE ON PARK Point, for four gentlemen. Call 1834 Minesota avenue, or phone 121-R.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, eight-room, modern conveniences. Owner wishes to reserve room and board with tenant. 430 Manhattan building.

FOR RENT — COTTAGE ON PARK Point for four gentlemen. 1834.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY —G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, phone 24.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FURNISHED flat; $17.00 a month. 1027 East Third St.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT, MODERN EXCEPT heat; good location; reasonable rent. Y 71, Herald.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE, INquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENtral; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

SIX-ROOM BRICK FLAT. 1007 EAST Fifth street.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED APARTments, No. 31 East Superior street. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—SMALL FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water, at No. 319 Sixth avenue west, $15 per month. William E. Richardson, assignee, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STEAM-HEATED STORE ROOM AND basement in brick block. First avenue east, near Superior street. Low rent.

MILTON BLOCK—STORE ROOM NO. 130 West Michigan street, three floors, steam heat if desired.

LOTS 50x90 FEET, STEAM HEATED, electric elevators, front and rear; good light; railroad spur at rear; suitable for wholesale, jobbing or light manufacturing.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO., 220 West Superior Street.

FOR RENT—RESTAURANT, FURNISHed complete, good proposition. 2068 West

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, fine brick block; rent cheap. Apply Sherwood, 615 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — BUTCHER SHOP WITH fixtures complete. 508 West First street. Inquire Crystal restaurant.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313 X Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED TO TRADE FARM LANDS near Superior for team draft horses, also team drivers. Ernest A. Arnold, Superior, Wis.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. 202 West Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD—211 W. Second St.

DERMATOLOGIST.

L. M. HOYT, 7 OVER BIG DULUTH. Shampoo and scalp treatment. New 'phone 1702 D.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

CENTRAL HALL, 12TH AVE. W.

FOR RENT—PARTIES AND DANCES; reasonable rates; orchestra in connection. Receptions Wed and Sat. 1204 W. Michigan St. Zenith 'phone 1665-X.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorses or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
'Phones—New, 883; old, 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

Salary Loans and Chattel Loans. YOU CAN BORROW
$10 and pay $ .50 weekly; $2 monthly
$15 and pay $ .75 weekly; $3 monthly
$20 and pay $1.00 weekly; $4 monthly
$25 and pay $1.25 weekly; $5 monthly
These amounts pay both principal and interest, at
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY—IF YOU HAVE FROM $250 TO $100,000, loan it on improved Duluth property. I guarantee 6 to 7 per cent interest net on loans running one to four years. Correspondence a pleasure. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8-9 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 46 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others, upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

TO LOAN $2,000—IN ONE AMOUNT OR divided—rate 6 to 7 per cent. L. A. Barnes, Woodward building, West Duluth.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop, 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood. New 'phone 1703.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—ARIZONA COPPER Mountain and Parry Sound. A 47, Herald.

I HAVE AN EASTERN CLIENT WHO wishes to buy from 1,000 to 5,000 acres within twelve miles of Duluth. I wish prices on small and large tracts of cut-over and timbered lands. W. F. Leggett, 507 Burrows building.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 114 S. 14th Ave. E.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 Both 'phones.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue West.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS PEACHEY, 307 First National bank.

MISS N. ORTON, 102 Manhattan Bldg.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old phone.

MASONRY.

CONCRETE WORK, ETC. 24 WEST First street. Anton Neubeck.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1402 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LAUNDRY GIRL AT ONCE. Spalding hotel.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; good wages; small family. 1505 East Second street.

WANTED—SWEDISH HOUSEKEEPER for two single men. Box 156, West Duluth.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL—627 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. 12½ Chester terrace.

KITCHEN GIRL WANTED, 707 WEST Superior street.

WANTED — ENERGETIC WOMEN TO travel on salary to get agents for superior line of goods. Corset & Skirt Co., Ann Arbor, Mich.

SIX EXPERIENCED DINING ROOM girls at Hotel Lennox.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL OR GIRL FOR general housework. 226 East Third St.

WANTED—YOUNG NURSE MAID TO assist in care of children. Apply mornings. 1514 East Third.

WANTED—THIRTY GIRLS FOR GENeral housework, hotel cook, chamberwork, dishwashing and dining room work. All big wages. Call Mrs. Somers' Employment Office, 17 Second avenue east.

DISHWASHER AND DINING ROOM girl at California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; new corner preferred. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—COOK—1232 EAST FIRST ST.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1001 East Second street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

PALMIST.

Madame De Verner,
PALMIST AND MEDIUM.

Have your future told by Madame De Verner, Palmist. Your past, present and future told, business and family matters explained; also advice given in love affairs. Call and see plaster casts of the Princess of Wales and also of President and Mrs. McKinley, whose hands she has read. Private readings can be had at your residence by notifying the medium at North Star Hotel, 529½ West Michigan street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temeprate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Tailor—to prepare for position as Inspector of Clothing—entrance salary $80 a month. Also young man to prepare for position of departmental clerk and bookkeeper. Entrance salary bookkeeper, $60, and clerk, $600 a year. Exams in April and May. Write or see at once. Jno. A. Morgan, 406 Providence building, Duluth.

WANTED — BELL BOY — SPALDING hotel.

WANTED—ELEVATOR BOY AT ONCE. Hotel McKay.

SALESMEN WANTED—THREE SALESmen for our county, township and railroad survey of Minnesota; counties and towns fully indexed and populations given; congressional districts outlined and numbered; all railroads plainly shown and the distances between all towns on them given in figures. A splendid opertunity for energetic men. Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago.

WANTED—ONE COAT MAKER AND one trouser maker. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue West.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BUSHELMAN —Parker.

WANTED—AN UNMARRIED MAN AS bookkeeper, salary $65. Position permanent and growing. Address "W. S. B.," care Evening Herald, giving age, references and where last employed.

WANTED—INSTALLMENT COLLECtor for merchandise accounts. Good salary and expenses. Address Globe company, 723 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED — GROCERYMEN, BAKERS, butchers, to use our up-to-date delivery wagons; best values for the money. L. Hammel company, 302 East First street.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, 221 2nd Ave. S., Minneapolis.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

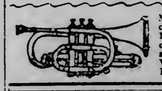
WANTED — TWO GOOD COATMAKers; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torey.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

FINE LINE OF GENTS' SHOES AT 50 cents on the dollar. Repairing while you wait. Half soles, 50 cents. 229 East Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts, removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTical dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 20, 1905. Work—First degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 27, 1905. Work—Second Degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 22, 1905. Work—M.M. degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave March 28, 7:30 p. m., at new Masonic Temple. p. m., at new Masonic Temple. Drill, followed by refreshments. C. W. Wilson, commander; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.

Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 23rd, 1905. Work—Fifteenth degree. New Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John F. Peterson, Com., 2017 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 22 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting March 23rd. Both degrees. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder, O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Sheperdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the 1st. March 21. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GRANT LODGE, K. of P., No. 3 (colored), meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; W. S. Mosely, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 73, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall. Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 7, 1905. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m. in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 5. Dance in hall, Wednesday, March 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen.; Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east; H. V. Holmes, paymaster and treasurer, 421 Fifteenth avenue east.

House and Lot Buying Made Easy Through the Herald's Daily Bulletin of Real Estate Bargains

NOW is the opportune time for the Home-buyer or Investor to find exactly what he has fondly wished for—NOW is the opportune time for the Agent or Owner to Advertise his offerings in the Herald's Want Pages.

14 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 14 Pages.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

A LONGER TERM FOR THE GOVERNOR AND ONLY ONE TERM PROPOSED BY BILL

For Constitutional Amendment Introduced In Minnesota Senate.

Capt. Lewis Heads Delegation to Launching of the Battleship.

Electric Light Plant Enabling Act Offered By Delegation.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—A longer term for the governor and only one term, and a longer term for the lieutenant governor, without that restriction, are the features of a proposed constitutional amendment submitted to the senate this morning by Senator Wilson of Minneapolis. It makes the two heads of the ticket hold office for four years, and provides that the governor cannot succeed himself.

More money for state officers is proposed by a bill offered by Senator A. R. McGill of St. Paul, raising the secretary of state, the state treasurer and the state auditor from $2,500 a year to $5,000 each.

The house voted on Sherman Smith's bill to increase the pay of senators and representatives to $500 a year instead of about $500 every two years, and it did not get enough votes to pass. It received 57 votes, 3 less than enough, and there were 50 votes against it. For purposes of reconsideration the author of the bill changed his vote and voted against the bill, and then secured a reconsideration by a vote of 61 to 48. Members were very coy about voting, and on the first call hardly one-half voted. It is probable that when the bill is finally voted upon, it will pass the house.

J. H. Dorsey's bill prohibiting corporations from making campaign contributions was referred to the judiciary committee of the house on motion of R. J. Wells of Breckenridge, for an opinion as to its constitutionality.

Dr. Dorsey protested at first, saying that this was simply a method of putting the bill out of existence. "Kill it if you want to," said the doctor, "but don't do the baby act. If you have not sand enough to vote against it, vote for it."

The chairman of the judiciary committee said the committee would not kill it but would report it back promptly, so the author of the bill trusted to this promise, and the motion carried.

Captain Lewis of Duluth heads the delegation sent by the legislature to represent it at the launching of the battleship Minnesota. The other house members are J. H. Dorsey of Glencoe and A. M. Hayes of Hastings. Senators W. A. Smith of Windom and L. E. Jepson of Minneapolis represent the senate.

M. S. Carl's resolution for an investigation into the salaries, fees and emoluments received by all state officers during the past two years, was adopted by the house.

L. C. Simons offered a resolution, which was adopted, asking the attorney general when the last day for introducing bills comes. It is probably Saturday.

The St. Louis county delegation offered the electric light plant enabling act. Mr. Hugo introduced it in the house for the delegation, and in the senate it appears as a strictly delegation measure. The bond issue under it is limited to $400,000.

John Saari of Sparta offered a bill appropriating $3,000 for a bridge in Meadowlands township, St. Louis county Senator Hawkins offered the same bill in the senate. Mr. Saari also offered a new form of the bill asked for by the January grand jury regarding the inspection of accounts of cities, villages, townships and school districts. The old bill made the judges appoint the accountants at the request of the county attorney, but in the new one the state public examiner is to do the work when he thinks it proper.

O. E. Hogue offered a bill closing saloons all day on Memorial day in communities that have exercises.

W. W. Bardwell of Minneapolis offered a bill prohibiting the sale of any utensil or stove to contain gasoline that is not made of copper that will not corrode.

The senate passed the Wilson bill prohibiting the sale of giant firecrackers after July 1.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

INCREASE IN STATE TAX LEVY POSSIBLE

To Meet Demands Being Made Upon the State Treasury.

Railroads to Fight Raise In the Gross Earnings Tax.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state may be up against the necessity of increasing the tax levy to meet the financial demands that are to be made upon the state treasury.

The appropriation committees of both houses have this now before them, together with a mass of bills making appropriations and a set of figures showing about how much money can be expected to take care of the state during the next two years.

Try as they may, they cannot make the two accounts balance.

There is first a deficit of $300,000 to be made up out of the money that is coming in.

Next, the board of control is asking for about $1,000,000 to take care of the state institutions under its care.

These two items, with the regular standing appropriations will eat up all that is expected to be realized out of taxes at the present rate of taxation for state purposes.

It is impossible to figure on the extra 1 per cent gross earnings tax to be levied upon the railroads under the provisions of the constitutional amendment adopted by the people last fall raising the tax from 3 to 4 per cent.

The railroads are going to fight this increase, it is stated reliably, and there are good lawyers who say they will win out, on the ground that in the case of most of the roads the change impairs the obligation of a contract between the roads and the state. This feat of breaking a contract the courts have said, from the Dartmouth college case down to date, legislatures cannot do.

But anyway, even if the courts decide that there is no contract and that the state can raise this tax, it will be a bugaup for several years, no doubt, while the case is being fought through the courts up to the top and finally decided.

So it is quite clear that during the next two years there is no use in figuring on this extra 1 per cent.

The situation at this point leaves a vast pile of appropriation bills facing a large zero mark on the books of the appropria-

(Continued on page 8, third column.)

DULUTH DELEGATION FOR COURTHOUSE BILL

Amended to Give County Board the Balance of Power.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—After over three hours of feverish deliberation in executive session at the Ryan hotel last night the Duluth delegation decided to support the courthouse commission bill and introduce it as a delegation measure. It was first amended, however, to give the county commissioners the balance of power by requiring that three of its members, instead of two, should be county commissioners. One or two opposed this change bitterly, but ineffectually. There was also opposition to the approval of the electric light enabling plant bill, especially by those who wished action deferred until the Commercial club meets Saturday night, but this, too, was made a delegation measure and will be introduced as such. This is in its original form without any mention of telephones and street railway plants.

Capt. Neil McInnis, of Eveleth, a member of the St. Louis board of county commissioners, gave out an intimation at the meeting of the delegation that the action of the county board on the courthouse site proposition was not final.

This was after an open meeting of the delegation, at which Capt. McInnis and J. W. Falk of Eveleth had been present and had spoken upon the bill. Capt. McInnis said further that the action of the range commissioners in voting against the down-town site was partly and perhaps largely based on the fear that a joint city hall and courthouse proposition was proposed, and that the county would get the worst of it.

Neither Capt. McInnis nor Mr. Falk came down to be heard on the matter. Both happened to be in town on other business, and were invited to be present by the range representatives, Messrs. Dowling and Saari.

The open meeting was very short, and nothing was taken up except the courthouse bill. After this had been briefly discussed the delegation went into executive session, in which condition it continued to a late hour.

Neither Mr. Falk nor Capt. McInnis took a very pronounced stand against the bill, though both said that it had the appearance of being a blow at the county board.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

TO STOP VESSELS FROM ROLLING

Berlin, March 23.—The Hamburg-American line is fitting out the steamer Vulcan at its works at Stettin with an invention of Otto Shyd, an engineer of Hamburg, which, it is expected, will reduce the rolling of vessels at sea to a minimum. It consists of a massive balance wheel, mounted in such a manner as to counteract the shifting of the center of gravity of the ship. The invention hitherto has only been tested in connection with models, but the Hamburg-American officials are so convinced of its utility that they are advancing money and loaning a vessel for a trial, which will take place in June or July.

Naval engineers regard the invention as likely to be of the greatest use to warships in adding to the stability of the gun platforms.

PEASANTS SHOT DOWN BY TROOPS

Kutno, Russian Poland, March 23.—Ten peasants were killed and fifty wounded at Lamenta, March 21, as the result of the shooting of infantry sent to quell disturbances. A crowd of peasants from Benignowa proceeded to Lamenta to induce the farm laborers to strike, and rioting occurred. The chief of police, with a company of soldiers, went to the scene and the troops fired two volleys at the peasants, killing two on the spot and wounding fifty. The latter were brought in carts to the hospital here, where seven men and one woman subsequently died. Eleven others are dying.

Kutno is situated seventy miles west of Warsaw. It has a population of about 10,000 souls.

DARING ESCAPE OF MAIL ROBBER

Tacoma, March 23.—Albert F. Bell, one of the most noted mail pouch robbers in the United States has made a successful dash for liberty at the United States prison on McNeils island and escaped into the heavy woods near the prison.

Bell covered his tracks so thoroughly that all trace of him was lost soon after entering the woods and a general alarm was turned in at the prison, guards being sent out to scour the woods and guard all avenues of escape from the island. The bloodhounds at the prison were immediately pressed into service.

Bell is wanted in many cities in the United States and was arrested in Tacoma last April for stealing a mail pouch at Seattle and sentenced to two years imprisonment. He made a most daring escape from federal officers two years ago by jumping from a passenger train while being taken from Denver to Philadelphia on a charge of stealing mail pouches.

MISSISSIPPI IS OPEN.

La Crosse, March 23.—Navigation opened on the Mississippi river today, the ice on the upper river going out in a general movement. The opening of navigation is a week earlier than last year.

RUSSIAN LOAN SIGNED.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—The internal loan of $100,000,000 was signed today. The price of issue is 86, and the bonds are redeemable in fifty years.

PROSPECTS OF STEEL MARKET

For the Coming Year Are Considered Very Favorable.

Cleveland, March 23.—The Iron Trade Review this week says: The purchase of 200,000 tons of steel billets by the Pittsburg Steel company from the United States Steel corporation and the Republic Iron & Steel company, deliveries extending to the middle of 1906, is the event of the week. A conversion deal involving the purchase of 100,000 tons of Bessemer pig iron from merchant furnaces was under consideration by the same company but this plan was given up and the large contract for steel is the outcome. About 10,000 tons of basic billets and 6,000 tons of Bessemer billets a month will be delivered, the basic steel being furnished by the steel corporation. The announced price is $25, Pittsburg, which would indicate an entirely favorable view of steel market prospects for the coming year.

TURBINE STEAMER SAILS.

Liverpool, March 23.—The new Allan liner turban steamer Victorian was bidden an enthusiastic farewell when she started on her maiden voyage to Montreal this afternoon. The Victorian carries about 1,500 passengers, including a number of enbineering experts.

THE ADVOCATES OF PEACE BELIEVE THEY HAVE WON

HANGING IS BUNGLED

Noose Slips and Victim Staggers Under the Gallows.

Caught By Sheriff and Carried Back to the Jail.

The Second Attempt on Trembling Man Was Successful.

Pittsburg, March 23.—Two men were hanged here today and the first unsuccesful hanging was recorded in Allegheny county. Reno Dardaia went to the scaffold first and his neck was broken. William J. Byers followed him and when the trap was sprung the loop of the noose pulled away, precipitating him to the ground. For about one minute he staggered around the scaffold and then Sheriff Dickson caught him and removing the noose and black cap carried him into the jail. He was not badly hurt as the result of the fall. The rope was again adjusted and Byers, pale and trembling, was again placed on the scaffold, and the trap sprung. This time there was no mishap and death resulted from strangulation.

Byers was convicted on his own confession of the killing of August J. Layton, at Turtle Creek, Pa., June 3, 1901. In the confession he implicated Layton's wife and John McWilliams. They were tried and acquitted. McWilliams afterwards married Mrs. Layton.

Dardaia killed Thomas Sinclair at Imperial, Pa., Sept. 26, 1903, during a quarrel over a drink of whisky and a dollar. He claimed the killing was in self defense.

REVISION OF TARIFF

May Be Followed By Internal Taxes to Make Up Deficiency.

New York, March 23.—Secretary Leslie M. Shaw of the treasury department has visited this city, and together with Senator Allison of Iowa, consulted with local interests, it is said, concerning proposals conected with suggested tariff revisions, to be considered by a special session of congress in the fall.

Senator Allison, who is ranking member of the senate finance committee in the absence abroad of the chairman, Senator Aldrich, has been here since Monday conferring with representatives of various trades, as to possible effects of reductions in schedules affecting their products. While planning to leave the city early today, he will return from time to time during the next two months to meet other members of his committee and of the house committee on ways and means. Meanwhile members of the committees will consult interests in other cities and states in order to get a clear idea as to the best method of solving the questions involved.

Senator Allison would not discuss the trades to be affected but it is intimated by the Herald that in order to make up the deficiency in revenue through reduction of certain tariffs, several schedules of the least obnoxious of the internal revenue taxes imposed during the war with Spain may be revived.

SIX MEN CARRIED OVER DAM AND ARE DROWNED.

Charlerio, Pa., March 23.—During a heavy fog today William Higgins, a ferryman, at Lock No. 2, attempted to row five men across the Monongahela river. When in midstream, the ferryman lost his way and the boat was carried over the dam and capsized. The occupants were thrown into the stream and before their calls for aid could be answered they were swept out of sight. Several hours later the ferryman's yawl was located over a mile below the dam, but none of the bodies have been found. The names of the five men have not yet been learned.

SHAREHOLDER AFRAID FOR ENGLAND'S BULLION.

London, March 23.—At the half-yearly meeting of the Bank of England today a dividend of 4½ per cent was declared. The net profits for the six months ending Feb. 28 were $3,291,445.

A nervous shareholder drew attention to the railroad tunneling all around the bank, and in close proximity to the subterranean vaults holding the country's bullion, and offering facilities for the use of explosives by burglars. Governor Morley reassured him.

ALTON ELEVATOR BURNED.

Alton, Ill., March 23.—One of the elevators of the Sparks Milling company burned today and the greater part of 55,000 bushels of wheat in the elevator was ruined, either by fire or water. The entire loss will be about $60,000.

THE CITY OF BROCKTON MOURNS FOR ITS DEAD

Twenty Thousand Operatives Attend Funerals of Five Victims.

Brockton, Mass., March 23.—Public funeral services were held today for more than two score of persons who lost their lives last Monday in the explosion and fire, which created the greatest calamity in the history of the city, and one of the greatest New England ever has known. Twenty thousand of Brockton's inhabitants work in the great shoe factories of the city, and all that vast number joined today in the public manifestation of sorrow. Sixty factories closed their doors. Business as far as possible was suspended. Street cars did not run during the funeral services, and traffic on the streets was almost entirely stopped. Everywhere flags were at half staff and buildings draped with long black streamers attested to the presence of a great universal bereavement. Marching bodies of silent men, accompanied by bands and drum corps playing dirges for the dead, evidenced the general sympathy with those left behind by the men and women who went to work Monday morning and never returned to their homes.

During the forenoon the bodies of the fifty-five victims recovered from the factory ruins were placed in caskets. Three public funeral services were arranged, one at the city theater, and another at the Porter Congregational church, the third at St. Paul's Episcopal church.

It was announced today that the relief fund for the fire sufferers had reached $13,704.

The towns about Brockton, many of the residents of which worked in the Grover factory, and some of whom met death there, joined in the general expression of sorrow and sent many of their people to participate in the services of the day. Only fifteen of the fifty-five bodies recovered from the fire ruins had been identified, the remaining forty being so mutilated as to be totally unrecognizable. The city hall and many other buildings were draped in black, while the meeting places of the many labor unions, whose ranks suffered from the fire, and the factories of the city, all bore evidence of mourning. The store windows in the principal streets were either draped in black or the shades were drawn, to signify the suspension of business.

During the forenoon, at St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church, a solemn high mass or requiem for the repose of the souls of four parishioners who, it is believed, certainly perished in the fire, though none were among the identified dead, was celebrated. Special services were held at other churches for three other victims.

In contrast with the dull and rainy weather conditions of the day of the explosion, today was fair and clear.

FRANCE CONSIDERS SITUATION RELIEVED

By Indefinite Postponement of Cable Case By Venezuelan Court.

Paris, March 23.—In the course of Ambassador Porter's weekly visit to the foreign office today he conferred with Foreign Minister Delcasse relative to the Franco-Venezuelan situation and it was disclosed that the French government considers that the emergency of the situation has been entirely relieved as a result of the indefinite postponement of the decision of the Caracas court in the case of the French Cable company. The future course is expected to be slow owing to the necessity for carrying on negotiations by mail. The authorities here share the belief concerning the hopelessness of the present regime in Venezuela and incline to the view that sooner or later some united means may have to be taken to ensure respect for foreign interests in Venezula.

London, March 23.—The Associated Press learned today at the office of the council of foreign bondholders that the agreement between the Venezulan government and the British and German bondholders adjusting and consolidating the exterior debt, about $28,600,000 has already been signed by the representatives of Venezula and the German bondholders. The agreement is now on its way to London for the signature of the representatives of the British bondholders.

With reference to a dispatch from Washington reporting that objections are raised to the agreement, Secretary Cooper of the council of foreign bondholders said he considers article 6 of the Washington protocol of 1903 absolutely justifies the agreement and adds:

"During the negotiations we found President Castro to be perfectly businesslike and animated by a desire to effect a settlement."

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Mr. Cooper pointed out, however, that the signing of the agreement was only one step toward a settlement, since the document contains clauses relative to other creditors, the provisions of which it was desired to keep secret, but which he said, must first be fulfilled before a settlement with the anglo-German bondholders can become an accomplished fact.

ITALIANS AND RUSSIANS JEWS ARE FLOODING THE COUNTRY

New York, March 23.—The spring rush of immigration has almost swamped the government officials at Ellis island. In the last three days 16,000 immigrants have reached this port. Reports received from abroad indicate that the rush will continue to increase in April and May, and it is feared that Ellis island will be taxed beyond its capacity.

Great demands for steerage passage are being made at nearly every port of immigrant embarkation. The steerage capacity on all of the principal steamship lines already is booked many weeks ahead, and the companies are compelled to put on extra steamers to meet the great European exodus. Over 7,000 Russian Hebrews have reached here since the first of the month, but the immigration from Italy leads the list in point of numbers. In the last twenty-two days Ellis island received 18,000 Italians. The percentage of Hungarian immigration is also showing a remarkable increase.

SMALL RIOT AT SUBWAY STATION

New York, March 23.—Motorman James Daly was seriously injured, several persons were slightly hurt, and traffic in the subway was blocked for half an hour during the rush hours early today, as a result of a rear-end collision of two trains, at One Hundred and Sixteenth street. The accident is said to have resulted from a misunderstanding of signals by the motorman. Riotous scenes on the platform of the station followed the smash-up. The platform was crowded with the passengers of the wrecked trains, and others were being admitted from the street, when the subway employes ordered everybody to leave the platform. It was stated that no fares were returned. Confusion resulted, and the angry patrons began smashing the car windows. Police reserves were summoned, and the angry men and women, some of them injured, were ejected.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT FOR DESERTING MIDDY.

Washington, March 23.—President Roosevelt has approved the sentence of the court-martial inflicted upon Midshipman Arrowwood of North Carolina, recently tried for desertion from the navy. The sentence carries with it dismissal, and the law bearing on the case provides that a man so dismissed shall not hereafter be eligible to any rights of citizenship.

METAL TRADES MEET.

Chicago, March 23.—The seventh annual convention of the National Metal Trades' associations began here today with over 200 members in attendance. "Developing Evils in Trades' Unionism" was discussed by J. Kirby, Jr., of Dayton, Ohio.

PROPOSAL TO JAPAN

Looking to Terms Is Imminent If Not Already Made.

The Japanese Troops Have Entered and Occupied Changtu.

Linevitch Has Heard of No More Encounters With Japs.

St. Petersburg, March 23, 6:05 p. m.—The ministers and supporters of the court who advocate the submission of pacific proposals to Japan, as previously set forth in these dispatches, so as to ascertain whether an honorable basis of peace is possible, believe they have carried the day, and it appears that an actual step is imminent, if not already taken.

London, March 23, 3:07 p. m.—The cabinet met this afternoon at the foreign office. According to a news agency, the ministers assembled to consider a proposal for the intervention of the powers in the Russo-Japanese war. No confirmation of the report has thus far been obtainable.

4:50 p. m.—It is authoritatively stated that the cabinet meeting today had no connection whatever with intervention in the far Eastern war.

Tokio, March 23, noon.—An official report from Imperial army headquarters says:

"Our detachment pursuing the enemy entered Changtu on March 21 at 2:30 p. m.

"A large body of the enemy, in disorder, is retreating toward the northeast, along the line of the railroad.

"A part of the enemy's cavalry has halted at a point within two miles north of Changtu."

St. Petersburg, March 23.—Gen. Linevitch telegraphed under date of March 22 that he had no news of any encounters with the Japanese on March 21.

ATTACK ON VLADIVOSTOK

From Japanese Expected Soon By the Russians.

Portland, Or., March 23.—According to advices brought by the Portland and Asiatic liner Arabia from Yokohama, which arrived yesterday, it is believed in Yokohama that Japan will soon attempt to capture Vladvistok. There are at present about forty blockade runners in Japanese ports of different nationalities, which have been captured attempting to enter Russian ports. The crews of the captured vessels are treated well by the Japanese, and as rapidly as possible sent to their various home ports.

According to blockade runners on the return trip from Vladivostok the harbor there is filled with vessels loaded with provisions and coal. Provisions are said to be cheap, meat being sold for 20 kopeks (10 cents) a pound. The same impression exists in Vladivistok as in Yokohama, that the Japanese intend to attack the place in the immediate future.

TEMPORARY RESPITE

Seems to Be Given Russians By the Japs.

Gunshu Pass, March 23.—The Japanese appear to have given the Russians a temporary respite from pursuit, probably for the purpose of reforming their forces, as they did after the pursuit of the Russians, north from Liaoyang. The Russian front runs southeast by northwest, with the Russian right much nearer the railroad than the left, while the Japanese position follows a line intersecting Kaiyuan.

The impression here is that the Japanese eastern army is marching on Kirin, while the western army is continuing north between the Mongolian border and the railway, with the main line from Harbin westward, its objective; but a period of inactivity is the likeliest outcome, after the great exertions of the Japanese on the Shakhe, at Mukden and at Tie pass.

Rumors of a probability that Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch will assume command of the armies, lately current at Mukden, have been revived here the past two days, and are continuing in spite of the domination of Gen. Linevitch.

There is little or nothing known here of the happenings in the outside world since the army is now cut off from all communication by way of China, but are interested in the rumored peace discussions.

HAD $4,000 IN HER BUSTLE.

Cincinnati, March 23.—While working over a wash tub, Mrs. Anne Ellsworth Werner, wife of a contractor, dropped dead from heart trouble, and in preparing the body for burial $3,900 in bonds and $151 in cash were found in the bustle she wore at the time.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Now on Sale—
New Spring Styles
"Manhattan Shirts."

Plain and plaited bosoms—coat and regular styles—every new idea—every new pattern is shown in great variety by us at—

$1.50 $1.75 $2 $2.50 $3 and $3.50

M. S. BURROWS.

CASE GETS TO THE JURY

Sherwood Action Being Deliberated—Other Matters.

The civil action of the Farrell-Turnbull company against Mrs. Cornelia Vanvick, to recover judgment for an amount claimed to be due for services rendered, was submitted to Judge Ensign, yesterday afternoon.

In Judge Cant's room, this morning, after all the testimony was introduced in the personal injury case of A. V. Bailey against Swallow & Hopkins, the defendants made a motion for a directed verdict in their favor. The jury was excused until this afternoon, while the attorneys argued on the motion.

The case of W. C. Sherwood against C. J. Petruschke was given to the jury early this afternoon, arguments being made by the attorneys during the morning session of court.

IS GLAD TO GO.

Lee Wong Submits Gracefully to the Inevitable.

Lee Wong, the Chinaman ordered deported at Duluth for having an altered certificate, is the happiest celestial in America, says a Minneapolis paper. Under the charge of United States Marshal William Grimshaw, Jr., he is on a Great Northern grain bound for Port Townsend, Wash.

Lee Wong belonged to one of the families of river merchants who live on the Canton river and carry on their trade between Hongkong and Canton. He has a classical education and was heir to an estate of some importance in the eyes of the ordinary Chinese. While on a visit to Canton, he became so impressed with the new learning of the "foreign devils" that he decided to see something of the world. Under the influence of a powerful society or tong he bound himself to make the trip. Just how he was smuggled into this country is not known or where he obtained his certificate.

However, when he had been here but a short time he learned that the white man's gold was hard to obtain.

Between the fears of the Chinese inspectors and the society to which he had bound himself, he was never at rest. He longed for his beautiful home on the Canton river, but could not save up enough money to return. The day he was ordered deported he did not plead for mercy, but fell to the ground thanking his deliverers. He had expected a severe punishment, but instead found his fondest hope realized.

DEMENTED MOTHER

Roamed In Woods, Calling Dead Baby's Name.

Huntington, W. Va., March 23.—After wandering for days almost naked in the wilds of Wyoming county, Mrs. Andy Adkins of Fudge Creek, Grant District, has been found by a rescuing party. She had been cared for at the home by her family since her reason became dethroned, more than a year ago, after the birth of a baby daughter, which died soon afterward. She imagined the baby was lost in the woods and kept constantly asking to be allowed to go find her.

With this hallucination working on her mind, she slipped away from the house Thursday morning before daybreak, clad only in a thin suit of underclothing and a nightgown, and was swallowed up in the wilderness.

When found she was almost dead from starvation and was calling "Anita," the name she insisted on giving the baby she believed lost. She will be committed to the asylum.

DESCENDANTS OE THE LOST TRIBES OF ISRAEL.

New York, March 23.—A picturesque party of men, women and children, eighty-three in number, members of a religious sect, ho proclaim themselves descendants of the lost tribes of Israel, arrived here today on the steamer Prinzess Irene. They come from Australia and are bound for Benton Harbor, Mich., where they say 400 members of the sect already are established. They call themselves children of Israel and are vegetarians. The men wear long hair and beards. They profess to believe in the saving of the mortal body as well as the soul.

FAMOUS WOMAN LIFE SAVER DEAD IN ONTARIO.

Langton, Ont., March 23.—Abigail Becker, famed in song and story throughout Canada, is dead at her home at Walsingham Center. Unaided she saved the crew of the schooner Conductor, wrecked at Long Point on Lake Erie in November, 1853.

For her bravery the government gave her a farm, Buffalo ship owners $1,000, and the New York Life Saving association, a gold medal.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

ST. PAUL WORKMAN FALLS EIGHTY FEET.

St. Paul, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—A workman fell a distance of eighty feet while working on the high bridge this morning and probably was fatally injured. He was working upon the false work, which has been put up by the city engineer while the work of repairing the structure is in progress.

When picked up he was badly hurt internally and in an unconscious condition. The ambulance was sent for and the man was taken to the city hospital.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY PAYS FINE OF $100.

Hopkinsville, Ky., March 23.—The Standard Oil company has accepted judgment and a fine of $100 on one batch of fifty indictments recently returned against it charging it with selling oil without a license. Other indictments were continued pending a decision of the court of appeals in a similar case from Trigg county.

The company contends that the payment of the fine in one case kills the rest of the indictments.

The Last Game!
AT ARMORY
FRIDAY NIGHT, MARCH 24.
Co. C vs. Third Regiment Band for Championship of League.

GOES TO JAIL

On His Own Confession He Shot Another.

Albert Lea, Minn., March 23.—C. A. Gardenier is in jail on his own confession of shooting Billie Caffey twice in the stomach or bowels, with a 22-caliber revolver. The row was over Gardenier charging that Caffey was trying to steal money. Caffey has not been found yet. He may be dead somewhere, but probably is in hiding. Caffey is a lumber jack and has been here five days.

SAVED BY UNDERTAKER.

Woman In Coffin Found to Be Alive.

Caco, Me., March 23.—Clad in burial robes and resting in a casket, a supposed victim of the grippe, Mrs. Eben Kemp moved a hand as the undertaker was making the final arrangements for the funeral. The undertaker hurriedly called several physicians, who applied powerful restoratives, and Mrs. Kemp opened her eyes. She is the daughter of Mrs. Charles E. Stevens of this place, and other than being weak from lack of nourishment, her health is restored. Mrs. Kemp was sick but a few days. Her physician said death was due to heart failure.

OBJECT TO FOUR YEAR MUTUALIZATION PLAN.

New York, March 23.—A committee headed by John D. Crimmins of this city, and claiming to represent a large number of policy holders in the Equitable Life Assurance society met today and expressed disapproval of the four-year mutualization plan adopted by the society's directors several days ago. The committee announced its intention to work for the election of the Equitable's entire board of fifty-two directors by the policy holders instead of twenty-eight as proposed by the directors.

YACHT SOLD TO PERU.

Lima, Peru, March 23.—The Peruvian transport Chalaco proceeded to Panama yesterday, taking the officers and crew of the British yacht Veronique, which was engaged in the treasure-seeking expedition to Cocos island. The enterprise, which was headed by Earl Fitzwilliam, resulted in disappointment. The Veronique has been purchased by Peru for $150,000, and will be used as a coast guard vessel.

VESUVIUS CALMS DOWN.

New York, March 23.—Explosions of Vesuvius have abated, cables the Herald's correspondent at Naples. The only sign of internal activity is an occasional light puff of material and smoke.

A merchant is peculiarly the architect of his own income. He plans his advertising campaign either for dividends or deficits.

SPECIAL PRICES!

Reliable Dentistry

Don't forget our special price offer for this month. This offer is made to introduce our work and get acquainted in Duluth. We are here to stay. All work guaranteed.

This Month.

$15 set of Teeth for...$10
$10 set of Teeth for... $8
$8 set of Teeth for... $5
$1 Fillings for.....75c
$7 Crowns for $6
$5 Crowns for $4

See us before having your dental work done. Examinations free. Extracting FREE with plates.

LEE & TURLEY,
114 West Superior Street.
OVER FOLZ.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays 9 to 4.

OLSON IS CHOSEN

President of the New Board of Public Works.

R. Murchison Re-Elected as Clerk of the Board.

O. G. Olson will be the president of the board of public works for the coming year.

At a meeting held this morning the organization of the new board was effected, and Mr. Olson was chosen by his confreres to act as president.

Mr. Olson has held his position on the board for one year, while the other two members, David Sang and Thomas Dillon, have just assumed office. By reason of his seniority on the board, and his greater experience, Mr. Olson was chosen as president. Among the other duties of president is that of attending all council meetings and explaining any matters on which the aldermen desire information.

The only other matter transacted this morning was the election of a clerk, R. Murchison, who has held the position for several years, was elected for another year. Mr. Murchison's familiarity with the affairs of the office have made his services practically indispensible at the present time, when there is so much work ahead for the coming summer, and when two of the members of the board are but newly appointed.

The street commissioners for the different districts were not appointed this morning. These and other minor officers appointed by the board will be named at some future meeting.

The meeting this morning was not a regular meeting, and no business aside from the election of officers, was transacted.

The president will apportion the work of the board to the different members. Each member has a certain department over which he has supervision, and all minor matters in connection with that department are settled by him.

Flaaten's Third Regiment Band
Lyceum Theater, Sunday Evening.
CHAS. D. OSTERGAN, Soloist.
Opening Number at 8 o'clock. All seats 25c.

CHRISTENED "ROOSEVELT"

Peary's Arctic Exploration Ship Launched at Maine Shipyard.

Bucksport, Me., March 23.—Lieut. R. E. Peary's Arctic steamship was launched successfully today. She was christened "Roosevelt" by Mrs. Peary.

This exploration was designed by Naval Architect William E. Wynant of New York, and it is claimed is the result of all that experience in Arctic navigation to this date can suggest. She is considered the strongest in construction, most powerful and best equipped craft for combatting the Arctic ice ever built. The vessel is described as "a three masted fore and aft schooner rigged steamship, with auxiliary sail power." Her principal dimensions are: Length over all, 182 feet; beam, 35.5 feet; depth, 16.3 feet; mean draft, with stores, 17 feet; gross tonnage, 614 tons, and estimated displacement, about 1,500. Her model is similar to modern built steam whalers, but rather more sharp, the particular features being her long, high raking bow, overhanging stern and general wedge shape at the sides, in order that she may be lifted free if nipped in the ice. The steamship was built of white oak, the frames being trebie and close together, with double planking, making the walls from 24 to 30 inches thick. The keel is 16 inches thick, but false keels and keelsons form a backbone projecting six feet under the entire length of the vessel. The bow is backed by twelve feet of solid deadwood. Her engine and boilers will develop from 1,000 to 1,500 horse power. Her cost, when ready for sea, will be $100,000. The funds for the vessel's construction were supplied by the Peary Arctic club of New York.

MUST ELEVATE TRACKS.

Joliet, Ill., March 23.—Judge Dibell of the Will county circuit court, rendered a sweeping decision today on the injunction brought against railroad track elevation in Joliet. The court sustained every section of the ordinance in which all railroads here have agreed to elevate their tracks.

VULCANIZER EXPLODES.

Chicago, March 23.—Terrifying hundreds of shoppers in State street, a rubber vulcanizer in the workroom of a dental manufacturing firm on the top floor of Dyche building, corner of Randolph and State, exploded today, crashed through the skylight of the building, ascended fifty feet into the air and dropped to the pavement. No one was injured.

If Constipated Do This.

This offer may not appear again. There is no catch about it. If Mull's Grape Tonic does not positively cure Constipation you are out nothing, as you may have the first bottle free. If it cures, which it will, tell others, that is all we ask. No remedy has ever before been known to cure Constipation permanently. Mull's Grape Tonic is not a physic. It is unlike anything you have ever used. It cures Constipation. If it did not this offer would ruin us. The process is gradual, but sure. You know from your own experience that physics like Pills, Salts, Castor Oil, Mineral Waters, Injections, etc., make you worse.

Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had? Your druggist sells it. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size, but if you will write today to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 207 3d Ave., Rock Island, Ill., and give druggist's name, you will receive the first bottle free with full instructions. This gives us a chance to prove to you AT OUR EXPENSE that it is a wonderful remedy and leaves you under no obligation to invest a penny. Only tell your friends about it.

ARE AFTER SHIRKS

Local Militia Officials Said to Have Held Courtmartial.

Two Duluth Soldiers Sentenced to Fine or Jail.

According to the rumors current in local military circles, the officers at the head of the militia companies are adopting strict measures to discipline delinquents at the regular weekly drills. For some time past it is said that there has been a tendency on the part of certain militiamen to neglect the drills and other measures than moral suasion have been adopted.

It is understood that two members of one of the local militia companies who refused to attend drill, were given a summary court-martial one night this week with the result that the sentence of the court gave them the choice of paying each a $5 fine or spending two days in the county jail. The findings of the court were approved, it is said by the commanding officer.

Under the state laws the officers of the militia companies are claimed to have the authority to hold summary court-martials when such are deemed necessary, and the sentence of the court, when approved by the commanding officer, has as much weight as if rendered in a civil court.

It is expected that the militia company's treasury will very shortly have its funds increased by $10 or two young men of this city will be doing a daily stunt with the "chain gang."

GOVERNMENT OF BELGIUM

Will Probably Pursue Its Own Cource With San Domingo.

Washington, March 23.—In the absence of the Belgian minister, Baron Von Moncheur in New York, nothing is known at the Belgian legation regarding the reference of President Morales in the dispatches from San Domingo published today, to the Belgian claims which the president says are being pressed. Several days ago Baron Moncheur received from his government a cablegram asking if any investigation was to be made by an American commission into the Dominican situation. It is supposed that, in view of the senate's refusal to deal wth the Dominican matter the Belgian government feels it is forced to pursue its own course. Other European nations also, while willing to await the negotiations of Secretary Hay regarding the attitude of the senate so opposed to the proposed course of the government that they fear they will have to act individually. With the failure of this treaty the state department officials think with President Morales that the creditor nations have conceived the idea that the treaty is wholly lost, but the state department officials have not abanadoned hope. Efforts are being made to collect facts and figures which will result in a change of opinion in the senate when it again assembles.

Success of Wireless Telegraphy.

A few months ago scientists were telling us that wireless telegraphy was an impossibility, but experiments have been so successful that the navy wants to equip sixty stations on our coasts for this form of communication. The day for doubting its success is now of the past, as is also the day for doubting the ability of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to cure stomach, liver and kidney disorders. Its fifty years' experience has clearly proven its ability and today it is the most popular family medicine in existence. It positively cures spring fever, sick headache, sleeplessness, impure blood, torpid liver, constipated bowels, dyspepsia, indigestion, chills, colds, la grippe and malaria. Try a bottle and test it for yourself. Our Private Stamp is over the neck of the genuine.

CHANGE PLANS.

Indoor Baseball Management to Discontinue Dancing.

It is understood that the management of the indoor baseball league has decided to discontinue for the rest of the season the plan of giving dances with the games between the various military and naval teams in the league. There still remain several games to be played in the present season's schedule and these will be played after the usual drills held at the Armory during weekday nights. Admission to these games will be had by cards to be given out by members of the militia and the naval reserve.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

McCray meat and grocery refrigerators; cash or time payments. Kelly Hardware Co.

CURLERS WILL HAVE SPREAD

Annual Banquet of Club Set For Next Week.

The annual banquet of the Duluth Curling club will be held Wednesday evening, March 29, in the Commercial club dimingroom.

The club each year gives a banquet at the close of the season, and it always proves a fitting climax to the season's sport.

The banquet this year is in charge of a committee composed of S. H. Jones, George F. McKenzie, J. T. Pugh, W. D. Newcomb and C. F. West, and it promises to be fully up to the standard of all previous affairs of its kind.

During the course of the banquet the prizes and trophies competed for during the winter will be awarded to the winning rinks.

BOSTONIAN FINE SHOES for gentlemen—regular $3.50—our price—$2.98

Tread Well Shoe Co

Successors to "The Famous" Shoe Store.

JUST RECEIVED A complete line of H. H. Gray & Son's Fine Shoes—$3.50 & $4

The first shipment of our new Shoes for spring were received yesterday. A big lot of ladies', misses' and gentlemen's shoes in vici kid, patent leathers, box calf and velour calf. They are new and snappy styles. They are placed on sale at popular prices.

The stock of the Famous will be sold regardless of cost, it must be sold, for we want a complete new stock which will be placed on sale at popular prices. Wherever we do business we get the business of the town by giving the people the very best footwear that money can produce, at the very lowest prices.

We are after the shoe business of Duluth, and if good Footwear and LOW PRICES will do it we will sell more shoes within a year than any two retail shoe houses in the city.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

GENTS' FINE SHOES—box calf and Russia calf—new and snappy styles—per pair.. $1.98

GENTS' EXTRA FINE SHOES—hand-sewed, vici kid and velour calf—a good stylish shoe—per pair only..... $2.50

MEN'S WORKING SHOES—extra heavy tap sole—per pair..... $1.98

MEN'S CRUISER AND DRIVING SHOES—the best line at the lowest prices.

MEN'S HOUSE SLIPPERS—A line for two days only—per pair..... 39c

WE ARE AGENTS for the best line of men's $3.50 and $4.00 shoes in the world—THE WALK-OVER.....

MISSES' SCHOOL SHOES—all solid box calf—lace—per pair..... $1.25

BOYS' SHOES—all solid box calf — heavy sole—per pair..... .....$1.50 and $1.25

CHILDREN'S SHOES — good dongola kid—in all syles—at per pair.....$1.00 75c, 65c and 50c

LADIES' EXTRA FINE SHOES—Ideal kid, hand made, in button and lace. made by the Pingree Shoe Co., just received—one price to all—per pair..... $3.50

LADIES' FINE STORM RUBBERS—new stock—per pair only..... 50c

LADIES' STRAP SLIPPERS—120 pairs dongola kid strap slippers—on sale at—per pair..... 98c

LADIES' FINE SHOES—vici kid, dull kid top—Blucher cut—a stylish shoe—per pair. $2.50

LADIES' SHOES—136 pairs fine dongola kid—patent tip—on sale at—per pair..... $1.29

Don't fail to come and see our new lines before buying—No trouble to show goods—All shoes as represented or money refunded.

TREAD WELL SHOE CO.,
115 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
One-Price Shoe House. Send in Your Mail Orders.

WILL PLAY WHIST

New Plan For Reviving Interest In the Game Locally.

Tournament to Be Held at Commercial Club Saturday.

A whist tournament under conditions entirely new to Duluth, and with several crack outside players in attendance, will be played in the Commercial club rooms next Sunday evening, in an effort to stimulate interest in the game at the Head of the Lakes.

The tournament will not be a club affair. It will be open to anyone desiring to play. This includes both men and women, and a person who resides at an outside point, and who is in the city for only a short time, is just as welcome as any of the home players. Arrangements are being made for ten tables. Winners will be awarded prizes, which they may themselves select from a great variety placed on display by some of the home jewelers.

If the tournament proves to be the success expected, more of the same nature will be held from time to time. W. F. Lardner, who is introducing the new idea to Duluthians, speaking relative to the matter today said:

"Four or five years ago we had a live and progressive whist club in Duluth, with forty-five or fifty members, nearly all of them good players. We were then able to pick out twenty members who could hold their own with a similar number from any other like organization in the country. Great interest was manifested in the game locally, and our sessions were very pleasant. When the Commercial club was formed the whist association melted in with it, and since that time our games have been played at the club rooms. Gradually, however, interest has died away, with the death or departure from the lists of many of the old members, and for the past two or three years there has been little doing in Duluth whist circles.

"But Duluth is not the only place thus affected. It is the same with other cities, particularly St. Paul and Minneapolis. Not half the interest is shown in the Twin City clubs now as formerly. It was at Minneapolis, as a result of this condition of affairs, that the new ida for reviving interest in the game originated. The plan is very simple. There is no organization about it. The games are open to all whist lovers. They do not have to bother with club fees or other little inconveniences. Every player pays 25 cents before starting to play, and all the money thus received is used in the purchase of prizes. This adds interest and zest to the game. There is no profit in it for anyone.

"The plan in the Twin Cities is to have a meeting of this kind every other week, first in one city and then in the other.

"Mrs. Lardner and I happened to be in St. Paul when the first game was played, and joined in. There were players from Minneapolis, Omaha, Milwaukee and Duluth. It had been hoped that enough would be present to keep fifteen tables going. To the surprise and delight of the backers of the scheme there were enough on hand to keep twenty-four tables in action. And I must say the evening passed off in an enjoyable manner as far as I was concerned, and I am sure it was the same with the remainder of the company.

"Saturday evening we shall have four or six players from St. Paul, six or eight from Superior, and expect some from Bayfield and Grand Rapids, where they have clubs. At least we have extended invitations to players in these two cities to be on hand. I have seen several of the local players and they believe with me that the plan will be a success, although it will probably not be so popular now as it will with the approach of cold weather."

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM CURES LIVER AND KIDNEY ILLS.
Your Druggist sells this famous remedy.
DROP US A POSTAL AND WE WILL MAIL YOU FREE OUR BOOK
SOUND SENSE FOR THE SICK AND THE WELL
THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

REACHES THE HIGH MARK

Duluth Board of Trade Membership Sold For $1,800.

The highest price ever paid for a membership in the Duluth board of trade was paid today when Stephen T. Welch paid $1,800 to Julius H. Barnes for a seat in the exchange. Mr. Welch will represent Watson & Co. on the floor. It is understood that there are several other interests anxious for representation on the Duluth floor and as the number of memberships is limited and none are in the hands of the board itself, the prospect for a further advance is good.

MARRIED A MONTH AGO

Miss Jenkins and Grover C. Eaton Wed at Carlton Feb. 18.

The friends of Miss Ella May Jenkins of Duluth Heights, and Grover C. Eaton, son of Frank W. Eaton of Section 30 fame, will be surprised to learn that the young folks were married over a month ago. Mrs. Eaton, Miss Jenkins who was, has been clerking in a store on Duluth Heights and yesterday quietly announced to her parents that she and Mr. Eaton were married in Carlton Feb. 18, Rev. Mr. Davis of that place performing the ceremony.

The bride is about 18 years of age and the groom about 21. He formerly worked as a clerk in Milner & Ebert's store on West Fourth street, but left today for Thomson to work for the Great Northern Power company. Mr. and Mrs. Eaton expect to go housekeeping at Thomson shortly.

INCREASE WILL BE MATERIAL

Registration Under Torrens Law Likely to Cost More.

One of the matters expected to come before the state legislature today which is of more or less interest to those who are intending to have their property registered under the Torren's system of land registration, is the bill which proposes to increase the cost of registration. Under the present law the cost of registration is $1 for the first $1,000 of assessed valuation and 25 cents for each succeeding $1,000 of valuation, or fraction thereof. The bill will increase the cost of registration on the first $1,000 assessed valuation to $3 and to $1 on each succeeding $1,000 and fraction thereof.

As an instance of the difference that this increase will make on large valuations, it may be stated that the cost of registering a property valued at $50,000, under the present law, is $15.25. If the bill becomes a law the cost on the same valuation will be $52, an increase of $36.75.

MOVED

ZIMMERMAN BROS. PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES,

Are now located in their handsome new store—corner Fourth Ave. West and First St.

Fresh Shipment Huyler's Famous Candies by Today's Express—

BOYCE'S Drug Store.

TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY

To Be Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Washington, March 23.—President Roosevelt has tendered the offer of assistant secretary of the navy to Truman H. Newberry of Detroit, Mich., and the proffer has been accepted. Mr. Newberry is a prominent business man of Detroit. He will succed Charles H. Darling of Vermont, who sometime ago tendered his resignation to the president to be accepted at the president's convenience. Mr. Darling will be appointed collector of the port of Burlington and will devote his attention to the duties of that office and to the practice of law.

The appointment of Mr. Newberry as assistant secretary of the navy led to the rumor that he was to succeed Secretary Morton at the head of the navy and that Mr. Morton was to succeed Judge Taft as secretary of war and that Judge Taft was to be transferred to the department of state as successor of Secretary Hay. There is the highest authority for the statement that no present change in the cabinet is probable.

NEW JAPANESE LOAN.

London, March 23.—Negotiations for a new Japanese loan are progressing but are still unconcluded. The amount of the loan is variously estimated up to $150,000,000 and as special security the revenue of the tobacco monopoly amounting to $150,000,000 is suggested. It is understood that the loan will be largely Anglo-American with minor participation on the part of continental houses.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Malta-Vita

The Perfect Food

is the rich man's dainty and the poor man's dinner. One dish of Malta-Vita gives more working strength to a man than many pounds of the best beef.

It is the daintiest, crispest, breakfast food made.

Now 10c

Same Size Package.

Same High Quality.

CHAMPAGNE WILL BE USED

At the Christening of the New Battleship Minnesota.

Newport News, Va., March 23.—In a letter just received here by a friend from Mrs. Albert Schaller, mother of the young lady chosen as sponsor for the battleship Minnesota, Mrs. Schaller states that her daughter is willing to defer to the wishes of the officials of the Newport News Shipbuilding company in determining the fluid to be used in christening the warship.

Mrs. Schaller says Miss Rose-Marie has not yet expressed her wishes, but at the proper time she will say that she desires the shipbuilders to follow their own inclinations in the matter.

This means that the battleship will be christened with champagne, following the usual custom, for a shipbuilder has never been known to be voluntarily a party to the christening of a ship with water, in the history of American shipbuilding.

General regret is expressed over the announcement that Governor Johnson will not attend the launching ceremonies. The elaborate post-launching luncheon and other social functions will, nevertheless, be carried out according to the usual program.

Probably from 12,000 to 15,000 people from Virginia, West Virginia, the Carolinas and Maryland will swell the throng at the Minnesota launching.

The Minnesota will be further advanced toward completion and will be heavier than any vessel ever launched here and possibly in the United States. She will be more than 60 per cent complete and will weigh in the neighborhood of 9,000 tons.

When completed she will be one of the most powerful and complete warships in the American navy.

For goodness sake dine at Haley's restaurant. Popular prices. Best service.

MEDICO

Failed to Tell Death When He Saw It.

London, March 23.—A case in which a medical man was for a time incredulous that death had not taken place has occurred at Crewe. When her mother went into her bedroom at midnight she found Anna Jenks looking out of the window. A moment afterward she fell dead. A medical man was summoned. He made an examination, but so lifelike was the appearance of the body that he doubted for a while whether death had really claimed the woman. The doctor explained to the coroner and the jury at the inquest that the absence of rigidity and other signs of dissolution caused his doubt. The coroner said it was most remarkable, and asked the doctor, in view of the many cases where living people had been pronounced dead, whether he was quite certain now. He doubted no longer, said the medical man, and he added that he believed a chill, which induced syncope, struck the woman when she got out of bed. After the inquest the relatives asked for a further examination of the body, and the two medical men who conducted it found incontestable proofs of death.

MEXICAN AMBASSADOR ILL.

Washington, March 23.—Don Manuel De Aspiraz, the Mexican ambassador, is seriously ill with a severe attack of grip and other complications and his family are greatly concerned over his condition.

BOYCE

is going to move. Everything in the old stand at greatly reduced Prices.

Come in and see

BOYCE.

TO BREAK RECORD

Coming Summer Will See Immense Amount of Street Work.

Contracts For Work Aggregating $250,000 Now Being Considered.

The board of public works and the city engineer's department are busy at the present time with preliminary work on the many street improvements contemplated for the coming summer.

Paving contracts alone aggregating about $230,000 are now in various stages of progression, and work on them will be commenced within a few weeks.

The job that is farthest advanced is the First street contract. This has already been ordered by the council, and the engineer is now busy making detailed plans and specifications, which will be submitted to the council Monday evening. The council will order the board of public works to advertise for bids, and the contract will probably be let before the middle of April.

The board of public works is already preparing to levy the advance assessment on the basis of an asphalt pavement, which appears to be the choice of the majority of the property owners. The cost of the work between First avenue east and Sixth avenue west will be approximately $50,000.

The petition for resurfacing the street between First avenue east and Sixth avenue east is now before the board and will be reported to the council Monday evening.

The petition for the paving of Second street from Seventh avenue east to Sixth avenue west is now before the board for investigation. The approximate cost of the work for a tar macadam pavement would be about $70,000. This work was petitioned for last year, and ordered done, but at the last moment the property owners decided to have it postponed a year. Tar macadam appears to be the choice of the majority of the property owners, although some favor cedar blocks and some asphalt.

The biggest job of all is the paving of Superior street from Eighth avenue west to Twenty-fourth avenue west. The original petition covered only the district from Fourteenth avenue west to Twenty-fourth avenue west. This was presented to the council and the work ordered done. A new petition, however, has been circulated for the district between Eighth and Fourteenth and the entire sixteen blocks will probably be let in one contract. The cost of the work will be from $80,000 to $100,000, and it will be the largest paving contract ever let by the city. Tar macadam will probably be the choice of the majority of the property owners.

A petition is being circulated for the paving of Fourth street, between Sixth avenue west and Sixth avenue east. This work would cost in the neighborhood of $60,000, but even should the required number of signatures be obtained it is doubtful if the work can be done this year, owing to the large amount of work to which is already before the board. The preliminary assessment for the First street job will have to be collected before the contract for the Second street work or the West Superior street work can be let, and it will be the middle of summer before all the work can be gotten under way.

The Jefferson street job will probably go over for another year. The petition which is being circulated is not making much headway and the property owners appear to be content to let matters rest until next year.

The bids for the paving of First avenue west from Railroad street to First street, have already been called for. Sandstone blocks appear to be the choice, and the work will cost about $7,000.

All of these contracts which will aggregate about $230,000 exclusive of the Fourth street and Jefferson street jobs, will mean an immense amount of work for both the engineering department and the board of public works. Estimates for half a dozen different kinds of pavement for each contract have to be prepared, and the board has all the work connected with the levying of the assessments, so that there is no danger of either the engineers or the members of the board not earning their salaries during the next three months.

Petitions for sewers are also coming in bunches each week, and the outlook is that more money will be spent for municipal improvements during the coming summer than in any previous year in the history of Duluth.

SUDDEN DEATH OF J. K. SHAW

Former Duluth Citizen Passes Away In Los Angeles.

Word was received in Duluth today of the sudden death of John K. Shaw at Los Angeles, Cal. Mr. Shaw was formerly a prominent citizen of Duluth, and was a candidate for mayor in 1890. He was nominated on the Democratic ticket, Against M. O. Hall. M. J. Davis later came out as an independent candidate, and was successful. Later Mr. Shaw served for a time as city assessor under Mayor d'Autremont, and resigned his position to go west. Before entering the political field he had been employed as a bookkeeper in one of the local packing houses.

He left Duluth early in 1882 for California, and has lived in the West since that time. For the last few years his home has been in Los Angeles. His death, which was a very sudden one, was due to apoplexy. He leaves a wife and four children.

Mr. Shaw was a prominent member of the Knights of Pythias.

ALL MATTERS OF REVENUES

Will Be Handled Very Gingerly By Senate Committee.

Washington, March 23.—Senator Allison will leave here in a few days for his home in Iowa. The senator says that no action will be taken at present by the senate committee on finance under the resolution passed just before congress adjourned, authorizing an inquiry relative to customs, internal revenue and other matters relating to finances of the government. Senator Allison says that the resolution was presented by him at the request of Senator Aldrich, chairman of the finance committee, and was passed in order that the committee might have authority to inquire into these several matters should it be deemed expident. It is not Senator Allison's intention, as the second man on the committee, to call the committee together during the absence of Senator Aldrich and he does not know the intention of Senator Aldrich in the matter. Senator Allison said that the finance committee of the senate would be very careful in taking any step relative to revenue matters, as the house is charged with the duty of originating revenue legislation and it would be improper for the senate to take the initiative in legislation affecting the revenue.

FINAL GAME OF SEASON

Band and Company C Will Play For Indoor Championship.

The indoor baseball championship of the Head of the Lakes will be decided tomorrow evening when the Company C and Third Regiment band teams come together in the final game in the Army and Navy Indoor league series.

The two teams are now tied for first place in the league race, each having won five games and lost one, and tomorrow evening's game will decide the possession of the pennant as well as bring to a close the league schedule.

The game should be a fast one as the teams are very evenly matched, and the largest crowd of the season is expected. The usual informal dance will follow the game.

ALABASTER BRICKS

Give the History of the Assyrians.

Berlin, March 23.—Professor Franz Delitzsch, known to fame for his remarkable lecture on "Babel and Bible," delivered two years ago before the kaiser, lectured again last week on the excavations carried on by the German Orient society. The kaiser was present, evincing the deepest interest in the eminent Assyriologist's remarks. Professor Delitzsch confined his attention to the ancient city of Assur, giving an exceedingly interesting account of the bricks, both of burnt clay and alabaster, discovered there.

According to the lecturer, Greek historians greatly exaggerated the number of troops comprising Assyrian armies. He did not think that any Assyrian army ever exceeded the size of five German army corps, or, say, 200,000 men. Most remarkable, said Professor Delitzsch, was the ambition of those ancient Assyrian monarchs to be remembered by posterity. The bricks were covered with the titles and deeds of the kings. These were built into walls, even into the foundations of buildings, and sufficient of them have now been found to fix with certainty all the details of the various dynasties, the wars of the kings, and the geographical extent of their empires.

Assur was not a large town, compared with modern capitals. Its extent did not probably exceed one square mile. Of remarkable beauty are fifty alabaster inscriptions discovered by the German explorers. These afford most valuable material for the reconstruction of the history of Assyria and Western Asia. Many of the bricks contain touches of a personal interest, throwing light on the character of the kings. Some are even humorous. One king, who had filled up a canal with sand, recommends any successor who wishes again to see the canal to dig out the sand. After the lecture the kaiser engaged in animated conversation with Professor Delitzsch.

NOTHING TO SAY.

Witness In Beef Trust Inquiry Preserves Silence.

Chicago, March 23.—R. C. Howe, general manager of the Armbour Packing plant at Omaha, was on the stand today before the federal grand jury. He was before the inquisitors two hours. Passing through groups of secret service agents at the jury room door, he was given his witness fees and said he would return at once to Omaha. He declined to discuss what took place in the jury room, remarking smilingly that he was forbidden absolutely to talk. Asked whether he was questioned on alleged preference given by railroads to members of the alleged trust, he shook his head and preserved silence.

TWO ENGINES COLLIDE.

Indianapolis, March 23.—In a collision between two switch engines in the Big Four yards in Norwood today, five trainmen were more or less injured and two engines were damaged.

The Woman We Love.

If Anyone In This World Needs a Pure Life-giving, Invigorating Tonic, It Is the Mothers Who Are Worn and Weary and Long For Rest.

Try a Bottle. If You Do Not Get Great Good From It, Your Money Will Be Promptly Refunded.

Many women don't get half the enjoyment they should from life, because they are physically and mentally run down.

Worry and work and childbirth pain leave their traces on heart and brain.

The cares and duties of the home will not allow them to take the outdoor exercise which they need and they must use a tonic or become physical wrecks.

Chrystal Tonic is concentrated sunshine and pure air and healthful exercise. It supplies the elements which the worn-out system demands.

It paints the cheeks with the flush of perfect health, gives light and sparkle to the eyes, cures constipation; invigorates the torpid liver and kidneys; gives sound restful sleep, purifies the blood, builds up the system and makes you look well and feel well.

Work that has been impossible will be easily within your reach, brain and body will co-operate naturally to produce the best.

Chrystal Tonic is not a combination of dangerous drugs. It is a strength-giving, health-giving tonic pure and simple. It is nerve and brain and muscle food and is the tried friend of men and women which never fails in time of need.

It ought to be in every family all the time—is good for young as old, because it prevents and cures disease.

Don't take our word for what Chrystal Tonic will do for you; try a bottle today. If after using it you are not delighted with the result, write the company at Marshall and they will refund your money. What could be fairer?

Get Chrystal Tonic from your druggist at $1.00 the bottle; he keeps it or will get it for you, or, write the Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will advise you.

West Duluth

CURLING'S FINISH

West Duluth Clubs Wind Up End of This Week.

Social Time Slated at Annual Meeting In April.

The directors of the Western Curling association met last night and decided to dispense with the services of the help at the rink next Saturday. That day, therefore, will be the formal wind-up of the curling season at West Duluth. If there should happen to be ice-making weather after Saturday the members of the club will get the ice in condition for curling, but it is believed that the finish of such weather has been seen.

On April 4 the annual meeting of the association will take place, at which time officers will be elected and the organization made ready for the ensuing year. It was decided last night that the club will endeavor to obtain the use of the Commercial club rooms for the night of the annual meeting, and hold a party, to which the wives and sweethearts of the members will be invited. This social session will be held after the business meeting will have been finished, and if the rooms can be secured there will be a musical program, with an orchestra, and after that, dancing and cards. A meeting will be held the next Tuesday at J. A. Scott's office to perfect arrangements for this entertainment.

The curling season just ended has been a very successful one for the club, and the new curlers who have been members have developed rapidly. The association now contains some of the best curlers in the city, and hope next winter to dispute with the up-town curling association for supremacy. A great many young men are members of the West Duluth organization, and are showing themselves to be curlers of merit, and are enthusiasts in the game.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Nygren's Drug store the place for wall paper.

Hats—Stetson, Gordon, Blake—latest—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

This evening the Independent Order of Foresters will entertain their ladies and the companion courts at cards. All Foresters and their ladies are invited to attend.

Miss Ida Truelsen, daughter of Former Mayor Truelsen, left Tuesday evening over the Northern Pacific for Zenith, N. D. She has been in West Duluth visiting her sister, Mrs. L. Christensen of 608 North Forty-ninth avenue west, during the winter.

Shoes—good work and dress shoes.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

J. Bondy has arrived here from Portland, Or., for a short visit with his relatives and will return to Portland in a few weeks. He is much taken with the Western country.

Spring overcoats and cravenettes—a try on means a sale—try one on.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Josh Anderson came down from the Big Fork country yesterday.

Walter Thede came in from Hibbing yesterday.

The Masons of this end of town, in fact almost the entire membership of Euclid lodge, will attend the Masonic reception to be held at the new Masonic Temple uptown tomorrow night.

The West Duluth Commercial club will meet tomorrow night and important matters will be up for discussion.

At the skating rink last night the ice was good, although there was rainy weather outside, and a large number took advantage of the good condition of the ice.

John Cashin is in from the woods.

Frank Hyde came in yesterday from Skibo.

Henry Scharnhorst has purchased the home of H. H. Gardner, at 212 South Seventy-first avenue west. Mr. Gardner and family will leave shortly for the state of Washington.

Mrs. W. F. Bailey of 5803 Main street has gone to Minneapolis to bring back her daughter, Phoebe, who has been taken quite sick while attending the state university.

Samuel Crothers is loading his household goods on freight cars preparatory to shipping them to Minneapolis, where he has obtained a position in a sawmill. Mr. Cruthers is one of West Duluth's oldest residents, and his departure is sincerely regretted.

ENGLISHMAN

Has Narrow Escape From an African Lion.

London, March 23.—Traveling in the interior of East Africa, an Englishman, Charles Bulpett, tells the following thrilling incident—which took place at a spot about 500 miles inland from Mombasa—in a letter to a friend in this city:

The narrowest escape I have had was from a lion, about a month ago. I went into the thick thorn bush after him, which was rather mad. But he would not come out, and I was determined to get him. He charged me where the bush was all in his favor. I knocked him over with two bullets, but still he came on, and I had nothing for it but to run. When I knocked him over with the second barrel he was within a yard of me. He made a grab at me, and with a prodigious effort I managed to jump on to the top of a thorn bush. There we were, he looking at me and I at him, about three feet above his head. I expected to be dragged down at every moment, but as it turned out he was too far gone, and I called out to somebody to come into the bush and finish him.

"Last night," adds Mr. Bulpett, "I slept on the equator, my legs to the south of it and my head to the north, the small of my back on the line. The East African protectorate is a very fine country for white settlers, with a perfect climate, and yet it is proposed to give a large tract to a number of foreign eJws for nothing."

IS MENTAL WRECK

Negro Poet of Omaha Is Prostrated By Overwork.

His Great Ambition Is to Raise the Race Standard.

Omaha, March 23.—Human efforts to do something in the world rarely surpass the labors of the brilliant George Wells Parker, a colored youth of 22, whose frenzy for knowledge and achievement have left him a mental wreck.

Friend of Paul Lawrence Dunbar and admired by Booker T. Washington, a writer of splendid promise, well equipped with a thorough education, a great future had been confidently predicted for him by his friends in Omaha. First in his thoughts was ever the welfare of his race.

Engaged in a work in which the energies of both mind and soul were concentrated, he applied himself so constantly that he could not be persuaded to desist until the limit of mental endurance had been rached. In the quiet of his chamber by the light of his lamp, he worked many a night through. Surrounded with his books and the piles of notes which he compiled, he toiled, inspired by hopes that swelled within his breast and by dreams of things seemingly fated never to be realized.

Overcoming disadvantages that would have effectively impeded many, he strove to educate himself, realizing that no effort toward self-improvement is thrown away. Parker is but 22 years of age, but has seen much of the world, and possesses an unusually good education. He is the son of A. W. Parker, residing at 925 North Twenty-seventh street, who is well known in Omaha, having been engaged in business here for many years. He was born in this city and attended the high school, completing all but the last year of the course. While in school he was a leader among his classmates, and won distinction as an orator and elocutionist of exceptional powers.

The story told by his parents of how he studied and worked is affecting. It was with feelings of pride tempered by sadness that they exhibited one of the prizes he won while in school. It consisted of a diploma awarded to him for the best essay on "Modern History," exhibited at the Trans-Mississippi Exposition in 1898. The contest in which he was a victor was open to all colleges and schools in the country.

He attended Howard university in Washington, D. C., for two years. He devoted himself to the study of law, but did not finish the course. Through the offices of Congressman Mercer he was appointed to a clerkship in the census bureau, and was later promoted a number of times. While in the capital city he made the acquaintance of Booker T. Washington and Paul Lawrence Dunbar and imbibed many of their views.

Returning to Omaha he began to develop his literary abilities. He longed to achieve something of note that would bring him distinction and make him a force in advancing the interests of his race in this country. For the past two years he has written extensively and with a good measure of success. Many of his productions have been published in magazines.

To aid him in his work of investigation, he set about to accumulate a library. Limited as were his means, he succeeded in making a good collection of over 400 volumes. His library contains encyclopedias, works on science, literature, history, art and religion and many volumes of poetry. From his readings he took copious notes and memorized them, thus incorporating into his own knowledge ideas of the wisest and soundest nature.

He was conversant with many branches of learning. He was familiar with the teachings of Huxley, Darwin and Comte. In philosophy, he turned to Plato, Aristotle and Socrates of the ancient school and to Kant, Hume and Spinoza of the modern age. Sociology and political economy and ethics were also delved into by him, and he was a devoted student of such men as Cobden, John Stuart Mills and Gladstone. Besides, he read and studied widely in general literature, and mastered the Greek language unaided.

Although he had a great knowledge of history, he was greatly attached to science. In his writings, the diversified character of his mental attainments is evident and in them can be traced a pronounced spirit of science, associated with a milder one of philosophy. He wrote a great deal of poetry of considerable merit. To the stars he addresses himself thus in verse:

"When evening creeps on to darkness,
I steal away to my curret high,
And, taking the glass that I love so well,
I trail it across the sky.

"A myriad gleams go speeding by
Like the thread of silver spars;
Till I hold it still to the crescent moon
Who has lost herself in a field of stars."

The poetic spirit runs through some of his prose writings, of which the following is an example:

"The goddess of Truth dwells in the temple of Nature, in the green woods, on the blue seas, and on the snowy summits of the hills. The paths which lead to the noble divinity of truth and knowledge are the loving study of nature and its laws, the observation of the infinitely great star world with the aid of the telescope, and the infinitely tiny cell world with the aid of the microscope—not senseless ceremonies and unthinking prayers."

By no means are his imaginative powers confined to one objective point. He handles various subjects with seemingly equal facility and some of the thoughts that he brings out are beautiful indeed. Truly ideal is the picture he paints in one of his essays entitled "The World of Fairies and Dreams," an extract which follows:

"You remember how beautiful the fairyland of childhood was; now full of little creatures who used to hitch the golden-winged butterflies to their chariot of rose leaves and leave their kingdom to help good boys and girls; how they used to wave their tiny wands, instantly bringing riches and so many other beautiful things to those who loved them, and also what dire punishment they would visit on those who are bad and wicked. Then, too, there were the malignant fairies, the gnomes, dwarfs and spirits who could only find pleasure in tormenting man. It was in this dreamy world that our childish minds first learned to love the good and to hate the evil, and it is to be regretted that even now we do not more often relapse into this childish existence and learn the simple truths of life as they come, pure and unsullied, to the undefiled mind. We can better learn our rules of life from the things which we once understood than to guess at riddles which no one can understand. In this fairy world we learned to know the good fairies from the bad; learned to know that it is always better to do right than wrong, and that to do what is right implies that they lived happily ever afterwards. To know anything we must start at the beginning, and only at the beginning do we find the stream limpid and pure."

The book he was writing consisted of essays, and was entitled, "Because." The efforts he bestowed on this work, becoming constantly more labored, finally resulted in mental frenzy. While his parents anxiously besought him to take precautions for his health, he would not stop for a moment's rest. Fascinated by his work he kept on making out his notes and enlarging on them in preparing his manuscript. After he finished compiling each essay he would copy it off on the typewriter.

During the two weeks preceding his breakdown he hardly took food enough for his barest needs. Whatever time he could snatch he devoted to his pastime, sacrificing the very rest and sleep so essential to his welfare.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Another Fatal Accident In the Calumet and Hecla Mine.

Calumet—The premature explosion of a charge of dynamite at the thirteenth level of No. 13 shaft of the Calumet and Hecla mine, killed George Blee, and injured William Mutton. Blee leaves a family. Mutton will recover.

The trammers at the Franklin, Jr., mine who are on a strike, demand a 12 per cent raise in wages. Superintendent Edwards says the company's financial condition is not strong enough to grant such an increase. The miners are apparently not in sympathy with the trammers, and the difficulty will soon be settled, it is believed.

De Tour—The general store of Joseph Oberlie of De Tour was destroyed by fire, the building and contents being almost a total loss. The origin of the fire is not known. The building was valued at $1,000 and $600 insurance, and the stock at $1,500 with $1,000 insurance, all carried in the Victor E. Metzger Insurance agency.

Escanaba—Mrs. Angeline Hodges, wife of the late Fred Hodges of Escanaba has begun proceedings to have her husband's will set aside because no portion of his property was left to her. During the suit for divorce which Mr. Hodges brought last fall it was shown by the testimony that there had been some settlement and division of the property between Mr. Hodges and his wife at the time of their separation some time ago. Attorney Chaney holds that the agreement will not injure the client's claims to recognition in the will.

Sault Ste. Marie—William Barbeau, last year with the Soo baseball team, has joined the Columbus league aggregation. The Columbus club will go into active practice at once and will play a series of three games with Cincinnati beginning on the 28th inst. Barbeau says that he will try out for short and second base. There are two other applicants for short, one of whom is an old leaguer, and the man at second has also played in the big leagues for several seasons. "Shorty" is not afraid that he will not make good as a fielder, but thinks there is a possibility of his falling down with the willow.

FISHERMEN FROZEN.

Wander About on the Ice In a Blizzard.

Winnipeg, Man., March 23.—The past winter brought with it a tragedy in the uninhabited North, the first news of which is brought into civilization by a returned explorer. While returning to Reindeer island from their nets, about six miles away, a party of half a dozen Icelandic fishermen were caught in a blizzard and went beyond the island for the whole night. They roamed over the frozen and unmarked surface of the lake, and as they went along, one of their number in the dog train was frozen to death and another had both feet frozen.

"SPIRIT TEA"

Leads to Woman's Arrest In New York.

New York, March 23.—"Spirit blessed" tea that looked like grass, but sold at $5 an ounce, proved the undoing of "Mme. Maud Monastery, the English healer," 403 West Fifty-seventh street, when she was arraigned in the West Side court, charged with practicing medicine without a license. Mrs. Sadie Reeves and Mrs. Nellie Dickman, detectives for the New York County Medical society, were the complainants.

They told Magistrate Moss they became interested in the woman through reading her advertisement in newspapers. They visited her last Thursday and Mrs. Reeves said to her:

"A lady friend says you are a great healer."

"I am," replied "Mme. Monastery."

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO

Friday's Specials in

White Goods and Linens.

Mrs. Newell gives free embroidery lessons Friday afternoons from 3 to 5 o'clock. Everybody welcome.

Excellent quality of Linen Sheeting, 2½ yards wide, all pure linen. Very popular for waists and shirt waist suits; value $1.35—Friday, per yard **$1.00**

Very fine quality of sheer Handkerchief Linen, all pure linen, 36 inches wide; most popular this season for waists and whole dresses; value $1.00—Friday, per yard **75c**

72x90-inch excellent bleached Damask Cloths—pure linen, very good design; border all around; value $4.00—Friday **$3.00**

22x22-inch Napkins to match; value $3.75—Friday **$3.00**

Fine lot of white Waistings and Suitings—all this season's purchase, consisting of French piques, plain and fancy French Madras cloths, fancy voiles, French Repp, English Oxfords, new Soisette, real imported Swisses, etc.; values up to 45c—Friday, per yard **28c**

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

BUTTERFLY COILS!

The simplest way of dressing the hair low, the Dutch style, or any other, is with our Butterfly Coil. This coil is different from a switch, and light as a feather. It carries out the prevailing style for modish hair dressing.

Come in and let us show you how.

MISS HORRIGAN'S DRUG STORE,

Over Gidding's Store. Both Phones.

"I accomplish my cures by spirit power."

Then she said her terms were $5 for three treatments.

"I can see a spirit about you, but I can't tell whether it is he or she," she added. "This spirit tells me to make you a tea," and she left the room.

"Mme. Monastery" came back soon with a small package of what she called "tea."

"How much?" asked Mrs. Reeves.

"Five dollars."

"I have only three."

"Then give me the three and bring the rest on Wednesday. By that time the spirits will have told me what to do."

The case was continued.

St. Paul and Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

March 26 and 27, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75. Tickets limited for return March 29th. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street, or Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

HYDE STILL HAS CONTROL

Directors Delay Mutualization of Equitable Four Years.

New York, March 23.—James H. Hyde has carried through his plan of delaying four years the mutualization of the Equitable Life Assurance society. In doing this he has gained a victory over President James W. Alexander, who a week ago compelled the Hyde forces to agree to allow the 600,000 policy holders of the society to elect twenty-eight of the directors to twenty-four elected by the stockholders.

Whether Mr. Hyde's triumph will prove to be permanent or only temporary, will depend upon the courts and the legislature. The issue is to be fought out by those who are opposed to one man, simply through the ownership of a majority of $100,000 of capital stock, controlling nearly half a billion of the savings of the 600,000 policyholders of the society. Meanwhile Mr. Hyde will continue in control of the Equitable.

Only thirty-four of the fifty members of the board were at the directors' meeting. The dummy directors put into office by Mr. Hyde dominated the situation absolutely. Under the able leadership of Edward H. Harriman and Jacob H. Schiff many of the directors who have been working with President Alexander to safeguard the enormous funds of the society by placing them in the keeping of men, elected by the policyholders, kept away from the meeting, knowing in advance the program of the Hyde men to ride roughshod over their plans to mutualize the company at the earliest possible date.

Frank H. Platt, counsel for the Crimmins committee of policyholders, has issued the following statement:

"The board's action is no surprise. Forty members of the board owe their positions as directors to Mr. Hyde, and they have given him their allegiance. Last February in haste they resolved to give the policyholders the power of voting immediately. Today they have withdrawn that action and have voted to control by Hyde. I think it is entirely within the power of the policyholders to honestly mutualize the society by going to the legislature. In the present state of public opinion the legislature would not refuse to transfer the voting power to the policyholders.

"In any event, a single policyholder is strong enough to oust those officers and directors who have been using the society for their personal benefit."

I CURED MY RUPTURE

I Will Show You How to Cure Yours FREE.

I was helpless and bed-ridden for years from a double rupture. No truss could hold. Doctors said I would die if not operated on. I fooled them all and cured myself by a simple discovery. I will send the cure free by mail if you write for it. It cured me and has since cured thousands. It will cure you. Write to-day. Capt. W. A. Collings, Box 466 Watertown, N. Y.

NOTICE!

A Ladies' Cafe

Overlooking the Lake and Harbor, is now being fitted up and will be open to the public about April 1.

☞ The Cafe on Lobby Floor will be operated as heretofore.

The Spalding

L. J. EMERY, Manager.

We are Agents for

The Minneapolis Heat Regulator

Which will control the temperature in your rooms and regulate the fire in your heater. Scores of them are in use in Duluth with universal success. They pay for themselves in a short time. We also make a specialty of Furnace heating, Roofing and Cornice work.

BURRELL & HARMON,

3 South First Avenue East.
Both phones.

THE ONLY WAY

Of being sure that your baggage will be at the depot on time is to telephone or leave your orders here.

Our rigs are at your service at any time, day or night.

BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY,

Both Phones, 440.

Workingmen and Others

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.

Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

STRYCHNINE TO HER SPOUSE

So Mrs. Rood Could Be Free to Wed Sweetheart.

Marion, Ind., March 23.—Mrs. Jennie Rood, aged 35, is in jail on the charge of attempting to poison her husband, John K. Rood, aged 78, a wealthy retired merchant. The police claim Mrs. Rood confessed that Robert A. Butcher, a young man with whom she was in love before she married Rood, was to have married her as soon as Rood died and she procured Rood's estate and money.

On March 8 Rood reported to Bert White, superintendent of police, that he believed his wife had attempted to poison him that morning. He said some buckwheat cakes served to him by his wife were so bitter that he was unable to eat them, that his coffee tasted the same way, and when he went to get a drink of water the cup contained a white powder.

Chief White sent the powder and some of the cake and batter to J. H. Hurty of Indianapolis, secretary of the state board of health, for analysis. Hurty reported that the powder was strychnine and that a large amount of strychnine had been found in the cake and batter.

Capt. George reports that he visited the home of Mrs. Rood, telling her he was a friend of Butcher, from Pittsburg, and discussing the probable death of Rood and the marriage of Butcher and Mrs. Rood. He says he suggested that it would be an easy matter to get Rood out of the way and have the wedding soon.

Mrs. Rood, according to the officer, fell into the trap and acknowledged having attempted to poison the old man, but said he was too smart for her, and refused to eat the food.

Mrs. Rood was formerly Jennie Holderman. She was married to Rood about a year ago.

DANISH STEAMER GROUNDS.

Horta, Azores, March 23.—The Danish steamer Hekla from Copenhagen and Christiansand for New York, which put in here yesterday with her rudder post broken, grounded on entering the harbor today but subsequently was refloated. She is leaking slightly. All her passengers and crew are well.

When Real Merit

Comes in— Empty Claims Blow Out.

BLATZ WIENER BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

Is brewed to command the critics' favor, and hold fast to honors won.

Always the same Good Old "Blatz."

Blatz Malt-Vivine

(Non-Intox.) Tonic

Val. Blatz Brew Co.

MILWAUKEE.

DULUTH BRANCH—

Lake Ave. and Railroad Street. Phone 62.

RECORD IS GOOD

Duluth Well Toward Front In the Building Movement.

Among Twenty-Five Large Cities She Ranks Fourth In February.

A comparison of the statistics showing the percentage of the building movement of January and February of this year, over the same months in 1904, shows that out of a list of twenty-six important cities in the United States, Duluth ranks well up among those showing the largest percentage of increases.

In February, this year, there were, out of the list, only three other cities to show a larger percentage of increase in building. These three cities were Cincinnati, with a gain of 453 per cent; Indianapolis, with a gain of 258 per cent and St. Paul, with a gain of 202 per cent. Duluth's percentage of increase in the building movement over February, 1904, was 124 per cent. This rate of increase, compared with the differences in population and size of the cities, was greater than that shown by New York, San Francisco, Washington, Minneapolis, Detroit, Kansas City and numerous other large municipalities.

The increase of the building movement in January this year over the corresponding month of 1904, for Duluth, was 102 per cent, an increase which also placed this city in high rank among the other twenty-five cities mentioned.

That the building movement this year is quite generally showing gains all over the country is apparent from the returns made on the building permits issued in over twenty of the leading cities of the United States, selected from various localities where an increase might be expected. In twenty-seven of the leading cities there was an increase of 83 per cent over January, 1904, and in twenty-five cities there was an increase of 55 per cent over February, 1904.

The following table shows totals of the February building permits issued in 1904 and 1905, in twenty-six of the leading cities:

	1905.	1904.
Duluth	$ 105,000	$ 46,968
New York, Manhattan, Bronx	7,747,400	3,864,825
Chicago	3,472,709	3,202,390
New York, Brooklyn	2,666,296	1,702,061
San Francisco	1,940,902	942,958
Los Angeles	848,765	389,278
Washington	538,509	359,780
Cincinnati	681,705	122,260
Minneapolis	484,895	366,655
Seattle	459,500	382,622
Kansas City	390,135	423,850
Pittsburg	380,317	434,225
Indianapolis	328,620	91,657
Denver	313,170	401,101
St. Paul	310,490	74,797
Milwaukee	278,225	142,290
Buffalo	243,137	280,578
Detroit	220,350	105,400
Memphis	218,073	154,104
Spokane	186,955	165,955
Tacoma	156,334	121,675
Cleveland	143,610	797,255
Atlanta	139,858	245,012
Louisville	101,551	74,759
Allegheny	42,575	131,190
Omaha	37,675	94,095
Total	$22,697,806	$14,664,933

WILL FORM A FEDERATION

Organization Designed to Suppress Evils Said to Exist.

According to Charles Evans Holt, the formation of a civic federation is in progress, backed by the Christian Endeavor societies of the city, the object being to inforce the Sunday laws regarding saloon closing, and the suppression of such evils as cigarette smoking, gambling among children and public dances. It is claimed that this movement was started by the Christian Endeavorers long before the crusade of the W. C. T. U. of West Duluth was begun, and a meeting to crystallize the movement will be held at the First Methodist church tomorrow night. The campaign it is claimed will be started as soon as the organization is perfected and will be backed by a majority of the city and county officials who have pledged themselves to aid in every way within their power to inforce the laws which the new organization will seek to make operative.

The federation proposes to appoint an officer or officers to take the initiatory steps toward compelling Sunday closing of saloons and the federation will back him up in his efforts. It is also claimed that the cigarette habit will be given close attention and so will the candy and cigar stores where young boys are permitted to play cards for money. Instances of such crimes have been already pointed out and the federation will get after these violators of the law.

FIRE DESTROYS TWO CHILDREN

Brule Farmer Loses Home and Members of Family.

A report from Brule, Wis., says that two small children of E. Syring, a farmer residing near that place, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed his dwelling, Tuesday night. Syring was away from home at the time and Mrs. Syring had gone to the barn to attend some work. Three small children were left playing in the house. One of the children is said to have set the house on fire with coals from the stove and, alarmed at the mischief, two of them hid under the bed, while the other ran out on the steps.

Mrs. Syring rescued the youngest child, which was overcome with smoke, on the steps, and attempted to get into the house to rescue the other two, receiving severe burns. She was prevented from again entering the burning dwelling by neighbors who appeared on the scene.

TWO FREIGHTERS ORDERED.

Cleveland, March 23.—Capt. John Mitchell, one of the largest vessel owners of the lakes, yesterday placed an order with the American Shipbuilding company for two freight steamers with a capacity of 10,000 tons, to cost each $430,000. The boats will come out in the spring of 1906. The yard at which they will be built has not yet been selected.

AS TO COLDS

Feed a cold—yes, but feed it with Scott's Emulsion. Feeding a cold in this way kills it. You cannot afford to have a cough or cold at this season or any other. Scott's Emulsion will drive it out quickly and keep it out. Weak lungs are strengthened and all wasting diseases are checked by Scott's Emulsion. It's a great flesh producer.

We'll send you a sample free.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

FILES THREE MORE OPTIONS

Mr. Gillis Gets Prices on Other West End Lots.

Three more options covering West End property which the Lake Superior & Southeastern Railway company desires to secure for its right of way and yards in this city, were filed with the county register of deeds yesterday. The options run to W. R. Gillis, who is negotiating the purchase of lands for the right of way for the new road. The owners, property and compensation agreed on are as follows:

Mary A. Branning, lots 301-303, block 17, Duluth proper, second division, $5,600.

D. E. Woodbridge, et al, lot 376, block 12, Duluth proper, second division, $1,500.

C. R. Lee, lot 313, block 16, Duluth proper, second division, $1,300.

Assignment of the options has been made by Mr. Gillis to the Lake Superior & Southeastern Railway company.

HEATED DEBATE

Held at Y. M. C. A. By Missouri Club on Suffrage.

An interesting and rather heated debate was held last evening at the Y. M. C. A. rooms between members of the Missouri club, known slangily as the "Show Me" club. This was the third of a series of debates being held by the club and the subject was "Resolved, that the right of suffrage should be denied illiterates." W. E. Cowden took the affirmative side and G. K. Reiss the negative. The members present took sides and the arguments advanced were greeted with storms of ridicule and replies from all sides.

Some very good arguments were advanced by each side. One argument advanced by the negative side was that the possessors of higher education hold themselves aloof and do not practice their right of suffrage. But the debate was not decided as there were no judges and all present having taken sides are still unconvinced.

On April 5 the subject will be "Resolved, that the army canteen should be re-established." The affirmative side will be taken by A. A. Fider, G. K. Reiss, W. E. Cowden, W. R. Martin, I. L. Foss and Victor Farrell and the negative side will have as its champions J. A. Goodell, C. A. Edbom, G. M. Laird, H. W. Feihr, L. Melby and H. W. Carter. This debate is expected to be highly interesting.

JUST OUT

Everybody's Magazine

FOR APRIL

Mr. Lawson writes:

"I start this month on the actual Crimes of Amalgamated.

I give names, times, places in detail.

No Wall Street man or investor can afford to miss the:

Utah Copper Bunco Game; How **Samuel Untermyer, Esq.,** Clark, Ward & Co., and English investors were swindled;

The Munroe & Munroe—**City Bank flimflamming** of two professional gamblers;

How one of the **Big Three Insurance** companies sold their stocks for $5,839,000.87 and made sworn statements to the Insurance Departments that the same was $3,075,392.

I describe the insurance trick of —"new business."

I make **my first apology** to those I have flayed—to Roger Foster, Esq.

I answer critics from Georgia, New York, Kansas, Tacoma, Boston and Philadelphia straight from the shoulder, calling **spades black spades.**

If there is any **liquid blood** left in the nation, it **should boil.** Record me, it will.

Garfield reports to Roosevelt, "Beef Trust all right."

If the American people with this latest insult to their intelligence and with Russell's facts in their hands, don't put another nail in **the System's** coffin, I miss my guess."

In Mr. Russell's article, in the April number, a picture is given of sixteen great railroad presidents, terrorized by the Beef Trust, sneaking into a New York Club, to rebel in concert against the Trust's gorging methods. "The Experiences of a Nursery Governess," the many stories, and other striking features, will interest every woman.

For Sale on all News Stands.

A BUSHEL OF GOLD

And Silver Rolled From Big Safe Found In Cave.

Mystery of Two Soldiers Who Hunted Treasure Is Solved.

Blue Ridge, Va., March 23.—The discovery of an iron vault, containing $20,000, and close beside it two human skeletons in a deserted cave on Wolfe's Creek, near here, is thought to be the solution of two of the most puzzling mysteries this section has ever known.

The vault, containing the money, which was in silver and gold coins ranging from one to twenty dollars, was found by Howard Thompson, foreman, and his gang of timber cutters on the Blue Ridge Mountain. They came across an opening in the mountain, and, following it for some distance, reached what seemed to be the mouth of a deserted cave.

Making their way through the cave, in some parts of which they were compelled to crawl upon their hands and knees, the men came into a room more than 20 feet high and 100 yards wide. In one corner of this was an iron vault. The curiosity of the men was stirred to the utmost, and they argeed to carry it from the cave. As they began this task, a most difficult one, they stumbled across the bones of two men. The skulls, legs and arms were intact. These were gathered up, and with the vault taken to the mouth of the cave.

A stick of dynamite was procured and the vault blown open. When the smoke of the explosion cleared away more than a bushel of gold and silver coins rolled from the vault. Some of the men, mad with excitement, made a frantic rush for the treasure, but they were restrained by Thompson, who had every coin gathered up and replaced in the vault, which was turned on its side and hauled to this place. The bones found in the cave were also brought here and, with the treasure, placed in the hands of the mayor.

It is generally supposed that the find solves the mystery of the hidden treasure of Isaac Asbury, one of the wealthiest men of this section prior to the Civil War, and who was well known to have hidden a very large sum somewhere in the mountains. Its location was known only by him and a trusted negro servant.

Asbury joined the Confederate ranks, after hiding his money to keep it from being confiscated by federal soldiers, and he served with distinction in a number of battles. He was promoted from lieutenant to captain for bravery at Antietam. A short time afterward he was killed while commanding a scouting party. His negro servant, Job, refused to reveal the hiding place of the hoard after his master's death, although on his deathbed he was beseeched by Asbury's wife to do so.

About ten years after the close of the Civil War two soldiers, who were with Capt. Asbury when he fell, and to whom, it is believed, the location of the hidden treasure was revealed, came here and announced their intention of going into the mountain in search of the money. They were encouraged by Mrs. Asbury, who, however, had little faith in their story. They left on their hunt for the treasure but never returned. Their non-appearance gave rise to various rumors, some believing that they had found the treasure and left this section; others contending that they did not go on a hunt for the money, and some suggesting that they might have perished in the mountains.

The bones found in the cave near the vault are supposed to be the remains of the men, who must have perished for want of food in sight of the fortune.

Mrs. Asbury has been dead many years, but her son, Dr. J. R. Asbury, who is now in New York, and who, it is thought, can identify the iron vault, has been apprised of the discovery.

MANY TRY FOR PLACE

Forty-Four In Civil Service Examinations—More to Come.

The civil service examinations are over and the candidates are now on the anxious seat to find out who has passed and who is "canned." Forty-four candidates took the examinations and were divided as follows:

Twenty tried for the custom house service, 11 for the railway mail service, 6 tried for positions as stenographers in the Washington departments, 1 tried for stenographer in Panama, 2 tried for tagger in the treasury department, 2 for pressmen, 1 for bookbinder and 1 for compositor in the government printing office.

The next examinations to be held here will be next Wednesday, when, if there are any applicants, there will be examinations for cement expert in the reclamation department of the geological survey. This will pay from $1,500 to $2,400 a year, and the age limits are between 25 and 50 years. On the same date an examination will be held for scientific assistant in the department of agriculture, the salary being $1,200 and the applicants must be 20 years or over.

On April 25 examinations will be held for bookkeeper in the departmental service, field assistant in forestry, and inspector of clothing in the quartermaster's department.

In the matter of bookkeeper for departmental service, the civil service act requires an apportionment of appointments in the departments at Washington, among the states on a basis of population. For this reason only legal residents of sixteen states and six territories, which have the least share of the appointments in the apportioned service, will be admitted to the examination. Minnesota is one of these states, and it is said that there will be a good prospect of appointment to those passing the examination.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—"Yon Yonson."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Friday and Saturday, "David Harum."

"DAVID HARUM."

Tomorrow and Saturday, "David Harum" will be the attraction at the Lyceum, giving Duluth people their first opportunity of seeing the dramatization of the famous novel. The play is said to be a delightful reproduction of all the amusing scenes so aptly and cleverly described in the book. The horse trade between Harum and the sanctimonious Deacon Perkins comes early in the play that its humor is irresistible. Later the deacon is seen behind the balky horse during a heavy shower of rain and this scene is described as being one of the most amusing that has been unfolded in years.

"YON YONSON."

The hackneyed phrase of an "evergreen" success may with some justification be applied to the play, "Yon Yonson," which will open at the Metropolitan this evening. "Yon Yonson" has, during the past thirteen years, been seen from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and had made a fortune for its management. An excellent company has been engaged this season.

WEEK OF MUSICAL COMEDY.

Commencing next Monday, March 27, Manager Condon will devote an entire week of musical comedy at the Metropolitan. "Buster Brown" and "Alphonse and Gaston," are the attractions, two of the best on the road. "Buster Brown" is one of the season's big successes and has been turning people away for the past four months in New York. There is probably not a theater-goer in this wide land who is not familiar with the name of Buster Brown and who has not laughed at his mischievous pranks and their attendant misfortunes as drawn by that humorous artist, Richard F. Outcault, and published in the colored pages of the New York Herald. Master Giovanni, a clever little comedian, occupies the title part, and is assisted in his funmaking by Jack Bell, the animal impersonator, as Tige, the dog.

CHARGES POLYGAMY.

One Mormon Makes Accusations Against Another.

Salt Lake City, March 23.—Charles M. Smurthwait, who is in process of excommunication from the Mormon church because of his alleged apostacy in criticising the acts of President Joseph Smith as charged by Charles J. Goddard, has filed charges with the bishop of his ward in Ogden against Goddard, charging the latter with living with two wives and having children by them contrary to the regulation known as the "manifesto" and contrary to the laws of Utah. This is the first time a direct charge of violation of ecclesiastic and church laws in the matter of polygamy has ever been preferred by a member of the church and the incident is regarded as significant, as the case, if brought to trial in the bishop's court, will force the church to declare its position on the question of polygamy.

EXPLOSION KILLS SIX MEN IN MINE.

Princeton, Ind., March 23.—Six miners dead and four injured, two probably fatally, is the result of an explosion of powder in the mine of the Princetown Clai Mining company yesterday afternoon.

The dead:

HUDSON WEATHERLY.
EDMUND GEISER.
ALBERT GEISER.
HARRY TAGGART.
WILLIAM BIGGS.
GEORGE DILL.

The injured: John Dill, will probably die; William Jones, will probably die; Joseph Ward, General Cole.

The cause of the explosion is not known. The miners were making their blasts previous to leaving the mine and the greater part of the miners had ascended.

LITTLE NEED

For Wireless Telegraphy By Natives In Africa.

New York, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The natives of the West Coast of Africa have little need for wireless telegraphy, according to a story told today by a missionary at the rooms of the Presbyterian Foreign Board. Talking of the susceptibility of the native African to rythm, he told this incident. The African always calls the people together by means of a drum. The drum varies in size, but is always made by hollowing out a section of a log. The drum not only tells the people of the meeting, but its purpose as well. The news which may be thus sent is astonishing. On one occasion a missionary was in the Palaver House at Efulen, some distance from his home. A rainstorm came up and he had no umbrella. A drummer learning his need, tapped a message to a friend and in a short time the latter appeared with an umbrella. The natives have no alphabet and an umbrella is not usually in the requirements of a palaver. How, then, did the drummer make himself understood? During native wars the government has to prohibit the use of drums, as the natives are able with them to send news from one village to another.

IMPORTANT CASE.

Before the District Court at Remidji.

Bemidji, Minn., March 23.—District court opened yesterday, Judge McClenahan presiding. The most important case to be tried at this term of court is the case of the International Boom company against the Rainy Lake River Boom company. The case arises from a sorting of 27,000,000 feet of logs by the defendant for the plaintiff and involves some $18,000.

The defendant in its answer allege the sorting of the logs for the plaintiff and non-payment for the same and have levied upon 1,000,000 feet of these logs which have been replevined by the plaintiff.

The defendant has constructed a dam on the American side of the Rainy River a short distance from the town of the same name which compels the plaintiff or any other company to use the steamboat way for floating logs or encroach on Canadian waters.

This case is identical with a number of similar cases in that vicinity and involves the rights of any and all firms which may desire to float logs on the American waters in the Rainy River.

HYMNOLOGY

Discussed By an Authority on the Subject.

New York, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Speaking today about hymns and hymn books, Henry R. Elliot, an authority on hymnology, said: "What constitutes a good hymn? Wesley wrote 7,000 of them. Fannie Crosby, whose birthday is celebrated this month, has written over 8,000. Dr. Watts wrote about 3,000 in all degrees of dignity, from 'Let Dogs Delight to Bark and Bite' to 'Before Jehovah's Awful Throne.' A recent campaign to ascertain what is really classic in hymnology has resulted in a new book, entitled 'Hymns of Worship and Service.' All the important hymn books published in the last twenty-five years were compared to see what hymns were common to the greater part of them. Four hundred and seventy-six hymns were found in a majority of the books. With some alterations of this list, due to obvious changes in church usage and the coming in of modern hymns, a collection of 540 hymns has been made, which stands as a practical compilation of the standard hymns of the churches. What is called the 'marriage' of hymns and tunes, that is, the usual and approved musical setting for each hymn, has been carefully ascertained and followed."

UPRISING IS UNDER CONTROL.

Manila, March 23.—General Allen of the constabulary, in command of the federal troops in the island of Samar, reports that the uprising among the Pulajanes is now under control, and that the majority of the regular troops will be withdrawn.

Major General Corbin and Gen. Allen are now at Calbayog, Samar, holding a conference regarding the measures which it will be necessary to take in the future.

Housefurnishings You Need

BARGAIN FRIDAY finds you in need of just such housefurnishings as are advertised here. Bargain Friday finds us prepared with the lowest prices on this self-same merchandise in the Daylight Basement.

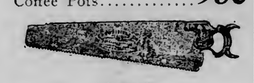
NICKEL-PLATED WARE.

Heavy copper nickel-plated Tea Kettles, hardware stores ask $1.25—special— each..... **98c**

2-quart heavy nickeled Coffee Pots..... **75c**

3-quaft heavy nickeled Coffee Pots..... **85c**

4-quart heavy nickeled Coffee Pots..... **95c**



SAWS.

29c Hand-Saws for..... 15c
75c Bucksaws..... 59c
25c Hammers for..... 15c
15c Hammers each..... 10c
25c Hatchets each..... 15c

6 bars Armour's White Wool Soap for..... **25c**

FOOD CHOPPERS—No. 1 Universal Food Choppers—worth $1.25—special each..... **98c**

WATER PAILS—Enameled water Pails—white inside, worth $1.25—special—..... **59c**

ROYAL GRANITE—Royal granite stew kettles—slightly chipped in shipment, hardly noticeable, 8-quart size, worth 60c—special each..... **29c**

DISH PANS—Royal steel dish pans, same as above, worth regular 60c—special each..... **33c**

25 dozen Clothes Pins—for..... **25c**

Superior St., Lake Avenue and Mich. St. **Freimuth's** *The Daylight Dept. Store, Duluth, Minn.*

On the Bargain Square Friday at Freimuth's!

20c Fancy Foulard Satines 11½c

THESE SATINES are fine, fresh and new this season—have a fine, silky, satiny finish—there are blues, blacks, browns, tans and other popular colorings—printed in the new foulard patterns—fabrics that look wonderfully like the 75c foulard silks, yet possessing the wear and service of strong fadeless cottons which will come out of the tub fresh and bright as ever after all sorts of mishaps.

A New York commission man took a loss on a whole case of them—that's how we can give them to you at 11½c without losing money.

Worth twenty cents anywhere—and any day—but tomorrow here for 11½c the yard.

Lake Avenue, Superior and Mich. Streets. **Freimuth's** *Always Silk Headquarters, Duluth, Minn.*

We Want Your Business—Best Work and Service.

Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.

Providence Bldg.—4th Avenue West and Superior St. Both Phones.

Blank Books

Loose leaf or tight bound—all rulings. We can supply you with the new set for 1905.

Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 west Superior Street.

LETTER CARRIERS

May Meet at Minneapolis Instead of Portland.

Portland, Or., March 23.—Because the trunk lines association controlling passenger rates east of Chicago, has so far refused to make as low rates as anticipated, the executive committee of the National Letter Carriers' association has decided to submit to a referendum vote a proposition to change the place of the biennial convention to be held Sept. 4 to 11, from Portland to Minneapolis.

Preparations for entertaining the convention have practically all been completed by the executive committee of the local branch and strong effort will be made to defeat the proposition to change the place of meeting.

KAISER STARTS ON TRIP.

Cuxhaven, March 23.—Emperor William started today on his Mediterranean cruise on board the steamer Hamburg, placed at his disposal by the Hamburg-American line. The Hamburg was escorted by the armored cruiser Prinz Friedrich Karl.

Danderine

GREW THIS HAIR

AND WE CAN

PROVE IT.

Results from its use are QUICK and PERMANENT.

MISS DOROTHY CLARK, 2130 Grenshaw St., CHICAGO.

FRANCES MARIE KNOWLTON, 980 Garfield Boulevard, Chicago, Ill., Age 4 Years.

MISS LUCY MAY, 5036 Forestville Ave., CHICAGO.

LITTLE FRANCES MARIE KNOWLTON

whose photograph appears herewith has a most beautiful head of golden hair, thicker than the crown of glory of most mature women. Frances is only four years old, and her hair hangs within 12 inches of the floor. The extraordinary hair strengthening qualities of **Danderine** has grown for this little girl the most admirable head of hair ever possessed by a child of her age in the world. The other two ladies whose photographs are shown here are certainly delighted with the results they are getting. Neither of them having hair that would reach to their waists before beginning the use of Danderine.

IT IS POSITIVE AND PERMANENT IN ITS RESULTS.

When applied to the scalp on either old or young, it makes the hair sprout and grow thick, long and beautiful, and there is no waiting around for weeks and months to see results, either. Any druggist will refund the price if it does not accomplish every result we claim. **NOW** at all druggists in three sizes, **25** cents, **50** cents and **$1.00** per bottle.

FREE To show how quickly **Danderine** acts we will send a large sample free by return mail to any one who sends this advertisement to the Knowlton Danderine Co., Chicago, with their name and address and 10 cents in silver or stamps to pay postage.

Last evening a beautiful home wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gidding of 1405 East Superior street, when their sister, Miss Rose Gidding became the bride of Max Stern of Chicago. The wedding was a quiet one only the immediate friends being present but a quiet elegance marked all the details and appointments of the affair. The rooms were decorated beautifully in green and white for the ceremony and the service was read under a bower formed with greens and flowers and softly shaded lights.

The wedding music was played by Miss Irene Silberstein as the wedding party entered the rooms. The bride was given away by her brother, J. M. Gidding, and was attended by Miss Elsie Silberstein as maid of honor. The groom's attendant was Nathaniel Gidding. The service was read at 6:30 o'clock by Rev. Mendel Silber.

The bride wore a beautiful gown of white net over silk with a bridal veil. She carried a small ivory prayer book, the gift of the groom. From the book, lilies of the valley caught with white ribbons hung in shower effect giving a charming touch of originality to the costume. The only ornament was a small pearl pin.

Miss Elsie Silberstein wore a gown of pink chiffon mull and carried pink roses tied with ribbons of the same shade.

Following the ceremony a wedding dinner was served. The dining room and table were decorated in the prevailing colors of green and bridal roses and covers were laid for eighteen. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. Stern left for a Western wedding trip. The bride's going away gown was of green chiffon broadcloth with a hat to match. After May 1 Mr. and Mrs. Stern will be at home at 4455 Calumet avenue, Chicago.

Among the out of town guests were Mr. and Mrs. Ben Gidding of Bloomsbery, Pa., and Joseph Gidding of Scranton, Pa.

* * *

Miss Lillian Abrahamson will entertain tomorrow afternoon at her home, 1215 First street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Josephs will entertain this evening at a dancing party in honor of their sister, Miss Henerita Cook whose wedding takes place Sunday evening to Albert M. Goodman of St. Paul.

* * *

The first committee tea in the history of the Young Women's Christian association was held last evening, at the rooms of the association on Superior street. The object of the meeting was to bring the members of the board of directors and the active members of the association in closer touch, and to emphasize the importance of every line of association work. This first tea was most successful, and it is planned to be the forerunner of many. The tea tables were laid in the dining room, and covers were laid for fifty. Simple decorations of pink carnations and ferns were used.

The report of the devotional and Bible study committees was given by Mrs. W. S. Horr. The devotional meeting on Sunday afternoons and Friday noons and the classes for the study of the Bible, which meet Thursday at noons and Tuesday evenings, are faithfully attended by those of the members to which this work appeals, and it is felt that progress is being made along these lines.

In the report of the membership committee, which was given by Mrs. G. A. Strong, the plan for a membership contest was explained, and it is hoped that in this manner many of the former members, whose membership has been allowed to expire, will be reminded of their delinquency and re-enter the association.

Reports were also given by Mrs. J. A. Watterworth for the noon rest committee; rooms, Mrs. W. S. Bishop; educational, Mrs. F. H. White; physical department, Dr. Emille Maris; finance and traveler's aid, Mrs. W. C. Agnew; reception, Mrs. J. D. Titcomb, and entertainment, Miss Jenny Moody.

A new committee, to be known as the extension committee, was created, consisting of Miss Edith Virgin, Miss Grace Scribner and Mrs. William Asher. The work of this committee is to present the work of the association to those girls and women who do not come in contact with the association and its workers. To secure their attention and interest will be the work of this newly-named committee.

Mrs. Wesley Fectham, secretary of the association, was the last speaker of the evening, and, in a short address, spoke of the large and better work which may be achieved by the association with the willing and efficient cooperation of its many committees.

* * *

Tomorrow afternoon the third of the series of Bible classes will be held at 3 o'clock at the rooms of the Young Women's Christian association. These meetings are most instructive, and any interested are invited to attend. The following program will be studied tomorrow: "The First Death" and "Abel, a Type of Christ," will be the topics spoken of by Miss Hendry; "Days Before the Flood" and "The Sons of God and the Sons of Men," will be presented by Miss Willson, and Mrs. J. D. Morrison will be in charge of the remaining topics of the afternoon, "The Preacher of Righteousness," "The Ark," "The Flood" and "The Rainbow."

* * *

The Outlook club will holds its annual meeting tomorrow morning at the club room of the library at 10 o'clock. All the members are requested to be in attendance.

EFFECT OF CLOTHES.

Style Does Much to Make the Woman.

The Dear Little Goose declared in a tone of deep conviction that she believed it was clothes and not manners made the woman, says the Seattle Daily Times.

"Now you see it is this way: For example, you meet a nice little blue-eyed, pink-cheeked individual from the country. She has a frock a bit wiggly in the back seams, and a trifle saggy in the skirt and just more than a little off cut about the neck. Well, do you think that girl will make any attempt to lead? Not she; she will sit in the corner and watch. Next time you see her her skirt is a better cut and her neck doesn't look so queer. A month later she is pretty well cut all around and next season she is in the mode. Any more sitting in the corner and watching? No indeed—no indeed—the little country girl is due to shine; she will live up to those clothes or know the reason why. Those clothes have made her over and she likes the change and it is not at all likely you will ever see her 'revert to type' as the scientists put it.

"Then, take the girl with a spice of mischief in her make-up and put a baby blue frock on her. Will she shock you with her news and views? Not at all likely. If you want a shock just dress her up in scarlet—why a girl in scarlet will go a long way further in daring than she would think of going in any other color. Again dress the same girl in black and she will assume the demure airs of a new widow. It's the clothes that make the girl. Then, again, watch how women act when they are dressed up; why, some of them take on airs of speech to keep pace with their fashionable apparel, and some assume the top-loftiest sort of manner even with themselves in the looking glass. Put some women in velvet and ermine and they will queen it over their grandmothers. All the royalty in the world wouldn't be equal to the task of carrying off a coster's garb if one would expect royal manners. It is the clothes that make the woman. The most forward woman in the world would experience a change of heart if she were doomed to wear none but gowns cut in the style of the year before last; Petruchio would have tamed Kate more effectually and twice as speedily had he had sense enough to sentence her to a course of last season's frocks and hats.

"Nothing breaks a woman's spirit so quickly and so completely as a year or so old, old clothes. If you wish to keep up your pluck keep up with the fashions!"

TWO OF A KIND

By J. C. Plummer.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Philip Thompson's eyes strayed over to a map of the United Kingdom hanging against the office wall.

"A dangerous coast the northeastern part of Scotland, Capt. McLeod," he said carelessly, "a likely place for a wreck."

"Ferry," assented Capt. McLeod.

"Then there's the Orkneys and the Shetlands, bad places those in a fog, captain."

The captain nodded and looked at Mr. Thompson, then he looked out of the window.

"You are going to take the Curlew to Gottenburg," continued Mr. Thompson, "and you'll come back in ballast. You'll probably take a northern route which will about bring you off that coast. It's autumn and the season for fogs, so be careful, captain."

"Et wad be a bad thing for me, a sheepwreck," said Capt. McLeod. "Aw might be a year finding another sheep."

"No, no," replied Mr. Thompson, "I know you are a careful skipper, and if Providence ordains that the Curlew should be lost I'd see you'd another ship. More, I'd obligate myself to pay you a hundred pounds to lose you over until you did get a ship. Then you could pay it back."

"Wad ye put that in writing?" inquired the skipper.

"Certainly. Give me a shilling, captain."

Mr. Thompson wrote rapidly and then handed the paper to the skipper. Capt. McLeod read, "For the sum of one shilling, received, I insure Capt. David McLeod against the wreck of the steamer Curlew on the passage from Gottenburg to Shields, in the sum of one hundred pounds.

(Signed)) "PHILIP THOMPSON."

"There," he said, "you see what a careful skipper I think you." Capt. McLeod read the paper carefully, put it in his pocket and went down to the docks.

Mr. Thompson put on his overcoat and attended a meeting of the vestry of St. Barnabas church.

That evening Capt. McLeod went aboard the steamer Moray, loading for Reval. She was commanded and owned by a fellow Scot, Fergus McCliesh. The two skippers talked earnestly until late in the night and parted with a gleam in their eyes.

The morning of his departure Capt. McLeod read prayers with his family and cautioned his daughters to avoid invitations to places where there was dancing.

"Eet's the devil's own game," he said, "and wha eet's going on ees na place for the daughters of a godly man."

"Be very careful, captain," said Mr. Thompson as he bade the skipper farewell. "Don't let anything happen to the old Curlew."

"Ees she censured, sir?" inquired the skipper.

"All my ships are insured," replied Mr. Thompson. "The Curlew is insured for five thousand pounds."

Philip Thompson, who had been for a whole year vainly trying to sell the steamer Curlew, watched her departure thoughtfully.

Capt. McLeod, standing on the bridge, looked back at Mr. Thompson standing on the wnarf and shook his head, thoughtfully.

Two days later the Moray, Capt. McClesh, cleared for Reval.

The Curlew had a prosperous passage to Gottenburg, but she was slow in discharging cargo. When she had taken on ballast and was ready to return to Shields Capt. McLeod wired that fact to his friend Capt. McCliesh, who was then at Reval and ready to sail on his return to England.

The shilling which Capt. McLeod had spent in having Philip Thompson insure his safe passage from Gottenburg to Shields did not appear such a bad investment that night of the twentieth of October when the Curlew, enveloped in as thick a fog as ever crawled over the German ocean, tossed in an ugly swell off the northeast coast of Scotland.

That Capt. McLeod was a careful, conscientious skipper was evidenced by the fact that when night added its blackness to the fog he would trust the helm to no one save himself. He telegraphed so frequently to the engineer that he must have been navigating with great care, but accidents will happen to the most careful, and the Curlew took the ground with a jar which threw the mate prostrate on the deck.

Sailors and stokers rushed on deck panic-stricken, for a grounding on that part of the Scotch coast meant, usually, death to all or part of a crew.

"There's na use in standing by her," said the captain, "get awa the boats."

With remarkable luck or skill Capt. McLeod piloted his shipwrecked crew over that ugly swell safely into a small fishing harbor and then it was that Philip Thompson heard that the Curlew was lost, and smiled, and old seamen visiting Lloyds in London read of the wreck and, snaking their grizzly heads, wondered what a ship bound for Shields was doing so far to the north.

Capt. McLeod was not the only navigator who, for some reason, lay a course to the northward. When the Moray came out of the Baltic instead of clearing sou-west, or even west, Capt. McClesh pointed her nose nor-west as if he had a cargo to deliver at the Shetland islands.

Philip Thompson was astounded to receive the news that the steamer Moray had arrived at Aberdeen with the Curlew in tow, having pulled her off the shore on the northeast coast of Scotland. That the news was not altogether welcome to Mr. Thompson may be inferred from the fact that, though a vestryman, he swore deeply and profanely when he heard it and even shocked Capt. McLeod, who had arrived in Shields that morning, by swearing in his presence.

"There's na man has the luck of Fergus McCliesh," muttered Capt. McLeod. "Everything turns to siller in his hands. W've no sheep, and ma censurance ees na guid since the Curlew's saved."

Mr. Thompson commended Captains McLeod and McClesh to a region from which St. Barnabas church was doing all it could to rescue people and fell into a brown study, from which Capt. McLeod made no move to arouse him.

The salvage awarded Capt. McClesh was a generous one, and Capt. McLeod called to congratulate him.

"Ye're a navigator, Davie," remarked Capt. Clesh with a grin. "A hundred yards above or below where the Curlew grounded she'd ha' been smashed like an egg. Mon, ye're a navigator."

The board did not agree with Capt. McClesh as to the ability of Capt. McLeod as a navigator. They deemed his being so far out of his course ground for the removal of his certificate. Oddly enough, this misfortune did not depress Capt. McLeod. He deposited in the bank of Aberdeen a check for several hundred pounds, which check bore the signature of Fergus McClesh. With this sum the skipper bought an interest in a fishing business and gave up the sea.

"Davie," said Mrs. McLeod, as she and her husband walked to kirk with their two daughters, most becomingly attired, in front, "I hope ye did na get this money in a sinful way."

"Woman," exclaimed Capt. McLeod, "wad ye think it sinful to hit the devil wi' a chunk of his own breemstone?"

Mrs. McLeod's countenance cleared and she smiled with pride at the excellent appearance of her two daughters.

If you want your little ones strong, healthy and robust, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. A tonic for the whole family. The children's friend. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.

NAN PATTERSON

Feels Assured That She Will Go Free.

New York, March 23.—Nan Patterson, who has been in the Tombs since last June, charged with the murder of "Caesar" Young, the California bookmaker, declared yesterday that if she is ever put on trial again she will surely be acquitted. She said this after a conference with her lawyer, Daniel O'Deilly, who had told her of the new evidence discovered, which in his opinion tends to show that Young committed suicide.

According to O'Reilly, the defense will be able to prove these facts, not brought out at the first trial:

First—That Caesar Young was the owner of a 32-caliber revolver.

Second—That he had such a revolver in his possession on June 3, while at the Sheepshead Bay race track. The alleged murder occurred June 4.

Third—That Caesar Young on the afternoon of June 3 took a pistol away from his wife.

Fourth—That Mrs. Young owned a 32-caliber revolver.

Fifth—That in "Caesar" Young's trunk, sent to England the morning of the shooting, and afterward returned to this country, were found a large number of 32-caliber revolver cartridges.

Besides this, Mr. O'Reilly says that new witnesses have been found who will swear that J. Morgan Smith, Nan Patterson and her sister, left the Sheepshead Bay race track in the very last train, and after Young, his wife and his racing partner had left the track.

DUKE VISITS KING.

Madrid, March 23.—The duke of Connaught arrived here today to visit King Alfonso. The king, with all his ministers, the civil and military authorities and the diplomatic corps, welcomed the duke on his arrival at the railroad station.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 56 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hantton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

FIGHT FOR LIFE

Diary Shows How Fisherman Climbed an 800-Foot Glacier.

Almost Insane, He Escapes After Three Days of Torture.

San Francisco, Cal., March 23.—Frederick Martin, the Alaska fisherman who spent three days on the storm bound coast near Eagle Harbor, tortured himself to keep from freezing, and finally escaped by scaling a sheer glacier 800 feet high, told more of his experiences yesterday and gave out the diary of his sufferings. Martin was brought here yesterday, still suffering from his exposure last April.

"I did not worry at first after landing on the narrow beach at the base of the icy cliffs," he said, "because I thought the wind soon would go down. Before the day had passed those cliffs had a terrible meaning for me. At high water the waves reached their base. Several times I was tempted to kill myself. It was 9 deg. below zero and I suffered torture from cold. The cold and starvation almost drove me insane. The fish bait I ate was little relief.

"Finally I saw a narrow pinnacle of rock jutting out from the side of the cliff. I thought if I could lasso that ledge I would find a foothold that would enable me to climb the cliff. Again and again I threw a noose, and at last was successful. I dragged myself up to the ledge and then in my bare feet zigzagged my way to the top. My feet were frozen and torn and bleeding, but I kept on, knowing my only safety lay in reaching the fishing camp. How I got there I do not know. I feel lucky in that I lost only my toes as the result of my experience."

The diary which Martin kept was written on bits of wood which he chipped from his little dory. Here is the full record of courage and endurance in face of almost certain death.

"April 12—Morning—Went out early with light northeast wind, but sky was suspicious looking. Got to rishing grounds off Fairmouth Head. Soon wind started increasing. Hove up anchor and made for beach. Reached there without trouble. Landed, hoping wind would moderate. It kept increasing all the time. It is now 10 o'clock and strong gale is blowing. It is awfully cold. Blinding snow storm. Impossible to reach home, four miles away.

"Afternoon—Weather horrible. Not feeling uneasiness, set about to take dory up to high water mark against steep cliff that is length of beach here. Just small bight with no way to get away overland. Turned dory over and have prepared to pass night under it, with sail for only shelter. I am in my shirt sleeves with only a light cap on my head.

"It is light now and have made best of situation. Put sail around dory and went under it for shelter, which was hard and horrible to think of. But I know it is only way. Expect in morning to launch dory and go to Fairmouth Harbor and walk home over mountain.

"April 15—At daybreak found I was six feet under snow; wind northwest gale. Terribly heavy breakers right up to dory. Came out from under dory stiff and cold. Started running along little beach to get my legs warm, but found it impossible. At low water walked whole length of beach, which was half mile, hoping to find way to escape over mountains, 800 feet high and steep down below. It is impossible. Begin to understand horrible situation. Big high pinnacle of ice and heavy breakers around me, and no way to escape. All I have with me is my watch, which shows it is noon.

"We have been away from home day and a half. Beginning to get hungry; nothing to eat. Walked along water mark hoping to find mussel.

"One o'clock—Sun has come over mountain. Sat down in little cove where wind was not blowing so hard and took boots off and dried them. Gale increasing; breakers high. Not worried much yet. Thing that bothers me is I have nothing to eat. Will have to pass another horrible night under dory. Getting colder and freezing hard.

"At 7 p. m.—Under dory for night, but do not dare to go to sleep. If I do that will be last of life. With gaff hook handle I keep beating my feet to keep them from getting frozen.

"April 14—At 5 o'clock daylight begins. Terribly hungry; two days without food. Still feel no effect of starvation. Gale the same; no sign of change.

"Eleven o'clock—Begin to realize situation. Know now chance to save my life is poor, but while there is life there is hope. Cannot last much longer in such awful weather. Third day of awful suffering.

"Five p. m.—Found at high water mark two sculpin that I used for bait and threw away first day. Ate piece of one. Terrible to think of. This, the third night, make my meat on raw sculpin and mouthful of snow. Have no matches.

"Night coming; no sign of change. Still believe it is impossible to die like this. Sat down under dory, weak. Took knife and cut five chips off batting inside dory and took piece of lead pencil and wrote few lines. This may be my last day, so whoever finds dory will know now how I died. Through with this, my mind is failing me.

"Crawled out from dory and took last look at horrible cliffs. Came to one which did not look so steep as rest. Made first start for life or death. Went up thirty feet. Saw it was impossible. Then found I could not get down, but alongside of me was big snowslide, which I threw myself into, and went sliding down to beach. Have made four other attempts, but will not give up.

"Have come back to dory and taken piece of rope. Will start for last attempt. Can't last many hours longer. It is 9 o'clock. Afraid my mind is failing. Weak from starvation and want of sleep—haven't had any for three days. All seems like terrible dream.

"April 20—Lying in my bunk. Horrible experience went through to get home to Eagle Harbor. Took piece of dory rope and started to climb steep cliff. Almost impossible to believe human being could climb it. Mind was wandering and I hardly know how I did it. Lassoed pinnacle of ice with rope and dragged myself up. Got to place where it was steep and almost gave up, but took chance. Took my rubber boots off and started in my stocking feet with weather freezing hard, but it was last chance for life.

"After a hard time I got to top of the mountain with my feet frozen. I knew if I stopped one minute that would be the last of me, so in bare feet I started to run over the mountains, covered with snow, toward home, every minute expecting to give up. Judge for yourself how I felt after three nights and days of such hardship. I got home all right. I am thankful to the boys that I have got my feet."

RURAL DELIVERY.

Washington, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rural Route No. 3 will be established on May 1 at Ada, Norman county, Minn., serving 620 people and 126 houses. Christ Tollefson has been appointed a regular and H. K. Petterson a substitute rural carrier on Route No. 1 at Hendrum.

There is no element of speculation in the quality of

Old Underoof Rye

It is good beyond compare.

DRUNKEN FATHER

Hurls Young Son From Fourth Story Window.

New York, March 23.—Thrown out of a fourth story window by his father, it is charged that James Radill, 6 years old, was saved from instant death at 7 o'clock Tuesday night by an awning. As it is the boy is in Bellevue hospital, suffering from a broken leg, fractured skull and internal injuries, received in bouncing from the awning to the sidewalk. The boy, on recovering consciousness, also said that his father had pitched him into the street.

Mrs. Radill told the police that her husband had often denied the boy's paternity and that, while drinking early in the day, he had threatened to drown him in the river.

Radill was locked up on a charge of felonious assault.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Graniteware sale.

Friday and Saturday are always "homefitters' days" at the Glass Block. This week our homefitters will be treated to a **bargain feast** such as only the Glass Block and its big transactions ever offer.

3000 pieces all sorts of Royal grey and blue and French grey granitewares

Will be spread out on the basement tables, so that no matter how big the crowd, everybody will be waited on promptly—because of extra space and salespeople, at—

Prices less than half.

BIG "STOCK" POTS—Of Royal gray steel enameled ware, at prices you never knew before and may never get again.

75c for 18-quart size that sells regularly for $1.59.

98c for 22-quart size that sells regularly for $1.90.

WASH BASINS—made of turquoise blue Royal steel enamel, large size, 28 inches circumference—always sell for 25c—Friday and Saturday for..... **10c**

PRESERVING KETTLES—made of Royal gray steel enamel, choice of two sizes, each at less than half price—

19c for 22-inch kettles that sell regularly for 39c.

23c for 26-inch preserving kettles that sell regularly for 59c.

COFFEE POT SALE—Choice of Royal gray or Venetian blue steel granite coffee pots—also choice of 4 different sizes, so that everybody can get the coffee pot they want—

19c for coffee pots worth 39c.

21c for coffee pots worth 49c.

26c for coffee pots worth 59c.

29c for coffee pots worth 69c.

FRENCH GRANITE — all kinds—one big lot of all sorts of pots and pans, in "French" graniteware, including,

Preserving kettles,
Wash basins,
Milk pans,
Stew pans,
Bail preserving kettles,

etc., etc.—all put together in one big lot—so you may take your pick of any piece you want—values up to 25c, for..... **10c**

The big cutlery sale

continues Friday and Saturday, in connection with the big sale of granitewares.

7c for bread knives, worth 19c.

4c for can openers, worth 10c.

15c for butcher and kitchen knives, worth up to 50c.

25c for butcher knives, worth up to 75c.

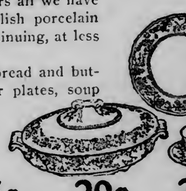
25c for carving knives and forks, worth up to $1.00.

$1.25 for a doz steel steak knives, worth $2.50.

One lot dinnerwares.

The crockery department offers all we have left of a certain pattern in English porcelain dinnerware, which we are discontinuing, at less than pottery cost.

Cups, saucers, butter plates, bread and butter plates, dessert plates, dinner plates, soup plates, vegetable dishes, covered dishes, worth from 12½c up to $1.50, all in pink morning glory decoration, as follows:



5c worth 12½c. **10c** worth 25c. **15c** worth 40c. **20c** worth to 75c. **25c** worth to $1.

The furniture sale

Continues on the second floor, gathering greater momentum every day, because of the moving force of anti-trust and anti-installment prices.

SPECIAL—UMBRELLA STANDS— exactly like the picture—made of solid oak throughout—antique finish, with brass drip pan—Friday and Saturday we offer 100 of these, limit 1 to a customer, none sold to dealers—actual $2.00 value—each..... **98c**

PRICES FOR

IF THIS SIGN YOU WILL KNOW SINGER SEWING MACHINES SINGER STORES NEVER OUT

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,

14 West Superior Street,

Duluth, Minn.

HATS MADE OVER

All kinds—into the latest spring styles — reblocked and retrimmed equal to new. Our spring blocks and shapes are all here. Hats called for and delivered. Old phone 1357-M.

C. VOLLAND

Fashionable Hatter,

14 First Avenue East.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

THE PEOPLE WELL SATISFIED.

On Tuesday last the first election was held in Superior under the new primary law of Wisconsin, and, contrary to predictions, there was a surprisingly large vote. In no place where the direct nomination system has been tried has it been found unsatisfactory by the voters.

The number of Republican votes polled in the different wards in Superior would fairly approximate the regular Republican vote on election day, but there was so little competition on the Democratic tickets that many Democrats went to the polls and voted as Republicans. Under the law a man can vote which ever way he pleases, Republican or Democrat, but a man cannot vote on both tickets, the point of the law being that for the purpose of this caucus a man is either attending a Republican caucus or a Democrat caucus, and cannot go to both.

Notwithstanding the fact that many Democrats voted the Republican ticket, the experience of Duluth and St. Louis county was repeated, and it is generally conceded that the best and strongest men on the Republican ticket were nominated. The Evening Telegram, a Republican paper, is well pleased with the general results, saying: "Taken altogether, the first test of the primary election law in Superior seems to have been satisfactory."

The supreme test will come, as a matter of course, when the primaries for state nominations are held. But there is no reason to believe that this test will be any less satisfactory to the rank and file. Other states that have adapted the plan have no desire to return to the convention system.

The Wisconsin primary law is as near perfection as any that has yet been produced, and a duplicate thereof should be on the statute books of every state in the Union.

LOSING ITS GRIP.

Because an attempt is being made in this state to revive the New England town-meeting idea by legislative enactment, for the discussion not only of township matters, but of state legislation as well, a description by the Boston Transcript of the New England town meeting of today will no doubt be of interest.

According to the spectators it is the best and the freest show coming to town during the twelve months. For months in advance the probable articles in the warrant are discussed, and for months afterwards the town's action forms a more or less occasional topic of conversation in grocery store and barber shop.

Each year brings out on town meeting day its group of dignitaries that have transferred their seats tempararily from the neighborhood of the general store's stove to the rear of the town hall platform. Here with the background of a snow scene, a garden plot, or the "parlor drop" they watch the progress of the day, and dream perchance of the times of yore when they made the rafters ring on the question "to see if the town will appropriate the sum of $25 for the completion of the North Branch schoolhouse."

But, as the Transcript says, "in these days the oratory seems to them to have dropped off, and appropriations of $500 slide through in a most disgracefully silent manner. We are no longer breeding Daniel Webster in our modern 'things.'"

That is just the trouble. The people no longer depend upon public gatherings either to glean or disseminate views. The newspaper now performs that function. Political oratory is out of date as a means of educating the public. The political rostrum is now occupied almost exclusively by spellbinders. The people of today know what they want in a political way as well as anybody could inform them at a mass meeting. All that is now lacking is a certain method of giving expression to their views so that those views will be obeyed by their representatives in legislative halls. The mass meeting as a potent factor in political affairs can never be revived. The masses would not attend.

WAGES AND PRICES.

In its gratification and glorification over the fact that the motormen and other employes of the subway lost their recent strike, the New York Sun makes the claim that the higher the wages are, the higher will be the cost of living, and that really nothing is gained by the attempts of laboringmen to boost their wages, saying:

"They will adjust themselves in their relations to each other. If wages were to be multiplied by ten, 50 cents for a ride on the elevated would be the equivalent of the nickel under present rates. If cotton spinners and weavers were to get $5 a day, the public would have to give 20 cents or more a yard for its cloth. If wages stand on such a scale, the price of commodities will adjust itself to wage rates."

In further elucidation of this grand economic idea, the Sun quotes James J. Hill to the effect that "the present standard of wages is artificial" and must be reduced if the United States is to successfully compete in the markets of the world.

In closing the article the Sun says: "The striker who thinks that his raid is made only on the moneybags of an individual will some day be forced to realize that it is actually made on his own pockets and on the pockets of his kind. He will also realize that the better business sense of the employing class, operating to effect a fair balance between cost of production and distribution and the selling price of commodoties, is in reality the buffer between his own selfishness and his own hurt."

If the Sun proceeds on the theory that it is a sacred and inalienable right of certain individuals to draw interest and dividends on billions of capital that they never produced, never invested and which represents nothing but water; that it is also a sacred right of capitalists to monopolize all the natural resources of the land for their own benefit, and that they should not be compelled to give up one jot or tittle of the enormous profits derived from these things, then perhaps its reasoning is correct when it says that wages and prizes will adjust themselves and that there is nothing for laboring men to gain by striking for higher pay.

But must the American laboringman forever sumbit to whatever impositions capital may place upon him through the monopolizing of nature's stores, forces and products while he calmly consents to his own wages being fixed solely by the law of supply and demand?

The amazing statement was made before the City club of New York recently that, while the aggregate nominal capital of all these companies which entered into the Consolidated Gas company of New York in 1884 was $17,000,000, on the same day of the consolidation this capital was raised to $30,000,000, although no capital was contributed to the Consolidated company except that which was transferred to it by the several constituent companies. In other words, $22,000,000 was made in a day by those who manipulated the combination, and on this vast amount of water the citizens of New York who patronize the gas company must pay interest, for all the Consolidated Gas company's stocks and bonds sell above par and pay good rates of dividends or interest.

And yet the citizen of New York who is thus deliberately robbed must be content with whatever is offered him in the way of recompense for his toil if he is to win the commendation of such people as profit by this kind of plunder.

This is but one instance of thousands of similar deals that have been consumated in this country during recent years, and the aggregate stealings of this character would be almost beyond computation.

One trust monopolizes the light, another the fuel, another the meat and food products, another the iron and steel, and so on down to the end of the last chapter. Values of practically all these commodities are arbitrarily fixed at prices just as high as the traffic will bear, so that no matter how much the people may earn it is practically all taken away from them by the captains of industry that monopolize the different things that go to make up the necessaries of life.

The lesson is that he people must seek relief through legislation, and the first step necessary to bring about desired results is to take legislation into their own hands.

VAN SANT ON PRIMARIES.

Whatever else may be said of ex-Governor San Sant, he is a close observer of public sentiment and has made few errors of judgment in sizing up the popular will. The former governor accepted an invitation to address the members of the Michigan legislature in joint session last week. After the address in conversation with Governor Warner and others, Mr. Van Sant in reply to a question regarding direct nominations, said: "I believe in it all the way down the line, including United States senators. Of course, senators could not be elected by the people, but candidates could be nominated by them."

Further along, in answer to the question: "Do the people of Minnesota want direct nominations of state officers?" he put the whole truth in a nutshell in this reply: "The fellow who doesn't want it is the chap who can run a ward or township any way he likes and the corporation that is always playing in politics and looking for special privileges and exemptions. The plain, solid citizen who is ready and willing to pay 100 cents for $1, wants it every time.

If the members of the Minnesota legislature are desirous of granting the wishes of a great majority of the people of the state and transforming that sentiment into law, they will extend the direct nomination system to every office in the commonwealth, and do it now.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

There are over 21,000 children in Kentucky who cannot read or write, according to census reports, and still we bother our heads over the education of the Filipinos.

* * *

The state commissioner of mineral statistics for Michigan has made no report for three years. The trouble is that the pay is only $2,500 per year and out of this the commissioner is to pay for all the expense of getting up and publishing his report and as the law does not say how much of a report he shall publish, the late commissioner was not inclined to do very much that would incur expenses. The place has been considered a political soft snap, and really has been of very little benefit to the public. There is now talk of either abolishing the position or placing it on a business basis.

* * *

The Little Fork Guardian pays this pretty tribute to the girls in the cabins of the north conutry: "We often read in the papers account of the most beautiful woman in America, and it always happens that she is a member of some rich family. The critics haven't seen the kitchen girls in the hotels of the country, who are too practical to sacrifice useful employment upon the altar of show. They haven't seen the maids of the north country in their cabins on their claims, who have other motives in life than twinkling gems before reporters. But they are here with their praises unsung, but they are the kind that will be the mothers of future presidents."

* * *

The people may petition, but legislators will often disregard their appeals until the law makes legislative observance of petitions compulsory.

* * *

It would seem that notwithstanding the fact that the people of Wisconsin have utterly repudiated the Spooner-Quarles faction at the polls, Senator Spooner is still the dictator of federal appointments in that commonwealth. The appointment of H. K. Butterfield as United States district attorney for the Eastern district of Wisconsin is further evidence of that fact. It is plain that President Roosevelt is waiting for a brick house to fall on him before he "tumbles" to the fact that the Republican party of Wisconsin has been regenerated.

* * *

Cassie Chadwick says she will now tell all she knows about it. The public is expecting an ear full.

* * *

The man who believed in the power of mind over matter and that it is a sin to be sick, adopted a course of self-suggestion, as follows:

"I am obtaining perfect health from the life essentials. The good rich blood I am making now is carrying health to every cell of my body.

"Health is my birthright. There is health all around me. I am healthy.

"I shall now proceed to educate my lungs to breathe deeply and properly by taking a number of deep breaths. I shall take a moderate amount of exercise, commensurate with my store of energy, and am certain that I am appropriating more strength each day than I am expending.

"I feel better and stronger this moment."

His mind was so preoccupied by his course of self-suggestion that he forgot to put on his rubbers when he walked to the office. He got his feet wet. And the next day he went to bed to nurse an attack of the grip.

Hotel Gossip.

"Duluthians should build a monument 1,000 feet high on top of the hill and dedicate it to the memory of Jay Cooke," said E. L. Craw of Grand Rapids, Mich., at the St. Louis. "His was the brightest mind fitted for development propositions this country has ever produced. He saved the country in time of need, and did mor for the development of the territory about and to the west of Duluth than any other man. His memory should and will be perpetuated. Aside from his worth as a business man he was clean, moral, upright, honest, charitable and was kindness itself. He was a man in the fullest sense of the word."

Mr. Craw was a pioneer resident of Duluth, coming here in 1879, and was later associated with Jay Cooke in the St. Louis River Water Power company, acting as its first vice-president. He remained in Duluth only three years, however, and since has paid only occasional visits to the city, the last being in 1891. He arrived for a few days last evening.

"The fall of my arrival here I noted the great possibilities of the St. Louis water power," continued the enthusiastic admirer of Mr. Cooke, "and shortly afterwards left for Philadelphia to consult with Mr. Cooke about it. I found that he had unlimited faith in the power and the chances of Duluth for becoming a great city, and he refused absolutely to part with his title to control of the rapids. I did the next best thing, and became associated with him in the work. Only a smal portion of the necessary lands had then been acquired, and it fell to my lot to purchase properties along the river between Fond du Lac and Thomson, a distance, by river, of thirteen miles. In buying up the land I traveled all over the United States, from Maine to California, and in time had title to all that was desired. My total original purchase amounted to 4,500 acres.

"Interested as he was in vast deals almost beyond the comprehension of the ordinary man, the pet scheme of Jay Cooke was the development of the St. Louis power. He would talk of his plans regarding it by the hour. He also had unbounded faith in Duluth as a coming commercial center. I remember his saying this, several years before he died:

"'It don't matter whether a city has as a site a hole in the ground, a side hill or a hill top, if it is so located as to become a concentrating and distributing point it is bound to grow and develop into a great city. Duluth is so located. Her future contains wonderful possibilities.'"

* * *

"The carrying out of plans as now laid for railroad construction through Minnesota, the Dakotas and the Northwest in general, will mean great things for Duluth," said Samuel Watt of Larimore, North Dakota, at the McKay. "The local wholesale houses will be more particularly affected than any other one line of business, but by benefiting them it naturally follows that the whole city will be given a boost.

"The country out there is developing rapidly. New towns are continually springing up, and every one of them means just that much more business for Duluth wholesale houses. The new lines of railroad through the Dakotas and Minnesota will result in scores of villages being started, and some of those will eventually become cities of no small importance. It is in these new towns that the greatest opportunity of some of the local wholesalers, who have been established only a comparatively brief period, lie. In the older towns the Twin City houses, established 15 or 20 years longer than the Duluth concerns, have worked up a trade which it is very hard to break into, and if it were not for this continual development which is going on the Zenith City wholesalers would some of them have a hard struggle for existence. As it is I understand they are all doing very well, and their trade is growing with the country. Already their reputation is established, and in 8 or 10 years even what are now the newest of them will be just as firmly established in that territory as are the Twin City firms. I am firm in the belief that the Soo will extend through from Duluth to Thief River Falls, and this will give the Head of the Lakes direct connections with this rich, new territory, where now it is necessary to travel over two lines of road to reach some of it."

* * *

"It is surprising to me that there are not more persons who apply for positions in the departmental service," said P. M. Moroney of St. Paul at the Spalding. Mr. Moroney is secretary of the Eighth United States civil service district, comprising Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Iowa and Nebraska. Yesterday he examined applicants for positions in the customs, railway mail and departmental service at Washington, in the local federal building, and was disappointed at the small number of applicants for such positions.

"There are excellent opportunities for young men in the service," continued Mr. Mooney. "The salary at the start is small. It ranges from $600 to $1,000 a year, which prevents many young men from leaving commercial positions in which the salary may be higher, but promotions in the departmental service are sure, and mean more money. Good men may command a salary of from $1,800 to $2,000 after diligent service.

"The Eastern states have now received more appointments than they are entitled to, and Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas are now due for many appointments."

* * *

P. R. Vail of Ely, proprietor of the Vail hotel, which was completely destroyed by fire recently, was at the St. Louis last evening. He expects to leave for Mexico today on a business trip.

"I have not yet reached a definite decision as to whether I shall rebuild the Vail," said Mr. Vail. "As a result of the fire I stand to lose $18,000."

* * *

At the McKay: C. B. Poynter, Richland Center, Wis.; F. Marzoly, St. Paul; Frank Webb, Minneapolis; S. A. Hunter, St. Paul; D. P. Cargill, Silon Springs; A. L. Hawkins, Minneapolis; T. J. Hughes, Virginia; B. D. Weiss, Toledo; L. J. Alunan, St. Cloud; J. S. Finlayson, Foxboro; J. B. Mayn, Floodwood; A. M. Wilde, Eau Claire; F. B. Shaw, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Lenox: John Carlson, Minneapolis; A. E. Stark, Princeton; H. S. Fairall, Iron River; George Scott and lady, Eveleth; Andrew Frater, Cloquet; G. E. Glover, New Richmond; Anton Molltor, Joe Malefchick, Arcadia; B. L. Kemper, Omaha; C. E. Meech, Grand Rapids, Minn.

* * *

At the Spalding: E. C. Filer, Manistee, Mich.; E. D. Garfield, Milwaukee; C. O. Jenkins, Cleveland; J. J. McWilliam, Buffalo; E. E. Fletcher, Indianapolis; T. W. Droege, St. Louis; E. Cunningham, Madison; Harry Silver, Seattle; B. J. Summerfield, I. Summerfield, Cloquet; Thomas Queen, Two Harbors; J. S. Pichner, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; F. Brooks, Scanlon; J. J. McMullin and wife, Oshkosh, Wis.; F. N. Wilcox, Meridan, Conn.; J. Culbertson, Lawrence, Ind.; D. W. Allen, Jamestown, N. Y.; S. P. Snider, Minneapolis; F. G. James, C. E. Prince, Thomas Libby, Minneapolis; H. W. Karper, San Francisco; W. Higgins, Chicago; A. J. Hilden, Granville, Minn.; J. D. Spaulding, Chicago; D. O. Welty, Chicago; G. E. Harrison and wife, Hibbing.

* * *

At the St. Louis: Mrs. C. M. Atkinson and daughter, Hibbing; S. E. Help and wife, Eveleth; W. Weame, Hibbing; W. G. Shaw, Chisholm; Dennis Leahy, Calumet; James Crowley, Thomas Adams, Hancock; C. Atkinson, Hibbing; F. J Godfrey, A. M. Shea, Hibbing; W. Lounsberry and wife, Virginia; P. R. Vail, Ely; J. C. Curaan, Eveleth; E. L. Craw, Grand Rapids, Mich.; C. E. Walters, Wakefield, Minn.; H. Hughes, Grand Rapids; R. J. Hawley, Pine City; A. Montgomery, Boston; A. E. Brown, Champaign, Ill.; E. Coulliff, Two Harbors; S. W. McLaggan, Gordon, Wis.; M. A. Bath, Detroit; J. C. Gilman, St. Cloud; Kinney, Biwabik.

Yawning for Health.

A German expert on gymnastics announces that one need not go to a well-equipped gymnasium in search of a course in health-giving exercises. Deep yawning practised as a regular exercise is the cheapest and surest road to perfect health. We are still familiar with the theory that systematic deep breathing is an excellent thing for the lungs, and it is on similar grounds that yawning is recommended. The expansion of the breast-bones and the stretching of the arms which accompany a whole-hearted yawn, together with the filling of the lungs, form a splendid daily exercise.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 23.—The Saskatchewan storm has moved its center to Manitoba, diminishing somewhat in strength. Light rains fell in Western Canada, Western Lake Region Red River, Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys, Colorado, New Mexico, Oregon and Alabama. It is warmer over the Mississippi Valley and Lake Region and cooler over Nebraska, Kansas and the Rocky Mountain Region. Temperatures continue moderate in the Northwest.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	52	Medicine Hat	30
Atlanta	48	Norfolk	38
Bismarck	20	Miles City	34
Boston	30	Milwaukee	40
Buffalo	36	Minnedosa	32
Calgary	18	Modena	26
Charleston	52	Montgomery	54
Chicago	48	Moorhead	30
Cincinnati	42	New Orleans	58
Davenport	60	New York	36
Denver	30	Norolk	38
Detroit	32	Northfield	18
Dodge City	40	North Platte	28
Duluth	23	Oklahoma	48
Edmonton	24	Omaha	42
El Paso	46	Pittsburg	36
Escanaba	34	Portland	49
Galveston	64	Prince Albert	32
Green Bay	36	Rapid City	34
Havre	28	San Francisco	50
Helena	28	Santa Fe	26
Houghton	30	Shreveport	60
Huron	34	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	58	St. Louis	54
Kamloops	40	St. Paul	38
Kansas City	46	Sault Ste. Marie	34
Knoxville	42	Swift Current	26
La Crosse	38	Washington	36
Lander	20	Williston	34
Little Rock	62	Winnemucca	24
Los Angeles	53	Winnipeg	34

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time), Friday: Duluth, Superior and Vicinity—Rain or snow tonight. Generally fair Friday. Moderate temperature. Brisk westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 23.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight with showers in east and cooler in west portions. Friday fair.

Minnesota—Fair tonight and Friday, except rain near Lake Superior tonight.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Friday. Moderate temperature.

WANTED—A GREAT MAN.

The Spectator: What of the men who should be great to deal with this crushing multitude of world events? There is not one among them who belongs past all question to that small number of mankind who in history have really guided events, or who may be expected by patient observers to found as well as to contend. Two among them, no doubt, are big men in their way, but both William II of Germany and President Roosevelt are hampered by a disparity between their objects and their means, which as yet appears incurable.

For the rest, can any one name a man of the absolute first grade, a Napoleon, a Bismarck, a Cavour, or even a Garibaldi, the single man of our age the stamp of whose foot produced armies from the ground? Even the new state in the Far East, though it has produced men adequate to their great task—generals who can win battles with hundreds of thousands engaged, and statesmen who can finance a first-class war—has not produced a man of genius, or one who can like Moltke secure from victory its full results.

The huge empire of Russia, seething with political and military activity, does not evolve one man who is competent either to shatter the existing system or to reconsolidate the ancient order. Russia ha sno Napoleon, no Mirabeau, scarcely even a Steyes; only a Witte for a Colbert, only a Count Lamsdorf for a Richelieu.

In Germany no one is alive, but the emperor; and in Austria the only great statesman, Count Tisza, has neither success nor popularity, and though in the case of emperor adroitness rises to the mark of genius, he, like every other diplomatist, except Cavour, fails to found. In those two great military empires one cannot even name the man who in a great war would be chosen generalissimo.

In Italy a new generation of politicians is rising to the top, and as yet has included no one who can solve the eternal problem or settle the eternal quarrel with the church. In France so little are politicians great that it is admitted by all who record events that the fall of the greatest among them makes no difference, and that the war with the church will go on just as well and just as badly though the protagonist of the anti-clerical side has disappeared.

In our own country conservatives frakly despise the leader for whom they vote, the opposition are almost paralyzed by the absence of any man even approaching greatness, while more than half the community deny the capacity of the one man who stands outside and offers himself as a ruling mind.

In America no politician except the president, and, perhaps, Mr. Hay, is visible above the surface, and the latter is forbidden by the Constitution to be a distinctive figure. That consensus of national admiration which is so rarely wrong attaches itself to no one, except in the case of America and Mr. Roosevelt, and the nations are left to the guidance of men about whom even their flatterers can hardly say with grave faces that they are more than able.

CORPORATIONS OR POLITICIANS?

St. Cloud Journal Press: The Washington correspondent of the Minneapolis Journal, in a review of the contest in the Northwest between the railroads and the people, makes the positive statement that the corporations have marked Senator Knute Nelson for slaughter. If true, and there are plenty of surface indications pointing in that direction, the people should understand the situation.

The great corporations are powerful, but, thank God, they are not all powerful, when the people of the state are thoroughly aroused.

Winona Republican and Herald: Isn't there grave danger that this corporation racket is being worked over time for some sinister purpose? Senator Nelson has no more to fear from the corporations than Senator Clapp had a few weeks ago. It was noticeable then that it wasn't the corporations who were out for the junior senator's scalp, but members of former good standing in his own party. If Senator Nelson is destined to have a fight on his hands it will not be a corporation fight but one of the regular Kilkenny Republican affairs, which have been the cause of defeating more Republican candidates than the corporations. Therefore, if Senator Nelson is to have a knife run deep into his ribs, it will be a Republican knife, and there is evidence that it is now being whetted in the house of his political friends. The fight that was made on Clapp—or one very much like it—will be made on Nelson, and the warriors out for Knute's scalp are not enrolled under the corporation banners. It will not be long before the old warwhoop will be heard again near the rippling waters of Minnehaha. In the meantime the corporation racket will be worked with Oyamaic persistency.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Paying for experience is almost as valuable to a man as betting on horse races.

Some men are so liberal-hearted they pray for the furnace to break down, so it can't burn coal.

It spoils all a woman's enjoyment to be out riding in an automobile and not meet anybody she knows.

A mother gets a great deal of pleasure thinking either how handsome the baby is or that he is going to be a great man.

When a man is engaged to a girl he is mad if he can't always be alone with her; after they are married he is madder if he has to be.

Fifty Years the Standard

DR. PRICE'S CREAM

BAKING POWDER

Made from pure cream of tartar derived from grapes.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***A. L. Reed returned today from a month's visit to New York.

***Walter Ayers, a young lawyer from New Jersey, is in Duluth and expects to settle.

***A. Bailey, former manager for R. Barden, the defunct grain dealer, will remain in the city, going into the employ of some other firm.

***The hull of the burnt propeller Winnipeg has been raised so that its burnt edge is about a foot above water, and the prospects are fair for getting it entirely out. It is said that the whisky in her hold is worth some $300 a barrel; her boilers are in good condition, as is her engine. Other freight in the hold is probably worth something.

***Pile driving for both new elevators is going rapidly forward. Moran has a sub-contract from Palmer Bros. for the smaller of the two houses. Mr. Moulton, the architect of the house, is expected next week.

***Dan A. Christy has returned from a trip through the East.

WISE AND OTHERWISE.

Boston Transcript: She—To think that he should treat me so! And he told me he loved me with his whole heart.

He—That was all right; but you see since then he has been suffering from heart failure.

Houston Post: "Do you ever gamble, Mr. Stayer?"

"Well, well, Miss Prue! this is the surprise of my life! Sure! What'll we play?"

Chicago Tribune: "Why, yes," said Miss Pertie Goodwin to her intimate friend, "Harry and I are going to have a secret wedding. Not a soul is going to know of it till after it's over. Hadn't you heard?"

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Does your husband ever boast of his mother's cooking?"

"Boast! I should say not. Why, only the other day I saw him out in the alley playing quoits with some of his mother's doughnuts."

Baltimore Herald: My boy," asked the school teacher, "what is the chief end of man?"

"Why, the end his head's on," replied the youngster.

Omaha News: "I'm afraid we can't use this sketch of your life in this campaign," said the boss to the young candidate. "I'm afraid the public won't believe you came from the country?"

"Why not?"

"Because you don't say you ever taught school for a term and then came to the city to study law."

JAPANNED IRISHMAN.

Kansas City Journal: The secret is out at last, and now an admiring world will know the real reason why the Japanese generals met with such astonishing success in Manchuria. They are Irishmen. This important revelation comes direct from Logansport, Ind., and he who stands sponsor for its truthfulness is no less person than Mr. Smith, labor organizer. According to the authority who laid bare Japan's secret at a St. Patrick's banquet of the Hibernians, Oyama and Oku are lineal descendants of ancestors who trod the Emerald Isle, and still bear their Irish names slightly modified—or Japanned, as it were.

"Oyama," says Smith, "is of Irish ancestry and his name as originally borne by his forebears was O'Yama, whose given name was Patrick." Patrick left Ireland for France in the Elizabethan era, but was shipwrecked and taken to the Philippines by his rescuers. There is something refreshingly characteristic in this sentence of Smith's: "His descendants went to Japan and naturaly turned to fighting men."

As for General Oku, there is more play for the imagination. His name, according to Smith, was O'Keough. Though a military genius, he was a poor hand at spelling. Evidently O'Keough was more careless of his spelling than O'Yama, for he lost more than half of his patronymic in the rigors of war. Smith makes no reference to Kuropatkin, of the Russian side, although the possibilities of Hibernian retroversion in this name are obvious from the accented syllable.

What if any international complications may arise from Smith's important disclosures it is impossible to forecast. The Japanese have certainly guarded their secret well, and herein is established the value of press censorship. We may yet learn that, amid the smoke and roar of conflict, the doughty Japanese were led from victory unto victory by the inspiring battlecry of "Erin go Braugh!"

Mexican Politics in Colorado.

Philadelphia Ledger: Colorado retains some traces of early Mexican influences. The government of the state is conspicuously carried on in the Spanish-American manner, upon "the good old rule the simple plan, that they shall take who have the power and they shall keep who can." Sometimes the forms of law are observed, and sometimes not. The state has had recent experiences of various kinds of the military power. In such prevailing lawlessness it is not strange that there should have been violence and fraud at the state election, * * * but the determination of the contest was so violently partial that many of the majority party refused their assent, and would have sustained the actual governor, Mr. Adams, in refusing to yield the office. But if Mr. Peabody actually was elected governor, his displacement under party pressure was as extreme an exercise of unconstitutional power as ever has been attempted. His whole claim to the office was that he was the real choice of the people. The new governor is simply the creature of the legislature. And yet Colorado has become so used to the violent exercise of arbitrary power that this illogical termination of the contest is accepted as calmly as it could be in Pennsylvania, and Gov. Adams has gone back peacefully to his hardware business in Pueblo. What may be the next chapter in Colorado politics no man can foretell.

As Seen in the Far South.

Florida Times-Union: While accepting laudations as the master of the big stick it transpires that the president is placating every political element with an unctuousness never surpassed by McKinley. The Lou Payn element gets "consideration," negro orators are accepted as fit business men, Rough Riders are sent to the cities where "gun play" is not recognized, and even the Democrats get something who would kick for the "bigger navy." All the federal patronage is being industriously worked by this exemplar of civil service reform who set "popularity" against the conservatism of the senate. But because it is not stagnation we live in hope; Rome did not despair while Cato lived to keep liberty alive, and there should be many Catos in America.

Baseball in Texas.

Honey Grove Signal: The newest thing in North Texas is a baseball league, composed of the towns of Paris, Texarkana, Greenville, Sherman, Denison and Bonham. Each town will proceed to hire and equip a term of baseballists, whose sole duty shall be to wear baggy breeches and keep the ball moving. To do this will require quite a sum of money and before the season closes there will be much cussing and tearing of hair by those who are called upon to put up the cash. The towns could sustain good marble yards or mumble-peg teams with much less expense and far less profanity. Having tried professional baseball, Honey Grove will try to get through the summer with only a skating rink for amusement, and Clarksville, we understand, is organizing a weed-cutting team, with the hope of uncovering its Carnegie library.

Long-Drawn-Out Florida.

Boston Transcript: But few people have any conception of Florida's extent. A land trip from one end of Florida to the other is as long as from the lakes to the gulf. A citizen of Maine who makes up his mind to go South may get on the cars and pass through Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, the District of Columbia and far into Virginia. When he has done this he has taken no longer ride than he could have taken by an equally direct line from one Florida town to another.

In many cases of Asthma Piso's Cure gives relief that is almost equal to a cure.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
Friday and Saturday, March 24, 25.
BARGAIN MATINEE SATURDAY.
Julius Cahn Presents the "Hoss" Trade Comedy
DAVID HARUM.
The play that won't wear out, with Mr. Harry Brown as David. Supported by an excellent company. American comedy dramatized from Edward Noyes Westcott's Novel. Prices—Evening, 25c to $1.00. Matinee, Children 25c. Adults, 50c.
Tuesday, March 28—Paul Gilmore.
April 4 and 5—Creatore.

METROPOLITAN
Tonight, Friday and Saturday,
First time in Duluth at Popular prices.
THE SWEDISH COMEDY DRAMA
"YON YONSON"
A $5.00 gold piece will be given to the lucky boy or girl holding the lucky seat Saturday Matinee.
Prices, 15c, 25c, 50c. Mat., 10c, 25c.

NOW UP TO LOOMIS

Says Mrs. Reader Regarding the Santo Domingo Developments.

Asserts Assistant Secretary of State Can Vindicate Her.

New York, March 23.—"It is up to Assistant Secretary of State Loomis to vindicate me with the government on behalf of the republic of Santo Domingo," said Mrs. Ella Rawls Reader. "He can substantiate my story in every particular, and in the absence of Secretary Hay he will be required to do so.

"The Santo Domingo negotiations, by which I was to be made fiscal agent of the republic, were in the hands of Mr. Loomis. He himself went to Santo Domingo some time ago in connection with them, and if he will break silence the truth of every assertion I have made will be proved fully.

"It seems strange that my connections with the negotiations should be attacked at a time when Mr. Loomis is away from Washington. Those attacks came without the smallest warning, and they could only have been made through a shameful breach of confidence.

"Mr. Cromwell and his friends seem anxious to distract attention from the main issue, but when the proper time arrives I shall have a full statement prepared which will answer all my accusers.

"As to the alleged million dollar bribe, said to have been offered me to abandon my effort to establish my position with the republic of Santo Domingo, the truth is this:

"I was offered a million dollars in settlement by a lawyer of the highest standing. There was no semblance of a bribe in the proposed transaction.

"Certain persons would be willing to pay many millions to wipe out my interests in this matter."

Concerning the story circulated that her first husband, a clerk in a candy store in Birmingham, Ala., after being rescued from a mysterious fire, committed suicide in Chicago, Mrs. Reader said:

"It is true that I was married to a man named Phillips when I was 15 years old. It was I who was rescued unconscious from our burning home, and I was ill for weeks after. We had been separated many years when he killed himself in Chicago."

Emilio C. Joubert, charge d'affaires of the Dominican government at Washington, made a statement which may be taken as the official Dominican version of the negotiations which A. B. Reader and his wife say they had opened with President Morales to have Mrs. Reader made fiscal agent of the republic, when the state department at Washington interfered.

"I was in President Morales' office," said Senor Joubert, "when Reader sent in his letter asking for an interview and pretending to be an agent of the United States. There were with the letter some newspaper clippings and what was said to be a picture of Mrs. Reader.

"The president did not know whether to be amused or amazed. He asked if I had ever known of Reader of America and if I knew of the value of his references. I said that I had never heard of the man, and that his references seemed worthless.

"The president then sent word to Reader that he could not grant an interview to him unless he was presented by Minister Dawson and told him if he had any business to communicate either through the Dominican delegation at Washington or through the minister of foreign affairs. Later Reader sent a bundle of papers to Foreign Minister Sanchez, which were returned without notice being taken of them.

"It is absurd to say there were any negotiations with Reader and that those were discontinued at the instance of the Washington government. Minister Dawson and Finance Minister Velasquez were in conference concerning the text of the protocol subsequently signed before Reader's letter was received.

"The whole story is so ridiculous that it hardly needs denial."

The letter which Reader presented to President Morales, it was said, stated that he was a representative of the United States and had come on to Santo Domingo to consider with President Morales certain affairs of the republic.

The papers which were sent by Reader to Foreign Minister Sanchez included a blank draft of an agreement appointing Mrs. Reader fiscal agent.

Mrs. Reader when informed that Senor Joubert had made a statement contradicting the story told by her and her husband, said it was perfectly natural that President Morales should want to cover up the facts. She wasn't surprised in the least, she said.

Then Mrs. Reader spoke of her career, "to prove her ability" for the Domingo place.

"I never accepted a regular diplomatic position," she said, "although I was once offered $75,000 a year and all my expenses to do so. I told the people who wanted me that, if I was worth $75,000 a year to them, I was certainly worth more to myself—if not actually at that moment, in the coursee of time.

"After my marriage to Mr. Reader, three years ago, I went to Peru. Up to that time I had never been attracted to investment in mines, but Mr. Reader was interested in some South American properties, and, naturally, after our marriage, his interests became mine. I went down to Peru and traveled all through the Andes alone, inspecting all sorts of business enterprises and gleaning a fund of useful information about South America and South American investments.

"My husband and I were getting ready to go to Peru again when this Santo Domingo matter came up, and now we shall have to stay in New York until it is finished.

"Eight years ago I became a Catholic, but as I was afraid that some one would say I did it for business reasons I kept the fact from even my closest friends until four years ago, when that also became known. I seem born to be found out. I never dreamed this Santo Domingo matter would become public until it all appeared in the newspapers."

Mrs. Reader is said to be 30 years old, but she looks younger. She has an exceptionally fine complexion and her figure is girlish. A resident of this city who has known Mrs. Reader since she was a little girl said today:

"Ella Rawls as a girl and young woman worked in a store in Birmingham, Ala., where she presided over a soda-water fountain. Then she learned stenography and typewriting. She was tall, well formed and pretty. In general appearance she was magnificent, and early in life she learned to dress the part and not overdo it. In spite of beauty and soft voice, determination is written in every line of her face, and emphasized in her thin, straight lips.

"Birmingham was a growing town when Miss Rawls lived there, but she outgrew it. She came to New York and opened a modest little office in a building in Cortlandt street. Fortune smiled on her from the beginning. She sought large contracts in her line of work, and when she went after a contract or big job of work she got in. In the lexicon of her beautiful youth there was no such word as fail. Men could not say no to her smiles. Bank presidents, big politicians and prominent lawyers found her work so satisfactory that they gave her more and larger contracts.

"During the Strong administration Miss Rawls went after the typewriting contracts for city commissions in condemnation proceedings. She got them—all she asked for—and sublet them. She took a suite of offices in the Mills building and hired two or three assistants. Miss Rawls then lived in a fashionable uptown hotel. She brought her mother and brother on from Birmingham to live with her, and established her brother in business and started him on a political career. Her gowns were dreams and her friends said that she was the best dressed woman in New York. When she walked down Broadway, women glared after her in startled envy and men stared.

"Between times of getting big contracts for stenography and typewriting, Miss Rawls promoted railroads, gold mines, coal mines and larger industrial enterprises. On a flying visit to Alabama she got a charter for a railroad. The railroad was built, and it is now a part of the Southern railway system.

"The woman's powers of persuasion when talking business are the envy and admiration of men. One of her typewriting bills against the city, a bill for more than $800, was held up by Comptroller Fitch. He said that the work did not cost more than one-tenth of that sum. Miss Rawls wasted no time in argument or explanation. She walked into Mayor Strong's office, sat down by the mayor and talked to him gently for five minutes. Her bill was paid on the following day and paid in full.

"When Miss Rawls married Mr. Reader several years ago, she announced that they would reside permanently in England.

"Mrs. Reader's successful business career in London, Peru and elsewhere has already been told of.

LOWNEY'S
"Name on every piece."
Every Sealed Package of
Lowney's Chocolate Bonbons
is guaranteed to be in perfect condition or money refunded. A guarantee slip in each package of half-pound or more.
The Lowney Packages are Full Weight.
Send for the Lowney Receipt Book.
The Walter M. Lowney Co.,
BOSTON, MASS.

MARRIAGE TIES

Cannot Be Severed This Side of Grave, Says Prelate.

Cardinal Gibbons Argues Against the Evil of Divorce.

Baltimore, Md., March 23.—Cardinal Gibbons is taking a keen interest in the anti-divorce movement and hopes and believes a reaction is at hand against the trend toward making the separation of man and wife easier. In an interview His Grace said:

"The first reason upon which the rejection of divorce by all Catholics is based is that the church, acting upon the word of God, does not recognize its existence. The Lord has decreed that the marriage bond shall be indestructible and He alone can sever it by taking from this life one or the other of the contracting parties. Marriage from the dawn of life on this earth He made holy and indissoluble. He established its law of unity when he gave Eve to Adam in the Garden of Eden, and this ideal of marriage remains today as it was in the beginning.

"The greater laxity of conscience which came with the years, however, soon caused alleged reformers to discard the sacramental view of marriage and to frame a new doctrine of marriage and divorce. Appealing as it did to the low and sensual passions of man, the new doctrine soon gained adherents, and marriages, which had been hedged in sacredness, began to be more and more openly trespassed upon.

"No matter in what light men look upon marriage and its attributes and obligations, all must admit that in the last analysis it is upon this institution that the entire structure of society rests. Statistics recently compiled show what inroads into the family have already been made by divorce in this country. The minds of legislators and jurists are kept busy devising new means for obtaining divorces. The facility with which they can be secured has served as an encouragement to hasty marriages and to equally hasty separations.

"We cry out in virtuous indignation against Mormonism. The press and pulpit denounce is as a national disgrace and demand its suppression. But is Christian polygamy less reprehensible than Mormon polygamy? Is simultaneous polygamy worse than successive polygamy? Why then is the one tolerated and the other denounced?

"We know that as a class the Mormons care for their wives and children, while Christian polygamists but too often leave wretched wives to starve, slave or sin, and abandon miserable children to the care of the state. For which of these then shall be felt the greatest contempt, the divorced and much-married Christian or the much-married but undivorced Mormon?

"To every sober-minded moralist who has given the matter appreciable thought and study it must appear that the only satisfactory solution would be to stop all divorce. The doctrine of the Catholic church, which offers this redress, also disposes of the problem of remarriage after divorce. No one, even though divorced by a civil power, can be allowed by the church to take another consort during the life time of the true wife or husband. Even, however, if the divine law did not prohibit divorce and remarriage after divorce, how poor a remedy it would be for the evils for which so many deem it panacea. There is no valid reason why divorced parties remated would be happier in this new connection than in the old. Does not experience, on the contrary, teach that unhappiness among married people frequently arises from causes inherent in one or both of the parties—causes that would as likely make a new union as wretched as the old—and not from mutual incompatibility.

"To those that think that absolute prohibition of divorce does not contribute to the purity of society, the example of ancient Rome offers a striking refutation. Does not the increase of every form of offense against charity point out a great moral fact? Can it be advanced that the increase in concubinage, prostitution, illegitimate births, abortions and the disinclination of family life, concurring as it does with the increase in divorce, is a commentary upon the beneficial value of divorce on society?

"That the argument I wish to make is a strong one is made evident by statistics, which conclusively establish that it is in those parts of the United States where loose divorce laws prevail that crimes of this sort flourish most.

"While opposing divorce, and more particularly marriage after divorce, I concede that there are occasions where for grave causes separation of husband and wife should be permitted. The Catholic church recognizes this, and adultery, grave peril of soul or body, or even mutual consent, are accepted by it as justification of this separation. I cannot admit, however, that for the benefit of the few, for whom no relief can come short of divorce, with permission to remarry, the morality of an entire community or nation should be lowered and society endangered.

"While waiting for the day when divorce shall be abolished altogether something might be done to lessen the ravages it occasions daily. The laws of the United States regarding it should be made more strict and altogether uniform in every state. The number of direct recognized legalized grounds should be lessened, and 'noiseless' divorces, divorces where the defendant can be obtained without the knowledge of the defendant, should be abolished. The plaintiff should be a bonafide resident of the state and judicial district in which his petition is filed and in every case the legal representative of the state should appear for the defendant. If divorce cannot be legislated out of existence let at least its power for evil be diminished."

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West. **French & Bassett** DULUTH, MINN. Complete Housefurnishers.

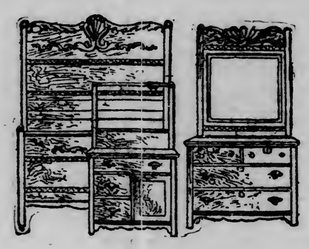
Low Prices Attached to Reliable Furniture and Housefurnishings.

Without hesitancy we make the assertion that our prices on reliable Furniture and Home Furnishings are from 10 to 20 per cent lower than other Duluth stores, and we cordially invite you to come here and make the closest comparisons both as to price and quality.

Although there is some trashy and poorly built furniture shipped to Duluth as well as to other cities, we say frankly that none of it comes to this store, and however low the prices may be here, you need not hesitate to buy, for the things will be found reliable in every way.

Long and thorough experience in the furniture line and a complete knowledge of what constitutes well-built goods, together with a long experience in serving this community, makes you safe in buying here, and these conditions have, in turn, built up a trade for this store nearly equal to all others combined.

3-Piece Bedroom Set, $13.75



Consisting of bed, dresser and commode — a solid hardwood set, golden oak finish. Dresser has three large roomy drawers — French plate mirror, swell shaped top. An equal value would be priced at $22 in the ordinary store.

Reed Comfort Rockers, $1.95

These largest size reed comfort Rockers—full roll edge of genuine reads—best shellac finish—full roll arms and woven seat, legs are well braced. The ordinary store would price its equal at $3.50. Our price while they last is $1.95.

Special Sale—Buck's Stoves and Ranges.

$1 Down and $1 a Week

Will place any one of Buck's famous stoves or ranges in your home. To own a Buck's is to have stove or range satisfaction for the rest of your days.

A Buck's stove or range is superior in every way to any other make of stove. The material used in their construction is heavier—the workmanship is better—they are much easier operated. It will pay you well to examine this famous line of stoves before buying. You can save money by so doing and you'll have the best article of its kind that the market affords.

Besides the special liberal terms we will make you

A Liberal Allowance for Your Old Stove

As a first payment on any Buck's stove or range, and the balance you can pay $1 a week or $5 a month as you prefer.

Our Partial Payment Plan:

$5 a month on $25 worth of goods.
$6 a month on $40 worth of goods.
$7 a month on $50 worth of goods.
$8 a month on $60 worth of goods.
$9 a month on $85 worth of goods.
$10 a month on $100 worth of goods.

Has proven a wonderful convenience to those with fixed monthly or weekly incomes, and we extend its privileges freely to all. When you consider that our prices are much lower than any other Duluth store and that this stock is nearly as large as all other Duluth stores combined, you may find this plan a wonderful advantage. Many thousands have and are using it with great saving to themselves.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Black Hills Fences May Remain For Year at Least.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Custer—Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department at Washington will hold up the order requiring all fences to be removed from ranches and farms in the Black Hills which have not been proved up on. A petition signed by several thousand persons in the Hills was recently presented to the secretary by Congressman Martin and State's Attorney Smith of Custer county, asking that the order be rescinded. The secretary consented to hold the matter up for this year, and intimated that congress at its next session might make some provision which would not disturb the settlers except where a tract of ground embraced over 160 acres, when it would be a question for special action by the forest supervisor. It would be impossible to count the hardship that this order would have wrought had it been inforced. There are several hundred ranches in the Hills that have been occupied for twenty years or more and have been improved with costly farm buildings. For some reason, the ground had not been proved up on, and the order to remove fences would in effect have been the same as an order to abandon the ground entirely.

Flandreau—A meeting was held at the courthouse for the purpose of indorsing the work of the Moody county members of the state legislature. Though the weather was inclement, the house was filled to the doors. Senator Rice was introduced as "the Roosevelt of South Dakota;" also as La Follette. He spoke for over an hour and a half on the right of petition and constitutional law, showing why it was mandatory upon the legislature to submit the primary election law to a vote of the people. Representative Olsen also spoke. He dwelt upon the twine plant measure, and, as to his vote on the primary bill, he was not ashamed to face his constituents. The meeting closed by a vote of thanks to the Moody county members for their work in the legislature. Resolutions were also passed commending them.

Yankton—For the first time in many years the liquor question will be voted upon by citizens at the election on April 3. The court ruling that the question must be submitted each year has made necessary the circulation of a petition and action by the city council.

The coroner's jury in the case of Moses McElwain, Jr., who was killed by a Great Northern passenger train, returned a verdict of accidental death and exonerated the railroad company and the officials of the train. The testimony showed that McElwain was intoxicated and the jury expressed the belief that he laid down or fell on the track and was too drunk to get off when the train approached.

Aberdeen—The Woman's Relief Corps, which has been working for over a year to secure funds with which to erect a monument in Riverside cemetery to the veterans of the Civil War, has at last succeeded in its efforts and announces that the monument will be unveiled on May 30 at the square devoted to the memory of the soldier dead in the cemetery. The monument costs $1,500, and is a very beautiful piece of work.

Clark—The election yesterday at Vienna resulted for license, 60; against, 45; Willow Lakes, for, 43; against, 41; Henry, for, 69; against, 29. The election in Clark on the license question will be held April 18. Last year every town in this county voted no license.

NORTH DAKOTA.

La Moure—Glanders have become to some extent epidemic among horses in the vicinity of Burlin, this county, and the state veterinarian has been summoned.

Bismarck—The state officials have been assured by the officers of the Louis and Clark exposition that North Dakota can have the space it desires for its exhibits.—one end of the agricultural building. This space will be large enough for all the state's exhibits shown at the St. Louis exposition and such additional features as may be desired. Governor Sarles is very sanguine of raising the few thousand dollars necessary on the exhibit—the legislature made no appropriation—and Warren N. Steele, the Rolla banker, has consented to take charge of the state's show.

Williston—District court convened here, Judge J. Goss presiding, with fourteen criminal cases and sixty-one civil cases on the calendar. Most of the time was taken up in getting the cases lined up. Most of the civil cases will be continued until the next term of court. N. A. Stewart was appointed by the court to defend Otto Sporland, in the cases of state of North Dakota vs. Otto Sporland, and to defend the defendant in the cases of state of North Dakota vs. Joe Johnson.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

Have you been "thinking of selling" something for a long time? As soon as you are ready to sell it a want ad. will do the rest.

People who are utter strangers to you at this moment may be doing business with you before many hours have passed if you put your proposition "in print."

Are you ever "pinched" for money with which to pay rent? Many families live "rent-free" by taking a couple of lodgers.

The House of Opportunity has a thousand doors—and the latch-keys that fit nearly all of them are made of Herald want ads.

Once in a while a want ad. finds its task too hard to accomplish in one day. So that, sometimes, two insertions are better than one.

If you do not find it convenient to visit The Herald office call up 324 either 'phone and a Herald want ad. man will do the rest.

HOSTELRY

For Those of Limited Means Will Close.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 23.—The fact that the Hope hotel, the most prominent lodging house for poor men in the city, at cheap prices, is to be closed within the next two weeks will be regretted by hundreds of the class who have found it convenient to use the accommodations afforded there, and also by the benevolent and charitably disposed persons who feel a real interest in the comfort and pecuniary welfare of the transients and otherwise homeless Pittsburgers who have had a home at the Hope. The building, a narrow, eight-story structure at 427 Liberty avenue, opposite the Wabash station, was originally built for a warehouse. After April 1 it will be used for storage and mercantile purposes.

The Hope hotel enterprise had its origin about five years ago, and was due to a suggestion made by J. C. McDowell, who has been one of the board of directors, to W. H. Hammon that he would give a liberal subscription toward its support if Mr. Hammon would take charge of the conduct of the hotel enterprise. This was assented to, and Mr. Hammon leased from Ed Gwinner, Jr., the structure.

Mr. Hammon says: "It was a larger field of work than I had contemplated, and it cost more than I had figured on to fit up the building for use as a hotel. After it had been idle about six months, during which time Mr. McDowell paid the rent, we went before the board of Hope mission, an evangelistic mission, and asked to take us under their wing. This was done, and money was raised to fit up the place, which was opened as a hotel early in 1901. It has housed about 175 men on an average during the winter season, and in summer from 120 to 150, giving nearly every one a separate room. The mission, from whom the Hope got its name, has used the income from it, which has been sufficient to entirely support the evangelistic work about half the time, while for the other half of the period the net income has given considerable support satisfactorily that it is possible by this means to do a good and needed work of a semi-charitable kind, with low-priced accommodations and at the same time conduct work with the proceeds for the evangelization of the same class of people.

"We regret the necessity of closing the Hope, as we think the work should be made permanent and on a much larger scale, and our idea was to have this done eventually, after we had demonstrated, as has been done, that it could be made successful. This was only an experiment made in the remodeled warehouse, where baths have been used, but there is an excellent opportunity for charitably inclined persons to build a fireproof building in a good and convenient location capable of housing 500 persons, and securing a reasonable income on his investment, which the present board will agree to pay and at the same time will be able with the surplus income to conduct the finest mission enterprise for Pittsburg that is possible."

WOMEN WHO FORCE THEMSELVES TO WORK.

Women Who Suffer from All Manner of Uterine and Ovarian Troubles, Weak, Nervous, Bloodless, Melancholy Women Find a Positive Cure in

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

Every day sees an army of worn out women dragging themselves to work or forcing themselves to attend to their household duties—women whose trouble lies in an overstrain or over-exertion at some time in the past—women who stay in this condition and think themselves beyond repair, because they know nothing of the wonderful power of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills to give them back their health, strength and vitality, by their ability to resupply the lost nerve energy, to build up the system, to manufacture good, rich blood, and give increased weight by making the digestion strong and vigorous.

Mrs. Ella Smith, of No. 48 Miller St., Newark, N. Y., writes:

"Last summer I was so weak I staggered when I walked. I was very nervous, easily excited, could not rest nights, blood thin, appetite poor, and hands trembly—I was in a low state of health. About this time I got a box of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, and though everything else had failed, these pills put me on my feet in good health, and that quickly, too. It was not long before I was eating and sleeping well—the nervousness and trembling gone—the blood rich and my strength back. They are a grand medicine and I feel vigorous and strong in every way." 50c a box at dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., on every package.

For sale in Duluth by all druggists.

TRAMP GOES HUNGRY

With Thousand Dollar Bill In His Pocket.

New York, March 23.—With furtive mien, a crisp $1,000 bank note crackling in his ragged pocket, a tramp is slinking about New York a prey to strange emotions.

He received the bill as a reward for returning to Mrs. T. Edwin Ward, of One Hundred and Fourteenth street and Riverside drive, the diamond brooch which she recently lost in front of the Garrick theater. He requested that his name be not made public, fearing that and army of his Bowery and Hell's Kitchen friends might descend upon him at once.

The places that he knew then know him no more. He feared to sleep last night, lest his wealth should be extracted from his pocket. He mistrusts all banks. He cannot eat, because no restaurant keeper has the change; they would refuse to make change, even had they necessary cash, fearing the note, coming from such a source, would be spurious.

When he collected the new bill at Clevenger's jewelry store, in Maiden Lane, his emotions were too overpowering to be analyzed. He glanced at the bill as it was passed over to him. He had eaten but one small meal in two days; the night previous he had slept in a back alley. One thousand great big dollars. It was too much for him to comprehend, and in a dazed way he fastened it in his pocket with a big safety pin and walked dreamily out of the store. He returned later.

"Say," said he, "what am I going to do with this thing? No one will change it. I ain't been able to buy a square meal."

Mr. Ward, who chanced to be in the store, advised him to place it in some bank. But a cunning look passed over the tramp's face.

"Nit," he exclaimed, "no one handles this thing but me; I ain't takin' any chances."

He passed out into the street again, and that was the last seen of him, but Mr. Ward says he has no doubt that he is still stealing about the city, his hand tightly pressed against the pocket.

Cured of Piles.

After Suffering More Than Twenty-five Years.

TRIAL PACKAGE MAILED FREE.

"Until about two years ago I had had piles for about thirty years, at times bleeding and very painful. I got a fifty cent box of Pyramid Pile Cure at the drug store, and used it and was entirely cured; got another box in case I needed it, and as the piles did not return in six months I gave the remedy to a friend of mine who wanted the doctor to operate to cure him. My friend said he would use the "pyramids" but he knew they would do him no good, but they cured him of piles of twenty-five years' standing. I am free from piles today, and have been since using Pyramid Pile Cure. I was captain in the Civil War."—James Adams, Soldiers' Home, Cal.

The majority of people labor under the impression that an operation is necessary in severe cases of piles, or hemorrhoids, and are very skeptical regarding the remedial virtues of any medical compound. Testimony like the above should certainly have a tendency to dispel this impression, although it is odd that so many people should think an operation effects a permanent cure, whereas the contrary is more often the case.

Just send your name and address to Pyramid Drug Co., 1067 Main St., Marshall, Mich., and receive free by return mail the trial package in a plain wrapper. Thousands have been cured in this easy, painless and inexpensive way, in the privacy of the home. No knife and its torture. No doctor and his bills.

All druggists, 50 cents. Write today for a free package.

TIME IS THE TEST

The Testimony of Duluth People Stands the Test.

The test of time is what tells the tale. The public soon find out when misrepresentations are made, and merit alone will stand the test of time.

Duluth people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills; they do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? A cure that lasts is the kind that every sufferer from kidney ills is looking for.

J. Vaugan of 532 First street west, Duluth, Minn., says: "In the summer of 1898 I told the people of Duluth, through our local newspapers, of the splendid results I had obtained from the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. My trouble was a kidney and bladder disorder, that was painful and annoying, and had clung to me for a considerable time. The kidney secretions were quite irregular and contained a sediment which varied in color and condition. There were dull, heavy pains through the loins and I was very restless at night, being unable to remain in one position for any length of time. The trouble was becoming worse, when I was induced to try Doan's Kidney Pills. I continued taking them until entirely relieved of the affliction. I am glad to say that the cure has been permanent, and will always be pleased to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

WOMAN IN TRANCE.

Body Was Placed In Vault In Indiana.

Tell City, Ind., March 23.—Mrs. Susan Sulzer, who apparently dropped dead ten days ago, as she was entering her home in Cannelton, and whose body was placed in the cemetery vault two days later, is believed by many persons to be alive.

Her relatives are convinced that life is not extinct, and a specialist from Cincinnati has been summoned, and an investigation will be made. During the time the body has been in the vault, it has been watched closely, and several times apparent signs of life have been detected.

Since her supposed death, the wound on her head caused by the fall has continued to bleed at intervals, and her face remains flushed. A few days ago a local physician punctured one of her fingers and brought blood.

RICH, RED ROSY CHEEKS.

If nature fails to keep the blood pure, Beecham's Pills will purify it. They contain the essential elements of the best laxatives known. They expel accumulated impurities without causing harm to the most delicate constitution. If you want the blood to leap through your veins with the vigor of youth, if you want the flush of health to mantle your cheeks; if you want bright eyes, a clear head and an active mind, take Beecham's Pills, for good health follows in their wake. Regulate your system as you would your watch.

"PURE, HEALTHY, TASTY"
ITS SALE PROVES ITS WORTH.
"SALADA"
CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea is displacing Japan tea just as "Salada" Black tea is displacing all other Black teas.
Trial packets 10 cts. By all Grocers.
HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

THE FARMERS' ASSOCIATION

Commercial Club Appoints Committee to Act With It.

A committee consisting of William E. Culkin, A. W. Kuehnow, F. S. Kelly, J. T. Armistead and R. Hock, was yesterday appointed by President W. A. McGonagle of the Commercial club as a committee to co-operate with the executive committee of the North Wisconsin Farmers' association in securing new members for the organization in Duluth.

The meeting, held in the afternoon at the Commercial club rooms, proved to be an interesting one. Members of the executive committee and Duluth men spoke of the work and possibilities of the association. The two committees are again meeting this afternoon with local people who are interested in the development of Northern Wisconsin, the second session also being held at the Commercial club.

In his account of the good work accomplished by the association Secretary H. S. Fairall said that the Wisconsin legislature had promised them $2,500 to help in the work, provided the association would raise a like amount. He said that he believed this could be done.

W. E. Culkin, register of the Duluth land office, said the association had done a remarkable work and should receive much credit for it, also remarking that whatever good was accomplished for the Wisconsin counties must indirectly benefit Duluth and St. Louis county.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Heavy rains and floods in Arizona and along the Colorado river have caused extensive washouts on the Southern Pacific and have completely tied up all trains on that road between Los Angeles and the East.

John Condon, 15 years old, of Janesville, Wis., was found guilty of manslaughter in the fourth degree. He killed a 13 year old companion, George Griffith, a year ago.

As a result of a quarrel over land, James Blee, shot and instantly killed Isaac Sailer, a half-brother at Swan, Iowa, Wednesday. The top of Sailer's head was blown off. Blee is under arrest.

Three hundred guests, including Republicans of prominence from all parts of North Carolina and from other states Wednesday night attended the banquet of the Tarheel club, at Greensboro, N. C., at which Vice-President Fairbanks and Revenue Collector Yerkes were guests of honor. The club's president, J. F. Blackburn, delivered a brief address.

Frank Gotch of Humboldt, Iowa, won a handicap match from "Americus" of Baltimore, Wednesday night, at Washington, throwing him three times in less than an hour. The difference in weight amounted to probably twenty-five pounds in favor of Gotch.

Mrs. Jane B. Hay, the first woman to run for a city office in Janesville, Wis., has filed individual nomination papers as a candidate for school commissioner. The papers are signed by the leading society women of the ward in which Mrs. Hay lives.

One man was probably drowned Wednesday night by being thrown from the deck of a towboat, which ran into a bridge pier, at Bellaire, Ohio. Three men were thrown overboard. Two swam to shore, but their companion is missing.

Ruth Campbell, aged 10, the daughter of a Kansas City attorney, is dead, as the result of a bullet wound received in August last, when Walter Ralston, her schoolboy sweetheart at Sheridan, is alleged to have shot her as the result of jealousy. At the time the girl apparently recovered and the case against Ralston was dropped.

EMPLOYED BY MR. COTTON

Girl Picked Up In Chicago Was Duluth Domestic.

Freda Youngdorf, the Duluth girl who was picked up by the Chicago police and placed in the detention hospital, proved to be a domestic in the employ of Mrs. J. B. Cotton.

Her brother, Carlton Youngdorf, resides in this city and he started for Chicago yesterday afternoon in search of her.

The girl was taken to Florida by Mr. and Mrs. Cotton. After spending the winter there, the girl was taken ill in Jacksonville, and placed in a hospital there by Mr. Cotton. Believing that she had recovered sufficiently to return, the authorities at the hospital placed her on board a train for Duluth. She apparently suffered from a relapse while changing trains in Chicago, and was picked up by the police in a partially demented condition, according to the telegram received from Chief O'Neil of the Chicago department.

ARE YOU FAT?
Kellogg's Obesity Food Will Reduce Your Weight to Normal, Free You From Suffering and Turn Your Fat Into Muscle.
It Has Done This for Many Others Who Testify to Its Efficacy—Trial Package Free.

The Above Illustration Shows the Remarkable Effects of this Wonderful Obesity Food—What It Has Done for Others It Will Do for You.

Don't be fat. It is an abnormal and diseased condition of the body. Nutriment that should have built up bone and muscle for you has made fat instead.

Excess fat is attended by many dangers. The heart, stomach, liver and kidneys become seriously affected; breathing is made difficult and often, though seemingly well, the fat person is in grave danger.

Don't starve yourself. You will only become weakened and aggravate your condition without losing flesh.

There is a sure way and a safe way. Hundreds of reputable people testify to what Kellogg's Obesity Food has done for them. It has turned their fat into muscle. They submit their photographs as corroborative evidence. Can you doubt such proof?

Don't be fat. Write to me today and I will send you free, a trial package, postpaid, in plain wrapper.

One happy woman, Mrs. Mary Smith, 275 Sheldon St., Grand Rapids, Mich., says: "My Dear Mr. Kellogg:

"I am sending you two of my photos. They will tell you better than I can how much different I look, and you can imagine how much better I feel.

"My doctor tells me that the effect of the remedy seems to be to strengthen and fortify the system before stripping it of its surplus fat. He was very much interested in the 'experiment,' as he called it. In fact, I do not believe I would have ordered it if he had not urged me to. He said that he had analyzed it and found it to be harmless, but that he didn't believe it could do what you claimed for it.

"I weighed over 200 pounds, which for a woman of my height, is very fat. Now I weigh 135, am plump and well formed, and I feel good all day long and sleep so restfully at night.

"I shall always thank you for what you have done for me, and I will be glad to have you refer me to any of your patients."

Send your name and address—no money—today to F. J. Kellogg, 1360 Kellogg Bldg., Battle Creek, Mich., and receive the trial package in plain wrapper free by mail.

LARGE ICE FIELD

Packs Duluth End of Lake Superior For Thirty Miles.

Fields Generally Breaking Up But Solid at Sault.

The weekly ice report issued by the weather bureau for the week ending Tuesday reports but little change in ice conditions, with regard to the Duluth end of Lake Superior. The ice fields in the lake, generally speaking, are reported as breaking up and packing into this end of the lake, which has thirty miles of ice. The northeast winds, which have prevailed, are to blame for this condition here. It will be noted in the report that Two Harbors reports navigation as practically open there. The report says:

"Over the eastern and middle portions the cold weather of the latter part of the week has stiffened the ice, and there was but little open water reported at the close of the week; no material change in St. Marys river, the ice remains solid. In Green Bay the condition is unchanged over the northern portion, but the ice is softening over the extreme southern portion; no ice fields are reported along the west shore of Lake Michigan, and the fields on the eastern shore have moved out into the lake under the influence of easterly winds so that but little ice is reported except over the northern portion. At the Straits the cold weather keeps the ice firm and no change is reported; no open water is reported over northern Huron, and over the southern portion the field moved north on the 18th and back again on the 19th with no open water in sight; St. Clair river is open to about Marine City; ice is disappearing rapidly in Lake St. Clair; Detroit river is open to Lake Erie; in Erie the ice fields are beginning to break up over the western portion, but continue firm over the eastern portion; no material change is reported in Ontario.

"In comparison with the same period last season much less ice is reported over the western portion of Superior with about the same conditions over the eastern portion but not so heavy; less ice reported in Michigan; no change in Huron; less ice in St. Clair and Erie, and more in Ontario.

"The details for Lake Superior follow:

"Duluth: Harbor ice 22 inches; lake field 18 inches and extends out over 30 miles; heavy northeast winds have driven much ice back to this end of the lake.

"Two Harbors: Harbor ice 10 inches; ice fields in lake range from 3 to 4 inches; no trouble for boat to get through it; navigation practically open here.

"Houghton: Portage Lake 22 inches, solid; ship-canal 24 inches solid; field ice extends out three miles, beyond which the ice is moving; Keweenaw Bay ice 18 inches. No report from Eagle Harbor.

"Marquette: Harbor ice 15 inches, and solid; lake ice moved out Friday night about 10 miles but returned Saturday evening; no open water visible now.

"Munising: No open water in sight; harbor ice 18 inches.

"Grand Marais, Mich.: Harbor ice 26 inches and solid; field ice moving with wind; open water visible.

"Deer Park: During the night of 17th ice broke from shore and moved out short distance.

"Whitefish Point: Ice in bay solid; no open water in sight.

"Sault Ste. Marie: Ice in river about 24 inches; still solid in channels so far as reports indicate."

INCREASE IN STATE TAX LEVY POSSIBLE

(Continued from page 1.)

tions committees. Some of these are absolutely necessary; others, while perhaps not coming in that class, are very desirable. Under the circumstances the legislature faces two horns of a dilemma. One is to cut off all the appropriation bills except those that simply cannot be cut off, and the other is to add a mill to the state tax levy.

This latter alternative is one that will cause the common people to sit up and take notice, because if there is one public matter that they do get interested in and agitated about it is raising taxes.

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The house yesterday referred the Ware 2½-cent passenger rate bill to its judiciary committee, for an opinion on the constitutionality of the measure. Particularly, it is desired to know whether the legislature has the power to force the railroads to accept each other's mileage or not.

The bill as it stands makes 2½ cents per mile the maximum charge for passenger rates in this state, and it further provides for negotiable and interchangeable mileage books of 500, 1,000 and 2,000 miles, to be sold for not more than 2 cents per mile. The long words mean that these books are good in anybody's hands on anybody's railroad, between points in Minnesota.

George W. Armstrong of Minneapolis ventured the opinion that the legislature had no power to compel the roads to accept each other's mileage. Mr. Ware, the author of the bill, said some pretty good lawyers had told him that it did have the power, and anyway the roads do it now, and that ought to estop them from raising the issue.

The judiciary committee is expected to report on this point very shortly, though Mr. Ware protested against the reference on the ground that it was simply another scheme to delay action on the bill.

• • •

The house gave the stamp of its approval yesterday afternoon to Sherman S. Smith's bill giving senators and representatives more money for their services to the state. They now get $5 per day during session, making about $530 in all—besides their mileage—for the two years they serve. The Smith bill makes it $500 a year, or $1,000 in all—besides mileage. The house in committee of the whole recommended the bill to pass by a vote of 36 to 17.

• • •

The bill amending the Duluth municipal court act to increase the terms of the judges from three to four years was sent back to the St. Louis county delegation yesterday afternoon on motion of N. F. Hugo, who said that it had been discovered that the new bill is unconstitutional. This is because it seeks to amend a special law, and the constitution says this cannot be done. It is done sometimes, and has been done before on this same special law, but it was feared that action on this measure might invalidate the actions of the court under it.

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The house recommended for passage a bill by B. S. Bennett of Fosston, creating a branch school of agriculture at Crookston as a department of the university of Minnesota.

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There was war between the Ramsey and Hennepin county delegations in the house yesterday afternoon, and though the Ramsey county members won out the fight left considerable feeling in the delegation against the Hennepin county statesmen.

It was over Senator Dunn's bill, which has passed the senate, providing for a commission to report on the advisability of establishing a state hospital for indigent, crippled and deformed children in Ramsey county. This was introduced because there is an unnamed party in St. Paul who has offered to furnish the site and pay a third of the cost of the home.

When the bill came up in committee of the whole B. H. Timberlake of Minneapolis offered an amendment striking out Ramsey county's name from the bill, so as to let the commission put it where it wished. He said some Minnneapolis man might make a similar offer.

The Ramsey county folks fought the amendment, defeated it, and got the bill recommended for passage.

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The house recommended for passage J. G. Lennon's bill, providing for a state hotel inspector, to see that hotels having more than twelve sleeping rooms and more than two stories are provided with fire escapes as the law requires. There was much debate upon it, and Elmer E. Adams of Fergus Falls tried to get the inspector's salary cut from $1,500 to $1,000. A compromise was effected on a basis of $1,200 and expenses. The bill is asked for by the United Commercial Travelers of the state, whose members want some measure of safety to attend upon their slumbers in the country hotels of the state.

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The house in committee of the whole approved W. P. Roberts' bill increasing the distance from polling places within which hustlers cannot congregate and electioneer from 100 to 300 feet. The bill also prohibits handing out cards or other advertising matter of candidates within that distance.

• • •

Civil service for the inspectors of the state dairy and food department is provided in a bill by the house committee on public health, dairy and food, which the house recommended to pass in committee of the whole yesterday afternoon. It provides that inspectors shall be appointed upon their standing as a result of examinations, and without reference to politics.

• • •

Some radical changes in the law governing the issuance of state mineral leases will be provided for in amendments to the Hugo lake-bed bill to be offered when the bill is reached on general orders by Karl De Lattre of Minneapolis.

The bill simply amends the existing law to permit the state to issue mineral leases upon the beds of meandered lakes and rivers, but the De Lattre amendments make changes in the form of the lease and the manner of its issuance.

It practically provides that all applications where there are more than one for the same piece of land—or water—shall be put up for competitive bids. The law is changed so as to provide that instead of providing that applications received in the same minute shall be competitive, those received the same day shall be competitive.

Another change is in the amount to be mined. The old law said that within five years after a railroad reached with in a mile of the property, the lessee should mine 1,000 tons of ore. The amendments provide that within one year, instead of five, the amount to be mined shall be 25,000 tons, instead of 1,000. After that the amount to be mined annually is to be raised from 5,000 to 50,000.

Last, but not least, the royalty is raised from 25 cents to 50 cents.

The bill will probably be reached on general orders this afternoon.

• • •

A. K. Ware's bill to license wholesale milk dealers is intended to help the producers. Wholesale dealers are described as those selling over five gallons of milk at a clatter, and they must put up $5,000 bonds with the secretary of state to secure those who sell milk to them, who can recover on this bond if the dealers do not pay them within ninety days.

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The house committee on logs and lumber has killed the Hinton bill, requiring that 40 per cent should be added to the result of Scribner's rule in scaling logs less than a foot in diameter.

• • •

The senate elections committee has decided to throw out all pending voting machine bills and draft a new one that will cover all suitable machines. The trouble with the two pending bills is that they are decidedly "woodchucky" in their nature, and practically prescribe the machines to be used. As one member expressed, the idea of the committee is to make the machines fit the bill rather than make the bill fit the machine.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

HEAD SOLID SORE
Awful Suffering of Baby and Sleepless Nights of Mother.
CURED BY CUTICURA
Skin Fair as a Lily with no Scar to Recall Awful Sore Writes Mother.

"I herewith write out in full the beginning and end of that terrible disease eczema," says Mrs. Wm. Ryer, Elk River, Minn., "which caused my babe untold suffering and myself many sleepless nights. My babe was born seemingly a fair, healthy child, but when she was three weeks old a swelling appeared on the back of her head, and in course of time broke. It did not heal but grew worse, and the sore spread from the size of a dime to that of a dollar. I used all kinds of remedies that I could think of, but nothing seemed to help; in fact, it grew worse. Her hair fell out where the sore was, and I feared it would never grow again. It continued until my aged father came on a visit, and when he saw the baby he told me to get Cuticura Soap and Ointment right away.

"To please him I did so, and to my surprise by their use the sore began to heal over, the hair grew over it, and to-day she has a nice head of hair, her skin is as fair as a lily, and she has no scar left to recall that awful sore, and it is over eight months and no sign of its returning."

CURE PERMANENT

"Your letter of the 19th inst. received, asking in regard to the cure of my baby some six years ago. Well, the disease has never returned to her head which at that time was a solid sore on top and down the back."

MRS. WM. RYER, Elk River, Minn. Feb. 25, 1903.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Proprietors.
Send for "How to Cure Eczema."

A SENSIBLE MOTHER
Proud of her children's teeth, consults a dentist and learns that the beauty of permanent teeth depends on the care taken of the first set.
SOZODONT
Liquid and Powder
should be used. The Liquid to penetrate into the little crevices and purify them; the Powder to polish the outer surface and prevent the accumulation of tartar.
3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

LUXURIES BROUGHT

Into the United States Show But Little Increase.

Diamonds Form Notable Exception to the General Rule.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The occupation of the home market by American manufacturers is illustrated by some figures recently issued by the department of commerce and labor through its bureau of statistics, showing the importations into the United States of luxuries and other articles of voluntary use during the past fifteen years. Statistics just compiled show that the importations of luxuries and other articles of voluntary use amounted to $137,000,000 in the calendar year 1904, an increase of less than $8,000,000 over the importations of 1890. Importations under the group "manufactures ready for consumption" amounted in 1904 to $158,000,000, as against $150,000,000 in 1890, an increase of but $8,000,000, while manufacturers' materials, including both raw and partially manufactured increased from $283,000,000 in 1890 to $478,000,000 in 1904, a growth of practically $200,000,000. Foodstuffs show no substantial change in the value of importations at the two periods named, being $261,560,000 in 1890 and $262,750,000 in 1904. From the above figures it will be seen that the class of goods required by American manufacturers is the only group which has shown any marked increase during the past fifteen years.

Diamonds form a notable exception to the general rule that importations of luxuries into the United States have remained practically stationary since 1890. During the past decade over $129,000,000 worth of diamonds have been imported into the country, having increased from $1,500,000 in value in 1895, the earliest year for which figures are available, to 23,750,000 in 1904. Of the latter sum $10,600,000 value was imported in the uncut state, indicating that diamond cutting is becoming an important industry in our country. Jewelry and precious stones, other than diamonds, on the other hand, have fallen off from a total importation of $10,189,202 in 1896 to $5,548,224 in 1904. That this decrease in the importation of foreign manufactures of jewelry and other forms of gold and silver does not represent any reduction in home demand for such luxuries is shown by a reference to the census figures. The capital employed in the United States in manufacture of jewelry has increased from $11,000,000 in 1880 to $22,000,000 in 1890 and $28,000,000 in 1900; and the value of the product from $22,000,000 in 1880 to $34,750,000 in 1890 and 46,500,000 in 1900, practically all of which is consumed in the home market.

Silk manufacturers form another class of luxuries whose importations have decreased during the last fifteen years. In 1890 the value of silk manufactures imported into the United States was $41,085,096, while in the calendar year which ended with December last their value was but $31,030,522. Though France still leads in the share which she supplies of this total, having in the share which she supplies of this total, having contributed $16,500,000 value in 1904, it is interesting to observe that Japan now holds practically equal rank with Germany. Each of these countries supplied about $5,400,000 worth of silk manufactures for the markets of the United States; but Germany's share fell off $1,400,000 as compared with 1903, while Japan made a gain of $1,900,000 in the same period. American silk manufacturers are principally engaged in supplying the home market, as their exportations but slightly exceed a half million dollars annually. That their industry is a growing one is evidenced, however, by the fact that in 1870 there were but eighty-six establishments devoted to the manufacture of silk, their product was valued at but $12,000,000, and the amount paid for wages was less than $2,000,000. In 1890 the number of establishments was 382, the value of the product was $41,000,000, and the amount paid in wages was $9,000,000. From 1890 to 1900 the growth in number of establishments was small—472 in 1900 and 483 in 1905—reflecting in some degree the tendency toward concentration of industries; but the $87,288,464, or $180,000 for each establishment in 1890, to $107,256,258, or $224,000 for each establishment, in 1900; while the continued development since 1900, in indicated by the large increase in importations of raw silk for use in manufacturing. In 1900 the importations of raw silk amounted to 8,209,818 pounds, valued at $31,790,531, while the quantity imported in 1904 was 16,578,096 pounds, valued at $54,879,276; the importations having thus doubled in quantity in the short period from 1900 to 1904.

Another class of luxuries whose importations have failed to increase substantially during the last fifteen years is wines, including champagne and still wines. In 1890 wines showed a total importation of $10,000,000, and this figure is but slightly exceeded by the total for 1904, when the value of the imports was $10,324,432. Production of wine in the United States increased meantime from 24,000,000 gallons in 1890 to 38,500,000 in 1904.

The following table shows the importation into the United States of luxuries (including diamonds, silk manufactures, wines, and other articles of voluntary use) in each year from 1890 to 1904: 1890, $129,147,547; 1891, $162,646,533; 1892, $114,357,708; 1893, $104,462,484; 1894, $91,517,010; 1895, $97,251,851; 1896, $78,541,889; 1897, $83,327,475; 1898, $83,946,514; 1899, $107,669,676; 1900, $112,101,886; 1901, $130,610,997; 1902, $129,853,562; 1903, $141,911,222; 1904, $137,069,554.

FREE TRADERS ARE EMPHATIC

In Voting For Resolution Opposed to General Tariff.

London, March 23.—As the result of the cabinet's decision to use no pressure on its followers in regard to resolutions introduced by the opposition to commit the government on the fiscal question, a resolution introduced at last night's session of the house of commons by John Stirling Ainsworth (Free Trade Liberal) was carried, 254 to 2.

The resolution declares that "in the opinion of the house the imposition of a general duty on all manufactured goods imported from abroad, not exceeding 10 per cent on an average and varying according to the amount of labor on these goods, would be injurious to the commercial interests of the United Kingdom."

While the action of the cabinet left room for a critical party division, the decision of the government to evade an issue on the fiscal question for the remainder of the session, and the fact that this was the first go-as-you-please vote, brought out a large attendance and good galleries. A strong Liberal whip summoned the members of the opposition and the Nationalists turned out in full force.

Mr. Ainsworth's resolution was seconded by Richard Frederick Cavendish (Unionist) who congratulated Premier Balfour on giving the house an opportunity to express unfettered its views on fiscal proposals. Both Mr. Ainsworth and Mr. Cavendish maintained that the vote would show a complete discrediting of Joseph Chamberlain.

Premier Balfour spoke briefly, explaining that he did not consider the resolution as anything more than an abortive effort on the part of the opposition to embarrass the government over an issue which was not before parliament.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman attacked the government for its attitude. He asked if the question was of no moment now why it was considered a critical party question on March 8.

Lord Hugh Cecil said he believed that after last night the country would not take the tariff reformers seriously. The electorate would not rally to those who failed to rally to their own cause. The protectionist movement, he said, was dying; it had only been galvanized into life by the genius of an individual.

The result of the division was greeted with cheers and laughter.

EMINENT DOCTORS
CURE
Catarrh

The heads of great hospitals, where scores of catarrhal patients are treated each year, are perhaps in the best position to appreciate the value of a remedy, which working along scientific, intelligent lines, brings permanent cure to even the chronic sufferer.

The staff of physicians of the Suffolk Hospital and Dispensary in Boston, where in less than two years 83,271 patients have been registered, do not hesitate to pronounce Rexall Mucu-Tone the best cure for catarrh they have ever used.

Albert C. Smith is the president and treasurer and the Hon. Chas. J. Noyes and the Hon. James Stevens are vice-presidents. The secretary is F. H. Wallace, M. D., and the superintendent is W. C. Clarke, M. D.

President Smith's letter should be read by every catarrh sufferer. We print it in full:

"It gives me great satisfaction to report to you that after a most careful trial of Rexall Mucu-Tone, the corps of physicians of our institution agree that this compound is the best cure for catarrh which we have ever used.

"In all catarrhal diseases of the bronchial and nasal passages; catarrh of the stomach, intestines, kidneys and bladder; catarrhal troubles of the generative organs of women, etc., Mucu-Tone has effected remarkable permanent cures.

"Mucu-Tone seems to act immediately upon the blood and mucous membranes, strengthening their cells and healing the inflammation.

"We shall continue to use this valuable preparation, for nothing can compare with it in the treatment of catarrh and its kindred troubles.

"Yours very truly,
A. C. SMITH, President."

Certainly such testimony as this must convince even the most skeptical—certainly it will justify us in requesting catarrhal sufferers to give Rexall Mucu-Tone a trial; to give it a chance to speak for itself. If you will do this we know you will continue taking it until cured.

Rexall Mucu-tone

Is unlike all other catarrh remedies. It works through the blood vessels, going direct to the affected part whether in head, throat, stomach, kidneys or bladder; driving out the poisons and healing all inflammations of the mucous membranes. From the very first dose its strengthening influence will be felt and from four to six bottles will effect a complete cure of the worst cases. Your money back if not more than satisfied. We have a trial bottle for fifty cents, which we would like you to try on our recommendation.

S. F. BOYCE,
REXALL AGENCY.

VICTIM OF ATAVISM.

Father Suicided and Mother Sought Self-Destruction.

Hammond, Ind., March 23.—What the students of psychology and anthropology might term a remarkable case of atavism was disclosed with the identification of the body of the man who committed suicide by jumping in front of an interurban electric car. The man's body became wedged in a frog of the rails, after he was hit by the car, in such manner as to tie up traffic temporarily. He was badly mangled by the wheels and died instantly.

Friends and relatives visited the morgue and declared that the suicide was Christopher Swebson of Rock Island, Ill.

Friends of Swebson related the story of his career, and at the same time indicated that atavism, or ancestral influence on offspring, was the cause of self-destruction.

Two months before Swebson was born, thirty years ago, his father killed himself by jumping in front of an incoming passenger train. The mother, on learning of the tragedy, tried to kill herself in the very same way, but was dragged from under the train with slight injuries.

These prenatal influences, it is held, were responsible for Swedson's rash act.

EXCITING MOMENT

In the Life of Missionary In China.

New York, March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—From a letter received at the offices of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, it is evident that the life of the missionary and the occasional exciting moments. Rev. W. J. Drummond of Nanking, China, tells of a visit to the house of a native at Ho Lan Fu, who keeps a tea shop and an inn. He says: "I remained over night. After supper we had a service, and as the people were afterward leaving there was heard the firing of a gun on the street outside. A cry of 'robbers' went up. Some flew to the front door and barricaded it. All the lights were blown out and I had to grope my way among tables and benches and climb a ladder to the loft above, where I found most of our party. All the time there was a furious uproar on the street. In front of the inn a gun was fired every few minutes. There were loud cries for 'help,' and a constant succession of yells. We could hear men running over the roof, sounding as though they were trying to break in. From the noise one would have imagined a great battle to be going on, but there was no attempt to break into the inn. After an hour the robbers left and their yells gradually died away. Then another uproar began. This was the inhabitants giving vent to their opinions 'after the horse had been stolen.' The first report was that there were eighty robbers and that a man had been killed, but in the morning we learned that no one had been injured, that the robbers numbered only twenty-eight, and that they had gotten only about thirty dollars worth of booty."

ROBBERS SENTENCED.

Amiens, March 23.—The court of assizes after a fortnights' trial has sentenced fifteen among the most notorious of twenty-six malefactors who operated in France and foreign countries, under the leadership of Marius Jacob, the terms of imprisonment ranging from life long at hard labor for the ring leader to five years. The others were acquitted.

LOITERER HAD A BOMB.

New York, March 23.—The police guarding the palace of the Grand Duke Alexis have, according to a Times dispatch from St. Petersburg, arrested a suspicious looking loiterer, who was found to be carrying a bomb. The grand duke is stated to have gone abroad incognito a fortnight ago.

"The Lanpher Hat"
$3.00
Head Dress of the Emperor of China.

The Lanpher shows the newest shades and shapes, and all the Quality, Style and Finish possible to get into a hat at any price.
Don't fail to see them.
ASK YOUR DEALER —INSIST.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend**, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"DON'T BORROW TROUBLE." BUY

SAPOLIO

'TIS CHEAPER IN THE END.

MYSTERY IN MURDER CASE

Multimillionaire and His Nephew Charged With the Crime.

Puebla, Mex., March 23.—The murder of Gustavus Stein, who for many years and until a short time before his death, was German consul at this place, has caused a profound sensation throughout Mexico, particularly among the German residents of the republic. In addition to the great wealth which he possessed, Stein was looked upon as the leader in all matters affecting the interests of Germans and their country in Mexico. Another thing that has added interest to the tragedy is the fact that he was shot and killed in the palatial home of Antonio Couttolene, a multimillionaire business man of this city. Couteolene and his nephew, Francisco Rangel, are in prison charged with the crime.

The particulars of the tragedy may be never made public. The police were not notified of the murder until several hours after it had been committed. When the officers arrived at the home of Couttelene they found Stein's body laid out on a mahogany table in the luxuriously furnished parlor of the man who is charged with the murder. At the four corners of the table candles were burning. The body had been neatly dressed, and great care had been taken to give it all the care that is usually given the dead of the wealthy in Mexico.

To the police officers Couttolene admitted that Stein had been shot and killed in his home. He said that the body was laid out by his servants at his request. Rangel was present, and he and Couttolene were arrested and placed in jail. Couttolene has made a statement, purporting to give an explanation of the tragedy. He says that he and Stein were closely associated in many business matters for several years, and that Stein called at his home to discuss certain business affairs with him. A disagreement arose between them. Stein, he says, got excited and raised his voice in anger. Couttolene says the next thing he knew there was the report of a pistol shot and Stein fell dead at his side.

Rangel takes up the story at this point. He says that when he heard Stein's violent language he thought that Couttolene was about to be attacked, and he shot and killed Stein.

There are some sensational reports in circulation in regard to the circumstances leading up to the tragedy, which involve the name of a member of Stein's family. It is the theory of some that Stein was lured to the Couttolene home for the purpose of putting him out of the way. The police are conducting a most rigid investigation upon this theory. The two accused men seem to be wholly indifferent in regard to the affair. They were held incommunicado for the prescribed forty-eight hours. Since then they have discussed the murder with all who cared to talk to them about it.

ENDED IN ACQUITTAL.

Charge of Forgery Not Sustained By Evidence.

Capetown, March 23.—Amid great excitement a remarkable case, which has caused widespread interest, came to an end here with a verdict of not guilty against three persons charged with being concerned in forging a will purporting to be that of the late S. Wordon of Capetown, who died last July, leaving property worth about $100,000.

For some time after his death no will could be found, but on September 24 an advertisement was inserted in the local press offering $1,500 reward for information as to the supposed testament, and five days later a W. L. Scott announced that he had found the document in his office. This will, which was dated May 18, 1904, and purported to be signed by the deceased, left all his possessions to his sister, Mrs. Robert G. Glynn. It was witnessed by Mr. Scott and by E. S. Flegeltaub.

The prosecution alleged that the will was a forgery, and that James Arthur Glynn, the son of Mrs. Glynn, was charged with forging the signature, while Scott was accused of writing the will, and Flegeltaub with witnessing it, knowing it to be a forgery.

Evidence was given by a handwriting expert, who, in cross-examination, said he was not aware that the writing of another person had been sworn to be that of Adolph Beck and that gentleman was wrongfully convicted in England. Other witnesses stated that they had heard Glynn say he would make a will if none could be found, and that he had frequently practiced writing the signature "S. Wordon." The verdict of acquittal was received with great enthusiasm.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

POT OF GOLD FOUND.

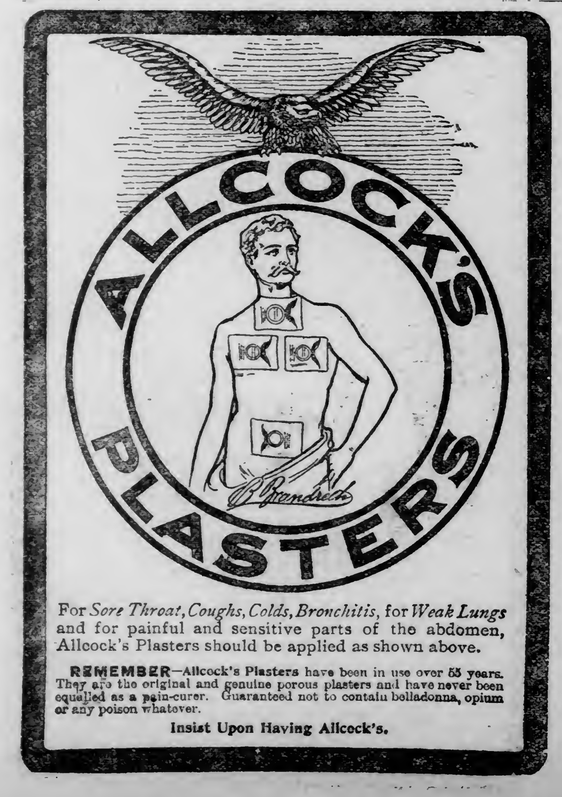
Provides a Sumptuous Wedding and a Mansion.

Prescott, Mich., March 23.—This town is still dizzy and weak in the knees from the wedding celebration of Mary Ann Dooley and Allen E. Mullen last week. Peter Dooley, father of the bride, found $40,000 in gold while excavating in an old cellar, and as there was no claimant he kept half himself, giving the other half to his daughter for a wedding present.

That wedding will long be remembered in Prescott and vicinity. Dooley gave everybody all the tobacco they wanted, and in addition provided an elaborate dinner for every inhabitant of Prescott and all those hanging around the edges of the town. No one remembers what became of the former occupants of the old house where the money was found. It had been vacant for many years.

The finding of the money was a God-send to Mullen and his bride. Both families have always had a hard struggle for existence, and the young couple had built themselves a little two-room log cabin, in the woods. Two chairs, a table and a bed, all the handicraft of the groom, constituted the furniture. The gift of $20,000 has transformed their lives as completely as if it were the work of a fairy godmother with her magic wand. They will now discard the log cabin for what is considered a palatial residence here.

Meanwhile, if the curious and busy neighbors should turn up a claimant for the pot of gold, he or she will have some difficulty in securing possession, even if the title should prove clear.



For *Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis*, for *Weak Lungs* and for painful and sensitive parts of the abdomen, Allcock's Plasters should be applied as shown above.

REMEMBER—Allcock's Plasters have been in use over 55 years. They are the original and genuine porous plasters and have never been equalled as a pain-curer. Guaranteed not to contain belladonna, opium or any poison whatever.

Insist Upon Having Allcock's.

LINGERING DEATH

Awaits the Plucky Young Catholic Missionary In Hawaii.

Went to Leper Colony and Contracted the Awful Disease.

New York, March 23.—In a letter received in the city came the announcement that Brother Seraphion Van Koop, member of a wealthy Belgian family, who two years ago went to the Hawaiian Islands to take up the work begun by Father Damien in the leper colony of Molokai, has himself fallen a victim to the disease.

The letter came from the young missionary himself to Rev. Father John J. Dunn, head of the local bureau for the propagation of the faith, the Roman Catholic Missionary bureau. Its text was as follows:

"I have at last summoned sufficient courage to write you a few words. For the last six months I have lived through days of such anxiety and melancholy that I had not the courage to talk with you. You will pardon me for not replying more promptly to your well wishes for a happy New Year. I feel it necessary at last to break the silence and let you know of my condition. You will kindly break the news to my brothers and sisters, because I cannot tell them myself.

"A little while after your last letter came I discovered that I had no feeling in my elbow. I remarked the fact to Rev. Father Maxime, who commended me to go to our physician. After he had examined me he declared that a want of feeling appeared to him to be a symptom of leprosy, but to make sure he took from my elbow some pieces of flesh for miscroscopic examination.

"After a few days he came to see me and informed me that very probably it would prove to be a case of leprosy. He did not care to decide definitely, however, as all cases of the kind are left to the doctors at Honolulu, to whom he suggested that I should go. Our very reverend provincial had been stopping with us for a fortnight, and on his return to Honolulu I accompanied him. When we arrived there I was examined by Dr. Herbert, who also took a piece of flesh from my elbow, causing me quite a little pain. The operation, however, brought no result.

"Two days later there was a similar operation with similar uncertainty. The following day I was examined by another doctor in the hospital, who brought in consultation a doctor of the board of health. This time a small piece of skin was taken from a red patch, as well as a piece from my forehead. In both of these cultures they found microbes of leprosy. There is no doubt of it, I am a leper. These experiments were made on the 11th of the month. That very night I left Honolulu to return to Molokai, where I will be compelled to remain for the rest of my days.

"You may be sure that this last trip was not exactly a very pleasant one. Just as soon as I arrived at the Lazaretto House my first care was to turn over all my affairs of the house to Father Maxime, with whom I had lived up to that time. I then took up my residence in a little hut, where I must live alone. It is certainly a very great trial for me, but I am sure that God will not forsake me."

The letter concludes with a request for prayers. Brother Serapion Van Koop is 28 years old. In all likelihood he will not live to see his 31st birthday. Until the day of his death, as he set forth, he will live alone in a little hut of the leper colony. He can have no companions except those similarly afflicted, and as these are natives or Chinese there will be nothing of companionship for him. Books he will have and letters from home, but he may never answer those letters except through a third person. Occasionally he will see a fellow human being, some courageous missionary who will come to take his place, but the danger of infection is so great that they will only speak at a distance. Helplessness and the lethary that accompanies the disease will come upon him soon after the end of the first year. He will then only be able to crawl about the hut. Death will be a welcome release to him.

A spring tonic that makes sick people well. Drives out all impurities that collect in your system. A family tonic for the sick and afflicted. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

NEW YORK GAMBLERS

To Go Outside the Three-Mile Limit.

New York, March 23.—Out on the bounding blue waves of the Atlantic New York's sporting men, beginning Thursday next, will play the races and faro and poker and sundry other games of chance and will play without fear of interruption by District Attorney Jerome and his anti-gambling sleuths.

A steamer has been chartered by venturesome spirits of the gambling fraternity, to take the sporting men out to sea every afternoon, outside of the three miles of water that the United States government controls into the broad Atlantic where there is no law to prevent the selling of pools on races or the playing of faro or poker or roulette.

The steamer, which will make her initial trip Thursday, is the Mount Desert, a side-wheeler, well known to New Englanders. She will have a system of wireless telegraphy installed on her and the pole on the boat will be in tune with the pole on the top of the wireless De Forrest Wireless Telegraph company's office in this city.

The result of every race run at the Eastern and Western tracks will be flashed to the boat and bets will be promptly paid.

Supt. Galbraith of the wireless company said today that his company had a contract to serve the floating gambling house, and that to serve the ocean poolroom was not a violation of law. He added that two lawyers, well schooled in maritime law, would accompany the steamer each day to look after the legal rights of the promoters if government revenue cutters or city police boats should become too curious.

District Attorney Jerome has nothing to say about the floating poolroom. He is scratching his head, however, and will most likely take some steps to keep the vessel out of New York harbor.

METEORIC CAREER

Pierce Failed For $3,000,000 In Dakota and Disappeared.

Turned Up In Affluence —Rises to Bolivian Cabinet.

Yankton, S. D., March 23.—J. T. M. Pierce, who failed in a magnificent speculative career for about $3,000,000 ten years ago, after a meteoric career, in which he made headquarters in this city and in London, has recently assumed the office of superintenent of public instruction of the republic of Bolivia, South America.

Pierce left Yankton to escape the wrath of creditors gathered from two continents, and absolutely dropped out world for six years. Then it was learned that he had gone to Bolivia, became a citizen and established himself in the country. He was safe against return to America, for there was no extradition treaty applicable to his offense.

The new superintendent of instruction of the South American republic is, according to all accounts, one of the substantial and trusted men of the country. He is reputed to have been extremely useful in organizing the finances of the country, exhausted after the drain of the long wars with Chile and Peru, and for his services in this regard he was rewarded by the dominant party with the nomination for the chieftaincy of the department of education, which gives him a seat in the cabinet.

Although he is now only about 43 years of age, Pierce has had notable careers in three continents. He was born in England and came of a good family. The meager fortune of a younger son did not appeal to him, and he came to the United States when he was scarcely of age. He settled here in Yankton, Dakota territory was then in the midst of its first great boom, and Pierce soon saw the possibilities of the mortgage loaning business. He went back to England and arranged to loan for individuals and companies on Western farm property.

The business began as strictly legitimate, and grew and prospered amazingly. Then years of misfortune came and his loans were defaulted. To protect himself, Pierce paid the interest as long as he could carry the burden, and when he could do it no longer, he resorted to forgeries. He manufactured fictitious mortgages and notes for immense amounts, and sold them in England and Scotland. He kept the most careful record of all these, paid the interest on them regularly, and for a number of years conducted his business without a suspicion of irregularity.

During this period he became the leading capitalist of this section. South Dakota had meantime been admitted as a state. Pierce organized cement works, a milling companies, a corporation to build a great bridge across the Missouri river here, and the Yankton & Norfolk Railroad company, to build a railroad from this city to Norfolk, Neb., there connecting with lines to Omaha.

Pierce built the Pierce hotel, which is still the finest hotel in the state. What was more, he actually graded most of his railroad from here to Norfolk, and was getting ready to put iron on it when the crash came. He had arrangements made for floating the securities abroad. He would have bonded it far enough, it is said, to have enabled him to pay back all the money he had raised on fraudulent mortgages.

But the crash came, quite by accident, when he was unsuspecting. The foreign moneyed people, discovering that they had been sold fraudulent paper, sent agents to investigate and prosecute Pierce learned of their coming and decamped from the town. He passed through Chicago on his way eastward, he was never seen or heard of by any of his connections in England or the United States for six years.

Then a strange thing leaked out. Pierce was, in fact, maintaining three or four offices in London, using different names at different addresses and doing business with a different clientele at each office. He actually went to London, closed up some business there—business that stood in other names than Pierce—raised considerable money, and decamped.

Six years later, he is established in Bolivia, a citizen, a man of substance and a politician of some standing. Pierce opened negotiations with his English and American creditors looking to accommodation and settlement. He was willing to be fair with them; he could beat them out of all they had intrusted to him, but he preferred to pay something. He was very sure that if he were given a chance, he would in a few years be able to settle all his debts.

Some of the creditors disapproved compromises, but when they found that they could not have Pierce arrested or prosecuted so long as he remained in Bolivia, they all yielded. He is said to have paid considerable amounts on some of his English obligations. He has been promised immunity from arrest, and is now permitted to leave Bolivia. Last year he went to England on some business of the Bolivian government, and met an attorney representing his old debtors. He has inspired the English contingent of his victims with a firm feeling that he is going to pay them in whole one day. With the American section, whose claims, however, do not amount to any great sum, he has not been successful, and it is doubtful if he would care to venture back into this country.

IDAHO MEN

Sued For $10,000 For a Fake Hold-Up.

Tacoma, Wash., March 23.—A practical joke played on a tenderfoot has resulted in a suit for $10,000 damages against seven participants at Lewiston, Idaho. The plaintiff is Ray Naanes, recently from Indiana, who was the victim of a fake hold-up at Waha, Idaho, several weeks ago. Naanes came from Indiana to work for John Hames, who conducts a postoffice, store and office at Waha. Following his arrival the men named as defendants began telling him how fast tenderfeet were being killed off in that part of the country. One man rode up, leading a riderless horse, telling Naanes how his partner had been killed, and he was hurrying out of the country. When a farmer arrived from some new locality he was asked if there had been any killing in his part of the country. He would promptly relate tales of murder. The climax came when Naanes and others were held up in Hanes' store. Two of the defendants, with coffee sacks as masks, entered the store, armed with revolvers, ordering the men inside to hold up their hands. The complaint adds that Naanes was recovering from appendicitis, and the fright has made him permanently sick. He is now at Lewiston, under a physician's care.

SLOT MACHINE

Gives Way to a Catch-Penny Game.

Cincinnati, Ohio, March 23.—Now that the penny-in-the-slot machines are to go out of commission, new games of chance are being figured out, especially by owners of cigar stores. One game that has made a appearance is a dice game played with eight dice. The player selects a certain number and if in ten throws he gets that number fifteen times he receives chips amounting to double the sum he pays for the privilege of shaking the box. If he throws the number more than fifteen times he gets more chips. The game has become popular in several cigar stores. In most of the places the amount charged for playing the game is 25 cents.

One interesting question is how the coppers will be worked back into circulation or changed into paper or coin. It is estimated that at least $20,000 in coppers were kept in active use daily in feeding the machines. They were counted by weight.

Since the issuance of the mayor's order many of the holders of large amounts of chips have been inquiring whether or not they would be honored after the machines went out, and have, of course, been told that the chips will be good for their face value at any time. An amusing incident occurred at a cafe Wednesday night when a well known man who has been playing the machines for years came in and bought $10 worth of coppers. He said that he wanted to have one good whirl at the machines before they were taken out, and he left the place with a large amount of chips.

The hill-top druggists say that women are among the best patrons of the machines. In a number of cases they paid their monthly bills at the drug stores with chips won during the month and saved for settlement day. "But the women were awful hard losers," said one druggist, "and felt sore if they didn't get better than an even break."

WHAT JOY THEY BRING TO EVERY HOME

as with joyous hearts and smiling faces they romp and play—when in health—and how conducive to health the games in which they indulge, the outdoor life they enjoy, the cleanly, regular habits they should be taught to form and the wholesome diet of which they should partake. How tenderly their health should be preserved, not by constant medication, but by careful avoidance of every medicine of an injurious or objectionable nature, and if at any time a remedial agent is required, to assist nature, only those of known excellence should be used; remedies which are pure and wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, like the pleasant laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. Syrup of Figs has come into general favor in many millions of well informed families, whose estimate of its quality and excellence is based upon personal knowledge and use.

Syrup of Figs has also met with the approval of physicians generally, because they know it is wholesome, simple and gentle in its action. We inform all reputable physicians as to the medicinal principles of Syrup of Figs, obtained, by an original method, from certain plants known to them to act most beneficially and presented in an agreeable syrup in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to promote the pleasant taste; therefore it is not a secret remedy and hence we are free to refer to all well informed physicians, who do not approve of patent medicines and never favor indiscriminate self-medication.

Please to remember and teach your children also that the genuine Syrup of Figs always has the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package and that it is for sale in bottles of one size only. If any dealer offers any other than the regular Fifty cent size, or having printed thereon the name of any other company, do not accept it. If you fail to get the genuine you will not get its beneficial effects. Every family should always have a bottle on hand, as it is equally beneficial for the parents and the children, whenever a laxative remedy is required.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. F. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Don't

ruin your house decorations by using inferior illumination; use electric light, clean, clear.

DULUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, druggists.

Burlington Route

St. Louis 5:06 p. m.

That's when you reach there on the Burlington's No. 48, leaving Minneapolis at 7:50 and St. Paul at 8:40 the preceding evening. A most interesting ride. For particulars address

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,

Germania Life Building, ST. PAUL.

Storage and Moving

We invite parties who are thinking of storing their goods to call and inspect our storehouse at 510, 512, 514 East Superior street. We want them to see for themselves how we are prepared to take care of their goods.

NO MISREPRESENTATION

Special heated room for Pianos. No extra charge. Private rooms if desired. Our rates for storage and insurance are very low.

We move you in our large "VANS" cheaper than you can get the work done in DRAYS. Get our price.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

Both 'Phones, 492. 210 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper.

ORDER TO HEAR PETITION FOR LICENSE TO SELL LAND OF MINOR—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, March 16, 1905.

In the matter of the guardianship of Louise Henry Harrison, Minor.

On reading and filing the Petition of Lucy Gray Harrison, Guardian of said Minor, representing, among other things, that the said Ward is seized of certain real estate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said Ward the same should be sold, and praying for license to sell the same; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from said Petition, that for the benefit of said Ward said real estate should be sold;

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court, on Monday, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Court House in the City of Duluth in said County, then and there to show cause (if any there be), why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said Petition.

And it is further ordered, that this Order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the City of Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 16th day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,

Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Mar. 16-23-30, '05.

HOW IT IS DONE

One of the Ways In Which Woodsmen Are Fleeced.

Woodsman Tells Police Story of Clothing Merchant's Duplicity.

An excellent example of how the woodman are fleeced by the bowery merchants and the cheap clothing dealers, was given yesterday, when the victim appeared at police headquarters and told his story.

According to the man's tale he entered one of the stores which make a special bid for the lumberjack's clothing trade, and asked for a suit. He was shown a cheap tweed combination such as the reputable stores sell for from $7.50 to $12, and was told the price was $20.

He refused to pay that amount, claiming it was too much, and the proprietor finally agreed to accept $15 for the suit, according to the woodsman's claim.

The wodsman then handed over the $15 and the proprietor took it and the suit back into the offiec. He returned a moment later and handed the woodsman a receipt for $15 on account, telling him that the price of the suit was $20 and that when he had paid the other $5 he could have it. Meanwhile the proprietor kept both the suit and the money.

The wodsman appeared at police headquarters and told his story. He was trembling with rage, and it is a mystery why he did not endeavor to get $15 worth of satisfaction in hammering the senses out of the proprietor, but he evidently realized that he would be guilty of an assault, and stated to the police that he wanted to keep out of trouble.

There was nothing that the police could do in regard to the matter. The man was advised that his only recourse was to sue the proprietor of the store for the $15. Even if he did this his chances of recovery would only be fair, as the proprietor would claim that the money had been paid him on account and would offer to hand over the goods when the remainder was forthcoming. He, however, had witnesses who were in his employ while the woodsman was alone. The lawsuit would also cost the woodsman as much or more than the amount he had already paid out, and this he could not expend. The only thing left for him to do was to go and pay the proprietor the additional $5, thus making $20 for a suit that was not worth more than $10 at the outside.

"This same graft is practised by cheap jewelry dealers," said one of the officers. "I remember last spring a wodsman came to me and said he had paid out $5 for a watch in the same way and the proprietor kept both the watch and the money, claiming there was still $5 due. I went in to the store with the woodsman and asked to see the watch. The man showed it to me, and I turned to the woodsman and asked if that was his watch. He said it was, so I handed it to him, and told him to get out. I thought the proprietor was going to shoot me, but he finally quieted down, and I never heard anything more of the case. But for once the lumberjack got even."

UNITED STATES SHIP BUILDERS

May Construct a Large Share of Russia's New Navy.

St. Petersburg, March 23.—Prospects of American ship builders having a large share in the rebuilding and enlargement of the Rusian navy are growing brighter. An extensive naval program, which, in a few years, will restore Russia to an equality with the first-class sea powers, has been completed, but has not yet received the final assent of Emperor Nicholas.

The policy of the admiralty will be to use the rebuilding of the navy for the development of the ship building industry at home in order to render the country independent of foreign construction in future, and for this purpose the construction of yards in Russian waters by foreign builders will be encouraged.

At the same time it is realized that on account of the extent of the program it will be impossible to construct all the ships in Russia without entailing too much delay. The admiralty is inclined to show special consideration to the claims of Russia's French allies, but American proposals are regarded with favor, and when the orders are distributed America, next to France, is likely to get the largest share since there is reason to believe that American enterprise may also undertake the construction of a great shipbuilding plant at some port of the Baltic or on the Gulf of Finland. On account of Anglophobic sentiment, proposals of British ship builders are receiving scant consideration.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

For internal and external use.

Every bottle a complete family medicine chest in itself. Good for every pain that has a name. For neuralgia, headache, lame back, rheumatism, wounds, sprains, bruises, colds, coughs, sore throat, diphtheria, chilblains, frost bites. For more than 50 years it has never failed to meet expectations. It is the one reliable medicine.

"I have used Hinkley's Bone Liniment with great results for rheumatism. My hand was drawn out of shape, but this splendid Liniment helped me and I know it will cure me." F. E. Sayles, Grand Rapids, Mich.

The druggist has Hinkley's Bone Liniment at 25c, 50c and $1.00 a bottle, and you ought to have a bottle in the home all the time.

Hinkley Bone Liniment Co., Saginaw, Mich.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeney, William A. Abbett.

HELD UP BY FOOTPADS.

Fargo Man Is Robbed at Park Rapids.

Park Rapids, Minn., March 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Late Tuesday night Robert King of Frgo was held up and robbed of $39. He was invited to spend the night with Judd Doran, with whom he had been drinking during the evening, and on the way home when near the hospital, two men stepped out from behind some brush and attacked King with clubs. Doran ran away, but King was badly pounded and after getting his money the footpads left him. He was picked up later and taken to the hospital, where he is recovering. He has several bad cuts and bruises about the head and face, and one hand is badly hurt.

There is no clue to the robbers, but Doran has been arrested as an accomplice.

FRANCIS SAYS CHARGES ARE ALL WILFUL LIES.

Salt Lake City, Utah, March 23.—Governor Cutler has received from David R. Francis, president of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, a long telegram relating to the committee of the lower house of the Utah legislature, which recently investigated the affairs of the Utah commission to the exposition. President Francis stated that if the committee visited St. Louis it did not call on him or any officers of the exposition. The committee's charges, he said, are ridiculous and libelous.

President Francis added that "all the charges that awards of this exposition are a subject of commercial barter are wholly false and their authors willful falsifiers, and those who repeat them belong to the same class."

REVOLUTION IS PROMISED

In Indian Affairs By Declaration of Commissioner Leupp.

Green Bay, Wis., March 23.—Francis E. Leupp, the newly appointed Indian commissioner, will make a tour of the Western states shortly, it is announced, and graft on the reservation must flee. No official announcement has been made of the trip, but Edward Rosewater, a prominent Republican of Nebraska, and Father Schell, a humble Catholic priest, who have been in Washington, D. C., regarding alleged corrupt conditions on the Winnebago reservations in South Dakota, bring back word of the Western trip.

That there will be a real revolution in Indian affairs is promised in the declaration made by Mr. Leupp. "I will show the grafters no mercy; as long as I am commissioner, every effort will be made to drive them off all the reservations."

That the administration of Francis E. Leupp is anticipated with real apprehension is best evidenced by the scurrying rich at the expense of the Indians have been hurridly shaking off all relations with the tribesmen.

Mr. Leupp is far from a stranger to the West. Ever a believer in thoroughly acquainting himself with the subject under consideration and interested all his life in the Indian problem, he has visited all of the prominent Indian reservations, smoked wampum with the chiefs, listened to their tales of abuses, watched their dances and examined their material conditions.

So the West is willing to believe that Leupp took the advice of William Cullen Bryant when the latter advised him, then a young newspaper man, to become an authority on some subject, and devote his enthusiasm and ability to it.

He has known of the frequent changes of agents upon the Winnebago and Omaha reservations; the difficulty of inducing the haughty Sioux to go to work; and the land frauds upon the Nebraska and Indian territory reservations. Since his appointment Mr. Leupp has said he might not approve altogether the action of the department in replacing many of the agents with bonded school superintendents. Mr. Leupp has said that while some reservations needed most a school teacher, others needed a competent executive or military man.

While Mr. Leupp has not been a member of the Indian Rights association, he has frequently approved its contentions. In 1895 he was appointed a member of the board of Indian commissioners and served till he was obliged to give up the office because of pressure of newspaper work.

"I like the Indian for what is Indian in him. I want to see his splendid inherited physique kept up because he glories, like his ancestors, in fresh air, in freedom, in activity, in feats of strength. I want to retain all his old contempt for hunger, thirst and cold, and danger when he has anything to do.

"I have no sympathy with the sentiment which would throw the squaw's bead box into the rubbish heap and set her to making lace. Teach her to make lace by all means, just as you teach her bread-making, as an addition to her stock of accomplishments, but don't set down her beaded mocasins as barbarous while holding up her lace handkerchief as a symbol of advanced civilization."

Allen's Lung Balsam

Will positively Cure deep-seated Coughs, Colds and all Bronchial troubles past relief by other means. $1.00, 50c, and 25c. per bottle.

SAUCE IS DANGEROUS.

Some Oyster Cocktails Carry Deadly Coal Tar.

St. Paul, March 23.—It would seem as though the festive cocktail is doomed shortly to become a relic of the past, at least in Minnesota.

Following close on the announcement by the state chemist that many of the cherries that make a cocktail owe their bright red hues to the presence of a dangerous poison, comes further news of ill import—a ban has been declared on many brands of oyster cocktail sauce by the state dairy and food department.

Samples analyzed by the state chemist acting for the food department have shown the presence of a large amount of coal tar dye, a poison a spoonful of which is sufficient to cause death. The same dye was found in the cocktail cherries. This ingredient makes both the articles highly injurious to health, and the state dairy and food department has ordered their further sale discontinued throughout the state, and the manufacturers have been notified that to place further consignments on the markets will be a violation of the law, punishable by a heavy fine and imprisonment.

The examination of 140 samples of foodstuffs by department inspectors for the week ending March 20 shows that of the total 40 were found to be below the standard of excellence required by law. Six out of eight samples of catsup were found to contain coal tar dyes, as well as several brands of preserves, and a sample of strawberry pop. A large number of vinegar samples were found to contain less than the required percentage of acetic acid which gives the vinegar its strength.

BLOOD POISON

is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

SKULL HAUNTS HER.

A Des Moines Woman Has Creepy Experiences.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 23.—Aroused to a pitch of nervous excitement by groans she thought emanated nightly from her cellar, Mrs. Mary Francis of this city started to give the cellar a thorough cleaning. She scraped her hoe against some object protruding from the earthen floor. She pulled vigorously and dislodged a human skull. After her momentary fright had passed she dislodged a number of bones of the human body, including vertabrae. The skull and bones were thrown out in the back yard.

"Did you ever have a skull haunt you?" said Mrs. Francis. "Well, this one haunted me and seemed to have a will of its own. It didn't act as though it cared to stay in the yard. On the contrary, something impelled me to go to it and every time I looked at it I felt something whisper to me to bury it again quickly in the cellar. Finally I decided to do this and there in my cellar the bones are resting. No more groans seem to rise from the basement and if there be spirits with bones this one is now at rest. Now we joke and laugh about the man in the cellar and believe we have a protector with us always."

The only solution of the mystery yet advanced is that the skeleton was buried there by a medical student who roomed in the house some years ago.

PORTUGUESE GIVE QUEEN MOST HEARTY WELCOME.

Lisbon, March 23.—Queen Alexandra of Great Britain was given a hearty welcome to Portugal. The harbor was crowded with gaily decorated steamers and yachts, and the British royal yacht ascended the river amid a deafening volley of salutes. Two great golden galleys pulled by eighty boatmen took out King Charles, his suite and ministers, to meet the royal guest. A pavilion had been erected on the quay for reception formalities. After the queen dowager of Portugal had met Queen Alexandra at the steps of the quay a procession of state carriages and officials took the guest and her suite to the palace amid cheers from the populace. Along the route of the procession a feature of the decorations was many thousands of camolias and other flowers, which had been distributed to residents, to be thrown to Queen Alexandra as the procession passed, whilst hundreds of pigeons, with ribbons of the British colors tied to their necks, were liberated and mingled in the shower of flowers. The scheme of decorations made the reception a great floral demonstration.

After a state banquet at the palace, where 200 covers were laid, and a state concert by opera artists, the streets were illuminated and crowded until a late hour.

HANNAS CUT PRICE OF COAL.

Cleveland, March 23.—M. A. Hanna & Co. has announced a reduction in the price of cargo coal for lake vessels of from $2.60 to $2.10 a ton. It is expected that the cut will be met by other coal producers. The outlook is for a heavy movement of coal this year.

Why Endure Pain

the excruciating misery of blind, bleeding, itching piles, when there is an absolute cure?

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is an internal remedy that painlessly produces a positive and lasting cure. Pleasant to the taste, it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine or other injurious drugs. Simply take a spoonful three times daily before each meal.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Think what a relief it would be to you to be rid of these troubles and to avoid the almost certain consequence of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

ART GLASS AND MIRRORS.

St. Germain Bros.
ESTABLISHED 1891.
Manufacturers of art, leaded and metal glass for churches, residences and public buildings. All kinds of plain and beveled French mirrors. Designs and estimates on application.

CIGAR BOX FACTORY.

Minnesota Cigar Box Co.
Manufacturers and Dealers in
CIGAR BOXES,
Cigar Box Labels and Cigar Manufacturers' Tools and Supplies.
Zenith 'Phone 1165. No. 30 First Avenue W.
PETER J. VANVICK, Prop.

ENG'RS, F'NDERS, MACHINISTS.

National Iron Co.,
Manufacturers
HOISTING ENGINES, STRUCTURAL AND ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK.

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WHOLESALE
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES AND FURS.
LUMBERMEN'S SPECIALTIES!

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Christensen, Mendenhall & Graham.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
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Lumbermen's and Miners' Wear a Specialty.
514-516 West First Street.

BARBERS' SUPPLIES.

F. L. STODDARD.
BARBER SUPPLIES AND FURNITURE.
CUTLERY GRINDING.
107 Lake Avenue South.
Both 'phones.

COLD STORAGE & COMMISSION

C. E. PEASLEE, Pres. and Mngr.
GEO. MACAULAY, Sec. and Treas.
THE VICTOR COMPANY,
Cold Storage and General Commission.
Wholesale dealers in
Butter, Eggs, Cheese and Country Produce.
202-204 West Michigan Street.

FISH, OYSTERS AND POULTRY.

Tucker-Overman Co.
(Incorporated.)
General Commission Merchants,
FISH, OYSTERS AND POULTRY.
212 West Michigan Street.,
Duluth, Minn.

KNITTNIG MILLS.

NELSON BROS.' KNITTING MILLS
Manufacturers of Knitted Goods.
2101-2103 W. Superior St.

PAPER.

ZenithPaperCo
Manufacturers Wholesale
Paper and Stationery.
Building and Roofing Paper.
222-224 West Michigan Street.

BRASS WORKS.

DULUTH BRASS WORKS
Manufacturers of....
BRASS GOODS,
BRASS CASTINGS,
BABBITTS.

DRY GOODS.

F. A. Patrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.
"Best Located."

FLOUR AND FEED.

C. S. PROSSER & CO.
Members Duluth Board of Trade.
WHITE ROSE FLOUR
FLOUR, FEED, HAY, GRAIN AND SEEDS.
Both Telephones 461.
114-116 EAST MICHIGAN ST.

Gowan-Peyton-Twohy Co.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
"THE YOUNG GIANT."

LEATHER AND SADDLERY.

Wholesale manufacturers
HARNESS, COLLARS, ETC.
SCHULZE BROS. CO.
Jobbers
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Leather and Shoe Findings.

PROVISIONS.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO. COLD STORAGE
Butter, Eggs, Milk, Cheese, Cream.
16 WEST FIRST STREET

BOOTS AND SHOES.

PHILLIPS-BELL SHOE CO.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Wales Goodyear Rubbers.

BOX FACTORIES.

C. J. PETRUSCHKE,
Manufacturer of and dealer in
BOX SHOOKS, CRATES AND LUMBER
For buildings of all descriptions. Get our prices before building.
BEER CASES A SPECIALTY.
Factory: Cor. of 50th Avenue and Main Street, West Duluth, Minn.
Old 'phone 3090-L and 3081-M.

Duluth Box Manufact'g Co.
(Incorporated.)
54th Ave. W. & Polk St., West Duluth, Minn.
Nearly all firms on this page use our Boxes.
Packing Boxes, Box Shocks, Beer Cases, Pop Cases, Cratings, Chicken Coops, Etc.
Offices—115 W. Mich. St., and at Factory.

BUILDERS' MATERIALS.

Thomson & Dunlop,
JOBBERS OF
Builders' and Painters' Supplies.
Samuel Cabot's, Shingle Stains.
Mantels, Fireplace Fixtures.
226-228 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

PAINE & NIXON CO.,
Dealers in
Building Materials of every description.
PLATE AND WINDOW GLASS, Mirrors, and brick of all kinds.
106 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

CANDIES.

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Candy Manufacturers.
No. 20 East First Street.

John Wahl Factory.
National Candy Co.
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
CONFECTIONERY
John Wahl, Mngr. 7-13 19th Avenue W.

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RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO.
"LaLINDA" a domestic cigar.
"LaVERDAD" clear Havana
102-104 W. Mich. St.

DRUGS.

DeVelda Drug Co
Wholesale Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists.
Laboratories 613 to 621 West Michigan St.

FRUITS AND PRODUCE.

The Thos. Thompson Co.
Wholesale Fruits and Produce.
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MARSHALL-WELLS HARDWARE CO.
HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL MERCHANTS.

LUMBER and INTERIOR FINISH.

Scott-Graff Lumber Co
Manufacturers of Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
OFFICE AND STAIR WORK.

PLUMBING & HEATING GOODS.

Crane-Ordway Co.,
12 West Michigan Street.
Manufacturers of Pipe, Fittings, Valves and Steam Goods.
Jobbers of Plumbers', Steam and Gas-fitters' Supplies.

RUBBER AND STEEL STAMPS.

Consolidated Stamp & Printing Co
Badges, Banners, Buttons
Stencils, Notary and Corporate Seals
Steel Die Embossing and Card Engraving.
14 North Fourth Ave. W. Both Phones.

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO.
—WHOLESALE—
Stationery, Notions and Paper.
18-20 W. Michigan Street.

STEEL CEILINGS.

DEETZ & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Galvanized Iron Cornice,
Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters, Galvanized Iron Skylights, Etc.
Ventilating Pipes, Steel Ceilings, Smokestacks
ROOFING.
Phone 703. 406-408 East Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.
Manufacturers of
Metal Ceilings, Corrugated Iron, Cornices, Skylights, Etc. Fire-proof Doors and Shutters.
126-130-132 East Michigan Street.

WALL PAPER.

H. A. HALL & CO
WALL PAPER.
119 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

LEITHHEAD DRUG CO.
Drugs and Druggist Sundries
223-227 South 5th Ave. W.

Fitzsimmons-Derrig Co.
Commission Merchants.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers. Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
122-124 West Michigan Street.

KELLEY-HOW-THOMSON CO
HARDWARE.
LUMBERMEN'S AND MILL SUPPLIES.

MACHINERY AND IRON.

Duluth Iron & Metal Co
Dealers in
Relaying Rails, Bar Iron and Steel, Iron and Steel Scrap, Spikes and Bolts.
200 to 300 East Michigan Street. Telephones 91.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

BURGESS ELECTRIC CO.,
312 West First Street.
Electrical Supplies of all Kinds
Manufacturers of Gas, Electric and Combination Chandeliers.

Knudsen-Ferguson Fruit Co
General Commission Merchants.
Wholesale Dealers and Jobbers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Etc.
218-220 WEST MICHIGAN ST.

Glaskin-Comstock Co
MILL, MINING AND RAILROAD SUPPLIES.
RUBBER GOODS OF ALL KINDS
LEATHER BELTING.
CORDAGE AND WIRE ROPE.

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.

CLYDE IRON WORKS
of Logging Tools and Steam Log Loaders.

PARTIAL VIEW OF THE FACTORY OF THE F. A. PATRICK CO.,
Where workingmen's supplies, shirts, wool and cotton pants, overalls and mackinaws are manufactured—The force numbers 100 employes.

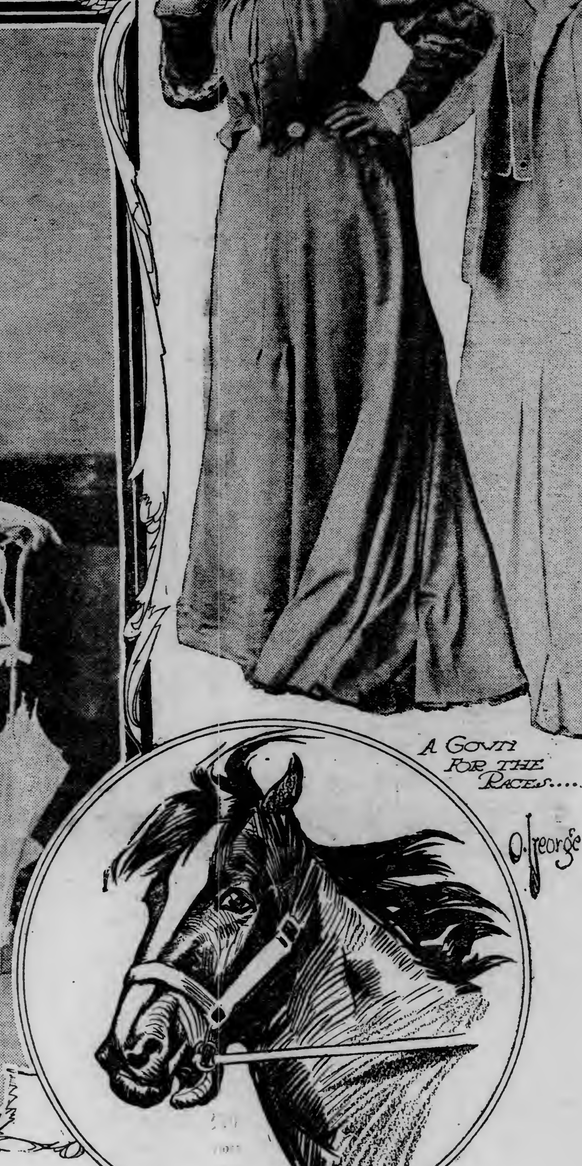
Toilettes for the RACES

A Simple Design for Afternoon Wear.

A Gown for the Races.....

Smart and Modish Traveling Costume

Silk for the Summer Pedestrienne



O. Jeorge

A Novel Design for Silken Gown.

Costumes Designed for the Race Meets in and Near Paris Portend the Summer Modes.

A SIMPLE DESIGN FOR AFTERNOON WEAR.

The lighter tints are among the newer favorites, and this Parisian example in primrose silk warp henrietta shows many admirable features of the newer modes. The gown is intended to be worn without a wrap. The bodice is fashioned over a fitted lining, and has bretelles of folds of the cloth edged with a fancy guipure braid in écelle and gold, and a plastron in front with collar of broderie anglaise on a creamy linen batiste. The girdle, of faille francaise of the exact shade of the henrietta, rounds up high in the back and descends with a marked and graceful slope to the dip front, which marks the late fashions. The sleeve is a full and wrinkled gigot, with just three strappings of the guipure braid at the wrist. The skirt is fashioned with tablier front, plain and unadorned, the sides deeply pleated over the hips, the pleats stitched down to insure smoothness of fit. Three closely pleated rows of silk ribbon serve to conceal the joinings of the circular flounce portions, which extend from the knee downward, and make the circular flare of the skirt, which shows the new length, with slight train in the back.

A GOWN FOR THE RACES.

One of the new shades of violine blue—more blue than purple—is used in a chiffon-finished mohair for this gown, designed to be worn to the races. The little coat is upon blouse lines, fastening close below the throat, where two stitched straps seem to draw the blouse away to display the plain vest of the cloth beneath. These straps end at the belt with handsome buttons, and this same belt, a narrow one, tops the very full and rippling basquines that end in a full-duted point in the back. The sleeve is a very full model, two bouffant puffs of the cloth being separated by upstanding cuffs, each ruffled with yellowish Valenciennes, and the tight lower portion assuming mosquetaire wrinklings. The skirt is somewhat plain, circular in cut, and with stitched-down pleats in front and sides, released below the hip curve to flare smartly to the foot.

SMART AND MODISH TRAVELING COSTUME.

There is a delightfully attractive air to this simple coat and skirt costume intended for coaching, motoring or general traveling wear. The material is a men's tweed in a very light gray, with hairline of a darker tint The coat is one of the novel wholeback loose designs that, nevertheless, are so cleverly cut that they more than suggest the lines of the figure in the underarm seams. There is a loose vest effect in a moleskin gray cloth, edged and stitched in white, and this mounted with a collar effect of the tweed well up to the dress collar in the back The patch pocket and the sleeve cuff are slit and faced with white, narrow velvet of the moleskin tint, making a clever contrast on the edges. The skirt is full circular in cut, with deep pleats stitched down in panel fashion, and the fulness further increased with the insertion of triangular gores of white cloth either side of the front, these reappearing in the same position in the back.

SILK FOR THE SUMMER PEDESTRIENNE.

There is nothing, except the mohairs and sicilliennes, that can compare with the novel taffetas for walking and outdoor costumes generally The silks are light in weight, cool and comfortable, and if they are, perhaps, not so lasting or durable as are the mohairs, they at least have the merit of an ultra chic and smartness. That smart little blouse model to which the Parisienne plus her constancy in things sartorial is one of the best of the holdover modes. In a changeable taffetas rongeant of a bluish cast the blouse is deeply pleated at the shoulders, to drop into a belt that heads a smart little ripple basquine, an oblong buckle seeming to fasten the belt in the front. The skirt is arranged almost upon redingote lines, two broad box pleats occupying the front, and double box pleats being placed in the back. The modes are circular in cut and fitted with dart-shaped tucks over the hips, and falling in full folds from there. The gown is cut to clear the ground all around and display just the tip of the shiny black leather shoe.

A NOVEL DESIGN FOR SILKEN GOWN.

That this is to be a silken summer there is not the vestige of doubt. The new weaves show unobtrusive and dull plaid patterns, with coin spots, polkadots and discs of various sizes scattered in a hit-or-miss pattern over the plaided surface. The model illustrated is in the new shade of bronze green, a small check being crossed with a satin plaid of a darker tint, and the whole showing a velvet disc in the deepest tint of this coloring scattered at close intervals. The bodice is extremely simple, showing modified blouse lines all around, and with the fashionable deep dip at the front. There is a lingerie vest and collar inserted, the broad shoulder is pleated and made to extend over the sleeve by means of piped straps, these stiffened with a princess haircloth, rather than with canvas, so that they do not crush when a coat or wrap is drawn on over the gown. The sleeve is a double puff, each having a ruffle of haircloth on the lining, and a plain tight sleeve appears below the elbow, finished with a scalloping at the hand. The skirt is somewhat intricate in design, pleated gores being cut short at irregular intervals to adult shirred flounce effects, piped strappings heading each such insertion. The smooth fit over the hip is apparent, and the width at the hem is well over 10 yards.

Cold Water for Stains.

Cold water can do no harm to any material that is washable. It will often remove stains better than any other agent, and should be given the first chance, unless in a case where it is known that it has no power on the stain or that it is not so good as some other agent. It should always be used for blood stains, meat juice, white of egg or other albuminous substances.

"LE sport" has taken full and complete possession of the fashions. Not having any equivalent word of their own, the French have borrowed the title from the English direct and without change, and now it is "le costume de sport" that leads all the rest in the rosted of fashions.

The season at the much-lauded Riviera being over, the fair Parisienne—all the fashionable mondaines—are Parisienne, for a part of the year, at any rate—betakes herself northward, and the race meetings in and around Paris make a delightful field for the display of her new costumes and millinery.

Not to be interested in outdoor sports is to acknowledge one's self entirely outside the smart set in all classes of society. Racing has always been the sport par excellence of the aristocracy, and what is countenanced and followed by the classes is sure to be taken up by the masses. So it is quite the correct thing to be seen at the races, and the daily journals recount the number of fashionables present at each meeting, what they wore, where they went and who were in and of the party.

So it is that gowns and costumes are especially designed by the arbiters of the mode to be worn in these smart surroundings. Miladi may fare forth to les courses either in her own coach and four, in her auto, or, if she does not like to encounter the dust of the road, she goes quietly by train. But, no matter how she gets there, her one care is to make an absolutely perfect picture in her surroundings when she does arrive.

It is the modes of the demi-tailleur that prevail at these smart meetings. The plain and severe tailor-made is adopted by those few who subscribe to the furore Anglais, as they term anglomania in France. But these, it must be confessed, are few and far between, for the Parisienne of high degree spends a mighty sum annually upon her gowns, and she very pardonably likes her gowns to justify their cost. So it is that what has come to be known as the demi-tailleur is what is best accepted of the Parisienne, for dear to her heart is just that touch of frilliness, fussiness and dressiness which the plain and severe mode so painfully lacks.

Silk, chiffon broadcloth, the chiffon finishes in sicilienne and mohair, the tiny checks and the unobtrusive plaids are among the very latest expressions of the mode. There is simply no one mode or fabric which can be said to prevail at the expense of another, and it is simply that—within a certain range, of course—one's individual preference or fancy may be indulged without resulting in a gown that is in any way at all demode or passe.

Chic, indeed, are those charming racing toilettes, and they must embody the smart modishness of a gown to be worn on the lawn and at the clubhouse, and yet be practical enough to stand the journey back and forth, for the smartest and most fashionable of the courses—Auteuil, Chantilly and the rest—are all of them several miles from the fashionable parts of Paris.

There are some charming designs that show a loose coat over a very full skirt. These new coats are totally unlike the loose models that we have deemed so fashionable hitherto. There is a straight, whole back, the fronts are turned back in revers to display some sort of a loosely fitting vest, and the side seams are so cleverly cut that they rather more than suggest the dainty curves of the figure. These smart coats come just about to the curve of the hips, and some of the most fascinating of them have the sleeve but to the elbow or a little below it, so that the sheer and dainty cuff of the lingerie blouse worn beneath is displayed to advantage. Others, again, show the half sleeve with a lingerie undersleeve, full and loose and ruffly, that may be buttoned into place or omitted, just as taste or caprice may dictate.

After this loose coat those eminently smart little blouses are next in the affections of the modish. In the United States the blouse coat is in some quarters deemed more or less passe, but in Paris, that home and birthplace of fashions and things fashionable, it more than holds its own in the place of things approved of the powers that regulate what we shall wear and what discard.

In its very newest expression this fascinating blouse is arranged to emphasize the straight front. One smart model has the blouse fastening over on the chest and then pulled away to either side to display this vest, the fulness being drawn down into a very narrow belt without any sagging or bagging, and the belt just coming to either side of the vest, stopping short there, with a big, smart button on either side.

The short Eton model, too, retains all of its hold upon the somewhat capricious affections of Madame la Mode. Now, however, it has taken to itself a shallow fitted belt, embellished with much trimming and elaboration—all of it flat, of course—and this tops a postilion back, which sometimes extends in basquine shape pretty well to the fronts. Where the darts would be if they were present is usually the stopping point for the basquine, and this makes for the flat effect, which is absolutely imperative in the front of the skirt and the coat alike.

The new skirts are managed either in a full circular cut—so full that it must be pleated to set snugly over the hips and have a haircloth lining some 10 or 12 inches deep to sustain the swirling fulness around the foot—or else they are constructed in tiered sections, the full edge of the lower joined to the straight edge of the upper, and strappings, pleatings, nun's folds, bouillonnes, in fact, any style of trimming that one may fancy, being cleverly used to cover the joining.

And all of these new skirts are long, brave and except only the distinctly pedessrave style. This alone of all the new modes clears the ground; the others lie anywhere from an inch in front to 12 inches in the back flat on the floor.

That Fascinating Separate Bodice.

Exquisite Designs for Drawing Room and Boudoir Wear.

So far from the separate bodice being a thing of the past, as so many of the fashion chroniclers would have us believe, never before in all of its lengthy and varied career has it presented itself so fascinatingly, so bewitchingly and so triumphantly.

From early morning to the dawn of the morning after it is on display. As a coffee jacket it decks luxurious society for the morning "eye-opener" of strong coffee in bed or in the boudoir. Here it is of the loosest and fluffiest variety, and pleated, accordeon pleated, or fashioned of alternate strips of ribbon and lace, and except for the yoke across the shoulders absolutely innocent of fitted lines or guise. An open throat and a loose flowing sleeve, often it comes only to the elbow, or if it should extend below this, it is slit on the inner seam so that the white roundness of the arm is displayed.

In the form of the lingerie blonse there is absolutely no limit to its extravagance. The finest and sheerest of handwoven handkerchief linen is deemed none too good for its making; and all of the dimy real laces go to its adornment. That it simply must be made by hand is now so well understood that to mention this fact seems superfluous. And not only are the real laces used with a lavish hand, but the most fine and exquisite of hand embroideries executed upon the fabric itself are called upon to supplement its dainty appearance, and incidentally add much to its cost.

The real Valenciennes, fine Cluny, Alencon and all of the Brussels laces are in high vogue for these; and the exquisite Irish laces—the Limerick, Carrickmacross, Mountmellick, not to speak of the exquisitely fine Irish crochetings—are in great demand. The Irish laces have this one point of merit, and that is they are seldom or never copied in machine-made imitations. This alone would make them favored of those who, while they are willing to pay the extremely high prices demanded for those exquisite webs—what Dame Fashion smiles upon and Madame La Mode approves always takes an upward tendency in monetary value—are not willing to give it for something that can just as well be obtained in the imitation, the machine production which anyone may purchase for as many cents the yard as the real commands dollars. Here, perhaps, is the secret of the vogue of those Irish productions which, up to the present, have never been successfully imitated by mechanical process; one can tell at a glance the real thing from the imitation.

The new lingerie blouses follow the collarless style. Indeed, to such an extent does this mode prevail that many of them may be said to be almost decollete. The square, or Dutch neck, as so many term it, is quite a favorite, and the lace edges this simply, no fullness or ruffling appearing at this point. Others are furnished with a little chemisette to be tucked in when desired; and undersleeves are often made en suite with this, so that the low neck and half sleeve may be varied according to occasion or caprice.

The surplice mode is really quite a temptation to dispense with the collar altogether. The line of the throat is so exquisitely and yet so modestly displayed in this connection that one does not think at all of a decollete effect when this is done.

Of course, the very latest fad and fashion in sleeves appear on those charming conceits. Single puffs, double puffs, leg-of-mutton designs, as well as the familiar and well-tried shirt sleeve of varying degrees of fulness, all of these are in good standing. Only the cuff is deeper and more elaborate than before. That is the sole change. The new cuffs have a little featherbone run in top and bottom, just the narrowest cording, this serving to hold the shape, and coming through the laundry without cracking or breaking, a fault that even the least fussy must find with whalebone whether employed split or whole.

But it is in its guise as a dinner or an evening jacket that the separate bodice reigns supreme. For dinner wear they are fashioned of rich brocades—they must all show some more or less prominent touch of metal, gold or silver threads, in the design—or else of the exquisite chiffon velvets. The accompanying skirt may be of a chiffon broadcloth (this for dinner wear solely) of silk of almost any weave, of satin or velvet or brocade, only, and this is imperative, it must contrast with and not match the bodice jacket.

In these the shoulder is broad, the sleeve extremely full, but ending its billowy career at or above the elbow. The fronts are turned back in revers to display an exquisite vest, and this is ruffled quite in the old-time style with real laces. One might take the portraits of "Le Grand Monarque" as inspiration for these exquisite confections; for it is the coats of the gentlemen of these periods rather than the gowns of the women that are copied for fair femininity of today.

The little basque that goes with this coat is just as short or just as long as the figure of the wearer determines or her fancy dictates. The slender girl will be sure to order those large pocket flaps on the hips; but her more generously developed sister would far better honor those in the omission.

And to be in keeping with the extravagance which is the motif of those evening jackets, the buttons must be exquisite specimens. There are some old paste designs which are pretty nearly worth their weight in gold, and some enameled buttons which exceed them in cost. Cut silver, niello, jeweled and cameo buttons are all in the extreme of the mode, and it is no uncommon thing to have the buttons—they come in matched sets—cost even more than the jacket itself, irrespective of the cost of the real laces that go so far toward its adornment.

For evening wear there are some exquisite models which have the fronts and sides only to the waistline—of course, there is that smart point in front—and the back extends in full sash-like breadths quite to the hem of the skirt. This is a mode that goes gaily with lace or gauze skirts—and they must be well distended with haircloth or featherbone at the hem—and is equally becoming to the petite and piquante beauty as to her tall and stately Junoesque sister.

Keeping Silver Bright.

The secret of keeping bright the silver that is in constant use lies in washing it in clean, hot suds and wiping it with a clean, dry towel every time it is used. Silver that receives this treatment should need a thorough cleaning only once a month. A little borax in the suds in which silver is washed adds to the lustre.

HEAVY SLUMP IN PRICE OF WHEAT

Market Has Loss of Nearly Two Cents In All Markets.

Denial of Rumored Heavy Cash Wheat Sale Aids Decline.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 23.—Wheat suffered a severe break today. Duluth May fell 1¾c, Chicago 1⅝c, Minneapolis 1⅝-¾c and New York 1¾c. In Duluth and Minneapolis the July option was still weaker, the former closing 2c and the latter 1¾-⅞c, but in other markets it was firmer. Chicago July lost ⅞-1c and New York ¾c. The denial of a report that a sale of 2,000,000 bus of cash wheat had been made at Minneapolis caused a considerable part of the weakness. As a matter of fact a heavy amount was sold, but it was not spring but winter wheat. In the May option the extreme decline was 2½c in Chicago and nearly that in other markets.

Foreign markets were all lower. Liverpool declined ¼@½d, London ¼d, Berlin ⅝c lower and Budapest 2½c lower.

The weather map this morning showed heavy rains at Kansas City and general rains in Kansas, Iowa, the Northwest and Manitoba, with temperatures slightly lower in the Northwest and higher in the Southwest.

Car receipts at Duluth were 6 against 31 last year, and at Minneapolis 330 against 366 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 336 against 257 last year. Chicago received 25 against 14 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 513,116 bus, last year 416,275 bus. Shipments 225,-230 bus, last year 352,566 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 134,685 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¼@⅝d lower. May corn in the Chicago market closed ¼c higher. May oats closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 718,560 bus., last year 319,460 bus. Shipments 464,813 bus., last year 314,870 bus. Clearances of corn were 150,-622 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was dull. The May option opened 1c lower at $1.09, and sold between that price and $1.08¾ up to 10:10, when it was at $1.09. It then fell to $1.08 at 11:30 and rallied to $1.08¾ at 11:50. Another break carried it to $1.07¾ at 12:30, and it again rallie dto $1.08¾ at 12:50 and closed there, a loss from yesterday of 1¾c. The July option fell 2c, closing at $1.06½.

Cash wheat sold on the basis of 1c under May for No. 1 northern. Durum wheat fell 1c.

Flax was dull. The opening was ½c lower at $1.38½ and after holding there all morning closed at $1.38¼, a loss of ¾c.

Oats and rye were unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.07¾; on track No. 1 northern, $1.07¼. No. 2 northern, $1.01¾-1.04¾. Durum, No. 1, 85c; No. 2, 92c. May, $1.08¾. July, $1.00½. September, 80¼. Flax to arrive, $1.38¼; on track, $1.39; May, $1.38¼. Oats to arrive, 29¾c; on track, 29¾c. Rye to arrive, 77c; on track, 77c. Barley feed, 33@35c; malting, 37@44c. Cars inspected: Wheat, 6; last year, 31; oats, 46; flax, 12; last year, 48. Receipts: Wheat, 17,347; oats, 51,131; barley, 1,012; flax, 6,047. Shipments none.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 2 wheat, 2 cars $1.06¾
No. 3 wheat, 1 car 1.02
Flax, 2,000 bus. 1.38½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Severe Slump Occurs In May Wheat Option.

Chicago, March 23.—A decline of 2½c in the price of the May option and 1c in July occurred in the wheat market here today. A denial of a report that an enormous line of cash wheat had been sold at Minneapolis yesterday was largely instrumental in starting heavy liquidation of May, resulting in the severe slump. Future deliveries were weak, partly in sympathy with May, but more especially as a result of the extremely favorable weather conditions. Lower prices at Liverpool also tended to depress values in this market. Much of the loss in May was regained on covering by shorts. May opened 2c to 2¼c lower at $1.12¾ to $1.13⅞. After touching $1.12 the price rallied to $1.13, where it held steady for a time. July opened ⅜@½c to ⅝@¾c lower at 91c to 91¼c, sold off to 90¾c and steadied around 91c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 361 cars, against 218 cars last week and 311 cars a year ago.

The market was weak the entire day, selling of May by Northwestern houses being a feature. Additional reports of winter wheat section claiming excellent prospects of an early harvest bearishly affected the July option. At 90¼ July reached the low point. Some recovery was made on buying by shorts, but sentiment at the close was rather weak. Final quotations were off 7⅛@1c at 96⅜c. May was down 1⅝c at $1.12⅞.

The severe slump in wheat started some selling of corn, resulting in an easier tone. May opened unchanged to ¼c lower at 48c to 48¼c. After declining to 47⅝@47⅝c, the price steadied around 47¾@48c. Local receipts were 425 cars with 11 of contract grade.

Wet weather had a bullish effect on the market, the early loss being all regained. The market closed firm with May up ⅛c at 48¾c.

Trading in oats was light. The market was a trifle easier in sympathy with other grains. May opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 30⅜c to 30¾c. A reaction to 30¼c was followed by a rise to 30⅝c. Local receipts were 152 cars.

Provisions were weak, mainly as a result of liberal receipts of live hogs. The break in wheat had some effect. May pork was off 7½@10c at $12.72½. Lard was down 5c at $7.05. Ribs were 2½c lower at $6.87½.

Close: May, $1.12⅞; July, 90¾c; Sept., 84¾@7¾c. Corn—March, 47¾c; May, 48¾c; July, 48½@48¾c; Sept., 48⅞c. Oats—May, 30⅝@⅞c; Sept., 29¾@⅞c. Pork—May, $12.77½; July, $12.52½. Lard—March, $6.95; April, $7.00; May, $7.07½@7.10; July, $7.22½. Ribs—July, $7.07½; Sept., $7.22½. Rye—March, 78c; May, 78½@¾c; Sept., 80c. Flax—cash, northwestern, $1.37; southwestern, $1.25; March, $1.25; May, $1.25. Timothy—March, $2.80; April, $2.80; Sept., $2.90. Clover—March, $13.35. Barley, cash, 41@49c. Cash wheat—2 red, $1.12¾@1.11½; 3 red, $1.07@1.12; 2 hard, $1.10@1.12½; 3 hard, $1.05@1.08; 1 northern, $1.12½@1.14½; 2 northern, $1.07@1.12; 3 spring, $1.05@1.12. Oats—2, 30¾@31c; 3, 30½@¾c. Corn—2, 47¾c; 3, 46@47c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	$1.09	$1.12-¼	$1.12¾-B	$1.12½
High	1.09	1.12¼	1.13⅞	1.13½
Low	1.07¾	1.10⅝	1.12	1.10⅝
Close	1.08¼B	1.11⅝-½	1.12⅝B	1.13⅜
Close 22nd	1.19	1.13⅜	1.14½	1.13⅜
July—				
Open	1.08A	1.08¾-⅞	.91-¼	.85⅝-¾
High	1.08A	1.08¾	.93¼	.86¾
Low	1.07	.90¼	.90¼	.84⅞
Close	1.06½B	1.07⅝	.92⅜B	.85⅝A
Close 22nd	1.08½	1.09⅝-½	.91⅝	.99⅞

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats May	Corn May	Pork May
Open	30⅝-30¾	48⅞-48	$12.72
High	30⅞	48⅝	12.77-80
Low	30½	47⅝-¾	12.72
Close	30¾	48⅝A	12.47

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 23.—Wheat: Spot steady; No. 1. Cal. 6s 10d. Futures steady. March nominal; May 6s 8⅛d; July, 6s 8⅝d. Corn: Spot firm; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; American mixed old, 4s 11d. Futures quiet; March 4s 3½d; May, 4s 4¼d.

DISCOUNT UNCHANGED.

London, March 23.—The bank of England's rate of discount was unchanged today at 2½ per cent.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 23.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.11⅞; July, 95⅝c; September, 88c. Corn—May, 54½c; July, 54c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 23.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.11⅝@½; July, $1.07⅝; September, 86¼c. No. 1 hard, $1.13½; No. 1 northern, $1.13½; No. 2 northern, $1.09⅝.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Trade has been fairly active and was again centered in the July and September. Price changes in the May were erratic and at times extremely wide. The rank and file of traders still feel this is a dangerous option to trade in and are letting it severely alone. Reports of condition of the crop continues very favorable with sprink-like weather prevailing throughout the wheat belt. The action of the market seemed to reflect some little liquidation with shorts inclined to favor purchases on the sharp breaks, while the market does not seem to hold out a great deal of promise on the bull side, we still feel it is too early to discount the harvest of winter wheat. We still feel like advising caution about getting too bearish on the breaks.

Corn—Trade has been a shade more active but the market lacks the enthusiastic snap in evidence lately. Cash demand is slow and is a discouraging feature. At the moment there seems no likelihood of any letup in the receipts. We still feel the market needs some stimulating news in the shape of some improved cash demand to awaken this market and give some of its old-time activity. The action of this market seems to warrant the belief that it is still a good trading market.

Oats—Trade shows very little, if any, improvement. Trade is still quiet and altogether local. There is nothing in sight at the moment likely to change conditions.

Provisions—This market shows very little change in price or in character of the trade. Market has been allowed to drift all through the session with trade extremely quiet and without special significance.

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Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat averaged lower selling of long wheat on news that told of favorable crop conditions in the winter wheat belt and the forecast which indicates more spring-like weather in the spring wheat states. Talk of an early harvest is already heard, but this is not worth considering as it is yet early and possible for many things to take place. Besides, we are approaching the end of the third or fourth diminishing crop with our requirements all the time increasing. Millers are not as well supplied as supposed. This is true also in Canada where Northwest stocks are only 11,415,000 compared with 14,421,000 bushels in 1904, 19,335,000 bushels and 18,800,000 for the year 1903 and 1902 respectively. Supplies of wheat in the Pacific coast states are light also and according to the commercial of Portland there is not 100,000 bushels of that could be spared and all of the 2,000,000 bushels yet on hand will be wanted by the local mills. The present activity in all of the markets has resulted in a big decrease and for several days there has been evidence of the best possible buying. In Chicago the shortage in the May wheat is estimated at 20,000,-000 bushels and that the month is but a little more than thirty days away with the contract wheat of the country in small supply and considerable difficulty has already been experienced in having it inspected as contract when moved from one market to another.

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Chicago Record-Herald: There was 23 cents difference between May and July wheat. This is the widest so far. Ordinarily it would be considered a good spread to buy July and sell May, but fear of manipulation checks the selling of May. Valentine was busy yesterday closing spreads between Chicago and Minneapolis. Armour houses selling there against purchases of July here, the spread being 17½c. Minneapolis showing the premium. Watson, who recently turned bull in Minneapolis was also a heavy seller.

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Chicago Record-Herald: "I believe that these May oats will sell down to 28c," said a local. "The May liquidation has just started. There may be small rallies from the break, but they will be a sale on all the hard spots."

Bears in corn are figuring that the speculative trade will in the future pay more attention to the weather conditions and their result rather than to the facts in the situation. The bulls figure that the facts are the real things that must be considered from now on.

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Chicago Record-Herald: Valentine's buying of wheat the past few days is placed at 2,000,000 bus on May. The traade had it yesterday that he has been covering a line put out by Lichstern before he went to Europe last September. It was said to have been sold around present prices and has been carried for seven months. It is understood to have been the largest individual short line in the market. The trade figures that there has been 5,000,000 bus of long May wheat sold out of late. Cudahy has sold 5,000,000 bus and there has been many small lines held by local and outside holders liquidated. The trade also assumes that a good part of the selling has been for the bull interest. It is the most difficult problem the trade has ever had to try to keep in line with what the bull leaders are doing in May. Sharp operators who watched developments in the pit all day know no more about how the bull interest stands at the close than those who pay no attention to pit operations throughout the day. This shows the closeness with which the bulls cover their movements, and even their commission men know nothing about what they are trying to do.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a steady demand on all classes of horses. The incoming consignments were large. Outlet principally farm mares for the Northwest. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@215
Drafters, choice	165@180
Drafters, common to good	125@155
Farm mares, extra	125@160
Farm mares, choice	120@135
Drafters, common to good	85@120

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 23.—Cattle receipts, 7,000; steady; good to prime steers, $5.10@6.25; poor to medium, $3.75@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.60; cows, $2.75@4.50; heifers, $3.00@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4.25; calves, $3.00@6.50. Hogs receipts, 20,000; tomorrow, 25,000; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.15@5.30; good to choice heavy, $5.30@5.45; rough heavy, $5.15@5.25; light, $5.10@5.25; bulk of sales, $5.20@5.35. Sheep receipts, 14,000; sheep and lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.60@6.20; poor to medium, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $5.00@6.00; native lambs, $5.50@7.75; Western lambs, $6.00@7.75.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	78⅜	78½
Adventure	5½	6
Atlantic	16	16½
Allouez	22	22½
Arcadian	1½	2
Elm River	2⅝	2¾
Bingham	30¾	31½
Copper Range	75¼	75⅝
Centennial	17	17¼
Calumet & Hecla	660	662
Calumet & Arizona		104
Calumet & Pittsburg	35	
Lake Sup. & Pittsburg		43¼
Isle Royale	24	24½
Mass	11	11½
Michigan	13¼	13½
Mohawk	51½	51¾
Mayflower	99c	1.00
Mercury Con.		34c
Nations	1½	2
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	26	26¾
Osceola	99¼	99½
Phoenix	¾	
Parrot	27½	29
Quincy	102	106
Rhode Island	1⅜	2⅛
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Franklin	10	10½
Trimount	2¾	3
Tamarack	125	130
Shannon	7½	7⅝
Trinity	10⅝	10¾
Utah	40½	40¾
U. S. Mining	24¼	24⅝
Victoria	4½	4¾
Wolverine	111	112
Wyandot	2	2¼
Winona	12⅜	13
Daly West	15	15½
Greene Cons.	28	28¾
Pittsburg & Duluth		24⅝
Union Land	3½	4
Junction		90
Black Mountain		2
Chicahua		6¼
Granby	5½	5⅝

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Copper market today although somewhat weaker did not show any genuine liquidation, except in Mass and Franklin, which were sold on strike news. There were few market orders to sell Osceola this morning. The demand was good and the stock closed strong at 99. The traders made very effort to depress Range, but every time the market rallied stock was scarce and the close strong at the highest price of the day.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 23.—The cotton market opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of 3 points, or just as due on the cables. With the weather forecast a little less favorable, sellers of yesterday appeared to be covering, but prices gradually worked off another 2 or 3 points under local selling when they were rallied by a demand from spot houses and by the middle of the morning were not unchanged with the undertone steady.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands 8.40, middling gulf 8.40. Sales, 513 bales. Futures closed steady; March 7.59; April 7.63; May 7.71; June 7.62; July 7.63; August 7.66; September 7.68; October 7.71; November 7.74; December 7.77; January 7.81.

The total sales were 1,165,900 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed strong and with a part rally from the low point of the session. While the market was declining, trade was extremely brisk, indicating some liquidation. The action of the market and the indifference to it by large people for a week or more naturally encouraged the short interest. This interest undoubtedly is large and the rally at the close looks somewhat like urgent short covering. Old-time favorites have suffered severely and a little rally in these special stocks would now be out of order. The general situation is somewhat divided but the action of the market at the close seems to hold out a little more promise.

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Dick Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market had another severe break this morning and prices went lower than at any time since the reaction started. The selling, however, was not of the character as that which has been seen lately, and on the breaks very good buying appeared. There was a good general rally at midday and later the list became irregular. In the last half hour, however, good buying appeared. Caused a general sharp rally in which leading stocks recovered all of the day's losses. Foreign advices regarding peace prospects were encouraging. Market closed very strong.

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McIntyre to Paine, Webber & Co.: Sentiment remains the same. We do not think we will get any settled conditions in the general stock market until after April settlements have been made.

B. E. BAKER

STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.

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RECEPTION BY MASONS

Program Prepared For Housewarming at New Temple.

The house-warming of the new Masonic Temple will take place tomorrow evening, under the auspices of Palestine and Ionic lodges, and over 1,200 invitations have been issued for the affair. The invitations are sent to Masons only, and it is expected that fully 2,000 people will be present. It may be necessary to have the musical program in duplicate, first in the blue lodge room, and then for the benefit of the overflow crowd in the Scottish Rite theater.

The whole building will be thrown open for view, and after the program and sight-seeing are over, there will be a ball in the banquet hall, on the first floor. Elaborate arrangements for entertaining the guests have been made and large committees will have charge of this part of the work, so that everybody will be taken care of. Cards will also be a feature of the entertainment for those who do not care to dance. The musical program follows:

Quartet, "The Holy City".....Adams
Male quartet, consisting of W. A. Cleland, John H. Martin, Don G. Gearhart and H. G. Gearhart, accompanied by stereopticon illustrations by G. S. Richards.
Address of welcome .. ..
Past Grand Master W. A. McGonagle.
Vocal solo, "The Lass With the Delcate Air" .. ..
Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward.
Violin solo, "Adoration".....Borowski
Miss Virginia Bean.
Vocal solo, "For This" .. ..De Koven
Mrs. F. T. Holmes.
Quartet, "When the Swallows Homeward Fly" .. ..Graham
Male Quartet.
Mrs. V. L. Bean will be accompanist.

CHANGE IN MINISTERS.

London, March 23.—Allan Johnson Mowen gazetted British minister at Copenhagen, in succession to Sir Edward Goschen, transferred to Vienna.

STRENGTH SHOWN

By Stock Market at Close and Losses Partly Regained.

While Prices Were Declining Trade Was Extremely Brisk.

New York, March 23.—The irregular opening in stocks today marked a partial check to the downward tendency with which the market closed last night. Changes were generally small but there were very heavy dealings in some stocks, notably in Pennsylvania and Union Pacific. There were 6,600 shares of the latter sold at the opening at 128 and 128⅜ compared with 128⅝ last night. Penna opened unchanged and then hardened a fraction. There was a rise of 1¼ in Colorado Fuel. Northwestern ran off 2 points and Tennessee Coal lost about a point.

Apparent support for some stocks held the market for a time and prices were bid up above yesterday's close all around the room. Pennsylvania was taken in enormous blocks at 141 before giving way. St. Paul, Delaware and Hudson, Consolidated Gas, Metropolitan Securities and Twin City Rapid Transit gained 1@1¾. Large selling for both accounts was resumed later and the entire market sold lower than at the opening. L. & N., Car, the Smelting stocks, Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Allis-Chalmers preferred declined 1 to 1½ and New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred 3. Speculation was steadier in tone at 11 o'clock, but was becoming quiet.

Prices broke sharply again in the second hour. The special weakness of Union Pacific made a bad impression on sentiment. That stock was forced down 1⅝ and then rallied 1¼. The sudden decline in special stocks followed by rallies indicated activity by bear operators to force prices down. Vulnerable spots were found chiefly among recent favorites on the advance, both in the railroad and industrial lists. The Pennsylvania group and Atchison were relatively firm. Southern Pacific, Rock Island, New York Central, O. & W., Reading, Atlantic Coast Line, Toledo, St. Louis & Western stocks, Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic preferred, the Southern Iron stocks, the railroad equipment stocks and a number of specialties, sufered losses of a point or more. Allis-Chalmers preferred lost 1¼ and Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis 3. A vigorous rally was in force at noon with many stocks higher than before. Colorado Fuel rose 1⅝ over last night and Tennessee Coal 2. Bonds were irregular at noon.

The noon rally was extended until the market had recovered all of its earlier losses. In many instances prices ruled above yesterday's close, particularly for the active specialties. Chicago Terminal, Chicago Great Western preferred "B" and Metropolitan Street Railway improved a point.

Realizing sales made but little impression on the market, although the volume of purchases perceptibly diminished as prices advanced. Union Pacific recovered all of its loss and such favorites as St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Atchison, New York Central, Copper and United States Steel sold a good fraction over yesterday's close. Baltimore & Ohio, Canadian Pacific and Distillers' Securities moved up 1 and Realty 2. Colorado Fuel had increased its rise to 4 points by 2 p. m. American Express and Colorado & Southern second preferred declined 2. Chicago Union Traction preferred 2½, New York Air Brake 4⅜ and Federal Mining & Smelting preferred 2. Prices advanced into the final hour. Chesapeake & Ohio, Atlantic Coast Line and Lead rose 1 and Steel Foundry preferred 1½. Then tere was a sudden reaction, which carried New York Central, Ohio & Western, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific and Copper to the lowest of the day. Afterwards there was another rebound, which carried Atchison, Copper and United States Steel preferred a point over last night and some others to the high level. St. Paul touched 180¼. The closing was active and generally firm.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd.	102¼	102¼	102¼
Smelter, com.	89	87⅞	88⅞
American Ice	100½	98¼	100¼
Amalgamated Copper	5½	5½	6¼
B. & O. Railway	78⅞	77¼	78½
B. R. T.	108⅝	107⅝	108⅝
Can. Pacific R.	66	65	66
C. & O.	44½	44⅛	44⅝
C. F. I.	67¼	65¾	67⅛
C., G. W. com.	23½	23	23⅞
Erie 1st. pfd.	80¾	79⅝	80¾
Erie, com.	45½	44⅜	45¼
Ills. Cent.	160	159	159
Lea. com.	124	121¼	121¾
L. & N.	140½	139¼	140⅜
Mexican Central	24⅜	23⅞	24⅛
Metropolitan Railway	125⅜	122⅝	123⅝
Missouri Pacific	106½	105⅝	106¼
Manhattan	168¾	167½	168
Norfolk & Western	85	84¼	84⅞
N. Y. Central	160⅜	158¾	159¼
Ontario & Western	58½	56⅝	58
People's Gas	110¾	109⅝	110⅜
Pacific Mail	44	44	44
Penn. Railway	141¾	140⅛	141½
Rock Island, com.	33½	32¼	33
Rock Island pfd	79⅞	79⅛	79¼
Reading common	94	92¾	94
R. I. & S. pfd	79	76⅝	79
R. W. & S. common	20⅜	19	20⅜
Rubber common	41½	40	41½
St. Paul	180¾	178¾	180⅝
Sugar	141	139¼	141
So. Railway common	34⅝	33⅞	34⅜
So. Pacific	67	65⅝	66⅝
Soo common	117¾	117	117¾
T. C. & I.	92	89	91¾
Texas Pacific	37¾	37	37¼
U. S. Steel pfd	94¾	93½	94¾
U. S. Steel common	34¾	33⅝	34⅝
Union Pacific common	128⅞	127	128⅝
Wis. Cent. common	22¾	22¾	22¾
Wis. Cent. pfd	51	51	51
Western Union	90¾	92½	92¾
Wabash common	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝
Wabash pfd	45¼	44½	45¼
D. S. S. & A. common	15¼	15	15¼

GIRL STRIKERS BEAT THOSE FILLING PLACES.

Beaver Falls, March 23.—Fifty girls employed at the Becker Bros. overall factory at this place, struck recently because they were asked to work for less money. Last night a crowd of fifteen girls ranging in age from 11 to 21 years, waylaid two New Brighton girls, who had been filling the strikers' positions at the factory. The two girls put up a stiff fight, but they were soon overpowered and badly beaten. Their hats, coats and dinner baskets were thrown into the Beaver river.

NOTICE.

We are ready for business. Anybody desiring to borrow money on watches, diamonds and all articles of value, come to the old reliable loan office, where your valuables are safe, and where we have a fire and burglar-proof vault. Remember the place.

KEYSTONE LOAN AND MERCANTILE CO.,
16 West Superior Street.

Boston & Duluth Farm Land Company,

J. L. WASHBURN, President.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, Vice President and Treasurer.
EDWARD HAZEN, Secretary.
A. W. KUEHNOW, Sales Agent.

This company still has for sale about 65,000 acres of the best land in Carlton and St. Louis counties.

Choice lands in the Holyoke, Floodwood, Prairie Lake and Cromwell regions.

25,000 acres north of the city in the Rice Lake, Cloquet river, Jean du Luth Stock Farm localities.

These lands are selling themselves at from $6.00 to $10.00 per acre. Our settlers are satisfied and the opening of farms in Northeastern Minnesota has begun in earnest. We have sold about 200,000 acres. We would be glad to make a few sales in tracts of 5,000 acres or upwards and will make the prices attractive.

We would be especially glad to sell some lands to citizens of Duluth. Let our own people show their faith in lands and do something towards carrying on the work in which for four years we have been engaged, and at the same time make handsome profits.

OFFICE—18 FIFTH AVENUE WEST.

Office Furniture and Filing Cabinets

THAT ARE UP TO DATE.

ZENITH PAPER CO.,

222-224 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

BANK STATEMENTS.

Statement of the Condition of AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK

At Duluth, Minn., at close of business on March 14, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,690,825 45
Overdrafts		2,772 09
Other bonds, stocks and securities		14,000 00
Other real estate		22,496 30
Due from banks	$982,511 26	
Checks and cash items	3,893 89	
Exchanges for clearing house	23,945 58	
Currency	88,678 00	
Gold	119,565 00	
Silver	20,830 00	
Fract'nl	2,066 61	
Total	$1,241,430 34	1,241,430 34
Total		$4,971,534 18

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$500,000 00
Surplus fund		300,000 00
Undivided profits, net		50,464 41
Bills payable		None
Notes rediscounted		None
Deposits subject to check	$2,691,463 89	
Demand certificates	10,037 99	
Certified checks	13,205 47	
Cashier's checks	1,875 80	
Due banks	262,022 98	
Total immediate liabilities	$2,978,765 13	
Time certificates	1,142,304 64	
Total deposits	$4,121,069 77	4,121,069 77
Total		$4,971,534 18

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

I, James C. Hunter, cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. C. HUNTER, Cashier.

Attest:
W. C. AGNEW,
C. A. DUNCAN,
Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of Mar., 1905.

G. H. MACKENZIE, Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal).

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 23.—Close: Money on call firm at 3@3½ per cent; closing bid, 3¼; offered at 3½. Time loans, easy, sixty and ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent; six months, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.70@4.85.75 for demand and at $4.83.80@4.83.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.83½. Bar silver, 57½c. Mexican dollars, 44⅝c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 23.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $140,-221,520; gold, $65,831,839; silver, $25,347,239.

NO OPPOSITION TO FLOATING GAMBLING.

New York, March 23.—If the persons who have charge of the steamer Mt. Deseret elect to use her as a floating gambling resort outside the state's jurisdiction as has been reported, they will meet with no opposition from the federal authorities. This statement was made today by Captain Seeley of the federal steamboat inspection service. He says that the Mt. Deseret has fulfilled the requirements of the law in every way and that it is no affair of his to what purpose she is used under the circumstances.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

EUROPE

THIRTY TOURS THIS SEASON.

April to August, by all Routes. Separate parties; leisurely travel. Tours cover the whole of Europe. Write for Booklet.

Fares, including all expenses, **$175 to $1015**

Independent Railroad and Steamship Tickets everywhere.

125 FOREIGN OFFICES.
Established 65 years.

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 Broadway, New York.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul. Minneapolis	*3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*1:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
† 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
† 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m

Leave		Arrive
† 9:00 a m	"Duluth Short Line."	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m	ST. PAUL	† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44
All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	Ar. *8:55 a.m
	All Points East.	
†7:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. †9:35 p.m
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:10	3:40
11:30	7:10	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
11:35	7:45	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P. M.	A. M.	STATIONS	A. M.	P. M.
3:50	7:40	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv.. Proctor..Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	-----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar.. Virginia ..Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar.. Eveleth ..Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	-----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar.. Biwabik..Lv	-----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar.. Hibbing..Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Hotel Superior,

Superior, Wis.

Largest and finest Hotel of the city. Bus meets all trains.

American Plan $2.00 to $3.50.
European Plan $1.00 Up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

Hotel McKay

Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL

New Building.
Modern in Every Particular.

Julius Cook, Mgr. 210-212 W. Sup. St.

Articles of Incorporation —of the— ATLAS LAND COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, by these Articles of Agreement, in writing, do hereby associate for the purpose of forming a corporation under and pursuant to the provisions of Title Two (2) of Chapter Thirty-four (34) General Statutes of Minnesota, for the year 1894, as amended, and for that purpose do subscribe and agree to the following Articles of Inc

If you want your insurance and bond business to have prompt and careful attention, place it with us.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,

General Insurance and Surety Bonds,
Torrey Bldg., First Floor.

You Want the Best—We Furnish It.

DEALERS IN STOCKS!

Buyers! If you think that present prices are low, we will execute your buying orders.

AND

Sellers! If you think that stocks are going lower, we will execute selling orders for you quietly.

We will be pleased to give you privately our opinion, based upon many years of experience.

OR

Stocks! It will be dollars in your pockets to communicate with us before either purchasing or disposing of any kind of stocks.

H. E. SMITH & CO., BROKERS
Main Floor, Palladio Building.
Zenith Phone, 695.

FOR RENT
THE PHELAN RESIDENCE
No. 405 East Third street. The house has hot water heat, 11 rooms, and is laid out and finished in a way that makes it very desirable. Good barn with room for coachman. Apply to
R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent.

$1400 West Superior street. Lot and small house—snap.
$2800 Nineteenth avenue east, 10 rooms, bath, stone foundation, etc.
$3750 8 rooms, modern house. East end.
$7500 Double house. Second street, near Twenty-first avenue east.

N. J. Upham Co.
400 BURROWS BUILDING.

Houses and Lots
$3500 for a seven-room house on East Second street, near Tenth avenue.
$1400 for full-size lot near Twenty-ninth avenue West and Second street.
$1200 for six-room house near Twenty-first avenue East, below London road.
$1000 for lot on Fifth street, near Normal school.
G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. Alworth Building.

FOR SALE.
$2000 Easy terms. House at Eleventh avenue west. Rents for $20 per month.
$2500 Boarding house, 11 rooms, also barn. A good location near Blast Furnace.
$4200 A flat building, two 6-room flats near Portland square, renting for $48 per month.
$1000 A fine lot on East Fourth street.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY ON HAND!
Wanted some good mortgage loans. Lowest rates and prompt service.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

Aerial Bridge
SUCCESS BEYOND EXPECTATION.
Buy lots now before prices advance.
We have 150 choice lots for sale at old price.
O. C. Hartman & Co.,
Suite—209-10-11 Exchange Bldg.

SPECIAL.
We have a few nice homes which must be sold at once—also some vacant property which can be bought very cheap. Call and see us before buying.
C. H. GRAVES & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
First Floor, Torrey Bldg.

Our 75,000 Acres is the Best Farm Land at the Head of the Lakes, and We Can Prove It.
No stone, no sand and few stumps, level, $6 per acre up, terms, $1 per acre down and $1 per acre annually until paid for.
Several improved farms adjoining Superior for rent very reasonable. If you want a farm it will pay you to see or write us before you buy.
Ernest A. Arnold Land Co.,
SUPERIOR, WIS.

$3500—Eight rooms, stone foundation; water, sewer, etc.; perfect condition; upper side of street, in VERY CENTER OF CITY.
$1200—Eight fine rooms—good barn, good well. Twenty-third avenue West. Very comfortable home.
$1400—Seven rooms, city water up and down stairs. Second street, West end.
$2100—Seven rooms—water, sewer and bath; upper side of street. Very central. WEST END.
$1000—Lot 50x140 feet. Second street. WEST END.
$300—Lot on Seventh street, near Third avenue East.
I have many bargains in West Duluth which will double in the next year.
T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

FOR RENT.
Store Room—One of the best locations on Superior street.
House in Chester Terrace, steam heat, hot and cold water, gas range. In prime condition.
Eight-room, strictly modern house in East end.
If you contemplate making a change this spring, now is the time to make your arrangements for May 1st, and it will pay you to come and see us before doing so.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 W. Superior St.

Wm. Schupp
Insurance and Bonds.
Lonsdale Building. Ground Floor
Telephone No. 207.

$1000 Lot on the lower side of Third street, near Nineteenth avenue east. All assessments paid.
$2250 A full fifty-foot lot, upper side of Superior street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues east. Assesments all paid.
$3350 Good eight-room house. Water and sewer. Nineteenth avenue east, below Superior street.
$3500 An eight-room, well built house, electric lights, water, sewer, toilets; on upper side of Third street, near First avenue east.
$3700 A nine-room house, with all modern conveniences on East Third street.
Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
REAL ESTATE—MORTGAGE LOANS. INSURANCE.
220 West Superior Street.

$1675 will buy twenty-five feet on West First street, near Eighteenth avenue West, improved with a five-room house. If you are looking for a bargain here is your chance.
WHITNEY WALL,
Real Estate and Insurance.
Main Floor Telephones—Bell 1363.
Palladio Bldg. Zenith 810.

$5500 for modern residence; within walking distance; hot water heat; all in best condition.
$1100 for a cozy cottage in the East end. Small cash payment, balance monthly.
$3000 to Loan—5%.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

STOP RENTING.
The Athena Building Co. is now prepared to build you a house according to your own plans and will let you pay for it in monthly installments. Stop paying rent and apply this money on your own property.
S. S. WILLIAMSON, Manager,
615 Torrey Building.

BIDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

Sealed proposals for the erection of a high school building at Ely, Minn., will be received by H. Van Blarcom, clerk, up to 2 o'clock p. m., March 25, 1905, in accordance with drawings and specifications prepared by Frank L. Young & Co., 201 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota. Copies of which may be seen at the following Builders' Exchanges: St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, Minn. Also at the office of the clerk at Ely, Minn., and at the office of the architects.

A certified check in the amount of 2 per cent of the bid must accompany each bid, said check to be made payable to the order of H. Van Blarcom, clerk, and will be forfeited to the school board in case the bider receiving the award fails to execute the contract.

The school board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Signed H. VAN BLARCOM,
Clerk, Public School District No. 12.

EXAMINATION PROVES THE
Kimball Piano
HAS NO SUPERIOR.

Investigate the Kimball Piano, examine it inside and out, compare the tone, the action and general mechanism with the best of other makes and any person with "half an eye" can readily see that it has no superior, and, in many respects, no equal.

The rich man can buy no better; the poor man should buy no other, for while a Kimball may cost a little more than others, in the end it is the cheapest, your expenditure for repairs will amount to nothing and the musical satisfaction will be abundant.

Tell us by letter, postal or in person that you intend to buy a piano in the next two years and

WE WILL SEND YOU FREE

a splendid collection of old songs—words and music—songs our fathers and mothers sang, together with the Musical Herald, containing a history of the great Madam Marcela Sembrich—and useful piano information. We shall depend on the good pianos we handle, the low prices we make and the easy terms we offer, through our mailing system, to bring you to us when you are ready to make a purchase.

OUR SMALL PAYMENT PLAN MAKES PIANO BUYING EASY

Korby Piano Co.
Factory Representative for W. W. Kimball Co.
Old Masonic Temple Building, Cor. Second Ave. East.
Factory depot for Kimball Pianos, Organs and Piano Players, Hinze & Whitney Pianos, Hallet & Davis Pianos.

CITY BRIEFS

Lawyers' briefs. North Land Printery.

The deed transferring the Exchange building at the southeast corner of Superior street and Third avenue West, was filed with the county register of deeds yesterday afternoon. The deed runs from George Spencer and M. J. Forbes to Henry C. Nolte, of this city, and the consideration was $166,250.

The mass meeting to be held in the lecture rooms of the First Methodist church Friday evening for the purpose of forming a civic federation, has been called by the Christian Endeavor union, the Epworth League union and the Baptist Young People's union, of the city. Among the speakers of the evening will be Alderman Watson S. Moore, A. G. Bousfield and others.

McCray meat and grocery refrigerators, easy payments. Kelley Hardware Co.

We are showing some beautiful early to wear hats in spring millinery. Hume's over Suffel's.

City Engineer McGilvray returned yesterday from a trip through the East and South. Two of the cities which he visited are planning to construct an aerial bridge, and Mr. McGilvray has been retained in an advisory capacity by them. The names of the cities he refuses to divulge, as certain land has yet to be secured before the announcement of the project is made.

Mrs. John Callahan will be the speaker at this evening's meeting of the series of evangelistic services being held at Grace Methodist church, West end.

Articles of incorporation of the Atlas Land company were filed yesterday with the register of deeds, by W. G. Crosby, G. S. Andreasen and M. C. Garvey. The capital stock is $50,000.

PERSONALS

H. B. Sturtevant leaves this evening for St. Paul.

C. H. Dibell leaves today for St. Paul.

R. D. Townsend leaves today for Chicago

Mrs. T. H. Larke of St. Paul is visiting with friends in the city.

J. H. Whittelsey, formerly agent at Tower for the Duluth & Iron Range, but now traveling freight agent for the Marquette system, is in the city today.

H. R. Robinson left for Milwaukee today.

Clarence Edwards left for St. Paul today.

Dr. James Harris of Moosemin, N. W. T., who for the past three weeks has been visiting his son Dr. J. G. Harris, left for his home Monday. Dr. Harris will be remembered by old-time Duluthians as an enthusiastic and expert curler in the early days. He was much impressed with the city's growth since his last visit and predicts for it a brilliant future.

Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Robertson have returned from their winter's visit to California and Arizona.

Mrs. Margaret McCarthy, mother of Mrs. P. M. Tully of Chester Terrace, left on Wednesday for her home in Helena, Montana.

HILL'S SECOND SHIP STARTS ON TRIAL TRIP.

New Haven, Conn., March 23.—The steamship Dakota just completed at the works of the Eastern Shipbuilding company for the Great Northern Steamship company of Seattle, Wash., left this harbor today on her trial trip outside of Long Island Sound to extend over a period of twenty-four hours.

In the event of the trial proving satisfactory the Dakota will leave this port for Newport News, Va., next Monday, where she will go into dry dock preparatory to the trip around the horn to Seattle.

Why Not Dress Stylish?

Parker's suits are cut and made in the curves of fashion. Bear this in mind and order your spring suit of M. L. Parker, Metropolitan Block.

Fresh Shipment Huyler's Famous Candies by Today's Express—
BOYCE'S
Drug Store.

DONATES A BIG BONUS

Port Arthur Makes Concessions to New Mining Company.

At an election held yesterday in Port Arthur, Ont., it was decided to donate a free site of forty acres for the blast furnace, coke ovens and ore and coal docks which the Atikokan Iron company purposes putting in there. The city also voted tax exemption for twenty years, and agreed to take $200,000 subscription for underwriting the bonds. James C. Hunter, vice president of the company, and R. M. Hunter, secretary, of Duluth, were notified by wire of the success of the election, and the company will immediately go ahead and begin erection of the furnace, ovens and docks.

The ore will come from the company's property, on the Atikokan range, which is on the Canadian oNrthern road, and 5,000,000 tons of high grade Bessemer ore is already known to exist there. It is agreed among mining men that the Atikokan range is one of the most important of the Lake Superior district. The Canadian Northern officials are heavily interested in this company, and it was largely through their influence that the affair was floated.

The people of Port Arthur believe that this opens up a new industrial era for the town, and are enthusiastic in helping the company start business there.

CLEANING THE STREET

Employes of City Do Good Service With Hose.

Armed with several hundred feet of three-inch hose a gang of men, employed by the board of public works, commenced the work of cleaning up Superior street this morning.

On some parts of the street the ice is still too thick to be swept away by the stream of water, but the accumulated filth of the winter months, melts away before the force of the water, leaving the pavement clean, or covered only with patches of clear ice, which will readily yield to the rays of the sun. By the time the work is completed, tonight or tomorrow morning, the street will once more be in a presentable condition.

Saloonkeeper Arrested.

Accused of running a house of ill fame above his saloon on lower Lake avenue, William Hesbeck was arrested and brought before Judge Windom this afternoon in the municipal court.

Hesbeck pleaded not guilty to the charge and his trial commenced at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The police claim that several women of notorious character frequent the rooms above Hesbeck's saloon.

BIRTHS.

REINERTSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Reinertson of 6515 Wadena street, March 11.

CARLSON—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Leander Carlson of 330 St. Croix avenue, March 22.

UPHAM—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Upham Jr., of 1616 East Superior street, March 21.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A painful burn; any skin hurt quickly healed by Satin Skin Cream. 25c.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, small family; best wages. Call 1721 East First street.

PARTNER WANTED, SMALL CAPITAL, to take half interest and management of good paying business. C 3, Herald.

The Penn is Mightier than the Sword
Then **Penn** issues an honest policy, makes an **Equitable** distribution of surplus annually, and does *not* insist on the horns and hoofs (*and other surplus*) going with the **Hyde.** Insure your life in the Penn.
PINEO & CO., 408 Burrows Bldg.

NOT MUCH ICE

Walking on Superior Bay Is Now Very Unsafe.

Portage Lake Canals Ice Is Disappearing Rapidly.

Assistant United States Engineer Clarence Coleman, who is in charge of the pier construction work at Superior entry, under Maj. Potter, reports the ice at the lower end of the bay is in a very unsafe condition for pedestrians. Mr. Coleman says that the thickness ranges from nothing to about two feet. There are many holes in the ice and numerous places where the ice is very thin. About the inner end of the entry the ice is being rapidly worn through by the currents. At Allouez bay, also, Mr. Coleman says the ice is rotting rapidly, the rain of last night having hastened the process.

The ice reports received today by Maj. Charles L. Potter from the Portage Lake canals, indicate a very early opening of those waterways this spring, unless there should be a spell of very cold weather.

W. W. Van Patten, United States watchman at the upper canal, Portage Lake ship canals, Mich., in a report dated yesterday, says:

"The canal is open from the south end of Lilly Pond to Portage Lake and from the north end of Lily Pond to the lighthouse. Lily Pond is open in many places and the remainder of the ice is thin.

"Ice in Lake Superior extends out from shore about one-half mile. The top of the ice has not darkened any. I can see over ice fields for about five miles out in the lake.

"There is very little ice on the east breakwater except on the sloping face, which is about the same as the last report.

"On the highest part of the west breakwater the ice will average about one inch, being thicker in some places than in others. On sloping face the ice is about the same as in last report. Ice between the breakwater and shore is twenty inches thick."

George H. Banks, junior engineer in charge at Houghton, during the absence of United States Engineer G. A. Marr, on sick leave, says that in the vicinity of Houghton the ice in Portage Lake is about twenty inches thick; eight inches of good clear ice, the surface being covered with water. The ice has thawed rapidly in the past two days.

THE PEOPLE'S LECTURE COURSE
At the Lester Park M. E. Church,
FRIDAY, MARCH 24th, 1905.
READINGS BY
MR. FRED BOND
Of New York. Mr. Bond comes to us highly recommended as an elocutionist, and will give an evening of enjoyment to his audience.

WAS WINTER WHEAT.

Reported Sale at Minneapolis Is Explained.

A dispatch from Minneapolis last night said: "One of the largest transactions ever recorded in the Minneapolis grain trade was made today, just before the close of the market on change. The F. H. Peavey company sold in a single trade, about 2,000 cars of wheat to a single purchaser, said to be the Washburn-Crosby company. The transaction was for cash. Details as to prices, grades and terms of delivery were unobtainable and estimates of the quantity that changed hands varied from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 bushels, the latter figure being probably nearer the truth. Two inferences could be drawn from the transaction; one, that the mills are doing a big flour business which does not show in the daily reports, being for future delivery; the other that they fear a scarcity of good milling wheat later in the season, and are getting ready to meet it."

A. L. Searle, general manager of the Peavey interests was in Duluth today, and when asked as to the sale said that the amount had been overstated, but would not say what it was. He also said that the wheat sold was winter wheat to come from the company's Kansas elevators.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Columbus, O., March 23.—Dr. G. A. Doren, superintendent of the feeble minded in the state institution here since 1869, died today, aged 67 years. He was known all over the country.

Milwaukee, March 23.—Gus Krock, the Milwaukee pitcher, who twirled for the Chicago National league in 1888 and several years following, is dead at Pasadena, Cal. Death was due to consumption.

STILL NO CHOICE OF DELAWARE SENATOR.

Dover, Del., March 23.—The forty-seventh joint ballot for United States senator was started at noon today and resulted as follows: Addicks, 15; Henry A. Dupont, 14; Saulsbury, 13; Hughes, 8; T. Coleman Dupont, 2. Total vote 52, necessary to choice, 27. No election.

A motion was then made for the separation of the joint session, but on a roll call it was defeated by 27 nays to 25 yeas.

Two more ballots were taken, the only change being the transfer of T. Coleman Dupont's two votes to State Senator Princewill. There was no change on the fourth ballot, and a recess was taken until 1:30 p. m.

A SAVINGS ACCOUNT
is a friend ever ready to help you over rough places in life's journey.
3% Compound Interest.
DULUTH SAVINGS BANK,
216 W. Superior St.

FLANKING STILL

Japanese Pursue Turning Movement Around the Russians.

Squadron of Russian Warships Seen In Vicinity of Ceylon.

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, 108 Miles North of Tie Pass, March 23.—The Japanese are following the Russian rear guard which is moving north from Santoupu at the rate of eight and a half miles a day. On both flanks the Japanese are operating a wide turning movement but the strength of the flanking forces has not been definitely ascertained. At a number of places along the railroad between Santoupu and Gunshu Bass there are broken hills with steep sides and gorges at the bottom where stubborn resistance might be made but it is doubtful whether Gen. Linevitch will make a stand before he reaches the Sungari river and Chantchiatu. Unless he is able to hold the line of the river the Russian position will be so weak strategically that he may be compelled to retire back of Harbin into Siberia, owing to the fact that as they approach Harbin the Russian front parallels the railroad rendering the danger of a severance of the sole line of communication constantly greater.

While the army is still far from Siberia, and with the Chinese Eastern railroad behind it in perpendicular front, the danger to the Siberian railroad is only from raiding parties and Chinese bandits, and the comparatively few railroad guards are sufficient to protect the bridges. But once the army falls back behind the Sungari river communication with the far away base will be terribly jeopardized, not by the small number of the guards, but by the army, which will be required to protect the railroad. The prospect of the isolation of Vladivostok must also be met, and it is urgently necessary to supply the garrison with provisions and ammunition, not for a few months, but for two years.

Two hundred thousand reinforcements from Russia are now necessary to make it possible for the Russians to meet the Japanese on anything like even terms.

Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, March 23, 5:55 p. m.—A steamer from Colombo, Ceylon, which arrived here today, reports that during the night of March 16 she met a Russian torpedo boat, which was followed by a squadron of warships some distance behind. The steamer was unable to make out the number or character of the ships.

LA FONTAINE IS ACCUSED

Of Being Under Contract With the United States.

Montreal, March 23.—Considerable excitement was called in the magistrate court today when counsel for Gaynor and Greene virtually accused Judge La Fantaine, extradition commissioner of being under contract with the United States, in connection with extradiction cases. Many personalities were indulged in. Judge La Fontaine indignantly denied the charge but agreed to withdraw and allow the case to be tried before Chief Justice La Coste.

Donald MacMaster, who represented the United States, characterized the accusation as a falsehood.

The suggestion to have the case tried before the chief justice will be argued later.

THIRTY-THREE INJURED

In Wreck on Burlington at West Lincoln, Neb.

Lincoln, Neb. March 23.—A Burlington train coming from Grand Island to Lincoln was wrecked in West Lincoln today and thirty-three persons or more were injured, none fatally. The smoking car and rear coach turned completely over. C. E. Starburg of Washington, D. C., and Charles S. Gaskill of Alma, Neb., are badly injured, perhaps fatally. Both are in a Lincoln hospital.

NO AGREEMENT MADE WITH THE FIREMEN

Cleveland, March 23.—No agreement having been reached at the wage conference between the Lake Carriers' association and representatives of the Firemen and Water Tenders' union, a recess was taken at noon today until next Monday. The union asked an advance of 20 per cent over last year's scale which was refused by the lake carriers.

This afternoon the Lake Carriers' executive committee met with the Grain Scoopers' union to fix a wage scale for the season.

RESULTS AT BENNINGS.

Benning's Race Track, March 23.—First race, 3-year-old and up, Columbia course, Preen 2 to 1 won; Tim Hurst 6 to 1 second; Wild Irishman 2 to 5, third. Time 1:17 4-5.

CHADWICK CASE POSTPONED.

Cleveland, March 23.—The Chadwick bankruptcy hearing, scheduled for today, was postponed until tomorrow afternoon owing to the absence of Judge Wing, one of Mrs. Chadwick's attorneys, from the city.

GOVERNMENT TUG LAUNCHED.

Philadelphia, March 23.—The government tug Gen. Robert Swartwout was launched at the yards of the Neafie & Levy Shipbuilding company here at 3:45 this afternoon. The sponsor was Miss

Several New Models in Rain-Shine Coats Are Ready!

The materials are fine worsted cloth, in uncommon patterns, made rainproof so that while they are worn in bright weather they answer the purpose of a rain coat in stormy weather. These new models are known as the "swagger" coat, 48 inches long, double-breasted, and made full and roomy. New gray, white and black, check and tan—$25.

"Redingote" Rain-Shine Coats— correct and fashionable models that are entirely exclusive with us. Tan, olive and gray—$25.00.

Cravenetted Raincoats— box pleated back and front, collarless and strapped—tan, olive and oxford—$16.50.

New novelty Raincoats for misses—$12.75, $13.50.

Children's Raincoats— tan, oxford and olive—$6.75, $8.50, $10 and $12.50.

UMBRELLAS!

Of silk gloria cover and tassel; natural wood stick—$1.50.

Of silk gloria with fancy gun-metal handles—$2.50.

Of all silk with natural handles, black and colors—$3.50.

Of all silk, black and colors, in novelty handles—$5.00.

GIDDING'S

Eleanor Pope, daughter of Col. Pope, quarteramster United States army. The launching was witnessed by a number of army and navy officers from Washington.

NO VERDICT REACHED YET

Whiteman Jury Reports and Is Sent Out Again.

Buffalo, March 23.—The jury in the Whiteman case reported they had not been able to reach a verdict. In reply to a query of the court eleven of the jurymen said they were willing to retire and further consider the case. The jury was then sent out again.

Homeseekers' Rates.

On sale March 21st, April 4th and 18th, via the "North-Western Line," at one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, to points in Alabama, Alberta, Arizona, Arkansas, Assiniboa, British Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indian Territory, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Manitoba, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Oregon, North Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, Washington, Wyoming. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

BUSINESS AT POMEROY SUSPENDED BY FLOODS.

Cincinnati, March 23.—A Times-Star special from Pomeroy, Ohio, says: Railroad and street car service here is practically suspended, water having entered buildings along the river front. A few merchants will be forced to move out. The river is rising two inches an hour, the stage today being forty-eight feet.

At least two feet below the danger line is the limit fixed by Weather Forecaster Passlier, to which the rising will probably reach. The water passed thirty-seven feet today and it is his belief that the crest will be reached late Friday night.

Do you know "The Song of 60 Years?"
There are four verses. Verse 1. Ayer's Hair Vigor makes the hair grow. Verse 2. Ayer's Hair Vigor stops falling hair. Verse 3. Ayer's Hair Vigor cures dandruff. Verse 4. Ayer's Hair Vigor always restores color to gray hair. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

The Room That Is Never Vacant Long Is the One That Is Advertised In the Want Columns of THE HERALD!

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOUR BARGAINS.

Double house on Fourth avenue East, near Sixth street—stone foundation, water and toilet, six rooms on each side; large lot; will rent for $35.00 to $40.00 per month—price.....**$2900**

A 50-foot lot upper side Third street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues West; water and sewer in street—easy terms **$1200**

A fine 50-foot lot on upper side Fifth street, near Twentieth avenue East; water and sewer in street; cheap for cash.

Double corner in Lakeside—water and sewer in street, fine location **$650**

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Ground Floor, Providence Bldg.

TWO GOOD BARGAINS!

JOHN A. STEPHENSON PROVIDENCE BLDG.

$5000 For best 100 feet on East First street, in Endion division.

$7500 For dandy place on Third avenue west. Room enough left for good flat building. Rents now for $50 per month.

5% MONEY In large or small amounts.

Ask for F. E. KENNEDY.

$11,000 25 feet, improved. First street, near Second avenue west.
$1250 8-room house on Second avenue east. Monthly payments.
$2100 8-room house, lot 90x75 feet, on Fifth avenue east.
$3900 8-room modern house. East end.
$1500 to loan on real estate at 6 per cent.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building. Zenith 'phone 338.

$2200 Takes 6-room modern house, hot water heat, below Third street.
$1300 Takes 6-room house, water and sewer, near Nineteenth avenue east.
$1450 Takes 6-room house on Fifth near Portland Square.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — NEW FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, with bath, 50-foot lot, upper side. 1323 West First street.

Modern houses for sale in all parts of city. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

$1,600 GOOD HOUSE AND LOT, SIXTH street, near Seventh avenue east. Terms—$300 cash, balance at $25 a month. For sale exclusively by W. M. Prindle & Co., first floor, Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST end, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for the season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans, fire insurance.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AND lot. 518 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—LARGE MODERN residence, centrally located, steam heat and all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

$1,100 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, centrally located, above Fifth street. $1,500 for 6-room house, with water and sewer and bath; Fifth street; central. $12.00 per month for 4-room flat, Twelfth avenue west and Michigan street. Cheap lands near the city. J. N. Snellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1904 price until the 15th. Look this up quick. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at $100 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1½ to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Midway Horse Market, St. Paul, have the largest assortment of horses in the entire Northwest. Auction every Wednesday at 2 o'clock. Private sales daily. Part time given.

FOR SALE—HORSE, WAGON, SLEIGHS, buggy, two sets harness, cheap. 19 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—A FINE YOUNG HORSE—suitable for hack or delivery. Call mornings, at 2425 West Sixth street.

FOR SALE — TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD fine draft horses, also logging outfit, or will trade for city lots, pine lands or good outside property. R. B. Whiteside, 216 West Superior street, over Duluth Savings Bank.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

A CARLOAD OF REALLY GOOD fresh milch cows for sale. D. S. McKay & Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh. Zenith 1387.

FOR SALE—E. CARLSON ARRIVED with carload of fresh milch cows. Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, Burrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

	Old 'phone.	New 'phone.
MEAT MARKETS—		
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189
LAUNDRIES—		
Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447
DRUGGISTS—		
Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7
MUSIC AND INSTRUMENTS—		
Ingvald Westgnard	521-K	464
COAL AND FUEL—		
Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485
FUNERAL DESIGNS—		
Victor Huot	633-R	1370
FLORISTS—		
Seekins & LeBorious	1356	1626
BAKERIES—		
The Bon Ton		1166
SEWING MACHINES—		
Singer Sewing Mach. Co.	1141	973
White Sewing Mach. Co.	33-K	515
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—		
Mutual Electric Co.	496	496
RUBBER STAMP WORKS—		
Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co.	702-K	755
FRENCH CLEANING—		
La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191
PLUMBING AND HEATING—		
McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.	815	

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG man experienced as traveling salesman. Reliable, sober and a hustler, with best of references. Address Z 61, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, SOBER AND INDUSTRIOUS, wishes work of any kind. Can give good references. Address 18 Third avenue west, care Mrs. T. G. White, Dodge block, Harry Richings, room 18.

A YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE A JOB of any kind. W 23, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WANTS SOME WORK OF any kind. Address J. S., 1025 Garfield avenue, city.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW, WASHING ironing and house cleaning work by the day. Call or write 32 East Superior street. Room 8.

WANTED BY A YOUNG LADY, POSITION as stenographer to work for small salary. C 1 Herald.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF WORK by day. 1910 West Michigan street.

WIDOW WANTS PLACE AS HOUSEkeeper. 10 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTS POSITION AS CLERK in piano store; has taken lessons for over two years. Address 42 N. Fifty-fifth avenue, West Duluth.

GERMAN WOMAN WANTS PLACE TO do washing and scrubbing. 612 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY GRADUATE of high school and Duluth Business University wants position as stenographer for mercantile house. Best references. Address Miss B, care of Herald.

MARRIED WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work for board or small wages. B. 32, Herald.

WANTED POSITION BY THOROUGHly competent stenographer of five years experience. First-class references. Address 309 West First street.

WANTED—CLEANING OR WASHING —20 First avenue west. Zenith 1218-Y. Mrs. Anna Jones.

AN EXPERIENCED LADY BOOKkeeper would like position; can furnish best of references. Address A 66, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS CLERK IN store by young woman with some experience. Address A. 18, Herald.

WANTED — SEWING AT HOME, ladies' clothes, plain and light garments; reasonable charges. 103½ East Fifth street.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

DON'T RENEW YOUR FIRE INSURance without first calling on W. M. Prindle & Co., room 3, Lonsdale building.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MEDICAL.

MARRIED OR ANY ONE— GONOVA IS A French mode of treatment for male and female, for the positive, sure and prompt cure of gonorrhea, gleet, unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations and ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, warranted to cure worst cases in one week. $3 per package or 2 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the medicine at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't fool with cheaper or other remedies. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

WOMEN ONLY — DR. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought relief to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2.00 by mail. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

MADAM ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1024 Tower avenue, Superior, Wis.

ARCHITECTS.

F. L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Palladio Bldg.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION, KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

COD LIVER OIL.

C. J. TUFTE'S, 1904 IMPORT. ALFRED Swedberg, 2016 West Superior street.

EVERYTHING IN MAGAZINES.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, 417 Burrows building. Telephone 987-L.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

$185 for a mahogany upright piano; excellent condition. Terms, $10 cash and $6 a month.

Mahogany upright Piano—used one year—$290. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.

INCUBATORS AND BROODers at factory prices. Poultry supplies. Chick food. Eggs for hatching from very best show birds in Partridge and Golden Wyandottes. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITER on approval. Old 'phone 1084-K. New 329-D.

FOR SALE — TWO DOZEN SPRING chickens. 1201 West Superior street.

$35.00 BUYS SIX OCTAVO PACKARD, second hand; $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR A NEW first-class 22-foot torpdo gasoline launch. Particulars call Zenith 'phone 1378.

$30 BUYS STORY & CLARKE SECOND-hand organ. Payments $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

FOR SALE—CAMP GUELPH, TWENty-sixth street, Park Point; corner lot, house and contents. Address Box No. 564, Grand Rapids, Minn.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH, TWO story frame building, occupied by grocery in business center of prosperous mining town, reason for selling, owner going to Europe. Address Box 218, Biwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND CONFECtionery stock and fixtures, Can buy or rent building. C 2, Herald.

FOR SALE — TWO-CHAIR BARBER shop. Good trade. Look this up. Address Y 94, Herald.

WHEN YOU ARE IN DOUBT AS TO the sewing machine that will give you the greatest returns for your money, just pin your faith to the White. Store, 106 W. Sup. St. Next door to 10c Store.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—FIRSTclass soda fountain. Inquire Eischen Bros., 129 West Superior street.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver. Highest market prices. M. Henrickson Jewelry company, 234 West Superior street.

MEN'S SOWED SOLES, 75c; NAILED, 50c; rubber heels, 40c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

WYANDOTTE BRAND CHICK FEED, made by Pike & Co., Minneapolis. Balanced ration, chick grower and lifesaver. Raising every chick. Ask your dealer for Wyandotte Brand Poultry and Stock supplies.

$47.00 BUYS ONE FANCY OAK CASE, almost new, Kimball organ; $5.00 cash, $3.00 monthly payments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior St., (upstairs).

THE OLIVER STANDARD VISIBLE typewriter. Edmont, 410 W. Superior St.

FOR SALE—T RAIL AND DYNAMOS and second-hand sacks. Northwestern Iron and Metal company.

TRY THACHER'S GROCERY NEXT time you order groceries. 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone 747-X.

$175.00 BUYS NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; $10.00 cash and $6.00 per month, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs.)

FOR SALE CHEAP—INVALID'S CHAIR —good as new. 625 East First street.

HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS ON Park Point, or central; no commission. 508 Burrows building.

PERSONAL.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's **Tansy, Pennyroyal** and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to **positively cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES.** Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

CONGENIAL YOUNG LADY WANTS to do light housekeeping with another young lady. References exchanged. Y 95, Herald.

YOUR DENTAL WORK AT ONE HALF price this month. See Lee & Turley, 114 West Superior street, over Folz. Book of valuable information on care of the teeth sent to any address upon request.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367. Duluth, Minn.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE.

120 acres clay loam land—good road—1½ miles from town—creamery. $6 acre, one-half cash.

20 acres level clay land—1 foot sandy loam top—5 acres under plow—near Tower avenue, 1½ miles from street car. Fine poultry, fruit and vegetable farm.

140 acres clay loam—grass land—1 mile from depot—creamery—school on land $8 acre—quarter cash.

I. P. LORD,
1011 Weeks avenue. Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, 3 miles north of Lester Park. 80 acres, or in smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings and running water. Inquire 318 Torrey building.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 Both 'phones.

MASONRY.

CONCRETE WORK, ETC. 24 WEST First street. Anton Neubeck.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old phone.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

AND DECORATING. LOWEST PRICES best work. M. L. Beck & Co., 423 East Fourth street. Old 'phone, 719-K.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Superior street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—1025 WEST First street, city water. John Flood.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, FURNISHed or unfurnished. Inquire at First Avenue Grocery.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, best of repair; bath and use of phone. 2820 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, cheap. Two ladies preferred. 111½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 1016 West Fourth street, $6.00 Inquire 910 West Fourth street.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. 220 West Fourth street.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, modern, 'phone service. 105 Eighth avenue west.

FOR RENT — THREE ROOMS UP stairs at 14 East Seventh street. No children.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 2 BLOCKS from court house. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT — COTTAGE ON PARK Point, for four gentlemen. Call 1834 Minnesota avenue, or phone 121-R.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, eight-room, modern conveniences. Owner wishes to reserve room and board with tenant. 430 Manhattan building.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY —G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, phone 24.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FURNISHED flat; $17.00 a month. 1027 East Third St.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT, MODERN EXCEPT heat; good location; reasonable rent. Y 71, Herald.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE, Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENtral; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED APARTments, No. 31 East Superior street. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—SMALL FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water, at No. 319 Sixth avenue west, $15 per month. William E. Richardson, assignee, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STEAM-HEATED STORE ROOM AND basement in brick block, First avenue east, near Superior street. Low rent.

MILTON BLOCK—STORE-ROOM NO. 130 West Michigan street, three floors, steam heat if desired.

LOTS 60x90 FEET, STEAM HEATED, electric elevators, front and rear; good light; railroad spur at rear; suitable for wholesale, jobbing or light manufacturing.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior Street.

STORE FOR RENT.
STORE FOR RENT.

No. 20, Third Avenue West.

APPLY NORTHERN ELECTRIC COMPANY,
18 Third Avenue West.

FOR RENT—RESTAURANT, FURNISHed complete, good proposition. 2008 West

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, fine brick block; rent cheap. Apply Sherwood, 615 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — BUTCHER SHOP WITH fixtures complete. 508 West First street. Inquire Crystal restaurant.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED TO TRADE FARM LANDS near Superior for team draft horses, also team drivers. Ernest A. Arnold, Superior, Wis.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM—IN MODERN house; steam heat; electric light; pleasant surroundings; very central; $5.00 per week. Y 96, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. 202 West Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD—211 W. Second St.

DERMATOLOGIST.

L. M. HOYT, 7 OVER BIG DULUTH. Shampoo and scalp treatment. New 'phone 1702 D.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

MERRITT & HECTOR, 32 W. First St.

LYLE, SECOND AVENUE WEST.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorses or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
'Phones—New, 883; old, 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

Salary Loans and Chattel Loans. YOU CAN BORROW $10 and pay $ .50 weekly; $2 monthly. $15 and pay $ .75 weekly; $3 monthly. $20 and pay $1.00 weekly; $4 monthly. $25 and pay $1.25 weekly; $5 monthly. These amounts pay both principal and interest, at
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY—IF YOU HAVE FROM $250 TO $100,000, loan it on improved Duluth property. I guarantee 6 to 7 per cent interest net on loans running one to four years. Correspondence a pleasure. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8-9 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others, upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop, 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood. New 'phone 1703.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY ALL kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—ARIZONA COPPER Mountain and Parry Sound. A 47, Herald.

I HAVE AN EASTERN CLIENT WHO wishes to buy from 1,000 to 5,000 acres within twelve miles of Duluth. I wish prices on small and large tracts of cut-over and timbered lands. W. F. Leggett, 507 Burrows building.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 114 S. 14th Ave. E.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue West.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS PEACHEY, 307 First National bank.

MISS N. ORTON, 102 Manhattan Bldg.

CENTRAL HALL, 12TH AVE. W.

FOR RENT—PARTIES AND DANCES: reasonable rates; orchestra in connection. Receptions Wed and Sat. 1204 W. Michigan St. Zenith 'phone 1665-X.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

LIVE CASH. FOR A DEAD ASSET!

That Surplus Bedstead, or Bureau, or Table, or Sewing Machine now standing unused in garret, cellar or storage house—how'd you like to convert it into Silver or Currency?

A HERALD WANT AD IS A GOOD AUCTIONEER—

Talks to the Whole Town for Fifteen Cents.

Tell It To 'Phone 324!

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—LAUNDRY GIRL AT ONCE. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL—627 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. 12½ Chester terrace.

KITCHEN GIRL WANTED, 707 WEST Superior street.

SIX EXPERIENCED DINING ROOM girls at Hotel Lennox.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL OR GIRL FOR general housework. 226 East Third St.

DISHWASHER AND DINING ROOM girl at California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East First. 6 St. Elmo Flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LADY WHO UNDERSTANDS altering garments in cloak department, and willing to act as saleslady in that line. Wm. Kitz & Co., Hibbing.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GLOVE saleslady. Must understand gloves and be expert in fitting. Apply with reference to the manager at Freimuth's.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. G. E. Budd, 5805 Huntington street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. 2319 East First street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL TO cook and do general housework. Apply Mrs. G. S. Barnes, 721 East First street. No. 6, St. Elmo Flats.

WANTED — ELDERLY LADY FOR light housework; Scandinavian preferred. 2422 West Second street.

WANTED—SALESLADIES IN SKIRT department. $1 day and commission. Menter & Rosenbloom Co., 201 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; new comer preferred. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—COOK—1232 EAST FIRST ST.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1001 East Second street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

PALMIST.

Madame De Vernen,
PALMIST AND MEDIUM.

Have your future told by Madame De Vernen, Palmist. Your past, present and future told, business and family matters explained; also advice given in love affairs. Call and see plaster casts of the Princess of Wales and also of President and Mrs. McKinley, whose hands she has read. Private readings can be had at your residence by notifying the medium at North Star Hotel, 529½ West Michigan street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

EVERY capable Salesman, Executive, Clerical and Technical man will be interested in positions now on our lists; not enough right men to meet demand; write for booklet and state position desired. HAPGOODS, Brain Brokers, 313 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—BARBER. GOOD WAGES paid. Brotherton's, West Duluth.

WANTED—ONE COAT MAKER AND one trouser maker. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue West.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BUSHELMAN —Parker.

WANTED—AN UNMARRIED MAN AS bookkeeper, salary $65. Position permanent and growing. Address "W. S. B.," care Evening Herald, giving age, references and where last employed.

WANTED — GROCERYMEN, BAKERS, butchers, to use our up-to-date delivery wagons; best values for the money. L. Hammel company, 302 East First street.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, 221 2nd Ave. S., Minneapolis.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED — TWO GOOD COATMAKers; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

BOARD WANTED.

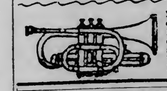
WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD WITH private family, somewhere between Twenty-seventh and Thirty-sixth avenues west. Conveniences. Y. 97, Herald.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torey.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

FINE LINE OF GENTS' SHOES AT 50 cents on the dollar. Repairing while you wait. Half soles, 50 cents. 229 East Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts, removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Blk., 4th Ave. W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTical dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 20, 1905. Work—First degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 27, 1905. Work—Second Degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 22, 1905. Work—M.M. degree. William A. McKenzie, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave March 28, 7:30 p. m., at new Masonic Temple. p. m., at new Masonic Temple. Drill, followed by refreshments. C. W. Wilson, commander; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.

Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 23rd, 1905. Work—Fifteenth degree. New Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2017 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting March 23rd. Both degrees. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gail, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder, O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Stepperdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work on third. March 21. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GRANT LODGE, K. of P., No. 3 (colored), meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; W. S. Mosely, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 7, 1905. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 5. Dance in hall, Wednesday, March 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen.; Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east; H. V. Holmes, paymaster and treasurer, 421 Fifteenth avenue east.

20 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 20 Pages.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MARCH 24, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE COUNTY BOARD WILL AGREE TO DOWNTOWN SITE FOR COURTHOUSE

Patterson and McInnis Send Word to Duluth Delegation.

Anti-Pass and Two-Cent Fare Bill Is Killed.

Bill to Increase Members' Salaries Again Fails to Pass.

FROM THE HERALD ST PAUL. BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Telegrams have been received by the Duluth delegation from Commissioners Patterson and McInnis, saying that the county board will agree to a downtown site for the courthouse at its next meeting.

* * *

The senate this morning voted to retain its railroad passes by a vote of 34 to 26. The issue arose, as expected, on the report of the railroad committee killing the Peterson anti-pass and 2-cent fare bill, made by Senator Hawkins, chairman of the committee. Senator Cole offered a minority report, approving the bill and recommending it to pass. In explaining the minority report, he said that perhaps the maximum passenger fare proposed, 2 cents, was too low, but it could be amended.

Senator Hawkins said the committee had given the matter much consideration, and all but three of the seventeen members had voted to kill the bill. A committee two years ago investigated the passenger rates and decided that they were not too high. Besides the railroad and warehouse commission has power, and it is in a position to know.

Senator Peterson spoke in favor of his bill.

Senator Horton asked him if he had any evidence to support his claim that 2 cents was a fair maximum, and if he had why he had not submitted it to the committee instead of the whole senate.

Senator Peterson said: "I did present some evidence, but I don't think it would have made any difference in the result if I had presented more, because the members of committee had already—at least they thought they understood the matter thoroughly."

The vote on Senator Cole's motion to substitute the minority report for the majority report, was lost, 26 for and 34 against, and the majority report, killing the bill, was then adopted, thus laying the bill away for good.

* * *

The house took another vote on the Smith bill, increasing the salaries of members and senators to $500 a year, and it failed of passage by one vote. The author again changed his vote to no in order to move a reconsideration and he will make another try. The vote was 59 for and 50 against.

* * *

Representative Mannix of Minneapolis offered a bill directing the governor to name a commission of three, one to be a lawyer, to co-operate with other states in securing the adoption of uniform divorce laws throughout the United States.

The same author was responsible for a bill imposing a $500 license on fortune tellers, clairvoyants, etc., in cities over 50,000.

* * *

O. E. Hogue offered a bill prohibiting the sale of liquor to persons whom their relatives have advertised for three weeks in a newspaper as habitual drunkards.

* * *

Ole Oydahl offered a bill prohibiting the sale of liquor within a mile of a consolidated school district, and O. Ramsland proposed a bill forbidding liquor selling within two miles of a military reservation.

* * *

Walter T. Lemon proposed a bill prohibiting public service corporations from entering into any contract or agreement with cities over 50,000 until the agreement has been published weekly for four weeks.

* * *

D. J. Hammargreen introduced a bill providing that when two municipalities adjoin each other, telephone companies cannot impose an extra charge for telephoning between them.

* * *

A 3 per cent gross earnings tax on telephone companies was proposed by W. C. Frazer, and L. H. Johnson proposed a 4 per cent gross earnings tax on express companies.

* * *

John Saari offered a bill appropriating $1,000 for a bridge over White Face river.

* * *

A. L. Cole offered a bill to require state officers to make annual statements of their earnings.

* * *

Senator Putnam offered a bill making telephone and telegraph companies file their bonds or mortgages just as real estate mortgages are filed.

* * *

Senator McGowan proposed the Massachusetts plan of taxing mortgages, taxing them as real estate and subtracting their value from the assessed value of the property mortgaged.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

THINKS DIAMONDS EXIST IN CANADA.

Ottawa, Ont., March 24.—Dr. Ami of the geological survey is of the opinion that diamond wealth is hidden in that part of Canada, between the Great Lakes and the Hudson bay.

"All surveying parties and explorers," he said, "should be on the lookout for anything that will show traces of the precious white stone in this territory."

FUND REACHES $21,552.

Brockton, March 24.—The relief fund for the benefit of the sufferers by last Monday's explosion and fire at the Grover shoe factory was announced to have reached $21,552 today. The report of the state expert with reference to the cause of the disaster is understood to be in the possession of the district attorney. Its nature is awaited with great interest.

ALONZO J. WHITEMAN ACQUITTED ON CHARGE OF GRAND LARCENY

There Are Still Five Indictments Pending Against Him.

Whiteman Claims He Is Persecuted By Private Detective Agency.

ALONZO J. WHITEMAN.

Buffalo, N. Y., March 24.—Alonzo J. Whiteman of Danville, N. Y., a former member of the Minnesota legislature, last night was acquitted on a charge of grand larceny. There still are five indictments against Whiteman on charges of grand larceny (three counts), forgery and attempted larceny. All these charges are based upon the transaction involved in the trial just ended.

It is charged that Whiteman secured $2,000 on an alleged fraudulent draft for $9,000, deposited with the Fidelity Trust company of Buffalo. Joseph Boothman, an Englishman, who is under indictment in connection with the same transaction, was the principal witness for the prosecution. The defense sought to prove an alibi for Whiteman, and called witnesses to establish the fact that the draft was indorsed by Boothman, and that the money was withdrawn from the bank by a third party. Whiteman related on the stand a story of alleged persecution by a private detective agency.

MINE INSPECTOR BILL FAVORED BY HOUSE

Senate Sticks to Bill Cutting Emoluments of Governor's Secretary.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The bill by Representative John Saari of Sparta, providing for a county inspector of mines in counties having more than five operating mines, was recommended for passage by the house committee of the whole yesterday afternoon.

There was no debate upon the measure. Mr. Saari explained what it did, and said the people up his way wanted it, and the house let it go at that and unanimously voted in favor of it.

The bill, which has been described in these columns before, provides that the board of county commissioners shall appoint and pay an inspector of mines, who is to visit each working mine every ninety days, or oftener, if petitioned to do so, and see that the law is complied with. Certain duties are imposed upon the mine owners designed to accomplish the safety of the workmen.

* * *

While considerable work was done yesterday it was the dullest session in both houses there has been for some little time. In neither house were there many important matters up for consideration, and there was hardly a ripple on the peaceful bosom of the legislative mill pond.

* * *

Still, there was rather a curious coincidence in this: While bills were being introduced in the senate to raise the salaries of several state offices all filled at the present time by Republicans, the senate was refusing to go back on its action cutting off part of

(Continued on page 10, first column.)

OPPOSITION TO FEMALE SUFFRAGE

Springfield, Ill., March 24.—The Illinois house of representatives listened today to the reading of a letter from "Pro Bono Publico," who at present is in Los Angeles, Cal., and who hopes the legislature will not pass the equal suffrage bill.

"God made men and women different," said the writer, "then let each remain in their own condition. If the state of Illinois grants partial or full political rights to women it will bitterly regret it. Look at the be-devilled condition of Colorado, which can be traced to women political bosses and lack of common sense in women voters. Californians, profiting by the sad experience of Colorado, Kansas and Wyoming, and not wanting their business interests to be ruined by foolish and vicious legislation, turn down all attempts of professional suffragists and their male adherents to saddle the abomination upon the state."

Mr. Tippit allowed that the committee on fish and game was eminently qualified to consider the communication, but the speaker referred it to the committee on elections.

IS ORDERED TO PARIS AT ONCE

St. Petersburg, March 24, 4:50 p. m.—Mr. McCormick, the retiring American ambassador to Russia, has received urgent instructions from Washington to proceed to Paris at the earliest possible moment. Whether the desire of the state department to have Mr. McCormick assume his duties in Paris at once is due to the prospect of an early opening of peace negotiations there, to the Venezuelan complications, or to the wish of Ambassador Porter to depart sooner than expected, is not known here. In order that there may be no hiatus here at such an important time, Ambassador Meyer (Mr. McCormick's successor) will probably come to St. Petersburg immediately.

CANADIANS PROTEST AGAINST U. S. MARINE REGULATIONS

Ottawa, March 24.—The executive committee of the Dominion Marine association has lodged a protest with the minister of marine and fisheries against certain steamboat regulations being enforced against Canadian steamships by the United States. It was pointed out that there was tacit agreement that these regulations should be reciprocal. The new rules against which the protest is made are those devised as a result of the Slocum disaster. The minister of railways and canals was also asked to withhold consent for water privileges on the canal at Morrisburg, asked for by American corporations.

Canadian shipbuilders have asked the government for a bounty of $6 per ton for ten years on Canadian built ships to protect the indutry against British competition.

STOPS PRIZE FIGHT.

Springfield, Ill., March 24.—Governor Deneen notified Sheriff Brainerd of Sagamond county to stop the six-round prize fight scheduled for last night in Springfield between Harry Forbes of Chicago and "Dummy" Powers, a local boy. "It is too near the state capital." He explained. "The hall in which it was scheduled to be held was only three blocks from the capitol building."

CASTRO FLATLY REFUSES TO ARBITRATE ANYTHING

A PECULIAR CASE

Two Women Remain In a Trance For Fifteen Days.

The Younger Dies and the Other Shows Signs of Death.

Believed the Victims Unconsciously Hypnotized Themselves.

New York, March 24.—One of the most remarkable cases in the experience of the doctors of the Presbyterian hospital in this city ended today in the death of Miss Luella Huestis of Mount Vernon, who, with her mother, Mrs. James H. Huestis, had been in a trance for fifteen days prior to her death. More than two weeks ago both of the women were found unconscious in the home of Henry W. Helfer, a lawyer of this city, and were supposed to have been asphyxiated by gas. Neither has since recovered consciousness, and physicians and hypnotists were puzzled by their unaccountable coma.

Miss Huestis was an attractive young woman, aged 22 years. Lack of nourishment was the principal cause of her death, as it had been impossible to give her food, except in liquid form and through a tube. Oxygen was administered without effect. A singular thing is that the young woman's mother, who lay in an adjoining room, began to show signs of the approach of death soon after the death of her daughter. Like her daughter, the mother also is greatly emaciated, and the physicians at the hospital say that her low vitality is due practically to starvation. One specialist in hypnotism and psychology, who investigated the case, has made public his conclusion that the women had unconsciously hypnotized each other, and that gas asphyxiation had nothing to do with the case. He explained that he had himself been hypnotized while hypnotizing a patient and had only been awakened by the arousing of the subject. The case of the two men has attracted the attention of scientists all over the country.

PUGILIST KILLED

John Hill, Colored, Receives Fatal Injuries In the Ring.

Knocked Out In Sixth Round, Never Recovering Consciousness.

Philadelphia, March 24.—John Hill, a negro pugilist, died in a hospital here today as the result of a six-round bout last night with "Kid" Dorsey, also colored, at the Broadway Athletic club. In the sixth round of the bout Hill collapsed. It was at first supposed that he had only been knocked out, but when the usual remedies failed to revive him he was hurried to a hospital. He never regained consciousness and died at 11 o'clock. The manager of the club, Dorsey, and one of the seconds were arrested. They will be given a hearing later in the day.

DAMAGE SUITS

Grow Out of Fire at Sioux City.

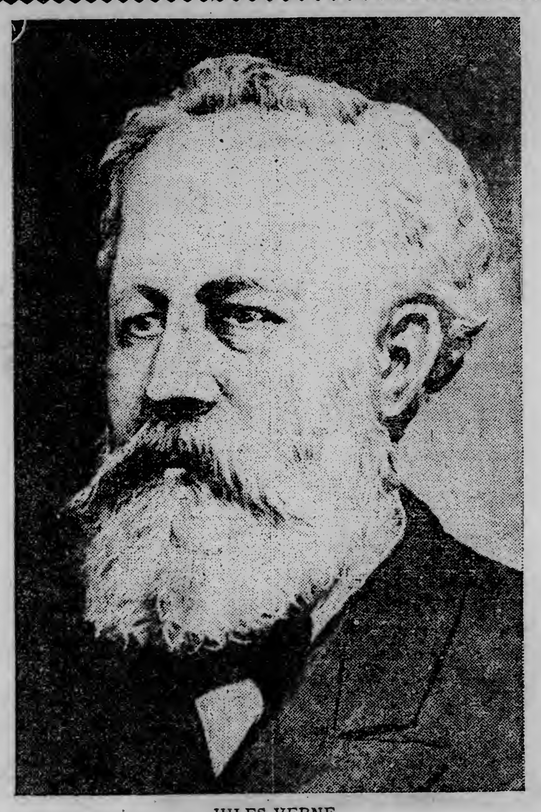
Sioux City, Iowa, March 24.—Damage suits were instituted yesterday which, if sustained, will afford the property owners who lost in the $2,000,000 fire of Dec. 22 last an opportunity to hold the Massachusetts Real Estate company and the Pelletier Dry Goods company responsible for their losses.

Dickson & Page, representing tenants in the Massachusetts block, which was occupied by the Pelletier company, and also representing adjoining property owners, brought six suits, asking a total of $48,000 damages.

It is claimed that the Pelletier Dry Goods company was negligent in decorating the store with inflammable material and placing a gas engine, which started the blaze, in charge of incompetent minors. Among the plaintiffs is the administrator of the estate of G. B. Brockway, who lost his life in the fire, being compelled to jump from a window, it being claimed fire escapes were not provided.

The suits of adjoining property owners will secure a ruling which, if favorable, will declare a liability which will cost the Pelletier company an immense sum.

JULES VERNE IS DEAD



JULES VERNE.

Amiens, France, March 24.—Jules Verne died at 3:10 p. m. His family was at his bedside.

Jules Verne was a famous French writer of stories of adventure. On Feb. 8 last he celebrated his 77th birthday, and at that time it was reported that he was nearly blind. He was born at Nantes, and his first literary work was a play, written at the age of 22. Although not generally known as such, M. Verne was quite a comic poet and libretto writer in his younger days. His first "scientific" story, "Five Weeks In a Balloon," appeared in 1863, and its great success prompted the author to write a long series of romances of a similar character. Among which were "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea," "A Journay to the Moon," and others. He has lived at Amiens for years, and in all has written over eighty books.

RUSSIAN ARMY TO GO BEYOND HARBIN

Linevitch Will Place Main Body Beyond the Danger of a Trap.

St. Petersburg, March 24, 4:52 p. m.—The news from the front continues to indicates preparations for a withdrawal of the main portion of the Russian army beyond Harbin, so as to place it out of danger of having its communications with Russia severed if it is found impracticable to attempt to hold the line at the Sungari river. Tsitsihar, 300 miles west of Harbin, is mentioned by several correspondents in a fashion to suggest that it will be the next point of concentration, although others speak of the Amur river.

A light flying column of Japanese cavalry is reported to be moving hastily across the country towards Tsitsihar while a heavier column going northeast in the direction of Vladivostok intimates that the Japanese may adopt the tactics of relieving the direct pressure on Gen. Linevitch, in the hope of inducing him to concentrate as far as possible below Harbin, which would give Field Marshal Oyama the advantage of preparing his next blow without greatly lengthening his line of communications. Linevitch's decision to be prepared to place his main army beyond the reach of a decisive stroke, while awaiting reinforcements, may have been taken in order to avoid just such a trap.

Port Said, March 24.—Admiral Nebogatoff's division of the Russian second Pacific squadron consisting of a battleship, four cruisers and four transports arrived here today. The vessels are not coaling and are only taking moderate supplies on board. The transports are heavily laden with stores. The division which is said to be bound for Jibutil, French Somaliland, and Vladivostok, will probably proceed today.

LEAVING HARBIN.

Exodus of Women and Children Is Reported.

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, March 24.—The women and children are reported to be leaving Harbin and the business houses are closing. The stationary hospitals are being moved back and the entire railroad east and south of Tsitsihar is being prepared for the next stage of the war. The conviction exists that Gen. Kuroki is now directing his efforts toward the northeast for the investment of Vladivostok, changing his base for that purpose to Gensat.

While the Manchurian railroad is employed to supply the main army in its advance on Harbin, the Japanese seem still partial to the plan of keeping close to their sea bases and instead of following the Russians some of the military experts are of the opinion that the Japanese may relieve the pressure upon Gen. Linevitch and thus induce him to concentrate in the region between Santoupu and Tie pass for another battle. But throughout the campaign the prognostications of experts regarding the plans of the Japanese failed, the aspirations of the Japanese consistently fattening upon the victories achieved.

The rank and file of the Russian army show peculiarly adaptability to conform with the new conditions and accommodate themselves to the wishes and intentions of the commander-in-chief and the government.

INTRIGUES IN FAR EAST.

One of the Principal Causes of the War.

St. Petersburg, March 24, 2:30 p. m.—The papers are supporting the campaign for peace and are beginning to print quite openly the history of the intrigues in the Far East for the protection of private interests, devoting special attention to M. Bezobrazoff's connection with the Yalu timber concession. The publications include a secret memorandum of Gen. Kuropatkin pointing out that war would be inevitable if Russian interests were extended into Korea.

The necessity for increased taxation to meet the expenses of the war is recognized and the minister of finance has submitted projects to the council of the empire, including taxes on beer, matches, etc., and a graduated tax on the salaries of government officials beginning with 1 per cent on salaries of over $300, which altogether will realize about $11,000,000. There is also a proposition for a general income tax, which undoubtedly would prove the most popular form of raising money, as it would bear heaviest on those able to pay.

HE REPLIES TO BOWEN

Says the Asphalt Case Must Remain In the Courts.

The Administration Will Take No Action at Present.

President Will Go on Hunting Trip Just the Same.

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, March 24.—It is announced from Caracas, Vez., that President Castro today replied to Minister Bowen's final proposal for arbitration, denying that Venezuela has questions pending with the United States and saying the case of the New York and Bermudese Asphalt company must remain in the courts.

Washington, March 24.—Minister Bowen cables the state department today from Caracas that President Castro had flatly refused to arbitrate the pending issues between Venezula and the United States.

The administration will take no action in regard to the reply which President Castro of Venezula made to Minister Bowen. The matter was fully discussed at the cabinet meeting today and it was determined to allow the matter to await developments. The situation is considered such as not to necessarily interfere with the departure of the president on his Southwestern trip.

London, March 24.—The signature of the agreement between Venezuela and the Anglo-German bondholders adjusting and consolidating the exterior debt (about $28,600,000) was completed today. Sixty per cent of the customs of all the ports, except La Guayra and Puerto Cabello are alloted as security.

OLD TILDEN MANSION

Will Be Home of Natural Arts Club.

New York, March 24.—The splendid mansion built by Governor Tilden in Twentieth street, overlooking Gramercy park, is soon to become the home of the National Arts club. Negotiations with the Tilden heirs have just been concluded but the price paid them was not made public.

As a private house the Tilden mansion came nearer to warranting the adjective, palace, than any house of its time in New York. Its owner was a liberal entertainer and in his spacious rooms some of the most important social gatherings and political conferences of the period were held. It is still magnificent, and for club purposes is so well adapted that its new owners will not have to change a partition or make any important alterations.

In its new home the club will have one of the most magnificent club houses occupied by any similar organization in the world.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

For Rural Schools Considered By Committee.

Chicago, March 24.—A committee appointed by the National Educational association met here today to prepare a report on how extensively industrial educational work should be introduced in rural schools. The report will be submitted at the next annual meeting of the association. Members of the committee present today were L. M. Harvey, Menomonie, Wis.; W. M. Hays, assistant secretary of the department of agriculture, at Washington; State Superintendent W. T. Carrington of Jefferson City, Mo., and State Superintendent Alfred Bayliss of Springfield, Ill.

BOULIGAN RECEIVES MOSCOW DEPUTATION.

St. Petersburg, March 24.—Interior Minister Bouligan, today received a delegation from the city of Moscow, who urged that delegates of the municipality should be admitted to the representative conference announced in the imperial rescript of March 3, that free discussions affecting the work of the conference be permitted in the press and that the deliberations of the conference be held in public. The interview lasted an hour. M. Bouligan will receive a deputation from the Moscow zemstove tomorrow.

CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY.

Pierre, S. D., March 24.—R. B. Stearns, a prominent land attorney of Fort Pierre, was yesterday held to the grand jury on a charge of conspiracy to fraudulently secure government land. Commissioner Moore fixed his bond at $1,000. Stearns is alleged to have been implicated with W. T. Horsnell of St. Paul in an attempt to secure one hundred quarter sections of government land by fraudulent methods.

HAMBURG CALLS AT DOVER.

Dover, Eng., March 24.—The Hamburg-American line steamer Hamburg, from Cuxhaven, yesterday, with Emperor William on board, bound for the Mediterranean, called today for dispatches and proceeded. Salutes were exchanged between the forts and the escorting German armored cruiser Prinz Friedrich Karl.

HEALTHY KIDNEYS IN OLD AGE

Maintained by the Use of

Warner's Safe Cure

Unless Your Kidneys Are Healthy Your Entire System Becomes Diseased.

The following testimonial from an aged lady, near the century mark, shows the wonderful curative powers of SAFE CURE.

"I NEVER HAVE A PAIN."

"Gentlemen: I had a great deal of back ache and sickness, and did not know that it was caused by the diseased condition of my kidneys and liver. As soon as my doctor found I had kidney trouble he prescribed WARNER'S SAFE CURE, and a few bottles completely cured me, and I feel like a woman 30 years younger. My kidneys, liver and bladder are in a healthy condition since I used 'SAFE CURE,' and now I never have a pain in my back. I am 92 years old, and enjoy the very best of health."

Rebecca Smith, Westfield, N. J.

Kidney disease, if neglected, quickly spreads and causes serious complications, such as Bright's Disease, Gravel, Diabetes, Rheumatism, Rheumatic Gout, Indigestion, Urinary, Liver and Bladder troubles.

TEST YOUR KIDNEYS.

Let some morning urine stand 24 hours. If a sediment forms, or particles float about, or it's cloudy, your kidneys are affected and unable to perform their work, and no time should be lost in getting a bottle of SAFE CURE, the only absolute cure for all these diseases. If taken in time it will cure any case, no matter of how long standing.

WARNER'S SAFE CURE is purely vegetable, contains no harmful drugs, is free from sediment and pleasant to take. It is prescribed and used by doctors themselves in the leading hospitals as the only perfect cure for all forms of disease of the kidneys, liver, bladder and blood. Sold by all drug stores, two sizes, 50 cents and $1 a bottle.

ANALYSIS FREE.

If after making this test you have any doubt as to the development of the disease in your system, send a sample of your urine to the Medical Department, Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., and our doctors will analyze it and send you a report, with advice and medical booklet, free.

Refuse Substitutes and Imitations

They are worthless and very often exceedingly dangerous. Ask for Warner's Safe Cure; it will cure you.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

SIMPLE LIFE FOR PABST.

Tires of Rush of City and Office.

Milwaukee, March 24.—Fred. Pabst, the retiring millionaire official of the Pabst Brewing company, says he intends pursuing "the simple life." He is to be a farmer, and his only business aside from this vocation will be the care of his interests in the Milwaukee Refrigerator Transit company. He says he is tired of the rush of city and office life. He retains his full share of stock in the brewing company and no outsiders will be taken in.

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine**

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

WRESTLING EXHIBITION

Interesting Contest to Be Pulled Off at Armory.

Tomorrow evening the much discussed wrestling match between Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman, and "Billy" Maynard of Philadelphia, will be pulled off at the armory.

It will be Johnson's first appearance against a wrestler of real note. His clever victory over a well known Minneapolis wrestler at the recent entertainment given by the Eagles has given his friends confidence in his ability to win, and if he does it will place him on a level with some of the best wrestlers in the country.

Maynard will have about ten pounds the better of the Duluth man in weight. The Philadelphia man will weigh in at about 180 pounds, while Johnson will carry about 170 pounds. The match will be for three falls out of five, and there will be a preliminary between two lightweights.

FREDA YOUNGDAHL HOME.

Was Not Found Demented On Chicago Streets,

According to the claim of John Carlson, her brother-in-law, Freda Youngdahl was not picked up on the streets of Chicago, demented. When she started from Florida her brother-in-law started from Duluth to meet her in Chicago. He missed connections on the way and did not arrive in Chicago until some time after she did. She was in charge of the depot matron and not in the streets or in the detention hospital.

She arrived in Duluth safely with Mr. Carlson and is perfectly well and in her right mind.

GETS VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

Rome, March 24.—The Italian cabinet headed by Acting Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs Tittoni received a vote of confidence in the chamber of deputies today, the government's majority being 120.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP

LaxativeBromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E.W. Grove. 25c

KOCH'S DETECTIVES

Have Secured Fresh Evidence Against Another Man.

New Ulm, Minn., March 24.—The second trial of Dr. George R. Koch for the murder of Dr. Louis A. Gebhardt, will commence in Mankato, April 19, and meanwhile the defense and state are busy preparing their cases.

In the past week the defense has employed additional detectives in this city and Mankato for the purpose of securing evidence which it believes will free Dr. Koch. Fresh evidence against another man, not connected with the crime heretofore, will be advanced by the defense at the new trial. Senator Somerville spent two days in Mankato in consultation with Pfau & Pfau of that city, attorneys engaged by the defense to take charge of its interests in that section.

The state's attorneys are also busy and affirm that additional incriminating evidence will be obtained against the defendant. Albert Pfaender was in St. Paul several days in conference with Gen. Childs in the interest of the state.

Neither the state nor defense has intimated what its course will be at the new trial, but it is known that three detectives, who have been in New Ulm and Mankato several weeks, have been collecting evidence in an entirely new field.

FORECLOSE MORTGAGE.

Trenton, N. J., March 24.—The Manhattan Trust company today filed a bill in the court of chancery to foreclose a mortgage of $3,000,000 on the property of the Standard Rope and Twine company, which is in the hands of a receiver. The receiver is made party defendant.

Paragon Trousers —New Spring Styles..... $5

Hanan Shoes— Spring Styles— $5, $6 and $7.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

If You've Any Cause for Dissatisfaction

With anything you have purchased at this store, we will esteem it a great favor if you'll bring it to our notice at once. We'll make it right.

This "Good Clothes" Store Has Become the Favored Trading Home of Thousands of Discriminating Purchasers Because You'll Always Find Here the Best Values--the Best Stocks.

Uniform courtesy and the straightforward principle of "Your Money Refunded"

We Are Proud of Our Magnificent Spring Stocks—the Largest Ever Shown in One Store in Duluth.

Faultless fashions characterize this brilliant display, every proper style represented in our immense showing of **Stein-Bloch Co.** hand tailored

Raincoats, Topcoats and Swellest Spring Suits at $12.50, $15, $18, $20, $22, $25, $27.50 and $30

BOYS' STORE IN SPRING ATTIRE.

The complete and meritorious collection of staple and fancy effects far surpass any previous showing.

LITTLE FELLOWS SPRING NOVELTY SUITS—Russian blouse style—naval Russian style—Irvington Eton style—Eton Norfolk style—beautifully trimmed—silk ties, brass buttons—sizes 2½ to 8 years—$3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.00 and $8.00.

YOUTHS' PRINCETON SUITS—cut single and double-breasted. Coats with the wide Goodwood lapels and extended concave shoulders. Gray or brown worsteds, gun metal colors, Scotches, standard blue serges and dress Thibets; 30 to 36 chest—$18.00, $16.50, $15.00, $10.00, $8.50 and $7.50.

NEW TWO-PIECE SUITS and Norfolks for boys from 8 to 17 years—nobbiest shade of gray and brown, in plain colors, in checked, striped, plaided and mixed patterns. Blue serges, black clays and Thibets, silk sewed, hand custom tailored. Prices—$8.00, $7.50, $6.00 and $5.00.

BOYS' NEW PIKE CAPS—Plain brown, plain blue and fancy fabrics. $1.00 and 50c.

BOYS' TOP COATS AND REEFERS—Tans, olive, navy blue, plain or emblem on sleeves; swellest of boys' overgarments. Reefer sizes 2½ to 8; top coat sizes 6 to 16. $8.00, $7.50, $7.00, $6.00 and $5.00.

YOUNG MEN'S TOP COATS—In all the prevailing colors—tans, grays, olives, plain and fancy mixtures. Prices $20, $18, $15, $12, $10, $8 and $5.

BOYS' HATS—Decidedly new, graceful shapes—colorings that accord with the new Spring brown suits and plain black. Mashie, Fedora, Gridiron styles. $1.50 and $1.00.

THE NEW ROOSEVELT TOURIST CAPS for girls and women—in plain colors and fancy mixtures—for $1.00, 75c and 50c.

BOYS' SPRING SHIRTS—Wide range of neat, white ground and fancy colored patterns—$1.50, $1.00 and 75c.

BOYS' SCHOOL SHIRTS—Serviceable shades, percales and Madras—50c.

BOYCE IS GOING TO MOVE

PRICES AGAIN REDUCED.

Have you ever thought of the task of moving a Drug Store? We find it a most severe one and are forced to reduce our stocks to the lowest possible point.

THINGS YOU NEED EVERY DAY AT BARGAIN PRICES.

PERFUMES All our fine American, English, German and French Perfumes at the lowest prices ever known.

BRUSHES You know the kinds we sell—Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Fine Clothes Brushes—the best qualities at prices that do not pay for the making.

SOAPS, POCKET BOOKS, HAND MIRRORS.

We move to 329 West Superior St.—just three doors east of the old corner—April 1st.

S. F. BOYCE, DRUGGIST.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Duluth's Principal Showing of Women's Garments Is Here!

Always has been here, and each succeeding season finds that fact more strongly emphasized than ever. The opening days in our suit section are over—now we bend our energies to dress every particular woman as she would like to be garbed—with correct and distinguished garments reasonably priced—costumed with a perfection such as no other concern at the Head of the Lakes can attain. Tomorrow will be a day of opportunities. Come.

Smartly Tailored Suits For Women.

The showing tomorrow will be complete. Hundreds upon hundreds of beautifully tailored suits will be ready for your inspection. The opportunity offers a selection which can never be more perfect a time when prices will be so reasonable.

$19.50—One of our many smart models—in tailored suits, made in plain Panamas—fancy mixtures. Made with the new blouse effects, full pleated skirts—regular $25.00 value.

At $22.50—We show a stunning model—made in fancy materials, entirely new weaves—chic, smart stuff—Jacket made in the new blouse effect—new sleeve with a deep cuff and rich tailor-braid trimming—Taffeta lined jacket—skirt made in one of the many new plaited ideas. Also shown in plain materials.

$25.00—One of the smartest suits shown at the Head of the Lakes. Made in various styles and a wide range of materials. Exclusive models with the S. & B. Co.

$35.00—Our line of tailor-made suits at this price is unexcelled. Over 100 styles to select from. Made in novelty mixtures—plain Panamas and novelty Mohairs. Made in the new Tuexedo Coat effects—Blouses, short and long coats. Perfect in style and workmanship.

Opening Display of Children's Wash Dresses Tomorrow.

An exposition of smart effects that will interest mothers. A worthy display of splendidly made garments and at small cost.

85c—Our special leader, made in standard Percale colors—pink, light blue and dark blue—yoke trimmed with lace insertion and box pleat of pique—finished with feather-stitched braid. Ruffle front and back, also finished with braid. Another is a Russian blouse suit in Percale. All colors. Special for Saturday—85c and $1.50 value.

$3.50—Novelty in Norfolk Coat styles. A two-piece suit in fancy Pique, dark grounds with white polk-a-dots. Skirt pleated. Jacket box pleated front and back—trimmed with stars and pearls buttons—finished with leather belt. All colors and sizes. Price tomorrow, $3.50.

$6.75 to $10.75—In several styles, including the S. & B. Co.'s new model. A B.-B. dress made of finest quality linen—in the new brown blue, white and linen colors. Styles exclusive with us and entirely new. Every model full of style and over 75 styles at these prices to select from.

The S. & B. New Sailor Suits for Misses. The newest styles shown for the Miss, 14 to 20. Made in Mohairs, fancy cloths, plain serges and cheviots. Prices range from $12.50 to $25.00.

Children's Rain Coats.

Made in fine materials and a variety of styles—chic and stunning models. Prices from $8.75 to $19.50.

New Millinery

No exhibit in this section excels this splendid showing in beauty, richness of materials, and, most important of all, artistic merit. Tomorrow we place on sale ahandsome collection of chic tallored and suit hats—black and colored, in many desirable shades—

Two Prices—

$3.50 and $4.50.

Why not select one tomorrow?

Man Tailored Coats.

Springs nobbiest styles for women and misses' wear. If you desire the perfection of fit, appearance and fabric—see the beautiful coats we are showing this season. Don't take our word for it—see for yourself.

New Spring Jackets at $12.50 Tomorrow.

The handsomest model shown at the Head of Lakes. Perfectly tailored, guaranteed "Skinner" satin lining, made from fine quality imported covert cloth. Don't fail to see this special value.

We show a jaunty little Coat as low as $8.75—a garment that has more style and character to it than many at twice the price shown elsewhere.

Covert and Broadcloth Coats $15.

An extensive line of correct models—styles which are confined exclusively to the S. & B. Co.—Made from imported English coverts and broadcloths, silk lined throughout.

AT $19.50—Another of our popular styles made of fine quality covert, taffeta lined.

AT $25.00—Swell, tailor-made coats, 21 to 24-inch lengths, made from the finest quality coverts; styles owned only by us and garments that fit; made by the best tailors; serge or taffeta lined; other models at $27.50 to $35.00.

STUNNING MODELS IN COVERTS AND BROADCLOTH—50 INCHES LONG—the swellest coats shown at the Head of the Lakes—styles exclusive with the S. & B. Co. Guaranteed linings.

Rain Coats.

$12.50—Our line is extensive and exclusive—no other store hereabouts shows half the splendid models now on display here. A stunning model in a RAYNSHYNE Coat—made in tans and Oxfords.

$15.00—A WEATHERFORT Rain Coat, distinguishable for style, workmanship and quality as well as superiority of fabrics. Guaranteed rainproof.

$18.50, $22.50, $27.50—Smart models and over 50 styles to select from in various materials.

$25.00 to $35.00—REDENGOTE styles—and many other new effects made in the Paddock coat. New weaves are guaranteed.

Coats for the Girls—4 to 14, 14 to 16.

$3.75—Handsome little garments elegantly tailored. A smart three-quarter coat in covert—made with fancy collar—turn-back cuff—emblem on sleeve—belt in back. A stunning model—only $3.75.

$4.75—Chic coats in novelty fabrics, also in plain Meltons and Cheviots—trimmed richly and perfectly tailored.

$7.50, $8.75, $10.75—Nobby coats in the new Boyish style for girls, 6 to 16. A wide range of fancy fabrics—made in plain, single or double-breasted styles. Plain or pleated back—exclusive models.

DRESSY COATS FOR GIRLS—$15, $16.50, to $25.00—The swellest and choicest goods ever displayed at the Head of the Lakes. Made in plain or novelty materials. Some silk lined throughout—others body lined.

New Girdle Belts Tomorrow.

New silk girdles trimmed with crochetted ring or buttons, some tucked, others shined—colors navy, brown, green, black and white. Price 75c each.

Another girdle made of taffeta silk, shirred and trimmed with crocheted rings, in navy, dark brown, golden brown, copper, mousse, red, black and white. Price, $1.00 each.

A very pretty Dresden ribbon girdle three and a half inches deep in back—in all light shadds. Price, $1.50 each.

A kid belt, three inches wide with gilt buckle, three inches wide—all colors, $1.25 each.

A new suede leather belt, made of two-piece leather, gilt buckles. Price, $2.00.

Special Values in Bags.

Colors, Blue, Brown, Black and Black Enameled.

A lot of new Walrus Leather Bags, filled with purse—some with purse and card case—leather handles, gilt trimmings. Choice, $1.00.

Another lot of bags in browns and black, filled with purse and card case, moire lined. Price, $1.50.

Knit Underwear for Women and Children.

The perfection of fit and material, and priced as reasonably as the indifferent kinds—note these values for tomorrow:

Ladies' "Merode" white cotton vests, pants and tights—vests high neck, long sleeves—pants ankle length, made on French bands—tights knee length—50c a garment.

Ladies "Merode" white lisle vests and pants, medium weight-vests, high neck, long sleeves—pants ankle length—65c a garment.

"Merode cotton union suits—high neck, long sleeve, knee or ankle length—neatly trimmed around neck and down front—65c a suit.

Ladies' fine white cotton suits—high neck, long sleeves, low neck, no sleeves and low neck, short sleeves, knee length—with or without lace trimming, at $1.00 and $1.25 a suit.

Ladies' white cotton pants, knee length, lace trimmed, at 35c.

Ladies' lisle pants in white and black—knee length, lace trimmed—65c.

Ladies' vega silk lisle and cotton vests—low neck, no sleeves; low neck, short sleeves, plain and lace trimmed, in sky, pink, black and white—at from 15c to $1.25.

Ladies' "Merode" out-size vests and pants—vests high neck long sleeves, pants, knee length—50c a garment.

Ladies' white cotton vests, low neck, no sleeves; low neck, short sleeves; high neck, short sleeves, and high neck, long sleeves—pants knee length, lace trimmed, at 35c a garment.

Children's white cotton vests and pants—vests high neck, long sleeves—pants knee or ankle length—at 25c and 35c a garment.

Childrenss Swiss ribbed vests and pants—vests high neck long sleeves pants knee length plain or lace trimmed at 25c and 35c.

Open Tomorrow Night Until 10.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Open Tomorrow Night Until 10.

The New Hosiery.

A substantial showing of perfect fitting hose for misses and children.

Women's Onxy-black cotton hose, split sole, guaranteed stainless at 25c a pair.

Women's fast-black cotton hose. Burlington dye at 35c a pair. Three pair for $1.00.

Women's Onxy four-thread lisle hose, in gauze, lisle and silk and lisle, with double sole and heel—50c a pair.

A complete line of ladies' fast black lisle hose, richly embroidered in all the popular shades of the season at 40c, 50c and 75c a pair. Finer grades at $1.25, $1,50 and $1.75.

A complete line of ladies tan hose, in seal and gold shades, richly embroidered in blue, red, brown, green and white, in gauze lisle—all lace, and lace ankle ,at 50c and 65c a pair.

A new line of blue hose in the Navy and gobelin shades—in plain lisle and silk and lisle richly embroidered in white, green, brown and red at 50c and 65c a pair.

A complete line of women's out size lisle and cotton hose, in plain blacks and tans—split sole, lace ankle, all lace and embroidered at 35c to 90c a pair.

Get Your New Spring Suit, Cravenette and Top Coat Now

While our style and fabric assortment is best. Here you can see every new model designed for this season's wear.

Spring Suits $10 --- $20

Top Coats at $15 --- $25

Cravenettes $18 --- $30

The New Hats

The Stetson Hats, the most perfect Hats on the market today. Every new shape—

$3.50 to $5.00.

The Gordon Hat

Built from stock of superior excellence—of newest shapes---------$3.00

Others at $2.50, $2 and $1.50.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

GETS LIMIT OF THE LAW

John Quackenbush Has a Spree That Ends Disastrously.

With two badly blackened eyes, Mrs. John Quackenbush of Third avenue east and Superior street, appeared in the municipal court this morning as a witness against her husband, John Quackenbush, who was arrested on the charge of being drunk and disorderly.

Mrs. Quackenbush runs a boarding house at the corner of Third avenue east and Superior street, and according to her story her husband came home last evening, while the boarders were eating their meal, and swinging a chair above his head struck the table and scattered the dishes and food to all corners of the room.

When his wife remonstrated, he is claimed to have struck her in the face.

The police claim that while Quackenbush was ill recently, his wife earned enough money by keeping boarders to support the family and pay off a mortgage on her husband's team.

Judge Windom gave him the limit of the law this morning, a straight 90-day sentence at hard labor in the county jail, with no fine alternative.

W. C. SHERWOOD LOSES.

Jury Awards C. J. Petruschke $1 on Counter-Claim.

The sealed verdict which was returned by the jury, last evening in the civil action brought by W. C. Sherwood, against C. J. Petruschke, the West Duluth box manuafcturer, was opened in district court this afternoon. By terms of the verdict, Mr. Petruschke is awarded $1.

Mr. Sherwood sued to recover a balance of $41 claimed to be due for a bill of lumber sold under contract to Mr. Petruschke. The latter claimed that he did not receive the amount of lumber contracted for, also that the lumber delivered was of an inferior grade. He put in a counter claim of $660, the amount he alleges to have already overpaid Mr. Sherwood.

SPRING SHOES and OXFORDS

Our showing includes all the various styles, from the Wet Weather Shoe to the Dressy Shoe, in Patent Colt and Kid, as well as the new Tan Shoes—Prices to suit all pocket books.

MEN'S FINE SHOES—Of the best makes in the country for sale at---------$2 to $6

NEW STYLES—Men's shoes, the "Wear-You-Well" brand in shoes and oxfords, equal to most $3.50 shoes, only---$3.00

LITTLE FOLKS' SHOES—A large assortment of good school shoes, as well as for dress wear in Patent Colt and Kid—Children's of the above kind------$1.00 to $1.75

Misses' of same kind, size 12 to 2-----$1.25 to $3.00

BOYS' SHOES—Extra values, shoes that stand the wet and hard wear---$1.50 to $3

SOROSIS

The Popular Shoe For Women.

The first spring shipment has arrived—the splendid style and elegant finish are more noticeable than ever, and will appeal to all, while for comfort and durability they are most satisfying as attested by thousands of women—Most all styles are---------$3.50

A few at $4.00.

Other good makes, and every pair good value—

$2, $2.50, $3, $4 and $5.

Young Ladies' School Shoes, with low heels—

$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

For good Footwear of all kinds at right prices, call on

WIELAND'S

123 W. Superior St. Sign of the "Golden Shoe"

RAILROAD NEWS

Car Shortage Not Yet Entirely Done Away With.

Chicago-Colorado Lines Form Pool and Agree on Rates.

"While the car situation has been relieved somewhat during the past few weeks, with the advent of warmer weather, the shortage which has troubled the roads of the Central West, and some in other parts of the country during the winter, has not yet become a thing of the past," said G. L. Smith of Milwaukee, traveling freight agent of the Wabash railroad, this morning.

"During the period of cold and snow the rolling stock became tied up to such an extent that the tangle has not yet been straightened out and the roads are all expending their best efforts toward getting their cars together from widely different points of the compass. The rolling stock was none too extensive in decent weather, and when the general tie-up came, with its consequent delay, it meant a shortage of cars which would extend for several weeks after the spring break-up. On top of this comes a good spring business in the freight departments, making the general situation all the more strained."

FORM A POOL.

Roads Have Agreement Concerning Business.

During the season of 1905, according to a practical agreement reached by Chicago-Colorado lines, there will be a physical pool of all party rate and convention business which will move between Chicago and the Colorado common points. This matter affects a very large number of people through the country, Duluthians among the rest, because of the fact that several large conventions, including the Grand Army reunion, are to be held in Denver during the summer, and people will be in attendance from all parts of the United tSates.

E. M. MacLeod, chairman of the Western Passenger association, has been constituted director of the general pool, and will see to it that the agreement between the lines is carried out to the letter. In explanation of the alleged pool, which will control at least 30,000 passengers and nearly $1,000,000 worth of business, it is said that it is organized to prevent further demoralization in the rates and to prevent grafting.

Under the agreement the roads are not to strive for the party rate and convention business, but whenever an agent controlling a party comes to a railroad and asks concessions, he will be sent to Mr. MacLeod, who has been given full authority to deal with such agents and to make agreements with them regarding the amount of free transportation they are to have in consideration for their permitting Mr. MacLeod to route the business. In this way the railroads will not bid against themselves, and grafting by party agents will be minimized.

BREAK RECORDS.

Railroads Are Doing a Large Immigration Business.

The present year promises to break all immigration records, according to figures sent out by Chairman MacLeod of the Western Passenger association. It is shown that during January, 1905, 42,267 immigrants came to this country as against 19,159 during the same month of 1904. For the month of February the number coming to the United States was about 48,607 as against 23,400 in February of the previous year. It is said the month of March will show a still greater gain.

The Western railroads were netted $41,352 by the movement of immigrants in January, which is an increase of 63 per cent over last year. Thirty per cent of the immigrants of the last few months have come from Russia, whence they are fleecing to escape military service. Fully 20 per cent are coming from Austria and 15 per cent from Italy.

Railroad Notes.

The reported sale in New York of a large block of Canadian Northern bonds has revived interest in Manitoba in the proposed construction by that company of a line from Winnipeg to Hudson's bay.

A. G. McGuire has been named assistant general freight agent of the Great Northern, although W. W. Broughton, freight traffic manager, who made the appointment, has not yet designated a successor to himself in his former position as general freight agent. Formal announcement of other appointments is expected within a few days.

President Howard Elliott and his fellow officers of the Northern Pacific who have been spending two weeks in the West on a tour of inspection, have returned to St. Paul. They say that conditions are highly favorable for a prosperous traffic this year all along the Northern Pacific system.

It is said that the proposed new union depot for Superior may be erected on the site of the old one. The committee appointed to decide upon a site is meeting with difficulty in reaching an agreemnet.

Railroad Personals.

E. J. Martin, traveling passenger agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, arived in the city fast evening.

A. L. Eldimiller of St. Paul, traveling passenger agent of the Burlington, is in the city today.

Nelson Vanderpool of Chicago, Northwestern passenger agent of the New York Central, is in the city.

H. E. Stewart, commercial agent of the Milwaukee at Houghton, is in the city.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

$1.50 Warranted Umbrellas 98c.

THESE are the best umbrellas you ever saw sold for less than $1.50—very best steel frames—metal rods—close roll—a big assortment of pretty handles—covers of absolutely fast black lustrous taffetine—looks like and wears better than the all-silk—on sale here for only 98c each.

98c

We also offer two other lots of guaranteed umbrellas—the $2.48 lot includes fancy colored effects, $1.50 and $2.48 for $2.50 to $4.50 umbrellas.

Freimuth's

Lake Avenue, Superior and Michigan Streets, DULUTH, MINN.

35c and 50c Turnovers and Stock Collars 25c.

THE BEST CHANCE you'll have this season—we bought the import samples of two big New York neckwear importing houses—we put them on sale the other day at 25c—and people are buying them eagerly. There are both linen and lace effects in turnover and stock collars—some are in the new two-toned laces—none worth less than 35c—many are worth 50c or more—choice tomorrow 25c. **Sample Lace Cape Collars—$1.50 to $2.50—** worth double. 25c

Saturday—First Showing Tailored Spring Millinery!

TOMORROW we will invite you all to a first showing of the newest ideas—the brightest styles in ready-to-wear street hats. The assortment is splendidly, broadly complete. There is a style here to fit every face—and there is a color scheme to match every gown! Among the shapes, there are—

The New Polo,
The Ponchilla,
The Draped Plateau,
The Tricorne,
And the French Sailor

These are the leading styles—the first three being the extreme novelties of the season.

VEILS TO MATCH
The hats are to be the vogue —We have them.

Handsome styles — reasonable prices— $3.00 to $15.00.

Rubber Sale Tomorrow!

Women's 65c Rubbers.....49c
Women's 60c Rubbers.....39c
Misses' 50c Rubbers.....39c
Boys' 65c Rubbers.....49c
Youths' 50c Rubbers.....39c

LOOK at those prices—study them well—them come in and be fitted tomorrow!

Send the children in, too—they'll need rubbers—remember it's a heap cheaper to buy rubbers at cut prices than to pay doctor's bills brought on by wet feet!

These rubbers are all high-grade goods—not odds and ends or inferior sorts—there are all sizes in each sort—we can fit every foot.

Women's Wales-Goodyear Storm Rubbers— everywhere else 65c —here tomorrow..... 49c

Misses' 50c storm Rubbers, here now 39c
Women's low rubbers —summer styles, now 39c
Boys' 65c heavy Rubbers, here only 49c
Youths' 50c rubbers on sale tomorrow at 39c

WOMEN'S VOLGA SHOES
$3.50
Save $1.50.

UNLESS you are prejudiced against paying less than five dollars for your shoes, you ought to see our new Volga Shoes—all the new lasts—all the best leathers, all the smartest styles on the market—are here. At the same price you'd probably prefer Volga shoes to most $5.00 shoes, yet we sell Volga Shoes at $3.50.
All sizes—all lasts—all widths.

Freimuth's

Saturday, $35.00 Suits for $25.00

Tomorrow's showing of finely tailored suits and costumes will be of exceptional interest to every one.

There are pretty and practical suits—decidedly new in style—that are marvels of tailoring, for $12.50—and from that low price, the prices ascend by easy stages of a dollar or two until we give you the tailored triumphs at $75.
BUT FOR TOMORROW'S SELLING—WE HAVE SELECTED FIFTY FINE NEW SUITS FROM OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF STRICTLY TAILORED AND DEMI-DRESS COSTUMES, AND MARKED THEM TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.
The values range well up to $35.00. All the latest models—all the latest colorings

$25

$12.50 CRAVENETTE COATS— **$9½**

CRAVENETTES ARE THE IDEAL GARMENTS for this sort of weather—rainproof—and having enough weight to give the necessary warmth and comfort. One special lot of mighty good coats that would look good at $12.50—go on speccial at..... **$9.50**

SAMPLE CRAVENETTES $12.50 This season's new styles—no two alike — they're samples —finely tailored—full sleeved—worth $17.50 —On sale here at..... **$12.50**

NOVELTY CRAVENETTES $16.95 Very nobby novelty styles in cravenette coats with shirred belts and sleeves—in pretty new browns—greens, tans and oxfords—only..... **$16.95**

$12.50 COVERT COATS— **$10**

OUR TEN DOLLAR COVERT COATS ARE THE BEST in the city—bar none. To make the assortment especially large for Saturday—we shall put in the lot at $10.00 some very nobby new garments, well worth twelve fifty. Every garment is nicely tailored—lined with satin—and you can pick from plain and Dublin twist coverts.

JAP SILK WAISTS, $2.50.
The largest line—the lowest priced silk waists in all Duluth.
Tomorrow—60 fancy trimmed Jap silk white waists—special only $2.50. All sizes.

NET WAISTS, $5.00.
Exquisite waists made of imported all-over nets, with silk linings—and handsomely appliqued trimmings.
One lot special at $5.00.
Another fine lot at $10.00.

$7.50 Pleated Skirts **$5**

LATEST MODELS IN FINE PLEATED SICILIAN SKIRTS—SOME 25 pleats—others with 43 pleats—browns, blues and black—values $7.50—we're creating a furore by selling them at $5.00.

"Junior" and "Peter Thompson's" Dresses for Girls.

ANOTHER lot of $8.75 sailors at $5.00 tomorrow.
Ten nobby Junior Suits in new spring mixtures—coat styles—pleated skirts—only $12.50
A fine assortment of Girls' Coat Suits, in plain serges, fancy novelty worsteds and checks—the season's best ideas at $15.00 to $25.00.
New lines Junior Cravenette Coats just ready—prices lower than elsewhere.

$5.00 FOR GIRLS' $8.75 SUITS.
Sizes 6 to 14—of all wool serge cheviot—in blues and browns—sailor tie—silk embroidered emblem — braid trimmed—skirt is pleated. Fine! Very! Great for $5.

Men's $1.50 Middle-Weight Underwear for $1.17.

AN ADVANCE SALE.
We will open up and place on sale Saturday one case of men's medium weight, fine wool under shirts and drawers.
It's the Iroquois make—very soft and fine—just the underwear to put on right now—the sort that will cost you $1.50 anywhere—special at $1.17 the garment.

Men's 75c Night Shirts 50c.
THREE styles to pick from—all matchless.
Made of good soft finished muslin—cut full and long—a great variety of trimmings—double-stitched throughout—pearl buttons — military collar, lay down collar, or French collarless styles.
Marked 50c—but worth a quarter more.
That's right—the night shirts back up every word of our claims.

Men's 20c Hose 15c the Pair.
Great Bargains, indeed!
Fine Cotton Half Hose in black, brown, green and gray mixtures—colors guaranteed fast and stainless—they're BETTER than any 20c hose you can buy at a haberdasher—15c the price, and no less by the dozen!

WITCHING NEW VEILS— 35c

IT'S VEIL time and we are ready. Chameleon veils, crepe chiffon veils and ombre veils are novelties that please most.
Very pretty veils 35c. Others 25c to $1.25.

SATURDAY SPECIALS IN FREIMUTH'S DAYLIGHT BASEMENT.

SUCH BARGAINS as these will win trade—and hold the old to Duluth's fastest-growing, best bargain-giving basement. Read and see for yourself.

GO-CARTS AND BABY CARRIAGES.
Our spring stocks of go-carts are just in, and we are safe in saying they are the best finished goods in the market. Nothing is more essential to a beneficial airing for the baby than a comfortable easy-running go-cart, well put together. That's the kind we have in all the newest patterns.

SPECIAL—$3.50 CARTS $2.69— Folding Go-Carts, very strongly made—rubber-tire wheels, strong springs—gearing, all finished in green enamel, should sell for $3.50—our opening price..... **$2.69**

Other cabs at $3.98, $4.95, $5.48, $6.98 and up to $29.50.

SUIT CASES, TRUNKS AND GRIPS.

All new stock just in—24-inch suit case, like cut, should sell for $6, our special leader.. **$4.98**

This is a genuine cowhide leather case.

CHINA DEPT.
OUR new lines of Dinnerware and fancy China and Glassware are arriving every day, and are being placed on sale as fast as we can open them up. For tomorrow:

100-piece Johnson Bros.' new 1905 pattern Dinner Set, in pretty pink rose decoration, worth $17, at—per set..... **$12.98**

BREAD AND BUTTER PLATES— prettily decorated china bread and butter plates, regular 25c goods, at—each..... **10c**

CUPS AND SAUCERS— Thin china decorated cups and saucers—special each..... **25c**

NEW VASES— handsome new line of art vases, at 35c, 69c, $1.25 and $2.48.

20c GLASS VASES, 10c— New line of Glass Vases at 10c, 15c, 25c and 48c —worth double.

8-inch glass Fruit Bowls, worth 25c, special each..... **10c**

Freimuth's

22c for 35c and 40c Side and Back Combs!

SATURDAY, we will place on sale on the Bargain Square, a thousand back combs, and six hundred side combs.

The back combs are in the following colors —shell, amber and ivory—some are plain—others trimmed with gold bands and artistic settings—reduced from 35c and 40c— Saturday only to, each..... **22c**

The side combs are in amber and shell colors—some are plain, others mounted with rhinestone or other fancy settings—these are new stylish goods—every other day we will sell them at 35c and 40c—Saturday we will sell them at, per pair..... **22c**

NEW AMSTERDAM GLOVES— 50c

Double finger-tipped silk gloves—every pair guaranteed to wear—fine new styles—fresh stock—we fit them to your hand and guarntee their wear—50c per pair.

Freimuth's

The regular meeting of the Saturday club will be held tomorrow afternoon at the club room of the library. The program is in charge of Mrs. A. C. Gilman and is as follows:

A bird's eye view of Madrid.
"For seeing maketh a satisfied man."
The Prado and the picture gallery.
"A wonderland to the art student."
In the palace of the king.
The Escorial.
"The shrine of painters and the sepulchre of kings."
The topic for current events will be "News from the Countries."

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Josephs were hosts at a delightful dancing party last evening at the Masonic Temple in honor of their sister Miss Henrietta Cook and Albert M. Goodman of St. Paul. Flaaten played a delightful program of fourteen dances and at midnight supper was served, the guests being seated at small tables which were daintily decorated in pink hearts and flowers. The invitation list included:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
Louis Hammel, Victor Kohn,
Joseph Mountner, I. Freimuth,
M. Cook, Robert Marcuse,
Adolph Freimuth, P. J. Levy,
J. Hirschfield, W. Gomberg.
G. A. Klein,
Mesdames—
F. Mondschine, A. I. Shapiro.
I. Cook,
Misses—
Delia Finkelstein of St. Paul, Rose Krojanker,
Ray Finklestein of St. Paul, Elsie Silberstein,
Irene Silberstein, Alice Martin,
Josephine Sattler, Isabelle Cook of Chicago,
Clara Shapiro, Ethel Dick of Cincinnati.
Messrs—
Mendel Silber, Dave Loewes,
Hugo Kohn, Samuel Levy,
Albert Goodman, C. Levy,
Louis Freimuth, L. Levy,
B. J. Cook, Nathaniel Glidding,
J. Cook, M. Rosenberger,
M. Cook, S. Rosenblatt,
Louis Zalk, A. Cornfield,
Charles Oswald,

* * *

Mrs. Allen McDonnell entertained at a small luncheon yesterday at her home in Munger Terrace in honor of Mrs. J. W. Wing. The table was prettily decorated in pink carnations and ferns and covers were laid for ten.

* * *

The wedding of Miss Lillian Huebner and Sam Olson took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride on West Superior street. Mr. and Mrs. Olson left for a trip to Milwaukee and will return to this city where they will make their home.

A RIPE OLD AGE.

W. S. Albertson's Mother Celebrates Ninty-Sixth Birthday.

The following from a Pontiac, Mich., paper will be of interest to many in this city, as the Mrs. Albertson spoken of is the mother of William S. Albertson of this city:

"Mrs. Rebecca Albertson of 35 Perry street, on Friday celebrated her ninety-sixth birthday. Rebecca Frey was born in London, England, in 1809 on St. Patrick's day—one of a family of seven children of which family two are left, Mrs. Albertson, and a brother, David Frey, who lives in Detroit, Mich.

"The family came to New York city when Rebbecca was seven years of age. The father, Joseph S. C. F. Frey was a Baptist minister in New York city and for many years a writer of books. He died and was buried in Pontiac. Pontiac was then hardly a village.

"Rebecca Frey married Capt. William Albertson in New York and two children were born, one, William S. living in Duluth, Minn., and the other Mrs. Annie Stevens, living in Los Angeles, Cal.

Capt Albertson saw active service in the civil war, serving in the Twenty-second regiment. The Albertsons came to Pontiac in 1844, Capt. Albertson dying in 1890 in the Albertson home on Orchard Lake avenue. She was educated in a boarding school in Elizabethtown, N. Y. Mrs. Albertson has been an active member of the Baptist church for years. Only three are living who united when she did. She has a wonderful mind—bright and intelligent, retains all her faculties and has a host of friends who thoughtfully remembered her on her birthday, her room being fairly filled with spring flowers."

Lecture On "Parsifal."

Mrs. Stella Prince Stocker's lecture on "Parsifal" will be repeated at the Unitarian church tomorrow evening. A feature of the lecture will be a series of twenty Wagnerian views, beatifully colored. After a discussion of the legend and significance of "Parsifal," Mrs. Stocker will give a connected story of the opera, reinforcing her words and music with the pictures which were painted directly from the stage setting. Among the Parsifal scenes are "Gremunanz in the Forest," "Temple of the Holy Grail," "Klingsor and the Magic Tower," "The Flower Maidens in the Enchanted Garden," "The Garden in Ruins," "The Return of Parifal and Kundry's Salvation." There are also beautiful views from "The Niebelungen Ring."

WHY PARIS IS SUPREME.

Its Extravagance Always Attracts Finest Talent.

"Why has Paris always reigned supreme in the domain of fashion?" This is a question which many people must have often asked themselves. For centuries the ladies of Paris have been a dominant factor in this supremacy. Encouraged by them, the fashion artists have flourished in the peculiar atmosphere of that city. Constant contact with and contemplation of the wealth of beautiful treasures displayed in the shops, museums, streets, and theaters have constituted for the Parisian women a liberal education in everything that appertains to fashion, says a New York paper.

The reason for the supremacy of Paris is not far to seek. Is not the history of France one long record of royal passions, beautiful favorites, an dextravagant adventuresses whose caprices cost countless millions? For several centuries woman reigned supreme at court, in the drawingrooms, on the stage, everywhere. All men did her homage; her slighest whims equalled commands. Affairs of state, family honor, right, wrong—everything was ignored to gratify her maddest caprices. Her dress, jewelry, and other personal adornments became vital questions. Today even there are ladies who can spend £1,000 on a set of furs, £200 on a mantle, £250 on a gown, and pay equally high prices for other articles of toilette.

This extravagance has always attracted to Paris the smartest talent in Europe. France long led the world in the production of silks, satins, laces, velvets and all fabrics essential to feminine attire. Dressmakers, jewelers, perfumers were veritable artists, who gloried in their work. For a long time Paris lived mainly on the creation and distribution of articles of luxury. Probably her dressmakers stand alone in having made a profound study of historical costumes for reproductive purposes. They found precious inspiration at the Louvre, Luxembourg and other famous picture galleries. M. Worth wrote a big book on his profession. M. Felix often "created" at a sacrifice, for the pure love of art.

Paris has always been the principal creative center of dramatic art; the success of a new piece is often dependent on the elegant costumes of the star actresses. Wherever the latter have toured they have left in their trail the latest conceptions of fashion, exciting the envy and desires of their foreign sisters. Again, French novelists never tire of praising the beauty, elegance and perfect taste in dress of the women in Paris. Imperceptibly, cosmopolitan women have imbibed the notion that outside Paris there is no salavation for the smart woman who yearns to incarnate the latest ideal of the mode.

PRICES FOR

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,

14 West Superior Street,

Duluth, Minn.

Liked Familiar Music.

"I understand you had some good music at your club this afternoon, Louise," said one member of the Evening Whist club to a friend in an interval of the game, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"It was just fine," the other answered enthusiastically. "And the best of it was the singers sang things that most of us knew. I like familiar music at the club."

"What were these old favorites?" the first speaker asked.

"Oh, I can't remember but one just now. It was that pretty little negro song called 'The Mighty Lark Arose.' You know it, of course. It goes like this," humming a bar or two.

"Oh, yes, I know that," was the answer, but the speaker contented herself with looking amused and did not tell her companion that the title of the song referred to was "Mighty Lak' a Rose," and had nothing to do with larks.

Fleecing Woodsmen.

To the Editor of The Herald:

In yesterday's Herald appeared an article which opened with the following language: "An excellent example of how woodsmen are fleeced by the Bowery merchants was given yesterday."

As one of a large number of merchants conducting a legitimate business in that portion of the city commonly called "The Bowery," I want to protest against the practice of newspapers and others of branding all the places of business west of Fifth avenue as robbers' roosts and swindling joints, and of making all the merchants suffer for the shortcomings of a few.

When a newspaper detects the proprietor of a business institution in the act of defrauding a woodsman or anyone else, it renders a public service and performs a public duty in exposing such fraud and in pointing out the wrongdoer that others may be warned. But I submit it is unfair to make such discovery the occasion for the use of language which reflects on all the merchants doing business in a whole section of the city.

On that portion of Superior and Michigan streets lying west of Fifth avenue a large number of reputable and respectable business men are located. They are paying their share to upbuild Duluth and to support its newspapers and other institutions. They are entitled to the same treatment as merchants in other sections of the city. You cannot please these men better than by exposing the men in their midst, who are robbing under the guise of merchandising. But in the future, point out the men and don't make all suffer indiscriminately for the wrongs of a few. JOSEPH E. FOX.

Duluth, March 24.

FEARFUL OF BAD LUCK.

Prisoner Refused to Leave Cell on Friday.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 24.—Peter Mellinger was brought down from Otter Tail recently to serve a thirty days' sentence in the county jail for disorderly conduct. His sentence expired last Friday, but he refused to leave the jail, saying that if he left on a Friday he would be likely to have bad luck and might be sent back. He was accordingly released on Saturday, but on Monday evening again became intoxicated and was brought back to serve an additional ten days.

A DINNER INVITATION.
After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of Indigestion. Nothing will cure Indigestion that doesn't digest the food and give the stomach a rest. It isn't necessary to starve yourself in order to rest your stomach—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest any quantity of all the wholesome food you want to eat while your stomach takes a rest—recuperates and grows strong. Sold by all druggists.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

To Hold Annual Convention In New York In April.

Will Be Entertained By New York City Club.

New York, March 24.—In this country of all sorts of organizations—political, social, labor, reform, and others innumerable—there are few whose work and objects are not carefully and extensively advertised to the world at large, and whose names after a few years of existence, if they are worthy, do not become bywords. Yet here and there one is occasionally found which goes along quietly, does its work well, and at the same time does not become familiarly known to a wider circle than the one for whose interests it is established.

In about a month from now the country will begin to wonder how the City club of New York has managed to keep its light, which is a particularly bright and shining one, so much under cover. This organization has its home at 55 West Forty-fourth street, and has rather aptly been said to be "a place for people with brains and ideas."

The National Municipal league, one of the best known organizations in the United States, will be entertained by the New York City club during the convention it will hold in the metropolis on April 25, 26, 27 and 28. Attention then will be directed to the club from all parts of the country—for the league members will come from all parts—and it cannot help but become widely known.

The New York City club is a headquarters for political, municipal and economic bands and societies, for all organizations, in short, which have to do with the bettering of cities or towns or neighborhood or men, or for—which is not always the same thing—the government of them.

It is not a "reform" institution, as the word reform is commonly used, by any means. Nor is it an institution for reformers in particular. Under its roof are sheltered men who are warm adherents of Tammany, and its strongest enemies gather there to plan their campaigns for its overthrow. In its dining-room one may meet prominent Republicans of the "straight party" variety, like Elihu Root and Timothy L. Woodruff, both staunch New Yorkers; and prominent Independents of the class represented, for instance, by Cahrles J. Bonaparte of Baltimore, and Clinton Rogers Woodruff of Philadelphia. Mr. Bonaparte was the only Republican elector, it will be remembered, from the State of Maryland, at the recent meeting of the Electoral college.

An interesting branch of the New York City club's work is the "Legislative Bureau," which it has established and has been operating successfully. Nothing quite like it has ever been done before. It is a bureau which keps accurate "tabs," so to speak, on every bit of legislation that is proposed in, or passes in, or is defeated in, either house of the New York legislature.

It is a business proposition. The service is paid for, and it works alike for administration or anti-administration parties, for friends or foes of the legislation in question. But it is helpful to all.

If a bank, for instance, wants to know about all laws proposed or enacted with regard to banking interests, it notifies the bureau. The bureau men have cards which they fill out, containing an explanation of the proposed legislation, the name of the legislator who offers it, the date of its introduction, the name of the committee to which it was referred, any hearings or rehearings it may have, and the final disposition of it. In a word, a complete trace of every bit of legislation is kept, so that those who favor it or those who oppose it may know every step it has taken towards becoming a law or towards oblivion.

Constantly the New York City club is adding new and original features to its work, and the members of the National Municipal league are bound to acquire many valuable ideas from it when they become acquainted with its functions at the convention.

The New York convention will be perhaps the most important ever held by the league. Certainly it will be the largest attended, not only because of the accessibility of the city in which it is to be held, but also because of the increasing growth of the organization. Then, too, the experiences of a national election, bringing with them more active experiences in municipal and state elections, may be recounted. So also may be the results of experiments in good government or attempts at good government which have been tried since the meeting in Chicago last year.

There is no question of municipal government of municipal affairs with which the National Municipal league does not deal. Its officers and members are men who make the affairs of municipalities their life-study, who are earnest and sincere in their desire for the betterment of municipalities, and who work unselfishly. The objects of the league are clearly expressed in its constitution, and can well bear the following repetition:

"First. To multiply the numbers, harmonize the methods and combine the forces of all who realize that it is only by united action and organization that good citizens can secure the abortion of good laws and the selection of men of trained ability and proved integrity for all municipal positions, or prevent the success of incompetent or corrupt candidates for public office.

"Second. To promote the thorough investigation and discussion of the conditions and details of civic administration, and of the methods of selecting and appointing officials in American cities, and of laws and ordinances relating to such objects.

"Third. To provide for such meetings and conferences and for the preparation and circulation of such addresses and other literature as may seem likely to advance the cause of good city government."

The discussions and proceedings of the league, as printed and circulated always after the conventions, and from time to time throughout the year, have long been given a high place in municipal literature, and they have been read seriously and gratefully.

It is interesting to note the great number of inquiries for information and assistance coming from city officials. They are awakening to the need for definite information and to the ability of the league to help them secure what they want. As illustrating the character of the work which the league is constantly being called upon to do, in addition to its general propaganda and educational work, it may be cited that there have been inquiries from the Merchants' Association of San Francisco for information touching building ordinances; from Minneapolis for data touching electric lighting; from North Tonawanda, N. Y., for information concerning the legality of proposed franchise ordinances; from Sioux City, Iowa, for information touching the matter of franchises and their disposition.

In one mail the league received a letter from an attorney retained by business men to consider the request of an electric lighting company for a general franchise; for information concerning the latest franchise ordinance given to lighting companies; and from the secretary of a leading reform organization asking for information on direct primaries.

Not only are individuals seeking information on municipal topics, but the representatives of large interests and large organizations are devoting their time and attention to an increasing extent to the consideration of the municipal problem. In this way the influence of the league is very greatly multiplied.

The appreciation of the league's work and usefulness is by no means confined to city officials, as the following letters, one from the bishop of Springfield, Ill., the other from the president of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, illustrate.

Bishop Seymour wrote:

"I am in cordial sympathy with the objects and aims of your league. As an American citizen I must be. A native of New York and living there until I was nearly 50, I knew its municipal administrations and machinery were in a very evil condition. If my name and small influence can be of any service to you, my generous patriotic fellow-citizens, in efforts for reform, you are most welcome to them."

President Clark wrote:

"I have many uses, as you can imagine, for money in the special work in which I am engaged, and for which we would like more funds, and greatly need them, but I want to have it understood that the Christian Endeavor society throughout America and the world is interested in all wise plans for municipal reform, which I believe is the most important thing just now for the people to turn its attention to; so for the sake of the society, as well as for the sake of contributing my membership fee to the Municipal league, I will renew my association membership. Rejoicing in all that the league is doing and in your own large part in these many reforms, I am, faithfully yours,

"FRANCES E. CLARK."

"The Municipal Program," a volume which answers every possible interrogation which may be embodied in the main question, "What should our cities do to meet the new conditions and eliminate the existing evils?" is beyond doubt the league's greatest work, and indeed the world's greatest work of its kind. Its compiling, by seven experts on municipal affairs, required two years of hard work. It was published in 1899. The writers were all men free from political prejudices and competent as few are to deal with their parts of the labor.

They were: Horace E. Deming of New York, chairman; Prof. Frank J. Goodnow of Columbia university; Dr. Albert shaw of the Review of Reviews, New York; Charles Richardson of Philadelphia, Prof. Leo S. Rowe of the University of Pennsylvania; George W. Guthrie of Pittsburg, and Clinton Rogers Woodruff of Philadelphia.

"The Municipal Program" has been circulated the world over, and it will be long before a work approaching it in completeness and insight will be written.

Any new questions with the league may take up at the coming convention in New York are bound to be of interest and importance. The country will wait for the answers interestedly and hopefully.

The officers of the National Municipal league are: Charles J. Bonaparte of Baltimore, president; Charles Richardson of Philadelphia, first vice president; Samuel B. Capen of Boston, second vice president; Thomas N. Strong of Portland, Or., third vice president; Dr. H. Dickson Bruns of New Orleans, fourth vice president; Edmund J. James of Chicago, fifth vice president; Clinton Rogers Woodruff of Philadelphia, secretary, and James Burnham, Jr. of Philadelphia, treasurer.

In the roll of Americans who have worked long and hard for municipal betterment, there is no stronger list than this. In their respective cities each of these men is known for his earnestness and capability. They will all take an active part in the discussion, of the coming convention.

YOUR STORE—

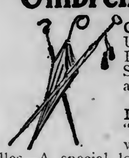
PANTON & WHITE CO.

YOUR STORE—

Our Saturday money-saving sales

never fail to crowd the Glass Block from early morning until 10 o'clock at night. So far this spring records are being broken every day—especially Saturdays—and if you'll come tomorrow you'll meet your friends and you will find as well hundreds of money-saving bargains to be had nowhere else on earth.

Umbrella sale.



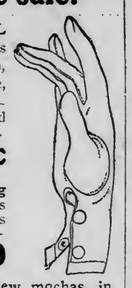
Children's School Umbrella—22 in., English Gloria—Special, at..... **39c**

Ladies' Twill "Oyama" Cloth—with fancy handles—A special lot, at..... **65c**

Ladies' Carola Silk—tight roll—cover and tassel—black only—Princess and fancy handles—regular value $1.75—For Saturday..... **$1.25**

MEN'S UMBRELLAS—Self-opening, double frames, steel rod—natural wood handles—regular value—For Saturday only—each..... **$1.00**

A glove sale.



EXTRA SPECIAL

100 doz. women's lisle thread gloves, in black, tan, mode, gray and brown—2-clasp embroidered backs—regular 39c. On sale Saturday—pair. **25c**

New line of spring mocha, 1-clasp gloves in new grays, browns and blacks—Saturday—pair ... **$1.00**

"Ireland Bros."—New mochas, in browns, modes, grays and black—with fancy embroidered backs—1 large medallion clasp—every pair fitted and warranted—at, per pair..... **$1.50**

New "Corola" gloves—all colors—two clasps—a special lot of our own direct importation—in the regular way these are worth 65c and 75c—our price..... **50c**

New challies.

As usual, the price is lower at the Glass Block—All the new spring shades, printings and satin stripes—per yard **35c**

Priestly's black sicilians.

54-inch, guaranteed cravenetted, guaranteed genuine Priestly's make and guaranteed genuine $1.25 value—Glass Block price—per yard **89c**

Union suit sale.

These prices Saturday only.

LADIES' UNION SUITS — High neck, long sleeve, ankle length—spring weight—silk hand trimmed—all sizes, 4 to 7—regular selling price 75c—for Saturday only **49c**

LADIES' VESTS—Peeler cotton vests—silk tape—hand silk crochet finish—pearl buttons—our regular price 50c—for Saturday **39c**

Wall paper special

1,000 rolls of 15c and 20c bed room papers in new florals—crown and lattice effects—all colors and styles—large and small designs..... **7½c**

Also half a carload of parlor and dining room papers—reds, greens and browns—large and small patterns, borders and ceilings to match the side walls—all on sale Saturday, at—

7½c per roll and **12½c**

35c laces for 8c.

Our lace buyer closed a deal with one of the big importers for a big lot of broken sets in Plat Vals and Pointe de Venise laces—just the thing for trimming underwear, house dresses, dressing sacques, etc. These laces are actually worth up to 35c a yard, and you'll be very lucky if you get all you can use at our Saturday sale—choice of the lot at, per yard..... **8c**

Headquarters for school girls' clothes as well as ladies' and little tots'.

Saturday will be the time to bring your girls to the Glass Block—that you and they may see how you can save money on the prettiest garments, the best garments, to be found in the city.

For school girls of 6 to 14 years.

Peter Thompson dresses in Russian and sailor blouse styles, of wool cashmeres and serges, shepherd plaids, blues, browns and reds—at **$1.98, $2.98, $3.98 and up to $10.00.**

School coats in all the latest Peter Thompson effects—navy, brown, grays and plaids, with the new "patch" emblems—prices **$2.98 to $19.50.**

School girls' wash dresses—of linen, piques, ginghams, chambrays and percales—very pretty wash goods in stripes and patterns, with emblem and other fancy trimmings—$7.50 to as low as **59c**

Men's goods.

For Saturday—main floor.

NEW HATS.

The "Imperial" and "P. & W." special, soft and stiff hats. **$2 and $3**

Men's Caps—the new shapes and colorings—in the "Auto," "Golf" and "Tourist"—**50c to $1.**

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—One lot, about 50 doz. men's negligee and stiff bosom shirts sold by us at 98c, $1.25 and $1.50—These are a few numbers we will close out at once—choice for.... **50c**

SUSPENDERS—150 doz. suspenders in such well known makes as "Crown" and "H. and P"—known the country over as the best made—Saturday, pair. **25c**

Boys' goods.

For Saturday—Second floor

Boys' double-breasted 2-piece suits—in fancy Scotch mixtures—black and navy worsteds—ages 8 to 16 years—Specials $13.50 to as low as..... **$2.48**

Boys' Norfolk Suits with belt and knickerbockers, or plain knee pants—in fancy Scotch cheviots and plain worsteds—ages 6 to 16 years—$10.00 to as low as **$2.98**

Boys' "Buster Brown" Suits—In plain and fancy weaves—light and dark colors—in the new browns and grays—ages 2½ to 10 years—$10.00 to as low as **$3.50**

Boys' caps for spring wear—in yachts, tourists and golf—a hundred styles to choose from.. **25c to $1.25**

"Mother's Friend" waist—in the new colorings—with collars attached or detached—in light and dark colors—plain and pleated fronts—ages to 14 years .. **50c to $1.50**

For girls' of 2 to 6 years—see

WASH DRESSES, in white lawn, as well as ginghams and other wash materials; very pretty; $4.98 to as low as **39c**

NEW REEFER COATS—also three-quarter lengths—coverts, serges and broadcloth, in navy, green, red and brown; newest and prettiest—from $7.50 to as low as **$1.69**

Some handsome white reefers and coats for little girls.

Handsome raincoats for ladies and misses—

Perfectly waterproof, very handsomely made up, so that they can be worn rain or shine and will look stylish no matter what the weather.

Children's—	Misses'—	Ladies'—
$5.75	$7.50 to $32.50	$11.95 to $37.50

Beautiful new-style skirts.

It's the even-length skirt for everybody this year. Good-bye to the train. But we show more and prettier skirts than all the rest of the stores combined—in blacks, colors, mixtures—Panamas, Sicilians, cheviots, broadcloths, tweeds and voiles—

$2.98, $3.98, $4.98 and up to $15

Bargain counter towel sale.

On the bargain counter Saturday we offer 25 dozen 35c linen damask and linen huck towels—large size, some hemmed, some hemstitched, some fringed—excellent high-class towels, going in this sale for only..... **22½c**

Also 2,400 yards long cloth.

SOLD ONLY BY PIECE OF 12 YDS—You all know that 12 yards pieces of long cloth never sell for less than $1.50—Saturday we offer 200 pieces at a big reduction because we bought them under price—on the bargain counter, piece of 12 yards for..... **$1.10**

New silk mulls.

Just the thing for Commencement dresses—more colors and tints at the Glass Block than anywhere else—all at almost a third less than others' prices—See ours at—per yard **39c**

Saturday ribbons

Good 35c quality liberty satin ribbons—3½ inches wide—Saturday **25c**

59c quality liberty satin ribbons—5 inches wide—Saturday **35c**

Sale of... **ladies' wrappers**

When we ordered 50 dozen of our 98c fleece-lined wrappers to finish the season, the maker sent us 150 dozen. We declined to take them, and the maker allowed us a big discount. His loss is your gain and at the price we give you on Saturday, you will be getting a genuine bargain. They have shoulder capes and flounces and deep Spanish flounce on the skirt. All are well made, in very pretty patterns and colorings—medium and dark— all sizes from 34 up to 44, and every wraper our regular 98c quality, sold by smaller stores for $1.25, Saturday, choice. **69c**

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Two Are Held For the Murder of Richard Galvin.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Interest in the Farnham murder case is increasing in the belt district. E. P. Farnham, who fatally shot Richard Galvin, is being held for murder, and W. C. Torrens, the boardinghouse man at the mine where the crime was committed, is also held for the same offense. Both are confined in the Lawrence county jail. The wife of Farnham since the death of Galvin has been prostrated and is at St. Joseph's hospital. When this case comes to trial it will be one of the most bitterly fought on both sides in the history of the Black Hills courts. Important witnesses have been found for both sides. The letter that was written by Mrs. Farnham to Galvin on the day that the Farnham buildings were burned in Central City will be used as testimony against her. The defense will plead that the shooting was forced upon Farnham to protect his own life.

Congressman E. W. Martin and wife will arrive home on Friday. They are stopping at Hot Springs for a few days' rest. Mr. Martin will continue his examination into the beef trust, there being important matters here for his investigation. He is in close touch with the cattlemen of the Western range.

Commencing April 2, the Lawrence county teachers will hold an institute in this city. Prof. M. V. O'Shea of the state normal school at Madison, S. D., and Mrs Thorne-Thomsen of Chicago will deliver lectures daily. The music will be in charge of Miss Myrtle Grimshaw of Deadwood and Mrs. Peters of Lead.

Howard—The town of Epiphany is gradually fading from the map and in ten days more there will be but a few business institutions left in the place. The cause is the death of Father Kroeger. From the day of his death the town began to retrograde and so fast have the people been leaving that in a few days more where there was once promise of a flourishing city there will be nothing but vacant buildings. The place was an inland town with no railroad nearer than twelve miles. Dr. Kroeger invented a peculiar X-ray machine and a medicine which was effective in consumption, cancer and other diseases. His fame grew to wonderful proportions and many cures were made. Father Kroeger projected an electric line from Canova to Epiphany, established a paper, elevators, mills and other business ventures, and his town was in a flourishing condition.

Aberdeen—Judge J. H. McCoy of the circuit court today heard the habeas corpus proceedings in the case of Charles Willsey, in custody on a warrant sworn out by the Stock Yards bank of South St. Paul, charging him with grand larceny. The writ of habeas corpus asked for by Willsey's attorneys was denied by Judge McCoy, but the defense was given fifteen days in which to perfect an appeal to the state supreme court, and Willsey was released under bonds of $500 which he furnished. Unless the supreme court reverses Judge McCoy, Willsey will have to go to South St. Paul to stand trial.

Huron—The visit to Huron college of Rev. Stewart Dickson of Philadelphia was marked by a reception in his honor at Voorhees dormitory. Several brief speeches were made to which he responded. Dr. Dickson is secretary of the Presbyterian board of aid for colleges, and is making a tour of investigation of institutions of that denomination in the Northwest.

The Edwards-Wood Commission company, which succeeded to the business of the Coe Commission company here, has closed its office because of lack of business.

Rev. George A. Cressey, the first Baptist minister of this city, is spending a few days with old-time friends here. He is now secretary of the Central Baptist orphanage at Maywood, Ill.

Neil Finch, appointed to a cadetship at Annapolis military academy, has gone to that place for an examination.

WINONA MAN

Summoned as Witness In Alaska Murder Trial.

Winona, Minn., March 24.—Nels Rasmussen of this city was surprised by being waited upon by Deputy United States Marshal Sheehan, who served a subpoena upon him, requiring his presence at Fairbanks, Alaska, on July 3 next, as a witness in the case of the United States against Harry Owens, who has been granted a new trial on the charge of murder of Charles Christianson, for which he was convicted in 1901 and sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary at San Quetin, Cal. Rasmussen estimates that it will cost the United States government from $500 to $600 to take him to Alaska and return him to this state, but he does not object to making the trip and will obey the subpoena, starting probably some time next month.

In 1901 Rasmussen was in Alaska, engaged in mining prospecting, and was on Forty-Mile river, not far from Eagle City. He and his partner, Chris Peterson, occupied a cabin of their own. On Nov. 16 of that year they received a call from Harry Owens, who occupied a trapper's shanty near their place. He had several cuts upon his person, which he claimed he had received while defending himself from an attack by a man giving the name of Charles Christianson, who had stopped at his cabin while on his way to the cabin of Rasmussen and Peterson. These two went back with Owens, and on reaching his cabin found Christianson lying dead upon the floor, his body having been badly cut. Rasmussen and Capt. Mosher thereupon placed Owens under arrest and took him to Eagle City, where he was tried for murder and found guilty.

Rasmussen was one of the most important witnesses for the state. A curious thing was that no motive was established for the crime.

JAPANESE LOAN

For $150,000,000 Will Be Issued Very Shortly.

London, March 24.—The final details of the Japanese loan were concluded here today, with the exception of the exact date of issue. This has not been decided, but it will not be delayed. The amount is $150,000,000 with interest at 4½ per cent. The price of issue is 90 and the security will be the net receipts of the tobacco monopoly of Japan amounting to $16,000,000, according to the budget for the next fiscal year. The loan will be issued simultaneously in New York and London, each of these cities taking $75,000,000.

The American issuing banks are Kuhn, Loeb & Co. and others participating in the previous loan, while the British half of the loan is handled by the group of banks which was responsible for the earlier floatations. The loan is redeemable after five years. Some subscription is expected in Holland and Switzerland. It is said here that although the German banks exhausted every effort to secure participation in the loan they have been rigorously excluded as Japan found no difficulty in securing the amount required in New York and London.

FIGHT OVER BIG ESTATE

Heirs of William Weightman Quarrel Over His Property.

Philadelphia, March 24.—With the stake a share in the $100,000,000 left by the late William Weightman, lawyers, are mapping out a campaign in the courts against Mrs. Anna W. Walker, the richest woman in the world. Balked in every attempt to obtain a share of the vast estate for her children, Mrs. James Wister, whose first husband was William Weightman, Jr., will appeal to the law.

The case will be fought bitterly. The claims of Mrs. Wister on behalf of a daughter under age, are based on a mysterious codicil to the will leaving the estate to Mrs. Walker. This codicil no one, except perhaps Mrs. Walker herself, has seen. The only evidence that it was drawn is the statement of witnesses that the millionaire, before his death declared he had made provision for his grandchildren in such an instrument.

Mrs. Walker denies the existence of such a document. Importuned by the grandchildren, she issued a statement that such a paper never was drawn by her father, despite the declarations of alleged witnesses. Then, a few days ago, exasperated by the turn affairs were taking, she threw down the gauntlet.

"I propose to keep the estate myself, intact," she announced. "My father made no provision for the children of my brothers, either in the body of the will, which has been probated, by word of mouth to me or by a codicil. There is no codicil."

Following this ultimatum, Mrs. Wister began preparations for a legal battle. She appeared in court and had herself appointed guardian for her daughter, Martha.

William Weightman had two sons and one daughter, Mrs. Walker. William Weightman, Jr., had six daughters, five of whom survive, and all of whom are married, with the exception of Martha. John Farr Weightman is survived by one son. All of these, it is practically admitted, are to become parties to the suit.

Mrs. Wister declares she will prove in court that William Weightman, toward the close of his life, frequently spoke of a codicil to his will, in which he had provided for his grandchildren. Both of his sons died previous to his demise.

ARE CRAZED BY CITY LIFE

Worry From Keen Competion In Business Causes Insanity.

Chicago, March 24.—The noisy, dirty and business reeking metropolis is the ideal breeding place for insanity, and Chicago is the third in the rank of the cities in the United States, if not in the entire world, which fill the insane asylums, according to several prominent specialists in mental and nervous diseases.

In the last decade Chicago has grown more insane and at a more rapid rate than any other city in the world, says the London Daily Mail. This newspaper further asserts that one person in 150 is insane.

Conditions not quite as desperate prevail in Chicago, according to two of the city's best-known insanity experts.

"Every person is liable to become insane in a city like Chicago," said Dr. J. P. Sprague, of the neurological department of the Northwestern university, when shown the report from the London paper. "We are, however, much more fortunately situated than the Londonians and the New Yorkers, for instance.

"Hard work, mental strain, constant fear that the other fellow is going to get the best of every deal, and the modern frenzy in all business is what fills the insane asylums. The frightful mental tension of the metropolitan business man causes him to misunderstand and depreciate home life. Domestic trouble follows and then comes the dread of notoriety when the divorce suit knocks on the door. Under such conditions mental strings snap and mental equilibrium is lost.

"It has been said that drink causes insanity. It has also been argued in favor of the social glass in the midst of the business maelstrom that it is an oasis in the desert of worry. I do not think either has much to do with the increase or decrease of insanity."

Dr. Moyer advocates country life as the best insanity cure.

"The very fact that people seek the rural districts for recuperation and mental rest speaks in favor of the country for the mentally overworked," said Dr. Moyer. "I see proofs in that in England where insanity is increasing as the agricultural population is becoming urban."

BREACH OF PROMISE.

Anoka, Minn., March 24.—A breach of promise suit for $10,000 has been set for trial on April 27. The principals are Mornia R. Auger and Patrick T. Hoolihan. The plaintiff asserts that Hoolihan promised to marry her on April 20, 1904, but failed to do so. It is said that eight days previous to April 20 she was divorced and could not be married on that date in Minnesota. She is a Minneapolis woman.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Times Bldg., New York.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth.

GORDON Hats are not mere "fair weather" hats, they're made to stand suns and rains.

Gordon

GORDON Hats never look "weather beaten". That's because they're made to wear and hold their shape and color in all sorts of weather. A Gordon Hat wouldn't be a Gordon Hat if it wasn't perfect.

Gordon Hats $3

G. A. R. CONVENTION

At Denver In September to Be Greatest.

Denver, Colo., March 24.—The greatest G. A. R. convention in the history of the country is to be held in Denver in September of this year—greatest particularly in point of attendance. A railroad passenger rate of 1 cent per mile has been made from any part of the United States. More than 250 "Denver, 1905," clubs have been organized in various states of the Union, the members of which, by paying a small amount monthly, will be given transportation to and from Denver, and will have their expenses paid during G. A. R. week in September. Railroads, G. A. R. posts and special convention committees in every city in the United States are talking about Denver, with the result that this city will unquestionably entertain more than 250,000 tourists within the next six months.

There will be 125,000 persons in attendance at the G. A. R. convention from Sept. 4 to 9. The state will appropriate $25,000 for their entertainment. The National Epworth league convention early in July will bring 30,000 persons to the city. Twelve thousand will be present at the annual gathering of the National Order of Eagles in August. The Festival of Mountain and Plain, at the time of the G. A. R. convention, will attract 50,000. The National Electric Light association will bring 6,000. The regular annual influx of summer tourists amounts to 75,000 persons in itself.

These figures are authentic. The railroads of the country are preparing for this amount of traffic. Rates approximating 1 cent per mile will be in force through most of the summer. One Eastern railroad has made arrangements for 500 extra coaches to care for the G. A. R. traffic alone. All special trains will be run through from New York and Boston to Denver without change. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railway and just received twenty-five new locomotives to assist in caring for its Western traffice this season. Arrangements have already been made by various railroads for nearly 600 special trains to Denver.

THE COLONEL'S WATERLOO.

Colonel John M. Fuller, of Honey Grove, Texas, nearly met his Waterloo, from Liver and Kidney trouble. In a recent letter, he says: "I was nearly dead, of these complaints, and, although I tried my family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50c bottle of your great Electric Bitters, which cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Sold, and guaranteed to cure, Dyspepsia, Biliousness and Kidney Disease, by all druggists, at 50c a bottle.

MANY TRAGEDIES

Follow a Famous Murder Trial In Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 24.—The hard hand of justice, long defrauded of her rights, seems to have descended with awful force on everybody connected with the Scofield murder case. It has taken almost six years to bring Charles Thomas to a conviction of murder, but from the moment of his conviction tragedies have been occurring almost daily.

Thomas' aged father was at home ill when the verdict was returned. The news of his son's guilt was an awful shock to him, and he has hovered between life and death since. His death is almost certain, as a result of the shock.

The mother of the young man is little better off, while his young wife fainted at the announcement of the verdict, and, though restored to consciousness, had to be helped from the court room, and has been in a condition of utter collapse ever since.

The mother of the murdered girl, after brooding over the sorrow of her daughter's mysterious death for more than five years, had it all brought back to her with quadrupled force during the trial, and she, too, old and broken, has collapsed at her home at Macksburg, and it is doubted whether she will ever get well again.

Fred Hoffman, a restaurant keeper, crazed by his interest in the trial, lost his mind completely and murdered his former wife and then put a bullet through his own brain. There is no doubt whatever that he was driven to insanity by his interest in the trial.

He raved incoherently over it for days together, and threatened to kill the lawyers for the defense, finally starting on the expedition that proved fatal to both himself and his divorced wife.

The end is not even in sight. The state is getting ready for a series of perjury prosecutions against witnesses for the defense; and the next grand jury, it is expected, will indict as an accessory to the murder at least one well-known man who is accused of having helped Thomas remove the body of the dead girl from the Thomas home to the river.

PREACHER SAYS

He Is a Crank and Wants That Peoria Job.

Rev. Lappin of Atlanta, Ill., Sees Chance For Promotion.

Atlanta, Ill., March 24.—If Rev. S. S. Lappin of this place doesn't get the pastorate of Central Christian church at Peoria members of his congregation here proudly say it will not be because he is not qualified for the job.

When the Peoria church recently announced that its next pastor must be a "crank" and a "mixer" Rev. Lappin saw his opportunity for promotion. He immediately applied for the job, saying he would bring proof to show he was both, and that he was also an evangelist, a lodge member and under 35 years of age.

At Atlanta it is said that Rev. Mr. Lappin is exactly the sort of preacher he describes himself as being. He has been at the head of the Atlanta church four years, and during that time its membership has doubled. This, too, in a town that has the same population, within eight or ten, that it had 50 years ago. Atlanta also has the same number of churches it had half a century ago, and it did have until last spring, the same number of saloons.

Rev. Mr. Lappin's activity in the anti-saloon war, which led to Atlanta going "dry" by a majority of twenty-nine votes at the last municipal election, is the only cloud on his popularity. He has taken an active interest in civic conditions, and believe that to be as much the duty of a minister as preaching. He is also of the advanced type of pastor, who believes in discussing political questions with his congregations.

"I do not mean partisan politics," said Mr. Lappin, "but I do discuss questions of moment to the country and the municipality. I tell my audiences what I believe to be the right side of the question which is up for consideration and I do not hesitate to advocate from the pulpit the election of an official who I believe will best conserve the interests of the public. Neither do I hesitate to advocate the defeat of a political candidate whom I believe to be incompetent or unworthy.

"I often tell my congregation that if they will let me preach as I chose and not undertake to hamper me with criticism or restrictions I will not meddle with their way of living. We have members of our congregation who like to dance. I tell them to go ahead and dance if they want to, but I urge them to come and hear me preach."

The fact that the Christian church of Atlanta has as large a membership as the other three churches of the little city combined indicates that its pastor's freedom of speech has not been ineffective. He is decidedly popular.

Another thing that indicates that he fills the qualifications demanded at Peoria is the large and active male membership of his church. He inclines to the lines of the institutional church and takes an exceptionally lively interest in the welfare of the boys of the town. Among many other clubs connected with the church work, including five women's and girls' clubs and one men's club just organized, he has a boys' club, composed of about 35 boys of 12 to 14 years of age.

To these boys the preacher has made himself a companion. He superintends their physical development in a gymnasium, which occupies the third floor of the commodious new parsonage, which his church has just completed. In this gymnasium much paraphernalia has been installed, including boxing gloves. The boys are taught to handle the gloves scientifically, the pastor of the church being their instructor.

From the membership of the Boys' club has been selected an orchestra of fourteen pieces, that is attracting much attention in Atlanta. This orchestra goes with Mr. Lappin on Chautauqua and other lecture engagements.

In addition to a close attention to their physical development, this "crank" preacher who moves things has taken up the matter of educating his boys in matters which, from false modesty, boys are usually compelled to remain in ignorance until they discover through channels that usually make for immorality. He tells them frankly the secrets of life, so often withheld by parents. He reads to them from books dealing with these subjects. His work is felt in the entire community, and he has growing up around him a company of boys of whom he, as well as their parents and the town, is proud.

Rev. Mr. Lappin has organized a stock company, issuing stock certificates in the usual way. In this manner a native missionary and his wife are being educated and provided for.

The Christian church building at Atlanta is connected with several events of historical interest to the Christian church. Alexander Campbell, the founder of the church, preached there fifty years ago in the main portion of the present building, which has been enlarged by the addition of two wings. In the same building was also held the famous Burgess-Burroughs debate, which occurred in early days and attracted wide attention at the time Spiritualism was a new belief. Spiritualism was the theme of discussion, and the debate drew men of prominence from as far as Kentucky, Indiana and Ohio.

Bargains Bargains Bargains

ANOTHER BIG SATURDAY AT THE EAGLE!

Wise Buyers Will Be Here Tomorrow.

Prices Lower Than Ever for Tomorrow!

Carpenters are now busy making alterations in our store. They have been busy all the week and still the crowds keep coming. We must have more room! We must sell! Prices are positively no consideration in this sale. Remember, our entire reserve and new Spring stock of high-grade clothing included in this sale. Don't miss it.

Men's Clothing at Prices the Lowest Ever Known in the Northwest.

NEW SPRING OVERCOATS, NEW SPRING SUITS, NEW SPRING CRAVENETTE RAINCOATS—all go on sale tomorrow for a fraction of their value. Remember the high character of the garments always handled by this store and read our prices carefully.

PRIESTLEY'S CRAVENETTE COATS, $9.75—These are beautiful and dressy garments for rain or shine. The very highest grade cravenette coat made. We have them—all sizes—positive values $20.00—guaranteed to be strictly waterproof—tomorrow's price $9.75

New Style Spring Suits.

MEN'S AND YOUNG MEN'S BEAUTIFUL, STYLISH, HIGH-GRADE, NEW SPRING SUITS AND OVERCOATS AT UNHEARD-OF PRICES.

We must have the room and will close out 300 hand-tailored Suits and Overcoats—every one sold under a positive guarantee. To see is to buy. Buy one and you will be satisfied with no other.

Suits worth $10.00 and $12.00 go at $5.95

Odd lots of Suits, worth $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00—go at $6.98

Our entire line of Suits worth up to $18.00 are placed on sale at $9.75

We have some Suits worth up to $25 and are equal to regular $45 tailor-made Suits—we place these on sale at. $13.75

New Styles in Spring Overcoats.

Princely garments at beggarly prices.

$15.00 SPRING OVERCOATS GO AT $5.95
$18.00 SPRING OVERCOATS GO AT $9.75

Coats and Vests, 10c on the Dollar.

About 10 more must all go Saturday. Sizes, 34, 35 and 36. The Pants have been burned and we must take radical steps to dispose of the Coats and Vests before the arrival of new spring goods.

Men's Furnishing Goods--Unheard-of Bargains.

Here are prices that will appeal to money savers. Read every item carefully as you will find each and every article in our store waiting for you at the following prices:

BROCKTON SHOES, $1.98—These are recognized as the most stylish and durable $3.50 Shoes—equal to other $5 and $6 shoes—about 250 pairs, made on narrow lasts, will be placed on sale Saturday—your choice, per pair $1.98

25c WOOL HOSE, 9c—All you want of them—good 25c value—supply yourself for a time to come, fire sale price—per pair 9c

$1.00, 75c and 50c NECKWEAR, 29c—Saturday morning we place on sale every necktie in the house—thousands of the richest and most beautiful silks—all styles—remember, your choice of any tie in the house 29c

$2.50 COOPER'S UNDERWEAR, $1.19—Just before our fire we secured a great snap—two full cases of this famous underwear—retailed all over the United States for $5 a suit—and we must now make a secrifice of the entire lot—per garment $1.19

NOTE—Tsese will go fast.

$3.00 PANTS, $1.89—Positively the best and most stylish $3 and $2.50 Pants ever brought to Duluth, all sizes—you will buy them on sight at $1.89

MEN'S HATS, 87c—Table bargains, hats worth up to $3.00, at 87c

$1.00 SHIRTS, 59c—$1.00 Standard brand White Shirts, all sizes 59c

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, 6c—pure linen handkerchiefs, worth 20c, for 6c

CLUETT SHIRTS, 59c—All our highest-grade Dress Shirts, will go on sale to make a clean sweep of the entire lot. Shirts worth $2, $1.50 and $1; beautiful patterns, all sizes and colors, at 59c

50c HOSIERY, 17c—Choice of entire stock of our 50c hose, beautiful goods—a wise buyer's opportunity at 17c

$1.50 WOOL UNDERWEAR, 69c — All sizes, shirts and drawers, brought up from our reserve stock—your choice 69c

25c WOOL HOSE, 13c—Best 25c wool hose in the world, fire sale price 13c

$1.00 WORK PANTS, 59c—10 dozen for Saturday's selling—all sizes—regular $1 values, at 59c

$2.00 PANTS, $1.12—Good, strong, durable Pants, desirable patterns, all sizes—fire sale price $1.12

NEW SPRING HATS—Over 1,000 high-grade $3.00 and $3.50 Hats—choice $1.49

SHIRTS, 19c—50 dozen Stiff-bosom Dress Shirts, at 19c

E. & W. COLLARS, 3c—Never before, never again will such an opportunity present itself—we must have the room—your choice Saturday 3c

CHILDREN'S SHOES, 83c—20 dozen Children's $1.50 Shoes, go on sale Saturday morning at, per pair 83c

P. S.—Be on hand early, as there is sure to be a big rush for these shoes.

MEN'S $2.00 SHOES, $1.29—The very best grade of $2 Dress and Working Shoes, at—per pair $1.29

MEN'S $3.50 SHOES, $1.98—All styles—neat and serviceable—stylish, all leathers $1.98

FANCY VESTS—We carry the largest line in the city—swell dressers will appreciate this chance to provide one for less than cost—worth from $2 to $6 each—fire sale price ..... $2.98 to 98c

HATS !—HATS !!—HATS !!!— $2.19 for hats worth up to $4—the best makes of hats in the world and every one guaranteed a new spring style $2.19

THE EAGLE FIRE, SMOKE & WATER SALE

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING TILL 11.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

321 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENING TILL 11.

BRUTALITY IN GERMAN ARMY

Privates Afraid to Testify, But Sergeant Is Convicted.

Berlin, March 24.—Dreadful revelations of the brutality of non-commissioned officers in the German army have recently come to hand as the result of a court of inquiry just held in Berlin. The fear of the recruits was such that it was almost impossible to get the men to testify against their superior officers.

Sergt. Kubal of the second squadron of the First Dragoon guard was arraigned on a charge of cruelty to his men, and Trooper Frohlich on a charge of breach of discipline.

At a parade the order was given that all the men should appear with their names sewn in their collars. The recruit Frohlich had been unable to get his name sewn in his collar and appeared on parade without it. Kubal flew into a rage and gave the unfortunate recruit a blow on the ear, and then took a saddlegirth of leather with iron buckles and administered a terrible beating upon the neck and shoulders of the man.

During this treatment the recruit, speaking in the respectful manner of soldiers to their superiors, said: "You have no right to hit me so, sir." The sergeant became so enraged at this that he started to beat the man again, and the wretched creature was carried away to the doctor, bleeding from a number of deep wounds in the neck.

Because of Frohlich's remark to his sergeant he was charged with insubordination.

The witness, standing next to Frohlich upon the occasion in question, would not admit he had seen anything but the box on the ear, but when the sergeant was withdrawn from the court he admitted he had "heard" blows, and eventually testified that he and others were often brutally beaten by Kubal. The counsel for the defense of Frohlich then pointed out to the court that all the men were so terrified of their sergeant that they were afraid to report even the most brutal treatment. The military court found Kubal guilty of cruelty and sentenced him to five weeks' "open arrest," that is, punishment which involves no imprisonment, but only a curtailment of privileges. Frohlich was acquitted.

CLAIM ON LAND

Bassed On Terms of An Indian Treaty.

Fort Smith, Ark., March 24.—Mayor Kupin of this city has been notified by Rev. W. A. Duncan that the latter claims ownership of a tract of ten acres along the Arkansas river which is now inside the city limits and has a value of many thousand dollars, several large manufacturing plants being located on the land in question.

The claim is based on provisions of an old treaty between the United States and the Indians, and involves the question as to the correct boundaries of the Cherokee and Choctaw nations.

In a letter from the Interior Department concerning the matter, the acting commissionor states that similar claims have been before the department before and decided adversely. Prominent authorities here say that Rev. Duncan's claim need cause either the city or the occupants of the land any anxiety.

BRITISH

Parliament Moved By Very Foolish Sallies.

London, March 24.—In the imaginary house of commons, which takes the place of the real in the minds of those unacquainted with it, members of the house are very rational, very cool, very superior persons. In the realm of fact the house of commons is like any other public meeting—just a great mob ready to be easily moved to tears or laughter, and, above all, to the wild fighting spirit of partisanship.

Some of the hits which tell most in the house of commons would not pass muster even in a Christmas pantomine; but you can see the house of commons rocking with laughter when one of these hits is made.

Mr. Balfour was never more completely master of his own party than he was on the opening night of the session. Interruption, angry or frivolous, from his opponents only seemed to help him. In fact, he almost angled for the fray, and then with his ready mind and quick tongue he always gave back some response which seemed to bewilder and confuse his opponents and which worked his friends into spasms of enthusiastic approval.

UP-TO-DATE ANNEX

For the Representatives at Washington Planned.

Washington, March 24—Bids are being considered for the new annex to the house of representatives, which will in reality be the business office of that body of congress. The specifications were drawn on the lines of plans made by Superintendent Woods, and call for the completion of the building within two years from the letting of the contract.

The main entrance to the annex will be at the corner of New Jersey avenue and E street, directly opposite the house wing of the capitol building. The general exterior style of the building will conform with those of the historic structure opposite, though the interior is laid out on strictly modern plans.

The building is of triangular shape, with a court in the center of the immense building, where it is proposed to plant tropical foliage, which will give the place a most attractive appearance.

To provide for the meetings of the different committees large rooms are laid out in the new building, so that when important hearings of committees are held there will be no more complaint that there is not enough space to accommodate those who would like to hear the debate on measures of importance which are being considered.

Each congressman will have a separate room for the use of himself, 480 being mapped out in the design. They will be comfortably fitted, but not with the splendor which has been pictured by some who are uninformed.

Throughout the buildings there will be plenty of light and fresh air, the general scheme being a radical departure from the old lines, wherein comfort gave way to the appearance of massive solidity.

RAISE BIG SNAKES.

Reptiles Profitable Crop to Have on Ranches.

Brownsville, Tex., March 24—The rattlesnake industry has fairly opened with the coming of spring. The other morning, as the northbound St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexican train pulled out, W. E. Ritz, the express messenger, had committed to his care and keeping three crates of the venomous reptiles, consigned to the snake oil factory in San Antonio.

The weights of the three crates were given on the waybill as follows, 120, 35 and 50 pounds. The snake in his skin, and he must be alive, yields the captor 25 cents per pound. Thus it will be seen that th traffic in snakes is no insignificant item to the "Mexicana" who feels rich when he drops two or three dollars into his jeans pocket. In fact, it is said that the Mexicans along the lower valley of the Rio Grande feel no little irritation over what they regard as the reckless, destructive and wasteful tendencies and proclivities manifested by the Americanos in killing and leaving as food for vultures and carrion crows a reptile so valuable as a noble rattler that would weigh from 15 to 25 pounds. The value of such a snake which would fry out about 20 ounces of oil, which is worth $1.50 to $2.50 per ounce, in the treatment of tuberculosis, asthma and many other diseases, is easily calculated.

The hide, when properly tanned, makes fine purses, slippers, belts, hat bands, etc., and is worth from $3.50 to $3.75, according to the size and the job of dressing. The cracklings, it is said, are worth 25 cents per pound, and are used in making the rarest and choicest soups, chowders and salads, such as wealthy connoisseurs like to have spread before them. It requires but little figuring to show that a first-class snake ranch is more valuable than a cattle ranch, because the raising of the snakes requires no care, expense and attention whatever.

The Mexicans say the rattlers are harmless, if you keep away from them, and they never strike unless you touch them or step near enough to them to endanger their rattles, of which appendage the monster is thought to be very proud and jealous. It is stated that a strong delegation from the Rio Grande will likely visit Austin quite soon to get the legislature to protect snakes by law the same as certain game birds and animals are protected. The Texas Mexican citizenship now feels that this important interest to them should be protected in order that they might find means of saving their voting privileges under the Terrell poll tax law.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

To draw the fire out of a burn, or heal a cut without leaving a scar, use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A specific for piles. Get the genuine. J. L. Tucker, editor of the Harmonizer, Centre, Ala., writes: "I have used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve in my family for Piles, cuts and burns. It is the best salve on the market. Every family should keep it on hand." Sold by all druggists.

ROYAL GHOST

Is Seen at the Windsor Castle Library.

London, March 24.—Very few of the countless visitors to Windsor Castle have the privilege of penetrating to the long labrary whose windows overlook the terrace, and command one of the fairest view in England of wood, river and fertile plain. Those who have the entree there will possibly hear from the ever-courtous custodian of the king's books that in the building now devoted to the library were formerly the apartments assigned to the queen's consort. Henry III.'s successive wives once occupied them, and it is said that the female servants of the castle, who now inhabit part of the same building, hear at night mysterious movements and sometimes strange cries, which they attribute to one or other of those unhappy royal ladies of long ago.

I have myself heard from an officer in the guards the story of one of his comrades who was quartered at Windsor a few years ago, and was one day seated in a window recess of the library, perusing nothing more ghostly than a county history—a department in which the royal collection is particularly rich. A sudden consciousness that someone was standing close behind him caused him to look hastily round, and there, bending over his shoulder, and apparently interested in the big volume before him, was—Queen Elizabeth! hoop, ruff, farthingale, high-heeled shoes and all. This was in board daylight on a summer afternoon.

A HOPELESS FIGHT

It is as impossible to conquer the king of diseases—Contagious Blood Poison—with Mercury and Potash as it would be to conquer the king of the forest in a hand-to-hand encounter, as thousands who have had their health ruined and lives blighted through the use of these minerals will testify. They took the treatment faithfully, only to find when it was left off, the disease returned with more power, combined with the awful effects of these minerals, such as mercurial rheumatism, necrosis of the bones, salivation, inflammation of the stomach and bowels, etc. When the virus of Contagious Blood Poison enters the blood it quickly contaminates every drop of that vital fluid, and every muscle, nerve, tissue and bone becomes affected, and soon the foul symptoms of sore mouth and throat, copper-colored blotches, falling hair and eyebrows, swollen glands, sores, etc., make their appearance. Mercury and Potash can only cover up these evidences for awhile; they cannot cure the disease. S. S. S. has for many years been recognized as a specific for Contagious Blood Poison—a perfect antidote for the deadly virus that is so far-reaching in its effects on the system. S. S. S. does not hide or mask the disease, but so thoroughly and completely cures it that no signs are ever seen again. S. S. S. while eradicating the poison of the disease will drive out any effects of harmful mineral treatment. A reward of $1,000.00 is offered for proof that S. S. S. contains a mineral ingredient of any kind. Treatise with instructions for home treatment and any advice wished, without charge.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ONE DOLLAR HUMOR CURE

Complete local and constitutional treatment for every humour, from pimples to scrofula, from infancy to age, consisting of

CUTICURA SOAP

to cleanse, Cuticura Ointment to heal, and Cuticura Pills to cool the blood, may now be had of all druggists for One Dollar. A single set is often sufficient to cure.

The Set $1.00

WHEN IN TROUBLE WITH KIDNEYS, BOWELS, LIVER, BLADDER, TAKE WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS, THEY COST LITTLE. THEY PERFORM MIRACLES.

They do four things where other pills do one.

For Sale by all Druggists.

STARCH FACTORY

To Be Started By Farmers At Rush City.

Rush City, Minn., March 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—A largely attended meeting of the farmers of Northern Chisago was held here this week to discuss plans for the construction of a starch factory. Twenty thousand dollars will be subscribed in stock, and a committee has been appointed to place the stock. The factory will be owned entirely by the farmers and will be the largest one in Minnesota.

"One Price, and that right, at Ericson's."

Swell Spring Suits and Top Coats

The finest productions of the best manufacturers in America are gathered here this season. The young man desiring the extreme in style, and the older and more conservative dresser will find their needs met fully and economically at Ericson's. There's no better Clothing in the Northwest.

New Suits.

Single and double breasted, in all fashionable materials, extra values at

$10, $15 and $18

To the very finest at $30.00.

Top Coats

In coverts and the new mixed tweed effects. Popular prices—

$8.50, $10, $12 and $15

New Spring Hats. New Gloves. New Shirts. New Neckwear.

Your money cheerfully refunded if you are not thoroughly satisfied with your purchase.

CHAS. W. ERICSON

Clothier, Hatter, Furnisher. 219 W. Sup. St.

BRIDGE IS READY

Car Will Start Its Regular Trips Monday Morning.

Test With Load of Scrap Iron Proves Successful.

Duluth's aerial ferry bridge is now complete and ready for operation, and will probably be running regularly Monday morning.

Several trips were made by the car this morning. The city officials and several of the aldermen were present and went across the canal and back. The trip across was made in 1 minute and 40 seconds, and the return journey was made in 1 minute and 52 seconds. The car ran smoothly and the trip was without incident.

Several tests of the car were also made by the engineers, so that there may be no danger of accident when the bridge is thrown open to the public, Monday morning. The car was loaded with several tons of old iron and lumber, which was carried across and back. The weight of the iron was greater than any load that the bridge is liekly to be called upon to carry, at least until street cars are taken across. As far as the engineers could see the heavy load made no difference in the running of the car.

Starting Monday morning, the bridge will be operated by the Modern Steel Structural company for a period of thirty days. It must then be accepted by the engineer before the remaining $55,000 is paid over, and before the control of the bridge is assumed by the board of public works. J. K. Lowry, who has had charge of the construction work, will remain in the city and oversee the operation of the bridge for the thirty days, or until he is satisfied that everything is running smoothly.

In the meantime the city will employ a competent man to operate the car, and will have him work for a few days under the instruction of the bridge company's superintendent, in order that he may become familiar with the mechanism of the bridge.

NEW YORK BRIDE

Declines to Receive Any Wedding Presents.

New York, March 24.—Mrs. Robert P. Lister, who was married Wednesday to Edward Hugo Colell, declined all wedding presents. The wedding invitations bore the unusual legend, "Presents respectfully declined."

The bride divorced Robert Lister, a millionaire and recently received a large settlement for her alimony claims.

Mrs. Colell's unwillingness to receive presents was prompted by her idea that these gifts were unnecessary.

"It is a farce for acquaintances to give presents to a bride, and I have always thought so," she said. "It may be a bit unusual to express these opinions on invitations, but I have the courage of my convictions."

A BIG SUCCESS.

The New Store has opened and is already a success. Our first week's business shows most plainly that the people believe in a Store with up-to-date methods and will patronize it.

Come right in---Choose all your Spring Clothing here. Put it on and wear it---and pay while you wear in small payments, weekly or monthly.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes Man, Woman, Child

Remember we are the largest Credit Clothiers in the world, and manufacturing as we do most of our Clothing we can sell direct to the consumer on easy terms at prices lower than any cash store.

OUR FORMAL OPENING

Takes place

Tuesday, March 28

All are Welcome!

Come and see the splendid exhibition of Fascinating Styles in Splendid Spring Wearing Apparel for Men, Women and Children

Men's Spring Suits	$7.00 up	Ladies' Spring Suits	$10.00 up
Boys' Spring Suits	2.50 up	Ladies' Spring Coats	6.00 up
Men's Raincoats	8.00 up	Ladies' Raincoats	8.00 up
Men's Hats	1.50 up	Ladies' Silk Skirts	6.00 up
Men's Shoes	1.75 up	Ladies' Walking Skirts	3.00 up
Children's Suits	2.00 up	Ladies' Trimmed Hats	2.00 up
Boys' Shoes	1.25 up	Ladies' Shoes	1.75 up

MENTER & ROSENBLOOM CO. 201 W. SUPERIOR ST. "UPSTAIRS."

NOT DEAD YET

Warren Brothers' Litigation Against City Will Be Revived.

Notice Is Given of Intention to File New Suit.

Claiming that the proceedings against the city for patent infringement have not been dropped, but that a new suit will be immediately filed and pushed to an early trial, Stearns & Hunter, the local attorneys for Warren Brothers, the paveing contractors, have sent a communication to Mayor Cullum, taking exception to certain statements he made in his annual message to the council.

In his message, Mayor Cullum stated the fact that the time for taking testimony in the old suit had expired, and that from this fact it might appear that the Warren Brothers intended to drop legal proceedings. The attorneys, however, in their communication state that this is not the case, and that complaints in a new suit are already being prepared and will be filed at an early date. This will reopen the whole question of the city's right to lay macadam pavements, and will settle the question as to whether the Warren Brothers have the sole right to lay this pavement under their patent covering "bituminous macadam."

The letter to the mayor is as follows: "Referring to the statement in your recent message to the incoming council stating that Warren Brothers had failed to take testimony in their pending suits against the city for infringement of patents covering mixing plants and road construction and were therefore in default, we wish to say that no inference should be drawn by the city that Warren Brothers intend to abandon their litigation. As the situation developed after the filing of these suits it became very doubtful as to the ownership of the mixing plant and circumstances made advisable some delay and the making of the contractor a party to the suit. We are advised today that Warren Brothers are having prepared by their patent attorneys in Boston, new bills of complaint covering the questions involved in the former suits with additional parties defendant and that these bills will be promptly filed and the litigation pressed to a speedy conclusion."

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Charles L. Hyde, applicant to have registered the land situated in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota and described as follows:

Lot eight, block ninety-three, Portland Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, now on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county. Plaintiff,

vs.

Louis S. Loeb, Frans Berggren, Oscar Fleer, Richard Fleer, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.

By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, March-21-21-April-7-1905.

The Last Game!

AT ARMORY

FRIDAY NIGHT, MARCH 24.

Co. C vs. Third Regiment Band for Championship of League.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

A Delta County Woman Is Killed In a Runaway.

Fayette—Mrs. Lemke, wife of Henry Lemke, a well-known farmer living near Fayette, Delta county, was killed in a runaway accident. The runaway occurred while Mr. and Mrs. Lemke were riding upon a loaded sleigh. The team had started down a hill with the load when the sleigh ran forward upon the horses, frightening them. The sleigh was turned over and the load, which consisted of grain and sundry articles, was piled upon Mrs. Lemke. Mr. Lemke pursued the fleeing team, and when he returned found his wife dead beneath the overturned sleigh box. The accident, it is believed, might have been prevented had the horses been harnessed with hold-back straps. Mrs. Lemke was over 60 years of age, and had been a resident of Delta county for thirty-five years.

Menominee—Madame Uburt, clairvoyant, has been arrested at Menominee on the charge of having been the woman with the black fascinator over her head, who sent a message signed "Black Hand" to Artemus Wells, and who was seen standing at the corner of Mr. Wells' house, apparently waiting for the $1,000 which the note had comanded Mr. Wells to leave there under pain of death.

A doe, about 2 years old, was caught the other evening in the Finntown yard, Menominee. It had been seen for a number of weeks in neighboring woods, and was finally pursued by dogs, with the result that it sought protection in the settlement. The deer ran into a fence while trying to escape the dogs, severely injuring a shoulder. The hurt was tended to, however, and the deer placed in a barn. The deputy game warden was notified, and as the animal was too badly injured to permit of its being turned loose, he had to write his superior for instructions.

St. Ignace—While conversing with a party of friends, Former County Surveyor Byron E. Cubley of St. Ignace was stricken with an attack of heart failure and expired almost instantly. He was born in Vermont in 1846, served in the army throughout the Civil war and had been a resident of St. Ignace since 1878. A wife and children survive him.

Powers—The verdict in the inquest in the case of Antone Beyers, killed recently at Powers, was a departure from the usual finding, in that the railroad company was blamed, the verdict being as follows: "That Antone Beyers came to his death while in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company, while uncoupling two cars, on March 11, 1905, at about 8 o'clock a. m., and that his head was crushed between the cars, causing almost immediate death, and that the said Chicago & Northwestern Railroad company was responsible for the death of the said Antone Beyers."

SUNDAY BAND CONCERT.

Violinist and Dialect Reader Special Attractions.

Flaaten's Third Regiment band will be re-inforced at next Sunday night's concert by Charles Dexter Ostergren, violin soloist, and Miss Agnes Poirier, dialect reader. Mr. Ostergren is regarded as one of the most accomplished young musicians of the city and his recitals in the past have afforded much pleasure to the music lovers of Duluth and the Northwest.

Miss Poirier has mastered the difficult French-Canadian dialect which affords so much opportunity of elocutionists. She has appeared several times in the city for the benefit of local institutions and has always received marked praise from her auditors. Drummond's "The Stovepipe Hole," a French Canadian dialect selection that affords splendid opportunity to display her talents, has been chosen by Miss Poirier for next Sunday evening.

Director Flaaten is to offer an exceptionally good program for this week's concert. At least one work of a local composer will be included by Mr. Flaaten, who has decided to advance Duluth's reputation as the home of composers by including their selection each week. The program, which will be of the varied nature so characteristic of Flaaten concerts will embrace not only several classical selections for the students of music, but also some of the lighter variety for those who enjoy a quick march or medley of popular selections.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointments never falls.

LOEB USED ACID

To Produce Life In Sea Urchin Eggs.

San Francisco, Cal., March 24.—Prof. Jacques Loeb has discovered in producing artificial life by fertilizing the eggs of the sea urchin that they were best fertilized by the use of acestic acid or vinegar or formaic acid, followed by common salt.

Large number of sea urchin larvae, normal and healthy can be produced from eggs by purely chemical and physical means. Many students of hereditary have long been looking for means of raising animals in large enough numbers for experiments, which should possess the hereditary characters of one parent only.

Detailed comparisons of such individuals with those which derive their characters from both parents will lead to results in the field of heredity of far reaching importance.

MINISTER IS ACCUSED.

Rock Rapids, Iowa, March 24.—Rev. Gustav A. Schmidt, the German Lutheran minister here, was served with a notice by his wife, Regina Schmidt, of a writ of attachment upon his goods and a suit for divorce. She charges him with cruelty, saying he threw her against a hot stove, causing painful injuries; struck her on the head with a cupboard door; spread slanderous stories about her, and was continually nagging her in the presence of others.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never falls. At any drug store.

FIRE, WATER AND SMOKE SALE!

Our $15,000 stock, consisting of high grade Clothing, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings, was slightly damaged by the fire last Thursday, the 16th. We have decided to remodel the building and MUST RAISE MONEY. Here is your opportunity to get a fine suit of clothes or a spring overcoat—in fact, anything in the line of clothes at remarkably low prices.

THIS IS A RELIABLE FIRE SALE and we want to close out our entire stock and we will sell goods at prices that will appeal to you. Just a few of our bargains for tomorrow:

READ THEM AND SAVE MONEY.

Furnishings.

1,000 pairs Suspenders, regular price from 25c to 50c—tomorrow..... **10c**

50 dozen Men's Spring Working Shirts, worth $1.00—tomorrow..... **37c**

Pants! Pants! Pants!

Good, heavy Working—easily worth $1.50—tomorrow **87c**

Fine Pants, worth from $2.50 to $3.00—tomorrow **$1.69**

Underwear.

Fine light wool Underwear — just the thing for spring — a trifle smoked up; worth $2.50 a suit—tomorrow, each **16c**

Hats! Hats! Hats!

All styles and shapes and all descriptions; not damaged—boxes just a little smoked up. Going at prices that will make you buy.

Suits! Suits! Suits! At a Sacrifice!

We carry only high-grade suits of the latest styles and patterns. We are going to sell them and these are the prices that will do it.

All suits worth from $15 up to $20—fire sale price... **$10.35**

Fine, stylish suits, always sold at our store for $10.00 (and we sell cheap)—fire sale price..... **$4.95**

Suits—former price $17.50 to $25.00—fire sale price..... **$14.25**

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!

We have 2,000 pairs of fine, high-grade Shoes—working shoes, Sunday shoes, everyday shoes and shoes for all occasions. The boxes are not even damaged, but they go at fire sale prices just the same. It will be worth your while to come in and examine them.

Never will such an opportunity be offered the citizens of Duluth to buy shoes at such wonderfully low prices.

Socks—good, fine, light wool; regular value 10c—tomorrow **4c**

Gloves of all descriptions and every kind—prices that sell.

Musical instruments — not the cheap kind, but some of the best instruments at the Head of the Lakes. No damaged, **but going at 33c on the dollar just the same.**

Remember, the goods are not badly damaged, but slightly smoked up — hardly noticeable. The place, you know, is reliable.

Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co.

16 West Superior Street.

National Clothing and Shoe Co. | **National Clothing and Shoe Co.** | **National Clothing and Shoe Co.**

STORE FOR RENT Apply to J. D. Howard & Co.

Going Out of Business

Store Fixtures for Sale

Forced out of business on account of high rent. We must vacate out store by May 1st, and are compelled to sacrifice our entire stock and fixtures at prices that will meet the purse of every buyer in Duluth. Mark what we say—we are positively going out of the CLOTHING BUSINESS and must vacate our store May 1st. Don't miss this opportunity. Come early and take advantage of this great "FORCED-TO-VACATE SALE!" Startling bargains await you.

$35,000 Stock to Be Sacrificed At Once

You will have an opportunity to buy MEN'S, BOYS' AND LITTLE GENTS' CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, SHOES AND MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS at surprisingly low prices. The cost has not been considered, we know we must give up our store May 1st, and we know that in order to dispose of this great stock we must make a big sacrifice, and that means a saving of many dollars to you. Note the unparalleled selling prices we quote below—you can rest assured that we would not sell goods at these prices if we were not compelled to vacate our store and retire from the clothing business. STORE OPEN EVENINGS.

Sale Opens Saturday Morning, March 25, 8 o'clock

Suits. Suits.

MEN'S SUITS—former price $8 and $10; sale price only.. **$3.48**

MEN'S SUITS—former price $10.50, $12.50 and $13.50—sale price only..... **$4.98**

MEN'S SUITS—both single and double-breasted styles; rich warm mixed effects—former price $12.50, $13.50 and $15—sale price..... **$7.48**

MEN'S SUITS—black Washington clay—22-ounce English Meltons and smooth finish, cashmere, former price $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00—sale price—only..... **$9.48**

MEN'S SUITS—of famous Kohn Bros.' hand tailored union made Suits, rich brown, gray and black mixtures predominate; they are made in the best fall fashion, representing the highest class tailoring, the most famous makers; former price $18.00, $19.00, $20.00 and $22.50—sale price..... **$12.48**

300 YOUNG MEN'S SUITS in novelty patterns, black and blue, well made; were $10—go now at. **$4.75**

YOUNG MEN'S SPRING TOP COATS—60 of the newest shades in English coverts and whipcords, silk and serge lined, and Skinner's satin sleeves—all small sizes—will fit small sized men—worth $15, $18 and $20—go now at, your choice..... **$6.50**

Overcoats.

MEN'S OVERCOATS—blue, black and Oxfords, regular price $8.00, $10 and $12.50; sale price... **$3.48**

MEN'S OVERCOATS—always sold for $12.50 and $13.50—sale price..... **$5.48**

MEN'S OVERCOATS—Schloss Bros.' make, full length, up-to-date styles, all wool—Irish Frieze, Thibbets and Tweeds, former price $13.50, $15 and $16.50—sale price..... **$7.98**

MEN'S OVERCOATS—both fall and winter weight, in the very newest style for 1905—former price $15, $16.50 and $20—sale price..... **$9.98**

MEN'S OVERCOATS—worth up to $30, with or without belts, during this sale, while they last they go at..... **$13.75**

Men's Underwear

LOT 1—MEN'S UNDERWEAR—in wool, cotton and heavy fleece-lined—go now at..... **39c**

89 dozen Men's Balbriggan Underwear—75c kind, go now at.... **39c**

Men's extra fine Silk Underwear—summer weight, worth $2.50 each—go now at..... **89c**

LOT 2—Men's heavy weight, all-wool ribbed Underwear—regular price $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per suit—sale price—per garment..... **68c**

LOT 3—Consists of the very finest all-wool Eagle brand Men's Underwear, worth $3.50 per suit—sale price—per garment..... **96c**

LOT 4—Cooper's Derby Ribbed, all-wool Men's Underwear, in natural gray and flesh color, label on each garment to guarantee quality, regular price $5.00 per suit—sale price, per garment..... **$1.38**

Our entire stock of fine Wool Underwear, from the best mills in this country—all go at HALF PRICE.

Men's Fine Trousers

Remember we carry a large assortment of Pants of the best makes—come quick as they will not last long at these pices.

$1.34 for $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 pants—sale price..... **$1.34**

SWEATERS.

Men's all-wool Sweaters, in navy blue, Oxfords, maroon and white, regular price $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50—sale price..... **96c**

Men's heavy all-wool Sweaters, the best ever produced by American mills, in all colors and sizes, regular price $2.50, $3.00 and $4.00—sale price..... **$1.64**

Men's Furnishings.

MEN'S HOSE—all colors, in wool, cashmere and cotton—25c kind, go now at..... **19c**

MEN'S FANCY HOSE—in silk and silk wool—75c and $1.00 kind—go now at..... **39c**

MEN'S COTTON HOSE—in black, brown and red—15c kind, go now at..... **8c**

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS—hemstitched—25c kind, go now at..... **10c**

MEN'S FINE SUSPENDERS—75c kind go now at..... **39c**

MEN'S SUSPENDERS—25c, 35c and 50c kind—go now at..... **19c**

MEN'S MONARCH DRESS SHIRTS—in white and fancy colors—$1.00 kind—go now at..... **69c**

MEN'S FANCY DRESS SHIRTS—in stiff and soft bosom—75c kind, go now at..... **39c**

MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS—50c kind—go now at..... **25c**

MEN'S EXTRA NICE NIGHT GOWNS—$1.50 kind, go now at..... **63c**

SILK INITIAL HANDKERCHIEFS—known to everybody as 25c values—sale price..... **8c**

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS—best quality—regular price 25c, 35c and 50c—sale price..... **9c**

PANTS. PANTS. PANTS.

$1.74 for $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 Pants—sale price..... **$1.74**

$2.24 for $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 Men's Pants—during this sale—the price..... **$2.24**

$3.48 for $4.50, $5.00 and $6.00 Men's Pants—at this sale—the price..... **$3.48**

500 PAIRS PANTS—elegantly tailored, neat patterns, worth $4 to $5—go now at..... **$2.98**

300 pairs Men's fancy stripe Pants, in neat effects, worth $3 to $4—go now at..... **$1.75**

200 pairs men's all-wool Pants, light colors—worth $3.00—go now at..... **$1.40**

MEN'S STYLISH HATS.

A large assortment of $2.50 Hats go at..... **$1.25**

All our soft and stiff Hats, former price $3.00—your choice..... **$1.50**

Your choice of any $4.00 Hat in the store for..... **$2.00**

Shoes.

Our line of Shoes consist of the Famous Sir Knight, Rigeur and Smith Shoes, in patent leather, patent kid, velour calf, vici kid and box calf. You can have your choice of this lot mentioned above at this sale, at—per pair..... **$3.24**

A splendid lot of $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 Men's Shoes—sale price—per pair..... **$1.42**

120 pairs of Men's Shoes, easily worth $2.75, $3.00 and $3.50—sale price, a pair. **$1.72**

150 pairs Men's Slippers, worth $1.00, sale price..... **46c**

Ladies' and Children's Shoes.

175 pairs Children's Shoes, worth from $1.00 up to $2.00 per pair—sale price..... **68c**

200 pairs of Ladies' Shoes, up-to-date styles, worth $2.50, $3 and $3.50, sale price.. **$1.36**

NECKWEAR.

Just received a great line of neckties from Cutter & Crossett, Chicago, Ill. This is the swellest line of neckwear ever shown in Duluth. Reg. price 50c and 75c, at.. **19c**

All our 15c and 25c Collars, in all styles and sizes—go now at..... **8c**

Men's Neckwear—in tecks, four-in-hands and puffs—go now at..... **48c**

Men's Neckwear—75c kind, now go at..... **39c**

Men's Silk Neckwear—50c values—go now at..... **19c**

HATS. HATS.

Big assortment of Derby Hats in the latest styles, regular price $2.50, $3 and $3.50—at.... **$1.43**

Men's Hats, 1905 styles, in the latest Knox and Dunlap blocks, worth from $2.50 to $4, price.. **$1.74**

Men's Hats—our entire stock of new and nobby styles, all go now at half price—$1.00 hats for..... **48c**

National Clothing and Shoe Co.,

307 West Superior Street, Opposite City National Bank.

KANSAS IS READY

For Its Fight on the Great Standard Oil Trust.

Railroad Litigation Started That May Unmask the "System."

Topeka, Kan., March 24.—The fight against the Standard Oil company in Kansas has just begun, so oil men say. The state has laid in its supply of ammunition in the way of new laws, has strengthened its defenses by establishing a state oil refinery, and is about ready to begin cannonading. Kansas had no trouble preparing for the fight. The Standard made no attempt to tamper with the legislature. Whether it refrained on high moral grounds, or because Stubbs had an investigating committee in the field looking for boodlers to expose, and Shawnee county had a grand jury in session, eager to eat up grafters raw, is not known.

As soon as the state has fortified itself and supplied itself with ammunition, it started a skirmish by filing two lawsuits—one against the Santa Fe. The suit against the Standard was filed in the supreme court. It is a proceeding to oust the company from doing business in Kansas because it has not complied with the law by taking out a license to do business in the state as a foreign corporation. All the Standard has to do to beat this suit is to come in and pay about $25,000 for a license.

The suit against the Santa Fe has more significance. Through it the state is trying to break up the system railroads have of pooling interests and giving inside rates or rebates to big concerns like the Standard. The suit was instituted under the anti-trust act, and the Santa Fe was made the defendant, because it was easier to get at its officers and books than to reach the officers and books of the other railroads. So it is not a personal suit against the Santa Fe, but is really directed against all of the roads, although, on the face of things, the Santa Fe is the "marked man."

If the Santa Fe loses the case, all railroad pooling will be broken up and no shipper will be favored with inside rates or rebates, under penalty of having the railroad's charters revoked by the Kansas charter board.

While the suit is directed against the Santa Fe in particular, and all other railroads in general, the real target is the Standard. The state wants to get at the oil trust, and in order to do so, has to go after the railroads.

Much litigation will follow when the state attempts to force the new oil laws recently enacted. The oil producers will back the state up. They have employed Senator P. Dumont Smith and Senator W. S. Fitpatrick to assist the attorney general. Hearst will also keep Monett in the field. Smith and Fitzpatrick led the fight for the oil bills in the legislature. Porter of Montgomery triple-teamed with them.

The state doesn't expect much to come out of the proposed investigation of the Standard Oil by Garfield of the department of corporations. Garfield's report on the "Beef Trust" has disgusted the people of Kansas. They will look to the state for relief; not to Garfield. Governor Hoch asked Roosevelt to employ Monett to help in the investigation, but the request has not been granted.

No legislature of any state ever made such complete arrangements for a fight in so short a time as the Kansas legislature just closed.

On a tour of investigation of the conditions which confront the oil producers of Kansas, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, a well known magazine writer, is spending her time in acquainting herself with the exact status of the producers of this state.

It was largely through her articles showing the methods of the Standard Oil company that the present agitation arose. Many years' study of the problem has made her a recognized authority on the subject and the expression of her ideas is having great weight here

After a preliminary survey of surrounding conditions existing in this field she has the following to say:

"It seems to me that the solution of the problems that confront the Kansas oil producers is a pipe line to the gulf or to the Atlanic seaboard. The state refinery proposition is a very interesting experiment, but I cannot see how it will permanently solve the problems of the producers and make them independent of the Standard Oil company.

"The great problem for Kansas oil producers is to find a market—a competitive market—for their oil. And that involves the transportation problem. The question is how to get to the world's markets as cheaply as possible, and to do that the Kansas producers will have to strike out and do something for themselves. You have too much oil to market it all in the Mississippi valley, and besides there is a great deal of competition here. Kansas should find a market in Europe and the Orient. If you can get your oil to the seaboard you can dispose of it to European concerns which are the competitors of the Standard in the world's markets. One is an English concern and the other is German. They have money with which to compete with the Standard—although they have not the organization the Standard—no other business concern in the country has the organization of the Standard. The only transportation outlet for Kansas oil at present is over the railroads or through the Standard's pipe lines, and railroad rates are prohibitive in competition with the Standard. So it seems to me that the real solution of the transportation problem for the Kansas oil men is a pipe line of their own to the sea."

"You do not think, then, that the state refinery will give the Kansas producers relief from the Standard?" Miss Tarbell was asked.

"I do not see how it can," she replied. "Of course, I do not yet thoroughly understand the situation in Kansas, but suppose you build a state refinery to utilize 2,000 barrels a day of your crude oil—your production is between 25,000 and 30,000 barrels Then it will take a long while to build the refinery and get to running smoothly In five years the refinery will, perhaps, be on a paying basis, but in the meantime the oil producers will have a lot of trouble. It will take an expert to superintend the refinery and skilled labor to look after its operation, which will take time—or it would in other states. Kansas does things with such a rush that this may not perhaps hold good in this instance"

Wherever there's Pain
There is the place for an
Allcock's PLASTER
IT Does Its Work While You Do Yours.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Varicocele and Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a magnetic vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $2.00 per box; 6 boxes, guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

NEW JERSEY GIRLS

Write to Nebraska Governor For Good Husband.

Lincoln, Neb., March 24.—As a result of a story sent out to the Eastern press that he is operating a matrimonial bureau, Governor Mickey has received hundreds of letters from men and women in all parts of the country asking him to assist them in finding helpmeets. Among the missives was this one:

"I saw by the North American that you keep a matrimonial bureau, and thought I would write to see if you could get us each a good husband.

"No. 1—I am 18 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches in height, weigh 150 pounds, dark hair, a blond. Would like to have a good Western man. I can do all kinds of housework and will make a good wife. Am called handsome. Lydia Schelenger, Schelenger Landing, Cape May City, N. J.

"No. 2—I am 18 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches in height, weigh 130 pounds, blond, dark hair, and the boys here call me beautiful. Am looking for a neat young man between 18 and 22 years who would like to get married. Alice Bennett, Madison avenue, Cape May City, N. J.

"P. S.—Please do what you can for us. We are in despair, for the Cape May boys are too slow. They are afraid to get married. We are respectable girls, and looking for respectable young men."

A free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, the fruit Constipation Cure, can be had by simply sending your name to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 207 Third avenue, Rock Island, Ill. If you suffer from constipation, try it. Your druggist sells it. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. Send name today.

APPRAISEMENT

Of Indian Territory Townsites Nearing Completion.

Muskogee, I. T., March 24.—Inspector Wright has announced that the government townsite commission will resume work at once, and that the appraisement of townsites in the Indian Territory will be completed by June 30 of the present year. The townsite commissioners were laid off on Dec. 1, on account of a shortage in the appropriation. The last congress, in the deficiency bill, set aside $10,000 for the completion of the townsite work, which will be available at once.

There are now only fifteen government townsites to be appraised in Indian Territory. Eleven of them are in the Cherokee nation. In the Choctaw nation all the appraisements have been finished except in the towns of Krebs and Halleyville.

The appraisement of the town lots in the government townsite of Sulphur, in the Chickasaw nation, and the winding up of a few minor matters, will complete the task of the townsite commission there.

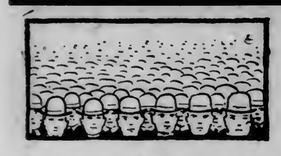
In the Creek nation only one town, Boynton, is yet to be appraised, the plat for that townsite being still in the hands of the interior department awaiting approval.

With the completion of the work of the townsite commission next June no new government townsites will be laid out. A person, railroad or other company or corporation can start a town, as has been done for several months past, where the title of the townsite was secured before it was laid out, by having the allotment alienated in the regular way and securing title to the townsite before selling the lots.

A spring tonic that makes sick people well. Drives out all impurities that collect in your system. A family tonic for the sick and afflicted. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.90, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.



A Great Many Men

LOOK "like Sancho" if you get the wrong hat on them.
The store that handles

McKibbin hats

has just the hat for *any* head—for *your* head.

This is true because in the score or more of new and up-to-date McKibbin styles now being shown there are sure to be one or more shapes that will suit you "to a tee."

$3 Sold Everywhere $3

NEW REPORT IS COMING

Commissioner Garfield Starts Another Investigation of Meat.

Washington, March 24.—Commissioner Garfield, profiting by the criticism that his beef trust report has brought out, has widened the scope of the inquiry and will submit another report to congress on the meat industry of the country that will include the operations of the cattle raisers and the sale of beef and food products by the retailers. Agents are now at work gathering this data, which will also include statistics on the hog and sheep slaughtering branches of the great packers.

Among those who have denounced Mr. Garfield's first report most violently are the cattlemen. His reply to this criticism is an investigation of the cattlemen's methods. Another fact that was disclosed in the original investigation was the high retail price of beef. Whether the packers are alone to blame for this or whether the retailers, taking advantage of the beef trust cry, have not put up the price for their benefit, is a question the commissioner wants cleared up.

This additional information is expected to be in hand when congress meets in the fall, and it will be submitted along with that part of the original report withheld at the request of the department of justice so as not to disclose the evidence it has against the packers for violations of the anti-trust law. Some of these features of the report deal with private car transportation, refrigerating and such things.

Just how carefully this information is guarded will be recognized when it is made known that fifteen secret service men have been sent to Chicago to guard witnesses there who are to testify before the grand jury.

PART OF CREW MISSING.

Tokio, March 24.—A part of the crew of the British steamer Mars, which was wrecked March 17 while attempting to pass through Soya strait en route to Vladivostok, is missing. A lifeboat carrying eight officers was caught in the ice and carried seaward. It is reported that the Japanese rescued a boat with five survivors, and possibly this boat contained the missing officers.

CONSIDER PLANS

Water Commissioners Discuss Proposed Extension of Middle System.

Will Make Detailed Report to Council at Next Meeting.

The water-and light commission, at the meeting held yesterday afternoon, considered the estimate of the cost of furnishing water and gas on the hill district, outlined in Alderman Tessman's resolution in the city council asking the department to make a report on such estimate. The district, or rather the two districts, for which Alderman Tessman requested the estimates, were below Seventh street between Third avenues West and Seventh avenue east, and below Fifth street between Fifth and Seventh avenues west.

The commissioners considered a plan which proposes a combining of the two districts under the "middle system," the water to be supplied from the pumping station at Fifteenth avenue east. To effect this combination it is proposed to extend the 12-inch main already on Sixth street between Second and Tenth avenues east, easterly to the Fifteenth avenue pumping station, and westerly from Second avenue east to Fifth avenue west. It is claimed that the 12-inch main was originally put in with a view of meeting just such a demand as the resolution indicates.

It is the sense of the water department that another reservoir may be necessary on the hill, the logical site for which would be at Fourth avenue west and Seventh street, an elevation of 575 feet. At this point, however, it is probable that a great deal of blasting would have to be done and that, in case a reservoir should be constructed, a location might be chosen where the excavation could be made in earth.

The water commission reserved a more detailed report of the plan to be presented to the council at its next meeting.

An official permit allowing the water department to lay gas and water pipes across the canal to Minnesota point, was received from the United States war department yesterday. The permit bears the signature of Robert S. Oliver, assistant secretary of war.

A test of the new gas engine at the Woodland pumping station shows that it more than meets the guarantee required for it. The engine was guaranteed to develop 50-horse power under a brake test and pump 550 gallons per minute. In actual test it developed 57-horse power and pumped 660 gallons per minute.

MRS. MAYER DIES.

Prominent Floodwood Woman Succumbs to Typhoid Fever.

Mrs. J. B. Mayer of Floodwood died yesterday noon at St. Luke's hospital of typhoid fever with other complications. Her death occurred about ten minutes before her brother, B. H. Hayes, who had been summoned from Hibbing, reached her bedside. Deceased was 34 years of age. She was born in Carlton county, and after her marriage to J. B. Mayer resided in Floodwood, where she was an active member of the Methodist church.

Mrs. Mayer leaves, besides her husband, two children, a mother, Mrs. S. E. Hayes, and two brothers, C. N. Hayes of Hillsboro, N. D., and B. H. Hayes of Hibbing. The remains will be sent to Carlton for interment.

HEALTH OF PUBLIC

One of Most Useful of Government's Auxiliary Branches.

Vitiated Air In the Passenger and Street Cars.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, March 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Government supervision of public health is, practically, a modern institution, and one of the most useful of the auxiliary branches of our government is the department of public health. So quietly has it gone about its work that comparatively few people know of its wide scope or the vast amount of good it has accomplished. The organization of this department is another potent evidence of the advance of civilization. Since governments were first instituted, rulers have sought to increase their knowledge of how to kill men, but until within a comparatively recent date they seemingly cared little for knowing how to preserve the lives and health of their subjects.

The United States is not the pioneer in this direction, but it is one of the most progressive, and its researches into the causes of diseases, and how to most readily stamp out their spread and to minimize the danger from them have been wide and thorough. The last report of Surgeon General Walter Wyman of the Marine hospital service, under whose direction the department of public health operates, is a most exhaustive treatise on health matters as they concern the general public.

"On account of our peculiar form of government and the sensitiveness of the individual states, the general government cannot invade the precincts of a state and take direct charge of health matters, but owing to its special opportunities it can investigate more widely and more thoroughly, and thus render valuable aid to state health officers, by furnishing them the results of such investigations, enabling them to work to better advantage. Against the bringing in from other countries of contagious diseases the general government can exercise a most rigid quarantine, but the state authorities must exercise control within the limits of the state.

Every citizen is of value to a state and whatever can be done to preserve the life and health of the citizen is of value to the whole country. The public health department seems to discover the cause of diseases, and the methods by which they are spread from one section of the country to another and then to offer suggestions looking toward the prevention both of the disease and its spread.

It is conceded that one of the methods by which contagious diseases are quickly spread over large sections of the country is the stream of travel constantly passing from one section to another. This has turned the attention of health officers to the sanitary condition of railway passenger cars, and Surgeon General Wyman, in his report, devotes considerable space to the discussion of this branch of the question.

Railway authorities were the first to begin an investigation looking toward improving the ventilation of passenger cars, but it was with no thought of conducing to the public health, but only to the comfort of the passengers, they being convinced that the more comfortable they could make travelling, the greater would be the volume of travel, and the more profitable would be their investment in railroad property. It was this idea of increasing the comforts of travel that gave birth to the sleeping car, and later to the dining car, then up to the automatic coupler and to the vestibule. It is true railroad officials now claim the adoption of the automatic coupler was a measure of safety for their employes. That was a result, but not the moving cause. sA an evidence of this, witness the fact that it required legislation by congress to force the adoption of safety couplers on freight cars. When traveling was confined to a few hours in a car, all these improved methods for comfort were not important, but now that hundreds spend days in a car they are absolutely a necessity.

One of the first questions confronting railroad authorities was to introduce fresh air into the cars, and at the same time avoid, as far as possible, the annoyance of dust, smoke and cinders. Open car windows readily permitted the ingress of cinders, proving destructive to the clothing of passengers and to the upholstery of the cars, and frequently the smoke and dust would be intolerable. The first device adopted was a "spark-arrester" on the locomotives. This reduced but did not wholly elliminate the trouble. The patent office at Washington contains a large number of devices for car ventilation. The first patent was issued nearly fifty years ago, when railroading was still in its infancy. Nearly all the devices are based upon deflecting the smoke, dust and cinders, while admitting the entrance of pure air and the different shapes and working plans of the deflectors are almost numberless.

When the health authorities began the work of investigation relating to the sanitary condition of the cars it gave a new impetus and a new direction to the trend of inventive thought. The health authorities soon found that there were a number of things so unsanitary, per se, about the cars, especially the sleeping cars, that they at once made many suggestions as to the proper remedy. The investigations now being conducted by the laboratory of the public health department, in connection with the laboratories of several cities and states, is toward determining just how much danger to public health there is in breathing vitiated air in passenger and street cars, and from the carrying of perishable food products in freight cars that are not properly ventilated. The problem now is to find the best method of injecting fresh air, at the same time ejecting the foul or vitiated air, and also without admitting dust, smoke and cinders. In this is contained another problem. The free admission of air from the outside into a rapidly moving car without some means of prevention, is almost certain to cause a draft, a draft produces colds and colds may and frequently do result in some form of permanent disease. According to health officers the great problem then to be solved, is to provide some device by which an abundance of fresh air can be readily admitted into the cars, at the same time ejecting the vitiated air without causing a draft.

Just how far congress can go in enforcing the adoption of improved methods of ventilation, both in passeengr cars and in freight cars used in the transportation of perishable food products, has not been determined, but now that public attention has been awakened by the investigations of the health authorities, it is probable some active steps will be taken at the next session.

Our Boys' Clothes Please All.

The style and fit please the little fellow and the wearing of them more than please the parent. We have the right style of garments for the age and size of your boy.

For the little tot, ages 3 to 8, Russians, Sailors and Norfolks, Knickerbocker or knee pants—$3 to $7.50.

Ages 8 to 16, double-breasted two-piece and three-piece and Norfolks, the latter style with Knickerbocker or knee pants—the season's latest effects from $2.50 to $8.50.

Clothes For the Young Fellows!

Any man, large enough to be called a man and not too old to be careful about his appearance, will find here in this store the right clothes for him, the right fit, style, quality, price; clothes made by **HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX**—and there's nothing better made anywhere.

We confess, though, that we do take some extra pains to have a good assortment of clothes the young fellows want—college, high school, dressy young business men—here's the place where they find the correct thing. You will find **HART, SCHAFFNER & MARX** all wool and no cotton; no mercerized cotton adulterations in them; you'll find our goods just what you want.

All the prevailing fabrics in stylish effects—Suits, Top Coats, dressy Overcoats and Cravenettes, this make, at prices from—

$15 TO $25

Copyright 1905 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

We lead them all for your business clothes at your price. Nowhere in Duluth will you find as extensive an assortment in good wearing suits and overcoats for general use at these prices—

$10 $12 $15

Made of wear-resisting woolens and tailored to keep shape.

Stylish New Hats, Shoes and Furnishings

Now is the time for your new top piece. We show all the new ones in shapes, as well as shades at prices from ---------- **$1.00 to $5.00**

THE KENNEY SPECIAL AT --------$3.00

The new shape toes in all the different leathers. Prices:

$1.50 to $5.00

See our special, "The Anker Brand"----------**$3.50**

Your new spring Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Neckwear waiting for you. Our prices will easily please you. Our $1.00 shirt leads them all.

KENNEY & ANKER,

409-411 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Tumors Conquered Without Operations

Unqualified Success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in Cases of Mrs. Fox and Miss Adams.

One of the greatest triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the conquering of woman's dread enemy, Tumor.

So-called "wandering pains" may come from its early stages, or the presence of danger may be made manifest by excessive menstruation accompanied by unusual pain extending from the ovaries down the groin and thighs.

If you have mysterious pains, if there are indications of inflammation ulceration or displacement, don't wait for time to confirm your fears and go through the horrors of a hospital operation; secure Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound right away and begin its use and write Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Read these strong letters from grateful women who have been cured:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (First Letter.)

"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumor of the Uterus. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation." —Fannie D. Fox, 7 Chestnut St., Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

"Eighteen months ago my monthlies stopped. Shortly after I felt so badly I submitted to a thorough examination by a physician, and was told that I had a tumor on the uterus and would have to undergo an operation.

"I soon after read one of your advertisements and decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. After taking five bottles as directed, the tumor is entirely gone. I have again been examined by the physician and he says I have no signs of a tumor now. It has also brought my monthlies around once more; and I am entirely well. I shall never be without a bottle of Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Another Case of Tumor Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"About three years ago I had intense pain in my stomach, with cramps and raging headaches. The doctor prescribed for me, but finding that I did not get any better he examined me and, to my surprise, declared I had a tumor in the uterus.

"I felt sure that it meant my death warrant, and was very disheartened. I spent hundreds of dollars in doctoring, but the tumor kept growing, till the doctor said that nothing but an operation would save me. Fortunately I corresponded with my aunt in the New England States, who advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before submitting to an operation, and I at once started taking a regular treatment, finding to my great relief that my general health began to improve, and after three months I noticed that the tumor had reduced in size. I kept on taking the Compound, and in ten months it had entirely disappeared without an operation, and using no medicine but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and words fail to express how grateful I am for the good it has done me."—Miss Luella Adams, Colonnade Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

Such unquestionable testimony proves the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and should give confidence and hope to every sick woman.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all ailing women to write to her at Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: a Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"David Harum," also tomorrow afternoon and evening.
METROPOLITAN—"Yon Yonson," also tomorrow afternoon and evening.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—First of week opening Monday, "Buster Brown."
LYCEUM—Tuesday, Paul Gilmore in "The Mummy and the Humming Bird."

"YON YONSON."

Noted Swedish Play Is Given Good Production.

CAST.

Yon Yonson.....David Brattstrom
Amos Jennings.....James C. Mack
John Halloway.....E. Guy Spangler
Gerald Harcourt.....Thomas O'Brien
Hankins .....E. H. Bender
Vanderbilt Botts.....Harry Bond
Wendell Phillipps .....Harry Bond
Mr. McSorley.....Frank Thorndike
Roly .....Hazel Harroun
Grace Jennings .....Violet Holmes
Jennie Morris .....Marguerite Fields
Widow Laflin.....Elizabeth B. Chester

The old favorite, "Yon Yonson," filled the Metropolitan theater to overflowing last evening, when the capable company played the first of a three nights' engagement. All the seats were taken early in the evening, and many men were compelled to stand throughout the performance.

David Brattstrom was in the title role. He looked and acted the part probably better than any of the others who have appeared as the likeable Swede during the thirteen years the production has been before the public. Tall, heavy and slow-going, but with a bright wit and a mind for business, despite his "green" appearance, John brought tears, laughter or applause from his audience during most of his conversations. He also played the violin and sang in a manner which greatly pleased his many admirers.

The support was excellent. The several parts were well taken, the scenery was good, and altogether the performance was as satisfactory a one as it ever was in the past. So well known and popular is the play that it is hardly necessary to say more.

"DAVID HARUM."

The first production of "David Harum" will be made at the Lyceum this evening. The play is divided into three acts and the ascending curtain will show an exterior scene, the location being Homeville, N. Y. David Harum's bank is on one side of the road, Aunt Polly Bixbee's house on the other, and in the background is the big barn which shelters Harum's horses. All of the characters come on quickly, and Harum makes his first appearance as he drives into the barn behind the pesky critter, the bay "hoss." The second act shows the sitting room of Aunt Polly's house on Christmas morning. There are three sides of Harum's character shown. Harry Brown will appear in the title role. A matinee will be given tomorrow as well as an evening performance.

"BUSTER BROWN."

"Buster Brown," which comes to the Metropolitan the first half of next week, is playing the Grand in St. Paul this week. Three performances are being given daily. The first is at 10 o'clock in the morning, and the houses are running above $600 in receipts, playing at popular prices. In the afternoons they run as large or larger, and in the evening the house is not large enough to hold the crowds.

A Delicious Draught

is what a glass or mug of our rich and creamy BOCK BEER is. It comes but once a year, like Christmas, but it is of such exquisite flavor and good body that you wish it could always stay with us. The brewer's treat to lovers of good beer is the Bock that is brewed at Easter. Try it!

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

COMPANY GETS SOME ACREAGE

New Railway Interests Option Fifty-One Acres In Superior.

Options covering fifty-one acres of land in Superior, between Twenty-seventh and Fortieth streets and adjoining Hammond avenue, have been secured by W. R. Gillis, for the Lake Superior & Southeastern road. The consideration is said to be $200 per acre. It is understood that the property is to be secured for car shops and yards.

The negotiations involved in this option are said to be the first that have been made to get any property other than the right of way, in Superior, with the exception of a block at Hammond avenue and Broadway, where it is supposed the depot and freight sheds will be located.

INDIANA MAYOR

Orders the Police to Raid Card Parties.

Richmond, Ind., March 24.—Mayor W. I. Dulin of Noblesville, Ind., in an address delivered to the city council criticised in severe terms the practice of awarding prizes at card parties.

Mayor Dulin said the better class of people could not justly censure the police for permitting gambling rooms to run when they indulged in what he considered to be equally as bad a practice at least in its moral effect in their parlors.

The mayor instructed the police to keep a close watch on all card parties regardless of where they are held. If the officers can procure evidence that prizes are being given, arrests will be made.

AGED BRIDE

Sues Her Husband For a Partial Divorce.

Louisville, Ky., March 24.—Suit for a partial divorce was filed yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Mary W. Pope against James K. Pope, formerly of Henry county.

The plaintiff, who is 72 years of age, says her husband, who is 75, has been wasting his and her estate and has been drinking heavily since their removal to Louisville. They were married Jan. 11 last. Mrs. Pope says that the defendant "by his arts and wiles" persuaded her to become his wife and that her acceptance of him as her husband was against her better judgment.

THE SUMNER AT KINGSTON.

Kinston, Jamiaca, March 24.—The United States transport Sumner, having on board the congressional party bound for Colon, arrived today from San Domingo.

OVERDUE BARK ARRIVES.

Liverpool, March 24.—The French bark Francois, from San Francisco, Sept. 7, for Runcorn, has arrived in the Mersey ninety days overdue. Seventy guineas insurance was paid for her yesterday.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Mfg. Gold and Silversmiths.

Everyone Interested In Jewelry and Silverware

Should take advantage of our Closing-out Sale. We have many articles of interest to every one caring for high-grade goods at low prices.

For those interested in

Diamonds and Other Precious Stones

We have a fine selection both mounted and loose, which we will sell you at a saving of from 10 to 15 per cent.

For those interested in

Watches

We offer you a Ladies' 25-year Boss filled case, fitted with 15-jewel movement— for **$15.00**

(Regular price $22.50.)

WATCHES—20-year gold filled cases, fitted with Waltham or Elgin movements, for **$7.75**

And many other such Bargans in all sections of our store.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.,

Manufacturing Gold and Silversmiths.
334 WEST SUPERIOR STREET. Factory, Corner Fourth Avenue West and Michigan Street.

The Greatest Clothing Sale Ever Held In the City!

Within ten days the carpenters and builders will be at work remodeling the corner store now occupied by Boyce's Drug Store, adding the same to the stores now occupied by us, by taking out the wall separating the stores and putting in a new front to conform to our present store, MAKING THE OAK HALL THE LARGEST AND FINEST STORE IN THE CITY.

WE ARE FORCED TO SELL TO MAKE ROOM FOR THE WORKMEN!

Offering you without restriction the choice from the best line of clothing ever shown in this city—high-grade Clothing of well-known makers.

Cravenette Rain-proof Coats,

Top Coats,

Light-weight Overcoats.

All new, up-to-date Spring Styles

Single breasted and double breasted styles. Fancy Worsteds, Cassimeres, in neat and fancy effects, Blue and Black Clay Worsteds and Serges.

All new, up-to-date spring styles.

FORCED TO SELL

Regardless of cost or value. We must have room for the carpenters and masons who will soon be at work.

FORCED TO SELL

Regardless of cost or value. We must have room for the carpenters and masons who will soon be at work.

New Spring Hats. **BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING AT HALF PRICE.** New Spring Hats.

Oak Hall Clothing Co. 331-333 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn. Oak Hall Clothing Co.

MINE INSPECTOR BILL FAVORED BY HOUSE

(Continued from page 1.)

the emoluments of the office of private secretary to the governor, held by Frank A. Day, a Democrat.

Still, the refusal is not final, and the whole matter was put over and the fair thing may yet be done.

At present and from time immemorial the governor's secretary has had a small salary and all of the fees received from notaries public for their commissions. This has amounted it is said to $6,000 or more a year. The senate has a bill on the calendar to turn all these fees into the state treasury and give the governor's secretary $3,600 a year after Jan. 1, 1906. This would cut quite a bit off Mr. Day's receipts next year.

Bills on the calendar cannot be amended except by suspending the rules. Senator C. A. Johnson of St. Peter, a Republican, wanted to amend the bill to make it effective at the end of Mr. Day's term and on the vote on this point just one vote was lacking. There were 41 votes for the motion, and 42 or two-thirds of the members, were needed.

The bill was put over, and an attempt to amend it will be again made before it leaves the senate. If it is not amended, the Democrats and a number of fairminded Republicans will vote against it.

Senators Laybourn and Hawkins voted against the proposed amendment by Senator Johnson, or rather against the suspension of the rules that it might be entertained, and Senator Pugh voted with Senator Johnson.

* * *

There is something of a fight over W. I. Nolan's bill to prohibit the employment of anybody to run a locomotive without his having had three years' experience as a fireman or one year's experience as an engineer. Elmer E. Adams of Fergus Falls thought this ought to be amended so as not to apply during strikes, but there was opposition to this amendment, and the bill was put over until today because of the dispute.

* * *

A fight upon the senate railroad committee was expected in the senate today.

Yesterday afternoon it voted to recommend for indefinite postponement the bill by Senator F. H. Peterson of Moorhead, prohibiting passes for public officials and limiting the passenger rates in this state to 2 cents a mile.

Three members of the committee, Senators Thompson, Cole and Jepson, voted against this decision, and were expected to bring a minority report in today, bringing the fight before the senate by moving to substitute for the recommendation that the bill be killed a recommendation that it pass.

The bill has been pending before the railroad committee since the first of the session, and there have been a number of hearings upon it.

* * *

It was rather funny yesterday to note the reluctance with which many of the members voted upon the bill to increase the salaries of senators and representatives to $500 a year after 1907.

Many members who admitted that the bill ought to pass, and that the present pay of about $500 for two years did not cover the necessary expenses of host of the members, not to mention election expenses, either ducked the vote altogether or voted against the bill because they said they were afraid their constituents would not like it.

Among those who honestly believed that the pay of Minnesota solons ought to be raised, there was much indignation against those who permitted their fears to overcome them.

* * *

Guy E. Eaton of Duluth, lieutenant-commander of the naval militia, appeared before the senate finance committee yesterday afternoon in behalf of the bill to appropriate $8,500 annually for the support of the naval branch of the state's forces.

He will have to appear again later, probably before the joint committee from the senate finance committee and the house appropriations committee, which makes up the omnibus appropriation bill.

* * *

The house committee on public accounts and expenditures yesterday afternoon finished its investigation of the state auditor's office and of ex-Public Examiner S. T. Johnson's charges against the present auditor and ex-Auditor R. C. Dunn, and set about the preparation of its report. This will be drawn up by a sub-committee of which P. E. Dowling of Eveleth, chairman of the general committee, is the head.

The next office to be investigated by the committee will be that of ex-Public Examiner Johnson himself.

There may be some trouble over the report of the committee on the auditor's office. The majority of the committee will favor a complete exoneration of Iverson and Dunn, and at least a mild roast of Johnson for attacking these gentlemen in his reports.

Several members of the committee will oppose any very elaborate whitewash, and may bring in a minority report.

* * *

The house railroad committee yesterday afternoon voted to recommend for passage a bill by J. A. Gates of Kenton requiring railroads to establish gates, flagmen and other safety devices in cities and villages upon the order of the railroad and warehouse commission.

Similar action was taken with W. C. Fraser's bill, requiring railroads to have fences that are proof against the exertions of sheep, hogs and cattle along their right-of-way. It was amended, however, so as only to apply to such portion of the right-of-way as borders on farms that have similar fences clear around them.

* * *

Elmer E. Adams' bill to require railroads to check baggage when offered, or to carry the traveler free and give him $10 in addition, will be reported out without recommendation.

* * *

The house, in committee of the whole, approved a bill by Marcus Lauritzen of Lincoln county, giving the dairy and food department authority to enter any railroad cars, stations, warehouses or express offices to look for goods that are prohibited by the pure food laws. The commissioner or his deputies are given the power to open any packages shipped into the state and investigate and analyze their contents.

The bill is designed to further the state's attempts to keep impure and adulterated products outside of the state.

* * *

Senator Coller's memorial to congress asking for the repeal of the national bankruptcy act, met with some opposition in the house yesterday, in committee of the whole, but an attempt to kill it failed by a vote of 25 to 40, and the bill was recommended to pass.

Members that supported the bill said the bankruptcy act had outgrown its usefulness, and referred to the bankruptcy process as the "Nelson cure," Senator Knute Nelson having been the author of the law.

* * *

The Hugo bill, to permit the state to give mineral leases on lakebeds, was again put over, and the expected fight did not materialize.

Mr. Hugo, in the proposed amendments, described yesterday, will take issue and that they will practically prohibit the issuance of leases except to very strong and rich corporations. He will also claim that as the proposed amendments are utterly foreign to the purposes of the bill, they should be put in in the form of a new bill, if at all.

* * *

A bill requiring that all charter amendments, when submitted to the people for their approval, shall be printed on separate ballots, was recommended to pass by the house yesterday afternoon in committee of the whole, after it had been amended by W. P. Roberts of Minneapolis, to include the bond propositions.

The separate ballot idea, having solved the question of how to secure the adoption of amendments to the constitution, the idea of the bill is to make it applicable to charter amendments and bond issues, in the hope that they will thus receive a larger vote by being called more directly to the attention of the voters.

* * *

The house recommended for passage a bill increasing the salary of the chief fire warden of the state, from $1,200 to $1,500, though there was some opposition.

* * *

Just before the senate adjourned yesterday, Senator Laybourn secured the passage of the Duluth electric light plant enabling act, under suspension of the rules. It affects St. Paul and Minneapolis as well as Duluth, but Senator Laybourn saw some of the members from those cities and got their consent to pass the bill.

* * *

Senator Wilson of Minneapolis yesterday offered a bill, including a complete new Torrens law. It contains the changes proposed by the examiners appointed in St. Louis, Ramsey and Hennepin counties, and slight reductions in the fees.

* * *

By a bill offered in the house yesterday by M. J. O'Laughlin of Lake City, the mayors and aldermen of cities of under 10,000 inhabitants can get a maximum salary of $100 each, providing the people vote for such salary.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

POLICE INSPECTOR AND HIS DAUGHTER

Charles Laflamme, chief of the bureau of criminal investigation of the Lowell police department, and one of the best known detectives in New England, having had over twenty years' experience in his profession, gladly gives the following testimony: "I am subject to colds in the winter, and I find immediate relief by taking Father John's Medicine. It gives me strength and keeps me well. My little daughter is croupy at times, and a spoonful of the Medicine relieves her at once. My wife would not be without it in the house."

Remember Father John's Medicine is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of the eminent specialist who prescribed it for the late Rev. Father John O'Brien, by whom it was recommended and from whom it derived its name. It is free from opium, morphine or any of the poisonous nerve-deadening drugs or weakening stimulants.

Father John's Medicine builds you up and tones up the system. Not a patent medicine—fifty years in use. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug company, wholesale distributors.

Piles In order to prove to you that Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is a certain and absolute cure for any form of itching, bleeding, or protruding piles, the manufacturers guarantee a cure. You can use it and if not cured get your money back. *Mr. Casper Walton, laborer, Michigan City, Ind.*, says: "I work hard and lift a great deal. The strain brought on an attack of piles. They itched and they protruded and bled. Nothing helped them until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment. That cured them." 50c. a box at all dealers, or DR. A. W. CHASE MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment.

OBSERVATION OF ECLIPSE

Will Be Made at Three Places By United States.

Washington, March 24.—Rear Admiral Chester, superintendent of the naval observatory, has completed arrangements for the observation of the total solar eclipse of Aug. 29-30 of this year, an event of great importance to astronomers, and the details have just been made public. Congress appropriated $5,000 for this purpose, and the naval party will be sent out on the United States ship Columbia and the United States ship Caesar to establish three separate stations; namely, one near the central line of the eclipse, possibly on one of the islands of the Columbretes group off the East coast of Spain; one, ten or fifteen miles within the edge of the shadow path, probably near Valencia, Spain; and one near the central line, close to the railroad from Tunis to Algeria in Africa. If exact locations cannot be finally settled local conditions are to be personally examined and for this purpose the expeditionary force will consist of Rear Admiral Chester, U. S. N., in charge, about seven men of the staff of the naval observatory, L. E. Jewell of Johns Hopkins' university; Dr. A. S. Mitchell of Columbia university, and Dr. N. E. Gilbert of Dartmouth college. Prof. Bigelow of the United States weather bureau, will accompany the expedition in charge of meteorological work.

In this eclipse the moon shadow strikes the earth at sunrise near the south end of Lake Winnipeg, Man., sweeps eastward through the British possession over Labrador and enters the Atlantic ocean, 190 miles north of the east entrance of Belle Isle Strait. After leaving the American coast no land is met by the shadow until it reaches the North coast of Spain, where the middle of the shadow crosses the coast line 100 miles west of Santander and sweeps southeastwardly across Spain, leaving Madrid about forty miles and Valencia about two miles distant from the southern edge outside of the shadow. Crossing the Mediterranean, the shadow strikes Africa midway between Algiers and Tunis, crosses the desert into Egypt, leaving the earth in Central Arabia. Points to be especially observed by astronomers are the relative position of the sun and moon at eclipses, the search for the intro-mercurial planets, spotometry, shadow bands and of secondary importance are pilarscopic work and meteorology.

Besides this American naval expedition, Canada expects to locate observers in Labrador; the India state university will send a party to Spain, the German government will locate on the Columbretes islands and English parties will locate on Majorica and on the mainland of Spain. Lick observatory will send parties to Labrador. Spain and Egypt and Russia will send out two parties.

ENORMOUS LOSS OF LIFE FROM PLAGUE IN INDIA.

London, March 24.—Replying to questions in the house of commons, Mr. Broderick, secretary of state for India, said that the latest figures on the plague in India showed that for the four weeks ending Feb. 28 in the Bombay presidency there were 13,475 deaths, and that for the four weeks ending March 22 in the rest of India there were 123,550 deaths. The total number of deaths from the plague in the Bombay presidency from Jan. 1 to Feb. 28 were 28,721, and in the rest of India from Jan. 1 to March 1, 318,178. Mr. Broderick said he had communicated with the viceroy of India, looking to a remedy for this deplorable loss of life, and that it had been decided to send out a scientific expedition to investigate the causes. The expedition will start immediately.

NOVEL METHOD OF A CHURCH

To Attract the Members to Attend Prayer Meetings.

Bloomington, Ill., March 24.—Arguing that the only way to reach the souls and hearts of some men is through their stomachs, the congregation of the First Methodist church of this city has introduced a system of lunches to be given to attendants of the weekly prayer meetings.

These meetings are held on Wednesday evening and, although the church has a membership of 1,800, one of the largest charges of this denomination in central Illinois, it has been impossible to draw an audience of more than 75 to 100 persons to the prayer services.

Dr. Charles P. Masden, who came to the church as pastor from the First Church of Milwaukee last fall, determined to arouse interest in the prayer meetings. He suggested supplying lunches and, although the idea was considered revolutionary by staid members who consider all innovations of this character as questionable, the pastor finally succeeded in inducing the congregation to give the system a trial.

He arranged for the members of the ladies' aid society, which looks after the needy members of the charge, to take their sewing each Wednesday afternoon and prepare the lunch for the prayer meeting. The women agreed and also expressed their willingness to remain to prayer meeting also. This was a gain among th fair sex.

Next, the men were sought. The merchants and clerks who closed their places of business at 6 or 7 o'clock and went home to supper, hesitated in too many instances about going "back uptown" to prayer meeting.

The mechanic who left his wrok bench and laid aside his tools after a wearisome day's work and who walked perhaps a mile to his suburban home, usually felt too weary to retrace his steps to the church after eating his evening meal.

Men in other occupations who once reached their homes after the day's toil, felt more inclined to remain by their own fireside than to brave the weather to hear an hour's service.

These were the candidates for the lunch bait.

The bait was set daintily and the fish bit greedily. Every member who had been neglectful of the prayer meeting srvice for the reasons given were invited to step over to the church when his day's work was done and partake of the lunch. Once inside the dining hall, the hour passed quickly, and when the steaming coffee was served at the close, the participants, with hunger abated, were willingly led to the assembly room of the church where the prayer meeting was held.

The first prayer meeting held with the lunch as a prelude, was marked by the presence of 100 more members than at any similar meeting in years. Of these, 75 participated in the lunch feature and it was estimated by the pastor and others interested in the unique idea that the increase in attendance was due directly to the gastronomic attraction.

The menu served is simple, consisting only of coffee, bread and butter, beans with pork, ham sandwiches and a dish of fruit. There is no limit to the amount each person is allowed to eat.

Women in neat attire wait upon the tables and the repast is opened with a blessing upon the food and the object sought.

Long tables, such as are commonly used for church suppers, are in service.

For the opening meetings with the lunch attraction, tables and seats were only provided for 100, but as the attendance and interest grew more room was needed and more provender was prepared.

Since the idea was first introduced, Dr. Masden has received many inquiries concerning the results and the plan of operation. He is enthusiastic over the results and believes that the investment is wise.

He is strongly suported in his views by many of the most influential members of his congregation and the doubting Thomases, who have looked upon the innovation with pessimistic expressions, have been silenced. It is believed here that the prayer meeting lunch is a permanent fixture and that it will prove a winner in soul saving.

LONG TRIP OF A TOWBARGE

Records Broken By Oil Boat's Voyage of 13,000 Miles.

San Francisco, Cal., March 24.—The longest tow recorded in marine history was brought to an end a few days ago when the Standard Oil steamer Atlas arrived at San Francisco, leading the Standard company's barge No. 93. These vessels left New York 72 days before and in that time covered a total distance of 13,000 miles straight run. A great steel cable 350 fathoms in length held the craft together. It parted once, and then only for an hour. The Atlas left New York with 15,000 barrels of fuel oil in her tanks, and had 5,000 left when she arrived. The barge brought 1,256,000 gallons of naptha. The only stop on the long voyage was made at Punta Arenas. Both steamer and barge will be employed in coast trade here.

The Atlas was built for the Standard Oil company at Chester, Pa., in 1898. She is 248 feet long, 40 feet 1 inch beam and 22 feet 5 inches deep. Her net tonnage is 1,243. The average speed on the trip was nine and one-half knots, but without tow the Atlas can make about 11 knots. The crew of the Atlas numbers 25.

Barge No. 93 is a peculiar looking craft, somewhat resembling a four-masted schooner. Her masts are of steel and the foremast answer the purpose of a smoke-stack for the engine room forward. Her steering gear and all the general mechanism are run by steam power, but she lacks steam propelling power. She is about two years old, is built of steel and is a thoroughly up-to-date oil tank barge. She is 280 feet long, 45 feet beam and 21 feet depth. Her capacity is 28,000 barrels of oil.

The Misery of Piles

Thousand know it and thousands daily submit, through their ignorance, to the torture of the knife.

They are ignorant of the fact that there is an internal remedy that will positively and painlessly cure.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific
The Internal Remedy

strikes at the prime causes of piles—indigestion, congestion of the liver and constipation. These causes are removed and removed for good. Get a bottle today and see how well it proves the truth of this statement.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

When these troubles are taken care of and cured, Piles will be a thing of the past.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

ANOTHER REVOLUTION IS PROBABLE IN GUATEMALA.

Mexico City, March 24.—A Mexican coasting vessel recently arrived at Muege, Lower California, carrying several empty Mauser rifle cases. The captain declared that he had passed more than 100 cases floating in the water.

It is believed that the rifles which the cases contained were furnished the forces that are now said to be planning an invasion of Guatemala.

It is asserted that another war in Guatemala is probable. Guatemala rebels in the guise of laborers are congregating at various places along the Guatemalan frontier.

The government of Salvador is reported in readiness to aid the rebels as soon as a revolution is launched.

STOPS ALL HAULING

Warm Weather and Rains Check Northern Logging Operations.

Rumor That Sauntry-Cain Mill Is Being Sold.

When asked how they like the present weather conditions, local lumbermen who have been conducting logging operations the past winter shake their heads rather dubiously. The warm rains, it is said, have practically put an end to further hauling, at least for the present, the roads in many instances being practically impassable.

There are still left on the skids, scattered throughout the Northern pine district, several million feet of logs that are very likely to remain where they are until next winter, unless there should follow the present warm spell a freeze-up and a period of cold weather of a length to warrant the roads stiffening enough to bear up the loads.

With the few days of sledding weather experienced a week ago, the loggers who were prepared to do so rushed their work, and many million feet of logs in the aggregate were gotten off the skids in various localities in the district.

From the present outlook, none of the logging concerns seem to think it best to attempt to hold their men any longer with the hope of getting a cold weather period, though some will stand ready to hire men to continue the hauling if the weather conditions should warrant it, even though it should last but a few days.

William O'Brien of St. Paul states that all his camps will close within the next few days. He has taken out altogether about 100,000,000 feet of pine logs this winter, of which a little over one-half is said to have been cut in the Duluth district.

F. C. Laird of Nolan Bros. & Laird, who operate a mill at Skibo, on the St. Louis river, says that his company has cut about 10,000,000 feet of logs this winter, and will have enough coming down the river, together with the stock on hand, to keep the mill running all the season. The company has few logs left on the skidways that it cannot haul out.

It is understood that the Sauntry-Cain Lumber company is negotiating the sale of its sawmill property at Carlton, Minn., to some Michigan parties. The mill, which has a daily capacity of 50,000 feet, has been idle about a year, the company having sawed all its timber tributary to Carlton. If the mill is sold, it is said that it will be dismantled and the machinery shipped to some point in Michigan.

GAMBLERS FINED.

Six Finns Are Arrested For Playing Poker.

Playing "freeze out" for the drinks cost six Finns $30 in municipal court yesterday afternoon.

The men were caught in the rear of Charles Hill's saloon on lower Lake avenue and arraigned in municipal court yesterday afternoon. Officer Toewe and Secretary Lahti who made the arrest, testified that the men had been playing poker, and cards and chips were introduced in evidence.

The names of the six men were Oscar Saari, Nester Johnson, Gust Frandcar Saari, Nester Johnson, Gust Frandy, Nick Mattson, William Maaki and Charles Carlson. They were each fined $5 by Judge Windom.

GOES INTO NAVY.

Sergeant Minde Won't Reenlist In Marine Corps.

Sergeant John Minde and Private Boyd of the marine corps recruiting station here left yesterday afternoon for New York, having been relieved from duty here by Capt. George C. Thorpe who came up from St. Paul for the purpose and returned last night. He placed Corporal Glenn and Private Hutchings in charge.

Sergeant Minde, who will be discharged from service at New York was expecting to re-enlist but has decided to enter the navy instead as master-at-arms. Capt. Thorpe sent three recruits from here to Birmingham, Wash.

A GOOD DEAL OF NONSENSE.

About "Blood Purifiers" and "Tonics."

Every drop of blood, every bone, nerve and tissue in the body can be renewed in but one way, and that is, from wholesome food properly digested. There is no other way and the idea that a medicine in itself can purify the blood or supply new tissues and strong nerves is ridiculous and on a par with the fol-de-rol that dyspepsia or indigestion is a germ disease, or that other fallacy, that a weak stomach which refuses to digest food can be made to do so by irritating and inflaming the bowels by pills and cathartics.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure indigestion, sour stomach, gas and bloating after meals, because they furnish the digestive principles which weak stomachs lack, and, unless the deficiency of pepsin and diastase is supplied, it is useless to attempt to cure stomach trouble by the use of "tonics," "pills" and "cathartics" which have their only effect is to give a temporary stimulation.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs and similar foods, and experiments have shown that they will do this in a glass bottle at proper temperature, but of course are much more effective in the stomach.

There is probably no remedy so universally used as Stuart's Tablets, because it is not only the sick and ailing, but well people who use them at every meal to insure perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

People who enjoy fair health take Stuart's Tablets as regularly as they take their meals, because they want to keep well, prevention is better than cure, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do both; they prevent indigestion and they remove it where it exists. The regular use of one or two of them after meals will demonstrate their merit and efficiency better than any other argument.

2023 W. Superior St

THE LAST CHANCE!

2023 W. Superior St

Having remained closed for four weeks we have now made final settlement with all the creditors of the Borgstrom Bros.' stock of merchandise. We must raise enough money in a few days to effect such settlement. Hence we will open the store

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, AT 7:30 A. M.

for the purpose of getting rid of the goods at whatever it will bring, regardless of what it cost us. This is the last time and for good—we must wind up the affair in a given time. Besides, our lease runs out shortly and we must vacate the premises. Remember, this is no fire or water sale—all are new and undamaged goods, which we are forced to make some legitimate disposal of to release those who met with disaster in their enterprise and business efforts. A genuine closing-out sale on

Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

Boys' Suits—all sizes—double breasted—cost us $2.00	$1.25
Youths' Suits—$10.00 value	$3.00
Men's Overcoats—regular $15.00 goods	$7.50
Men's Overcoats—regular price $11.25	$6.50
Men's double breasted suits, regular price $11.25	$6.50
Men's single breasted Suits, latest style, worth $12	$6.25
Men's fine Worsted Suits, regular price $12.00	$6.90
Men's fine Worsted Suits, regular price $11.00	$6.25

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Children's Shoes.

Children's Shoes	29c	Men's Shoes, Canvas, worth $2.00	85c
Children's Shoes worth $1.50	98c	Men's Dress Shoes Canvas, $3.00	$1.80
Children's Shoes worth $2.00	$1.35	Men's Fine Shoe, Canvas, $5.00	$2.75
Ladies' Shoes worth $4.50	$1.80	Men's Patent Leather, worth 45o	25c
Ladies' Shoes worth $1.50	$1.15	Boy's Rubber Boots	85c
Ladies' Shoes worth $2.25	$1.40	Men's Rubber Boots worth $3.75	$2.75

Men's Overalls and Working Clothes.

Plain or Bibbed Overalls Cost Us 75c 33c

MEN'S PANTS.

Good Strong Goods	$1.65o
Better Grade	$1.50 ..... 95c
New Corduroys	$1.75 $1.25
Men's Duck Coats	$1.00

21st Ave. West and Superior Street.

MEN'S FINE FURNISHING GOODS.

Mens' Cotton Socks, cost us 9c	3c a pair	Men's 4-ply Linnen Collars, cost us 10c	3c
Stiff Bosom Shirts, open front and back with cuffs	21o	Men's Linnen Handkerchiefs	1c
Men's 25c, 50c and 75c Suspenders	14c	Men's Fleece Lined Underwear, cost us 50c to 75c	25c
Men's Working Shirts, Black Satin, cost us 60o	35c	Men's Ribbed Underwear, cost us 50c	33c
Men's Working Shirts, cost us 50o	29c	Men's Balbriggan, cost us 47c	33c
Men's Working Shirts, worth 80c	49c	Men's Japanese Silk Underwear, cost us $1.00	69c
Men's Working Seirts, cost us 50c	19c	Men's Light Wool Underwear, cost us $1.00	69c
Boys' Balbriggan Underwear, all sizes, cost us 25c	17c	Boys' Wash Suits, cost us 40c	33c

BOYS' HATS AND CAPS.

Regular 50c value	29c
Men's Caps	11c
Men's $1.00 Hats	50c
Men's $1.50 Hats	75o
Men's $2.00 Hats	$1.00
Men's $3.00 Hats	$2.00

21st Avenue West and Superior St.

EXTRA! ☞ A LINE OF LADIES' JACKETS AT UNHEARD-OF BARGAINS.

Give us an offer on the stock, or on the fixtures, or on book accounts, or on the whole together. You will make money by picking up at this sale goods which you may not have immediate need of. Come and see for yourself. Others will do so—the opportunity is yours, and the last one. Everything must go now—it is a final wind-up and quit.

We are compelled to release our efforts to get control of our store, and have consented to the action taken by our trustees in closing out entirely. We remain thankful to all our past customers for their good will and patronage. BORGSTROM BROS. & CO.

SALE CONDUCTED BY TRUSTEES, 2023 W. Sup. St.

POTATOES LOW

Large Stocks on Hand Force the Price Down.

Egg Market Continues Erratic—Other Michigan Street News.

Potatoes have probably never been lower on the local market at this season of the year than they are at the present time. The price quoted on Michigan street is 32 and 33 cents a bushel, with a very poor demand even at this figure. At this time last season the price was about $1.50 a bushel, or nearly five times as much as it is at the present time.

The price this week is 5 or 6 cents lower than it has been all winter, the ruling price having been 38 cents.

The cause of the further reduction in the price is the large stock which local dealers have on hand, the slight demand and the prospect of new potatoes being on the market within a few weeks. In about two weeks the first consignments of new potatoes will be received from the South. The price will be very high, but it will cut off some of the demand for old stock, which will become a drug on the market.

One season in Duluth, not many years ago, old stocks were still on hand when the new potatoes commenced to arrive, and they were almost given away by the dealers, who were anxious to secure whatever they could for them. No such occurrence is looked for this season, but the dealers do not anticipate any higher price for potatoes until the new crop is on the market.

* * *

Eggs have been keeping the commission men awake at nights for the last week. The market is very erratic, and no person seems to know just what it will do from one day to the next. The receipts in Duluth were very heavy during the last week, and for a time it looked as if the market would be flooded. It is still too early to place any of them in cold storage, and at the rate they were coming in it looked as if the bottom would be knocked out of the market. The price dropped a cent, and the best of fresh eggs were selling on the street at 15 cents. Then just when the market began to show signs of becoming disorganized, one of the large dealers in eggs on Michigan street closed a contract with a Chicago house for two cars of eggs at 15 cents. The shipment, which represented over $4,000 worth of eggs, was sent out and it cleaned up the surplus supply. The price strengthened, and when the houses closed last night eggs were firm at 15 cents.

* * *

Butter is much firmer and the price of creamery prints has risen three cents during the last week. They are now quoted at 27 cents a pound, while the dairies are selling at 22. Decreased receipts are given as the cause of the stiffening in the price.

* * *

After hovering within reach of the local market for a day or two, strawberries have been suddenly withdrawn by a jump of from ten to fifteen cents a quart in the price. Last week one or two small consignments of Florida berries were received in Duluth and it looked as if the season was opened. But for some unaccountable reason the price was raised until the berries were selling at 65 cents a quart in Chicago. At this figure there was no demand for them in Duluth, although one of the local firms is in receipt of an order for a case from a Bemidji man who is planning to give a banquet to his friends. They will not be received regularly in Duluth until the price is much lower than at present.

* * *

Rather a new departure in the commission business was reported this week. One of the firms imported a consignment of several barrels of conch shells direct from the Gulf of Mexico. The shells are used only for decorations, but already six barrels of them have been disposed of in Duluth, and a new order had to be telegraphed in to the shipper.

* * *

All of the cheaper grades of apples are now out of the market, and only choice stock is offered for sale by the wholesale dealers. The price ranges from $3 to $3.25 per barrel according to the variety.

* * *

Whether the packing houses were suddenly brought face to face with their poverty by the report of Commissioner Garfield, or whether J. Ogden Armour desired a new automobile, is not known, but the price of all kinds of meat was raised during the last week. Pork loins showed the biggest raise. The price a week ago was 7½ cents, while today they are quoted at 10½ cents, a jump of three cents a pound. Beef instead of ranging from 5 to 7 cents is now quoted at from 6 to 8 cents, cows selling for 6 and 7 cents and steers from 7 to 8. Veal is firm at 8 cents and mutton at 8½.

"I suppose you fellows will have to take a fling at the high prices of meat and the grasping meat trust," said one of the branch packing house managers in speaking of the raise, "but it is a fact that meat prices have been unusually low during the last two or three weeks. Beef has been selling at from 5 to 7 cents and pork loins at 7½ cents. Those prices are not very often seen and this jump in the price is only what we have expected. The market was below the normal, and it was only adjusting itself."

NOTICE!

Mr. N. H. Murray has taken charge of the Nicollet Restaurant, opposite the Union depot, on Michigan street, and would be pleased to meet all his friends and patrons. Mr. Murray is prepared better than ever to supply first-class meals at the lowest possible prices, and will make a specialty of 15, 20 and 25-cent dinners.

NICOLLET RESTAURANT,
Opposite Union Depot on Michigan Street.

LEAVES FOR NEW YORK

The buyer of the Duluth Bargain Store, 30 East Superior St., was called by telegraph to New York to complete the purchase of a large bankrupt stock, consisting of high grade ladies', children's and men's wearables—all of this year's styles. It will pay you to wait until we announce this great sale.

WAIT! WATCH! and Bear in Mind
That there are always Money Saving Bargains at the

DULUTH BARGAIN STORE
30 EAST SUPERIOR ST.

BURROS TO BE USED

To Haul Cars in the Virginia Mines.

El Paso, Tex., March 24.—Captains of Eastern industries are invading the West and are about to lay their ruthless hands upon one of its most unique products which for centuries has ambled over prairies and climbed the sun-kissed and cactus grown hills of the lands of Manana as an undisputed right and privilege inherited from tradition.

The mosquite bushes and the adobes are to lose one of their most intimate associates. The burro is to be taken hence. He is to be placed in the cavernous depths of the moist, soggy and ill-smelling coal mines of Virginia.

He is to be inured for a lifetime and made to do time like a convict scourged to his dungeon when the day's work is done. He must live his life and sing his song in the blackness of a pit that is heavy with nauseous gasses.

No more of the free and easy life for him. He must be a slave. No more will the zephyrs of the open prairies play with his hoard locks nor will his siren-like voice be heard in the canyons of the mesas. No more leche do borro for the pulling infants. The children will lose a playmate. The burro's doom is sealed. He must draw water and pack coal for the coal magnates of the East. He must bid adios to his native heath, from which he is to be exiled by money grabbers.

STRICKEN IN WIFE'S TOMB.

New York, March 24.—Unconscious and apparently dying, aged Jonathan Reed, a retired business man of Brooklyn, was found lying on the stone floor of his wife's granite tomb in Evergreen cemetery yesterday, and his removal to a hospital followed. He had suffered a stroke of apoplexy. It was his daily custom for more than seven years to sit in the lonely enclosure, except when the tomb might be storm-bound. A laborer passing by the door noticed the man lying on the floor apparently dead.

BY THE TONIC ROUTE.

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Billousness, etc. Early Risers are small, easy to take and easy to act—a safe pill. Sold by all druggists.

BURNING BUSH

Sect Fills the Indiana Jails By Refusing Bail.

Noisy Members Disturb the Services of Other Denominations.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 24.—Representatives of a new religious order are appearing in all parts of Indiana. The leaders of the sect style it the "Burning Bush." The order is infesting the eastern part of the state to such an extent that it is attracting the attention of the authorities, and the jails in that part of Indiana contain many members of the organization.

The cause for the arrests is the manner of working which the sect has. All odinary mortals respect religion in almost any phase, but not so with this order of the "Burning Bush." They respect no religion but their own.

The Rev. Hamilton Pursley of Randolph county is one of the leaders. He claims to have had a vision recently, in which he was commanded by Christ to go among the people and warn them that His second coming is but a matter of a very short time.

The method of work adhered to by the "Burning Bush" is to organize armies, which go about from town to town, spreading the gospel. The army invades a town and then strikes terror to it by walking the streets and deriding the character of the populace in general.

The armies being organized by the well-known minister are numerous, despite the fact that the speakers are said by some to be "fanatics." Others however adhere strictly to the teachings as laid down by the leader, the Rev. Pursley, claiming that the Bible teaches the same doctrine regarding the rich man. Consequently many are disposing of their earthly possessions in order to be better fitted for the entrance into the heavenly kingdom.

The invasion of the armies in some localities of the state has become so obnoxious that the police have been forced to resort to wholesale arrests. Sometimes the preachers of the order, who are women as well as men, go near to the church, where services are being held, and greatly interfere by their boisterous proclaimings and reasons why so many of the followers of the "Burning Bush" are in jail.

Fines are not paid by the exhorters of this new religion. They claim they are following the commands of the Lord when they suffer incarceration on account of their arrest. They claim that God would not pay a fine for spreading his religious belief, so they will not pay fines.

They profess that they are never happier than when resting in jail, where, they believe, they are following out the doctrines as it should be. Some of them have even been incarcerated for weeks, though they possessed ample means with which to gain their liberty, but they would think no more of paying for their liberty than to commit murder.

The operations of the "Burning Bush" are extending to such proportions that great significance is being attached to the work, and efforts are being made in various sections of the state for checking them.

The crusade started near Richmond. Already the work is known practically throughout the entire eastern part of Indiana, and new members are being received every day and every night.

It is the intention of the leaders to renew the work in the spring to a greater extent. They will appoint new army commanders and branch out in every direction. Strange to say, the membership is growing at a wonderful rate, demonstrating the susceptibility of the average person of the twentieth century upon any new fangled doctrine that may spring up.

The rules of the now celebrated John Alexander Dowie are followed to a great extent. Singing and prayer constitute the two chief features of the open air meetings, which are being held principally in the smaller towns, owing to the strenuous objection offered by the authorities in the larger places.

Scores of the country folk have taken up with the new belief. Not a few exmerchants, bankers and business men are also represented in the army of the "Burning Bush." Indeed, dozens of persons identified with various business ventures and institutions have given up their regular vocations and have started out to devote the remainder of their days to the work of spreading the "latest order of the divine."

Because they scored other religions in general and created such disturbances, wholesale arrests were made. In this matter men, women and children were taken in charge by the town marshals indiscriminately. All were treated alike.

Many woman, whose husbands refused to accept the new belief, were found in the cells and the majority of them are still there. However, in most of the cases the children have been liberated.

Young women are also conspicuous in the work, and one, a Miss Zealy, was recently liberated from jail at Farmland, after serving more than six weeks' imprisonment. She was given an opportunity to go home, but preferred to remain with the rest of the followers of the new faith in which she had such explicit belief.

The first arrests were made in Farmland, where the operations of the "Burning Bush" sect became so monotonous that the authorities had to be appealed to. There was a great demonstration when the officers swooped down upon the band, for many of the townspeople were participating in the services.

The women refused to allow relatives to pay fines for "public nuisance" charges which were filed, and they went to jail, where they continued the meetings, their services being heard for a great distance from the bastile.

The Rev. Hamilton Pursley, the chief promoter of the "Burning Bush," who claimed he was visited by the Lord and was chosen to be made commander of the forces, is preparing to dispose of his elegant farm in Blackford county, as well as all other valuable possessions of his. He claims that he will start anew, and the present year will record a revolution in the religious spirit of the country. The Rev. Mr. Pursley is recognized as one of the most intellectual ministers in the section of the country in which he resided until taking up the new religious work.

JAPS BUY FINE STOCK.

Two Expert Judges From Land of Mikado.

Galesville, Wis., March 24.—Something like $500 a head will be the cost of a bunch of full-blooded cattle when they are landed in Japan by two Japanese, who are here for the purpose of buying some of the best stock obtainable for their farms in the far East.

The two little men are expert judges of cattle and they made their selections of Holsteins and Shorthorns with great care. The twelve head brought here cost them an average of $75. They will be shipped to Seattle, where they will be held until June, when conditions are better for shipping.

The Japs figure that the original cost of the stock, added to expense and time in this country, transportation charges and losses in transit, will bring their purchases up to $500.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

GO-CARTS AND BABY CARRIAGES

We doubt if you ever saw such a splendid showing of Children's Vehicles—we promise you the biggest Go-cart values you ever saw.

Baby Carriages $7.50 to $40.00
Reclining Carts $11.00 to $37.50
Folding Go-carts $1.85 to $10.50

The new "Automobiles" for boys—see them in our show window

Special Easy Terms on All Go-carts.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.
226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

WARNING ISSUED

E. M. Ferguson Tells Traveling Men About the Beef Trust.

By Eliminating Competition Trust Lowers Wages of Its Men.

An article on the private car monopoly, written by E. M. Ferguson of Duluth, president of the Western Fruit Jobbers' association, appears in the current number of the Omaha Trade Exhibit, a journal devoted to the interests of the traveling men.

Mr. Ferguson takes the stand that each advancing step of the "system" will mark a corresponding backward step of the commercial traveler. As competition, both in merchandise and men, is eliminated, the demand for competent traveling men will fall away until in this great field also the day of unskilled labor with its pauper wages is finally at hand.

"Traveling men," says Mr. Ferguson, "who, under free competition, would command salaries commensurate with the skill required and duties performed, are already compelled to accept the scant offerings of the meat trust system. As the system is extended (and will be further extended unless the railroad rebate is wrested from it), it will chain to its chariot forevermore the dairy and produce, the butter and egg, the fresh vegetable and the fruit business of the country, and then, perhaps, the grocery business and other commodities until this most vicious of all systems dominates the entire field of merchadising."

The beef trust is compared with the Standard Oil company as follows:

"Standard Oil, the father of all trusts, was conceived and matured in extorticnate railroad rebates, and is supported in the maturity of its predatory career by the private car line system. Standard Oil methods have been enlarged upon by the beef trust. Through the operation of the private refrigerator car and the private stock car, Armour and confreres have perfected the vicious system that now robs the public indiscriminately, without respect to persons, compelling the millionaire to pay his tribute and the washerwoman to divide her daily wage and actually taking food from the mouths of millions of half-fed children throughoutt he land.

"By and through the aid of the railway companies, which, in the interest of the public, the state created as artificial persons to serve the public, this octopus has been enabled to accomplish its design, thwart the purpose of the laws, defy courts and trample under foot the rights of others.

"The beef trust perfected, all the Armour competitors lie commercially murdered, with scarcely so much as a tombstone over their last resting place to remind us of their one-time existence."

SAMARITANS HAVE SOCIAL

Following the regular session of Alpha council, Modern Samaritans, last evening, at which a class of twenty women and sixteen men were initiated into the order, a social session was had that was very much enjoyed by an attendance of over 200 persons.

The feature of the entertainment was a mock trial presided over by T. J. McKeon, as judge. Joseph Rufangue, one of the members, was accused of having given away secrets of the order and was brought before the court. J. H. Norton acted as prosecutor and H. C. Fulton defended the prisoner.

The trial was a very laughable affair from start to finish, the jury finally returning a verdict of not guilty.

"Judge" McKeon then, in a graceful speech, in which he complimented Neighbor Rufangue for his interest in and zeal for the order, presented nim with a handsome and serviceable "pipe of peace."

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO. OPEN SATURDAY EVENING UN TIL 10 O'CLOCK. J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.

Gidding's Tomorrow

For Women's and Girls' Clothes—

Saturday—always a busy day, should be busier than ever tomorrow — for everybody is beginning to find out that "Gidding" clothes and values are invincible this season!

Get Them at GIDDINGS' Tomorrow!

"PERRIN'S" GLOVES—All of the new shades.

NEW AND FASHIONABLE NECKWEAR—In Windsors, Turnovers, Stocks, Collar and Cuff Sets, etc.

SOLE AGENTS FOR LA VIDA—New spring models in W. B. "New Form," C-B a la Spirite and R. & G. tapering waist.

NEW KNITED UNDERWEAR—In the spring weights, including the celebrated "Harvard"—hand-finished throughout.

NEW SPRING MUSLINS.

NEW SPRING HOSIERY—Of Lisle, Silk, Fine Cotton, and spring weight cashmere.

NEW TRAVELING BAGS—Complete Traveling Sets, Hand Bags and other leather goods novelties.

NEW VEILINGS—Including all the new spring novelties.

NEW TAM O'SHANTERS—For girls—spring styles—50c. to $2.00.

NEW PARIS JEWELRY—Novelties in Belt Buckles, Sets and Pins—Hat Pins, Larelas Stick Pins, Cuff Buttons, etc.

With immense assortments of fashionable attire and a large and intelligent force of salespeople to show them—every woman should at least come here to see, if not to buy! We've prepared the most beautiful, stylish and attractive clothes we know how to buy, and we're selling them cheaper than ever! Our aim from first to last has been, and is, to make this a store for the people!

There's no place in town, or out of it, where "you can do as well for your money!"

For Saturday we've arranged many very special values in Covert Coats at $8.75, $10.00 and $12.50. Besides our high-class lines at $15.00, $16.50, $18.50 and $22.50.

In Tailored Suits at $22.50 and $27.50—and our special lines in coat and blouse styles at $15.

In new and stylish Skirts at $7.50, $9.50 and $12.00, together with our special 17-gored Skirt in black, navy and mixture—at $15.00.

Also many special values in Waists—of lawn, linen and fine sheer materials—at $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00, besides our special lines at $1.00 and $1.25.

Gidding's

Big and Little Girls' Dresses like this of Fine Serges in "Barnard," "Vassar" and Peter Thompson Styles.

Navy, brown, cream—also novelty mannish worsteds, in shepherd checks and our plaids; sizes up to 18—at $12.50, $15, $16.50 and $18.50. The largest showing of them in the Northwest.

"Vassar" Coats for Big and Little---

This famous coat, the handsomest and best garments for girls made in this country—made by Bamberger Bros. of New York, is sold by us exclusively in Duluth—and we have large stocks of them ready now. In plain cloths—navy, brown, tan, Royal blue and fancy mixtures; lined throughout; emblem on sleeve (on patch, then can be removed)—beautifully tailored and new sleeve—at $5.75, $7.50, $8.75 and up to $18.50. See special display in left window.

Other Girls' Coats and Reefers—splendid styles at $2.90, $3.75 and $5.00.

Young Ladies' and Girls' Clothes

have made a big hit with us! In our store it's not simply a name, but an expression of bright, up-to-date ideas for young women's wear!

Our "luck" has held in this as in many things, and our sales of "young ladies' clothes" in Tailored Suits, Jackets, Skirts, Etc., has been very large.

Hundreds of young women have been "attracted" by seeing our "snappy" garments displayed in our windows.

Our windows are a great show, and alone are worth seeing, if only to study the new ideas! But our garment wardrobes are filled to the brim with hundreds of styles that never get a chance to be shown!

Great quantities of handsome clothes for young ladies and big and little girls go out of our store every week, but the incoming supply is just as great!

We've just opened up new lines of *"Peter Thompson"* styles in Serge Dresses for young ladies, up to $18; Navy Brown and Cream—also our special *"Barnard Eton"* Suits in the same shades, at $12.50, $15.00 and $18.50.

Gidding's

WILL OCCUPY TWO STORES.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co. to Enlarge Their Present Quarters.

On May the first, the M. Henricksen Jewelry company will occupy the store next to their present location, in addition to the quarters they now occupy. Both stores will be completely remodeled and refitted making one of the finest jewelry establishments in the Northwest.

While the retail trade business of the firm has grown to an extent necessitating enlarged facilities, the manufacturing department has also broadened to an important degree, and this year will be conducted on a larger scale than ever. Special designs in gold, silver and fine enamel work are being turned out by the firm that compare favorably with the product of the best jewelry manufacturing concerns in the country.

Until May first, the firm is offering exceptional values in every department to reduce the present large stock.

Wrestling Match!

Between Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman, and Billy Maynard of Philadelphia.

At Armory, Saturday Evg. Mch. 25

Admission—Gents, 50c; Ladies, 25c.

GRAND JURY PROBES TRUST

After Specific Information Regarding the Meat Business.

Chicago, March 24.—Specific information regarding shipping, marketing and prices of cattle was sought today by the special grand jury which is investigating the alleged combination of packers.

Michael R. Murphy, general manager of the Cudahy Packing company at South Omaha, Sioux City and Kansas City, was before the inquisitors and shed some light upon the subjects under consideration.

"They asked me first about the packing business in general," he said.

"Then they took up the subject of marketing and asked all the details of it. They inquired into the shipping of cattle and beef. Their questions did not point to an investigation relative to railroads. Then they went into the matter of prices." Asked whether the questions were such as would indicate a desire for general information rather than for use in possible indictment, Mr. Murphy said that general information was evidently not what the inquisitors were after.

Harry F. Wilkins, manager of the beef department of the Cudahy company at Omaha, was questioned on the subject of handling beef, but he declined to discuss his testimony.

United States District Attorney Irving of Omaha arrived in Chicago today. He has been one of the chief agents in preparing testimony, and many of the Western witnesses were summoned by him.

THIRD REGIMENT **BAND!**

Assisted by Charles Dexter Ostergren, violin; Miss Agnes Poirier, reader. Lyceum theater, Sunday evening, March 26, 8 p. m. All seats 25 cents.

SPINE FRACTURED.

Serious Accident to Son of Ruth Stuart.

New York March 24.—Sterling Stuart, aged 22, son of Ruth McEnery Stuart, the novelist, was taken to the Flushing hospital today with a fractured spine. Darrow A. Greer, son of the vicar of St. Paul's chapel, this city, who was in Stuart's company last night, was held at the Flushing police station while the injury to Stuart was investigated.

Young Greer told the police that Stuart and himself were at a dinner last night, and that when they returned to the Stuart home in Flushing the doors were locked, and that they tried to enter the house by climbing to the roof of the porch and breaking a window. In doing so, Greer said, Stuart fell. He declared that they had no quarrel. Doctors at the hospital say that Stuart cannot recover. Mrs. Stuart has been away from home on a visit for several weeks.

DUTCH TO GET AFTER CASTRO.

The Hague, March 24.—The government of the Netherlands intends, either alone, or in conjunction with other powers having differences with Venezuela, to take vigorous measures to secure the release of the five Dutch sailors illegally imprisoned for seven months in that country. It is thought probable that in the event of there being no material change in the situation in the Far East, some of the Netherlands warships maintaining neutrality in the Dutch East Indies can be transferred to Venezuelan waters in May.

GEN. CHARLES TRACEY DEAD.

Albany, N. Y., March 24.—Former Representative Gen. Charles Tracey died at his home here today at the age of 57, after an illness of some months. Gen. Tracey served as a member of congress from this district from 1887 to 1889. He was active in the gold democratic movement and was chairman of the national committee of the Gold Democratic party. While studying in Europe in his early life he served in the papal zouaves. Pope Pius cabled to Gen. Tracey last Monday, the papal benediction.

TO SUCCEED WARNER.

Washington, March 24.—It was announced at the conclusion of the cabinet meeting today that President Roosevelt has appointed A. S. Valkenberg United States district attorney for the western district of Missouri. The appointment was made on the recommendation of Senator-elect Warner, in succession to himself as district attorney. Mr. Van Valkenbergh was Mr. Warner's assistant.

A. B. Siewert & Co. | A. B. Siewert & Co.

Spring Styles—

Hats, Hats.

Derbies, $3.00, $4.00, $5, $6.00, and $7.00.

Soft Hats, $3, $4, $5, $6, $8.00 and $10.

Silk and Opera Hats, $8. and $10.

Crushers, $1.00 to $3.00.

Caps, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.00

Headquarters for FINE HATS.

$3 Hats of Extra QUALITY.

Exclusive Styles of Dunlap and Stetson Hats,

New Neckwear, Gloves, Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Rain Coats, Silk Umbrellas Waistcoats, Collars.

EXTRA QUALITY DUNLAP & CO. HATTERS

A. B. Siewert & Co.

BIG SHOE SALE GOING ON AT BLODGETT-OLDHAM CO

Fine regular line of goods at COST!
Many broken lines at HALF Price!

We are very busy, but Saturday rush us. Come in and get your shoes at cost.

Store Next to The Glass Block.

NOTICE!

The Men's, Women's and Children's Clothing bought by Mr. Edwards when he was East have arrived, and are on sale in Men's Suits, Top Coats and Cravenettes and Pants.

Ladies' Suits, Dress Skirts, Under Skirts, Silk Skirts, Coats, Wash and Silk Waists and Trimmed Hats.

Children's Suits, Coats, Waists.

All Goods sold on the New Popular System, a small payment down, and balance Weekly or Monthly, to suit your convenience.

Fred W. Edwards

CASH & CREDIT PARLORS

30 West Superior Street, Columbus Block.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

"Where Values Reign Supreme."

STACK & CO.

In Ready-Made Goods, Extraordinary Values For Tomorrow.

All Other Departments Also Contribute an Exceptional Array of Special Bargains.

$3.50 Skirts—special at—$1.50
$4.50 Skirts—special at—$2.98
$6.95 Skirts—special at—$4.75
$7.50 Skirts—special at—$5.50
$7.95 Skirts—special at—$5.75
$9.50 Skirts—special at—$6.75

These Dress Skirts are all made in the newest styles and comprise all the popular weaves in mohairs, brilliantines, Panamas, meltons, cheviots and fancy mixtures.

Hosiery and Underwear Special.

Black Cat Brand Chicago-Rockford Hosiery Company Kenosha, Wis.

15c ladies' fast black Cotton Hose, fleeced—at only—

10c

25c children's Black Cat cotton hose in large sizes, from 8 to 10—special—

15c

15c Cotton Hose for gents, full seamless and white feet..... **10c**

35c ladies' ribbed top fleeced Hose—exceptional values..... **25c**

25c Children's all-wool Underwear, in vests, in sizes 2, 3 and 4—special at—only..... **12½c**

25c boys' and girls' seamless ribbed Waists, special tomorrow— **12½c**

Boys' and Men's Specials.

Boys' Pants, from 4 to 14 years in size—tomorrow, special..... **21c**

Boys' Overalls, all sizes from 4 to 13 years—only..... **21c**

Men's black and white striped Shirts, in all sizes — special tomorrow only, each..... **17½c**

Free Tomorrow

with every 25c Pillow Top purchased—7 skeins of Corticelli floss to work it.

New Spring Coats and Jackets at Unparalleled Prices.

$7.50 Covert Jackets for—$5.00
$8.75 Covert Jackets for—$5.75
$10.00 Covert Jackets for—$7.95
$12.50 Covert Jackets for—$9.50
$15.00 Covert Jackets for $11.50

These Jackets are made of nice quality of covert cloth and trimmed first class in every detail.

Black and Colored Dress Goods up to 65c Values—Choice Tomorrow at 49c.

Plain and fancy Mohairs and Sicilians—38 to 52 inches wide 46-in. Armure cloths in all the new spring shades.....

46-in. all wool Serge, in black and colors..

38-in. blue and green Tartan checks .....

52-inch heavy twill black Cheviots .....

38-in. shepherd check in black and white Mohair .....

40-in. all wool Batiste, in blue, tan and green .....

49 CENTS A YARD

Ladies' Hose Supporters — tomorrow special at—

10c, 19c, 25c, 35c

(Worth double these prices.)

39c Ladies' Belts, new style—for **25c**

75c Ladies' wide Girdles—only **50c**

75c Handbags—special at **50c**

39c Ladies' Lace Collars for **25c**

25c Ladies' Lace Collars for **15c**

25c Ladies' fleece-lined Gloves **15c**

39c Ladies' Golf Gloves at **25c**

45c Ladies' Bib Aprons, very full size—special at..... **25c**

Rug Specials.

30x60 Smyrna Rugs, fringed and reversible, in ten choice patterns in handsome colorings; regularly worth $1.98—your choice for..... **$1.00**

Mercerized Sateen Petticoats—Exceptional Bargains.

$1.00 Mercerized Petticoats—**69c**
$1.25 Mercerized Petticoats—**98c**
$1.75 Mercerized Petticoats—**$1.50**
$1.98 Mercerized Petticoats—**$1.45**
$2.50 Mercerized Petticoats—**$1.69**

350 sateen Rhadame mercerized Petticoats, with a 24-inch accordion-pleated flounce—is entirely a new style and very handsome—the price tomorrow **$2.25**

Muslin Underwear and Corsets.

25c Corset Covers, lace trimmed—tomorrow, special..... **17½c**

39c handsome cambric, lace trimmed Corset Covers—special at.. **25c**

50c Corset Covers for only..... **35c**

$1.25 handsomely trimmed Gowns, in lace and embroidery—tomorrow, your choice, only..... **95c**

50c Corset Girdles; exceptional value tomorrow, in sizes from 18 to 24—while they last..... **29c**

Linens and Domestics.

7½c Apron Ginghams, in all styles and short lengths of 1 to 10 yards—tomorrow, only..... **5c**

22c fancy Table Oilcloth in all colors—light and dark, for..... **15c**

6c heavy twilled Toweling for..... **4c**

$1.00 Table Linens, in short lengths from 1 to 3 yards, in all assorted patterns—special tomorrow, per yard, only..... **50c**

50 beautiful full-sized Bed Spreads, in handsome Marseilles patterns; bought cheap and worth $1.98—the price tomorrow will be only..... **$1.25**

West Duluth

The streets at West Duluth are in a wretched condition. Central avenue, the main business thoroughfare of the town, looks like a back street of some insignificant country village. The mud is ankle deep and is steadily getting worse. Crossings are almost impassible.

The streets should either be cleaned or a ferry service established to get people over the stuff which is supposed to be a paving.

MISSIONARY CONVENTION.

The district missionary convention of the three Swedish Baptist churches of this city and the Swedish Baptist churches of Superior which convenes quarterly, will hold its first session this evening at the Third Swedish Baptist church, corner of Fifty-ninth avenue West and Ramsey street. A song and praise service will be held beginning at 7:45 o'clock, after which Rev. B. Erlesen of Cambridge, Minn., will preach. Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, Miss Mattson of Superior, will conduct a children's meeting. Meetings will be held Saturday evening and Sunday afternoon and evening.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

C. J. Petruschke, the box factory man, is about to double the capacity of his plant, and the new addition will be in readiness by May 1. An engine and boiler house and a planing mill will be added, the latter to be 30 by 75 feet in ground dimensions and will have in it the latest improved machinery. Mr. Petruschke has purchased a large number of lots between Forty-ninth and Fifty-fifth avenues to use as a lumber yard. Thirty more men will be given employment by the increase of the plant and the improvements will cost $5,000.

Hats—Stetson, Gordon, Blake—latest—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

This evening's Lenten services at Holy Apostles Episcopal church will be conducted by Rev. Roderick J. Mooney. He will speak on "Rebecca."

The Commercial club will meet tonight to consider important matters.

The party given last evening by the Independent Order of Foresters of West Duluth was a most enjoyable affair. It took place at Victor Carlson's hall. There were cards, music and refreshments and each proved enjoyable. Following are the prize winners at cards: Ladies—First, Mrs. George O'Brien; second, Mrs. James Burke. Men—First, C. J. Petruschke; second, Ernest Schwalen.

Miss Grace Hall, recently back from Butte, Mont., was surprised by a number of friends last evening at her home on Grand avenue. Cards and dancing were indulged in and a most enjoyable time was had.

Shoes—good work and dress shoes,—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Miss Mildred Lammers of Two Harbors is a West Duluth visitor.

Gus Swenson and Thomas Flaherty have returned from Swan river.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McDonald are entertaining Mrs. George Thompson and daughter, Alice, of Willmar.

Miss Florence Sorenson of Raleigh street is back from the Twin Cities.

A district mission meeting will be held at the Third Swedish Baptist church this evening at 7:45 o'clock and will continue tomorrow and Sunday. Among the ministers from outside of the city will be Rev. Mr. Erickson of Cambridge, Minn., Rev. Mr. Johnson of Ashland, Wis., and Rev. Mr. Nylander from Sweden.

I. Deatherage is the man to see for your papering or painting. 303 Central avenue. Zenith 'phone, 3100.

Mrs. Johanna Johnson of 27 North Fifty-seventh avenue west died at 4 o'clock this morning after being sick all winter with a complication of diseases. She was 42 years of age and leaves a husband and five small children. The funeral arrangements have not yet been completed, but the funeral will be held either Sunday or Monday and interment will be in the Oneota cemetery.

E. J. Filiatrault of Eveleth is in town visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Filiatrault.

Spring overcoats and cravenettes—a try on means a sale—try one on.—The Great Eastern, West Duluth.

Word has been received from Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Johnson of West Duluth, who are visiting points on the Pacific coast, that they will leave there for home on Monday, stopping at several places on the way. They are very much taken with the coast country.

Yesterday a horse and rig were sent with a young fellow who worked at the Johnson livery stable out to Gilbranson after a man who wished to be brought into town. A few hours afterwards the horse returned to the barn badly cut up and with the buggy badly smashed. The stable men took the back trail, expecting to find the driver dead. They found him dead—drunk and brought him home.

P. J. Ehr is back from Cloquet, where he was working all winter.

A. H. Donald left yesterday for Long Rapids, Mich., to visit his aged father for a few weeks.

Rubbers at Lauermann's.

M. O. Aubolee of Two Harbors was visiting friends in West Duluth today.

John McLevis went to Willow River yesterday.

Only $19 for a four-hole range with high closet at F. H. Wade's.

It is expected that Richard Schell will take up chiropractic as a profession before long. This morning Ed Warren, who has been troubled with a stiff neck for some time, got fooling with Mr. Schell and the latter smashed him in the neck and cured it. If other experiments are as successful, Mr. Schell will probably hang out his shingle.

Baby carriages and go-carts. Just received a full line at F. H. Wade's.

See the go-carts we have at $3 each. F. H. Wade.

For that cough, use White Pine Lung Balsam. Nygren's drug store.

Progress $2.50 shoe in all styles at Lauermann's.

Brown Mallough & Son,

410-412 Central Avenue.

Both 'phones.

Biggest values in Canned Goods offered you in two years.

4 3-lb cans Tomatoes	25c
4 2-lb cans Sweet Corn	25c
4 2-lb cans White Wax String Beans	25c
Fresh Separator Butter, per lb	24c
Choice Golden Rio Coffee, great value, per lb	15c
50c quality Uncolored Japan Tea, per lb	35c

MEAT VALUES.

Fresh Spare Ribs, per lb	8c
No. 1 California Hams, per lb	7½c
No. 1 Honey Cured Hams, per lb	11½c
Fresh Sauerkraut, 3 lbs for	10c
Lean Breakfast Bacon, per lb	14c

Aerial Bridge.

New souvenir postal cards with a fine view of the Aerial Bridge — other Duluth views also. Three cards—all different if you like—for 5c.

Gray-Tallant Co

A Standard.

Fleisher's Yarns though elastic and giveable are strong and durable—made after old fashion standards with modern finish and smoothness. At the art work counter.

$15 Instead of $25 for These Stylish Tailored Suits.

THEY come from a maker of high repute and are the style of suits that you would expect to pay $25 for—in fact we've known of the same sort of suits being sold elsewhere for a bit more than $25. They are made in a variety of very pretty models—blouse and coat effects, with full sleeves and pleated skirts and trimmed with neat tailor trimming. They are certainly the best values you have seen this season—maybe the best you've ever been offered. **$15.00.**

LOOK AT OUR OTHER SPRING SUITS, representing every new kink of fashion and all the best fabrics. And more than that, there's variety enough to fit any price you have in mind, from $8.50 to $55.00.

More $10.00 and $12.50 Rain Coats for $8.75.

We told you of this offering Wednesday, and so many were made happy with the saving they secured, that we'll repeat the opportunity tomorrow, for those who missed it. Remember that they are the best $10.00 and $12.50 Rain Coats that we can find—that means much, for we've the fairest priced collection of Rain Coats in the two cities—and the prettiest. That in a nut shell is what you'll see here. **$8.75.**

March Sale of Short Lengths of Wash Goods, Silks and Dress Goods

Tomorrow is remnant day and the mere announcement will bring hundreds of women to the remnant tables. For the Gray-Tallant Co. remnant sales are important events in the plans of every woman who has dressmaking in view. We have thoroughly overhauled our stock of silks and dress goods and culled out all short lengths. These will be placed on tables in the east aisle tomorrow for easy picking at a third to a half off. Remnants of Wash Goods will be offered in the Wash Goods section at exactly half price. Best not to delay in coming—what's two tables full of Remnants, when there are so many to share them—and when prices are so invitingly low as they are for this sale.

Remnants **Remnants**

New Spring Underwear.

NEW underwear for women and children is ready—the right weights for spring and summer, and there is considerable of price interest in this opening announcement. We offer an underwear service that's satisfactory from every standpoint.

39c for boys' 50c Jersey ribbed shirts and drawers, lighty fleeced—ecru color—neatly finished—sizes 24 to 34—just the weight you'll want your boy to wear now and all through spring.

75c FOR CHILDREN'S UNION SUITS with high neck and long sleeves—hand crocheted-trimmed neck—half open front—ankle length—cream white—a weight for immediate wear.

WOMEN'S UNION SUITS 25c to $3.50—We offer a splendid assortment of union suits—all styles in both lisle and cotton and in medium or light weights at a wide range of prices.

WOMEN'S EXTRA SIZE UNDERWEAR 19c to $1.50—A very complete line of vests, pants and union suits, in extra large sizes, with long or short sleeves, knee or ankle length—spring weights.

35c for women's 50c gauze vests, lisle thread and mercerized cotton, with fancy lace or plain yokes and silk-taped neck and arms—pink, blue and ecru. Here's a smart saving to start the season with.

50c FOR "FOREST MILLS" VESTS—Medium weight cotton—plain white—high neck and long sleeves with ankle or knee length to match—an exceptionally good quality for 50c.

$1.25 FOR SILK GAUZE VESTS—Pure white, Swiss ribbed—with hand-crocheted yoke or fancy trimmed neck and arms. You'll look no further for a high-grade garment.

25c FOR CHILDREN'S SPRING UNDERWEAR—medium weight—jersey ribbed — pure white cotton—high neck and long-sleeved vests with ankle pants to match—all sizes at one price.

Easter Corsets—New Styles.

You will be charmed with the new W. B. Erect Form Corsets. They have attained a finer perfection in fit and grace than any corsets shown this season. They will be found to be a perfect foundation for the handsomest Easter gowns. We are showing the

New Spring Models.

You should make it a point to know about them before your spring dress fitting has begun.

Gloves and Hosiery.

Special Bargains for Saturday Shoppers.

89c FOR $1.00 SILK GLOVES—with double woven finger tips—one or two pearl clasps; the colors are black white, mode, tan and gray, with black, white or self-stitched backs.

25c FOR 35c MOCHA CASHMERE GLOVES—in black only—2 clasps—a good street glove for spring wear—at a popular price—reduced a third.

10c FOR WOMEN'S 15c COTTON HOSE—fast black—lightly fleeced seamless foot, extra high-spliced heel and toe.

25c FOR WOMEN'S 39c FANCY HOSE—elastic top, double sole—a regular 39c hose and a splendid quality at that price.

Trimmings Half Price.

Think of the large item that trimmings stand for in the cost of dressmaking, then come here tomorrow and see if it isn't possible to cut that expense in two—somewhere among this good variety of dress trimmings and appliques that we offer tomorrow at half price.

$5.00 Petticoats, $3.98

The sale of mercerized petticoats last Saturday was appreciated—if the way they went out was any index. Tomorrow we shall offer taffeta silk petticoats at $3.98, worth $5.00. They have a full accordion pleated flounce and ruffles, with a mercerized under ruffle. Those that we have sold at $5.00 were pronounced a wonderfully good value. We have most colors.

Apron Ginghams 5c.

All the really good apron ginghams that are made in America, are put up under the names of Amoskeag and Lancaster. Most of these ginghams are of the latter brand—some of the former. Three months ago we were paying 5½c a yard for every yard we could buy, and would have been doing so today if a pretty lucky chance hadn't come our way. Share it with us tomorrow.

50c and 75c Veiling 19c.

There's no mincing prices when we want to make room for the new veilings—that doesn't make these dotted chiffon and Tuxedo net veilings of less interest to you, though, if you know about the quality of good veiling and realize that the wholesale price should be twice 19c.

39c for Infants' and Children's Shoes worth up to $1.00

For one day only—*we will place on sale a good assortment of Infants' and Children's turned sole Shoes, with or without heel, patent leather and vici kid stock. The sizes run from 2 to 8. This is quite a remarkable sale, in that it is composed entirely of our regular Shoes that have sold at 50c, 59c, 65c, 75c and $1.00—not the grades that are often offered at bargain sales. Come in the morning, if you can, for first choice. Per pair only*—**39c**

98c for Women's $1.50 Kid Lace Shoes. 39c for Misses' and Children's 45c and 50c Storm Rubbers. 49c for Women's best Storm Rubbers.

NEW ERA IN PHOTOGRAPHY

Pictures Taken at Night From New Light at Dworshak's Studio.

The wonderful improvement that has developed to help make modern portraiture by photography more than ever a field of great possibilities will prove a matter of general interest. Recently, while a Herald man was at Dworshak's studio, he was shown the new lamp, which is the product of the Aristotype Co. of New York, and is called the Aristo Lamp.

It will be remembered that last November one of these lamps was installed in the printing department of this studio. It was the first lamp of its kind in the city. It speedily solved the problem of printing at any time, regardless of weather conditions. The results being so highly satisfactory, and the light found to be as brilliant as sunlight, it was decided to experiment and ascertain if the negative itself could be made with this light as a medium. When asked about this feature, Mr. Dworshak said:

"During the holidays we were too busy to test the light thoroughly for this purpose, but subsequent experiments proved so successful that I immediately installed another lamp in the camera room, which I believe is the greatest improvement in photography since the discovery of dry plates; its scope is marvelous; it turns night into day, and makes sittings possible at any time, regardless of weather. Anybody not familiar with the light will connect it with the dangerous and much-dreaded "flashlight" powder method. But such is not the case. It is an arc lamp, constructed in such a manner that it produces a peculiarly violet-colored ray, full of brilliancy and yet softness, absolutely devoid of any non-actinic rays, such as red or yellow, which makes it extremely rapid of action. Any known lighting or shading can be obtained with no more care than is required with daylight. Another feature is that it does not flutter or flash, but remains steady and quiet, proving no annoyance whatever to the sitter; even children forget that they are under an artificial light.

"No, it is no longer an experiment, but a most pronounced success. During the recent dark weather and short days the Aristo Lamp proved its value very conclusively. Sittings are now possible at any hour of the day or evening."

"Will you make evening sittings?"

"Yes, I have set Tuesday and Friday evenings for that purpose, by appointment only."

"This," remarked The Herald man, "will be a hard blow to the busy man who says he never has time. If his wife cannot induce him to sit for a photo now, then all hope is gone, indeed."

JUST MISSES BIG CONTRACT

P. McDonnell Is Second Bidder on $800,000 Job.

P. McDonnell, the Duluth contractor, returned last evening from California, where he has been bidding on an $800,000 government irrigation contract.

Mr. McDonnell was second lowest among fourteen bidders from the largest cities in the country. The contract went to a firm in Pueblo, Colo. Mr. McDonnell was second and a Buffalo firm was third.

"This is the second big government contract I have just missed," said Mr. McDonnell. "I was second on a $400,000 contract in Montana last fall, and second on this one. But I'll land one of them yet."

AT THE DULUTH CONSIGNMENT STORE TOMORROW!

Special great bargains on Ladies' Skirts, Waists and Silk Petticoats—not an ordinary reduction, but cut way down in price. We offer for tomorrow the entire stock of the Forreston Dry Goods Company at less than 50c on the dollor. Last Saturday was the first opening sale of this Forreston stock, and not being able to display the entire stock in our store last Saturday, we didn't offer anything on sale in the line of Skirts, Suits, Jackets, Waists, etc., but now, after this successful sale, we have all this week made plenty of room to display this fine stock. Don't hesitate a minute, but come—these bargains will please you all.

500 ladies' washable Waists—made in the very best style—fancy, light and colored lawns—fine embroidery trimmed—worth $1.50—choice of any in the lot, at... **48c**

One lot of ladies' high grade Waists—trimmed with fine imported embroideries—400 Waists to choose from, at... **98c**

200 Ladies' Waists, in taffeta silks, peau de soi, liberty satin—trimmed with hand-made lace—made in the very latest style— with leg-o'-mutton sleeves—in beautiful shades of pink, light, blue and white and black—positively worth $8.00, at **$4.39**

Ladies' Dressing Sacques, nicely made and trimmed, at. **39c**

Ladies' Wrappers—good quality—beautiful patterns—$1.25 value, at **69c**

Black Sateen Petticoats—ruffled bottom—great value. **49c**

300 black mercerized Sateen Petticoats—ruffled bottom and lace trimmed—extra wide—sold regularly for $2.25—tomorrow, at **98c**

100 Silk Petticoats—high grade silk—in beautiful shades of blue, green, pink and black—actually worth $7.50, at... **$3.98**

250 Ladies' Dress and Walking Skirts—worth up to $6; choice of the lot, at..... **$1.98**

150 Brilliantine Skirts, in brown, blue and black—made in the pleated effect—45 pleats—positively worth $8.00—our price, at **$3.69**

50 Ladies' suits—made in the very latest style—beautiful trimmed waists—skirts made in the pleated effect—48 pleats—in shades of brown, blue and black—sold elsewhere for $15.00—tomorrow's sale **$7.98**

Ladies' Suits—blue brilliantine Shirt Waist Suits—pleated skirts—regular price $12.50—tomorrow at **$6.98**

40 Silk Shirt Waist Suits—pleated skirts, in blue and black—other stores charge $25.00—on sale here at **$16.50**

Ladies' corset-fitting Summer Jackets—in light gray—leg-o'-mutton sleeves—positively worth $10.00—at **$4.98**

Ladies' Cravenettes—the very best light gray, tan and dark colors—actually worth $20.00—at **$9.89**

1,000 yards of linings—10c quality at **3c**

3,000 yards Sateens, Lawns—worth 20c a yard, at **8c**

One lot fine Dress Goods—per yard **9c**

1,000 yards Silk—actually worth $1.00 per yard—at.... **39c**

Lace Curtains—tomorrow, per pair **39c**

Linen Towels—tomorrow, at **6c**

Corset Covers—tomorrow, at **19c**

Children's heavy ribbed Stockings—15c values, at..... **6c**

Boys' Knee Pants—tomorrow, at **9c**

Boys' 2-piece Suits—at only **98c**

Boys' 3-piece Suits—Buster Browns, Peter Thompsons at—HALF PRICE.

Boys' Overalls—heavy denim, with bibs—at **19c**

75c Boys' Caps—our price, at **24c**

Men's Black Sox—15c quality, at **6c**

Men's and Boys' White Collars—in all styles—a 15c collar, at **3c**

Men's Black Sateen Overshirts, at **39c**

Men's Dress Shirts—soft bosoms, at **48c**

$1.50 Men's Pants—at **69c**

SPECIAL VALUES IN MEN'S SUITS.

$15.00 Men's Suits—at, only **$6.75**

$18.00 Men's Suits—at, only **$9.00**

50 Men's Suits—in the latest brown shades—18 oz. worsteds—sold by the leading stores in the city for $25.00, at... **$11.50**

Young Men's Suits—all-wool mixtures—a $10.00 suit—at **$4.98**

500 Men's Hats to choose from at, HALF PRICE.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Children's Shoes—sizes up to 7—per pair **19c**

Boys' School Shoes—solid leather soles and counters—every pair is guaranteed—sizes up to 13—at **98c**

Girls' Box Calf and Vici Kid Shoes—the best made—sizes up to 13—at **98c**

Ladies' Dress Shoes—light and heavy soles—in plain or bluchers—a regular $2.50 shoe—at **$1.48**

Ladies' Oxfords, in tan—actually worth $3—at.... **$1.74**

Men's Dress Shoes—at **$1.24**

DULUTH CONSIGNMENT CO.

24 East Superior Street.

FOUR JURY TRIALS

No Others Remaining on March Calendar of District Court.

Only One Criminal Trial This Term of Court.

Only four more jury cases remain for trial in the March term of district court, and a jury will be retained for about ten days or two weeks longer.

One of the somewhat unusual features of the present term has been the dearth of criminal trials, only one such action having been heard, that of the state against the two range doctors who were convicted of exposing a smallpox patient, contrary to the state laws. There still remain, however, several criminal matters to be adjusted, but some of these are likely to be continued over the term. One of the criminal matters not yet disposed of is that of the indictment against James Boyle, who is charged with having game in his possession out of the season prescribed by law. It is regarded as possible that the case will not come to trial.

The personal injury case of A. V. Bailey against Swallow & Hopkins, which has been on trial in Judge Cant's room for the past several days, was given to the jury this noon, the court having denied the motion of the lumber company for a directed verdict in its favor.

M. F. Rusfeldt, A. L. Wheeler and O. E. Bennett have instituted a civil action against the Cloquet Tie and Post company to recover a judgment of $1,800 for alleged trespass on lands in section 7-50-17, from which the company is claimed to have appropriated a quantity of birch, elm, ash and balsam timber. The parties bringing the action allege that they own the land and that the value of the timber taken is $400. They ask $200 damages for the tree tops and brushwood left on the ground from the cutting. The action is based on two sections in chapter 75 of the general statutes of Minnesota. H. B. Fryberger appears for Messrs. Rusfeldt, Wheeler and Bennett.

On petition and stipulation filed in the case of the West End Building association against George W. Davis, Florence Davis, D. D. Murray and others, Judge Ensign has made an order vacating and setting aside the injunctional order granted in October, 1903, restraining George Davis from further prosecution of an action between themselves in the municipal court until final settlement of the above mentioned action. The restraining order is dissolved on stipulation of the building association for the purpose of permitting George Davis and Florence Davis to settle any matter of difference between themselves, the association releasing its claims against the other defendants. It does not release its claim against any of the property mentioned in the complaint or against George Davis or Florence Davis.

P. J. Neff, as receiver of the Motor Line Improvement company in an action against J. H. Upham to recover an assessment on stock ordered by the court, has filed an affidavit that Upham is not a resident of this state and that he cannot be found. His address is given as the Occadental hotel, San Francisco, Cal.

RELIABLE BARGAIN SALE AT THE

NEW YORK STORE

109 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

THE GREAT EAST END TEMPLE OF ECONOMY — RECORD-BREAKING CHEAP PRICES for the month of March on new spring high-class wearing apparel for ladies and gentlemen. SKIRTS, JACKETS, Cravenette and Silk Coats of the very latest creations. SKIRTS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, etc., for ladies and gentlemen of the most reliable makers of the land at about ONE-HALF their actual value.

50 DOZEN $1.50, $1.25 AND $1.00 MEN'S FINE NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, of the newest spring styles, light and dark Madras cloth, cheviot, percales and the latest figured mercerized—all of the finest washable materials, attached and detached collars and cuffs, yokes, full gathered backs, double fold seams with gussets; all the clothiers tax you for the same shirts $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50—bargain sale price **49c**

$5.00 MOHAIR SKIRTS, $2.98—Blue and black, newest Spring mohair ladies' Skirts; latest pleating front panel style, straps and buttons of self cloth, foot flaring, all seams bound, perfect fitting; all sizes; sold nowhere else for less than $5.00—bargain sale price..... **$2.98**

$12.50 FINE SKIRTS FOR $6.83—The leading new spring styles—knife pleat and kilted skirts, in 45 gores—the only skirt which fits like a glove and admired by every lady in preference to any skirt on the market. Made in fine all-wool Panama, French mohair, Alberta and Scotch cheviot cloths, in the leading shades of brown, blue and black—no one sells 'em for less than $12.50—bargain sale. **$6.83**

$15.00 SPRING TOURIST COATS—Full dress length, in brown, blue, green and gray mixed Scotch all wool cloth; latest boxed back, three section belt, leg-o'-mutton sleeves, small turned-down collar, large lapels, double-breasted and side pockets, made with the idea of taking the place of a cravenette and coat—style and comfort combined **$8.83**

$15.00 LONG CRAVENETTE COATS FOR $9.63 — Gray, tan, brown and blue; long cravenettes, warranted rain-proof, boxed backs and inverted pleats, with belts, side pockets, full sleeves, latest collars, best tailored —in all sizes—a garment which shows its actual value of $15—bargain.. **$9.63**

$10.00 Covert Jackets, newest Spring styles, 24 inches long **$4.83**

$10.00 Silk Jackets, of fine black peau de soie, taffeta lined **$4.63**

$3.50 Skirts, ladies' and misses' sizes; colors and black **$1.98**

$2.50 Petticoats, black morine silk finish, accordion-pleated flounce; feld seams throughout **$1.39**

$1.00 Ladies' Waists — white and fancies, washable, nicely trimmed **49c**

5c Handkerchiefs—white, fine hemstitched; each... **2c**

75c Corsets, white and drab—all lengths, sizes 26 to 30—a pair **25c**

50c Belts, in black, brown and blue silk, stayed bodice; latest styles; all sizes—at **25c**

75c nice Nottingham Lace Curtains, full sizes, finished edges—a pair.... **39c**

$2.00 high-grade Nottingham Lace Curtains, extra lengths and width—sale price, a pair **98c**

50c Table Damask in turkey fast red and loom dice —a yard..... **29c**

10c Toweling and Russia Crash —bleached and unbleached—a yard..... **6c**

50c newest Veilings and all-over Laces—yd..... **29c**

25c Suspenders—men's and boys' sizes—a pair... **9c**

50c Men's Suspenders — police, cross back and fine dress styles—a pair.... **25c**

10c Children's ribbed Vests—sleeveless, all sizes—at **3c**

Always the Cheapest. | **NEW YORK STORE,** 109 EAST SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH.

DECISIONS BY SUPREME COURT

Scott County Grand Jury Upheld In Bank Case.

St. Paul, March 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The failure of the Scott County bank of Jordan, Minn., last summer and the sensation attending it is recalled in a supreme court decision, upholding the action of the grand jury of Scott county in indicting H. Burton Strait and Henry Schreiner for receiving deposits after they knew the institution was insolvent.

Strait and Schreiner were the principal officers of the bank and after the suspension had taken place the grand jury summoned the trustees before it, scrutinized the bank's books and returned an indictment as the result of such scrutiny.

The defendants claimed that the examination of their books without their consent was an unconstitutional proceeding. The application to set aside the indictments is denied.

The motion to dismiss the indictments was made on the ground that the books and papers of the bank had been used by the grand jury, which was an invasion of a man's private rights under the constitution. The court held that there was apparently no objection made when the books and papers were submitted to the grand jury and had there been objection, bank documents and records were of a semi-public nature, therefore the contention was not well grounded.

In the case of Cyrus Webber vs. J. A. Axtell et al, from Martin county, Judge Quinn is upheld in the opinion that when any person obtains a government patent for land upon a navigable lake, he is entitled thereafter to any island in the lake which by natural accretions may become connected with his land, provided the island was not surveyed or reserved to the government when the patent was issued.

SENTIMENT IS DIVIDED

There promises to be quite a warm fight between the advocates of creosote blocks and asphalt among the First street property owners.

The first estimates prepared by the city engineer did not include creosote blocks, but later, at the request of Alderman Moore, the city engineer prepared an estimate of their cost, and bids will be submitted for a pavement of this material. Asphalt was preferred to any of the other pavements first estimated, but since the creosote-block estimate has been submitted, several of the large property owners who at first favored asphalt are now advocating a creosote block pavement. The sentiment appears to be now about equally divided, and it is a question which pavement will be laid.

CONTRACTS AWARDED.

Kalamazoo, Mich., March 24.—The directors of the Grand Rapids & Kalamazoo Electric railway, this afternoon, let contracts for the construction and equipment of the road. The Westinghouse company of New York, was given the contract for electrical equipment. The total cost of the road will be $1,200,000 to $1,500,000.

WOMAN BURNED WHILE FIGHTING FOREST FIRES.

Minot, N. D., March 24.—Mrs. Adam Steiner, aged 35, with her two-year-old baby went to assist her husband fight a prairie fire near their home near Stanley. When the fire was extinguished Mrs. Steiner was found burned to death. Her baby who was standing near with all clothes burned off, died later.

TWO NEGROES HANGED.

Montgomery, Ala., March 24.—George Calhoun, colored, was hanged here today for the murder of his wife. He acknowledged his guilt.

Bristol, Tenn., March 24.—Robert Turner, a negro, was hanged today at Abington, Va., for the murder of Louise Jefferson, colored.

NEW RUSSIAN LOAN.

Paris, March 24.—The negotiations for a new Russian loan have been resumed and are proceeding satisfactorily.

CITY BRIEFS

Lawyers' briefs. North Land Printery.

McCray meat and grocery refrigerators, easy payments. Kelley Hardware Co.

Charles Kingston pleaded guilty to petty larceny in the municipal court this afternoon, and was fined $25 and costs. He is claimed to have stolen about $16 worth of tools from a toolhouse on the harbor front.

The regular monthly meeting of the Unitarian church will be held this evening in the church.

A Duluth-Superior car struck a milk wagon belonging to C. G. Anderson, while passing Second avenue east this morning, and scattered several quarts of milk over the pavement.

All new! Silver gray and brown plaid suitings; soft diagonal overcoatings. See them. Brenton, tailor, Phoenix block.

Don't guess you will be correctly dressed. Go to Brenton and be sure.

Residents of Duluth Heights claim that that suburb is troubled with a gang of youthful thieves who are making property on the Heights unsafe. McEwen's store was burglarized Tuesday night, and other minor crimes have been committed which have made the residents anxious to see the offenders brought to justice. Five or six young toughs are said to be responsible for all of the crimes.

The funeral of Mrs. Phillip Oliver was held from Pilgrim Congregational church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and interment made at Forest Hill cemetery.

L. C. Harris has been appointed by Mayor Cullum to succeed himself as a member of the board of civil service commissioners.

Rev. J. W. Powell of Endion M. E. church will speak on "Faith That Saves" at the evangelical services in Grace M. E. church this evening.

R. D. Tomlinson, vice president of the National Association of Stationary Engineers, who is registered at the Spalding, was a guest of T. W. Hugo at the Commercial club today. He will lecture before the local association of engineers this evening at Odd Fellows' hall, taking as a subject "Modern Steam Power Stations." The meeting will be an open one and all interested are invited to attend.

Charles Vaughn, alias Sam Ranford, a salesman about 59 years of age, was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 nd costs or spend thirty days in jail, by Judge Windom this morning in municipal court. The offense to which he pleaded guilty was petty larceny. While intoxicated he entered the office of A. L. Agatin in the First National bank building, and stole a cloak which he later pawned for 40 cents.

PERSONALS

A. C. Jones left for Chicago today.

Mrs. Sarah P. Mitchell leaves tonight for Spokane, Wash.

Mrs. M. B. Allen and daughter leave tonight for Seattle.

E. G. Hayden left for St. Paul today.

G. N. Quilliard, Jr., of New York City is in the city after an absence of a number of years. Mr. Quilliard left here in 1893 and for a short time was a promising comedian with a leading Boston comic opera company, but preferred a business life and withdrew. He is now with a large New York advertising agency.

A Grand Opportunity to Save Money on Your Jewelry Purchases

Our Complete Stock of Fine Jewelry, Consisting of Watches, Rings, Clocks, Gold and Silver Novelties, Tableware, Cut Glass, Etc., is on Special Sale at Phenomenal values. We have to vacate our present Store, and must first reduce our stock to the minimum. We are offering the Greatest values in High Grade Jewelry ever known in Duluth.

J. Gruesen, Jeweler,

31 West Superior Street.

IMPORTANT

LOST—Keys to the real estate and insurance offices of Little & Nolte. Reward to finder.

BUYS MORE PROPERTY

Duluth Telephone Company Doubles Its First Street Holding.

Negotiations are said to have been practically closed today by which the Duluth Telephone company becomes possessor of the 25-foot lot fronting on First street, adjoining on the east its building on the lower side of First street, between Third and Second avenues West. The transfer was made from the Western Land association, which owned 75 feet fronting the street between the telephone company's property and the lot purchased last week by Watterworth & Lee.

The consideration paid by the telephone company is mentioned as $10,000, that being the price for which the property has been on the market.

It is also understood that the telephone company contemplates some improvement of the lot just purchased, this coming season, the nature of which was not learned as C. M. Mauseau, manager of the company, could not be found.

MORE OPTIONS.

W. R. Gillis to File Another Valuable Bunch.

A telephone message received from Superior this afternoon stated that the attorneys for W. R. Gillis, representing the Lake Superior & Southeastern Railway company, were on the way over to Duluth to file with the register of deeds another lot of options covering West end property, the prices of which will aggregate $170,000.

SHOES!

At the greatest Shoe Sale Duluth Has Ever Had!

T. C. Phillips Retires From Retail Shoe Business!

BOYS' SHOES— $2.00 and $2.50 values at..... **$1.48**

MEN'S SHOES— $2.50 and $3.00 values at..... **$1.98**

LADIES' SHOES— $2.00 and $2.50 grades at **$1.59**

MISSES' SHOES— Fine kid lace Shoes, double soles—sizes 11½ to 2—$1.75 grades..... **98c**

LADIES' STORM RUBBERS 39c.

Hundreds of other bargains at equal savings.

PHILLIPS & CO.

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FORCED OUT OF BUSINESS!

The Greatest Sale Ever Held at the Head of the Lakes Is Now In Progress.

I. LIEBERMAN RETIRES FROM THE CLOTHING BUSINESS

After eight successful years in Duluth, and having made a great many friends.

I very much regret to leave the retail clothing business, but after losing my lease of the building I now occupy, I have made strenuous efforts to secure another suitable location, all to no purpose, and now I have decided to sell my stock of Men's and Boys' clothing, Shoes and Furnishing Goods and get out of the retail clothing business.

Every dollar5s worth of merchandise in my store must go, and I have instructed my force of salespeople to mark every article at prices that will stagger even the manufacturer of the clothing.

BARGAIN NO. 1—350 pairs of Shoes worth up to $4.00 per pair, in sizes 9, 10, 11 and 12 at, per pair **$1.29**
—this is a broken lot—they go

LOT NO. 2—Men's Dress Shoes, in all sizes, worth $3.50 and $4.00—to close them up they go at **$1.98**

This includes such makes as American, King George and High Roller Shoes.

Forced to Vacate By the Greedy Landlords.

Our lease expires May 1st and I am positively going out of the clothing business. I have disposed of my fixtures, comprising show cases, shelving and tables. We are forced to vacate our store room, which forces us to sacrifice every dollar's worth of our fine stock of men's and boys' clothing, hats, shoes and furnishing goods, at prices far below the cost of manufacturing. Sterling values in seasonable merchandise in every department. We are actually compelled to make this great sacrifice. The loss is ours, the gain is yours.

READ—Every paragraph points the way to SURE AND SAFE MONEY-SAVING.

SNAP NO. 3—Mothers, does your boy wear clothes? Over 300 boys' suits, ages 4 to 14 years, pick of any two-piece suit in the house while they last.... **69c**

Men's 75c Dress and Work Shirts—take as many as you like at..... **29c**

BARGAIN NO. 4—Will last quick. 600 pairs of men's shoes, worth up to $2.00—go at **99c**

LOT NO. 5—Mackintoshes and Raincoats—look **$1.29**

LOT NO. 6—Sizes 15, 16, 16½ and 17, all large sizes of Lion brand $1.25 and $1.50 shirts **59c**

BARGAIN NO 7—Ask for No. 7 single vests, from suits, worth up to $2.00—vests go at **59c**

MEN'S TROUSERS.

$1.50 Work Pants	59c
$2.50 Dress Pants	99c
$3.00 Dress Pants	$1.39
$3.00 Corduroys	$1.39
$3.50 Worsteds	$1.69
$4.00 Trousers	$1.99
$5 and $6 Trousers—pick in the house	$2.98

LOOK—Men's hand-tailored Suits, in sizes 35, 36 and 37—any suit in the lot worth from $12.00 to $22.50—your choice of any suit in the house in these sizes—listen, only **$7.75**

Over 300 35, 36 and 37 suits to choose from.
All $8.00 and $10.00 Suits go at $3.89
All our $12.00 Suits go at $5.75

Your choice of any suit in the house—suits worth up to $22.50—take your pick at **$8.75**

Men's Winter Overcoats—we know it is late in the season, but listen—here are bargains—Men's $8.00 and $10.00 Overcoats go at **$2.75**

Men's $12.00 and $14.00 Overcoats on sale at **$4.75**

$20.00 and $25.00 Coats—your pick of any coat in the house... **$8.75**

Spring Coats in all sizes, worth $14 and $16, will be sold at.... **$7.75**

Ladies' Hose, worth 25c—go at, per pair.4c
Men's 25c Hose go at 6c
Boys' 25c ribbed Stockings 5c
Horse-hide Gloves and Mitts, worth $1..39c
Linen Handkerchiefs, per doz.....25c
Men's Storm Rubbers 12½c
Suspenders for men.....11½c
Men's 50c Suspenders 29c

The Great Sale Is Now In Progress. Everything Will Be Sold From 60 to 80 Per Cent Discount On Every Article In the House. Big Things — Little Things — Everything Must Go.

All the latest style Hats, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00, go at 99c

Men's Underwear, summer weight, worth 50c per garment—go at 19c

Ribbed Underwear, worth $1 per suit, go, per garment 29c

Swet's Corduroy Wool Underwear, $1.50 per garment—at, per garment.....48c

150 dozen Browney Overalls, sizes 4 to 14 years, extra heavy 21c

Be on hand tomorrow morning to participate in the above bargains. Every bargain mentioned here, together with thousands of others too numerous to mention, will be marked out for tomorrow's selling. You can not afford to stay away tomorrow.

VAN GUARD CLOTHING CO.

407 WEST SUPERIOR ST. 407 WEST SUPERIOR ST. 407 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

DIVORCE IS REFUSED

Court Finds Entirely In Favor of Mrs. Louise Cody.

Judge Administers a Scathing Rebuke to Buffalo Bill.

Sheridan Wyo., March 24.—The district court here yesterday refused the petition of Col. W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill. for a divorce. The courtroom was crowded. After the reading of the depositions was finished, the lawyers for both sides, announced that they would submit the case without argument.

After a short recess, Judge R. H. Scott asked the attorneys for the defendant, Wilcox and Halligan of North Platte, Neb., to amend their answer in the case by striking out the sections which dealt with charges against Bessie Isbelle, Cody's conduct in Chicago, and his early excesses at Fort McPherson. When this was done, the court found entirely in favor of the defendant, Mrs. Louisa Cody.

Judge Scott delivered an opinion of considerable length reviewing the allegations and evidence and giving his conclusions.

"The law of the state does not make incompatibility a ground for divorce, but it does read that extreme cruelty rendering the condition of either party to the marriage contract intolerable is sufficient grounds to allow the granting of a divorce," said Judge Scott.

"The first cause of action in this case is the charge of poisoning on Dec. 26, 1901, or some time prior thereto. The evidence wholly fails to support this issue, but shows the defendant was trying to rescue the plaintiff from a state of intoxication and administered not poison, but remedies which she deemed beneficial to him. His inability to speak on this occasion did not come from these remedies, but came from his excessive use of intoxicating liquors at the banquet board and was as humiliating to the defendant as to the plaintiff.

"The unhappiness caused by the actions of the plaintiff is shown by the letter of their daughter, Arta Thorpe, whose beautiful character shone out from her unhappy home and the words of her letter written just before her death:

"'Oh, papa, why did he do it? My heart is just broken over it. Oh, why did he do it.'"

Judge Scott also found that the charge of unbecoming actions on the part of the defendant towards the colonel's guests was not proven, that there was no evidence that she had even threatened her husband's life and that when attending the funeral of her daughter, Arta, at Rochester, N. Y., in February, 1904, she offered a permanent reconciliation and no answer ever came to this.

"She was an ever indulgent mother and wife, who always took pride in his success and always looked forward to his home coming and made great preparations to receive him," said Judge Scott. "She entertained his guests with cordiality. She did not use violent language. She never spoke disrespectfully of him to his friends or guests. She always accompanied him to the depot on his departures and was there to receive him on his returns. In her home she has a large statue of him in the hall. In her bedroom she has his portrait done by a famous painter; on her stand she has his photograph, the dishes she used were souvenirs, stamped with his portrait. Such in brief is the character and conduct of Mrs. Cody, extending over a long period of her married life.

"In return for this wifely devotion the plaintiff has been cruel to her and heaped indignities upon her. Even if it were true that the defendant had at times been impatint with him and such impatience has been considered as indignities, it is true she has had much to contend with. There are some allgations in the answer which are not sustained by the evidence. From the evidence it does not appear that the plaintiff was so addicted to gambling as to impair his business abilities or trustworthiness. He did not use intoxicating liquors in such quantities as to interfere with the transaction of his business."

An exception to the ruling of the court was noted by Judge H. S. Ridgeley, attorney for Cody, and his request for sixty days for filing a petition for a rehearing was granted.

The motion for a new trial will be argued at the next term of court and in case this is denied it is understood that Col. Cody's attorneys will take the matter to the supreme court of Wyoming.

MYSTERY IN GIRL'S DEATH.

Wheeling, W. Va., March 24.—Mystery surrounds the death of Miss Hulda Schubert, whose dead body was found lying in a gully yesterday. The find was made by Frank Smith, who, it is understood, was engaged to be married to Miss Schubert. The girl was last seen alive on Monday. The autopsy over the remains revealed the fact that one of the arteries in her neck had been ruptured, presumably while in a struggle with a murderer, whose motive evidently was robbery, as the girl's watch and chain and two rings were missing.

STRIKES HIDDEN ROCKS.

When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of Consumption, Pneumonia, etc., you are lost. If you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. McKinnon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with Pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave relief, and one bottle cured me." Sure cure for sore throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed at all druggists, price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

IS DELUGED WITH LETTERS

Pity Professor Osler, Who Has Many Troubles Now.

Baltimore, Md., March 24.—If people do not stop writing letters to Prof. Osler he will have no chance to do anything in all his waking hours but cut open envelopes and glance over the written stuff within. Letters by the hundreds and by the thousands have been pouring in on the unhappy man since he vaulted into fame by declaring man was no good after he was 40, and ought to be chloroformed at 60.

Some persons write to him in all seriousness. Some have fun with him. He destroys most of his letters, but a few have come to light through acquaintances who read them. Here is one:

"Dear Dr. Osler—I am 27 years of age. I was married a year ago to a gentleman of means, who has a large and prosperous manufacturing business. My husband is just 60 years old today.

"I read your speech recently published in the newspapers. I hail your views as opening a new era in our social life, and I am a firm believer in and an admirer of your ideas.

"Kindly accept an invitation to dine with us at your earliest convenience. I will introduce you to my husband and my husband's business manager, a very interesting young man, whom I am sure you will like.

"Hoping you will bring your chloroform along and treat us to a demonstration of your theory, I remain, your respectfully, MRS. YOUNGWFIE."

Another read as follows:

"Respected Dr. Osler—In these days when the power of wealth is throttling our time-honored institutions and debauching even the fundamental principals of our civilized government, we may well acclaim the change in our policy which would obtain if your theory were put into practice by law. I am a lawyer and am frequently in touch with incidents which prove to me that wealth can obtain for certain men even the highest positions in our government, where others, who should receive these positions on merit and ability, fail.

"Hoping the theory you advocate may soon become a law, so that the young men may have a chance, I am sincerely yours, FRANK BLACKSTONE."

Another read:

"My Dear Dr. Osler—I have been married eighteen years. Before marriage I was a happy, light-hearted, care-free youth. Now I am almost a physical and mental wreck from the troubles of married life. Yet my wife is not a really bad dispositioned woman.

"I long ago concluded that the condition of our social fabric was not as it should be. Something was wrong. Having read your theory, I have renewed hope.

"I like to honor genius in my humble way. On March 31 we are to have a social function at our house—a little dinner to celebrate the 60th anniversary of the birthday of my wife's mother. Will you do us the honor to attend? Don't forget your little bottle. Respectfully yours, JOHN DUNN GOODE."

NEGRO ELECTROCUTED.

Columbus, Ohio, March 24.—Herman Hamilton, a negro, convicted of the murder of Lee Culver, a foreman in the Norfolk & Western railroad yards at Portsmouth, Ohio, on May 26, 1904, was electrocuted in the annex at the Ohio penitentiary a few minutes past midnight. Hamilton met death calmly. The motive for Hamilton's crime was robbery. After killing Culver he placed the body in one of the coal tipples in the railroad yard and covered it with coal.

BLEATING OF LAMB

Leads Her to the Body of Her Murdered Lover.

Strange Tragedy of the Feud Country of Kentucky.

Beattyville, Ky., March 24.—The bleating of a lost lamb, coupled with the constacy and love of a woman, has led to the uncovering of one of the most dastardly murders ever committed in Kentucky. Six months ago Lewis May, possessing some means and land, disappeared. It was given out that he had sold his possessions and had gone far away never to return.

There was one who doubted. A Spartan mountain girl, Amy Flincham, had given her heart and hand to May. They had not been married, but despite her primitive surroundings, her rugged exterior, a truer heart and warmer never beat within the breast of a race noted for devotion and fealty. She knew that Lewis May would not go away without telling her of his destination and purpose.

Time wore on and the missing man sent no word, nor could tidings of him be had. Then it was that John Swanson, who had sought the hand of the maiden, made a proposal, it is said, to the girl. She rejected him with scorn. She reminded him of her pledge to May, for whose return she waited with certainty and sure expectation. Dismayed and angry, Swanson, who had lingered with the clear, benumbing spirits made in the mountains, bluntly averred that she need wait no longer; May had gone to a country from which he would never return.

Never doubting the constancy of the missing lover, but with a harrowing suspicion clinging to her heart, Miss Flincham returned to her home and duties. Among the latter was the care of a small bunch of sheep, in which she had a personal interest. One day an adventurous lamb kicked up his heels and broke away from the flock. Seemingly possessed of an evil spirit, it headed straight for the mountain. Fleet of foot and fresh in its young strength, it soon distanced all pursuit and made its escape.

The shepherdess waited until the next day and then started to search for the missing lamb, filled with the fear that it might already have met with destruction. Wandering up over the hills and through the deep gulches she was at last rewarded with the sound of a faint, distant bleat. On and on she toiled over the immense barriers erected by nature with the luring, pleading bleat of the lamb far away.

Turing into an almost inaccessible canyon she beheld an object ahead that struck a chill to her soul. A human body lay limp and crushed upon the jagged rocks. Approaching with awe and fear she was terror-stricken when she beheld the features of her missing sweetheart. The face had decomposed after an exposure of months to the bitter winter weather, but the features remained and there could be no mistaking the clothing.

Saddling a horse she rode into town and related her story to the officers of the law. An investigation was made, which led to the arrest of four men. She is now the most impertant witness against them. Her statement made to the court is as follows:

"My name is Amy Flincham. Billy Flincham is my father. I knew Lewis May. He and I were to be married. He was at my father's house about the 5th of last October. While at our house he talked about a trial which my brother Berry was to have for the murder of Howard Keller. Lewis was a witness against Berry. Lewis was also charged with the same murder. Berry and Lewis got mad at each other. I never saw Lewis any more. My father and Berry told me that he had sold out what he had and was gone never to return. John Swanson wanted me to marry him, but I refused. I told him that I would wait for Lewis to come back. He told me that I would never see Lewis alive again, and he knew what he was talking about. He was drunk at the time, and I paid little attention to what he said. A month after that I was in the creek looking for a lamb and I came on the body of Lewis May. It was decayed, but I knew it. I knew it by his clothes and from what I could see of his features. He had been killed. I do not know who killed him. There was a rope tied about him."

As a result of this statement "Uncle" Billy Flinchham, his son, Berry Flincham, "Uncle" Johnny Flincham, brother of Billy, and John Swanson were arrested for the commission of the murder.

If any doubt had existed in the minds of the officers that the crime had been committed it was dispelled when Billy Flincham was placed on the witness stand His statement was reduced to writing. Brief as it is the crime of murder is plainly told although he accuses John Swanson of the crime. His story, which is corroborated by his son, Berry, and told to County Judge Robinson, is as follows:

"I knew Louis May. He was to marry my daughter. Some time early in last October he came to my house. Berry and he were indicted for killing Howard Keller and May was going to turn witness against Berry. They had an argument about it. John Swanson was at our house. May and him had some trouble. They fought and May hit Swanson with a knot of wood. This was near to my house, in the afternoon, about three hours before sundown. Before this Swanson asked May to go coon hunting. Berry and me watched Swanson and May go up the cliff together and they fought again. We saw Swanson draw a knife across May's throat, hit him in the head and push him over the cliff. I allowed as how May was dead. I did not bury the body because I did not want to have anything to do with it. Swanson said he would bushwhack any man who told on him. Neither me or Berry had anything to do with it."

Being further examined he stated that his family had a regular dipping place in the creek to get water for domestic purposes and that it was located several yards below where the body of May was found; that he instructed his family to get no more water at that point, and thereafter he obtained water at a point higher up the creek and above where the body lay.

The cliff which has figured in this tragedy is about 600 feet from the Flincham home. It towers over the valley, in which nestles the rude cabins of these studry mountaineers. In a winding course from the very door of the Flincham home is a smaller trail, or path, which has been worn by the younger children of Billy Flincham, who, he said, had made trips to "see if the body was still there," and admitted that they had said something to him about seeing it there.

If you want your little ones strong, healthy and robust, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. A tonic for the whole family. The children's friend. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.

NAME AND WILL ARE BOTH LOST

Estate of Deceased Chicago School Teacher Tied Up.

Chicago, March 24.—A lost will and a lost name, figure in the mystery which the probate court is endeavoring to unravel regarding the estate of a public school teacher, who was known as Miss Anna Mueller. This, it is declared, was an assumed name, but apparently no one knows what her real name was.

Miss Ella M. Johnson, a teacher in the Lowell school, says she was a witness to the will which now cannot be found. In this, she declares, Miss Mueller left her entire estate to her aged parents, who live in Berlin, Germany.

Another will, which has been filed for probate, leaving $5,000 to Matilda Bressler, a milliner living on Market street, San Francisco, and this woman has written to Attorney Cleveland, who has charge of her interests, that she is Miss Mueller's mother.

Why the teacher masqueraded under a false name during the years she was connected with the Chicago schools is a mystery her closest friends do not attempt to solve. Many who knew her well say that she often admitted that Mueller was not her real name, but that in response to questions she always declared that there were reasons why she wished to keep her name a secret.

Miss Mueller liver at 50 Catalpa place and is said to have avoided all reference to her family. To a few friends she said that her parents lived in Berlin and that she had left her home several years ago.

A few days ago Attorney Cleveland went before Judge Cutting and filed a petition asking that the Chicago Title and Trust Co. be appointed administrator of the estate. The will which has been filed provides that stock in the Bookkeepers' Building and Loan association be delivered to Lena Albert, 5634 Ingleside avenue. To Gail Borden Johnson, Alhambra, Cal., Miss Mueller bequeathed $500. This will is dated July 23, 1903. Miss Johnson has written to Judge Cutting requesting that she be permitted to offer testimony relative to the drawing up of the will bequeathing the entire estate to the aged parents of Miss Mueller.

"I am not in a position to discuss the situation at this time," said Attorney Cleveland, "as matters appear somewhat complicated. A young woman did come to me and claim that another will had been executed, but we have been unable to find it. I am also unable to state whether there has been a mistake as to heirship, but the matter is being investigated."

Miss Mueller was born Nov. 18, 1866, in Berlin, and was graduated from the Victoria college, Berlin, 1887. She died Feb. 22 at the Woman's hospital. She traveled extensively in Europe and America as governess, and was first assigned as teacher in Chicago in September, 1892. She taught German until June, 1902, when the new rules of the board of education closed her work. She then went to the Chicago normal school to meet the requirements for the new German position and was assigned to the Avondale school Jan. 1, 1904.

While attending the University of Chicago she took special courses at the Central Institute and the Teachers' College of the University of Chicago. Her estate consists principally of Insurance policies.

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LAURIER'S GRACEFUL RETREAT.

Premier Laurier of Canada is certainly a crafty politician. At the time that it was proposed to create two new provinces in the Canadian Northwest, to be known as Alberta and Saskatchewan, with singular obtuseness the premier, backed up by a big Liberal majority in parliament, attempted to impose upon the people of these new provinces the expense of maintaining separate public schools for Protestants and Catholics.

Immediately there was a big howl raised in Ontario and Manitoba, while the people in the territories directly affected were wild with indignation. There were threats of an appeal to the country and the outlook was that if the issue were tried out in an election the premier and his government would go bump on the rocks.

But Laurier is always resourceful, and was not to be balked. Premier Houltain of the Northwest territories gave Premier Laurier his clew when he said: "The autonomy bill is unconstitutional." Laurier immediately grasped at this as a drowning man would at a straw and said: "The measure may be unconstitutional. Let it go to the courts." And to the courts it goes, there to be haggled over perhaps for years. In the meantime excitement has cooled down and the trouble that seemed almost insurmountable has disappeared. By the time the courts have decided the question the premier will have obtained a better grasp upon public sentiment and whatever the verdict of the courts he will know how to proceed without danger of losing his power. And if he is as skillful in future in avoiding the rocks as this time his political bark may continue to sail successfully for many seasons.

WHITEMAN NOT GUILTY.

In view of the testimony produced at the trial of A. J. Whiteman at Buffalo on the charge of procuring $2,000 on a fraudulent draft, it was not at all surprising that the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Whiteman claimed from the start that this was a put up job on the part of the Pinkerton detective agency, which, he asserts, has been persecuting him for years, and he produced witnesses from his home in New York State who established for him an alibi, showing that he could not have been at places mentioned at times charged in the testimony of Boothman, who turned state's evidence and was the principal witness for the prosecution.

Whiteman does not deny that in the past he has been mixed up in questionable transactions, but he has frequently asserted that for several years past he has been living a proper life at his home and that he knew nothing whatever about the several crimes with which he has been charged in recent years.

That there may be truth in his claim and his further contention that he is the object of spite work and persecution on the part of the Pinkerton detective agency is indicated by the fact that he has not been convicted of any of these crimes.

Can it be true that this detective agency, because Whiteman has been successful in eluding the nets woven around him in the past, is moved by a spirit of revenge and attempts to fasten upon him every big forgery that occurs in the country, even going to the extent of buying perjured testimony in order to accomplish its purpose?

Boothman, the principal witness for the prosecution, admitted on the stand that while he was not promised immunity for turning state's evidence, he so construed the conversation he had with the officials. Can it be possible that this detective agency would attempt to convict an innocent man and permit the guilty to escape?

If such things are possible in this United States it is about time that a halt was called. The press and citizens of Buffalo should probe this thing to the bottom and if an attempt has been made to send an innocent man to the penitentiary the persons guilty of such an infamous conspiracy should go there instead.

"HOMES" FOR CHILDREN.

Duluth citizens have had considerable experience with the promoters of "orphans' homes" and other allegedly charitable enterprises which were conducted solely for the benefit of the promoters and managers. A case of this kind recently developed in the state of New York. Up in the Westchester hills there is an institution known as the Temporary Home for Destitute Children. It has a superintendent and attendants. It is provided with funds for the care of the hapless little folk who are sent to the "home." It has a board of managers who are supposedly to exercise supervision over the institution, and it receives occasional visits from representatives of the state board of charities and yet facts recently revealed show it to be as wretched a place with as sordid and heartless management as was ever described by Charles Dickens.

It is said that the children are not only starved but in all other respects made as miserable as the ingenuity of the superintendent can make them. For supper they are given a scant supply of some cereal food with a little milk and dry bread. For breakfast the next morning they have what of the cereal is left over, served with cold milk and bread. For dinner they have thin soup and stale bread, except on Sundays, when boiled beans are added. Of none of these things are they given as much as they need. On winter mornings they are made to get up at 6 o'clock, dress in one or two thin cotton garments and go barefooted into the unwarmed basement, where they swallow their phantom breakfast.

The institution is lighted with stable lanterns. The beds have no mattresses on them, the superintendent asserting that such comforts are not wholesome. So the children sleep on bare springs. The attendants who tried to soften the springs by putting ragged blankets on them for pads were reprimanded by the head of the "home."

One attendant who left the place because she could not endure the sight of the children's suffering longer says that "inspectors go to the home, look about with their eyes turned to the clouds and with Supt. Pierce at their elbow see only what he wishes them to see, until they march into the dining room, where they eat a good dinner. All they know of the food served at the home is what they eat themselves." No records of the food served are kept and no one seems to know or to care how the "home" is managed.

The board of managers is composed mostly of prominent women who think the superintendent is all right. Two or three months ago the place was "investigated," but nothing has come of it and the testimony taken is carefully guarded.

How many more institutions of this kind are there throughout the country where the gifts of the charitable are turned into the pockets of common thieves, while the little children for whose benefit supposedly the funds are raised are compelled to suffer indignity, torture and starvation?

This and other incidents of the kind lead to the conclusion that justice will not be done in the care of orphans and dependent children until the matter is placed in the hands of the state entirely and regulated in proper manner by law.

RECEIVED HIS DUE.

At the time the divorce suit of Col. W. F. Cody was filed, The Herald took occasion to say that it looked like an attempt on his part to put away a loyal and faithful wife simply because she had grown old.

A few days thereafter the plaintiff's sister, Mrs. Wetmore, who was then residing in Duluth, wrote an indignant protest, claiming that Mrs. Cody was entirely to blame for the rupture in the family relations and that her brother's life had been made miseable for years by the unreasonable and malicious conduct of his wife.

This matter is recalled now because the court at Sheridan, Wy., has just rendered a decision in the case, denying the divorce and fully sustaining The Herald's view of the matter.

One of the principal allegations in the complaint was that Mrs. Cody had attempted to poison her husband in December, 1901. Judge Scott contends that the alleged attempt at poisoning was nothing more than an effort on the part of Mrs. Cody to relieve her husband from the effects of gross intoxication after he had attended one of the orgies he periodically gave to questionable friends at his home.

A letter written by their daughter Arta was produced to show that in her opinion her father was at fault and the evidence futher showed that at the funeral of this daughter Mrs. Cody made advances for a reconciliation that were rejected. Judge Scott in his review of the evidence said that practically all the allegations against Mrs. Cody had been disproved, but that if at times she had been impatient with him and such impatience had been considered as indignities it was because she had much to contend with.

It was charged by Mrs. Cody in her answer that her husband was desirous of putting her away from him because he wanted a male heir and "all her boys were dead." The verdict appears to be a righteous one and while it is threatened by Cody's attorneys to carry the case to the supreme court if a new trial is denied, the chances are that they will have their labor for their pains.

There may be honest difference of opinion as to sufficient causes for divorce but when a man attempts to get rid of a devoted wife and mother for forty years because at times, in order to maintain her own self-respect, she found it necessary to resent some of the indignities heaped upon her, it is certainly going too far. Col. Cody evidently got what was coming to him.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The man who considers his wealth a burden will always find many charitable people willing to share his burden with him.

* * *

Frank S. Gardner, secretary of the New York board of trade, wants to solve the transportation problem by compelling the railroads to accept as standard rate for one year any cut rate made secretly. The effect of this would be to make rate-cutting and rebate paying even more secret than it is today, and it is a pretty hard matter to get evidence of such transactions now.

* * *

Delaware is making progress. The legislature has abolished the pillory and while the whipping post is retained, a bill has just passed the senate prohibiting corporal punishment in the public schools, and has been favorably reported in the house. As the Springfield Republican remarks, "the whipping post's exemption in the present juncture is probably due to reverence for the high standards of President Roosevelt." This is one of his standards, however, that is far from being high.

* * *

American warships are received in Havana with cheers and blessings. Because this country has dealt properly with Cuba in most respects should the hour of trial ever come the people of that island may be expected to fight with and for us. On the other hand, because our dealings with the Filipinos and Porto Ricans has been chiefly wrong the people of those countries may be expected to oppose and fight against us when the opportunity arrives.

* * *

In accepting a stolen governorship, to which he was in no respect entitled, Jesse MacDonald places himself on a level with the "fence" who receives stolen goods.

* * *

The Iowa preacher who lost his job because he was too good a horse trader will have a good occupation to fall back upon.

* * *

Private cleaning of Chicago's city streets has been a success. It has been done under the supervision of the Merchants' and Commercial clubs. If the members of these clubs would take as much interest in cleaning city politics they would find it unnecessary to take the street cleaning out of the hands of the government.

* * *

It is asserted that turbine engines will soon be placed in passenger steamers on the Great Lakes and then the passenger boats will be able to compete with the railroads for regular travel.

* * *

President Castro is evidently willing that Venezuela shall pay its legitimate debts but objects to the exploiters stealing the entire nation piecemeal.

* * *

Considering the present weather it would seem that the judgment of the early robin has been indorsed. But the groundhog gave us a "bum steer."

* * *

Residents of Harbin are said to be uneasy. Evidently certain residents of St. Petersburg are in like condition.

Hotel Gossip.

"We are purchasing railroad ties 5 cents cheaper now than they could be obtained for at this time last year," said J. S. Dickason of Elgin, Ill., tie inspector of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, at the St. Louis. "One would naturally suppose that as time advances and timber grows more scarce the price of ties would advance. Just why the contrary is true at present I do not know, unless it is that the market was overstocked a year ago.

"This is the most likely explanation. So many companies, both large and small, were engaged in getting out timber for such purposes as this during the winter of 1903-4, that the supply more than equalled the demand, and considerable stock was left over, much of it being purchased at reduced prices by some of the railroads. These same roads are this spring buying scarcely no ties at all.

"The Milwaukee uses cedar ties almost exclusively, except where the track curves, and here oak is used, for the wear on the timber is greater than a bend than on a straight stretch. Many lines use tamarack. Tamarack is harder wood than cedar, but where a tie of this wood lasts four or five years one of cedar will still be good at the end of ten or twelve years, provided a steel plate is placed immediately under the rail, to relieve the pounding to some extent. The tamarack tie rots away, while the soft though tough cedar is pounded away.

"Some of the railroads are now chemically treating their ties, at an expense of 10 cents each, so as to make them last longer. The process, which has been and is now being experimented with by the United States government, works quite successfully, and the raults are all that can be desired. The sap is extracted from the wood in a hermetically-sealed iron tube, about 100 feet long by eight feet in diameter, by a certain process, and later creosote or sulphide of zinc, usually the latter, as being cheaper, is forced under great pressure, into the ties to replace the sap."

* * *

"John Rundquist of Grasston, Minn., well known in Duluth and vicinity as a contractor, is having troubles of his own these days, and all because he was attracted by the glitter of a diamond ring," said Harry Helcher of Minneapolis at the Spalding. "Next week he will be tried at Morley on the cahrge of having had a man arrested without cause, as the result of a suit for damages brought against him by the man arrested.

"Nearly two years ago Mr. Rundquist started from Duluth to either his home town or the Twin Cities with a friend. The two were accompanied to the train by three or four other men, so the story goes, and one of the latter wore a diamond ring which he valued at $300. In a joking way Mr. Rundquist asked to be allowed to examine the ring. With the permission of the friend he slipped the band of gold on his own finger, to wear for two or three days, and he says it was on his finger when the train pulled out. It was not there when he reached Grasston, however. He had dozed in the seat on the way down. Another man who had gotten off at Sandstone occupied the seat with him, and Rundquist accused the latter of stealing the diamond, and had him arrested. Nothing was proven against him, and the suit for damages, to be tried next week at Morley, was later instituted.

"The ring has never been found. I understand that Rundquist made good the loss of the $300 to the friend."

* * *

"Different commercial travelers have different views regarding the pleasant and unpleasant features of the life they lead," said J. M. Wamsley of Bufalo at the McKay. "While many claim that they would much rather settle down at some quite business in their home town, provided there was as much money in it as traveling, I believe that they would change their minds when it came to a show down, and would find themselves dissatisfied with such an existence, and would want to get back on the road again.

"I heard a pretty good story along this same line a short time ago. A drummer entered into a conversation with a stranger on a train and during the course of the talk the stranger asked many questions regarding the life of the traveling man. Finally he asked the latter how long he had been away from home on the present trip.

"Four months,' replied the drummer.

"'Four months! Why, don't you ever get homesick?'

"The commercial man looked at him and smiled. 'Homesick?' he said. 'Yes, I often do get homesick, when I am at home.'"

* * *

"There are twelve iron mines within the city limits of Chisholm," said C. R. Woods of Chisholm at the St. Louis. "In this number is included the Munroe property, which will be worked extensively the coming summer. Development work at the Munroe started a year ago last July, and now four deep shafts have been sunk. The job of stripping the Pillsbury this year will be a big one. Other stripping work will be carried on to a considerable extent thereabouts, and there will be plenty of employment for the floating and all classes of population. Through the winter there has been underground work going on at the Clark, Chisholm, Glen and Myers mines, and about these properties there are now eight or ten big stock piles.

"Chisholm is getting to be quite a town. We estimate about 3,000 population, which is being added to each year. It's a pretty decent sort of town, too, compared with what it used to be, and there are only about twenty-six saloons there where formerly there were in the neighborhood of thirty-five. Isn't that a sign of advancement? Things are quieting down up ther after rather an exciting election. Those who opposed the present president of the village council say things will be livening up again soon, for they assert that he will throw the town a little wider open than the man before him, but I don't know anything about that, and it may be only political enemity finding expression."

* * *

At the Spalding: G. E. Harrison and wife, Hibbing; C. H. Harris, St. Paul; H. D. Smith, St. Paul; L. P. Rittenbauer, Philadelphia; H. S. Hynes, Minneapolis; T. J. Kelly, Chicago; R. A. Martin, Chisholm; Hugh Kennedy, Buffalo; F. Lind, Skibo; S. Cohen and wife, Ashland; J. D. Idrae, Minneapolis; G. A. Allen, New York; John Hinchey, Pittsburg; J. V. Alless, Grand Rapids, Mich.; W. B. Moon, Chicago; C. E. Lochner, Newark, N. J.; F. H. Thompson, Denver; M. H. Bundy, Rice Lake, Wis.; J. R. Steneck, Chicago; J. H. Edwards, Kalispell, Mont.; W. J. Porter, Grand Forks, N. D.

* * *

At the St. Louis: C. R. Woods, Chisholm; Vivian Prince, Eveleth; F. B. Rosson, Virginia; F. Cohen, Ashland; W. G. Zetsche, Chicago; Nellie P. Hunt and nephew, Peshtigo, Wis.; S. Leay, Ashland; Mrs. C. A. Kelly and daughter, Chisholm; L. R. Willard, New York; B. H. Hayes, Hibbing; C. H. Sloan, Aurora; J. J. Cummins, Brainerd; J. S. Dickinson, Elgin, Ill.; J. E. Thomas, Hibbing; Charles Spengle, Marquette; Mrs. John Riches, Mrs. Florence Gifford, Rhinelander, Wis.; J. P. Carey, Eveleth; Edward Finch, Virginia; Charles Jesmore, Eveleth; G. W. Muessel, St. Paul; J. S. Patrick, Hinckley.

* * *

At the McKay: W. J. Hoskins, Milwaukee; Robert Johnson, Detroit; Wesley Rice, Tower; F. E. Wilson, Iron River; J. A. Harper, St. Cloud; Joseph Belinger and wife, St. Paul; A. M. Wilde, Eau Claire; T. S. McKay, St. Paul; J. J. Thebant, Eveleth; E. K. Cassbeer, T. H. Simmons, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

* * *

At the Lenox: D. P. Thomas, St. Paul; H. B. Blodgett, St. Paul.

Told By Hetty Green.

Mrs. Hetty Green, the noted financier, was talking about the vicissitudes of housekeeping.

"Accidents occur in housekeeping," she said, "as distressing and horrible as any that occur in the world of finance.

"A woman of Bellows Falls gave a party last year. Pie was served at the party, apple pie with the crust very prettily ornamented.

"The woman called the cook into the dining room.

"'Mary,' she said, "this crust looks very nice. How did you scallop it so beautifully?'

"'With your false teeth, mum,' the cook answered."

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 24.—It is colder over the Missouri and Mississippi valleys and warmer in Eastern states and the far West. Temperatures in the Northwest average close to the freezing point. Light to copious rains fell over the lake region, Ohio, Mississippi and Red River valley and Pacific coast states. The barometer is low over Western Ontario and Alberta.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	44	Medicine Hat	34
Atlanta	54	Miles City	32
Battleford	32	Milwaukee	38
Bismarck	24	Minnedosa	24
Boston	32	Modena	32
Buffalo	41	Montgomery	56
Calgary	30	Moorhead	28
Charleston	56	New Orleans	64
Chicago	40	New York	34
Cincinnati	48	Norfolk	42
Davenport	36	Northfield	30
Denver	32	North Platte	30
Detroit	44	Oklahoma	44
Dodge	34	Omaha	38
Duluth	34	Pittsburg	52
Edmonton	32	Port Arthur	30
El Paso	44	Portland	44
Escanaba	32	Prince Albert	30
Galveston	64	Qu'Appelle	28
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	28
Havre	34	San Francisco	50
Helena	32	Santa Fe	28
Houghton	34	Shreveport	52
Huron	26	Spokane	38
Jacksonville	56	St. Louis	44
Kamloops	36	St. Paul	32
Kansas City	42	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Knoxville	54	Swift Current	26
La Crosse	36	Washington	42
Little Rock	42	Williston	24
Los Angeles	52	Winnemucca	38
Marquette	38	Winnipeg	34

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Partly cloudy tonight. Probably showers Saturday. Moderate temperature. Variable winds, becoming easterly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 24.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and Saturday. Moderate temperature.

Minnesota—Fair tonight probably followed by showers in northwest portion Saturday. Warmer in west portion tonight.

North Dakota and South Dakota.—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Warmer tonight.

YOURS FOR FUN.

Chicago Tribune: "My goodness!" exclaimed the pretty girl, surprised at the young man's sudden avowal. "Do you mean——"

"Yes," he broke in, "Your goodness attracts me, as well as your beauty!"

Could she hold out after that? Well!—

Cleveland Leader: "Wherever that man goes he is almost invariably invited to call again, and yet he is the most unpopular man in town."

"Who is he?"

"A bill collector."

Chicago News: Ostend—Pa, what's an infernal machine?

Pa—Why, a phonograph running after midnight, my son.

Philadelphia Press: "He's a pretty shrewd fellow. You'd never find his wits wool-gathering."

"Oh, I don't know! He employs his wits mostly in gathering wool off the lambs in Wall street."

Philadelphia Ledger: "I don't see how Skemer gets along."

"Why?"

"Why, he doesn't work much."

"No, not much; but many."

Harper's Bazar: Knicker—Didn't the doctor build you up?

Bocker—Yes; but he seems to think he built a bank.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Paul Thleman in Denver Post: But Alva Adams was not tame about it. He remarked to me, just before he started home to Pueblo, that there had been a narrow escape from hell popping. I looked questioningly at the urbane deposed governor of Colorado.

"If the legislature had tried to declare a vacancy and seat Lieut. Governor McDonald," explained that extraordinarily cheerful man, his usually heavenly serene eyes flashing, "I would have resisted without hesitation. I was prepared for the emergency!

"Gen. Chase was with me and he would have made short work of the Peabody gun fighters and bullies!

"The proposal not to decide the contest," he continued, "and declare a vacancy and seat McDonald was clearly unconstitutional. I would not have submitted to it. We were prepared to prevent that unconstitutional outrage with the full physical force at the call of the governor!

"But," he added, "by seating Peabody and having him resign the next day, the inauguration of Lieut. Gov. McDonald was made lawful, in its form, and I bowed to its legality."

Because Gen. Sickles smoked a cigar while the heart-wrung sufgeons cut off his shattered leg at the battle of Gettysburg, did not mean that he cared nothing about the leg. And the cheerful and charming composure of Gov. Adams did not mean that he cared but little about the outrage of which he had just been th victim.

I suggested that Gov. Adams was a bigger man than if he had remained in possession of the office of governor. "I am beginning to think that it was better," said Gov. Adams, "for I could not have carried out my proposed policy. I had formed certain ideas of action but the time wasted by the contest put an end to any possibility of shaping legislation. I could have vetoed some jobs but there would not have been time to do anything else. So far as I am concerned, personally, I could not have done what I had planned for the state. My administration would have been abortive—I realize that I escaped a galling two years—"

Nobody could help admiring the sublime cheerfulness of a man who had been robbed of the most exalted position in the Rocky Mountain region.

Don'ts For Boys and Girls.

BOYS.

Pittsburg Dispatch: Don't wear your hat in the house.

Don't sit while a caller stands.

Don't get into the habit of using slang. Vulgar expressions denote degeneracy.

Don't be ashamed of gallantry toward women and girls. A gentleman is always courteous toward the opposite sex.

Don't fall into bad habits with the fixed intention of "swearing off" as you grow older. Habits formed in youth accompany one to the grave, bad habits often burying their victims before their time.

Don't speak of your father as "the governor," nor of your mother as "the madam." If you do not show respect to your parents you must not look to the world to respect you.

GIRLS.

Don't be rude toward your brothers. Boys' feelings are as sensitive as girls'.

Don't forget that you owe the same respect and obedience to your father that you do to your mother. Often the rightful head of the house is placed at the foot through sheer thoughtlessness on the part of his family.

Don't forget that it is in most cases the father who devotes his life in work and worry to provide for his family, and show him the gratitude he deserves.

Don't have secrets from your mother. Remember that she was a girl once like yourself, and that she will prove the most sympathetic confidant in the world, for she holds your happiness and welfare at heart.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A girl gets over blushing about the time she ought to begin.

It's very careless to kiss your wife as if you thought she wasn't.

No matter how late in the morning a man comes home his wife thinks he ought to look in the closet to see if a burglar is there.

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***Born, on Monday, March 23, to Mrs. H. A. Campbell, a daughter.

***Progressive euchre seems to be taking a firmer hold than ever on Duluth people, to the detriment of "rinking" and all other forms of amusement.

***L. M. Spalding, jeweler, assigned last Saturday evening for the benefit of his creditors,—F. W. Smith being assignee. His stock is valued at about $2,800, and his liabilities are $2,000. He is the oldest jeweler in the city, having been in business since 1869.

***There are at present four candidates for the position of register of the Duluth land office—C. G. Miller, R. N. Marble, D. E. Little and J. J. Hibbard. All have circulated petitions, and Charley Miller has some very good recommendations. For the other position in the land office, that of receiver, it is understood that A. J. Whiteman has the inside track.

***The fish business is very lively for this time of year. Cooley, La Vaque & Co. are catching some 1,500 pounds daily, and H. Truelsen is receiving a like amount. Some thirty fishermen are employed by the two firms, and they are located in eighteen little fish houses about eleven miles down the lake, midway between the north and south shores.

FOR A REAL DEMOCRACY.

Columbus Press Post: There are few reformers, no matter to what school they belong, who do not believe in popular initiative and referendum. Believers in socialism, single tax, municipal ownership, government ownership and other reforms, however much at variance they may be on other points of their several schools of thought, all agree that the reforms for which they stand should be democratically administered.

We claim to have a democratic form of government. What we really have is a representative form of government, springing, to be sure, from the people, and with strong plutocratic tendencies. It is democratic in that the people can, if they will, rearrange the system so as to make it democratic in its actual, everyday, year-in-and-year-out, universal workings, instead of, as now, perennially turning out one set of exploiting officeholders only to put in another set.

Under our present system the people have absolutely no control over their public officials during their incumbency, and they will not have until they establish the initiative and referendum, and to this should be added the power of recall or discharge of public servants. In short, it is impossible to administer a government democratically unless the people possess the tools of democracy.

The initiative and referendum is not opposed per se to representative government. It is merely a check on representative government. Under whatever system, there must always be men chosen to attend to public business; but they should be truly representative and their work should be subject to the command and approval of those whom they represent.

At present our public officials may give away valuable franchises, abolish elections, increase taxation, squander the public funds, arbitrarily lengthen terms of officers already incumbent, buy public property at a high price and sell it at a low price, etc., and the people are powerless to prevent it. All they can do ist to wait a year or two and turn them out of office, their pockets bulging with corrupt money, and elect in their stead another set to repeat the performance and establish more "vested rights" for rich widows and orphans" to worry about and draw dividends on.

The history of corruption in the United States shows that it is very easy to buy representatives and very difficult to buy the people. We can talk, therefore, until doomsday about political corruption, but so long as we keep the door open, the hyena will enter. Popular initiative and referendum is the only safeguard, the only vanquisher of political corruption, and, happily, the people are coming to see it.

And you, practical politicians, take notice that the initiative and referendum is a people's movement, and therefore it is a popular movement. The people are rapidly learning to discriminate, and the successful politician of the future must make a show, at least, of standing for something. Here is an issue that does not take sides with capital, labor, socialism, single tax, protection, free trade, or any other question about which we are accustomed to disagree. It is a proposition that no man who believes in democracy or republicanism can oppose. It is the cornerstone of both. It underlies all other questions. It makes possible anything that the people want and makes impossible everything that they do not want. It is a plain, simple proposition. It has no frills. Belongs to no school of economics. It belongs to no political party. It does not threaten the home, the factory or the church. It is not a question of faith, but of fact. It is not a theory, but a simple practice, and yet it is everything. The establishing of the initiative and referendum is the great ennabling act of democracy.

TOO ENLIGHTENED.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: We are becoming as a people almost too enlightened. The few things we do not know already are being revealed to us at a rate which will prevent us in a short time from acquiring any further useful knowledge, because, unless our intellectual pace shall be slackened, there will be no more useful knowledge to acquire.

Take, for example, the information just imparted by an expert to the credit men. A man who does not look you squarely in the eye when he is asking for thirty or sixty days' time on a bill of merchandise may be all right, but it is best to investigate him carefully before shipping the goods.

The man who shakes hands with his finger tips is a liar. If the whites of his eyes are noticeable he is a bigger liar. If his eyebrows turn down on the sides of his forehad he is dishonest. If a woman has a thin upper lip she is cold-blooded and cruel; if she shows the whites of her eyes the truth is not in her; if her eyes are big see her in the presence of a third person only.

With these hints the student of human character as revealed in the human face will be able to go on educating himself until he will soon be so expert that nobody can get the better of him. He will observe, among other things, that while the man who has a watery eye may come in and settle his bill promptly, the man with a watery eye and a mole on his chin seldom remits before the 10th of the month; that while the man who has an impediment in his speech may be a reliable customer, yet if in addition to stuttering he wears a birthmark under his left ear it is best not to let him have more than 25 per cent of the credit he asks for, unless he should also have a wart on the end of his nose, in which case he is good for the full amount.

The close observer and careful student will also notice that the man who has a reddish brown beard, which he strokes nervously while he is seeking a thirty-day extension, is probably trying to conceal his assets, unless he is slightly freckled and shows the gold filing in his teeth. Then it will be safe to accommodate him, unless as he rises you notice that he favors his left foot, which would indicate that he has a bunion and is, therefore, liable at any time to neglect the premiums on his life insurance.

The time is coming evidently when we can tell all about a man or a woman just by noting a few features, manners, or actions, and when that time comes the expert credit man will rank according to his merits. His services will not be confined then, as they are now, to the mercantile business, but he will be employed to pass upon preachers, professors and politicians, and his O. K. will be necessary to every man who hopes to advance in life.

Model Kansas Husband.

Atchison Globe: What has become of the old-fashioned woman who sat up nights and waited for her husband to come home from the club? Call at the Atchison homes where a man can afford to belong to a club and you will find him at home keeping up the furnace fire, looking after the children and patiently waiting for his wife to come in. The women are crazy over Schaafskopf and Five Hundred and play until midnight most nights out of the week. At the house where the game is going on the man of the house gets the children into bed, hears their prayers and gives them the last drink of water, and goes quietly off to bed, as any well-behaved husband should.

ROOSEVELT'S INFLUENCE.

New York World: Some of Mr. Roosevelt's friends believe it was a political mistake for him to announce on the night of election that he would not again be a candidate for the presidency. This, they say, weakened his influence with congress and the Republican politicians. They are pointing to the senatorial revolt and to the squabble over the chairmanship of the national committee as corroborating evidence. If Mr. Roosevelt were again to be a candidate, they say, nobody would question his right to name a successor to Mr. Cortelyou, and congress would be more disposed to heed his suggestions.

This explanation does not cover the case. Is not Mr. Roosevelt himself to blame for his lack of influence over congress? Has he not given it ample grounds for distrusting his judgment?

No longer ago than Saturday the president had to amend his order creating a commission of architects to secure uniformity in the construction of public buildings in Washington, because he found that he had tried to do something contrary to law. Shortly before congress adjourned he attempted to appoint Senator Quarles to a federal judgeship, only to discover that the senator was not eligible to appointment until his term of office had expired. His fiscal-protectorate exploits supplied new proof of the easy manner in which the president substitutes impulse for deliberate statesmanship.

Early in his first term Mr. Roosevelt lightly suggested that a constitutional amendment might be necessary in order to regulate the trusts. When he came to enforce the Sherman law he found that ample power already existed. He learned nothing in the way of caution from his first mistake, however. During the last three years he has divided his energy impartially between advancing to untenable positions and retreating as gracefully as possible afterward.

Is it strange that in spite of Mr. Roosevelt's extraordinary popularity congress is inclined to make haste slowly in carrying out his recommendations? Surely there ought to be one department of the government, aside from the supreme court, which is disposed to think once before acting twice.

THE CHILDREN OF AGE.

New York World: Really this is very confusing. Here is Dr. Osler saying that a man isn't good for much after he is 40, while C. L. Redfield, a civil engineer of Chicago, has accurately figured out that a man isn't fit to be a father until he is past 40.

"Savages marry savages in mere youth and other savages are born," explains Mr. Redfield in the Chicago Tribune, "while David was the eleventh son of his father, and David's son Solomon was born when the psalmist was 52 years old. Moses was born 185 years after the birth of his great-grandfather, while the modern Moses—Abraham Lincoln—was the product of a grandmother and grandfather each the baby of their respective families, and of a father and a mother each the youngest children in their families. Benjamin Franklin's ancestors in the male line on the Franklin side were the youngest children for five generations back, while the father of Audubon was 51 years old at his boy's birth and himself was the twenty-first child in his own family."

"Looking for the reckless, adventurous, dissipated, aggressive types of men, I have found extreme youth in their percentage almost without exception, while the great thinkers and philosophers of the world have been born of parents who have reached mental maturity.

"No man should be allowed to marry before he is 25 years old, and no woman until she is 20 years at least. If no person in the United States were allowed to marry before the age of 25 years, two generations of marriages would wipe out virtually all the poverty, crime and viciousness of the country.

"When a parent, and especially a father, has passed 50 years old, he is at the maximum of his knowledge and experience. He is inclined to morality, philosophy and a greater tolerance of the world and its vagaries. He has time for thinking and for self-analysis. Shall one doubt for a moment that a man becoming a parent at such a time in life reflects his acquired nature in the child?"

The Why of Poverty.

Newark News: "Why are people poor?" was the question discussed at a recent meeting of a Newark women's club. The answers were many and wide apart. Here are a few of them boiled down:

Drink.
Laziness.
Theaters.
Charge accounts.
Inability to plan far ahead.
The desire to outshine one's neighbors.
Lavish display of goods by storekeepers.
Indifference of men to the needs of home.
Woman's ignorance of domestic economy.
High food prices and buying in small quantities.
The habit of doing without necessities to squander for luxuries.
Lack of a plain business understanding between husband and wife.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
Tonight and Saturday.
BARGAIN MATINEE SATURDAY.
Julius Cahn Presents the "Hoss" Trade Comedy
DAVID HARUM.
The play that won't wear out, with Mr. Harry Brown as David. Supported by an excellent company. American comedy dramatized from Edward Noyes Westcott's Novel. Prices—Evening, 25c to $1.00. Matinee, Children 25c. Adults, 50c.
Tuesday, March 28—Paul Gilmore.
April 4 and 5—Creatore.

METROPOLITAN
Tonight and Saturday.
Matinee and Night.
First time in Duluth at Popular prices.
THE SWEDISH COMEDY DRAMA
"YON YONSON"
A $5.00 gold piece will be given to the lucky boy or girl holding the lucky seat Saturday Matinee.
Prices, 15c, 25c, 50c. Mat., 10c, 25c.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Store Open Saturday Night Till 10:30.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

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New Rain Coats, Spring Suits, Top Coats, $9.85 to $25.00

Not only the smartest styles, and more of them, but the best made, best fitting Men's Rain Coats, Spring Suits and Top Coats you will find here.

Men's Spring Trousers All the new styles—peg top and conservative—in all the correct weaves and patterns for Men and Young Men's Spring wear, at all prices from..... **$1 to $8**

The New Spring Hats

Are now here in complete variety of styles of the very best makers.

John B. Stetson Hats

The Spring line is here in all soft and stiff shapes—the largest line in the city of these famous hats—

$3.50 to $5.

Guyer Hats—soft and stiff.....$3.50 and $4.00
Gordon Hats—soft and stiff.....$3.00
Wilson Hats—soft and stiff.....$2.50 and $3.00
Mallory Hats—soft and stiff.....$2.00 and $2.50
W. & M. Special—a stiff hat sold by us at $5.00 —that is beter than any other $5 hat.
Spring Caps.....50c to $2.00

$3.50 Bostonian Shoes

For men and young men have an outward appearance and an inward quality which make them the great favorite. Our Men's $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes are guaranteed to give excellent wear.

Boys' School Shoes, 98c to $2
Boys' Dress Shoes, $1.50 to $3

Men's and Boys' Rubbers and Rubber Boots at Popular Prices.

First Big Showing Saturday of the New Spring Styles of the Star Negligee Shirts.

We are Duluth headquarters for the Star Shirt, known as the best shirt made. Here they are—all the newest patterns, in linens, madras and oxfords—pleated or soft bosom—coat or regular styles—attached or separate cuffs—and all sleeve lengths—$1.50, $2.00 and $2.50.

New Wash Vests...$1 to $3.50 | Spring Gloves.....$1 to $2 | Spring Underw'r.50c to $2.50
Spring Neckwear...50c to $1 | Spring Hosiery....25c to 50c | New Collars, Jewelry.

Young Men's, Boys' and Children's New Spring Suits

$1.95, $2.45, $2.95, $3.45, $4.95, $5.95, $6.50, $6.95 and upwards.

Boys' Top Coats, Rain Coats, Knee Pants, Underwear, Sweaters, Neckwear, Shoes, Stockings, Pajamas, Night Shirts, Blouses, Negligee Shirts, Hats, Caps, etc. Suspenders, Collars, Gloves, etc.

OUTLOOK FINE

West End Business Men Expect Lively Year of Trade.

Railroad Engineer Hurt By Piece of Cylinder Head.

Business at the West End these days is considered first class. Every store is doing well and all the clerks are busy. With the opening up of the spring, preparations are making for an active year, everybody believing that while there will not be any actual boom, business is going to get pretty lively.

A good many of the sawmills at the West End will be running, it is expected that work on the new Lake Superior & Southeastern railroad, which is to run through West End, will be started, and it is believed the city will repave West Superior street, from Eighth avenue to Twenty-fourth avenue. All of these things will help to make business boom, because they will be putting money into the coffers of the people who make up the population of the West End, and they will be willing to spend the money when they are making it.

There have been quite a lot of new buildings put up at the West End during the past winter, and a good deal more building is expected during the coming spring and summer. Altogether the outlook for the business men is very encouraging.

RAILROAD MAN HURT.

Engineer Kelly Has Bad Gash Under Right Eye.

Peter Kelly, a well known West End railroad man who lives at 1923 West Second street, was painfully injured while on his engine down the road Wednesday, and had a narrow escape from more serious injury.

Kelly is eningeer on the Northern Pacific passenger train which leaves here at 9 o'clock in the morning. On Wednesday, after getting some distance down the road, the cylinder head of the engine blew out and a piece of it broke through the cab, hitting Kelly just below the right eye and inflicting a bad, deep and painful gash. He was brought home yesterday and Dr. Coventry attended him.

West End Brevities.

N. O. Nelson is about to move his crockery store from 2017-19 West Superior street to 1928 West Superior street, the place formerly occupied by C. Lavick. When he moves, Moir & Walker will move their grocery across the street into the store vacated by Mr. Nelson. The change of location for each is expected to be beneficial.

Alderman Olson, who sold out his dairy business about a year ago, has just bought out the Dibell-Gujer livery stable at the West End.

This evening Rev. J. W. Powell will speak at Grace Methodist church on "The Faith That Saves." This is the last of a series of evangelistic services which have been held in Grace church for the past two weeks. Every night there have been services in the church. The speakers have been among the best of the city. The attendance has been large and the work encouraging.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Great Northern westbound passenger train No. 1 was wrecked Thursday by a rockslide near Kataka, Idaho. Engineer Owen Jones of Hillyard was killed. The engine plunged into the Kootenair river. The baggage and mail cars were smashed and caught fire. The passengers were badly shaken up, but none was seriously injured.

The battleship Kansas should be christened by the breaking of a bottle of Kansas crude oil over its prow in place of a bottle of champagne, as is the usual custom, is the idea of the governor as expressed by him Thursday. The statement was made in a conversation with A. D. Eddy, general counsel for the Standard Oil company.

The machinists on the entire system of the Grand Trunk railway have asked for an increase of 25 per cent in wages. The men are well organized, and they say they are only asking to be put on the same footing as Canadian Pacific railway employes.

State Senator Barney A. Eaton of Wisconsin, who has been on trial for several days charged with accepting a bribe of $100 in 1901 during the session of the legislature, was acquitted by a jury in Judge Williams' court Thursday evening. Other indictments are pending against Mr. Mr. Eaton.

Edward Croul of Detroit, the freshman literary class toastmaster at the university of Michigan, was kidnaped by sophomores Thursday and carried away in a closed carriage, to be held a prisoner until after the freshmen class banquet Friday night.

Governor La Follette again interfered to prevent a prize fight, sending orders to District Attorney Krugmeier of Appleton to stop the fight, which was scheduled to take place at Hengel's hall Thursday night between a couple of local men unknown in the pugilistic world.

An agreement on the wage scale with the Buffalo grain scoopers and the Lake Carriers' association was reached Thursday evening. Last year's wages will be paid, with the exception of a slight advance for Sunday work.

Col. Stephen Renfro, a lawyer, 77 years old, was convicted at Fayetteville, Ga., of the murder of his daughter-in-law, and sentenced to serve the remainder of his life in the penitentiary. Renfro quarreled with his daughter-in-law over a cabbage patch, and in a fit of anger killed her.

The Blue Ribbon bowling team won the championship of the Western division, National league, by defeating Buffalo at Erie Thursday night. Erie will next meet Brooklyn for the National championship.

The convention of the grand lodge, Independent Order B'Nai B'Rith, held an executive session, at which the report of the committee on ritual was adopted. This puts a new ritual of secret work in force, greatly expanding the features.

Mrs. Elizabeth Cass Goddard, one of the most prominent women in Colorado, has been appointed a deputy sheriff of El Paso county. She is the only woman occupying this office in the state. While the appointment was made in order to facilitate her work in the protection of mistreated animals, she has the full powers of the office of deputy sheriff.

Twenty-four Chinamen were discovered in a box car in the Southern Pacific yards at Yuma, A. T. They had been smuggled over the Mexican border at El Paso and were on their way to Los Angeles. Alfred Griffith, United States Chinese inspector, was notified and took them into custody.

INCREDIBLE BRUTALITY.

It would have been incredible brutality if Chas. F. Lemberger of Syracuse, N. Y., had not done the best he could for his suffering son. "My boy," he says, "cut a fearful gash over his eye, so I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which quickly healed it and saved his eye." Good for burns and ulcers too. Only 25c at all druggists.

Special food for Brains

Grape-Nuts

Healthy Brains

Make a Fat Pocket Book.

TRIAL PROVES.

Special Attention given to Mail Orders.

We Refund Car Fare on $3.00 purchase or over.

Johnson & Moe
THE West End Big Department Store

7 Minutes from Down Town.

10 Minutes from West Duluth.

"RIGHT IN THE LOW RENT DISTRICT."

MORE NEW **Smart Suits, Jackets and Dressy Cravenette Coats** are ready for tomorrow's shopping. Every garment carefully tailored and made in latest styles by some of the best Eastern makers. You are invited to come and look. We are pleased to have you make comparison.

This Special Offerings for Tomorrow:

At $5.98 Women's 26-inch fitted Covert Jackets, made of splendid quality birds'-eye covert, self trimmed with straps in front and back; latest sleeve plaited at wrist; satin lined throughout; our regular price $7.50—tomorrow special, $5.98.

We'll be glad to have you compare this with any $10.00 jacket in the city.

And there are other equally good values in different lengths at $8.50, $10.00 and $12.50.

At $12.50 New model blouse effect Women's tailored Suits, made of blue, brown and black wool cheviot, braid trimmed, satin lined; a nobby suit made to sell at $15 to $18—our special price $12.50.

At $7.50 New Shirt Waist Dresses, made of blue and brown lustrous mohair, full pleated blouse, pleated skirt; regular $10 value—our special price $7.50

SEE OUR SILK SHIRT WAIST DRESSES AT $12.50.

At $10.00 New dressy Cravenette Coat, made of rainproof cravenette cloth, dark mannish stripes, self trimmed, cape effect, yoke satin lined; latest sleeve—special tomorrow, $10.00.

Equally good values at $15.00, $18.00, $20.00 and up.

A few pickings from our immense stock of NEW WASH GOODS. Pickings worth coming for tomorrow.

A few pickings from our immense stock of NEW WASH GOODS Pickings worth coming for tomorrow.

1 case fancy Cotton Voiles in new pretty dark and light patterns—New Organdies and Mercerized fancy stripes and pretty floral designs. A magnificent assortment for shirtwaists and shirtwaist suits. Regular price up to 15c. Take your pick tomorrow at, per yard (limit, 10 yds). **8½C**

1 case Apron Ginghams, in blue and brown checks, 7c kind—tomorrow only ..... (Limit, 10 yards.) **4¾C**

1 case fine Zephyr Ginghams, 10-20-yard lengths, in pink and blue stripes and checks; very dainty styles; regular 10c and 12c kind..... **8½C**

PARSIFAL

Lecture by Stella P. Stocker with music and stereopticon views, at Unitarian church, Saturday, 8 p. m. Admission 50 cents.

COLORADO LAMBS

Fattened on Peas Are Great Money-Makers.

Monte Vista, Colo., March 24.—Colorado's sage brush and cactus have given way to peas. A few years ago several farmers in this locality, generally regarded as one of the most arid and worthless sections of the state, sowed a part of their land to peas. When the crop neared maturity they turned in their lambs to graze. The results were marvelous. Other farmers did likewise, and the business increased until last year more than 200,000 lambs were fattened in this county for shipment to the Eastern markets. They netted an average profit of $1.50 each on an investment of $2.

This year more than half a million lambs will be fattened on Colorado peas, and so great has the Eastern demand become for the Colorado pea-fed breeds that already many Montezuma county sheep men have contracted for their entire output. Lambs are bought in the spring in all parts of the West, some of them being shipped nearly 2,000 miles from Oregon. They are turned into the pea fields for ninety days and are then ready for shipment. Montezuma county farmers are counting on a profit of $400,000 from their lambs this year.

Hundreds of farmers from other states are arriving monthly. Nearly 50,000 acres of land in the county has been sold within the past eight months, and 150,000 acres more remain.

MURDER IN BUTTE GULCH.

Cornelius O'Neill Fatally Stabbed By Former Friend.

Butte, Mont., March 24.—Early yesterday as Cornelius O'Neill was passing through Dublin gulch on his way home he was assaulted by an unidentified man and fatally stabbed, the knife entering his breast on the left side. Examination by the surgeons at the hospital showed that the blade had entered the pericardium or outer casing of the heart.

The affair is shrouded in mystery and no statement can be obtained from O'Neill as he is too weak to talk. Friends, however, allege that a former friend and acquaintance of O'Neill is responsible for the deed.

O'Neill is said to have been paying attention to a woman who is a relative of his old friend, and as a result bad blood has existed between the two men for over a year.

FATHER OF WATERS

To Be Harnessed By Immense Dam at Des Moines Falls.

Electricity Will Be Generated For Power to Nearby Cities.

Keokuk, Iowa, March 24.—The "water power bill," recently passed by congress, provides for the damming of the Mississippi river above Keokuk and the "drowning of the rapids." As the crest of the river by the improvement will be from 30 to 35 feet above standard low water, boats will have nothing to fear from the shoals that were a terror to early-day navigators. The enterprise will put out of commission the navigation canal running from Keokuk to Nashville, some eight miles. It was opened in 1877, and finally completed in 1893. It costs $4,574,900. It has three locks, and is about 300 feet wide.

In his "Life on the Mississippi," "Mark Twain" describes this great engineering achievement:

"A mighty work which was in progress there (Keokuk) in my day is finished now. This is the canal over the rapids. It is eight miles long, 300 feet wide and is in no place less than six feet deep. Its masonry is of the majestic kind which the war department usually deals in, and will endure like a Roman aqueduct. The work cost $4,000,000 or $5,000,000."

It is characteristic of modern commercial activity that within 12 years of the completion of a 26-year task a scheme should be developed illustrating an infinitely better way and one that will slay two peasant with one javelin—safety for the traffic and power for the whole country-side.

The project is epitomized in sections 1 and 6 of the specifications before congress:

"1. It is proposed to build a dam across the Mississippi river at the foot of the Des Moines rapids, between Keokuk, Iowa, and Hamilton, Ill., with the crest from 30 to 35 feet above standard low water and with a length of 5,000 to 7,000 feet, the precise location, length and height to be determined in the final plans. The project will produce 60,000 effective horse-power constantly and this is to be utilized for industrial and other purposes in the vicinity and for transmission to outlying cities and towns within the economic radius.

"6. It is proposed to drown the rapids by a dam at the foot to provide a singe lock for navigation and to construct water power plants at the short ends."

The estimated cost of erecting the dam, building tunnels, power house, towers, installing turbines, generators, etc., is $6,000,000 dollars, in round figures. It is claimed this money will be forthcoming as soon as the promoters have completed the details of the work.

The passage of the bill has increased the value of property on both sides of the canal 25 per cent, and it is steadily advancing. Elder H. R. Trickett of Bacon, Mo., who owns a 12-acre tract of land near Nauvoo, which he has been trying to sell for several years for $300, came over this week to close a deal at that figure. Before he reached town he was offered $350 for it by another party, and while here got a bid for $400 cash. He withdrew his land from the market.

"Peelers" are being made to ascertain the strength of the demand for power. Good towns within a radius of 100 miles will be offered service for lighting, trolly systems and factories at a price largely discounting the cost of a private power plant. The company has secured several large tracts of land near the proposed dam for the erection of factories. The general plan is to follow the system at Niagara. With the establishment of abundant power, manufacturing villages will spring up all along the submerged rapids and islands, and trolley lines connect them. The current will be sent to the great coal mine regions of north Missouri, and used for hauling and for lighting entries. The promoters claim that within a decade nearly every ounce of power the fall can produce will be utilized, basing their estimate on the natural increase in population and development.

The pioneer project on the upper Mississippi is expected to contribute largely to other enterprises of a similar character, that will result in an improvement of the water way, and the cheapness of power.

SEEKS FULL PARDON.

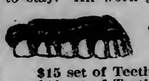
County Attorney and Others Will Intercede.

St. Peter, Minn., March 24.—Fred. R. Davis, who shot and killed William Youngren in this city on the night of Oct. 20, 1901, and who is now a paroled reformatory prisoner, seeks a full pardon. Davis was in St. Peter yesterday interviewing County Attorney A. A. Stone and others, and secured their promises to intercede for him with the board of pardons. His crime was committed while he was trying to prevent Youngren from entering a house and assaulting a woman, and he was convicted of manslaughter in the first degree, serving a sentence of two years before he was paroled. Since being relased he has obtained employment in St. Paul and has made every effort to atone for his transgression. Congressman C. R. Davis, who was the prosecuting attorney of Nicollet county at the time of the homicide, has offered to help the man he convicted.

SPECIAL PRICES!

Reliable Dentistry

Don't forget our special price offer for this month. This offer is made to introduce our work and get acquainted in Duluth. We are here to stay. All work guaranteed.



This Month.

$15 set of Teeth for...$10
$10 set of Teeth for... $8
$8 set of Teeth for... $5
$1 Fillings for.....75c
$7 Crowns for $6
$5 Crowns for $4

See us before having your dental work done. Examinations free. Extracting FREE with plates.

LEE & TURLEY,
114 West Superior Street.
- OVER FOLZ.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays 9 to 4.

HAVE FIRE ENGINE CAR

Superior Department Can Now Reach Dock Fires Easily.

To facilitate the transportation of the fire engines in Superior to the various coal docks in case of conflagrations, C. P. White of the Pittsburg Coal company, and James Elliot, superintendent of the Allouez bay dock, have invented and caused to be constructed a device which makes it a simple matter for two men to load a fire engine on a flat car from any crossing, in a few minutes. A successful test was made of the device, at Superior yesterday.

An ordinary flat car is equipped with a windlass at one end and an approach made secure by angle irons. A cable from the windlass is used to pull the engine on the car.

The car is placed at the disposal of the fire chief at Superior to be used any time he deems it necessary, both in transporting the fire engine to the various dock fires, or in emergencies to send it to nearby towns.

It is understood that the Great Northern Railway company at Superior is considering the idea of similarly equipping a flat car for the fire department's use.

Get Large Contract.

Porter Bros. of Duluth, general contractors, have been awarded the contract for grading forty miles of track southward from Spokane, Wash., the work to begin at once. The grading will be done for an electric car line. The country through which the line will run is rough and about 1,500,000 cubic yards of earth and rock will have to be handled. J. P. Graves of Spokane is at the head of the electric railway company.

WEST POINT EXAMINATION.

It Will Be Held April 18 at St. Paul.

The board to examine applicants for admission to West Point has issued the following notice of examination of candidates:

Notice is hereby given that an examination of applicants for appointment to West Point will be held by the undersigned board of examiners at Room No. 505, in the postoffice building in St. Paul, Minn., on Tuesday, April 18, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Applicants will take notice that this examination is held for the purpose of determining the order in which candidates will be nominated for admission to West Point, and that to be eligible the candidate must be between 17 and 22 years of age, and pass a satisfactory mental and physical examination.

PUMPMAN KILLED

By Accidentally Falling Into the Albany Mine.

Hibbing, Minn., March 24.—Daniel McNaughton, day pumpman at the Albany mine, was accidentally killed by falling into a hole eighty feet deep. The day miners coming from work missed McNaughton at the dry house, and a search was instituted, resulting in finding the body.

The collar of the opening was not far from the pump station, and it is supposed the man missed his footing as he walked by on the way to the ladder leading to the surface.

McNaughton was 35 years of age, unmarried, and so far as known had no relatives in this part of the country. He had ben employed at the Albany mine since the property was opened, two years ago.

SHORT WITH THE COUNTY.

Auburn, Iowa, March 24.—L. C. Holdridge, ex-supervisor of Sac county, is short in his accounts with the county about $800. Mr. Holdridge bought supplies for the poor farm and sold its products. When he retired a committee investigated his accounts and the shortage was discovered. County Attorney Barclay attached $1,200 Holdridge had in the bank. He says other county officials are involved.

SHOT THREE TIMES.

Rhinelander, Wis., March 24.—As a result of a shooting affray at Solk's boarding house, Joe Koshski, a young Russian Polo, lies at the point of death in the hospital. In an altercation with Mike Jaskya, another Polo, Koshski was shot three times, it is alleged, by Jaskya, two bullets striking him in the stomach and one in the hand. Jaskya is in custody. He pleaded not guilty, his case being continued until March 29. Jaskya came here from Stevens Point and is 19.

Pale, thin, tired, nervous, depressed?

Ask your doctor about taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla for this bad condition of your blood. If he says, "All right," then take it. If not, then don't take it. We feel perfectly safe, for we know what doctors say about this old family medicine.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

FURTHER SLUMP

Wheat Again Very Weak and Price Declines Sharply.

Heavy Northwestern Receipts Discourage Bulls —Flax Is Weak.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 24.—The heavy Northwestern receipts are too much for the price of wheat, and it fell sharply today, especially in the Northwest. Argentine shipments were heavy, but the main influence against the price was the receipts. The Minneapolis market fell 1¼-⅜c for May, and Duluth 1c, while Chicago was only off ⅜c and New York ⅝c. The July option in Chicago fell ¼-⅜c, in Minneapolis 1¼c, in Duluth 1⅜c and New York ½c.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ⅛d lower, London ⅛d higher, Paris unchanged to ¼c lower, Budapest ½c lower and Berlin unchanged.

The Modern Miller's report of winter wheat crop conditions was very favorable.

Car receipts at Duluth were 2 against 53 last year, and at Minneapolis 316 against 300 last year, makink a total for the Northwest of 318 against 353 last year. Chicago received 42 against 8 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 467,724 bus, last year 415,891 bus. Shipments 213,142 bus, last year 295,144 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 178,130 bus.

Shipments from Argentina for the week aggregated 4,464,000 bus, against 4,392,000 bus last week and 3,672,000 bus last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ⅝@⅝d higher. May corn in the Chicago market closed ¼-⅜c higher. May oats closed unchanged. Primary receipts of corn were 666,000 bus, last year 227,100 bus. Shipments 620,301 bus, last year 203,969 bus. Clearances of corn were 279,269 bus. Shipments for the week from Argentina were 60,000 bus, against 51,000 bus last week and 56,000 bus last year.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active. The May option opened ⅞c lower at $1.07⅜, sold at $1.07⅝ at 9:40, fell to $1.07¼ at 10:30, rallied to $1.07⅝ at 10:45 and then slumped to $1.06⅜ at 11:20. From that point it advanced to $1.07½ at 12:50 and closed at $1.07¼, a loss for the day of 1c. The July option closed with a decline of 1⅜c at $1.06¾.

Cash trading was light, offerings being scarce. No. 1 northern continued at 1c under May price.

Flax was very dull and weak. May sold ¼c higher at $1.38½ and then fell to $1.37 and closed there. Flax stocks are expected to decrease 15,000 bus this week.

Oats made an advance of ½c in spite of the fact that there was no change in the Chicago price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive—No. 1 northern, $1.06¼. On track—No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 northern, $1.00¼-1.06¾. Durum No. 1, 93c; No. 2, 92c. May, $1.07¼; July, $1.06¾; Sept., 86c. Flax to arrive, $1.39; on track, $1.37. May, $1.37. Oats to arrive, 30¼c; on track, 30½c. Rye to arrive, 77c; on track, 77c. Barley, feed, 33@37c; malting, 37@44c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 2, last year 53; oats 13, flax 0, last year 72.

Receipts: Wheat, 15,724; oats, 27,721; barley, 299; flax, 4,267.

Shipments: Wheat, 2,160.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 2 northern wheat, 1 car	$1.02¼
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	1.01⅝
Flax, 1 car	1.39½
Flax, 1 car	1.39¼
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.35

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Several Causes Tend to Depress Wheat Prices.

Chicago, March 24.—Excellent growing weather was again the principal influence in wheat here today. Large shipments from Argentina and weakness of the May delivery at Minneapolis were additional factors tending to depress prices. Trading was chiefly in the future deliveries, the May option ruling dull. July opened ¼c to ⅝c lower at 90¾c to 90⅞c. After advancing to 90⅝c, the price settled back to 90¼c. May opened ⅛c to ⅞c lower at $1.12 to $1.12¾ and steadied around $1.12½. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 360 cars, against 269 cars last week and 346 cars a year ago.

Prices declined still further on selling due to report of a St. Louis paper claiming the condition of fall sown wheat in general to be excellent. May sold off to $1.11⅝ and July to 89¾c. Some recovery was made on buying by shorts, but the market closed rather weak. Final quotations on May were at $1.12⅛, a net loss of ⅜c. July was down 1¼@¾c at 90⅜@⅝c.

Higher cables and prospects of decreased receipts created a firm tone in the corn market, notwithstanding the weaness of wheat. The volume of business, however, was light, and was largely of a local character. May opened a shade lower to ¼c up at 48¾@⅞c to 48¾c. After touching 48¾c price rallied to 48⅝c. Local receipts ware 281 cars, with two of contract grade.

Demand improved as the session advanced sentiment in the pit becoming quite bullish. At the close May was up ⅛@⅜c at 48⅝@¾c.

Influenced mainly by the firmness of corn, the oats market had a steady tone. May opened unchanged to a shade up at 30⅝c to 30¾@⅞c, sold at 30¾@⅞c and steadied around 30¾@⅞c. Local receipts were 143 cars.

A moderate advance in the price of live hogs caused a firm tone in provisions. Packers were said to be supporting the market. May pork was up 2½c at $12.80. Lard was unchanged at $7.07½@7.10. Ribs were up 2½@5c at $6.92½.

Close: Wheat—May, $1.12⅛; June, 98¼c; July, 90¾@¾c; September, 84½c. Corn—March, 47½c; May, 48⅝@⅝c; July, 48⅝@⅞c; September, 49@49c. Oats—March, 30¾c; May, 30¾c; July, 30½@⅝c; September, 29¼c. Pork—May, $12.82½; July, $12.95. Lard—March, $7.00; April, $7.05; May, $7.12½@7.15; July, $7.27½@7.30; September, $7.40; October, $7.32½. Ribs—May, $6.92½@6.95; July, $7.15; September, $7.30. Rye—March, 76c; May, 78½c; September, $7.30. Rye—March, 78c; May, 78¼c; September, 60c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.36; Southwestern, $1.24; May, $1.24. Timothy—March, $2.90; April $2.95; September, $3.65. Clover—March, $13.25. Barley—Cash, 46@49c. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.12@1.14; No. 3 red, $1.06@1.12; No. 2 hard, $1.10@1.12; No. 3 hard, $1.02@1.09; No. 1 northern, $1.12@1.14; No. 2 northern, $1.08@1.12; No. 3 spring, $1.05@1.12. Oats—No. 2, 31c; No. 3, 30½@3¼c. Corn—No. 2, 47¾@48c; No. 3, 47@47¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	$1.07⅜	$1.10½	$1.12⅜	$1.11A
High	1.07⅝	1.11	1.12⅜	1.11⅛
Low	1.06¾	1.06⅜	1.11⅜	1.10⅜
Close	1.07⅛B	1.10¾	1.12½A	1.10⅝B
Close 23.	1.08⅛	1.11⅜-½	1.12⅞	1.11⅝
July—				
Open	1.06½	1.06¾	90¼-½	95
High	1.06⅝	1.07¼	90¾	95¼
Low	1.04½A	1.06⅛	88¾	94⅜
Close	1.06½	1.06⅜	90⅜-½	94⅞
Close 23.	1.06½	1.07⅝	90¾	95⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	30¾@30¾-⅞	48¾@48⅞	$12.80
High	30¾@⅞	48¾	12.82
Low	30½	48¼	12.80
Close	30¾A	48⅝@¾	12.82

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 24.—Wheat spot steady; No. 1 Cal., 6s 10d; futures, steady; May, 6s 8½d; July, 6s 7⅝d; Sept., 6s 8¼d. Corn—spot, firm; American mixed new, 4s 4¾d; American mixed old, 4s 11d; futures, quiet; March, 4s 3⅞d; May, 4s 4⅛d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 24.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.10⅛; July, $1.06⅜; September, 86⅛@¼c; 1 hard, $1.13⅞; 1 northern, $1.11⅞.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 24.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.10⅜; July 94¾c; September, 87¾c. Corn—May, 54½c; July, 54⅜c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Our market opened lower, influenced by large Argentine shipments and larger receipts in the Northwest. There is no getting away from the fact that the weather prevailing throughout the winter wheat country is all that could be desired with the plant in splendid shape and making rapid progress. These facts are not conducive to bull markets, and while this condition prevails is unreasonable to look for any higher prices unless the market gets oversold. Large receipts and weakness in outside markets contribute to the bearish feeling. While the market showed some fair rally from the low point which induced short covering, it did not exhibit the snap one would naturally expect to come after the severe decline the market has had. The market looks nervous and unsettled. A change in the weather conditions would cause the large short interest some little uneasiness.

Corn—A somewhat improved shipping demand gave this market a better tone, which lasted throughout the session. Corn was undoubtedly held in check somewhat by the weakness prevailing in the wheat pit, but on the whole the market showed better form than in the recent session. Trade broadened out and more interest noted in outside trade. The export demand is still slow. All things considered the market acts well and there seems to be more confidence on the buying side.

Oats—The strength in the corn market induced some short covering, but aside from this the market seemed to have no special nature. The cash department continues dull and the market acts as if it would continue in its present form at least for a time.

B. E. Baker's Chicago Grain Letter: Another rest was taken off wheat values this morning before covering checked the decline and resulted in some reactions. Influenced by the brilliant crop prospects and the price the sentiment the country over seems to be decidedly bearish, and news of this character was plentiful. The very fact that sentiment is so unanimously bearish and crop reports so uniformly favorable is resulting in unusual caution on the part of many operators, who feel that the decline has gone far enough and discounted the news, and who realize that adverse news over New York would completely change sentiment and bring about a sharp upturn. A more bearish statement than the Modern Miller's report on the winter wheat crop could hardly be conceived. There is not an unfavorable feature indicated. Liverpool closed practicaly unchanged. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 24 cars.

Corn—That corn advanced today in the face of the weakness in wheat is evidence of the inherent strength of the situation, and the soundness of the speculative positions. Wheat had the effect of checking the advance, as offerings were light throughout the session. The new was distinctly bullish. Country movement continues light. The local cash market was steady. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 410 cars.

Oats—Oats were inclined to drag, following the weakness in wheat. Cash houses were fair sellers. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 227 cars.

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat market was very active. Minneapolis cars are made to appear large. This, however, is the result of reshipping wheat from Duluth, and in addition to the decrease of 400,000 bus in Minneapolis stocks, Duluth will be reduced heavily as well. Because of the flurry in the futures, cash business was not as brisk, yet everything met with a ready demand, and contract wheat continues to sell at a big premium over May. July wheat is believed to be a good purchase on European situation, which indicates that Russia will be considered less a factor as a shipper than for a number of years back. Permanency in this or any decrease from this level is not to be thought of. The new crop months have been heavily sold and the present favorable conditions more than discounted. The next reports can not be any better, and as suggested by a flash that the Modern Miller will be very bullish, conditions might change in favor of holders and soon at that. A repetition of last year's strength after July is very likely, and we feel that while wheat may have temporary setbacks, some should be bought now, and more accumulated under this level if possible.

Chicago Record-Herald: The May wheat bulls are said to hold around 18,000,000 bus. This is more wheat than it is possible for bears to deliver. This did not interfere with a break of 2½c in May yesterday, small holders going out. It was noticeable that the wheat was picked up in small lots, mainly by brokers who were supposed to be working for Valentine and for Milwaukee interests. John W. Gates reached Chicago from New Orleans late yesterday, but spent only a short time in his office in Chicago, going to St. Charles to visit his father. He expects to leave for New York at 12:30 o'clock. He refused to talk about wheat, but said he was bullish on a few stocks.

Chicago Record-Herald: The Patten interest has not changed its position one particle on corn. It has had a reaction of 2¼c, but still believes that corn will sell in the 50s and stay there, and that such reactions as these should be taken advantage of to buy corn.

Active closing of spreads between Chicago and Minneapolis for a Chicago interest has been on for several days. Kansas City yesterday said the same interest was selling wheat there. The wheat was bought in outside markets recently, and May sold here. Possibly it was discovered that the wheat in the Northwest would not grade in Chicago, and that the Kansas City hard winter might fail to pass. The differences between the markets have changed, and the theory of the trade is that it was found to be more profitable to get out than to take further chances.

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GOOD SOURCE OF REVENUE

Young Finnish Girl Causes Three Men to Pay Fines.

Although she has been in the city less than a week, Anna Tori, a young Finnish girl, has been the means of enriching the city treasury to the extent of over $160 in municipal court fines and costs, although she has not contributed a dollar of that amount herself.

No less than three different men have been arrested on various charges as a result of her visit to the city, and each of them has paid a fine.

A young Finlander was brought into court yesterday and fined for having immoral relations with the girl. A saloonkeeper, whose place of business she frequented, was also fined for keeping a disorderly resort, and paid over $77 to the city.

This afternoon a second Lake avenue saloonkeeper was arraigned on a disorderly charge, pleaded guilty, and was fined $75 and costs. The girl herself was given a sentence of $15 and costs or twenty days in jail, and Judge Windom gave her until tomorrow to leave the city. She claims to have been intoxicated when all of her acts were committed.

ENFORCES SENTENCE.

At the request of his mother, a suspended sentence on William Burke was ordered to be carried out by Judge Windom this afternoon, and the young man was sent to the county jail for thirty days.

Burke was arrested some time ago for petty larceny, and at the earnest solicitation of his mother, was given a suspended sentence. His actions since that time have not been creditable, according to his mother's story, and Judge Windom ordered the sentence to be carried into effect.

EVILS OF TRADES UNIONISM.

Chicago, March 24.—The chief subject under discussion at today's session of the annual convention of the National Metal Trades' association was the progress made in opposing evils of trades unionism. Mr. Bein of Cincinnati, was the principal speaker. F. S. North of Chicago, read a paper on superintendent's and foremen's clubs.

New Wall Paper Co.
New stock, new goods and prices that can't be beat. KEEP YOUR EYE ON US. Estimates furnished.
FLIESCHER BROS.,
503 Central avenue, across from depot.

Fresh Eggs, Butter, Milk
And everything we carry in our store is fresh. But the best thing there is going in the line of Butter in the Northwest is
MURRAY BROS.' NON-EXCELLED.
Come and try a pound of it.

ED. DORMEDY
West Duluth's Leading Wholesale and Retail
GROCER.
406 Fifty-fifth Avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

WEST DULUTH
Candy Kitchen,
305 Central Avenue.
We make all our candies. Our prices are 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c a pound.
Try a pound Saturday.
We do not keep open Sunday.

West Duluth is Sure to Have a Room Soon. See Me.
J. A. SCOTT,
Real Estate, Mortgage Loans, Insurance.
315 Central Avenue, West Duluth, Minn.
Office Phones—Zenith 3660, Bell 3697-M.
Residence Phone—Bell 3679-M.

G. W. Boutin. G. A. Terry.
Zenith 'Phone 3036.
BOUTIN & TERRY,
ACCURATE PRINTERS.
319 Central Ave. West Duluth.

WALL PAPER
We carry a complete line—the lowest prices—The Low-Price Drug Store.
S. J. NYGREN.

H. R. Patterson's
UNDERTAKING DEPT.
Will be located at 401 Fifty-fifth avenue west, with a full and complete line of Funeral Supplies.
3070—BOTH 'PHONES—3070

Wall Paper, Paints and Varnishes, Painting and Paper Hanging.
Now Is the Time to See
J. C. JOHNSON,
225 N. Fifty-Fifth Ave., West Duluth, Minn.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Closing Was Active and Strong at About Best Prices.

Hesitation Early But Market Generally Broad and Buoyant.

New York, March 24.—Wide advances were shown by opening prices, which were well scattered through the railroad and industrial lists. Union Pacific rose an extreme ⅞ on the transfer of 6,000 shares and there were gains of a point in Atchison, O. & W., Locomotive, Car, and Colorado Fuel. Northwestern rose 2¼ and Metropolitan Street railway 1¾. New York Central, eRading, Rock Island, Southern Pacific, Metropolitan Securities and Lead showed large fractional gains.

Individual influences played but little part in the wave of bullish enthusiasm that swept over the market between 10 and 11 o'clock. This was substantially reflected in numerous advances of a point or more, including representatives stocks of all grades. Purchases seemed urgent at times in stocks which have recently been bear targets, notably Union Pacific, New York Central and Reading. The violence of the rise invited the usual realizing sales, but these made but little impression on prices. Among the substantial gains recorded after the opening rise were Northwestern 5, Lead 3, Metropolitan Street railway 2⅝ and New York Central, Atlantic Coast line and People's Gas 1½@1¾. Chicago Terminal exceptionally ran off a point and Knickerbocker Ice 2.

Prices spurted again after a setback of a fraction but the demand ran more to special stocks. New York Central was carried up 1⅞ and Union Pacific 1⅝. Lead was lifted feverishly 4⅝ and the preferred 4½. Smelting advanced 4 and Pullman 2⅝. There were gains of 1½ to 2 in the Gould group, Illinois Central, Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis, Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis, Colorado Fuel, General Electric, Corn Products and Sloss-Sheffield Steel. Peoria & Eastern jumped 4½. Lead and Smelting fell back betwen 1 and 2 points and the advance was checked generally. Prices yielded and trading fell into dullness. Bonds were firm at noon.

Prices of the more important stocks showed little alteration as a result of the noonday trading. Pennsylvania and Copper got a fraction higher than in the morning and Lead rallied again to about 44. Rubber Goods shot up nearly 4 points in a short time and a number of others of a similar speculative standing were also considerably higher. Colorado Fuel preferred improved 5. Twin City Rapid Transit 3, Westinghouse Electric 2¼, Tennessee Coal 2 and Linseed a point. Late purchases centered pretty largely in the specialties, and although Rock Island, which has been a notable laggard for some time, suddenly went up two points, standard stocks dropped and were dull. An advance in the Southern Iron group gave free play to the rumors regarding their combination, and the rise in Rubber Goods caused a similar inquiry for the United States Rubber stocks. Sloss-Sheffield Steel gained 4½. Tennessee Coal 3½, Republic Steel preferred 3 and the common and the United States Rubber stocks 1½ to 2¼.

Profit-taking on the day's rise brought prices down for a time. The Southern Iron group and Rubber Goods recovered to prices higher than before. Great Northern preferred sold at 302. Union Pacific rose briskly to 131⅜. The rally carried many stocks to the best again. The closing was active and strong.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	103⅞	102½	103⅞
do common	90⅜	89¼	90⅜
Smelter common	102	100⅝	102⅜
Amalgamated Copper	79⅝	78⅝	79½
B. & O. Railway	109¼	108½	109¼
B. R. T.	68	66¼	67¾
Can. Pac. Ry.	149	148¼	148⅞
C. & O.	58½	57¼	57⅜
C. F. I.	59	57⅝	58½
C. G. W. common	24⅛	23⅜	24⅛
Erie 1st pfd	81	80¾	81
Erie common	46½	45¾	46½
Illinois Central	161	160¼	161
L. & N.	141½	140½	141½
Mexican Central	24⅝	24½	24⅝
Metropolitan Ry.	125⅜	122¼	123¾
Missouri Pacific	107¾	106⅝	107⅜
Manhattan	169	168	168¾
Norfolk & Western	85⅜	85¼	85⅜
N. Y. C.	161⅞	160⅛	161⅜
O. & W.	60¼	58½	59¼
People's Gas	112	110⅞	111⅝
Pacific Mail	45	44	44⅜
Penn. Railway	143	140⅝	142⅝
Rock Island common	34¾	33½	34⅜
Rock Island pfd	80⅝	79¼	80
Reading common	96¼	94¼	95⅛
R. I. & S. pfd	82	79½	81⅞
R. I. & S. common	21⅞	20¼	21⅜
Rubber common	43	41½	42⅜
St. Paul	177⅜	176⅞	177½
Sugar	141⅞	141	141⅝
So. Railway common	35½	34⅝	35
So. Pacific	68	67	68
Soo common	117⅝	117½	117⅝
T. C. & I.	97¼	81¼	97¼
Texas Pacific	38⅞	37⅝	38⅝
U. S. Steel pfd	95⅞	94⅝	95⅞
U. S. Steel common	35⅝	34⅞	35⅞
Union Pac. common	131⅝	129	131⅛
Wis. Cent. common	23½	23¼	23½
Wis. Cent. pfd	51½	50⅝	51½
Western Union	93¾	92⅝	93⅜
Wabash common	23¼	22⅝	22⅞
Wabash pfd	47⅛	45½	46¾
D. S. S. & A. common	15⅜	15	15⅜
D. S. S. & A. pfd	31⅞	31½	31⅝

The total sales were 1,275,500 shares.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 24.—Close: Money on call, firm, 3@3½ per cent; closing bid 3¼ per cent; offered at 3½ per cent; time loans, steady, sixty and ninety days, 3½@½ per cent; six months, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange, weak, closing steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.60@.65 for demand, and at $4.83.75@.80 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½@4.85 and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.83¾. Bar silver, 57¼c. Mexican dollars, 44¼c. Government bonds, firm; railroad bonds, strong.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 24.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $139,461,730; gold, $66,792,060; silver, $25,271,903.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 24.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 1 point on June but generally unchanged to 3 points lower in response to lower cables with a little selling perhaps on rather better weather than looked for. There was enough demand from shorts to absorb these offerings and the market after declining to a net loss of about 2@3 points ruled very quiet but fairly steady.

Cotton spot closed quiet, middling uplands, 8.15; middling gulf, 8.40; sales, 200 bales. Futures closed quiet: March, 7.59; April, 7.58; May, 7.62; June, 7.59; July, 7.09; August, 7.63; September, 7.64; October, 7.68; November, 7.71; December, 7.74; January, 7.77.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 24.—Cattle—Receipts 1,500; steady. Good to prime steers, $5.15@6.25; poor to medium, $3.80@5; stockers and feeders, $2.60@4.75; cows, $2.80@3.50; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Receipts 19,000, tomorrow 10,000; 5@10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.20@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.30@5.45; rough heavy, $5.20@5.35; light, $5.15@5.35; bulk of sales, $5.20@5.35. Sheep—Receipts 6,000; sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.75@6.30; fair to choice mixed, $4.80@5.40; western sheep, $5@6.30; native lambs, $5.50@7.65; western lambs, $6.40@7.65.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Ama lgamated	79½	79⅝
Adventure	5¾	6
Atlantic	16¼	16½
Amwez	22¾	22½
Arcadian	1½	1¾
Elm River	2 ½	2¾
Bingham	31	31½
Copper Range	76⅛	76½
Centennial	17¼	18
Calumet and Hecla	665	670
Calumet and Arizona	.....	104
Calumet and Pittsburg	36	.....
do Pittsburg	43	.....
Isle Royale	24½	25
Mass	11¼	11½
Michigan	13½	14
Mohawk	59⅜	64
Mayflower	75c	1.00
Mercur Con.	30c	37c
National	1½	2
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	26¼	27
Osceola	99⅝	100
Phoenix	1¾	2
Parrott	27½	28¼
Quincy	106	108
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Franklin	10	10½
Tecumseh	2¾	3
Tamarack	130	135
Shannon	7⅝	8
Trinity	10¼	10½
Utah	11⅜	11⅝
U. S. Mining	24⅞	25
Victoria	4½	5
Wolverine	111	112
Wyandot	2	2¼
Winona	12⅜	13¼
Daly West	15	15½
Greene Cons.	28	28¾
Pittsburg and Duluth	22	23½
Union Land	3½	4
Junction	80	.....
Black Mountain	.....	2
Chiricahua	.....	68
Granby	5¾	6

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report a good market. Farm mares and business horses moved rapidly. Outlet the largest of the season. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	160@180
Drafters, common to good	125@160
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	110@130
Farm mares, common to good	85@110

HIGHWAYMEN ARE FLOGGED

One Screamed Horribly as the "Cat" Was Applied.

Winnipeg, March 24.—Sandercock and MacDonald, highwaymen, were sentenced by Judge Richards to fifteen and ten years respectively, with seventy-five lashes for robbery with violence from Winnipeg merchants, and today received the first installment of twenty-five lashes. MacDonald made a great uproar and from the first stroke of the dreaded cat-o-nine-tails screamed horribly and had to be carried to his cell.

The first few lashes seemed to have no appreciable effect on Sandercock, but he soon began to groan in a manner which made his punishment seem worse than that administered to MacDonald.

MORE CIVIL SERVICE.

According to circulars just issued, civil service examinations for two grades of government employes will be tried on April 26-27 besides those already mentioned. One will be a tariff expert which will pay $2,100 per annum and the duties of this office are the preparation for publication of the tariffs of each of the principal countries of the world and of statements of equivelants of the currency, weights and measures of each country. The minimum age limit is 20 years. The other position will be that of clerk in the tariff division of the department of commerce and labor and will pay $1,200 per annum.

On May 3 an examination for positions as mechancial draftsman for the patent office will be held, the position paying $1,000 a year.

Clothing on Credit.

It don't make any difference whether you have the money or not
YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD.

Come tomorrow and open an account.

$1 Per Week Payments.

Men, Young Men and Boys will find here a magnificent Exhibition of Spring Styles. New Length Sack Coats. New Style Double-Breasted Sack Suits. Loose Top Coats. Long and Roomy Rain Coats. Extra Pants, Hats, Shoes. ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴ ∴

For Women, Misses and Children, Tailored Silk Shirtwaist Suits, Panama Suits, Mohair Suits, Cheviots and Novelties, the Very Latest Styles. Cravenettes, Covert Jackets, Walking Skirts, Petticoats, Fine Dress Waists, Millinery. ∴ ∴ ∴

GATELY SUPPLY CO.
8 East Superior St

$175 A nice level lot, 25x150, West end.

$1800 A 7-room house, well built, water, sewer, cellar, woodshed and chicken house on West Third street.

$2000 7-room house West First street —water, sewer, electric lights. Easy terms.

$2500 A double house of five rooms each and a six-room house adjoining, on Minnesota avenue, Park Point. Annual rental $400. A gilt edge investment.

We also build a limited number of houses to suit purchasers and sell them on monthly payments.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
REAL ESTATE—MORTGAGE LOANS. INSURANCE.
220 West Superior Street.

$5500 for modern residence; within walking distance; hot water heat; all in best condition.

$1100 for a cozy cottage in the East end. Small cash payment, balance monthly.

$3000 to Loan—5%.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

Articles of Incorporation —of the— ATLAS LAND COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, by these Articles of Agreement, in writing do hereby associate for the purpose of forming a corporation under and pursuant to the provisions of Title Two (2) of Chapter Thirty-four (34) General Statutes of Minnesota, for the year 1894, as amended, and for that purpose do subscribe and agree to the following Articles of Incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Atlas Land Company." The general nature of its business shall be to buy, own, hold, plat, lease, let, improve, mortgage, sell, convey and generally deal in and deal with lands, tenements and hereditaments, real, mixed and personal estate and property; to acquire by purchase or lease mineral lands or lands supposed to contain mineral deposits, to explore any lands so acquired and to develop and operate any mines or mineral deposits found thereon, to buy, sell and deal in ores and minerals; also to acquire, own construct, operate, maintain, lease or mortgage wharves, piers, docks, warehouses, stores, residences or any other buildings, or structures whatsoever; also to buy, sell, own, deal in and deal with mortgages, notes, stocks, bonds, leases and liens upon real or personal property and securities of every kind and nature; also to loan money on real or personal estate and on any of the above named securities and generally to have and exercise all of the powers incident and necessary to the lines of business above enumerated.

The principal place of business of said corporation shall be at Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of commencement of said corporation shall be the 27th day of March, A. D. 1905, and the time of its continuance shall be thirty years from that date.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000) which shall be paid in, in cash or property at such times and in such manner as shall be prescribed by the board of directors.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject, shall be fifty thousand dollars ($50,000).

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming this association for incorporation are as follows:

Wilson G. Crosby, Oliver S. Andresen and M. C. Garvey, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The officers and persons in whom the government of said corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested, shall be a board of three directors, the members of which board shall be elected annually by the stockholders from their own number at their annual meeting which shall be held at Duluth, Minnesota, on the fourth Monday of March of each year, at two o'clock in the afternoon, commencing with the year 1905, and a president, vice-president, secretary and treasurer, who shall be elected by the board of directors from their own number at the first meeting of the board in each year, to be held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders.

The directors shall be elected by the stockholders by ballot, each stockholder shall be entitled to cast in person or by proxy as many ballots as he has shares of stock.

Any vacancy on the board of directors shall be filled by the remaining directors; the person so elected to hold until the next ensuing annual meeting of said corporation or until his successor has been duly elected and qualified.

Each of the officers and directors of said corporation shall hold their respective offices for the period of one year or until their successors have been duly elected and qualified, and any two of said offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

The above named incorporators shall constitute the first board of directors, and the following named persons shall be the officers of said corporation:

Wilson G. Crosby, president.
Oliver S. Andresen, vice president.
M. C. Garvey, secretary.
Oliver S. Andresen, treasurer.

And all of said directors and officers shall hold their respective offices until their successors have been duly elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VII.

The capital stock of said corporation shall be divided into five hundred shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each.

In witness whereof, the above named incorporators have hereunto set their hands and seals this 22nd day of March, A. D. 1905.

WILSON G. CROSBY, (Seal).
OLIVER S. ANDRESEN, (Seal).
M. C. GARVEY, (Seal).

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:
WILLIAM ELDER,
ARTHUR HOWELL.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

On this 22nd day of March, A. D., 1905, before me, a notary public, within and for said county, personally appeared Wilson G. Crosby, Oliver S. Andresen and M. C. Garvey, each to me personally known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing Articles of Incorporation and they severally acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

WILLIAM ELDER.
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal).

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record March 22, 1905, at 4:45 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book 3 of Misc., page 318.

M. C. PALMER,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1905, at — o'clock — m., and was duly recorded in Book — of Incorporations, on page —.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

BIDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

Sealed proposals for the erection of a high school building at Ely, Minn., will be received by H. Van Blarcom, clerk, up to 2 o'clock p. m., March 25, 1905, in accordance with drawings and specifications prepared by Frank L. Young & Co., 201 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota. Copies of which may be seen at the following Builders' Exchanges: St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth, Minn. Also at the office of the clerk at Ely, Minn., and at the office of the architecte.

A certified check in the amount of 2 per cent of the bid must accompany each bid, said check to be made payable to the order of H. Van Blarcom, clerk, and will be forfeited to the school board in case the bider receiving the award fails to execute the contract.

The school board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Signed H. VAN BLARCOM,
Clerk, Public School District No. 12.

Saturday's Market Basket

CASH BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY!

—BY—

KUGLER

Your Druggist,
108 West Superior Street.

We Lead, Others Follow.

The Best Prescription Department in the city, and the LOWEST PRICES.

We have just received a large new lot of HOT WATER BOTTLES, and to start them off we will sell you either a 2 or 3 quart Bottle that sells at $1.50 and $1.75 for 89c.
GUARANTEED

	Regular price.	Special price.
Colgate's Violet Talcum, beautiful new large tin, pat. stopper	22c	15¢
B. & C. Violet Talcum	25c	13¢
Milliken's Violet Talcum	25c	13¢
Borated Talcum	25c	11¢

Any 25c Tooth Brush with either of the following for 37¢.

Enthymol Tooth Paste,
Eucaline Tooth Paste,
Kugler's Tooth Powder,
Colgate's Tooth Powder,
Graves' Tooth Powder,
Lyons' Tooth Powder.

Patent Medicines.

	Regular price.	Special price.
Thymo-Lyptol, pint... (Best known antiseptic and mouth wash.)	$1.00	49¢
Boro-Thymoline, pint. (Better than Glyco-Thymoline.)	$1.00	49¢
Belladonna and Capsicum Plaster	25c	13¢
Strengthening Plaster.	25c	13¢
Carbolic Salve	25c	13¢
Dyspepsia Tablets	75c	49¢
Charcoal Tablets	25c	13¢

GASSER'S

MARKET

Our assortments of Poultry, Fish and Delicacies are complete.

Pork Loins, whole, per lb	12c
Pork Shoulders, per lb	11c
Pork Butts, per lb	11c
Spare Ribs, per lb	10c
Pot Roast, per lb	10c
Round Steak, lb	12½c and 15c
Shoulder Steak, lb	10c, 12½c
Rib Boiling Beef, lb	5c
Leg Mutton, lb	12½c, 15c
Mutton Stew, lb	5c
Leg Lamb, lb	15c to 18c
Lamb Stew, lb	8c
Hams, lb	12½c
Bacon, lb	14c

POULTRY IN PLENTY.

GASSER'S GROCERY

Fresh Eggs—per dozen.... 16c

Curtice Bros. early June Peas, while they last, per can-------- 10c

Dainty Lunches. Pure Candies.

The Best Place

In the city for home baking of the old fashioned kind is at the

BON - TON

Bakery and Candy Kitchen
25 W. Superior St. Zenith Phone 1166.

The First Avenue Grocery,

Old 1258—'PHONES—1069 New.
USE THEM.
17 FIRST AVENUE WEST.

The store that is pointing the way to better things in quality and price.

Shipping Orders a Specialty.

EGGS!

25 cases strictly fresh Eggs—here tomorrow at, per dozen 15c

POTATOES.

Fancy White Burbanks, per bus..... 35c
(With orders.)

10c pkg Matches 5c
Navel Oranges, per doz..... 12c

One can Corn—
One can Peas—
One can Tomatoes— 22c
all good stock—for...
Sour Pickles, per gal..... 20c

MISCELLANEOUS BARGAINS

Whole Rice, per lb	5c
Sago, 3 lbs for	10c
Tapioca—3 lbs for	10c
Ten bars Soap	25c
Barley—3 lbs for	10c
Lemon Extract, 2-oz. bottles	10c
Vanilla Extract, 2-oz. bottles	10c
Preserves, 35c bottles	25c
Pickles, 35c bottles	25c
Pickles, 25c bottles	15c
Bulk Olives, per qt	25c
Pure Leaf Lard, 3 lbs for	25c
And Hoffman House Coffee	30c

Sole agents in Duluth.
Try it tomorrow.

J. A. GROCHOWSKI

107 West Fourth Street.
BOTH PHONES.

Specials for Saturday.

Spring Chickens, lb	18c
Hens, lb	16c
Turkeys, lb	25c
Beef Roast, lb	15c
Pot Roast, lb	10c
Sirloin Steak, lb	16c
Round Steak, lb	14c
Saddle Steak, lb	12½c

A Cup of Good Tea

Is an inspiration," but to get the inspiration, you must use

GRAND UNION TEA.

It has been OUR BUSINESS for the past thirty-three years to supply American tea drinkers with the best goods that can be procured from the tea-producing countries, and we have succeeded for we are the LARGEST RETAILERS OF TEAS in the United States. We are proud of our record and reputation, and justly so. We do not sell our goods under any fancy name, but we have all kinds, grades and blends. We claim BETTER GOODS FOR THE MONEY AND A PREMIUM BESIDES.

Grand Union Tea Co.,
18 West Superior Street.

Examine our goods and premiums. It is to your profit to do so.

"We Lead, Others Follow"

Our High Grade Teas and Coffees.

At such remarkably low prices have built up for us an immense trade in Duluth and the surrounding country. If you have not tried our goods, take advantage of

Tomorrow's Specials:

38c O. G. Java and Mocha Coffee, at	35¢
Or 3 lbs. for $1.00.	
35c J. & M. Coffee for	30¢
Or 3½ lbs. for $1.00.	
Our 22c Coffee for	18¢
Or 6 lbs. for $1.00.	
Our 60c Jap. Tea	45¢
Our 60c Ceylon Tea	45¢
Our 60c Gunpowder Tea	45¢
8 bars best Laundry Soap	25¢
All our 25c size Extracts	18¢
4 lbs. Baking Soda	25¢

Malcomson Tea Store

G. F. AMBORN, Manager.
Remember we are at our New Location
109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
With Seekins & LeBorious—Directly across the street from our old stand.
If you can't call telephone us your order.

D. O'LEARY, GROCER,

Both 'Phones 199. 15 E. Superior Street.

Big Potato Sale Tomorrow!

Fancy Bright Smooth Country Potatoes—per bushel..... 30c

This is for the best fancy potatoes, and will be sold at this ridiculous low price to our regular customers with orders. We refuse to sell to other grocers.

Eggs—strictly fresh laid, per dozen..... 15c

The eggs are not small or culled out, but are shipped direct to us by farmers. Some grocers advertise eggs cheap and when you come to buy tell you they have better ones that are guaranteed and do not guarantee the cheap ones. We guarantee these eggs as the best on the market.

BUTTER

None better at higher prices elsewhere; pure and fancy—

Per lb. 22c.

LARD

Pure and recommended by the health commissioners—

3 lbs. 25c.

ORANGES! ORANGES! The choicest of the southern fields—per dozen 25c
(Oranges that usually sell for 40c a dozen.

TEA—A bargain in Tea that you will like—per lb..... 20c

APPLES! Selected stock. Every one sound as the day picked. Greenings, peck, 25c. Baldwins, peck, 30c. Belle Flowers, peck, 35c.

FIGS—a pure health food, in pound packages 5c

The Joy of Living—Fresh Vegetables.

We carry you to old Tennessee and Florida tomorrow with a display of fresh vegetables that includes everything one could wish for or think of. Cucumbers, Radishes, Celery, White Turnips, Carrots, Spinach, Cauliflower, Beets, Tomatoes, Wax Beans, Head Lettuce.

199—USE OUR 'PHONES—199.

MORK BROS.

Zenith 'Phone, 189; Duluth 'Phone, 677-M. 531 W. First St. and 109 W. First Street.

You'll always find the freshest and choicest meats here at prices that are most reasonable.

Sirloin Steak, per lb	16c
Porterhouse Steak, per lb	18c
Beef, rib roast, lb	12½¢ and 15¢
Beef, pot roast, lb	8¢ and 10¢
Beef stew, lb	5¢ and 8¢
Leg of mutton, lb	12½¢
Mutton chops, lb	12½¢ 15¢
Veal roast, lb	10¢ and 15¢
Veal chops, lb	12½¢ and 15¢
Pork loins, whole, lb	11¢
Pork chops, per lb	12½¢
Pork sausage, lb	10¢
Hamburger steak, lb	10¢
Bologna sausage, 3 lbs for	25¢

Fresh Dressed Chickens at right prices.

We Guarantee Our Work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE.

A merchant is peculiarly the architect of his own income. He plans his advertising campaign either for dividends or deficits.

PAY CASH FOR YOUR GROCERIES. TRY

HARTNETT GROCERY CO.

The only strictly cash grocery store in the city. West Duluth and Lakeside deliveries, Mondays and Fridays. Note the following prices. We have a large shipment of Fresh Eggs and fresh churned Dairy Butter:

Strictly Fresh Eggs, in any quantity, per doz	15c
Fresh Dairy Butter, per lb	23c
Fresh Churned Creamery Butter, per lb	25 & 28c
Greenings, Baldwin and Bellflower Apples, per bbl, $2; per peck	20c
Choice Early Rose and Burbank Potatoes, per bus	35c
Fancy Bananas, per doz	10c
Navel Oranges, sweet and juicy, 25 for	25c
Walnuts, per lb	15c
2 lbs for	25c
Norwegian Herring in 20-lb pails, per lb	20c
Salt Salmon, per lb	7c
Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, per doz	90c
3 cans for	25c

A full line of Fresh Vegeables at the lowest possible prices.

Try our high grade Coffees, fresh from the roaster, 20c, 25c, 35c and 40c per lb.

Old 'phone 1191-R. New 'phone 566.

GOOD THINGS TO EAT!

SPECIAL SALE FOR SATURDAY.

Our best 15c Doughnuts, doz	10¢
Milk Rolls, per doz	10¢
Plain Cookies, per doz. 10c; or 3 doz. for	25¢
A 30c Layer Cake for	25¢
A 25c Goldenrod Cake, 15c and	20¢
The finest Pound Cake, lb	15¢
Best Wine Cake	10¢

Hot Parker House Rolls served and sold from 4 p. m. on.

We put any name on Easter eggs. Leave your orders early.

Our Saturday turkey and chicken dinner, with fresh strawberry shortcake is certainly nice.

THE VIENNA,

207 West Superior St. Phone 310.
Goods Delivered.

For goodness sake dine at Haley's restaurant. Popular prices. Best service.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE.

Rathbun's, Rathbun's,

SIMON CLARK, Mgr. TELEPHONE 656.

We aim persistently to please our customers. We sell dependable goods cheap and always make quaity rather than price the first consideration.

EGGS! Strictly New-Laid—per doz— **15c**

LARD. Pure Leaf-Rendered—per lb— **8c**

CREAMERY BUTTER Best quality—per lb— **30c**

EXTRAORDINARY VALUES IN RELIABLE CANNED GOODS.

Sugar Beets—3-lb cans for	5c
Sweet Corn—4 cans for	25c
Early June Peas—4 cans for	25c
Custard Pumpkin—4 cans for	25c
String Beans—4 cans for	25c
Grated Pineapple—3 cans for	25c
Sliced Peaches—3 cans for	25c
Strawberries in syrup—3 cans	25c
Raspberries in syrup—3 cans	25c
Baked Beans—3-lb cans	7c
Red Salmon—3 cans for	25c
Table Pears—2 cans for	25c
Table Plums—2 cans	25c
N. Y. Apples—gallon cans for	22c
Little Neck Clams—2-lb cans	15c
Veal and Ham Loaf—a can	10c

SPECIAL VALUES IN TEAS AND COFFEES.

Success Coffee—3-lb cans	85c
Roasted Bogata—per lb	25c
Roasted Santos—per lb	18c
Roasted Rio—2 lbs for	25c
Ceylon Tea, rich, fragrant, lb	50c
Regular 60c Japan Tea	45c
Regular 50c Japan Tea	40c
Regular 35c Japan Tea	25c

DEEP-SEA FISH.

Finnan Haddies—per lb	10c
Codfish—2-lb bricks	15c
Salt Water Herrings—3 lbs	25c
Breakfast Mackerel—3 for	25c
Nova Scotia Codfish—per lb	10c

FRUITS.

Large Size Lemons—per doz	15c
Florida Grape Fruit—3 for	25c
White Clover Honey—2 cakes	25c

FRESH VEGETABLES FROM FLORIDA.

Cauliflower, small 15c; large	20c
Pieplant—per lb	8c
Spinach—per peck	35c
Asparagus—per bunch	18c
Tomatoes—per lb	15c
Parsley—per bunch	5c
Radish—per bunch	7c
Onions—3 bunches for	10c
New Beets—per bunch	8c
New Carrots—per bunch	8c
New Turnips—per bunch	8c
Leaf Lettuce—3 heads for	10c
Cucumbers	18c
Oyster Plant	7c
Sweet Potatoes—6 lbs for	25c
Cal. Celery—per head	10c

SWEET, JUICY NAVEL ORANGES—THE PICK OF THE ORCHARD—

LARGE SIZE—per doz— **30c**

MEDIUM SIZE—per doz— **25c**

SMALL SIZE—25 for— **25c**

C. H. OPPEL & SONS,

115 and 117 East Superior St.

NOTE OUR LOW PRICES FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY ONLY

Potatoes, per bus	37¢
Walter Baker's Premium Chocolate, per lb	29¢
Broken Rice, per lb	3¢
Whole Rice, a dandy, per lb	4¢
Ralston Rolled Oats, per pkg	8¢
Saxon Rolled Oats, per pkg	18¢
Gona J. & M. Coffee, per lb	18¢
Honey, 2 cakes for	25¢
Snow Flake Baking Powder, lb	20¢
Fresh laid Eggs, per doz	15¢
Silver Leaf Lard, 3 lbs. for	25¢
Walter Baker's Cocoa, per can	20¢
Walter Baker's Almonds, Jordons, per lb	49¢
Walter Baker's Almond, Valincia, per lb	34¢
Walter Baker's Pecans, per lb	45¢

HERE IS A SNAP WHILE IT LASTS.

A 5oc package Searchlight Matches, sale price	35¢
French imported Walnuts, lb	14¢

BIG SNAP FOR SATURDAY AND MONDAY.

One box P. & G. Lenox Soap, only	$2.59
The best standard brands of Tomatoes, Peas and Corn, 3 cans for	25¢
Hams, per lb	11¢
Rutabagas, per bus	39¢
Carrots, per bus	60¢

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED PAUL REVERE JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE—lb. 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c.

Imported Maccaroni, 3 pkgs for 25¢
Bulk Catsup, per gallon..... 30¢

C. H. OPPEL & SONS,
115 and 117 East Superior Street.

OSTBY'S GROCERY.

SOME SPECIAL PRICES.

Orth's Wild Red Raspberries, per jar	30c
Old Homestead Maple Sugar, per quart can	30c
O. H. Maple Syrup, ½ gal. can	55c
Simon Pure Peaches, per can	20c
Nice Chow Chow Pickles, per quart	5c
Regular prices.	
Silver Leaf Lard, per lb	7½c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, by the dozen, wholesale prices.	
Fresh print and tub Creamery Butter.	
Fresh Separator Butter.	
Fresh roll and tub Dairy Butter.	
Butter and Eggs received every week direct from the country.	
Regular customers taken good care of.	

23 East Fourth Street.

Johnson & Moe

THE West End Big Department Store

"RIGHT IN THE LOW RENT DISTRICT."

You Can Save 10% to 15% on Your Grocery Bill

If you buy here. SPOT CASH in buying and selling is our way of doing it—and cash talks every time. Think it over and see if we are right—then come, compare and let our goods and prices talk.

We have finally received the first shipment of our "AERIAL FANCY PATENT FLOUR." This flour is made from selected hard wheat and guaranteed to be equal if not better than the best. This flour is our own individual brand, owned and controlled by us, and we propose to sell it at our own prices, giving our patrons the benefit of any special inducement we may see fit.

As an introductory price, commencing tomorrow, for one week, we shall offer one carload "AERIAL" best patent Flour—

98-lb sacks.....$3.20
49-lb sacks.....$1.60 **A saving of 30c a sack!**

FANCY STOCK WHITE ROSE POTATOES—Saturday and Monday—per bushel 35c

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS—direct from the henhouse—Saturday and Monday—per dozen 15c

ROLLED OATS—10 lbs for	25c
FANCY WHITE RICE—per lb	3½c
FANCY SWEET CORN—per dozen cans	70c
20c COFFEE—for this sale, per lb	15c
50c UNCOLORED JAPAN TEA—for this sale, per lb	38c
FANCY CALIFORNIA PRUNES—per lb	4c
FANCY SEEDLESS RAISINS—per 1-lb package	7c
FANCY LARGE CALIFORNIA LEMONS—per doz	15c
STRICTLY PURE LARD—per lb	9c
FANCY SALT PORK—per lb	8c
SAUERKRAUT—per lb	2c

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and **best quality wheat** makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Don't Fail to Take a Box of

REXALL

Saturday Candy Home With You.

29c

Fresh Shipment Just Came In

Boyce

VISITORS WELCOME TO OUR NEW MODEL FACTORY

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums. MERRELL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

YOU CAN SELL IT

Through a Small Advertisement in these columns —and the beauty of it is that the cost is almost nothing.

YOU CAN BUY IT

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$11,000 25 feet, improved. First street, near Second avenue west.

$1250 8-room house on Second avenue east. Monthly payments.

$2100 8-room house, lot 90x75 feet, on Fifth avenue east.

$3900 8-room modern house. East end.

$1500 to loan on real estate at 6 per cent.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building. Zenith 'phone 338.

$1675 will buy twenty-five feet on West First street, near Eighteenth avenue West, improved with a five-room house. If you are looking for a bargain here is your chance.

WHITNEY WALL,
Real Estate and Insurance.
Main Floor Telephones—Bell 1368,
Palladio Bldg. Zenith 810.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — NEW FIVE-ROOM COTtage, with bath, 50-foot lot, upper side. 1323 West First street.

Modern houses for sale in all parts of city. C. H. Crosby, Providence building.

$1,600 GOOD HOUSE AND LOT, SIXTH street, near Seventh avenue east. Terms—$300 cash, balance at $25 a month. For sale exclusively by W. M. Prindle & Co., first floor, Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST end, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for the season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans, fire insurance.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AND lot. 518 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—LARGE MODern residence, centrally located, steam heat and all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

$1,100 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, centrally located, above Fifth street. $1,500 for 6-room house, with water and sewer and bath; Fifth street; central. $12.00 per month for 4-room flat, Twelfth avenue west and Michigan street. Cheap lands near the city. J. N. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1904 price until the 25th. Look this up quick. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at $160 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1½ to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

CRUSHED OATS.
CRUSHED OATS.
Is the best feed for your horse. It gives him more strength than other feeds. Maginnis Grain & Feed Company, foot of Third avenue east. New phone 660; old phone 1154-M.

FOR SALE—FINE HARNESS AND SADdle horse. Lyceum stable, 315 West First street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, WAGON, SLEIGHS, buggy, two sets harness, cheap. 19 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—A FINE YOUNG HORSE—suitable for hack or delivery. Call mornings, at 2425 West Sixth street.

FOR SALE — TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD fine draft horses, also logging outfit, or will trade for city lots, pine lands or good outside property. R. B. Whiteside, 216 West Superior street, over Duluth Savings Bank.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

A CARLOAD OF REALLY GOOD fresh milch cows for sale. D. S. McKay & Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh. Zenith 1387.

FOR SALE—E. CARLSON ARRIVED with carload of fresh milch cows, Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1651-D.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old phone.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

AND DECORATING. LOWEST PRICES best work. M. L. Beck & Co., 423 East Fourth street. Old 'phone, 715-K.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

MERRITT & HECTOR, 32 W. First St.

LYLE, SECOND AVENUE WEST.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSS BAND AND ORCHESTRA: residence 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X, Dul. 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BETWEEN LAKEWOOD AND New Duluth, keys to the insurance and real estate offices of Little & Nolte. Reward.

DERMATOLOGIST.

L. M. HOYT, 7 OVER BIG DULUTH. Shampoo and scalp treatment. New 'phone 1702 D.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED TO TRADE FARM LANDS near Superior for team draft horses, also team drivers. Ernest A. Arnold, Superior, Wis.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

MEAT MARKETS—

	Old 'phone.	New 'phone.
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189

LAUNDRIES—

Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447

DRUGGISTS—

Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7

MUSIC AND INSTRUMENTS—

Ingvald Westgaard	521-K	464

COAL AND FUEL—

Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485

FUNERAL DESIGNS—

Victor Huot	633-R	1370

FLORISTS—

Seekins & LeBorious	1356	1626

BAKERIES—

The Bon Ton		1166

SEWING MACHINES—

Singer Sewing Mach. Co.	1141	973
White Sewing Mach. Co.,	33-K	515

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—

Mutual Electric Co.	496	496

RUBBER STAMP WORKS—

Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co.	702-K	755

FRENCH CLEANING—

La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191

PLUMBING AND HEATING—

McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A YOUNG BOY WOULD LIKE POSItion of any kind. 64, Herald.

SMALL SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP, evenings. Inquire J, care of Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG man experienced as traveling salesman. Reliable, sober and a hustler, with best of references. Address Z 61, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, SOBER AND INDUStrious, wishes work of any kind. Can give good references. Address 18 Third avenue west, care Mrs. T. G. White, Dodge block, Harry Richings, room 18.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE POSITION in dressmaking parlor; can give best of references. Miss G., care of Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent and experienced stenographer. Address Miss C., care Herald.

YOUNG LADY, HAVING SOME SPARE time during the day, wants position where she could work for room and board. Address C. 160, Herald.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW, WASHING ironing and house cleaning work by the day. Call or write 32 East Superior street. Room 8.

WANTED BY A YOUNG LADY, POSItion as stenographer to work for small salary. C 1 Herald.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF WORK by day. 1910 West Michigan street.

WIDOW WANTS PLACE AS HOUSEkeeper. 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY GRADUATE of high school and Duluth Business University wants position as stenographer for mercantile house. Best references. Address Miss B, care of Herald.

MARRIED WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work for board or small wages. B. 32, Herald.

WANTED—CLEANING OR WASHING —20 First avenue west. Zenith 1218-Y. Mrs. Anna Jones.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

DON'T RENEW YOUR FIRE INSURance without first calling on W. M. Prindle & Co., room 3, Lonsdale building.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

MEDICAL.

MEN AND WOMEN—VITALIZED, "VIRTUama," is a French mode of treatment that is positively guaranteed to cure impotency and incontinence of urine resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle-aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist: he will deliver you this vitalizer in plain wrapper at your residence prepaid. No one should expect cheaper remedies to rejuvenate them. Don't waste time and money with any others. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

WOMEN ONLY — DR. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought relief to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2.00 by mail. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

ARCHITECTS.

F. L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Palladio Bldg.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION, KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

COD LIVER OIL.

C. J. TUFTE'S, 1904 IMPORT. ALFRED Swedberg, 2016 West Superior street.

EVERYTHING IN MAGAZINES.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, 417 Burrows building. Telephone 987-L.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, 3 miles north of Lester Park. 80 acres, or in smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings and running water. Inquire 318 Torrey building.

MASONRY.

CONCRETE WORK, ETC. 24 WEST First street. Anton Neubeck.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

$185 for a mahogany upright piano; excellent condition. Terms, $10 cash and $6 a month.

Mahogany upright Piano—used one year—$290. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.

INCUBATORS AND BROODers at factory prices. Poultry supplies. Chick feed. Eggs for hatching from very best show birds in Partridge and Golden Wyandottes. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

KIMBALL PIANOS.
HALLET & DAVIS
WHITNEY PIANOS.
HEINZE PIANOS.
ARION PIANOS.

1 Upright Piano $92.50
1 Almost new Upright Piano 185.00
550 Self-playing Pianos 375.00
with electric attachment or without. Very useful for any home.

KORBY PIANO CO.
Factory representatives for W. W. Kimball & Co.
201 East Superior Street.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITER on approval. Old 'phone 1084-K. New 329-D.

FOR SALE— A $50 CASH REGISTER for $25, at drug store, 228 Central avenue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — GAS RANGE WITH water front, first-class condition; also small heater. C 5, Herald.

FOR SALE—15 PER CENT INVESTment. 260 shares in a Colorado gold mine at 40c per share. Paying ½ cent per share per month. Reason for selling, need the money at once. If you want a good investment, address Z. 33, care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—THE MINUTES OF A GOOD timber claim, containing 5,000 cords pulpwood and 250,000 white pine. Address C 6, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE EIGHTEENfoot 2-horsepower and one 25-foot 5-horsepower gasoline launches; first-class condition. Neil Nelson, 727 Sixty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE — LIGHT DOUBLE HARness, hand-made, best oak stock; gilt trimmings, patent leather collars, round open bridles, also gents' saddle. 2022 East Fifth street.

$35.00 BUYS SIX OCTAVO PACKARD, second hand; $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

BEDSTEAD AND SPRINGS, GOOD condition, $2.00. 1213 West Fifth street.

TO SEW ON THE WHITE IS A JOY and delight. It runs light and goes right. Buy the light running, ball bearing White. Store 106 West Superior St., next to 10c store.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR A NEW first-class 22-foot torpdo gasoline launch. Particulars call Zenith 'phone 1378.

$30 BUYS STORY & CLARKE SECONDhand organ. Payments $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

FOR SALE—CAMP GUELPH, TWENty-sixth street, Park Point; corner lot, house and contents. Address Box No. 564, Grand Rapids, Minn.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH, TWO story frame building, occupied by grocery in business center of prosperous mining town, reason for selling, owner going to Europe. Address Box 218, Biwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND CONFECtionery stock and fixtures. Can buy or rent building. C 2, Herald.

FOR SALE — TWO-CHAIR BARBER shop. Good trade. Look this up. Address Y 94, Herald.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—FIRSTclass soda fountain. Inquire Bischen Bros., 129 West Superior street.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver. Highest market prices. M. Henrickson Jewelry company, 334 West Superior street.

MEN'S SOWED SOLES, 75c; NAILED, 50c; rubber heels, 40c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

WYANDOTTE BRAND CHICK FEED, made by Pike & Co., Minneapolis. Balanced ration, chick grower and life-saver. Raising every chick. Ask your dealer for Wyandotte Brand Poultry and Stock supplies.

$47.00 BUYS ONE FANCY OAK CASE, almost new, Kimball organ; $5.00 cash, $3.00 monthly payments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior St., (upstairs).

THE OLIVER STANDARD VISIBLE typewriter. Edmont, 410 W. Superior St.

FOR SALE—T RAIL AND DYNAMOS and second-hand sacks. Northwestern Iron and Metal company.

TRY THACHER'S GROCERY NEXT time you order groceries. 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone 747-X.

$175.00 BUYS NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; $10.00 cash and $6.00 per month, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs.)

FOR SALE CHEAP—INVALID'S CHAIR —good as new. 625 East First street.

HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS ON Park Point, or central; no commission. 508 Burrows building.

PERSONAL.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1.
Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

CONGENIAL YOUNG LADY WANTS to do light housekeeping with another young lady. References exchanged. Y 95, Herald.

YOUR DENTAL WORK AT ONE HALF price this month. See Lee & Turley, 114 West Superior street, over Folz. Book of valuable information on care of the teeth sent to any address upon request.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 367. Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Superior street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—1025 WEST First street, city water. John Flood.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, best of repair; bath and use of phone. 2820 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, cheap. Two ladies preferred. 311½ East Fifth street.

ROOMS AND BOARD WITH PRIVATE family. Call 326 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 321 Fifth avenue west.

CLEAN ROOMS, $2 PER WEEK. 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Second street.

MODERN ROOM, BATH. 505 EAST Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, center of of city; steam heat, every convenience; pleasant neighborhood; $5.50 per week; first-class. Address C 7, Herald.

ROOMS, WELL FURNISHED. 413½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM: private bath, open grate. 214 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms at 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 1016 West Fourth street, $6.00 Inquire 910 West Fourth street.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, STEAM heat, modern, 'phone service. 105 Eighth avenue west.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT — COTTAGE ON PARK Point, for four gentlemen. Call 1834 Minesota avenue, or phone 121-R.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, eight-room, modern conveniences. Owner wishes to reserve room and board with tenant. 430 Manhattan building.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY —G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, phone 24.

FOR RENT — THREE-STALL BARN and carriagehouse. 317 West Fourth street. Inquire Big Duluth.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—APRIL 1, SIX-ROOM FLAT, modern, central. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ONE FOUR-ROOM FLAT and one five-room flat; water and sewer, gas and electric light. 1325 London road.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FURNISHED flat; $17.00 a month. 1027 East Third St.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT, MODERN EXCEPT heat; good location; reasonable rent. Y 71, Herald.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE, INquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENtral; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED APARTments, No. 31 East Superior street. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—SMALL FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water, at No. 319 Sixth avenue west, $15 per month. William E. Richardson, assignee, Exchange building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STEAM-HEATED STORE ROOM AND basement in brick block, First avenue east, near Superior street. Low rent.
MILTON BLOCK—STORE ROOM NO. 130 West Michigan street, three floors, steam heat if desired.
LOTS 50x90 FEET, STEAM HEATED, electric elevators, front and rear; good light; railroad spur at rear; suitable for wholesale, jobbing or light manufacturing.
CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior Street.

FOR RENT—RESTAURANT, FURNISHed complete, good proposition. 2668 West

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, fine brick block; rent cheap. Apply Sherwood, 615 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — BUTCHER SHOP WITH fixtures complete. 508 West First street. Inquire Crystal restaurant.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD AND ROOM—IN MODERN house; steam heat; electric light; pleasant surroundings; very central; $5.00 per week. Y 56, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. 202 West Third street.

ROOM AND BOARD—311 W. Second St.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 769-R.

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorses or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
'Phones—New, 883; old, 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

Salary Loans and Chattel Loans. IF YOU CAN BORROW
$10 and pay $ .50 weekly; $2 monthly
$15 and pay $ .75 weekly; $3 monthly
$20 and pay $1.00 weekly; $4 monthly
$25 and pay $1.25 weekly; $5 monthly
These amounts pay both principal and interest, at
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY—IF YOU HAVE FROM $250 TO $100,000, loan it on improved Duluth property. I guarantee 6 to 7 per cent interest net on loans running one to four years. Correspondence a pleasure. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8-9 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others, upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolman, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop, 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood. New 'phone 1703.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—SIX-FOOT OAK office table, in good condition. Inquire at 400 First National Bank building.

I HAVE AN EASTERN CLIENT WHO wishes to buy from 1,000 to 5,000 acres within twelve miles of Duluth. I wish prices on small and large tracts of cut-over and timbered lands. W. F. Leggett, 507 Burrows building.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 114 S. 14th Ave. E.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue West.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS PEACHEY, 307 First National bank.

MISS N. ORTON, 102 Manhattan Bldg.

CENTRAL HALL, 12TH AVE. W.

FOR RENT—PARTIES AND DANCES: reasonable rates; orchestra in connection. Receptions Wed and Sat. 1204 W. Michigan St. Zenith 'phone 1605-X.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

LIVE CASH FOR A DEAD ASSET!

That Surplus Bedstead, or Bureau, or Table, or Sewing Machine now standing unused in garret, cellar or storage house —how'd you like to convert it into Silver or Currency?

A HERALD WANT AD IS A GOOD AUCTIONEER—

Talks to the Whole Town for Fifteen Cents.

Tell It To 'Phone 324!

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—LAUNDRY GIRL AT ONCE. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL—627 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. 12½ Chester terrace.

DISHWASHER AND DINING ROOM girl at California Restaurant, 620 West Superior street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East First. 6 St. Elmo Flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LADY WHO UNDERSTANDS altering garments in cloak department, and willing to act as saleslady in that line. Wm. Kitz & Co., Hibbing.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. G. E. Budd, 5805 Huntington street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1126 East Third street.

WANTED—MAID AT 424 NINTH AVEnue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 465 Mesaba avenue.

GIRL TO ASSIST WITH HOUSEWORK and care of children. No heavy work. 1516 East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, small family; best wages. Call 1721 East First street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. 2319 East First street.

WANTED — ELDERLY LADY FOR light housework; Scandinavian preferred. 2402 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; new comer preferred. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1001 East Second street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

PALMIST.

Madame De Vernen,
PALMIST AND MEDIUM.

Have your future told by Madame De Vernen, Palmist. Your past, present and future told, business and family matters explained; also advice given in love affairs. Call and see plaster casts of the Princess of Wales and also of President and Mrs. McKinley, whose hands she has read. Private readings can be had at your residence by notifying the medium at North Star Hotel, 523½ West Michigan street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Tailor—to prepare for position as Inspector of clothing—entrance salary $80 a month. Also young man to prepare for position of departmental clerk and bookkeeper. Entrance salary bookkeeper, $60, and clerk, $600 a year. Exams in April and May. Write or see at once. Jno. A. Morgan, 406 Providence building, Duluth.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO WORK in lodging house. Inquire 622½ West Superior street.

WANTED — FIFTY AUSTRIANS FOR rock work. E. Downie, Western Employment Co.

WANTED—TWO DRY LUMBER SORTers and feeders in planing mill. Red Cliff Lumber Co.

WANTED—ONE COAT MAKER AND one trouser maker. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue West.

WANTED—AN UNMARRIED MAN AS bookkeeper, salary $65. Position permanent and growing. Address "W. S. B.," care Evening Herald, giving age, references and where last employed.

WANTED — GROCERYMEN, BAKERS, butchers, to use our up-to-date delivery wagons; best values for the money. L. Hammel company, 302 East First street.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, 221 2nd Ave. S., Minneapolis.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

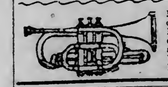
WANTED — TWO GOOD COATMAKers; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, Iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torey.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and records, instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

FINE LINE OF GENTS' SHOES AT 50 cents on the dollar. Repairing while you wait. Half soles, 50 cents. 229 East Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts, removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Blk., 4th Ave. W.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 Both 'phones.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTIcal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 20, 1905. Work—First degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 27, 1905. Work—Second Degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 22, 1905. Work—M.M. degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave March 28, 7:30 p. m., at new Masonic Temple. p. m., at new Masonic Temple. Drill, followed by refreshments. C. W. Wilson, commander; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 23rd, 1905. Work—Fifteenth degree. New Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2617 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting March 23rd. Both degrees. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Marvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepardson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 218 West Superior street. Work in the Second, March 28. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
GRANT LODGE, K. of P., No. 3 (colored), meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; W. S. Mosby, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 49, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2306, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. T. B. Benupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 7, 1905. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 5. Dance in hall, Wednesday, March 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen.; Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east; H. V. Holmes, paymaster and treasurer, 422 Fifteenth avenue east.

Section 1. Pages 1 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 Pages

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

NO ACTION MAY BE TAKEN ON REVISED STATUTES AT PRESENT SESSION

Resolution to Refer Code to a Legislative Commission.

Last Day For Introducing Bills and Many Offered.

St. Louis County Courthouse Commission Bill Passed By Senate.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Henry Morgan of Albert Lea this morning offered in the senate a bill providing that the revised code, with all the amendments adopted by the house and the senate, be referred to a commission consisting of three senators appointed by the president of the senate and four representatives appointed by the speaker. This commission is to re-write the code, with the amendments, and submit a report to the governor by Jan. 1, 1906. The governor is to refer it to an extra session of the legislature or to the next regular session as he sees fit. The old revision commission is discharged. This is in line with The Herald's prediction that there would be no action on the code at this session, and that there might be a special session to consider it. There is considerable sentiment back of Morgan's bill.

* * *

The lie was passed in the house this morning. Burdett Thayer of Spring Valley made a fight to overturn a report of the public health committee killing his bill to license wholesale oleomargine dealers at $40 a year and retailers at $8.

Gen. M. D. Flower of St. Paul, chairman of the committee, said that Thayer had told him that he would not fight the report because he thought the bill unconstitutional.

"That is a lie," said Mr. Thayer.

"I am, if the gentleman says so," replied Gen. Flower, "but he dares not repeat it in the lobby."

The speaker's gavel crashed, Mr. Thayer apologized profusely, Mr. Flower accepted the apology, and the storm ceased.

* * *

Today was the last day for introducing bills, and there was a swarm of them, eighty-two in the house and 40 in the senate. Many were not read this forenoon, and both houses will meet again this afternoon to receive more bills.

Many of the new bills were highly important. A. K. Ware offered one bill providing for the nomination of United States senators at the primaries, and also another imposing a poll tax of $10 a year on each voter of the state, to be remitted if he votes at the general election.

* * *

Other important bills were as follows:

House judiciary committee—Providing for setting apart a courtroom and a district judge in cities over 50,000 to try all juvenile cases.

Adams—Giving the clerk of the supreme court $3,500 a year and taking his fat fees for the state.

Armstrong—Making insurance agents in cities over 50,000 pay $100 for license fee a year.

W. J. Nolan—Prohibiting trading stamp enterprises.

Rachie—Prohibiting Greek letter societies in high schools, normal schools and freshman class of state university.

Ramsland—Prohibiting the issuance or renewal of state mineral leases until otherwise provided by law.

Krostue—Prohibiting the adulteration of snuff.

Hanaford—Making $2 a month the limit for telephone rents of offices, and $1 in residences a mile and a half from the exchange.

Roberts—Constitutional amendment doing away with pardon board.

Larson—Making grain elevators and mills carry fire extinguishers.

Swanson—Prohibiting adulteration of whiskey and the sale thereof unless the ingredients are printed on the label.

J. A. Gates—Making the board of control members elective instead of appointive.

Senator Everett—Trust buster bill, prohibiting pools, trusts and combines in restraint of trade.

Senator Horton—Providing for a boiler inspector in each congressional instead of each senatorial district.

* * *

The St. Louis county senate delegation introduced and passed through that body the courthouse commission bill. They also introduced a bill permitting compromise of taxes and assessments.

* * *

The senate made the Roberts tax amendment bill a special order for Tuesday at 2:30 p. m.

* * *

The house made the Perley bill taking the educational institutions away from the board of control a special order for Thursday at 2 p. m.

* * *

The Smith bill affecting legislative pay was reconsidered by a vote of 60 to 27 and placed on the calendar.

* * *

Mr. Thayer's resolution for a committee of nine to consider a readjustment of state salaries was adopted.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

SEVERAL ARE HURT IN STREET CAR COLLISION

Chicago, March 25.—Two persons were badly hurt and a dozen others were slightly injured today when a State street cable train ran into a Thirty-first street electric car. Both cars were crowded.

The Thirty-first street car was crossing State street when the collision occurred. The impact threw the electric car from its tracks, the windows were shattered and many of the passengers were cut by flying pieces of glass.

FLEET ENTERS CANAL.

Port Said, Egypt, March 25.—The division of the Russian second Pacific fleet commanded by Admiral Nebogatoff which arrived here from Suda bay, Island of Crete, yesterday, entered the canal this morning.

HIGH PRICE FOR HOGS.

Peoria, Ill., March 25.—Forty-seven head of hogs were sold for $6.345, an average of $135 per head at Elmwood yesterday. The highest prices paid were $335 for a brood sow by R. Slasser of Mineer and $420 for another by Samuel Taylor of Decatur. Buyers were present from Indiana, Ohio, Kansas, Missouri and Tennessee.

WARE WILL MODIFY MILEAGE BOOK BILL

To Cut Out Interchangeable Feature as Unconstitutional.

Sensation In House By Reference to the Senate Combine.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house judiciary committee yesterday afternoon decided that the legislature can't compel one railroad to accept the mileage of another, and that therefore the bill by A. K. Ware limiting passenger rates to 2½ cents a mile and providing for mileage books at 2 cents, good on all roads in the state, is unconstitutional.

The bill was referred to the judiciary committee from general orders day before yesterday for an opinion on this point. The author admitted that some attorneys said the measure was unconstitutional, but he claimed that more said it was a good bill and lawful.

He will probably accept the dictum of the judiciary committee, and cut out the interchangeable feature. In view of the action of the senate yesterday on the Peterson 2-cent fare and anti-pass bill, he will probably also strike out the limitation on fares, and change the bill so as to simply provide for negotiable mileage books of 500, 1,000 and 2,000 miles, at 2 cents per mile. These books the roads must issue, and must accept from anybody offering them for passage between points in this state.

The house will probably pass this bill, and after its action on the Stone bill providing for negotiable mileage books the senate is likely to think twice before it kills it.

The house will probably kill the Stone bill. This bill simply says that mileage hereafter issued in this state shall be good in the hands of anybody purchasing it. It does not require the roads to issue any mileage at all if

(Continued on page 7, fourth column.)

AN AGREEMENT MADE WITH SAN DOMINGO

Whereby United States Commissioner Will Collect Revenues.

Washington, March 25.—Renewed interest in Santo Domingo affairs was manifested in official circles today upon the receipt by the state department of a cablegram from Minister Dawson indicating that he had effected with the Dominican government a tentative agreement which, temporarily at least would adjust satisfactorily the fiscal conditions of the island government.

No explicit information concerning the contents of Minister Dawson's cablegram is available at this time, as it has not been communicated to President Roosevelt. It is believed that the president will take action upon it as soon as it is made known to him.

While the precise nature of the negotiations between Minister Dawson and the Dominion officials cannot be learned, it is understood that it contemplates placing of the fiscal affairs of the island government, so far as the collection of revenues is concerned, in the hands of a commissioner to be designated by President Roosevelt, with the consent of the Dominion government. The revenues of the island would be collected by this commissioner, a sufficient percentage of them being placed to the credit of the Dominican government to pay current expenses and the remainder deposited as a fund to pay the foreign claims of the island at such time as a distribution of the fund may be agreed on by the creditor governments.

JAPANESE ARE SHOWING GREAT POLITICAL ACTIVITY IN CHINA

Berlin, March 25.—A letter from Pekin published by the National Zeitung this morning, gives the results of an inquiry into Japanese political activity in China. The writer says that Japanese agents in various lines of business are penetrating into China and settling in every important place in the empire devoting themselves to their calling in life, whether priest, editor, teacher or trader and to winning peacefully the good will of the Chinese for Japan. The method most often used is the founding of newspapers printed in the Chinese language and friendly to Japanese aims. These try to influence the provincial governors and the Pekin government to employ Japanese teachers and especially to place Japanese military instructors in charge of the Chinese troops. In adition Japanese Buddhist monks have begun to arrive in China on semi-political and semi-religious errands. They seek closer relations with the Chinese Buddhist organizations and have acquired control of several monasteries over which the Japanese flag is floated. The monks also establish Buddhist chapels and organize congregations. Their declared aim is to unite the various Buddhist sects in China. The Buddhist monasteries in Canton have already placed themselves under the protection of the Japanese flag and have become branches of the great ben yuan thue monastery of Tokio. At Swatow (province of Kwangtung) Japanese monks have rented a temple over which the Japanese flag has been hoisted and they already have 8,000 followers.

CHICAGO END OF BEEF TRUST

Will Be Investigated By Grand Jury Next Week.

Chicago, March 25.—Monday the Chicago end of the situation in the meat industry will, it is believed, be thoroughly taken up before the special grand jury, investigating the alleged combination of the larger packing firms. From day to day, a few subpoenas for Chicago wholesale and retail meat dealers have been issued, returnable next week. A large number of the subpoenas served on Chicago employes of the packers were also made returnable next week and it is stated that District Attorney Morrison expects to show by comparison of testimony the different status of the seller and purchaser of meats. A subpoena was issued today for L. M. Byles, private secretary to Edward Morris of Nelson Morris & Company. Byles will probably be called early next week. It is said that there will also be an influx of Eastern men next week, heads of departments of the various houses in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other large cities.

MILWAUKEE BASEBALL MANAGER SENT TO JAIL.

Milwaukee, March 25.—Former Alderman Charles S. Havenor of the Fourth ward, was today denied a new trial, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Milwaukee house of correction for bribery. A stay of sentence was denied by Judge Williams, and sentence will begin tomorrow. Mr. Havenor was convicted a short time ago on a charge of accepting a bribe of $100, on April 1, 1899, for furthering a special privilege. Havenor is well known in baseball circles throughout the country, being owner and proprietor of the Milwaukee American club.

INTERNAL LOAN ORDERED.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—An imperial decree under today's date directed the minister of finance to issue a 5 per cent internal loan of $100,000,000 with the view of further strengthening the funds in the state treasury required to meet the expenses of the war. Of this loan, $50,000,000 will be offered for public subscription.

RUSSIANS HAVE LOST NEARLY 500,000 MEN OF THE 774,547 SENT TO FIGHT THE JAPANESE

PEACE IS EXPECTED WITHIN SIX WEEKS

St. Petersburg, March 25, 6 p. m.—The information contained in these dispatches for over a week regarding the change in Emperor Nicholas' attitude concerning the advisability of making a pacific proposal to Japan is fully confirmed and in very high quarters peace within six weeks is regarded as certain. The positiveness with which this is affirmed would indicate that the government is already in possession of information as to the Japanese terms, which indicate a basis to which Russia can agree.

The exact situation is shrouded in mystery. The secret of what has been done and what is being done is zealously guarded. The Associated Press hears, however, from a source close to the throne, that pour parlers are actually in progress in Paris, but probably only of a preliminary character and that Copenhagen my be the scene of the first exchanges between representatives of the two powers. In this connection importance is being atached to the visit of M. D'Iswolsky, Russian minister at Copenhagen and Baron Rosen, former Russian miniter to Japan, to M. Bompard, the French ambasador to Russia, on Tuesday. The parties to this conference refuse to admit that significance is attached to it. In the meantime the foreign office is silent.

CASTRO HOSTILE TO AMERICA AND FRANCE

Returns To His Capital and Stirs Up Things Generally.

Refuses To Hold Any Conversation On Disputed Points.

Paris, March 25.—An official dispatch from Caracas, Ven., says President Castro, who was absent from the capital during the recent supposed amelioration of the situation, has returned and has manifested strong hostility against American and French interests. His attitude, it is added, is particularly menacing against the French Cable company. It is premature to say what steps France will take as the information has just been received and the officials have not had an opportunity to consider it. However, it is likely that their action will depend upon President Castro puttting his menaces into effect by overt acts against the company or the forfeiture of its concessions. No orders for warships to be held in readiness have yet been issued or are contemplated, for the present, but there seems to be a growing impression in official quarters, that the presence of a warship in Venezulan waters might exercise a salutary influence.

The official dispatch adds that President Castro's declination to arbitrate the American demands was accompanied by a refusal to hold any conversation on the subject. The French cable company has received advices

PRESIDENT CASTRO.

practically to the same effect. These indicate that Castro's influence will probably cause the court to render final judgment upon the cable company's concession early next week. It is the unofficial opinion that the attitude of President Castro against both America and France in this makes the moment opportune for some exchange of communications between the two governments towards eventual action along similar lines.

NOVA SCOTIANS ARE INJURED BY NEWFOUNDLAND BAIT LAWS

Halifax, N. S., March 25.—The business interests of Halifax, Lunenburg, and other Nova Scotian ports are intensely concerned over the situation which has been created by the Newfoundland government revoking the bait purchasing privileges enjoyed by the United States fishermen. Some of the Nova Scotia newspapers endorse the action of the Newfoundland government and place the blame for the present difficulty upon the fishermen of Gloucester, Mass., by whose influence, it is declared, the United States senate practically nullified a treaty which had been drawn up by Secretary of State Hay and Premier Bond of Newfoundland. It is pointed out that the interests which brought about the existing unpleasantness are also the chief sufferers. A peculiarity of the situation is the fact that a very large proportion of the men in the Gloucester fleet consists of Nova Scotians. If the action of Newfoundland should prove serious to the Gloucester fleet, it is said more Nova Scotians than Americans would feel it.

POSTAL CARDS CAUSE RUN ON BANK

Cincinnati, March 25.—A run now in progress on the Union Savings Bank and Trust company of this city is declared by officials of the institution to be the result of a conspiracy. After having continued quietly for about two weeks, the run today was the means of crowding the bank with several hundred excited depositors, who failed to reach the paying teller's window. It is charged that postal cards have been sent to depositors of the bank advising the withdrawal of deposits. The bank officials say that they have secured some of these cards and will endeavor to discover the author of them and that when found they will bring criminal actions. The bank has $2,500,000 in cash on hand and nearly $8,700,000 in securities that can immediately be converted into cash, besides ether assets to care for its $18,700,000 deposits, and the officers express the utmost confidence in the outcome.

DULUTH CARRIERS

To Be Included In the Investigation.

Washington, March 25.—Minneapolis, St. Paul and Duluth postoffices are to be included in the investigation of Postmaster General Cortelyou on complaints received that letter carriers have been soliciting subscriptions for stock in certain corporations in which they were interested.

A number of carriers were recently dismissed from the Chicago and Toledo postoffices for soliciting subscriptions for stock.

The attitude of the postoffice department, aside from the violation of the law, is that carriers who undertake such work are wasting time for which they are paid by the government.

Postmaster General Cortelyou announced yesterday that wherever charges are sustained the carrier will be dismissed without delay.

HER MAIDEN VOYAGE.

Glasgow, March 25.—The new Anchor line steamer Caledonia, sailed on her maiden voyage to New York today. She has on board about 1,000 passengers.

Statement From War Office Shows Awful Results of the War.

Less Than 300,000 Effective Men Remain For Duty In Manchuria.

Linevitch's Army Continues to Steadily Retire Northward.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—Stung by the wholesale criticism lately heaped upon the war office for its unpreparedness and incapacity in providing the Manchurian army with men, guns and munitions, the army organ today lays bare what has been done since the opening of hostilities, giving the exact figures. From these it appears that up to March 12 the war office had dispatched 13,087 officers, 761,460 men, 146,408 horses, 1,521 guns and 316,321 tons of munitions and supplies to the front, declaring the transportation strained the Siberian railroad to its utmost acapacity. The army organ admits that the army in the Far East, when the war opened, was hardly worth the name (no figures being given, but it is known that the troops did not exceed 60,000 men) defending this on the ground that Emperor Nicholas desired to avoid war and therefore refrained from sending reinforcements, which surely would have provoked it.

The criticism of the war office's failure to adequately supply Port Arthur is met by the statement that it was provisioned for a garrison of twelve battalions, the decision to put thirty battalions there being taken so late that the original calculations could not be remedied.

While affirming that the quick-firing guns and field guns of the Russians are superior to those of Japan, the war office explains that the misfortune in the insufficiency of the mountain guns was due to the fact that when the war broke out Russia was just adopting a new pattern. It is denied that the war office was deceived in regard to the available strength of the Japanese army or the organization of the Japanese reserves, but the army organ frankly admits that the talents of the officers and the wonderful spirit of the soldiers were miscalculated. The publication of this article has created a sensation among military men and in public circles many of the former are censuring the general staff for disclosing valuable military secrets, and the latter finding from the figures a practical admission that the war has cost almost half a million men in killed, wounded, prisoners and sick as the whole effective in the Far East is now believed not to exceed 300,000 men.

The preliminary press censorship on books in Russia, as well as foreign languages has been removed. The books now printed go to the censor by whom their sale must be authorized within seven days, or if it is alleged that they violate the criminal law, the question of confiscation must immediately be submitted to and decided by the courts. Heretofore manuscripts were sent to the censor and sometimes were held for months and years. He had the arbitrary right to prohibit their publication without any confirmation of his decision by the courts.

STILL RETIRING.

Gen. Linevitch Moving His Army Northward.

St. Petersburg, March 25, 1:50 p. m.—Gen. Linevitch continues the retirement of the bulk of his army northward. The general staff now declares it is certain that Field Marshal Oyama has been compelled to relinquish the idea of a pursuit in force for the present. The Japanese forces on the Russian flanks are too light to constitute a serious danger, and a lull in heavy fighting for several weeks, if not months, is predicted by some of the correspondents.

A Russian correspondent warns the St. Petersburg authorities of the dangers of Japanese activity in Mongolia, where, he says, their emissaries are enlisting the Lamas and arousing their old warlike spirit.

PROSPECTS OF PEACE

Between Russia and Japan Growing More Tangible.

Paris, March 25.—The prospects of peace between Russia and Japan assumed a more definite and almost a tangible aspect yesterday as the result of the announcement of the resumption of negotiations for a Russian loan.

The postponement of the loan occurred through the stand taken by the financial element against proceedings while the uncertainty of war continued, whilst a willingness to resume negotiations is construed as meaning that their strong influence finally has prevailed with the authorities at St. Petersburg. The announcement of the resumption of negotiations took definite form in a communication to the syndicate of agents-de-change, who form an influential element on the bourse, holding government credentials.

Coupled with the announcement of resumption of the loan negotiation came a strong intimation from official and diplomatic quarters that steps looking toward peace had been definitely taken by Russia.

The foreign office declined to confirm a report that France was likely to be the intermediary; but diplomats, who are actively interested for the first time gave credit to the statement that Russia had decided to seek peace.

NOT FOR THREE MONTHS

Is Another Important Battle Expected In East.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—The Russian rear guard is now occupying a line of fairly strong natural positions thirty-four miles south of Gunshu pass, the center being the railroad village of Sipinghai and the flanks covering the roads on either side, which apparently it is the intention to defend long enough to force the Japanese to show their hand. The Russians may, however, have been outflanked and have no intention of making a serious stand, especially as all the correspondents continue to report rumors of wide turning operations on both flanks, indicating a probable basis in fact. The correspondents believe a resumption of hostilities on a grand scale, and an important battle, are improbable inside of three months.

LINEVITCH REPORTS

No Change In Position of Armies On Friday.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—A dispatch from Gen. Linevitch, dated March 24, says:

"A Russian patrol has been fired upon by Japanese cavalry and infantry occupying the village of Puljuschu.

"There has been no change in the position of the armies during the day.

"On March 23 a detachment of Russian cavalry drove back a force of Japanese cavalry approaching the station of Shuaningausa. The same day several Japanese squadrons attacked a small Russian mounted detachment on the extreme Russian left, about four miles from the station of Nanshentsi. Russian cavalry reinforcements were sent there and forced the Japanese, who refused to face a charge, back to Nanshentsi, their retreat being covered by infantry."

CHINESE RED CROSS

Has Been Feeding Over 15,000 Refugees.

Newchwang, March 25.—Since the battle of Mukden, the Chinese Red Cross has been feeding 15,000 refugees. Thousands of them are housed at Sinmintin, Mukden and Liao Yang. Many farmers of the Liao Yang district are still dependent on relief. Since the beginning of the relief work, the Red Cross has expended $75,000 on grain alone. The railroad has transported over 50,000 refugees inside the great wall. Owing to the approach of warm weather, farmers are going to their homes, but they are in want of implements and animals. Special commissioners are conducting an investigation into the situation and the government will undoubtedly furnish seed grain.

Eight hospitals are devoted to the care of the sick and wounded Chinese of which four are at Mukden and one, the most northern hospital, at Kaiyuen. It is probable that others will be established. Only a few Chinese were injured during the recent battle, but during the sumer ravages of disease are feared, owing to the fact that thousands of bodies of the dead lie buried too near the surface of the soil.

STEAMSHIP COMPANY MUST PAY FOR JEWELS.

New York, March 25.—That the Atlantic Transport company must pay to Mrs. Frances M. Barnes $6,988, to reimburse her for the value of jewels which, she alleged, were stolen from her stateroom on board the steamship Minnetonka, has been decided by United States Commissioner Herbert Green.

The decision will be reviewed by Judge Adams of the United States court, who, however, has already declared that the company is liable. Mrs. Barnes alleged that while crossing the ocean on the Minnetonka, last November, a man dressed in the uniform of a ship's steward, burst into her stateroom, snatched a bag containing the jewelry and disappeared.

DISCREDITS REPORT.

Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, March 25.—Investigation tends to discredit the report brought here March 23 by a steamer which arrived at Port Louis that day from Colombo to the effect that she had met on the night of March 16 a Russian torpedo boat followed by a squadron of warships, the number and character of which could not be learned.

Healthful, Delicious And Cleanly Prepared.

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea is the same character as Japan, only more delicious. Sold the same as the famous "Salada" black tea.

Trial packets 10 cts. By all Grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

SENIORS AT WORK ON THEIR ESSAYS

High School Prospective Graduates Preparing Papers For the Commencement—Some of the Subjects Submitted—Interest In Track Team Not Active Among the Heavyweights—Spelling Drill Is a Regular Thing.

The past week at the high school has been exceedingly quiet. The seniors have been busy preparing their essays for commencement, the boys have been indulging in light work as a preliminary to the track and baseball teams, and the juniors and sophomores have been making preparations for the junior-senior ball and the sophomore hop respectively.

The seniors have covered a wide range of subjects in the selection of their topics, and Prof. Thomas of the English department, who has the work in charge, has expressed himself as very well pleased with the students' choice of material upon which to write.

A glance at the titles that have been handed in shows that the historical, economical, scientific, literary and political fields have all been entered. Among the subjects that have been chosen are: "Holland in the Days of Its Commercial Supremacy," "Old Saxon Days," "Moors of Southern Spain," "Sunny Italy," "The Red Cross Movement," "The Vikings," "Application of Chemistry," "Irrigation," "Mining," "Electrical Appliances," "Oil Industry," "Taxation," "Should the Central Government Control Corporations?" "Aerial Navigation," "Underground Railroads," "The Working Boy," "Superstition of the Negro," "Women of Shakespeare," "Nature in English Poetry," "Beautifying of Districts," "Poets as Teachers," "Collegiate Sports," "Influence of Music" and "Civil Service Reform."

The honor pupils do not deliver the commencement essays this year, as has been the case heretofore, but every senior is required to write an essay, from which the five best are selected, the judges to take into consideration the oratorical ability of the writer as well as the literary worth of the paper. It is also proposed to introduce entirely new features into the class-night exercises, for which all the speakers are elected. The classes are becoming so large that the prophecy, etc., are hard to handle, so that it is likely that the exercises will be characterized by entirely new features.

NOT SHOWING INTEREST.

Athletes Not Practising For the Track Team.

Owing to the wet weather the track and baseball athletes have not been working out on the campus, but have been exercising in the gymnasium. The captain of the track team complains that the larger men in the school are not turning out the way they should. He says that as many of the smaller men are coming out as could be desired, but that the weight men are keeping in the background, particularly those in the two upper classes.

"They seem to think that they can show up the last day and then make the team," he went on to say, "but that is not the case, because they will not be in a fit condition to do creditable work. They will have to train and keep on training until the season is over if we are to carry off any of the events in the meets which we are planning to hold. We have about concluded to meet with several of the range towns of Virginia, and it is as good as settled that we will go to Ironwood the latter part of May or the first of June. This will give us two-trips, and I think the boys ought to turn out in force in order that we may make a good record, and be a credit to the school."

DRILL IN SPELLING.

High School Pupils Being Regularly Subjected to It.

Every Tuesday and Thursday the pupils of the school revel in the infinite delights of spelling, or rather, of learning to spell. And 'tis an incomparable joy, is the general verdict.

On these mornings there is no chapel, the pupils remaining in their respective session rooms for the purpose of writing a lesson upon the words that have been put on the blackboard the day before. The words are for the most part simple, such as are used every day in ordinary business or school life. But in spite of their simplicity the students will often mis-spell them, very frequently making the most ridiculous mistakes, which shows that the reasons for instituting the spelling lessons were well founded.

Each year a marked improvement is shown in the standard of the spelling which is done in the high school, owing largely, no doubt to the new annual spelling lessons that are given the second semester each year. They were commenced two or three years ago with such good results that they have now become a regular part of the school's work.

Very often such words as "efficiency," "gases," "gaseous," "believe," "receive," "immigration," "emigration," "separate," "prominent," "personal," "indefinite," etc., are mis-spelled and the wrong definitions given, even by students in the high school. These mistakes will be corrected by the present plan, and much good accomplished.

Junior Class Meeting.

The juniors had a very interesting class meeting last Wednesday afternoon. The vice president, Miss Margaret Culkins, was in the chair, and much important business was done. Benjamin Frink was elected captain of the track team, Frank Crasswoller was chosen to head the class baseball nine and Robert Forsythe to act as manager. The class then voted to send some flowers to Principal Smith, who is confined to his home because of illness. A committee was also appointed to begin making arrangements for the junior-senior.

The girls of the class then discussed the plan of giving some sort of informal social or fudge party as a means of raising money for the junior-senior to be deposited as a guarantee fund. The girls of the senior class gave a bazar earlier in the year at which they sold pennants, knick-knacks, fudge, etc., and they met with a success far beyond their hopes. Those of '06 now wish to adopt some similar plan, which would be quite sure to meet the hearty support of the entire school.

Class Social Affairs.

The juniors are already commencing to lay their plans for their annual reception to the senior class, which is usually given in the Spalding. Last year the juniors incurred a large debt through their junior-senior, going into it on too elaborate a scale, (but, which, however, was the finest that has ever been given), so that it is highly probable that the school authorities will have a hand in arranging the details this year in order that a repetition shall not occur. This is advisable, for if a debt should be incurred, it will greatly endanger the publication of the Zenith, which was the case this year.

A committee of the sophomore class met yesterday afternoon and decided that the annual sophomore hop would be given at the close of lent, April 23, in the old Masonic Temple.

School Notes.

Harold Le Tourneau, who graduated from the high school with the class of 1900, has been designated "honorary fraternity" by the faculty of the university of Minnesota for having maintained such an excellent record during his course at the school, and has been told that at any time he so desires he can come to the university and teach. He graduates from the electrical engineering school and during the past two semesters has been tutoring juniors in electrical lines.

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The members of the musical society are rehearsing regularly under the direction of Prof. Custanco for the annual sacred concert, which will be given Friday evening, April 14. The first part of the program will consist of miscellaneous sacred music and the second part of selections from Handel's oratorio, "Judas Maccabaeus."

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At the last freshmen class meeting Max Cook was elected captain of the class baseball team and Charlie Cargill was chosen captain of the track team.

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Yesterday morning in chapel Miss Josephine Northmore, assisted by the choir, sang a contralto solo, entitled "Watchman, What of the Night."

• • •

The Agassiz club will hold its regular bi-weekly meeting in the biological laboratory Friday afternoon.

• • •

The sophomores will elect their baseball and track captains at their class meeting Wednesday afternoon.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

THE STYLE STORE

Celebrates Its First Anniversary the Coming Week.

One year ago J. M. Gidding & Co. opened the "Style Store," and demonstrated to the people of Duluth and the Northwest that there was need in the city for a high-class, exclusive store, making a feature of fashionable wearables for women and children. Mr. Gidding is naturally feeling jubilant over the success which has attended his initial year, and is unstinted in his praise of the taste and discrimination shown by Duluth women in their clothing selections. Nowhere in this country, he says, are there better judges of styles and values than in Duluth, and that the encouragement he has received from Duluth women from his first day is due in a great measure the splendid success he has enjoyed.

For the opening of his second year, Mr. Gidding has prepared magnificent assortments for all departments, and intends to mark the event by offering for the coming week exceptional values throughout the store.

AUTHORITIES DECIDE TO PROSECUTE GORKY.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—The authorities have definitely decided to prosecute Maxim Gorky on the charge of drawing up proclamations with the object of overthrowing the existing government and disturbing public order, the highest penalty for which is three years' detention in a fortress. Gorky, who is still in the neighborhood of Riga, is in broken health.

This Bank Is Open Every

Saturday Evening

From 6 to 8 o'Clock.

Duluth Savings Bank,

216 W. Superior Street.

3%

ON SAVINGS ACCOUNTS.

$1.00 Starts An Account.

ORE DOCK WORK

Great Northern and Missabe Roads Making Extensive Repairs.

Extension Work on No. 3 Will Be Completed By May 1.

By the end of next week the extensive repairs now being made on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern ore docks Nos. 1 and 2, at Thirty-third avenue west, will have been completed, and the docks will be in readiness for the shipping season. Work on them has been in progress for some time past, giving employment to a large number of men.

It is announced that the extension to dock No. 3 will be complete and it will be ready for business May 1. The extension just doubles the capacity of the old dock. The work on it has been carried on ever since last fall. With its completion the Missabe road will be in condition to easily handle all ore hauled over the road this season.

Work is being rushed on the repairs at the Great Northern ore docks at Allouez that they may be in readiness for the season's shipments. On both roads the shipments are expected to begin in the next ten days or two weeks. Dock No. 2 at Allouez is being strengthened, and a force of men is also at work putting double switches on all of the docks. This will make it possible to shift cars from one track to another without making a trip to the main switches at the end of the long structures, thus doing away with all delay in handling trains when the rush is on, and reducing the chances of accidents.

Another improvement contemplated for Allouez is the filling in of the trestle approaches to the docks. The approaches are about one-half mile in length, and attain a height of forty feet where they meet the docks proper, so that it will be necessary to use a vast amount of gravel in the work, and probably the summer will be nearly over before the task is completed.

It is said that the filling work will not interfere with the other traffic during the summer. The office force at the docks, which has been laid off since navigation closed, will resume work April 10.

CARPENTERS, ATTENTION!

You are requested to meet at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon, at C. O. Nelson's morgue, Superior street, to attend the funeral of Brother Charles Rosen, to be held at Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street.

GEORGE BERGER, Pres.
R. K. FOWLER, Sec.

DIFFICULT TO REPAIR

Asphalt Claimed to Be Undesirable For This Reason.

"I don't know whether the property owners on First street realize the fact or not," said one of the men who owns property on that street this morning, "but more than 50 per cent of the property which will be affected by the new pavement has water connections.

"There is bound to be a lot of building on First street during the next few years, and if asphalt pavement is laid that will mean a ruined pavement in three or four summers. An asphalt pavement is hard to repair, and when we will have to send out of the city to have the work done, our pavement is going to be ruined by the delay. The city has no asphalt plant, and it will have to wait until the asphalt company gets around to the task of sending men to repair the pavement torn up to make the water connections.

"In a street where there is so much improvement work to be done, we should have a pavement that can be easily repaired, and repaired without sending outside the city to get the materials."

Leading

Features of our business: Prompt Delivery, Accuracy and Low Prices. We Are Practical . . . .

Printers

Try us with your next order. We are at 32 W. First St. Both 'Phones.

Merritt & Hector

IN LABOR WORLD

Not Much of Importance Doing Among the Unions.

No Trouble Abroad—President Gompers May Come Here.

Labor meetings next week:

Stonemason's international union, Monday, Axa building.

Tug firemen and linemen, Monday, Lyceum building.

Amalgamated meat cutters, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.

Machinists, Tuesday, Axa building.

Sheet metal workers, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.

Cooks and waiters, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.

Stationary firemen, Tuesday, 504 Manhattan building.

Stationary engineers, Thursday, 60 Lyceum building.

• • •

The Building Trades Council has passed into memory. This happened last Monday evening, when the temporary chairman of the Structural Trades alliance called the meeting of this new organization to order. At the Monday meeting the constitution was adopted and among other things a 5-cent per capita tax was agreed upon after a hard fight between the small and large unions which form the alliance, the small unions gaining their point. The meeting adjourned before officers could be elected. It is understood that the carpenters' and painters' union will not participate in the new organization, being opposed to the size of the per capita tax. An adjustment of differences is looked for, however.

• • •

James Brennan, a member of the longshoremen's union No. 12, died at St. Mary's hospital Monday. The death was due to hemorrhages from injuries received in a camp near Scibo five weeks ago. The funeral was held from Sacred Heart cathedral on Wednesday and interment was in Calvary cemetery. A large number of longshoremen followed the remains to the grave.

• • •

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will hold a union meeting for Head of the Lakes unions April 1 at Duluth. Grand Chief Stone will be in attendance and it is expected that the meeting will be a rousing one and will be of great help to all labor unions at the Head of the Lakes.

• • •

George Hyatt has been elected business agent of the builders' labor union.

• • •

The plumbers' union met on Thursday night and resolved not to make any extra demands on the master plumbers for this year, but to endeavor to get the same kind of an agreement had last year signed again.

• • •

The plumbers' union has elected the following three delegates to the new Structural Trades union: J. J. Mullen for 18 months, George Kreager for 12 months, and Andrew Johnson for 6 months.

• • •

At the meeting for the plumbers' union Thursday night, a box of cigars was received from President John Keenan of the union. He has just been married and in that way informed the union of the change in his fortunes.

• • •

T. Fish, secretary of the plumbers' union, has resigned and has gone to Winnipeg to live. Daniel Halpin was elected his successor.

• • •

Arrangements are being made for the annual convention of the state federation of labor which will be held in Brainerd, June 12. The Brainerd committee has notified Secretary McEwen that the convention will be held in the Park Opera house and that special hotel rates have already been arranged for. President Dix of the state federation is slated to speak in Brainerd on April 1, and in Little Falls on April 2.

• • •

Word has been received from Minneapolis striking coopers that some mills at the Head of the Lakes are using the barrels of the unfair shops and a delegate will be sent from Minneapolis to request those using these barrels here to urge with the shops in Minneapolis a settlement of the diffefences.

• • •

President Samuel Gompers of the national federation of labor will speak in Minneapolis and St. Paul soon, but the date is not yet set. An attempt will be made by labor organizations here to have President Gompers visit Duluth as a guest of the labor unions.

• • •

The trades assembly held a regular meeting last night but scarcely anything was on the slate for business and the meeting was over by 9 o'clock. The executive committee had had a bill drawn up to amend the law so that the school election in Duluth will be held between the hours of 6 o'clock in the morning and 7 in the evening, instead of from 9 to 4 as at present. The bill was sent to Representative Ray T. Lewis to introduce into the legislature.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

DR. CODDING HAS RETURNED

Much Improved By Long Journey In Search of Health.

The many friends of Dr. Charles L. Codding were delighted to see him back in the city yesterday. He has returned from a long vacation which he was compelled to take on account of his poor health. Suffering from a general nervous breakdown, he left Duluth last fall. For some time he took treatment at a St. Paul sanitarium, and then spent several weeks in Florida and New York, taking special treatment. He has returned much improved in health, and probably completely recovered from his illness.

For a time after leaving Duluth the reports of his condition which were received from time to time were far from favorable, and many of his friends in the city scarcely hoped to see him again.

Engagement Announced.

The engagement of Miss Mary Elizabeth Parker and Hugo J. Kremer is announced. The wedding will take place in June.

AZURE WINS PRIZE.

Paris, March 25.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Azure won the Prix Anrea, at Auteuil today with Woodland up.

Wouldn't You Enjoy A Really Good Piano In Your Home

A World's Fair Premium Piano

Let us tell you about it.

A Piano that articulates the language of music **best.**

A Piano endorsed by the world's leading vocalists and musicians because of its **Real Merit.**

A Piano you will enjoy for **years.** Retains its rich tone quality and elegant appearance—requires little tuning.

A Piano that is **best** for the home, **best** for the voice and **best** in all the essentials that go to make an exquisite Parlor Piano.

THE KIMBALL PIANO

Endorsed by Adelina Patti as "of wonderfully sweet and sympathetic tone"—Pronounced by Emil Liebling as "Satisfying the artist's most exacting demands"—Praised by Roudolph Ganz as "The most beautiful in tone and perfect in action."

CAN NOW BE SECURED AT FACTORY PRICES ON CONVENIENT TERMS.

Reliable people anywhere can now purchase the KIMBALL piano on the New Kimball system of distributing through our **200 supply stations** on terms convenient to the purchaser—and enjoy the Kimball Piano Music while paying. If you **want** a piano you want a **good** one, a mere pretty case will not do—Buy a **real piano—A KIMBALL**—made in the largest piano factory in the world, where expert workmen and quality of construction are paramount, with the guarantee of the W. W. Kimball Co., the largest Piano manufacturers in the world back of every part of the instrument. KIMBALL Pianos are in the homes of the best people in the land and within easy reach of everyone, and the Kimball System of selling at factory prices makes it easy and pleasant to buy a KIMBALL. At the same time saving you **$80 to $100 on a really Good Piano. Old Pianos taken in exchange.**

SEND TODAY FOR OUR MONEY-SAVING PLAN AND FREE PIANO CATALOQUE.

Under no circumstances can you afford to buy or consider any other Piano until you have our money-saving proposition. Our half a century's manufacturing experience; our financially strong guarantee means much to you. They are your safeguards and positive assurances that you get better piano value for your money than can be had elsewhere.

The most inexperienced buyers, a thousand or more miles away, can deal with us as wisely as the shrewdest shopper, or as though you were here in person, for you have our assurance that your piano will be selected by an expert. A fine stool and music book free with each piano, **Write today for Free Catalogue.**

Korby Piano Co. Factory representatives for W. W. KIMBALL CO. Second Ave. E. and Sup. St.

RAILROAD NEWS

Special Rates Are Made to Sixteen National Conventions.

All of Them to Be Held In West—$45 to Portland.

Local offices of railroads leading westward are in receipt of a circular from the Trans-Continental Passenger association giving details of excursion rates and arrangements for excursions to Pacific coast and other Western points during the season of 1905. Special rates are already announced to sixteen national conventions to be held in the West this year.

The round trip rate from Duluth to Portland and other convention cities along the north coast will be $45. It is claimed that there is small likelihood of a lower rate to Portland being made at any time during the season, for this is $5 below the regular one way fare, which is ordinarily $50.

The conventions, with the dates they will be in progress, are announced as follows:

The Lewis & Clark exposition, Portland, June 1 to Oct. 15.

Women's General Missionary society of the Presbyterian church, Albany, Or., June 6.

National American Woman Suffrage association, Portland, June 29 to July 5.

Annual meeting of the American Library association, Portland, July 2 to 11.

National Conference of Charities and Correction, Portland, July 15 to 22.

Convention of the National Association of Letter Carriers, Sept. 4 to 9.

Concatenated Order of Hoo-Hoo, Portland, Sept. 5 to 12.

Head camp and grand circle sessions of the Woodmen of the World and Women of Woodcraft, Los Angeles, April 18.

International convention of the chiefs of police of the United States and Canada, May 8, San Francisco.

General assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, Fresno, Cal., May 18 to 26.

National council of the Knights of Columbus, June 5 to 12.

International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of North America, San Francisco, June 19.

American Surgical association, San Francisco, July 4 to 7.

Grand lodge of Theatrical Mechanical Association of United States and Canada, San Francisco, July 17 to 22.

International convention of Christian Women's Board of Missions of the Christian church; Foreign Christian Missionary society; American Christian Missionary society; National Christian Endeavor societies, San Francisco, Aug. 17 to 24.

Aside from these there will be several other national conventions held in the West this year, but the special rates to them have not yet been announced. Some, which will be reached by only one or two lines of road, will not be announced by the association, the rates being fixed by the roads themselves. Delegates from Duluth will attend the majority of the conventions above named.

At Denver there will be national conventions of G. A. R. men, Eagles, Edworth Leaguers and others.

The $45 rate will be via any direct route, returning via same or any other direct route. Extra charges will be made for longer trips. To San Francisco and Los Angeles from Duluth, for example, the rate will be $70.40 if a person goes out or returns by an indirect route, taking in Portland and other coast towns, and going via a Southern road one way and a Northern road the other. The special $45 round trip rate applies only between North Pacific coast points and Duluth. To San Francisco and other California points the lowest rate for a return ticket is $57.90.

The Northern Pacific adds $49.50 to the excursion rate for a five and one-half days' trip through Yellowstone park. This includes all expenses.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH!

We make the finest in the city. Guaranteed to fit you no matter who has failed.

$10.00

Gold Crowns.....$7.00
Porcelain Crowns.....$5.00
Gold Bridge Work, per tooth....$7.00

Examination and estimates free No extra charge for painless extraction when best plates are ordered.

DULUTH DENTAL PARLORS,

3 West Superior Street.

Zenith Phone 273. Old Phone 929.

FALLING OFF.

Minnesota Railroads Earn Less Than Last Year.

According to reports presented through the state auditor by the thirty-two railroads doing business in Minnesota, there was an average decrease of 3.3 per cent in gross earnings for 1904, as compared with 1903. The gross earnings tax decreased, accordingly, $60,478.

In 1903 the gross earnings reported were $66,800,130.55, and the taxes were $1,971,662.72. In 1904, the earnings were $64,596,903, and the taxes were $1,911,184.

This year, when 4 per cent instead of 3 will be collected by the state, the gross earnings tax on the basis of last year's earnings, will be about $2,600,000, an increase of $700,000.

Railroad Notes.

It is announced that the Chicago-Great Western road plans to build a line this year from Arispe, a few miles from the Iowa-Missouri boundary line, northeast through Creston, Carr, Greenfield, Adair, Guthrie Center, and probably Coon Rapids, to Carroll, on the Fort Dodge-Omaha line of the same system. This would involve about 110 miles of construction.

The Omaha expects that two special cars will be necessary to handle the people who will take advantage of the special excursion rates to Northwestern Canada from Duluth and other points. The special will leave the city April 4.

Mart Adson of the South Shore has returned from St. Paul.

RAN AWAY FROM HOME.

Youngster "Roughs It" For Over 4,000 Miles.

St. Louis, March 25.—After having made his way in "roughing it" for over 4,000 miles, through fourteen states, without a cent of cost to him, Charles Agnew Pocock of Rutledge, Delaware county, Pa., 15 years old, is held by the police pending the result of a notification sent to his father, an automobile maker. Young Pocock stated that he ran away from home a year ago to travel over the country, and during his absence has not written to his parents. He was found by the police at the city dispensary, where he had gone to have a wound in his hand dressed.

THE KEYSTONE EXPRESS CAUGHT BY LANDSLIDE.

Cresson, Pa., March 25.—The Keystone Express, eastbound on the Pennsylvania road, was caught by a landslide at the Packsaddle, near here, today, and the passengers, who were thrown into a wild panic, had a narrow escape. One of them, M. O. Ingraham, residence unknown, was slightly hurt by being thrown from his berth by the stopping of the train. Tons of rocks and earth slipped down off the mountain just as the train was passing.

BOWDER FINDS BRIDE.

Why Case Against Mrs. Curtiss Was Settled.

Waterloo, Iowa, March 25.—It has just been learned that the Bowder-Curtiss damage case for breach of promise was broken up by Bowder's marriage in Chicago, Dec. 9, to Madame Eugenio de Lafayette, a French pianist.

Bowder sued Mrs. E. H. Curtiss of Waverly, a wealthy widow, for $28,280 damages for breach of promise. Of this sum, $25,000 was for injured feelings and $3,280 for entertainment and presents lavished on the widow.

The case was quietly settled a few days ago, it is reported, for $2,000. Now the news of Bowder's marriage explains the situation.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeney, William A. Abbett.

WISCONSIN AIMS BILL AT DRUGGISTS.

Madison, Wis., March 25.—The assembly today passed the Dahl liquor bill, a measure aimed at unscrupulous druggists. The bill requires an affidavit from each liquor purchaser at druggists. The affidavit must state the purpose for which the liquor is wanted and the bill requires druggists to keep records of sales and file them regularly with city or village clerks, and provides for rescinding of licenses for violations.

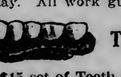
Fresh Shipment Huyler's Famous Candies by Today's Express—

BOYCE'S Drug Store.

SPECIAL PRICES!

Reliable Dentistry

Don't forget our special price offer for this month. This offer is made to introduce our work and get acquainted in Duluth. We are here to stay. All work guaranteed.



This Month.

$15 set of Teeth for...$10
$10 set of Teeth for...$8
$8 set of Teeth for...$5
$1 Fillings for.....75c
$7 Crowns for $6
$5 Crowns for $4

See us before having your dental work done. Examinations free. Extracting FREE with plates.

LEE & TURLEY,

114 West Superior Street.
OVER FOLZ.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays 9 to 4.

A TRIP TO COLORADO FREE.

It Won't Cost You a Cent to See Colorado and Cripple Creek if You Are Responsible and Follow the Instructions Below.

We want reliable men and women who can give good business or bank references to read this article carefully.

There are thousands of opportunities to make money in Cripple Creek, Colo. You have heard of Cripple Creek, the greatest gold mining camp in the world where millions of dollars are taken out of the earth every year, where men grow rich in a night and millionaires are found in large numbers.

We want every one who can to go to Cripple Creek and look over this rich field. If you cannot spare the time, please show this article to some friend who is anxious to visit Colorado.

We will furnish reliable persons first class transportation including Pullman sleeper, to Cripple Creek and return. We have a reason for doing this. We want to show to honest, conservative men and women our gold mining industry, now being operated right under the City of Cripple Creek. We want to take our visitors through our mines and show them the rich ore veins. We have spent $150,000 on our property so far, and have a twenty-five year franchise, granted by the City of Cripple Creek, giving us exclusive right to mine under its corporate limits of 600 acres. We know when you see what we have you will realize at once that you can make enormous profits if you become a co-operator with us. We are giving that opportunity to only a few—those who are honest, honorable, reliable and responsible. So careful are we of our proposition that we require of every one business or bank references, and no attention will be paid to any inquiry that does not give such reference.

If you satisfy us that you are reliable we will send you transportation and Pullman sleeper ticket from your own town to Cripple Creek and return, and after arriving there and looking over the city and proposition, if you are satisfied, you can become interested with us. If you are not entirely pleased with what we have you will be under no obligation to us whatsoever.

Those who cannot take the time to accept our liberal offer and make the trip, should write us anyway. Remember, we could not afford what we are doing unless we had exactly what we claim. Drop us a line today and literature will be mailed to you. Write at once. STRITE & CO., Eastern Representatives, Desk 4, First National Bank Building, Chicago, Illinois.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—"David Harum."
METROPOLITAN—"Yon Yonson."

"DAVID HARUM."

Dramatization of Westcott's Novel Presented at Lyceum.

CAST.

David Harum.....Harry Brown
John Lennox.....Richard Gordon
Gen. Wolsey.....Clint G. Ford
Chet Timson.....Pliny F. Rutledge
Dick Larribee.....Leo Hardman
Deacon Perkins.....Neil Burton
Zeke Swinney.....Howard Morgan
Amos Elright.....Gideon Burton
Dug Robinson.....William R. Emerson
Peleg Hopkins.....William Heermann
Bill Montaig.....Lawrence Bixler
Mary Blake.....Miss Louise Hardenburg
Aunt Polly Bixlee..Miss Addie J. Dunant
Widow Cullum.....Miss Emma Chase

Harry Brown gave a very good impersonation of Edward Noyes Westcott's famous banker, horse trader and interesting character, David Harum, at the Lyceum last evening, in the play dramatized from the novel and bearing the same name. The shrewd old banker, keen judge of human nature and horse flesh, and big-hearted man underneath the rough and homely exterior, makes a popular and lovable character, and Mr. Brown brings out the fine qualities in a very effective way. He also allows none of the fine humor to be lost.

For the company not so much can be said. Theater-goers of some experience have grown to distrust any company that comes here labeled "Mr. Julius Cahn presents," and this production of "David Harum" did nothing to remove but rather strengthen that disfavor. The cast throughout is a generally mediocre one.

The dramatization is disappointing to those who enjoy the book. This is true of practically every stage version of a novel, but in this instance more so than usual. In order to stage the book at all and introduce two of the leading characters, Gen. Wolsey and Mary Blake, it has been necessary to radically change them, and the change has not been one that is satisfactory. The banker's horse-trading astuteness and passion for the game are well brought out, however.

"David Harum" will be presented again this evening.

POSTOFFICE ROBBER CAUGHT IN HAYMOW.

Tacoma, March 25.—A telephone message from Steilacom says Albert Bell the postoffice robber, who escaped from the federal penitentiary on McNeil's island several days ago, has been captured on the island. Bell was found today hiding under several tons of hay in the prison barn. He was hungry and exhausted and meekly submitted to arrest. Last night the reward for Bell's arrest was increased to $250 on an order from the treasury department at Washington.

Workingmen and Others

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at
BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

NOT READY YET

Time Not Ripe For Commencing the Spring Clean-Up.

City Is In Much Better Condition Than Last Year.

The city's spring house-cleaning will be undertaken in two or three weeks, if the present spell of warm weather continues. Some citizens have been heard to express the opinion that the work should start at once, but the claim is made by the health department that it would be a useless waste of money. The frost is not yet out of the ground, and in sheltered spots there are still piles of snow and ice into which are frozen the rubbish that has collected during the winter. Heaps of ashes are still frozen solid a few inches below the surface; and it would be useless to attempt the work of removing them yet.

Garbage piles are solid with the frost, and the health commissioners have learned from experience that it does not pay to undertake the spring clean-up until the frost is well out of the ground.

The department will not have the task this spring that it had last year. The health inspectors have been kept busy this winter, and they claim that there is not nearly so large an accumulation of rubbish as there was last spring. The winter was not to be compared with last winter in severity, and there has been an earlier break-up. The citizens have not allowed the garbage and ashes to accumulate as they did a year ago, and the result is much less work to be done during the next two months.

This is a very fortunate state of affairs for the health department, for if it were confronted with the necessity of disposing of any such amount of rubbish as was collected last spring, it would be very seriously embarrassed. All the available dumping ground is now nearly filled up, and the health commissioner is growing gray-headed trying to figure a way in which to dispose of the garbage and filth collected during the next two months.

As soon as the enabling act allowing the city to construct a garbage crematory passes the legislature, it will be taken up immediately by the council. When once a means of disposing of the garbage is provided, there will be no difficulty in disposing of the clean ashes, which are in constant demand for filling in low ground.

THE SUNDAY CONCERT.

New March By Fremling to Be Feature.

As a fitting tribute to the representative band of the Northwest J. H. Flaaten and the members of the Third regiment organization, who attended the inauguration of President Roosevelt at Washington, have been honored by the dedication to them of a new march by Fremling, which is known as "The Band of Honor" and will be played tomorrow evening at the Lyceum concert for the first time. Mr. Fremling is rapidly stepping to the fore as a local composer, this being the third march he has offered this season.

Charles Dexter Ostergren, violin soloist, and Miss Agnes Poirier, dialect reader, will assist the band at tomorrow evening's concert. Mr. Ostergren will render Carl Bohm's "Romanzo" for which the accompaniments will be played by Mrs. K. A. Ostergren. Miss Poirier has successfully attempted the delineation of the difficult French Canadian dialect and has the distinction of being the only young woman elocutionist who has devoted her efforts to the writings of authors who find so much opportunity for humor in that tongue. Drummond's "The Stove-pipe Hole," an amusing anecdote has been chosen by Miss Poirier for her reading tomorrow evening.

Two request numbers are included in the band program for this week, Gounod's "Remembrance from Faust" and the overture "Stradella" by Flotow. Both have met with favor at former concerts and with the several numbers of a lighter vein which are included in the arrangement for tomorrow night, will afford ample enjoyment for Flaaten patrons. The following is the detailed program:

National anthem .....
March—"Band of Honor" (new) Fremling
Dedicated to J. H. Flaaten and members of the Third regiment band.
Overture—"Barber of Seville".....Rossini
a. Intermezzo—"Forget-me-not" Macbeth
b. Gavotte—"L'Engenue" .....Arditi
Dialect reading — "The Stove-pipe Hole" ..... Drummond
Miss Agnes Poirier.
Grand selection from "The Bartered Bride" ..... Smetana
Violin solo—"Romanzo .....Carl Bohm
Charles Dexter Ostergren, accompanist.
"Remembrance from Faust" (by request) ..... Gounod
Overture—"Stradella" (by request) ..... Flotow

Treatment For Falling Hair.

Knauff Sisters' hair store. Both 'phones.

FUNERAL OF AMBASSADOR WILL BE STATE FUNCTION.

Washington, March 25.—The funeral of the late Senor Don Manuel De Azpiros, the Mexican ambassador, will be a state function, the details being in the immediate charge of the department of state. Although the exact date for the ceremony is still undecided, pending an answer from the Mexican government, the department of state already has begun the preparation of the invitations. The body of the distinguished envoy will be taken to Mexico in a special car provided by the American government and will be accompanied by a guard of four American soldiers. It is probable that the president may send a personal representative to Mexico as a special mark of the respect and admiration for the late ambassador.

TEETH OF CHILDREN

Few mothers know how vitally important is the care of a child's first teeth. The beauty of the permanent set depends almost entirely upon it.

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER

used with SOZODONT Liquid, prevents accumulation of tartar, yet being free from grit does not scratch the enamel. Do not experiment on baby's teeth. Insist on SOZODONT.

3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

THIRD REGIMENT BAND!

Assisted by Charles Dexter Ostergren, violin; Miss Agnes Poirier, reader. Lyceum theater, Sunday evening, March 26, 8 p. m. All seats 25 cents.

RICH QUICK MAN FUGITIVE

Promoter of Concern to Gain Fortune In Short Order.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 25.—Hunted by Brooklyn detectives for twelve years, Frank C. Marrin, at one time a prominent lawyer and Democratic politician in Kings county, N. Y., a high roller and man about town, is once more a fugitive from justice, but this time it is Philadelphia justice that seeks him.

He was the promoter of a get rich quick concern, which burst on Tuesday, after which Marrin fled the city. For ten years he had lived here as "Col. Franklin Stone," a Kentucky colonel, with all the love of his ancestors for the horse concentrated in him.

He went to Chicago, where he arrived in 1896. There he used the name of Stone. He went broke in Chicago, and was forced to sell shoestrings in the street. He subsequently secured employment with a press clipping bureau at $7 a week, and while so employed fell in with a man who was known as W. R. Bennett.

Marrin and Bennett organized the Bank Depositors and Investors' Protective association, with offices in the Rialto building, Chicago, and professed to be able to give inside information to subscribers about the many get rich quick concerns that were operating in that city at that time.

This concern quickly gave way to the Investors' Protective association, which was a blind used by Marrin and Bennett, while these two men, the former under the second alias, Edward Dunne, promoted the Securities Savings society, which ran a blind pool on horse races.

These schemes were kept afloat until Feb. 5, 1900, when Marrin, under the alias of Edward Dunne, took his stenographer, Mrs. Sophia Beck, and fled to San Francisco. Bennett grabbed $300,000 of the loot and got away.

Marrin then came to Philadelphia, having established his family here prior to his flight from Chicago. He bought a handsome house on South Forty-fourth street and appeared here as "Judge" Franklin Stone, lawyer and turfman, from Kentucky. Almost immediately he opened offices for a fake importing firm, known as Storey & Co., in which the partners were alleged to be Franklin E. Storey and Francis Stone.

This firm was a blind for Marrin, who at the same time was promoting the firm of Arthur S. Foster & Co., cotton specialists. Marrin went to Europe almost immediately after launching Storey & Co., and the Foster fraud, being represented in the latter concern by an Englishman known as Arthur S. Foster Francis.

In business this man passed as Foster. Socially and at his hotel he was known as Francis. Once each week Francis called at Marrin's home on South Forty-fourth street and secured Mrs. Marrin's check to defray the current expenses of floating the Foster outfit.

This latter concern was put out of business on Sept. 19, 1900, by a fraud order, issued ostensibly on the ground of fraud, but in reality because the man Francis, who was identified by postal inspectors as having had a crooked record in New Orleans, appeared as the nominal head and manager.

Following the collapse of the Foster fraud, Marrin produced F. Ewart Storey, who paid the remaining debts of the Foster firm.

While the affairs of this concern were being wound up Marrin went to Washington, and from the Tyner-Miller crowd in the solicitor's office for the postoffice department secured an opinion pronouncing legal and entitled to the use of the mail the scheme which was at once adopted and launched under the name of the Storey Cotton company.

The Storey Cotton company went to the wall last Thursday, with assets of $30,000, and liabilities totalling in the millions. It was followed on Tuesday by the Provident Investigation bureau, an allied concern, which turned up assets of only $3,000, and liabilities of nearly a million. Stone (or Marrin) then skipped.

OBJECTS TO RETURN OF BATTLEFLAGS.

Madison, Wis., March 25.—The survivors of the Fifteenth Wisconsin, the fighting Norwegian regiment, have sent in a strong protest to the legislature against the proposed immediate return to the state of Alabama of the flag of the Perote guards. The assembly today deferred action on the joint resolution until next Wednesday, when a new resolution will be introduced, providing for its return on the concurrece by the G. A. R. at the encampment in La Crosse in June.

CHURCH FOR LAKE MILLS, WIS.

Chicago, March 25.—The Illinois conference of the United Evangelical church today decided to establish a new church at Lake Mills, Wis. The annual assignment of pastors to new charges will be announced by Bishop Hartsell Monday.

Sure Yields Sure Profits

NORTHERN PACIFIC — EVERGREEN PARK LAND

No guesswork in farming irrigated lands. Every crop SURE. Farmer himself regulates moisture—drouth can't endanger the money returns. Thousands of rich, productive acres at moderate cost in the Great Northwest. Others are winning new homes and new farms and bank balances. Why Not You?

Exceptionally Low Colonist Rates

Pacific Coast **$25** From Duluth, Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis to Billings, Mont., $15; Helena, $20; Spokane, Wash., $22.50; every day until May 15, 1905. Special $6 Settlers' Rates to principal Minnesota and N. Dak. points, every Tuesday during March and April.

Northern Pacific Railway

C. W. Mott, General Emigration Agent, St. Paul. Rates and information from T. E. Blanche, General Agent; J. H. McFadzean, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, 332 West Superior street, Duluth; A. M. Cleland, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul.

KIRKMAN TRIAL

For Breach of Arrest While Charged With Desertion.

Army Officer Whom Mrs. Chandler Blamed For Her Suicide.

Valentine, Neb., March 25.—The suicide of Mrs. Bessie Chandler, wife of Lieut. Chandler of the Twenty-fifth United States infantry, finds its echo yesterday in the court-martial of Capt. George W. Kirkman. The technical charge is breach of arrest. The "breach" was caused by his flight from Fort Niobara to meet Mrs. Chandler shortly before her suicide in Omaha, on March 5.

Kirkman was under arrest nominally for desertion. During his period of alleged desertion he was traveling about with Mrs. Chandler as his wife. On his arrest he was taken to Fort Niobara, and she had been summoned to appear as a witness.

When she left for Valentine his love was too strong for his pledged word not to escape, and he followed. After a time she went on to Omaha. He was returned to the fort a prisoner in fact as well as name.

Mrs. Chandler, on arriving at Omaha, bought a revolver, and in the Paxton hotel killed herself. When Kirkman learned of the deed he tried suicide twice, but was frustrated. Since that time he has been in the guardhouse, pending the arrival from the Philippines of testimony to be used in his trial.

The romance of these two is such as has happened more than once in the army, and may happen any time again. It was the old story— a husband far away with his troops, another officer at home, loneliness, ennui, a little flirtation, devotion, openly declared love, and then—ruin. This sums up the romance of Capt. Kirkman and Mrs. Chandler.

Last September Lieut. Chandler was ordered to Fort Riley for the rifle matches, and Mrs. Chandler remained behind at Fort Niobara. Capt. Kirkman was stationed there with his company of the Twenty-fifth infantry. The handsome captain—a West Pointer of the class of '89—found that nothing pleased him more than a call at Mrs. Chandler's. Then there were dinners alone, little rides and drives, moonlight confidences, a kiss in the dark, the warm pressure of a hand—the two found themselves in love.

Lieut. Chandler came back to Fort Niobrara. He was not long in learning all the truth.

There was enough for him to bring suit for divorce. He had heard how in other cities Mrs. Chandler had been introduced as Mrs. Kirkman by the captain.

So Lieut. Chandler dismissed his wife.

With her little boy she went away. Then the captain and the lieutenant's wife made no secret of their mad love for each other. Wherever Capt. Kirkman went there went Mrs. Chandler.

"Capt. and Mrs. George W. Kirkman" were registered at the Grand hotel, New York. It was plain to everybody that the man had been drinking heavily, but the devotion of "Mrs. Kirkman" saved him many a contretemps.

They left for Baltimore.

Mrs. Chandler went to her mother's; Capt. Kirkman to the Hotel Stafford. Capt. Kirkman got a check cashed for $50 on Wells Fargo company. Capt. Kirkman was arrested sent to jail, but the case was settled out of court.

Meanwhile "deserter" had been written against Capt. Kirkman's name on the army rolls. A court martial was ordered.

Other charges were piling up against the captain. He was accused of destroying $2,500 worth of furniture in a hotel. Several firms reported that Capt. Kirkman had imposed upon them with worthless checks.

But still Mrs. Chandler clung madly to the man.

She begged him to quit drinking and to remember that her life was in his keeping. But the pleading of the woman was like chaff before the wind. Mrs. Chandler was forced to go to her mother, Mrs. Cecilia Kenley, in Baltimore.

The officer was accused of failure to pay his debts, of passing spurious checks, of intoxication, of desertion, of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman. On Oct. 24 last he was captured by Capt. Morton, Eighth infantry, in the house of a retired army surgeon in Brooklyn. Though only 35 years old, Capt. Kirkman looked 60.

In due course the court martial came up at Fort Niobrara. Mrs. Chandler was summoned as a witness. She went to her husband there and fell on her knees before him, begging for a reconciliation. Lieut. Chandler, it is said, refused. Mrs. Chandler gave her testimony and went back to Omaha. Capt. Kirkman remained at the fort.

Then came the end.

A beautiful woman walked into a gunsmith's store in Omaha on March 1 and bought a revolver. Four days later Mrs. Chandler killed herself with this new pistol in the Paxton hotel.

Her only confidante had been Lucille Phillips, a maid employed in the hotel.

"I am the most unhappy woman in the world," sobbed Mrs. Chandler to the servant—the only woman to whom she could turn, "I had a beautiful home, everything I wanted, and a good husband, and I have sacrificed everything for the love of a man, for the love of Capt. Kirkman."

"Bury this with me," was written upon the back of the photograph of her son, which was marked with blood. The wife had tried to hold it in her hand while she killed herself.

The news reached Fort Niobrara and Capt. Kirkman, who was under guard, twice tried to kill himself by opening his wrist with a pair of scissors and by taking morphine. But he is alive still, and must face his accusers and the husband whose life he wrecked. Capt. Kirkman's resignation is in. It will not be accepted.

Capt. Kirkman, awaiting court-martial, made a statement the other day:

"I expected to make Mrs. Chandler my wife," said he, without the slightest attempt at reservation. "My promise was in writing and I was only waiting her divorce to make that beautiful woman Mrs. Kirkman. All has not yet been said. The poor woman had no reason to fear that my regard for her had changed in the slightest. She told me that she and her mother had fallen out forever.

"Mrs. Chandler also confided in me," added Capt. Kirkman, "that her husband owed everything to the influence of her powerful relatives."

Capt. Kirkman's record in the army os not of the best. He was born in Texas, but was appointed in 1884 to West Point from Illinois. His father was a prominent army officer. He was made captain in the Twenty-fifth, a negro regiment, in 1901.

When the Philippine insurrection broke out Capt. Kirkman was made a major of the Forty-ninth volunteer infantry, another negro regiment. On board ship, going over, he insulted Archbishop Chapelle, and was arrested intoxicated in the streets of Manila. Gen. Otis court-martialed him, and he was dismissed from the service on March 1, 1900. He was restored to duty on July 4, because of powerful political influence. He was married, but his wife, who was a Miss Goodall of California, finally spurned him.

Mrs. Chandler belonged to a distinguished Maryland family. Her brothers are railway men, and one is with the Southern railway in the New York offices. She was a niece of Governor Warfield of Maryland, and related to ex-Senator Henry Gassaway Davis and Senator Gorman. Her mother, Mrs. Cecelia Kenley, has high social position in Baltimore. Her father died two years ago.

HEREDITY

Can Be Overcome In Cases.

The influence of heredity cannot, of course, be successfully disputed, but it can be minimized or entirely overcome in some cases by correct food and drink. A Connecticut lady says:

"For years while I was a coffee drinker I suffered from bilious attacks of great severity, from which I used to emerge as white as a ghost and very weak. Our family physician gave me various prescriptions for improving the digestion and stimulating the liver, which I tried faithfully but without perceptible result. He was acquainted with my family history for several generations back, and once when I visited him he said: 'If you have inherited one of those torpid livers you may always suffer more or less from its inaction. We can't dodge our inheritance you know.'

"I was not so strong a believer in heredity as he was, however, and, beginning to think for myself, I concluded to stop drinking coffee, and see what effect that would have. I feared it would be a severe trial to give up, but when I took Postum and had it well made, it completely filled my need for a hot beverage and I grew very fond of it.

"I have used the Postum Coffee for three years, using no medicine, and the change has completely cured me. During all that time I have had absolutely none of the bilious attacks that I used to suffer from, and I have been entirely free from the pain and debilitating effects that used to result from them. The change is surely very great, and I am compelled to give Postum Coffee the exclusive credit for it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

WEDDED YOUNG GIRL

And Then Old Soldier-Editor's Troubles Began.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 25.—Samuel Sherman, an Iowa editor with one leg, who is known in all parts of the state, attempted suicide twice in the past week and prevented his 15-year-old bride from drowning herself in the Des Moines river. Sherman lost a leg in battle, but that experience was tame compared to the troubles through which he has gone the past ten days.

"I met and loved Eureka Davis," said he in court here yesterday. "I did not dream that she was only 15. Her mother objected to the match, and we ran away. I gave up my little paper in Pella and we decided to live in Des Moines, where I know almost all the leading politicians. The mother followed us here and finally consented to the wedding. Since that wedding-day my life has been a living hades.

"My wife was too young for such an old man as I am. She flirted outrageously with the young men. When I told here she must stop it she said that she had married to get away from her mother, and that now she was away she proposed to have a good time.

"In a rage I slapped her. At least she says I did, and she had me arrested for assault and battery. That's why I'm in jail now. After the little quarrel which we had she made a dash for the river and would have jumped in and drowned herself if I had not caught her at the river's brink. Then, when I had her back home I took four ounces of laudanum. I thought that would fix me, but I was caught in the act and the doctors saved my life."

Sherman has had papers at Bussey, Luverne, Pella and Ottumwa. He has been in the newspaper business in Iowa since 1860, when he printed the Bussey Banner, one of the first weeklies printed in Central Iowa. He is now old and almost infirm.

NEBRASKA GAME

With Minnesota Will Be Late In Season.

Lincoln, Neb., March 25.—Nebraska university will play three big nine teams next fall, Michigan, Minnesota and Illinois, and there is still a possibility that Iowa may be included in the schedule. The official announcement has not been made, out of respect to the wishes of several of the conference teams, which have not yet made out their schedules, but it has leaked out that Michigan will be met at Ann Arbor about Oct. 21, Minnesota at Minneapolis on Nov. 18, and Illinois in Lincoln on Thanksgiving day. This is the best schedule Nebraska has ever played, on account of the arrangement of the games, which will give an opportunity for the men to recover from one hard contest before going into another. The Haskell Indians, who defeated the corn-huskers last year, have been dropped from the list.

HAY IS FEELING WELL.

Ponta del Gada, Azores, March 25.—The White Star liner Cretic, which sailed from New York March 18, for Naples, with Secretary of State Hay and Mrs. Hay on board, arrived here at 4 p. m. today. When questioned concerning his health, the secretary said he was feeling very well, and that he had had a comfortable trip.

The Hand That Wards Off Coughs, Colds, Grip And Restores Nervous, Dyspeptic Catarrh Wrecks.

LIKE A DEMON grip has crossed our country, leaving behind scores of physical wrecks.

Victims of catarrh of the head, catarrh of the throat, catarrh of the lungs, catarrh of the stomach, catarrh of the kidneys, catarrh of the pelvic organs, are to be counted by hundreds of thousands.

Grip is epidemic catarrh, and sows the seed of chronic catarrh within the system.

This is so true that few grip sufferers are able to make a complete recovery until they have used Peruna.

Never in the history of medicine has a remedy received such hunqualified and universal eulogies as Peruna.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Pe-ru-na An Effective Cure.

Hon. Dan. Cooper, U. S. Marshal for the Northern District of Alabama, writes as follows:

"Your remedy for catarrh and la grippe, Peruna, has done me so much good that I cannot speak too highly of it.

"I have used it for a short time and have improved rapidly from the first day. I was really much surprised at such a quick and effective cure."

For the After-Effects of La Grippe.

Captain K. Esweld, Company "B," 21st Michigan V. I., 38 Hermitage St., Grand Rapids, Mich., writes:

"Noting the effect Peruna had on several of my comrades, I made up my mind it would be good for me.

"I suffered for years from effects of the la grippe, which seemed to settle in my stomach and kidneys. Five bottles of Peruna made a new man of me."

Congressman Powers of Vermont Uses Pe-ru-na In His Family.

Hon. H. Henry Powers writes from Morrisville, Vt.:

"Peruna I have used in my family with success. I can recommend it as an excellent family remedy, and very good for coughs, colds and catarrhal affections."—H. Henry Powers.

Pe-ru-na For Catarrhal Nervousness and Stomach Troubles.

Hon. W. J. Purman, ex-member of congress from Florida, writes from 1422 Q St., N. W., Washington, D. C.:

"From representations to me, and from my own experience, I feel justified in recommending your Peruna to any and all persons suffering with catarrhal nervousness or stomach troubles."—W. J. Purman.

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

When chilled to the bone use Painkiller (PERRY DAVIS'.) Stops Colds & Pneumonia

HATS MADE OVER All kinds—into the latest spring styles — reblocked and retrimmed equal to new. Our spring blocks and shapes are all here. Hats called for and delivered. Old phone 1357-M.
C. VOLLAND Fashionable Hatter, 14 First Avenue East.

We are Agents for
The Minneapolis Heat Regulator
Which will control the temperature in your rooms and regulate the fire in your heater. Scores of them are in use in Duluth with universal success. They pay for themselves in a short time. We also make a specialty of Furnace heating, Roofing and Cornice work.
BURRELL & HARMON,
3 South First Avenue East.
Both phones.

THE ONLY WAY
Of being sure that your baggage will be at the depot on time is to telephone or leave your orders here.
Our rigs are at your service at any time, day or night.
BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY,
Both Phones, 440.

AMERICAN SQUADRON DEPARTS FROM HAVANA.

Havana, March 25.—The American squadron departed from Havana today amid mingled crashes of patriotic music from the warships, short blasts from the whistles of tugs, and the cheers of thousands of spectators. At first the crowds were disappointed by the non-appearance of Rear Admiral Barker's fleet, but the thousands who waited in the sun on the sea front nearly the entire morning were finally rewarded by a fine spectacle of fifteen big warships passing in review, afterward changing formation and disappearing northward.

MARCONI SAILS FOR NEW YORK.

Liverpool, March 25.—William Marconi and his bride are passengers on the steamer Campania, which sailed from this port today for New York.

We Want Your Business—Best Work and Service.
Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.
Providence Bldg.—4th Avenue West and Superior St. Both Phones.

Blank Books Loose leaf or tight bound—all rulings. We can supply you with the new set for 1905.
Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 west Superior Street.

FOUR VIGOROUS OLD SOULS IN ONE FAMILY

"It has imparted new vitality and strength into our time-worn bodies and lengthened our lives," is the eloquent tribute of this quartet of octogenarians.

Each One Owes Ripe Old Age, Health, Vigor and Peace of Mind to DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY.

There are nearly 4,000 centenarians in the United States. The last census shows that in the United States, with a population of 76,000,000, there are 1,289 men and 2,247 women of one hundred years of age or more. The leading nations of Europe have but half as many with more than twice the population.

HOW TO LIVE TO BE ONE HUNDRED

Quite a large number of these old people were recently interviewed and asked as to what they especially attributed their great age. In nearly every case the answer was hard work, freedom from worry, careful living, fresh air and Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, taken regularly according to directions. Duffy's is an absolutely pure, health-giving, life-preserving, tonic-stimulant, prescribed by all leading physicians and used in prominent hospitals.

MRS. MARY EILER, 96 Years. PETER MUTCH, 88 Years. MRS. CATHERINE MUTCH, 85 Years. MRS. MARGARET OVINGER, 83 Years.

Muncie, Ind., Jan. 20, '05.

"We have used Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey and feel it has lengthened our lives. It has imparted new strength and vigor to our time-worn bodies, and we can truthfully say that by the use of it as a medicine, we have been able to live together as a family to a ripe old age. Our ages range from 83 to 96 years. By its use we hope to have our lives prolonged, and recommend this excellent whiskey to all who wish a stimulant of sterling quality."—Mrs. Mary Eiler, Peter Mutch, Mrs. Catherine Mutch, Mrs. Margaret Ovinger.

Beware of our imitators who advertise cheap combinations of drugs and dangerous narcotics to prolong life. Don't let these imitators and substitutes mislead you. There is only one true elixir of life—Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

The earnest and convincing statement of the four members, hale and hearty, of this well-known and highly respected family as to the invigorating qualities of DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY in nourishing and keeping alive the vital spark, and bringing into full play all the forces of life, after they have been run down by sickness, overwork, worry, old age, or chronic disease, comes almost in the nature of a revelation, and yet the cordial endorsement of these worthy old people is similar to that of thousands of men and women who have been rescued from suffering and enabled to reach a ripe old age, by the regular and systematic use of this grand invigorator and tonic stimulant.

For nearly a half century Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has been prescribed by doctors, and used exclusively in over 2,000 leading hospitals, as the greatest tonic, strengthener and health-builder known to medicine. It is the only positive preventive and cure of consumption, pneumonia, grip, sore throat, bronchitis, coughs, colds, malaria, low fevers, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, and every form of lung, bowel and stomach trouble. It aids digestion, soothes and quiets the tired and jaded nerves, enriches the blood, quickens the heart's action and circulation, tones up and strengthens the whole system. It cures by destroying the poisonous disease germs and driving them from the system.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is a promoter of health and long life. It makes the old hale and hearty and in the enjoyment of the blessings and activities of life, and endows the young with a vigorous manhood that enables the possessor to successfully combat all the emergencies of life. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey contains no fusel oil and it is the only whiskey recognized by the Government as a medicine.

CAUTION.—When you ask for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey be sure you get the genuine. Dishonest dealers, mindful of the excellence of this preparation, will try to sell you cheap imitations and substitutes, which are put on the market for profit only, and which far from relieving the sick, are positively harmful. Demand Duffy's and be sure you get it. Sold by every reliable druggist and grocer in the country, $1.00 a bottle. Look for the trade-mark, the "Old Chemist," on the label, and be certain the seal on the cork is unbroken.

SERVICES FOR SUNDAY IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Superintendent Thomas Owens, of Iron Range Road, To Speak To First Methodist Sunday School and Y. M. C. A. Boys' Dept.

Vesper Services In Afternoon at St. John's English Lutheran Church.

At the First Methodist church, the pastor, M. S. Rice, will preach both morning and evening. At 10:30 a. m. the theme of the sermon will be "One Flock." In the evening the service will be fifteen minutes later than heretofore, now beginning at 7:15. Subject of sermon "Home." At 12 m. Thomas Owen, superintendent of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, will address the assembly of the Sunday school. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Voluntary—Introduction and Prayer.....Wely
Solo—"Spirit of God".....Schuecker
Offertory—Andante .....Thayer
Solo—"Saviour, Hear Me".....Gluck
Postlude—March .....Thayer

EVENING.

Voluntary—Pastorale .....Rheinberger
Solo—"God Shall Wipe Away All Tears" .....Sullivan
Offertory—Intermezzo .....Rheinberger
Solo .....
Postlude .....Pattison

Soloist, Mary Syer Bradshaw; organist, Mrs. W. S. Wingate.

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At the Y. M. C. A. boys' meeting tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock in the auditorium, corner of Sixth avenue and Third street, there will be an address by Thomas Owens, superintendent of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad. A vocal solo by Miss Marie Clark, and a cornet solo by Paul Davis. Lunch will be served at 5:30. Russell McLean will be the leader.

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At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Lake avenue and Third street, Rev. J. L. Murphy, A. M., the pastor, will conduct morning service at 10:30, with sermon on the gospel for the day. Sunday school will meet at 11:45 a. m. Vesper service will be held at 4:30 p. m. instead of the evening service at 7:30, when services will be held in Superior. Luther league will meet with the Misses Mecalson, 213 Second avenue west, on Tuesday evening. Lenten service will be held Friday evening at 8 o'clock. The program for the Sunday vesper service will be as follows:

Voluntary .....Selected
Lenten Hymn—"O Sacred Head".....Congregation.
Scripture reading and prayer by pastor
"Home Land" .....Church chorus.
Some Time" .....Double male quartet.
(a) "Rest" .....
(b) Recitative and arioso from "St. Paul" .....
(c) "Heaven Is My Home" .....Suavage
Mrs. Clara Falk Murphy.
Address by pastor .....Rev. J. L. Murphy.
Violin solo .....Franz Ries
Miss Norma Williams.
"Every Tear" .....McPhail
Church chorus.
"O Dry Those Tears" .....Del Riego
With violin, piano and organ accompaniment.
Mrs. Clara Falk Murphy.
"No Sorrow There" .....Double male quartet.
Hymn—"Now Thank We" .....Congregation.
Doxology .....
Postlude .....

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At the First Unitarian church, Eighth avenue east and First street, Rev. Harry White, the minister, will conduct morning service at 11. Sunday school at 12 m., and Young People's Religious union at 5 p. m. Mr. White will preach on "Salvation by Endeavor."

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Rev. John W. Powell will preach at the Endion Methodist Episcopal church, corner Nineteenth avenue east and First street, at 10:30 a. m., on "Prayer in a World of Law," and at 7:30 p. m. on "Paul's Wish for Agrippa." The quartet will sing at the morning service, under the direction of Mrs. J. A. Stephenson. Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and Epworth league at 6:30 p. m., led by Frank Nauffts.

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Services at St. Paul's Episcopal church, Rev. A. W. Ryan, rector, will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 10 a. m., Sunday school; 11 a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by the Rev. W. J. Cordick of Superior.

Week day services will be as follows:

Monday, 4:15 p. m., evening prayer, readings.
Tuesday, 7:45 p. m., evening prayer, sermon.
Wednesday, 4:15 p. m., evening prayer, sermon.
Thursday, 10 a. m., holy communion, readings.
Friday, 7:45 p. m., litany, penetential office and sermon.
Saturday, 4:15 p. m., readings.

At the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second street, Rev. S. C. Davis, pastor, services for the worship of God will be held at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., with preaching by the pastor. Sunday school will be held from 12 noon to 1 o'clock. The Baptist Young People's union will meet at 6:30 o'clock in the evening. Revival services will continue through Wednesday evening of next week. On Thursday evening at 7:45 an important business meeting of the church will be held to determine whether the property on Second street shall be sold or not. On Friday evening the Lake Superior Baptist Young People's "quarterly rally" will be held. Rev. R. M. West of St. Paul, speaker of the evening.

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At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach in the morning on the subject, "Christ Within the Door," and in the evening on the subject, "Things Which Cannot Be Spoken Against."

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Rev. Alexander Milne will preach at Pilgrim Congregational church in the morning on "Seeking the Kingdom" and in the evening on "The Efficacy of Prayer." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—Communion .....E. Batiste
Response .....Tours
Anthem—Te Deum in B flat.....A. W. Lansing.
Choir.
Anthem—"The Sabbath Dawns With Welcome Rest".....Franz Abt
Choir.
Solo—"O That Thou Had'st Harkened" .....Arthur S. Sullivan
Mr. Martin.
Postlude .....Flagler

EVENING.

Prelude—Romance .....B. Tours
Anthem—"Great is Thy Love" ..Carl Bohn
Choir.
Solo—"Ave Maria" .....P. Brounoff
Miss Solon.
Postlude .....Bartholomew

The choir consists of Miss Estelle Solon, soprano; Miss Grace McLean, alto; J. L. Martin, tenor; H. G. Gearhart, bass; Miss Carlotta L. Simonds, organist.

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, corner Ninth avenue east and First street, regular service will be held at 10:45 a. m. on the subject, "Unreality." Regular Wednesday evening meeting will be held at 8 o'clock.

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At the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will preach in the morning on "When Jesus Was a Boy." The evening service will be given over to the interests of the boy's department of the Y. M. C. A. and the following program will be given:

Overture—Selected .....
Boy's Y. M. C. A. orchestra.
Opening hymn—"All Hail the Power of Jesus' Name".....Congregation
Prayer—.....Rev. Charles Fox Davis
Male quartet—Selected .....
F. A. Maxwell, first tenor; Will. Hancock, first bass; Ed. Ranck, second tenor; Ned. Kennedy, second bass.
Responsive reading, led by Charles McFadden, president of Epworth league.
Solo—Selected .....
Miss Josephine Northmore.
Recitation—"The Newsboy" .....
Marie McDowell.
Address—Norman D. McLeod, secretary Y. M. C. A. boys' department; illustrated with stereopticon views by Denison A. Willard.
Duet—"Love Divine" .....
Mrs. F. A. Maxwell, soprano; Mr. F. A. Maxwell, tenor.
Offertory—Selected .....
Y. M. C. A. orchestra.
Male quartet—Y. M. C. A. .....Selected
America—Congregation, led by Boys' orchestra.

The service will commence at 7:30.

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At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, Rev. H. B. Sutherland will preach at 10:30 a. m. on the theme "The Uplifted and Exalted Christ." The Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock and the Christian Endeavor and evening services will be combined, commencing at 7 o'clock. It will consist of song, using Fanny J. Crosby's hymns. Commencing with Thursday evening, March 30, the Lakeside congregation will celebrate the fifteenth anniversary of its organization. Rev. R. N. Adams, D. D., of Minneapolis, will preach Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Friday evening, March 31, the Rev. C. J. McConnell of the First Presbyterian church, Superior, will preach. On Sunday morning, April 2, Rev. J. A. McGaughey of Two Harbors will preach the anniversary sermon. Communion service will be held at 3:30 p. m., and the closing service at 7:45 p. m., with a sermon by Rev. J. A. McGaughey.

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Services will be held at Grace Methodist Episcopal church, corner Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, by Rev. J. W. Robinson, pastor, at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m. The subject for the morning will be "Has the Gospel Lost Its Grip on Men?" In the evening there will be an evangelistic servide, addressed by the pastor, Dr. Bowden and Bert N. Wheeler. The choir under the direction of Mrs. E. N. Hopkins, will render select music morning and evening.

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At the Bethel, Lake avenue, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by T. S. Thompson, superintendent. Y. P. S. C. E. will meet at 6:45 p. m. and children's meeting at 7 p. m. Finnish gospel meeting at 7:45 will be conducted by the Rev. M. Lindgren. At the evangelistic meeting at 8 p. m., Mr. George S. Turner of London, England, will speak. Mrs. Asher will sing.

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At the Bethel branch, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., led by J. Mc. Nisson, superintendent. At the evangelistic meeting at 8 p. m., Mr. Asher will speak. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted in the Swedish language by the members of the Swedish Baptist church; on Tuesday evening by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Pilgrim Congregational church, and on Wednesday by the Swedish Mission church. Gospel meetings are held every night.

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At the Central Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue west and First street, the pastor, Rev. J. W. Loughridge, will preach at 10:30 on "The Optimism of Christ." Sunday school will meet at noon; Juniors at 3 p. m., and Young Peoples' meeting at 6:30. At 7:30 will be held a "Fanny Crosby" meeting. The pastor will speak on her life and hymns and the music will be largely a rendering of her hymns.

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The services to be held at the Star of Hope Mission, No. 622 West Superior street, will be as follows: 3 o'clock, a consecration meeting; 7:15, praying band will meet for half-hour of prayer; 7:45, song service, conducted by Mrs. John Callahan; 8:30, Phil Revis, general secretary of the local Y. M. C. A. will speak. There will be special singing at this service.

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At the Second Presbyterian church, Rev. S. A. Jamieson will occupy the pulpit morning and evening.

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At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue West and First street, Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.; morning prayer will be held at 11, with a sermon on the subject, "Holy Offerings." Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

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At Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue West and Elinor street, evening prayer and sermon will be at 7:30 p. m. Rev. H. M. Webster of Lakeside will preach. Miss Clara Richardson will sing the offertory. Rev. Roderick J. Mooney is the rector.

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At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue East and Third street, the pastor, Rev. J. H. Stenberg, will preach in the morning on the gospel lesson for the day, Luke xi., 14-28, and will take for a theme, "Satan Strong, Jesus Stronger." At the evening service, which will also be conducted in the Norwegian language, the subject will be, "St. Paul's Loss and Gain." Phil. iii., 7. Sunday school will meet at 12 m.

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At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue West and First street, the services will be at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. Bennet Erickson of Cambridge, Minn., will preach in the morning and Rev. Gideon Nylander in the evening. Sunday school at 10 o'clock in the morning. A. Thoren is superintendent. It being the regular day for review of the Sunday school lesson, there will be special musical numbers rendered. Mrs. Carl J. Hagberg will give a soprano solo and John W. Johnson a number accompanied by guitar.

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At the Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue East, Rev. E. H. Heineck from Superior, will conduct the morning service at 11 a. m. Evening service will be at 8 p. m.; Y. P. A. meeting at 7:30 p. m. and Sunday school at 10 a. m.

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At the English Lutheran Synod church, corner of Twentieth avenue West and Third street, there will be morning service at 11 o'clock. The services will be conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg Jr. Sunday school will meet at 12:15.

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At the Norwegian Lutheran Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue West and Gosuold street, there will be evening services at 7:45. These services will be in the English language, conducted by the pastor, Rev. E. Wulfsberg Jr. Sunday school will meet at 9:30.

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Regular services will be held at the Norwegian-Danish M. E. church, corner of Twenty-first avenue West and First street, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth League at 7 p. m. Rev. H. K. Madsen, pastor.

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At the German M. E. church services will be held at 10:30 a. m., Sunday school at 12 o'clock; Epworth League at 7:30; evening service at 8 o'clock. The pastor, Rev. J. F. Steiner, will preach both morning and evening.

GREAT SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Largest In Methodist Church Is at Brooklyn.

The Sunday school movement is not only growing to great proportions, but many individual schools are rapidly increasing in size. Probably the largest in all the country is that of Mr. Wannamaker, in Philadelphia. The largest in the Methodist church is at Bushwick avenue, Brooklyn. This is one of fifty-five that numbers over 1,000 members. It now enrolls 3,273. Of these, 252 are on the cradle roll, 533 in the home department, while the active list is 2,488. The average attendance is about 1,500.

Why is it so large? Not because it is in a large city, for there are scores of larger churches with smaller schools; but because they have systematically used missionary methods. They have gone into the homes and given the people personal and urgent invitations to come. Not one has been neglected. The superintendent, F. L. Brown, a wide-awake business man, has been in the position for eighteen years. Strictly business methods are used in the conduct of its affairs. A large committee have their part of the city divided among them, and they go from house to house to visit the people. This work is done faithfully.

They use a great deal of printer's ink in the form of invitations, letters of welcome, report cards of various kinds, etc. It is an object lesson to see them, and it would take a column to fully describe their work. It is worth a long journey to enjoy a session with them. Many of the young people are brought into the church, so that not only does it grow, but by their methods the school increases at the rate of about fifty members a month.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Boston Transcript: The advance in salary gained by transference from one fashionable church to another seems still to cut a greater figure in newspaper reports than the enhanced opportunity to advance the kingdom of heaven.

New York Herald: Bishop Satterlee says flats have destroyed American family life and he sighs for the "old homestead." Happy days! Old oaken bucket, hot flapjacks, with maple syrup, and the coffee that mother used to make!

Chicago Post: The Pennsylvania deacon and Sunday school worker who thought he could regulate the drink habit by becoming a bartender has discovered that a compromise between the church and the saloon works no injury to the grogshop.

Chicago Chronicle: Pope Pius goes on as he began, preaching and practicing the simple life. He has been reducing display on the one hand and salaries on the other. This, as may be imagined, is not quite satisfactory to the hosts of persons employed about the Vatican. While thus discouraging luxury the pontiff remains as affable and accessible as ever to friends of former days.

For goodness sake dine at Haicy's restaurant. Popular prices. Best service.

PARSIFAL

Lecture by Stella P. Stocker with music and stereopticon views, at Unitarian church, Saturday, 8 p. m. Admission 50 cents.

NOT WILLIAM BURKE.

True Name of Prisoner Was William Vincent.

According to the claim of his adopted mother, the correct name of William Burke, who was yesterday sentenced from the municipal court for petty larceny, is William A. Vincent.

The only name by which the police know the man is William Burke, but his mother says that William Burke is her own son, that he is employed at Victor Huot's and has never been convicted or even suspected of any crime. The fact that the prisoner yesterday gave his name as William Burke, therefore, tended to throw unmerited suspicion on the other man.

FIERCE DUEL TO THE DEATH WITH KNIVES

Steubenville, Ohio, March 25.—A knife duel to the death was fought by John Dobinski and John Slato, two miners, at Plum Run, a mining town, yesterday. They agreed to settle a grievance with knives.

Stripping to the waist, in a large room, they began the battle. Each thrust of the knives that caused blood to spurt was loudly cheered. The men weakened from loss of blood and finally fell. On the floor they clenched and sank their knives into each others bodies as long as strength lasted.

Good Health to the Children

Children especially are fond of dainties, and the housekeeper must look carefully to their food.

As good cake can be made only with good eggs, so also a cake that is healthful as well as dainty must be raised with a pure and perfect baking powder.

Royal Baking Powder is indispensable in the preparation of the highest quality of food. It imparts that peculiar lightness, sweetness and flavor noticed in the finest cake, biscuit, doughnuts, crusts, etc., and what is more important, renders the food wholesome and agreeable to young and old.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ENORMOUS INTEREST

Charged Mrs. Chadwick By Shylocks Who Loaned Her Money.

She Tells of Some of Her Transactions to Trustee.

Cleveland, March 25.—In bankruptcy court here yesterday, Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick detailed some of her financial transactions in the course of an examination by Louis J. Grossman, acting for Trustee Nathan Loeser.

Mrs. Chadwick said that she was not able to give as many details of these transactions as she would like to because of the absence of papers which were held in a number of cities. She had sent for the papers and expects to have them when the hearing is continued next Thursday.

Mrs. Chadwick testified that the total indebtedness would not exceed $750,000. Of this sum borrowed from various persons, she had received only $547,000, leaving $203,000 for commissions to the money lenders. She said she owed certain banks in Cleveland $200,000. The names of these institutions she was willing to give to Mr. Loeser, trustee for the creditors, privately.

The examination disclosed additional assets of $206,000. Of this amount $95,000 is due from Charles Stewart of Cleveland, and $150,000 worth of jewelry held by Wolfe Brothers of Belgium. Mrs. Chadwick stated there are other assets consisting of jewelry and valuable assets held by various persons for her.

The examination was conducted in the presence of Mrs. Chadwick's four attorneys, who at times interposed an objection to the questions of Mr. Grossman, and with whom Mrs. Chadwick frequently consulted, before she replied to some of the attorney's questions.

Mr. Grossman's opening statemest was that he believed Mrs. Chadwick owed debts of upwards of $2,000,000 and of that sum only $100,000 in assets had been located. He asked Mrs. Chadwick to assist the trustee for the creditors in locating all that could be found of her property.

This Mrs. Chadwick was willing to do, but said important papers she had sent for would not be in her possession until next week.

She denied that her indebtedness would amount to $2,000,000 or any sum near it. She said the sum of $750,000, which she admits she owes, would include the bonuses paid for the loans.

Regarding the attempt of Herbert B. Newton of Brookline, Mass., to recover $190,800 loaned by him, Mrs. Chadwick said she was not indebted to Mr. Newton for that amount.

She said Mr. Newton held her paper for that sum, but that she did not receive that much money from him.

"How much did he give you actually?" Mr. Grossman asked.

"It would represent $78,000," replied Mrs. Chadwick.

"I obtained $28,000 in money, and notes for the balance. Two $15,000 notes were applied upon an old debt and two $10,000 notes were negotiated. I realized $1,000 on one and $4,000 on the other."

"Does the difference between $78,000 and the $190,800 represent the commission?"

"Yes."

"Where are these notes?"

"One is in Oberlin, the one for $10,000, and the other $10,000 note is in Europe."

"Who has the note in Europe?"

"G. R. Cutler, a Brussels broker."

"Where are the two $15,000 notes?"

"They are with a banker. I would rather not mention his name."

"Then you paid $112,800 commission for the Newton loans?"

"Yes."

Mrs. Chadwick said she did not care to state how much she owed James A. Friend of Pittsburg, but after several other questions had been asked and answered, she said the actual sum she had received from Mr. Friend was $75,000.

For this she said she gave him notes for $150,000.

She said that Mr. Friend had assisted her in making her loans to the amount of $150,000.

For this she gave jewelry as security. Of the loans for $150,000, she said she received the entire sum.

Mrs. Chadwick said $225,000 is the total of her indebtedness in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Chadwick said that besides the jewelry held in Pittsburg, Henry Wuerst of Elyria and Ludwig Nisson of New York had in their possession at one time, jewelry belonging to her given as security for loans.

She said she believed that Mr. Nisson had sold a rope of pearls valued at as high as $90,000, given on a loan of $17,000.

Mrs. Chadwick also gave her note to Mr. Nisson for the loan, but the note having been renewed time and time again, Mr. Nisson finally sold the rope of pearls.

To the question by Mr. Grossman whether there was any jewelry in Europe, Mrs. Chadwick replied:

"There is some in the hands of Wolfers Brothers, of Brussels."

"What is that transaction?"

"That was jewelry I bought abroad and left with Wolfers Brothers to set. It was not paid for as it was purchased under a contract to be paid for if it suited. Wolfers Brothers sent their bill and I paid $10,000 on it. The job was to take about a year. They are now suing me."

"What was the cost of the jewelry?"

"I do not remember exactly. I think it was between $150,000 and $200,000."

"Anyone else abroad who holds any of your jewelry?"

"No sir."

"Any other property, laces or furs?"

"I would rather tell you in private."

"Is there any other property in this country, held for loans, jewelry, laces, furs, furniture or anything?"

"I cannot say without the papers."

"While you were in New York the last time, you sent Emil, your son, to Cleveland for a package that was in a safety deposit vault in the Cleveland Trust company. What was in the package?"

"Just letters. Some that do not relate to this matter at all and others that related to the property in Europe. To get money in New York I had to have those letters."

"In the past two or three years you had dealings with the Raymond and Whitcomb company of New York, steamship agents and bankers. What were they? This would indicate that you owe them $105,888.72. Can you explain it?"

"I must have time to look at the paper. They cashed my Cleveland checks. There was a shortage and some trouble with a cashier. I do not know what my account is with them."

"Here is a contract with them whereby you are to lend Mr. Whitcomb $75,307. Were you able to make the loan at that time?"

"That loan was never executed. It was not to be a loan at all, but an exchange of property."

"You borrowed a large sum of money from W. Y. Coons, a broker. Do you remember the amount?"

"The first loan was $85,000. I gave him notes for $97,500."

"When were they made payable?"

"Within five days."

"What represents the difference between $85,000 and $97,500?"

"Before this loan was paid, Mrs. Chadwick said, she had paid $109,000 for it because of interest and commissions."

Mrs. Chadwick was asked if Iri Reynolds, secretary and treasurer of the former Wade Park bank, owed her any money. She replied:

"Not a cent."

To the question if she owed him anything, she replied that it was only a small amount. She would not give the figures. She said there was no security for it.

Asked if she had ever made any loans to Dr. Chadwick's brother in Jacksonville, Fla., Mrs. Chadwick replied that she had not. She said that she had paid him some $12,000 or $15,000 due the Chadwick estate and that he had no property belonging to her. She added that the doctor's brother in Minnesota did not hold any property belonging to her. She admitted that her husband owed his brother in Minnesota $10,000 or $15,000, and that she was owing the paper. A third brother of Dr. Chadwick's, in Franklin, Pa., she said, did not owe her anything. She had paid claims on the estate for her husband to the brother in Franklin similar to those paid the brother in Minnesota.

At this point the examination was postponed until Thursday afternoon.

CASTRO CONFIDENT

Venezuela Would Win Against United States.

New York, March 25.—The Tribune says: "In answer to a request for a statement on the present Venezuelan troubles, the Tribune last night received the following cable dispatch from President Castro:

"'Received your cable. I do not believe there will be any trouble, and if there should be any, Venezuela would win, because she never drifts away from right, reason and justice, which are the strength of weak nations.

"'CIPRIANO CASTRO.'"

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

For internal and external use.

A purely vegetable family medicine for internal and external use. An old reliable remedy that will relieve quickly every pain that has a name, in both old and young. It goes to the spot. Rheumatism, colds, sore throat, neuralgia, bruises, chilblains, frost bites, wherever there is a pain Hinkley's Bone Liniment will cure it. Take it in, rub it on. Sells for 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle, and the druggist will get it for you if he does not have it in stock. Take no substitute. Take no chances. Get the original.

"I have used your Liniment and it is just fine. I used many bottles of it. I believe it is the best medicine on earth, and I believe it will cure any disease of man. I never miss an opportunity of recommending it to my neighbors and friends."

Mrs. Dora LaLonde, Cloquet, Minn.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment is a specific pain killer. Acts quickly, brings relief almost at once. Get a bottle today and be prepared for emergencies.

Hinkley Bone Liniment Co., Saginaw, Mich.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it drove out the humor. I continued its use till the sores disappeared." MRS. IRA O. BROWN, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

Mellin's Food — an infant food without an equal except Mother's Milk. A food that feeds, a food that gives satisfaction, a food that has been used for many years with best results, a food that makes the babies grow strong. Send for a free sample.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

No Knife Needed

Piles can be cured by internal treatment. To get at the cause—that is the secret, and that is why Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is so universally successful in its results. It increases the flow of digestive juices in the stomach—accelerates the action of the liver. With congestion of the liver removed and constipation relieved, the two chief and distinct causes of piles are reached and conquered.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Certain in its results, this remedy will cure the most obstinate case of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

A Strenuous Worker

American Family Soap

Possesses qualities not found in other soap—sweetens and purifies the home—is distinguished from all other soaps because of its purity, its economy and its great cleansing qualities. Every atom cleanses.

Send for complete list of the many valuable premiums given for American Family Soap Wrappers. Address Premium Dept., 360 North Water St., Chicago, Ill.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY.

TAKES THE CHILL OFF

Masonic Housewarming Proves Brilliant Affair and Successful.

Musical Program and Ball Attracts Two Thousand People.

The house-warming of the new Masonic Temple is over and the committees in charge are glad of it. The reception and floor committees last night had their work cut out for them from the beginning. There was not an instant when they could be at ease for with 2,000 people or more surging back and forth through the new building and simply yearning to be taken care of and directed, the reception committee found its hands not only full but overflowing.

The musical program finished and the ball room being the principal attraction, much of the weight of responsibility was transferred from the reception committee's shoulders to those of the floor committee and in the ball room an even more difficult condition confronted the committee in charge. The ball room is large, amply big enough for an ordinarily large affair, but last night the dancers, of whom there were a large number, had no more than half the space to dance in with the rest of the crowd packing around the door to watch the dancing.

The whole evening's entertainment despite the immense and rather unwieldly crowd, was a success and the new temple got a house-warming that should take the chill off a refrigerator. The affair was by no means stiff or disagreeably formal.

Twelve hundred invitations had been issued and to judge from the crowd which attended, almost every Mason invited came with at least two ladies accompanying him. A great many of the members from the Superior lodge were in attendance and so were some Masons from Two Harbors and other points out of town. The building contains four large cloak rooms but early in the evening the capacity of all four was exhausted and chairs and other furniture in the parlos of the building had to be used. The reception committee met guests at the doors and directed them to the cloak rooms and parlors, and then to the rooms where the program was in progress. Every attention was shown.

The crowd was so large that it was found necessary to give the program in duplicate, first in the blue lodge room and then repeating it to a crowd that filled the floor and gollery of the Scottish Rite theater.

In these two places Past Grand Master W. A. McGonagle made addresses of welcome, and most heartily greeted the guests in the name of Palestine and Ionic lodges, under whose auspices the affair was being given. He spoke to some extent about Masonry in general, and sought to clear away some of the unworthy mysticism from it for the benefit of the ladies present more than for anybody else. He declared that the statement which has been frequently made that Masons make their lodge take the place of their church is without foundation. The matter rests solely with the individual, the same as it does with a man who belongs to no fraternity. If he is not inclined to go to church he will not go, and no lodge is necessary to keep him away. The tenets of the Masonic order, Mr. McGonagle implied, are the reverse. The supreme respect for religion and religious organizations which the Masons seek to inculcate into their members tends toward strengthening them as believers in and attendants on churches. The Masonic idea tends more to upholding churches first, schools next, and the lodge third.

After the address of welcome, the program of musical numbers was then gone through with. It was opened by "The Holy City," sung by a male quartet, consisting of W. A. Cleland, John L. Martin, D. G. Gearhart and H. G. Gearhart, which was enthusiastically encored, but the quartet had to go to the other room and had no time to respond to the encore. Then Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward sung charmingly "The Lass With the Delicate Air," and responded to an insistent encore by "Comin' Thro' the Rye." Mrs. Woodward was in exceptionally good voice last evening. Miss Virginia Bean gave a violin solo, "Adoration," which was received with enthusiasm by the audience and an encore insisted on, to which she responded by playing "Annie Laurie." Mrs. F. T. Holmes, who made her first bow to a Duluth audience at the band concert last Sunday, last night sang De Koven's "For This," from "The Highwayman." Although a complete stranger to most of the audience, her voice "caught on," as they say, and she received a most hearty burst of applause. Mrs. Holmes will undoubtedly prove to be one of Duluth's favorite singers.

The male quartet closed the musical program by singing "When the Girl You Love Loves You" and responding to an encore by singing "I'm Wearing My Heart Away For You."

At the close of the program a rush was made for the ballroom on the first floor, where the dancing was already in progress. Here sixteen numbers were danced to some of the prettiest dance music ever heard in Duluth. Flaaten's orchestra occupied the balcony and played popular music in its very finest manner. The party ended at midnight.

In going through the building many remarks of admiration were heard for the superb taste displayed in arranging and furnishing the temple. In the auditorium of the Scottish Riters a beautiful Wilton carpet is on the floor and will soon be covered by solid oak benches and opera chairs. In the parlors the rugs on the hardwood floors are rich and the mission furniture is in perfect keeping with the rooms. From the kitchen to the roof everything is in excellent shape, but considerable will be added shortly.

TEMPLE FURNISHINGS

All Provided By the Glass Block Store.

The Masonic Temple furnishings, admired by hundreds at last night's housewarming, were all provided by Duluth's Big Glass Block store.

Incomplete as it still is, there was much admiration expressed at last night's gathering over the quiet elegance of the furnishings of Duluth's magnificent new Masonic Temple.

The general public is interested, because the Masons have not been obliged to go beyond Duluth for any of their interior details. Every contract thus far let has been secured by the Panton & White company, and all the furnishings admired by the Masons and their guests last night were secured from the Glass Block.

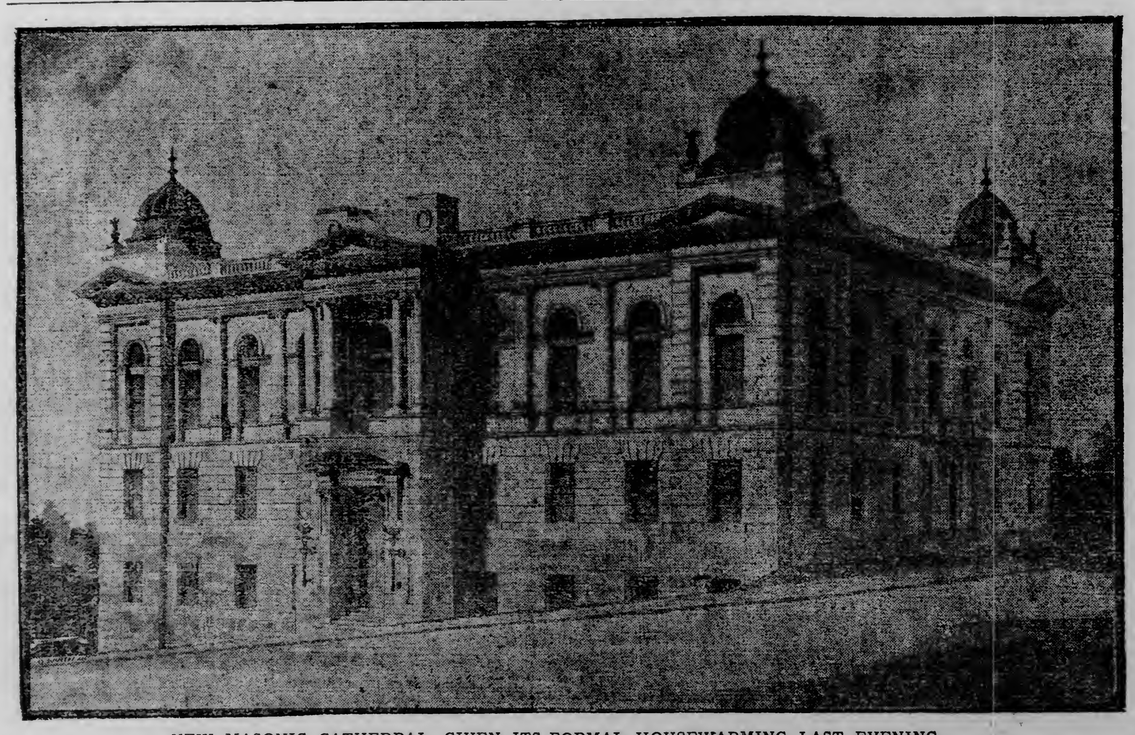
The two-toned green Wilton velvet carpet of the auditorium will soon be surmounted by beautiful solid oak benches and opera chairs, which are now in course of construction under Panton & White contract.

The reception rooms, all finished in mission style, were last night very completely and handsomely furnished with chairs and rockers to match the interior woodwork. The mission, arts and crafts finish, together with the Spanish leather upholstering fitted so well it would hardly be supposed these furnishings came right from the Glass Block floors—as did also the several thousand dollars' worth of Oriental rugs which covered the floors of the reception rooms.

These contracts were secured by the Panton & White company in competition with some of the largest concerns in the country—at Grand Rapids and elsewhere.

As an object lesson in the capacity of the Parton & White company for completely furnishing an entire temple or a home or a room, nothing could have been more direct or to the point. That their prices are right is demonstrated by the fact they get the contracts.

You may have a bigger store than the other fellow—better goods—more clerks—a better delivery system; but if he beats you as an advertiser he beats you as a merchant.



NEW MASONIC CATHEDRAL, GIVEN ITS FORMAL HOUSEWARMING LAST EVENING.

RESCINDS ACTION

Appointment of J. W. Allen as Secretary Reconsidered.

Civil Service Board Will Again Discuss the Question.

At a meeting of the civil service commissioners, held last evening, the action of a week ago, by which J. W. Allen was appointed secretary of the board, was reconsidered, and Capt. J. W. Miller still retains that position.

Attorney L. C. Harris declared that last week's action was illegal, because only three members of the board were present. He moved that it be reconsidered, and the motion carried.

The secretary of the board of civil service commissioners is ex-officio secretary of the board of health.

While the name of Capt. Miller still appears on the roster as secretary of the board, he is in reality drawing the pay of a health inspector. Le Roy Coons, who was appointed a clerk in the office of the board of health, fills the duties of secretary, and is in reality the acting secretary of the board. When J. W. Allen was appointed it therefore meant the ousting of both Mr. Coons and Capt. Miller, but the reconsideration left matters as they previously stood.

Mayor Cullum, in a communication to the board, urged the retention of Mr. Coons. He stated that if it were simply a change in the secretaryship of the board of civil service commissioners he would not venture to interfere, as the board is a non-partisan body, but as about nine-tenths of the duties of the secretary are in connection with the board of health, he stated that he was naturally interested in the man chosen.

In reference to Mr. Coons, the mayor stated that he probably spent more hours at his desk than any other city official, and that he had handled the numerous complaints that come to the office in a most diplomatic and satisfactory manner.

"I must be acquitted of any partisanship in the matter," said the mayor, "because three out of the five men drawing salaries from the department are Republicans, whom I could discharge at my pleasure. Aside from that, Mr. Coons is absolutely reliable."

The notice to reconsider the action was finally carried unanimously, and the election of a secretary was laid on the table until next Friday evening. Capt. Miller's term as secretary expired March 1, and the office is therefore now vacant, although Mr. Coons will continue to fulfill the duties until the new secretary is elected.

John Coventry was re-elected president of the board without opposition.

Wrestling Match!

Between Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman, and Billy Maynard of Philadelphia.

At Armory, Saturday Evg. Mch. 25

Admission—Gents, 50c; Ladies, 25c.

THREE LENTEN LECTURES.

Series at Pilgrim Congregational Church Next Week.

Rev. Charles A. Payne of Milwaukee will deliver three Lenten lectures next week in Pilgrim Congrgational church, corner of Lake avenue and Second street. They will be illustrated with fine stereopticon views bearing upon the subjects and Mr. Payne is said to have a very fine collection of these. The lectures will be delivered Monday, Tusday and Wednesday evenings, commencing at 8 o'clock and will be free to all, no admission being charged. The subject Monday evening will be, "The Life of God in Nature—A Story of Power and Sacrifice." Tuesday evening he will speak on "The Life of God in History—Ancient Rome and Christian Martyrs." Wednesday evening's subject will be "The Life of God in the World's Savior—The Story of Christ."

ORGANIZE LATER

Mass Meeting For Civic Federation Not Largely Attended.

Another Meeting Better Advertised to Be Called For Purpose.

Owing to the light attendance at the mass meeting at the First Methodist church last evening, no attempt was made toward the organization of a civic federation, the purpose for which the meeting was called, but tentative steps toward such an organization were discussed, and it was finally decided to call another mass meeting one month from last night, at the same place.

During the intervening time an attempt will be made by the pastors of the various churches and all other people interested in a civic federation to work up some enthusiasm and a public sentiment for it.

The program for the next meeting is to be arranged by a committee comprised of J. T. Moody, chairman; H. N. Wheeler, H. H. Phelps, Rev. Dr. Rice and Watson S. Moore.

About forty people, mostly women, were present when the meeting was called to order last evening by C. C. Bartholomew, president of the Christian Endeavor union.

During the discussion of the purpose of the mass meeting, it developed that there existed a misunderstandhg as regards the call that was issued, the general impression having been given out that the young people's societies of the city churches were instituting the movement for a civic federation.

The representatives of the young peoples' societies disclaimed any intent on their part to figure at the head of such a movement, stating that the young people merely took up the matter to get it started, the intention being to have the federation idea pushed by representative citizens.

This understanding having been arrived at it was decided best to hold another meeting, that the matter of a civic federation is one of serious import and should not be entered into too hastily.

It was also disclaimed that Charles Evans Holt has anything to do with the present movement. Mr. Holt was not present at the meeting of last evening.

Watson S. Moore was the first speaker of the evening. He said:

"There is always something doing in municipal affairs as well as in the lives of famous men. They are either doing something for you or they are doing you. It is impossible to tell from the smooth surface presented in municipal government what is going on underneath.

"There has been a notable improvement in municipal government line in this city in the past few years, a better business administration. It has been my experience as a member in the city council that it is a difficult matter for a crooked measure to get through if it is known as such.

"I cannot see, however, that we are making any advancement in the matter of suppressing the liquor traffic. We have retricted the saloons to certain localities, but the liquor interests are still a powerful factor in politics. When they get hold of the political machinery, it becomes a serious matter.

"I believe that the paramount issue in this country is the enforcement of its laws. This issue is greater than the tariff question, the railroad question or the temperance question itself. Of what use are all the splendid laws passed unless they are enforced? Men care nothing for the statutes, they are dead letters.

"We want to raise up more men who will enforce the laws without regard to color, condition or previous servitude. The officers of the law bow to public sentiment and they think they are doing so now.

"There is a certain class of people in the city who believe that present conditions are well enough as they are and should be let alone. It is this class of people that has the ear of the public official. Nobody else has tried to get that ear.

"Public sentiment is a tremendous thing. It brought on the Spanish-American war and is knocking President Roosevelt in his fight against the trusts today. There are only two classes of men who can stand out against public sentiment. The first is the man who is bound to do wrong and the other is the man who is determined to do right, no matter what public sentiment may be.

"Notable examples of the latter class are President Roosevelt, the governors of Illinois, Missouri and Wisconsin.

"I would plead with you for a more specific interest in municipal affairs. Do you know who represents you in the council? Do you know how and why this city acquired its water and gas plant? Do you have any views as to a municipal lighting plant? You should take such matters as these into your consideration."

Mr. Moore then went on to urge citizens to work up an interest in their own affairs and to stay by it, to know the men they believe best fitted to care for their interests and then to vote accordingly.

He said the politicians figure that the saloon vote in Duluth is about 1,000, or five for every saloon. He claimed that the church vote should certainly be as much as 3,000, fifty men from each church, and these backed up by fifty or more women.

"I believe," said he, in closing, "that you can work through either party and get the kind of city government that you want. The way to do it is get together, vote, and stand by it."

A. G. Bousfield followed with a talk on the subject "What We Might Do If We Were United." In the outset he declared that the Christian people of the city are not united when it comes to a question of the magnitude proposed, the civic federation. The keynote of his talk was expressed in the sentence:

"If we were united we could get anything we wanted."

Mr. Bousfield urged that citizens cultivate a spirit of respect for city officials, and claimed that there is altogether too much of a spirit prevalent to look upon every alderman and policeman as a grafter.

"Our mayor," he said, "even if he has not closed the saloons on Sundays, has done many excellent things."

Mr. Bousfield also said that he had talked the matter of the federation over with Chief Troyer, of the police department, to learn of ways in which the federation might help the department and said that Chief Troyer suggested that one of the things most needed mas a practical curfew ordinance.

A letter was read by Mr. Bousfield from Humane Officer Withrow suggesting things which he believed a civic federation could secure, among them being a law abolishing cigaretts, a junior Y. M. C. A. at the West End, and another at West Duluth; free public baths, manual training in the schools; inspection of public lodging houses, a curfew ordinance and a night school.

Mr. Bousfield read a number of clippings bearing on the subject of civic affairs and temperance, and closed with the following reference to the liquor habit:

"What are we going to do to stem the tide of such an awful wrecking influence?"

Other short speeches were made by Rev. M. S. Rice and H. H. Hanford in which the speakers declared themselves heartily in accord with a movement for a civic federation.

Many Rejoice at Return of Health!

Scores of such men and women from our vicinity and many for a hundred miles distant. All have words of praise for Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, the eminent Chicago specialist. Many stating they went home rejoicing after consulting the doctor. Some had tried electric belts; some patent medicines; some hot springs; some sanitariums, and some almost every physician or remedy they had heard of or could afford to pay for—all to no benefit. Some expected to be weak, sick, lame, etc., all their lives. Many had given up hope of a cure, that Dr. Hoag's treatment cured them by his successful methods—and they are today well can be demonstrated to all who care to investigate. If you are despondent, discouraged, in fact given up hope of being cured, consult Dr. Hoag. It's an opportunity of a life time! The doctor cures diseases of women, catarrh, ear diseases, varicocele by new method, blood poison, rectal diseases, kidney, bladder, stomach diseases; sexual, nervous diseases caused by errors of earlier life; sexual debility cured under positive guarantee. Dr. Hoag will be in Superior, Wis., Hotel Superior, Wednesday, April 12, 1905; office hours, 10:30 a. m. to 9 p. m., and in Ashland at the Commercial House, Thursday, April 13, 1905. If you cannot call, write for free question list for home treatment to Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6302 Minerva avenue, Chicago, Ill.

BAILEY GETS LARGE VERDICT

Jury Awards Him $5,500 Damages Against Swallow & Hopkins.

Adrain V. Bailey, former employe of the Swallow & Hopkins Lumber company, was yesterday afternoon awarded a verdict of $5,500 for injuries received at the company's sawmill dock at Winton, last July.

Bailey was injured under falling logs, the accident being claimed due to contributory negligence on the part of the company. He sued for $30,000. The company contended that Bailey, who was foreman, had authority to make necessary repairs to the dock and that the injuries resulted through his own negligence.

The personal injury case of Andrew K. Lowe against C. R. Ash, former owner of the sawmill plant at Virginia, will be tried in Judge Dibell's room Monday. The case was called yesterday, but was postponed in order that the plaintiff may get certain evidence to be used in his behalf. Lowe claims to have had a leg broken while working as a sawyer in July, 1903, and he sues for $5,000 damages.

STEINWAY PIANOS

Are the Best in the World.

The superiority of the Steinway piano is universally acknowledged. In the history of piano-making there has never been produced an instrument that could equal it. We point with pride to our Steinway record, as we have represented this famous factory ever since we first opened our doors to the Duluth public.

It is as necessary for us to use care in the selection of our pianos as it is for the individual buyer. We represent over a dozen different factories and we have made sure that each make was positively the best in its grade before we purchased it.

We have surrounded the Steinway with the finest line of pianos in the world.

We know, guarantee, and can demonstrate to you that we can give you more piano value for the money than any other piano house in the Northwest. Pianos from $175 to $1,350 each. Sold on easy payments.

What the World's Famous Artists Think of the Steinway:

Richard Wagner said in 1879:

"I find your Grand piano of wondrous beauty. It is a noble work of art."

Franz Liszt said in 1883:

"The new Steinway Grand is a glorious masterpiece in power, sonority, singing quality, and perfect harmonic effects."

Nellie Melba:

"I prefer your pianos to all others for their marvelous qualities of tone and touch."

Emma Calve:

"I consider your pianos the best in the world."

Theodore Thomas:

"I consider the Steinway the best piano made."

Dr. Richard Strauss:

"The tone qualities and mechanical construction of the Steinway is superb."

We are Northwestern Agents.

Duluth Music Co.

Lake Avenue and Superior St.—J. T. STEWART, Mgr.

ASKS SALVAGE FOR MUNCY

Tug Zenith's Owners and Crew Wish Reward.

The Union Towing and Wrecking company has begun suit in United States district court against the Erie & Western Transportation company asking judgment for $20,000 for saving the steamer Muncy from burning in a fire which occurred here on July 15 last. The boat is libeled in connection with the suit but is left in the hands of the owners.

According to the complaint in the case on the day in question the Muncy was unloading at the Omaha dock when that dock took fire and the tugs Abbott, Inman and Excelsior belonging to the Union Towing & Wrecking company caught fire, broke away from their moorings and drifted down upon the Muncy thereby endangering her. The crew of the Zenith, seeing the predicament of the steamer, went to her assistance and dragged her away from the dock just in time to escape the burnings tugs.

The complaint declares, therefore, that the safety of the steamer Muncy is due to the crew of the Zenith and salvage to the extent of $20,000 is asked, in behalf of the owners and crew of the Zenith.

IT CURES LIQUOR HABIT

Orrine is the only perfectly successful cure for the liquor habit the world has ever known. It is better than institutes or sanitariums, because it is used at home and does not interfere with the daily work; better than will-power, because it never fails. It strengthens the nerves and gives good appetite, regulates digestion and makes you sleep like a child.

Orrine No. 1 will cure the hardest drinker and destroy his craving for drink without his knowledge, as it can be given secretly in tea, coffee or food. Orrine No. 2, in pill form, is for those who wish to be cured. The cost of either is $1 per box. Orrine has the endorsement of ministers and physicians. It is the one remedy for the liquor habit that can be relied upon to cure at little expense and restore the drunkard to perfect vigor of manhood. Write to the Orrine Company, Inc., Washington, D. C., for book on "Drunkenness," sent free in plain envelope. Call on F. W. Kugler, 108 West Superior street, Duluth.

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PROPOSED COURTHOUSE COMMISSION.

While the measure intended to create a courthouse commission for St. Louis county has been amended by the St. Louis county delegation so that its original purpose is somewhat altered, the amended bill will no doubt be satisfactory to a majority of the citizens of the county.

The original measure proposed that the commission should consist of three citizens and two members of the board of county commissioners. The amended bill makes it necessary to appoint three county commissioners and two outsiders. The measure leaves the final settlement of all matters, including the selection of a site, in the hands of the county board. And the only real function of the courthouse commission will be to advise and assist the county board in the matter.

The people of the county have faith in their district court and that the judges will appoint as members of the commission men who will work for the best interests of the public.

If this bill becomes a law it will carry out the idea of the public affairs committee of the Commercial club that the county board should have the assistance and advice of skilled and capable men in the selection of a site and construction of a courthouse, so that the building when completed will be a credit to the county and so conveniently arranged as to best meet the purposes for which it is erected.

Senator Laybourn, chairman of the St. Louis county delegation, has the matter in charge, and as the amended bill has met with the approval of the entire delegation as well as a majority of the county commissioners, there is little doubt that it will become a law.

WAS JULES VERNE GREAT?

Perhaps no author of the present day is more widely known from his writings than was Jules Verne, who died yesterday at his home in France. In his earlier manhood he was a writer of poems and plays, but his real fame began with his books of imaginary travel, such as "A Trip to the Moon" and "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea." The latter work was perhaps the best of all his books on imaginary travels.

It has been frequently said that Verne was not a great writer, but there may be a difference of opinion as to that. He was certainly great in one particular—in his gift of prophecy. When he wrote his "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea" his ideas as to submarine vessels were thought to be entirely visionary. Today submarine vessels are in use. The airship, too, is more than a possibility. A trip to the moon may now be thought impossible. Fifty years ago the telephone was also thought impossible; also the electric light.

Verne may not have been a great man in letters, when compared to other authors, but there is little doubt that the impression his works have made upon the minds of the present generation has done more than any other one thing to stimulate the inventive faculty and to lead men to investigate and explore unknown fields of science. More than this, his works have not only entertained countless thousands, but they have broadened the minds and the vision of readers. For this the world owes Jules Verne a debt of gratitude.

THE PREACHER AND HIS SON.

Recently somebody went to the trouble of finding out what occupation conduced to longest lives and found it to be the ministry. This is no doubt a result of abstemiousness, chicken dinners and a natural desire to hang on to a good thing. While most of them delight in painting the glories of Heaven but few evince any hurry to get there. So they live on and on, enjoying the beauties of this world that they may be better prepared to appreciate the joys of the next.

But how about preachers' sons? It used to be the general notion that as a rule they do not amount to much and are more apt than other people's boys to go the pace that kills. But in the light of facts that recently came to the surface it will be necessary for people who hold this opinion to revise it. A few months ago a prominent weekly publication offered prizes for stories. Many were submitted and the first three prizes out of seven awarded went to preachers' sons, graduates of Harvard.

But this is not all. A canvass of the writers and department managers on the New York World the other day revealed the rather startling fact that ministers' boys largely predominated.

To begin with, Don C. Seitz, business manager of this great enterprise, is the son of a Universalist minister. Bradford Merrill, treasurer, is the son of a Presbyterian minister. So is Joseph D. Jackson, foreman of the composing room. Likewise Francis Breckinridge Douglass, sporting editor, and William A. Johnson, assistant Sunday editor. Ervin B. Hawkins, assistant night editor; Nelson S. Cobleigh, foreign editor; Glen S. Williamson, superintendent of the mechanical department, and Henry Proctor Waugh, one of the star reporters, are sons of Methodist preachers. L. R. Southworth, chief of the ship news department, and J. D. Whitney are sons of Congregational pastors. Miss A. C. Pinch, one of the two clever young women writers on the regular morning staff, is the daughter of a Congregationalist pastor. Charles Sarver, assistant city editor, and William P. Sarver, the well-known writer of sporting topics, are the sons of a Lutheran minister.

It is not reasonable to suppose that this assemblying together of so many preachers' sons and one daughter in the employ of one institution was the result of preference or that it was simply a coincidence; it must have been because of individual merit that attaches to progeny of the members of that profession.

What is the reason? That is a hard question to answer. But may it not be a natural result of the well-ordered lives of the fathers and mothers of these boys? And may not the harum-scarum manners of many a preacher's boy be simply because of excessive good spirits resulting from inherited mental and physical strength, which serve so well to bring them to the front in the activities and duties of later life?

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Comparatively few people know the great scope of the work performed by the Associated Press in collecting and distributing the important news of the world. The Associated Press is a mutual organization of persons representing newspapers, and there are about 700 members, of which The Herald is one. For its more important service the Associated Press has its own leased wires, which form a network across the continent from St. John, N. B., to Seattle, Wash., and San Diago, Cal., and from The Herald office in Duluth to New Orleans, Galveston and the City of Mexico, a total mileage of nearly 15,000 miles. From various points along the trunk lines the report is sent to interior cities. Each of the members engages to contribute the news of his immediate vicinage, and the result is the pubication of the complete news reports from all parts of the country in the columns of The Herald each day. But the Associated Press does not confine itself to the collection of news in the United States and Canada. It has agencies in all sections of the world, and its war correspondents are with the armies of the czar and the mikado. The promptness with which the public is furnished with the progress of the great struggle in the Far East is an illustration of the splendid system which has been created for quickly distributing the news of the whole world.

The perfection to which this news-gathering and distributing system has been brought is the result of the able management of Melville E. Stone, who has been for eleven years the active head of the Associated Press. Mr. Stone has filled his responsible position with rare ability, and the strides which have been made in recent years in collecting the news are largely due to him. In the April number of the Century appears the first of a series of articles written by Mr. Stone at the solicitation of the publishers of that magazine, which will tell not only of the workings of the system in peace and war, but of the revolution in custom, with regard to news, recently brought about in the countries of the Old World, and by the consent of some of its most conservative rulers. The first of these articles deals with the operations of the Associated Press in Europe. The second article will tell of the removal of the censorship on foreign correspondents in Russia—a task which seemed hopeless at the start, but was brought about by special appeals to the czar. Inasmuch as the publication of the news of the world is a matter that affects the daily lives of the majority of the American people, these articles by Mr. Stone will undoubtedly be read with general interest.

CASTRO MAY BE RIGHT.

President Castro replies to the demand for arbitration from the United States that there is nothing to arbitrate; that the case of the New York and Bermuda Asphalt company is in the courts and will stay there. He contends that there are no questions pending betwen the United States and Venezuela, and in this contention he is right. The only question in the asphalt case is between citizens of the United States and the government of Venezuela, and the proper place to decide that question is in the courts of Venezuela, not in an international court.

The other day a prominent gentleman who is a firm believer in municipal ownership of public utilities, said in the hearing of The Herald: "There is one thing I hope to see done, and that is that some country will give that Castro and Venezuela a good licking."

The gentleman probably based his opinion on the false reports that are constantly sent out regarding Venezuelan affairs by the Asphalt trust and other franchise grabbers in order to prejudice public opinion against Castro. The facts, when they are known, will probably show that President Castro is endeavoring to do just what this gentleman desires to have done in Duluth, and that is to use the resources of the city for the people's benefit.

The report that caused this outburst of indignation was that telling of the seizure of the French cable company's property. It now turns out that this cable company is accused by Castro of having been a party to a conspiracy to overturn the government and to have aided the rebels in every way possible. Castro has also made similar charges against the asphalt trust.

Confiscation of private property without just cause is one of the most grievous sins that any government can commit, but if these charges of Castro are true, he was perfectly justified in the action he has taken. Self-preservation is the first law of nature and any government certainly has a right to reclaim any franchise that is being used against it. Let us at least get at the whole truth before condemning Castro.

Neither should any nation be compelled to pay an unjust debt and if President Roosevelt or any other officer of this government attempts to compel the payment of such debts or other obligations he should not and will not receive the support of the American people.

IS IT "BUNK?"

Now that the sugar trust has raised the price of sugar so high that the demand has decreased, it has been found necessary to close down the Havemeyer factories at Williamsburg and the employes are idle.

The New York Sun in further elucidation of its theory that advances in wages do not come from the pockets of plutocrats, but from the consumers themselves, says: "The condition most to be desired for all is not high wages and high prices, but steady employment at fair wages."

The Sun might now explain how the employes of the Havemeyer factories are benefited by the high price of sugar and other trust-controlled commodities while they are drawing no wages at all. How are they to compel the trusts to reduce the price of commodities so that they can obtain steady employment at fair wages? The Havemeyer employes did not strike for more pay. It is not even claimed that their pay was too high. Instead of getting more wages because the price of sugar has been arbitrarily increased so that the sugar trust can pay interest on an addition of $9,000,000 in watered stock, they do not get any wages at all. Their employment and their rate of pay depends upon the laws of supply and demand, with the exception of such influence as their unions can exert, while the price of sugar depends almost entirely upon the dictum of the trust, which is assisted in defeating the law of supply and demand by protective tariffs.

In view of these facts, what becomes of the claim that prices of commodities and wages will adjust themselves and that an advance in wages is of no advanage because an advance in commodities must follow? It is sheerest huncombe, nothing else.

The Field Survey.

Yes, Marie, it would be safer to leave 'em on for about two months yet.

* * *

It is a comfort to some people to take a position just ahead of the whitewash brush. Notice some of the comments on R. C. Dunn before the investigating committee makes its report. These comments indicate as plainly as anything ever could that the investigation was conceived solely for the purpose of doing a job of whitewashing.

* * *

The anti-pass bill has been killed by the senate. Some of the gentlemen who voted against the measure will not draw passes as senators in future.

* * *

Cassie Chadwick says she received only about half the money she borrowed; the other half went to bankers for interest and commissions. The bankers, of course, thought they were taking candy from a baby whose "papa" would supply her with more, but instead Cassie was the one who was taking sweets from the infant.

* * *

In view of the present agitation for stricter enforcement of the liquor laws, this from a contemporary is peculiarly pertinent: "Maine has had a prohibitory liquor law for half a century, but she has just enacted a law to enforce the prohibitory law, and the result was the closing of all the bars, which were evidently numerous. After this scare shall have passed off there will be open bars for a while, and then the legislature will enact a law to enforce the law to enforce the prohibitory law." It will dawn upon most people in time, if they keep their eyes and ears open, that legislation never yet had the power, except temporarily, to enforce laws that do not agree with the sentiments of the majority.

* * *

Since Chinese women have abandoned the practice of foot-binding that country ought to be a good field for American shoemakers to invade.

Talks With the State Press

The Wadena Tribune wants to know:

Thousands of homeseekers are rushing through here bound for the Far West. The state of Minnesota could offer just as attractive possibilities to these settlers as could be found anywhere. Why not make a move to secure them?

It is intimated that the revenues of the state are already more than pledged and that an increase in the tax levy will probably be necessary. The legislature did not hesitate to appropriate $10,000 for a silver service for the new battleship Minnesota, but in the interest of economy it will probably be slow to appropriate very much money for objects that will assist in the development of the state.

* * *

Discussing the recent election in that town the Chisholm Tribune says: "We do not believe in opening old sores or in keeping enemies alive." That's right; kill 'em off.

* * *

Editor S. C. Murphy of the Grand Marais Herald was defeated in his candidacy for the office of village recorder at the recent election, but he "takes his defeat gracefully."

* * *

Here is a pertinent question for would-be whitewashers from the Virginia Enterprise:

Will the "investigating committee" determine what business ex-State Auditor Dunn had to grant a mineral lease to the Virginia Sliver before the state of Minnesota had title to the land, or will the committee pass this up as a closed incident at the request of those who profited by the deal?

* * *

Says the Mankato Free Press:

Joe Mannix, the handsome representative from Minneapolis, declared the other day while discussing the bill to punish wife-beaters, that he was a single man and always would remain so. Joe has broken the hearts of the pretty maidens who had set their caps for him.

If he is correcty quoted handsome Joe will lose considerable of the respect and admiration heretofore held for him up this way. There at least ought to be a stiff tax on the bachelor who can, but won't.

* * *

"The Cynic" calls attention to another inconsistency through the columns of the Martin County Sentinel:

When the brawn and brute force of the state university succeeds in maiming or killing a few young men and a great football game is won, the daily papers are not big enough to tell the news, but when intellect, culture and acquired knowledge, set forth by the most ancient and honorable art developed by man—oratory—scores a great victory the news of the event is generally chronicled as of importance on a plane with the dog fight or a street brawl.

* * *

The quality of the poetry of Brother Eddy of the Sauk Center Herald appears to be deteriorating, but his stock of wisdom continues to improve. Here is his latest effusion:

There was a man in our town
And he was wondrous wise.
He declared with vehemence
He would not advertise.

We would do him humble reverence
To his wisdom we would bow;
Alas! we cannot do it,
He doesn't live here now.

Hotel Gossip.

Charles J. Johnson, familiarly known in Duluth as the "king of Grand Marais," arrived in the city last evening and registered at the St. Louis hotel, after a rough trip from the north shore town to Two Harbors, where he boarded a train for Duluth. This is his first visit to the city since last fall, for it is no easy matter to get out of Grand Marais during the winter months, and few people make the attempt. First class theatrical attractions are not of common occurrence in Mr. Johnson's home town, and when seen last evening he was hurrying through various operations preliminary to a visit to "David Harum," so could spare only a few moments to talk about events as they have occurrred during the winter along the north shore.

"I came by team from Grand Marais to the Alger-Smith road, where I left the horses and proceeded to Two Harbors. The roads along the north shore are muddy just now, and the trip by team was rather a rough and disagreeable one, but I managed to get through all right without any mishap.

"Everything passed off in fine shape this winter back home. Last year we were troubled with sickness for a time, as you probably remember, and it was necessary to send help from Duluth, but there was none of that the present season, and we had plenty of all sorts of provisions to carry us through nicely. We shall be glad enough when navigation opens up, however, for even the most loyal of us at times find it necessary to pay a visit to Duluth, and the boats offer the easiest method of getting here."

* * *

"It's queer and amusing the way some people talk about Duluth," said Frank Webb of Minneapolis at the McKay. "They say that because it is located on a hill its growth must necessarily be limited, and in time fall behind that of Superior, which has a site as level as a floor. The site of a town as regards level or unlevel ground has nothing whatever to do with its progress and development. If it is located right that is all that is necessary.

"My old home was in Kansas City. I lived there for a number of years. Duluth isn't in it for Kansas City when it comes to hills and bluffs, and no one can say this fact has interfered with the growth of the Western town. There is plenty of room here for another Chicago, and even if there wasn't, to the eye of the ordinary man, I should still believe there was if some interested person told me so. This is the age of marvels. It is not the man who believes, but the man who doubts that is a fool. With the great things that have been accomplished in the last decade or two I don't see how anyone can scoff at even the seemingly impossible. If I were told seriously that a square mile or so of the Western end of Lake Superior was to be filled in so as to allow of more room for the building of a city, I should hardly be prepared to express doubts as to the feasibility of the scheme.

"I don't see anything to laugh at in this airship proposition. An airship seems more among the probabilities of the future than the steam engine, telephone, telegraph and several score of other things once did. Experience teaches us that we cannot afford to scoff at new ideas as they are sprung on us, no matter how impossible the proposition they advance seems to be."

* * *

"We have gotten out about 30,000 feet of tamarack piling for dock and bridge work during the winter," said J. R. Porterfield, who looks after the interests of the Zenith Cedar company through Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin, at the St. Louis.

"The right kind of stuff for piling is becoming scarcer every year, and it will not be a great while before there will be none of it at all left in this state. The timber has to be just right to be used for this purpose, a certain diameter at the butt and just so large at the top, and must be long and straight.

"The early break-up leaves a large amount of logs on the skids in different parts of the Northern Minnesota district, but so far as I have been able to ascertain, the work was pretty well cleaned up in what we call the Duluth district, and the lumbermen were able to conclude their operations, thanks to the last snow and cold spell. This was not true of the Cass Lake district, however, where the logging roads gave out much earlier than they did nearer Duluth, leaving much timber in the woods, where it will have to remain until snow comes again, for up there on the reservations there is no summer logging. It is a fact that the snow played out up there two or three weeks earlier than it did nearer Duluth."

* * *

"My old friend, Col. Jim Brown of Butte, Mont., who has located at Las Vegas, a new mining town on the San Pedro railroad, out in Nevada, recently wrote me a letter, and in it he tells a few things about the camp," said John Graham of Minneapolis, at the Spalding. "He says that where four weeks ago the site of the town was but a waste, it is now covered with 100 houses and tents, with a population of over 1,000, and the number of inhabitants increasing at the same rapid rate.

"Freight from Los Vegas to Bullfrog, 124 miles away, is 4 cents a pound, while the passenger fare is $25, with an extra charge for the baggage. Lumber sells for 4 cents a foot. Mineral prospects are there in abundance, and everybody expects to get rich quick."

* * *

At the Spalding: M. T. Hearley, Cleveland, Ohio; A. A. Bevin, Conn.; R. D. Tomlinson, Milwaukee; F. L. Scott and wife, Dunham, Mich.; L. H. Bryan, H. O. Olson, Two Harbors; C. T. Wilson, New York; J. Costin, Jr., and wife; J. L. Chute, Chicago; S. W. Fuedland, New York; R. C. Whittin, I. M. Keyes, New York; A. J. Hunter and wife, Virginia; Mrs. D. O. Anderson, Virginia; F. F. Thompson, Cloquet; Thomas Devens and wife, Two Harbors; W. F. Berquist, Minneapolis; E. Smallwood, Elgin, Ill.; J. H. Battin, Oshkosh, Wis.; H. E. Stewart, Houghton; H. O. Stone, Philadelphia; A. B. Gemph, St. Louis.

* * *

At the Lenox: George Turner, W. R. Emerson, Howard Morgan, New York; James Goodman, St. Paul; D. Lamont, Chicago; Pliny Rutledge, William Hurman, Richard Gordon, New York; M. Dohe, St. Paul; T. J. Kelly, Chicago; H. C. Meyers, Two Harbors; E. P. Sorinson, Milwaukee; S. L. Benton, Willmar, Minn.; M. M. Young, Milwaukee; P. J. Smith, Eau Claire; F. B. Rowley, Pittsburgh; A. C. Bennett, Minneapolis; G. W. Swarts, Boston.

* * *

At the St. Louis: J. L. Klinkert and wife, Virginia; W. E. Tripp, William Mount, Miss Della Bondy, Mrs. Alice Hesey, Addie J. Dumant, Iron River; W. J. Schultze, Virginia; M. H. Eaton, wife and sister, Virginia; J. A. Myers, wife and daughter, Virginia; J. Harkey, S. W. Gilpin, Virginia; T. H. Simmons, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; O. Anderson, Grand Forks; E. R. Farley, Farley; W. B. Thurston, W. J. McCarty, Bemidji; James Cogswell and wife, B. B. Cogswell, E. J. Stenerwold, J. W. Woodfill, Two Harbors; F. A. Bill, Minneapolis; C. J. Johnson, Grace, Minn.; T. Engstrom and wife, Bruic, Wis.; J. A. Murdoch, Ashland; E. C. Edgeoly, Sault Ste. Marie; W. E. Tubbs, River Falls, Wis.; Henry Hughie, Grand Rapids; W. J. Connelly, Dubuque; Mrs. C. M. Atkinson and daughter, Hibbing; A. Berglund, Grand Rapids; F. W. Walker, Saginaw; T. H. Baanhelm, James Luzon, White Earth.

* * *

At the McKay: W. J. Wood, Oshkosh; George Hastings, Virginia; F. E. Lentz, New York; E. Collas, M. Anderson, M. S. Johnson, Minneapolis; J. B. Beatty and wife, Allen Junction, Minn.; I. Palmquist, Chicago; L. F. Leach and wife, Cloquet; N. K. Coffman and wife, Two Harbors; R. A. Gillepsie, Huron, S. D.; J. Linnin, Stillwater; J. D. Bullard, Boston; A. W. Gillis, Eau Claire; Thomas Meshuick, Porah, Minn.; E. F. Hurley, Omaha; W. P. Finch, Chicago; Charles Haluf, R. L. Wincott, Minneapolis.

Why She Wept.

Boston Record: There was an enormously stout German woman sitting in the corner of a street car last night, weeping as if her heart would break. Some kindly spirit asked her what the matter was.

"I am so fat dat effery time I vant to get off de car I have to back de door out, und de conductor man he tink I vas getting on and pushes me in. I have since 10 o'clock been riding this morning, and I'm hungry."

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***William S. Woodbridge and wife returned from the South today.

***H. F. Leopold returned today from Chicago, where he attended the funeral of his father.

***Bill Nye and his vocal quartet will appear at the Opera house tonight.

***Gen. Grant was well enough today to take a drive in his carriage.

***The following Duluth firms have put in the amount of logs set opposite their names during the past winter:

	Feet.
Duluth Lumber company	5,000,000
Graff, Murray & Robbins	7,000,000
Barnhart Lumber Co.	4,500,000
Little & Simonds	1,500,000
F. R. Webber	2,000,000
Duncan, Gamble & Co.	3,300,000
Osterhout & Hughart	4,000,000
Peyton, Kimball & Barber	7,800,000
Bailey and other small lots not sold	2,500,000
Total	37,600,000

***Charles Parfitt of the firm of Parfitt Bros., stone masons, died on Monday from the effect of injuries received last summer. His home was on Minnesota Point.

***There are no less than five new physicians booked for Duluth this spring.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 25.—Temperatures have risen over the Mississippi and Missouri Valleys and Southwestern states. It is cooler over Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and Northeastern Lake Region. Rains fell over Atlantic states, Western Montana, Oregon and Washington. The barometer continues low throughout the Northwest.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	58	Medicine Hat	34
Atlanta	48	Miles City	30
Battleford	39	Milwaukee	34
Bismarck	40	Minnedosa	32
Boston	42	Modena	32
Buffalo	36	Montgomery	48
Calgary	30	Moorhead	34
Charleston	50	New Orleans	58
Chicago	46	New York	42
Cincinnati	42	Norfolk	46
Davenport	52	Northfield	34
Denver	40	North Platte	40
Detroit	38	Oklahoma	54
Dodge City	48	Omaha	46
Duluth	26	Phoenix	50
Edmonton	28	Pittsburg	42
El Paso	42	Port Arthur	26
Escanaba	30	Portland	46
Galveston	62	Prince Albert	28
Green Bay	36	Qu'Appelle	28
Havre	34	Rapid City	38
Helena	30	San Francisco	52
Houghton	28	Santa Fe	36
Huron	38	Shreveport	52
Jacksonville	54	Spokane	36
Kamloops	40	St. Louis	52
Kansas City	54	St. Paul	42
Knoxville	36	Ste. Marie	28
La Crosse	36	Swift Current	32
Lander	18	Washington	42
Little Rock	54	Williston	32
Los Angeles	56	Winnemucca	38
Marquette	34	Winnipeg	34

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Probably showers tonight. Sunday generally fair. Moderate temperature. Fresh northeast to westerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 25.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Threatening with showers and thunderstorms this afternoon or tonight. Warmer in southeast portion tonight. Sunday fair.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight with possibly showers in east portion. Sunday fair.

The Dakotas—Fair tonight and Sunday. Moderate temperature.

JUST FOR FUN.

Washington Star: "Money makes the mare go," said the old-fashioned man.

"Not if it's my husband's money that has been bet on her," answered young Mrs. Torkins, positively.

A fellow who dwelt in Cohasset
Loved a girl, but he muttered: "Alasset
Will take lots of dough
To wed her, I knough,
And I have no way to amasset."
—Houston Post.

Philadelphia Press: Tess—When I met May today I had my new gown on. Of course, I expected her to say something about it, but she pretended not to have seen it.

Jess—Yes, she's an awfully considerate and tender-hearted girl.

Cleveland Leader: "There goes the most self-contained man I know—he's really eccentric."

"How does he show it?"

"Why, he gets up early every morning and takes a cold bath and he never brags about it!"

Chicago News: Wilkins—I believe that dog of mine knows as much as I do.

Bilkins—Huh! I've seen smarter dogs than that.

Hardeman Free Press: Why should Teddy talk to the mothers' congress? He ain't never been no mother. He reminds us of the rooster that does so much cackling when a hen lays an egg.

Chicago Tribune: Architect—Let me understand clearly your purpose in erecting the building you have in mind. Is it a reformatory, or something of that kind, for the young?

Rich Philanthropist—Not at all. It is for the aged. I presume you will call it a chloroformatory.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Winona Republican and Herald: The Nolan bill ought to be chucked into the waste basket of the senate as something that will reflect on Minnesota intelligence and civilization. Wife beaters are bad and deserve severe punishment, but a barbaric law of this kind would be a greater offense against the state than the offending brutes.

Elk River Star News: The lash for the wife beaters is what a bill recommended to pass in the house means. Nobody will deny that the wife-beater is entitled to a whipping all right, but the idea of a modern legislature going back to barbarism is a little more than one cares to contemplate.

Princeton Union: The new Canadian provinces of Saskatchewan and Alberta to be organized as regular states or provinces of Canada are a domain in themselves, reaching from the province of Manitoba west to British Columbia. They contain 500,000 square miles of rich territory. The eastern part of this new territory is the future hard wheat belt of the world. The greater part of this territory is being settled by Americans. Who can predict the ultimate destiny of that great region when it is thickly populated. There will be a glad hand over the line at some future date and there are those living who will see it.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: Chairman Dowling of the public accounts committee, who is making daily and sometimes hourly reports to the newspapers of what the committee may report when it finishes its investigations, has now come to the conclusion that Sam. Johnson only did his duty in making an investigation of the auditor's office, and that he will be "whitewashed" along with the other officials. It's a case where everybody is right—except possibly Chairman Dowling, who started out to condemn Johnson.

St. Cloud Journal-Press: The house passed the Peterson bill creating a tax commission. The work done by the last commissions created by the legislature was far from satisfactory—and it is certainly taking great chances to try another, although the tax laws need a thorough overhauling.

SATURDAY NIGHT TALK

Why Go to Church?

Most of the arguments in behalf of church going begin at the wrong end and pass over the minds and consciences of the persons addressed as water slips from a duck's back. Of course, there is some force in these minor considerations advanced; but tell a man that he ought to go for the sake of his example, and likely as not he will respond: "I am just as good already as many people who go to church, and I don't have to go to church in order to set a good example. Besides, I am not particularly anxious to pose as an example." Or plead with a man to go, in order to help maintain an important institution, and you are apt to have this rejoinder: "Oh, yes! I believe churches are good things in their way, and that society can't get along without them, but I am already supporting the church financially. My wife goes and my children attend the Sunday school, and I think I am doing my fair share in this way."

To such a man who parries subsidiary arguments, and who in four cases out of five is a self-centered man, the appeal must be based on what seem like purely selfish grounds. Go for your own sake, brother. In the first place, go in order to have a season of quiet, where you will not have to carry on conversation or to attend to business or household details, or skim through newspapers. Go in order to give your mind a rest from such concerns as engross it during the week. I know wearied mothers and overworked business and professional men who look forward to Sunday morning in the sanctuary as a period of profitable mental quiet.

Go to worship your Creator and the Infinite Father of all mankind. Oliver Wendell Holmes was not a dreamy pietist or a professional advocate of ecclestasticism, but he said once: "I have in my heart a little plant called reverence. I go to church to have it watered." How long is it since you provided the proper nourishment for your immortal nature; since you lifted your aspiration heavenward? The spiritual spark within you has a hard struggle to live when you overlay and almost smother it with so many material concerns. The hour in church once a week offers at least one chance for the spiritual in you to assert itself, to move outward in reverence, in adoration toward that power which broods over all our lives.

Go to church to get food for mind and soul. A famous Massachusetts lawyer once said that it was a mighty poor sermon that didn't hit him somewhere. Surely it is possible to find amid the diversity of pulpit administrations which a modern city offers some prophet or teacher who can interpret helpfully to you the problems of life from the spiritual standpoint; who can reveal the meaning of discipline; who can set you to thinking on the great subjects of the human soul and its relation to its Maker and its fellows. And even if by traveling about you do not find the preacher who exactly suits you, there can hardly fail to be crumbs of instruction and inspiration that will fall into your lap if you will listen teachably and regularly.

You really can't afford to stay away from church on your own account. A member of the supreme bench in one of our great states said in my hearing the other day that he had passed through a season in earlier years when he pulled away from the church. He thought he could get as much good by reading books or by wandering on pleasant days through the fields. But as he continued under this delusion, he said he became conscious of a certain moral deterioration, and so because he feared that his character would degenerate, he resumed again the practice of regular church going, and has adhered to it faithfully ever since.

It isn't a question of whether you like the building or the people who run the church, whether you agree in all particulars with its theology or its ecclesiastical forms. It is a question of your own growth in things true, beautiful, and of good report. Men put forward a multitude of reasons for not going to church. I have read carefully many explanations of their attitude on the part of non-churchgoers, but they all seem to me to be excuses and not reasons. Is there any real valid reason, my brother, aside from ill health or infirmity, why you do not go to church? If so, write and tell me.

THE PARSON.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Concerts are a nice thing to keep a man from having a good time.

A wife is awful smart not to have so much brains that she never gives her husband anything good to eat.

Even a modest young girl thinks it strange that a man doesn't understand all the queer clothes a woman wears.

About the time a woman gets over worrying about what kind of morals her son is going to have she begins about what kind of wife he will marry.

Uncle Johnny's Response.

Kansas City Times: Just outside the city on a small tract of ground lives a little old man known as "Uncle Johnny," who raises practically nothing but dogs of a mongrel breed. Every day or two he can be seen driving his old horse into the town with from one to four dogs in his wagon. The other morning he was passing a livery barn with two dogs in his wagon, when an employe of the stable greeted him with: "Hello, Uncle Johnny." "Howdy!" returned the old man, with a grin. "Haulin' dogs today?" asked the hostler. Uncle Johnny pulled up his nag. "Yep," he replied in a squeaky voice. "Jump in."

For a Cold on the Lungs, and to prevent Pneumonia, take Piso's Cure. All Druggists. 25c

Highways and Byways of The Town.

(Editor's note: This story, while told in the popular magazine short-story style of today, and with the same regard for fact, is one year ahead of the times in its ending, which shows the class of fiction that will be in vogue 365 days hence, judging by conditions as they now exist in Duluth and elsewhere.)

It was a bright spring day in Duluth. Everybody knows what that means. A bright spring day in Duluth means a day that is a little brighter and a little nicer than days that grow in other parts of the country. To be exact, it was March 5, 1906, but that fact is immaterial to the purpose of the present narrative.

Grass was sprouting through the smelly sod. The grass was green and the birds sang in the trees. The trees themselves were sending out fragrant buds and otherwise preparing to don their summer attire. The intelligent Duluthians had already donned the last-mentioned article, for it was spring and the day was warm. And,

"The day being warm, the people walked along the lake shore."

the day being warm, the people walked along the lake shore and down the Point, and watched the little wavelets ripple sweetly over the dimpled sands of the frothing beach.

But what is this? A man and a woman separate themselves from the gladsome throng. They turn from the pearly shore and stroll in the direction of the sighing pines. The man is tall. He has a lovely form and is handsome, very much so. The woman is fair to look upon. Her hair, coiled like a great, glistening serpent about her queenly head, is black as the coaly feathers of a crow's wing. Her eyes are of a beautiful greenish blue, blazing ever and anon with an opalescent fire when they rest upon the manly form at her side. At such times she sighs with the pines, and looks out aver the moaning lake. In her look there is a paen of unfed longing.

"Can it be, oh, can it be, that she regards me so?" he breathes so that none but his own ears may hear. He sighs in an ecstasy of wondering and unbelieving delight. Ah, if so magnificent a creature could only care for him enough to work for and with him in the struggle for the attainment of life's objects, what could he not accomplish? He would have the world by the ears, and make it dance to the music of its own howls of admiring anguish.

Soon they reached the sheltering protection of the pines, and were safe from the interference of prying eyes. The arms of the pines enfolded them in their gracious embrace, and they were happy in the sweet solitude. They sat on a rustic bench underneath the spreading branches of an apple tree, and the man thought how much prettier was the girl than the multitudinous pink apple blossoms suspended on a drooping branch and clustered about the aureola of her golden hair. Her brown eyes looked trustingly into his, betraying there a passion so deep, so effervescent that it scintillated like a thousand diamonds noisely crackling in the cruel glare of an electric light, and frightened her. She shuddered in pretended fright. Was it pretended? She herself hardly knew, and not knowing whether or not he knew, she did not ask him.

"Why do you look at me so?" she asked with a dear little pout.

"Why? Why? You ask me that? As if you didn't know—were not well aware of my feeling for one so fair, so beautiful, so elegant, superior, refined and accomplished, so great, so——"

Her eyes glowing like a firefly on a summer night, when its lamps are lighted, she interrupted him coldly. In her anger she seemed almost etherial, but he loved her and longed for her with only a greater passion because of it. What a wonderful being she was when her dander was up, he solloquized, and to think that another might possess her if he did not make the most of the opportunity afforded him today.

And a rare opportunity it was, indeed. He appreciated that fact. Hadn't she turned down a score of other men, just as handsome, just as attractive, and just as rich, to give him these few precious minutes, jeweled with her brilliant repartee, here under the chestnuts? Why had she done it if she did not favor him just a little more than the others? Why?

"No other reason on God's green earth," he muttered savagely, between grinding teeth.

He would have her. No one else should step in before him. He had always been popular with the belles, and their tongues would waggle out his name in sweet intonation quite frequently, so that their sweet chimes could be heard half way across the ball room, when they were extolling his graces and attractions. This being true, why, why should he fear defeat at this, the supreme moment of his life? Why? His thoughts echoed the word.

Simply because she was more dazzling, more desirable, more tantalizingly sweet in all her concoctions than any of the others. How simple was the explanation! The problem was difficult of solution, but he had solved it.

As was mentioned earlier in the chapter, she interrupted him with some heat. Her eyes shot forth a light as of cold steel, reflecting the humid rays of

"You make love beautifully."

the winter sun on a February day in the Zenith City of the Unsalted Seas.

"Sir, think what you are saying!"

The tone of the superb voice cut like a whip lash. Contempt curled her eyebrow, and there was a scornful curve to the rosebud lips, that were now set in firm white lines, like those of the marble statue, Meduthia.

Why did she treat him thus? Why? What had he done to merit her contempt? What?

Had he been too violent, too spontaneous, too intrepid in his declarations? Had he? Perhaps. Who knows?

"Oh, forgive me, forgive me," he pleaded earnestly, the tears of anguish and pain in his remorseful mellow voice. "I meant no offense, I assure you. I was carried away by my thoughts, by the proximity of your close presence. One of your magnetic charm, your fascinating ways, your beauty, your grace, your loveliness, your graciousness, cannot but make allowance for all these things.

"Ah, believe me, a man knows not what he does when bathed in the light of those glorious orbs of a pure and beautiful soul. You must understand—must know I want you for my own—that I cannot live without you. I have no honeyed phrases at my command to sweeten those shelley ears, to help me press my cause, but is it not enough for me to say that I love you, love you, love you?

"After all, when a man says that what more is there to be said? Ever since our first meeting up there at the Du Py Ster's ball I have wanted you. Do you remember how I came across you on the lawn, the moonbeams glinting whitely on your snowy arms, your darling face upturned to the stars in sweet and silent meditation, and that huge mass of darkly auburn hair flowing and shimmering over your peachy shoulders and rippling downward towards the black ground with its covering of green grass?

"If you remember all these sweet things, as you surely do, you cannot refuse me, I know you cannot. If you knew how I have yearned for you all these months you could not give me the cold shoulder now. Oh, darling, can't you care for me just a little, and bid me hope, at least, for more?

"Dearest, can't you, won't you be my hired girl?"

Her eyes glowed softly. With a sweet sigh of resignation she allowed his arm to steal about her slender waist. Her golden head sank against his shoulder and she rested thus in sweet content.

"And the compensation?" she breathed in accents low and sweet.

"Why bother over such a trifle?" he asked, all aglow with happiness and delight. "Why, the last thing before I left home to come down here with you today, my wife said:

"'Now, Charlie, remember that you are living today and not ten years ago when it comes to the question of reciprocity on the money question, and tell her that the guest chamber will be ready when she arrives, and that she will have her own private automobile, and half a dozen French poodles if she wants them, and seven nights and four afternoons in the week off, and a man to build the fires and wash the dishes and do the sweeping.'

"Ah, but won't she be happy when she hears that you have accepted me? She was a little in doubt about the outcome of my wooing. You see we have been married five years now, and she was afraid I might have forgotten how to make love properly."

"You make love beautifully," she said, nestling closer, and her sigh of sweet content melted in with the music of the murmuring pines and was wafted gently seaward.

Capt. H. D. Clow of the steamer Newsboy says he does not believe in the so-called faith cures of today, but some of his friends stoutly maintain that he has been a mental scientist ever since a certain camping trip in the northern section of the state last fall, although prior to that time, it is said, he had given the subject little thought.

In the party were several men. All of them were warm in their expressions of sympathy one day when the captain announced that he was very much

"Nothing but blue beans."

"under the weather." The ailment did not appear to be serious, but was of a nature to give the sufferer a very disagreeable feeling and make him want to remain in a quiet place.

One of the members professed to be an amateur physician of some ability, and said that he had brought some medicine along for just such an emergency. Capt. Clow was interested at once, although he had little faith in the pills that were produced. They were of a peculiar color, and about the size of a bean. The patient was averse to taking them at first, protesting that he would be all right in a short time if left alone, but at the earnest pleadings of the sympathetic men grouped about, he finally agreed to take the dose of two pills which were meted out to him. He was instructed to swallow them whole, as they were bitter to the taste. This he did, taking a swallow of water afterwards to allow them a better chance to work.

About the time the pills should have been completely dissolved a decided improvement was noted in the captain's condition, and within two hours he declared that he felt a great deal better. The amateur doctor complimented him on the great power of his imagination, and informed him that the pills, whose qualities he was praising so highly, were nothing more nor less than blue beans. Before the sick man would be convinced of the truth of this statement it was necessary to produce the sack of beans from which the two had been taken, and even then his mind was not entirely cleared of doubt.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Jockey Charles McCafferty, who was injured at the fair grounds at New Orleans Friday, died at the hospital last night.

Northbound Frisco passenger train No. 6, encountered a burning bridge near Arthur City, Tex., Friday night, which ditched the chair car and two sleepers. One person was killed and several other badly injured.

Fire gutted a five-story brick building occupied by the Columbus Drk Goods company, at Columbus, Ohio, entailing a loss estimated at $200,000, of which $175,000 on stock, and the remainder on building.

Herman Shooks of Drain, Or., shot dead E. V. Cooper, who had accused him of attempting to poison him, and also shot and instantly killed Paul Howse, who was in Cooper's house, the scene of the tragedy. He then shot himself, dying almost instantly.

The Rutland Transit Steamboat company has declined to enter to an agreement proposed by the International Longshoremen's association to handle freight exclusively with union men this season.

Caught by a decoy letter, Mail Collector J. W. Wormley of Youngstown, Ohio, and confessed that he had been rifling letters for three years and had taken $1,000. Fears are entertained that he will attempt suicide and a special guard has been placed over him in the jail.

The decree of a lower court awarding John G. Carlisle, former secretary of the treasury, $25,340, for professional services in connection with a contest against the constitutionality of the laws under which duties were levied on goods imported from Porto Rico has been affirmed by the appelate division of the supreme court.

Stanley Francis, allas Arthur S. Foster, a promoter of many companies, was arrested by United States postal inspectors Friday, on the charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes, and after a hearing before United States Commissioner Craig, at Philadelphia, he was held in $100,000 bail for a further hearing. Francis was unable to furnish the bail and in default was committed to the county prison.

Grateful words from a Clergyman who suffered intensely from Skin Disease cured by D. D. D. Prescription

Roanoke, Va., June 18, 1904.
D. D. D. Co., 70 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Gentlemen:—Your letter of recent date received and contents noted. It gives one pleasure to commend D. D. D. to sufferers from skin disease. For three years I suffered, intensely so, from a skin disease which developed on the back of my neck. Its growth was toward the scalp. Neighbors, prescriptions, salves and expensive blood medicines were lavishly used. I at last found relief in D. D. D. used according to directions. It required just twenty bottles to effect the cure. I am no longer tortured, so I have no hesitancy in acknowledging to the world the worth and great virtue of D. D. D.

Yours truly,
REV. L. L. DOWNING.

D. D. D. costs but $1.00 per bottle and is guaranteed to cure any disease of the skin or scalp or money refunded.

What more can we say.

Sold in Duluth at
Lyceum Pharmacy, Lyceum Bldg.
Metropolitan Drug Store, 616 West Superior street.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Few People Know How Useful It Is In Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth, and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfects the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges: they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form, or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary, great benefit.

A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges to all patients suffering from gas in stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat. I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a patent preparation, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Charcoal Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

WARE WILL MODIFY MILEAGE BOOK BILL

(Continued from page 1.)

they do not want to, and says nothing about the rate to be charged. This will hardly prove strong enough for the house in its present mood, and it will either be killed or amended so as to include Mr. Ware's ideas.

* * *

The senate railroad committee came nearer being overthrown yesterday on the Peterson bill than had been expected. The vote was 26 for the minority report and 36 against it. Three members of the railroad committee voted for the minority report, and fourteen voted against it. Eliminating the members of the railroad committee, therefore, the vote would have been 23 for the minority report and 20 against it. In other words, a majority of the senate outside of the members of the railroad committee were for the bill. There were three absentees, at least two of whom would have voted for the Peterson bill had they been present.

The Duluth senators all voted against the Peterson bill. Two of them, Senators Hawkins and Pugh, are members of the railroad committee, and voted with the majority in the committee's action on the bill. Senator Laybourn, though not a member of the committee, joined with them in the fight in the senate. The vote on the minority report was as follows:

Noes—Buck, Calhoun, Campbell, Coller, Collester, Comstock, Cowan, Dart, Dunn, DuTolt, Durant, Everett, Frater, Gjertsen, Hardy, Harrington, Hawkins Horton, Laugen, Laybourn, Mausten, McNamee, Morgan, Peachey, Pugh, Rieke, Schain, Schutz, Shell, E. E. Smith W. A. Smith, Stephens, Stone, Torson—34.

Ayes—Alley, Barker, Batz, Benson, Brower, Cole, Dale, Eberhart, Fitzpatrick, Jepson, Johson, Lord, McGill, McGowan Nacseth. Nichols, Peterson, Putnam, Schaller, Somerville, Sundberg, Thompson, Thorpe, Ward, Wilson, Witherstine—26.

Absent—Cooke, Swedbach and Wood.

* * *

There was an echo of the fight in the house afterwards, when A. K. Ware of Northfield arose to explain his vote in favor of the Smith bill, increasing the pay of senators and representatives. He had been in the senate during the vote on the Peterson bill, and he showed what effect it had on his spirits by saying:

"The senate is trying to make a monkey of the house. They are saying over there that if we pass this bill they will kill it, and then go out and make a campaign on that action, saying that the house tried to vote itself more salary. This fear will not affect my vote. When one saw today the members that were voting against the right and just thing, one cannot help thinking that anything the senate 'combine' does will injure the house."

R. J. Wells of Breckenridge raised the point of order that it was not the proper thing for members of one house to criticise the other, and Speaker Clague said it was considered discourteous. Mr. Ware explained that he was not talking against any single senator or the senate, but against the combine.

This open reference to the fact that there is a combine in the senate was somewhat unusual and had something of the effect of a sensation.

The house put in two hours yesterday afternoon on L. H. Johnson's bill to provide for the establishment of county schools of agriculture, which was then passed, 72 to 29.

The bill provides that the plan of having a county school of agriculture and domestic economy may be voted upon by the people of a county, or two or more counties may get together to have one between them. The county board may submit the proposition to a vote of the people on its own motion, or may be forced to do so by a petition, signed by 15 per cent of the voters. If it carries, the county board may levy taxes to support the school, not to exceed $20,000 a year. The school is to be in the hands of a board of three members, one to be the county superintendent and the other two to be elected by the county board.

Mr. Johnson, whose pet measure this is, devoted more than an hour to his speech in behalf of this bill. Wisconsin has such a law, and on Mr. Johnson's motion the house, early in the session, sent five of its members to Menomonie to look over a school established there under its provisions. They were highly pleased with it, were those five members.

Elias Rachie of Lac Qui Parle talked against the bill, because he said if folks wanted their children to go to an agricultural school they would do better to send them to a good one, that at St. Anthony park, under the State university, which is the best in the country.

R. H. Jefferson of Bingham Lake—who, by the way, is a brother of E. R. Jefferson of Duluth—also talked against the bill, saying that the method by which the fathers learned agriculture was good enough for anybody.

W. P. Roberts of Minneapolis, chairman of the appropriations committee, said it might be a good thing, but Minnesota can't have all the good things at once, because they cost money.

The bill carries no appropriation for state aid, but its friends are hoping the appropriations committee will loosen up the purse strings and give them some.

The house adjourned after its action on this bill, and did no other business yesterday afternoon.

* * *

The senate has concurred in the resolution by S. O. Morse, providing that the governor, attorney general and auditor look into the state's mineral land holdings and report the result to the next legislature. The idea is that the state officers mentioned may find that it would be a good thing for the state to hold on to its mineral resources and not let any more of them out for awhile.

* * *

The house will have its turn at the anti-pass question. The committee on general legislation yesterday afternoon recommended for passage the bill by A. K. Ware of Northfield prohibiting the giving or accepting of passes to or by any public officials, elective or appointive. In its original form the bill cut out street railways, telegraph, telephone and express privileges, also, but these features were eliminated from the bill, making it apply only to railway passes.

* * *

The proposition of putting up a plant at the Stillwater prison to make harvesting machinery is likely to come up for a vote before the legislature, anyway. The house prison committee yesterday voted to recommend for passage the Zelch bill giving the board of control authority to use half the net earnings of the prison for this purpose.

The joint committee appointed to investigate the matter will meet shortly, and it is likely that it will report in favor of going after the harvester trust.

* * *

P. E. Dowling of Eveleth today introduced a bill providing for an additional assistant to the county attorney of St. Louis county, at a salary of $1,000 per year. The bill does not say so, but the idea is to have the new man from the range, and make it his special duty to see that the Dowling blind pig law is carried out.

* * *

The judiciary committee of the house yesterday afternoon decided to recommend for indefinite postponement Andrew Miller's bill proposing a constitutional amendment to permit the passage of a state homestead law.

Mr. Miller first introduced a bill permitting the state to give away to actual settlers 40-acre tracts of swamp lands, providing no two forties so disposed of were contiguous. This bill was declared to be unconstitutional, so Mr. Miller got up his constitutional amendment. The judiciary committee did not approve of it, so recommended its death.

* * *

The house committee on labor and labor legislation has decided to offer the house an amended and restricted version of the Selb fellow-servant bill, which was asked for by the State Federation of Labor, and provided that in a large list of employments covering practically everything in the state, employers were to be liable in damages for injuries to employes caused by the negligence of other employes. At present the railroads are the only ones resting under such a law. The new bill, which was drawn up by twin city manufacturers, cuts out manufacturers from the list and leaves the bill applicable to mining, stret railways and other employments said to be extra hazardous. The rules of evidence laid down by the bill are also changed to be easier on the employers and not so soft for personal injury claimants.

* * *

The Bennett bill, limiting the hours of employment of women in stores, was reported yesterday for indefinite postponement by the house committee on labor, on the ground that it was unconstitutional. Mr. Bennett said the committee had taken the word of interested attorneys on this point, and succeeded in getting the bill referred to the judiciary committee for its opinion. The claim is that the bill is unconstitutional because it specially refers to one class of employments and not to others in which women engage.

* * *

The move to take the state university and normal schools away from the state board of control has still a show, though the senate has killed one bill. The house committee on general legislation has reported out the Perley bill, affecting these institutions, amended so as to give the board of control power over building operations, insurance and fuel. This leaves out the Faribault and Owatonna institutions, which are said to have been responsible for the defeat of the Ward bill in the senate.

S. W. Leavitt of the board of control roasted the university faculty for letting the students publish severe criticisms of the board in the university publications during the committee hearings.

The Perley bill meets with much favor, and it may become a law, thus settling the fight that was waged all through the 1903 session and this one as well.

It was never the intention of the originators of the board of control idea that it should cover the educational institutions. This feature was tacked on in the hope of defeating the board of control bill, but it failed. Ever since the friends of the educational institutions have been trying to remedy the matter.

* * *

Today is the last day on which bills can be introduced, except upon request of the governor, under the constitution.

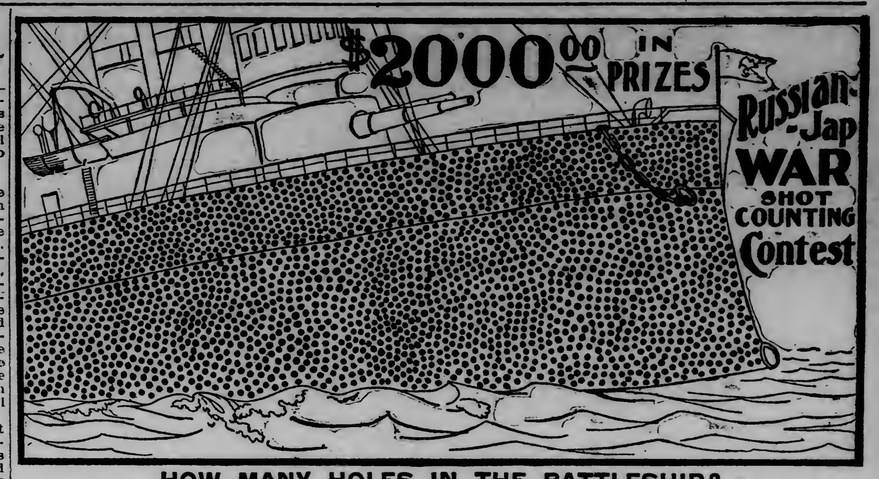
* * *

The Wells anti-bucketshop bill, which the house committee on general legislation reported to the house yesterday for passage, strikes at trading in futures on boards of trade as well as at actual bucketshopping methods. The house has already passed the Erickson bill, which simply hits at bucketshopping, and the senate will kill it. The senate has passed the bill leaving the matter in the hands of municipalities to legislate as they please.

* * *

The senate put in a long fight yesterday on the question of whether the state insurance commissioner is to get $3,600 or $4,500. The original bill, introduced along with one turning the fees into the state treasury, made it $5,000, but the finance committee voted to make it $4,500. A minority report came in from Senator Brower, recommending $3,600. Senator Laybourn presented the majority report. After a long and acrimonious debate, in which the members of the combine appeared pited against each other, the majority report went.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.



HOW MANY HOLES IN THE BATTLESHIP?

THE HOMEMAKER will give to those who can count the shell holes in this Battleship correctly or nearest correctly a valuable list of Prizes.

IF YOU COUNT AND PLAN YOU MAY WIN

This is not a lottery but a problem. The contest consists of counting the SHELL HOLES in the battleship. Every dot counts. Do not miss any. There are no shell holes below the water line. All of them are plainly seen. All are shown on this side of the Battle Ship. There is no deception or catch about this contest whatsoever. If you can count the holes or dots correctly and give a good plan of counting them YOU SHOULD WIN. You stand as good a chance as any one of winning. It is worth trying.

The list of prizes is large. They are worth working for. You have a large number of chances. You are as likely as anybody to get first, but if you don't get first Prize there are lots of other prizes worth having. It all depends upon you. IF YOU CAN COUNT AND THINK UP A GOOD PLAN YOU ARE LIKELY TO WIN.

Do not fail to get counts in AT ONCE because we offer an EXTRA CASH prize for early counts as follows:

$50.00 CASH EXTRA PRIZE to the person sending in the best count or plan by April 30th, now remember, if you send best count or plan before April 30, you get $50.00 extra which is IN ADDITION to the regular list of 39 prizes.

DOUBLE EXTRA PRIZE: We believe everybody should have three counts so they can have one each side of what they think is correct to be more sure to hit it. To encourage this we will give another $50.00 extra to winners of 1st Prizes if they have the three counts. Remember if you have one count you get 1st prize only, but if you have three counts you get $50.00 extra.

LIST OF PRIZES

1st Prize—$900 Piano
2nd Prize 500 Piano
3rd Prize 100 in cash
4th Prize 75 in cash
5th Prize Genuine Diamond Ring or Pin
6th Prize Solid Gold Watch and Chain (any style or movement)
7th Prize $50.00 Cash
8th Prize Genuine Diamond Ring or Pin (Diamond ½ size of 6th Prize)
9th Prize Gold filled Watch and Chain (any style or movement)
10th Prize Choice of high grade Sewing Machine or Bicycle (any style)
11th Prize $25.00 Cash
12th Prize Choice of Columbia Graphophone or 56 Piece China Dinner or Tea Set
13th Prize $15.00 Cash
14th Prize Choice of Upholstered Parlor Couch or Double Barrel Shot Gun
15th Prize $10.00 Cash
16th Prize Choice of 8 day Mantel Clock or set of one doz. Knives and Forks, Roger Bros. Silverware
17th Prize $5.00 in Cash
18th Prize $4.00 in Cash
19th Prize $3.00 in Cash
20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th 37th, 38th, 39th, $2.50 CASH EACH, making a total of 39 Grand Prizes, representing over $2,000 in cash and premium prizes.

CONDITIONS: Every count must be accompanied by subscription for THE HOMEMAKER, 50 cts, pays for one year and one count. $1.00 pays for two years and three counts. See conditions below.

CONDITIONS OF THIS CONTEST: 50 cents pays for one full year's subscription to THE HOMEMAKER and entitles you to one free count; $1.00 pays for two years and entitles you to three counts and makes you eligible for the special $50.00 Prize.

AWARDS will be made as follows: The person giving correct or nearest correct count will get first prize. Next nearest correct, second prize, etc. In case of a tie for any prize it will be awarded to the person giving best plan for counting the shell holes. In the event more than one person should submit the same plan and this was considered the best plan by the judges, each person so tieing will be asked to tell in 50 words how best to improve THE HOMEMAKER. The one making best suggestions will be awarded first prize, next best next, etc.

JUDGES. The awarding of the prizes in this contest will be entirely in the hands of a committee of three disinterested judges as follows: Rev. Dean Duffy of the Wabash Ave., Episcopal Church, 3417 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Dr. Chas. C. Smith, M. D. & D. S., 1084 North Clark St., Chicago, and Judge Willis Melville, Grossdale, Ill. The reputation and standing of these three professional men is irreproachable and absolutely insures the honest and fair distribution of the prizes. MOREOVER, no one living in Chicago or anyone connected in any way, shape or manner with THE HOMEMAKER or our publishing house will be permitted to even participate in this contest. We are bound that our contest must be absolutely fair.

OUR FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY as to whether we are abundantly able to do as we say and distribute the Prizes offered, we can refer you to any firm in Chicago. If you have some friend or relation in Chicago have them look us up. We can also refer to the publishers of this paper, to any of the large Mercantile Agencies of America. We are an old established Publishing House, incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois for $10,000.00. The total number of readers of our paper number 3,700,000. We will also state that we have distributed over $10,000.00 in Prizes during the past year. Our offer will be carried out to the letter. This contest closes June 30th, 1905, but get your counts in early.

READ THIS CAREFULLY

See extra $50.00 Prize offered to early counters before April 30th. Anybody having 3 counts entered may enter additional counts at 25c each. Be careful to give your plan of counting, as the best plan used will decide all ties. ANSWERS FROM PEOPLE LIVING IN CHICAGO POSITIVELY NOT ACCEPTED. NO COUNTS ACCEPTED WITHOUT SUBSCRIPTION. Do not delay. Get your counts in early. See extra $50.00 Prizes for early answers and to those having 3 counts registered. REMEMBER 50 cents pays for one year's subscription and one count free and $1.00 pays a two year subscription and three counts. Cut out and send subscription on blank below. Give your counts and plans on a separate sheet, with your name and address plainly written. Enclose all in the same envelope and address as follows:

THE HOMEMAKER,
Contest Dept. 190 63-69 Washington St., Chicago.

SUBSCRIPTION BLANK.

Publishers of THE HOMEMAKER, Chicago.

I enclose $.....for subscription to THE HOMEMAKER for .....year. Commence my subscription with the next issue and send Magazine to the following address:

NAME.....

P. O.....STATE.....

P. O. BOX, R. F. D., or STREET.....

THOSE WHO HAVE WON BEFORE

We have distributed over $10,000.00 in prizes during the past year. We publish as follows the names and addresses of a few only of the lucky persons who have won in our previous contests.

B. E. Thayer, Westboro, Mass., $50.00; L. B. Gardner, Atlantic, Iowa, $30.00; Mrs. Jennie Smith, Eden, Ohio, $25.00; E. B. Crocket, So. Paris, Maine, $20.00; John H. Benson, Mt. Morris, Mich., $15.00; Geo. O. Price, Owasso, Mo., $10.00; Miss Alva E. Lautenschlager, Carleton, Mich., $500 Piano; Mrs. A. B. Campbell, Jefferson, Iowa, $150.00; Jas. H. Evans, New Orleans, La., $50.00; Daniel R. Bush, Camden, N. J., diamond ring; Wm. N. Atkins, Suspension Bridge, N. Y., gold watch and chain; Wm. Cary, Bloom Springs, Ark., $25.00; A. Lee Boyd, Bristow, Ind. Ter., $100.00; Mrs. Becca Andrews Murray, Box 164, Kansa City, Kans., $50.00; Harry R. Shanil, Laura, Iowa, $10.00; Felix S. Salazar, St. Johns, Ariz., $10.00; Wm. H. Jackson, 80 Stuyvesant Ave., Arlington, N. J., $10.00; Mrs. F. O. Eyer, Bloomsburg, Pa., $10.00; Mrs. R. D. Woodworth, Geneva, Ohio, $10.00; Wm. Batten, Madison, Ohio, $16.66; Zena Ashford, Ashford, Wash., $16.66; J. O. Hoover, Chillicothe, Ohio, $16.66; Edmund Currier, Gardner, Mass., $16.66; Mrs. M. C. Womack, Hayford, Calif.

Mrs. Alva E. Lautenschlager, Carleton, Mich. Won $500 Piano.

Mr. Bertie E. Thayer, Westboro, Mass. Won $50.00 Cash Prize.

Mrs. A. B. Campbell, Jefferson, Iowa. Won $150.00 Cash Prize.

Wm. N. Atkins, Suspension Bridge, N. Y. Won Gold Watch & Chain.

These and many other prizes have been distributed by us all during the past year. If you doubt our honesty in the least or the fact that our contests are conducted absolutely fairly, you can write any of the persons whose name and address we give above and ask them if they did not receive the prizes stated. We can also furnish you the names of hundreds of our other prize winners, if you desire them.

Address all letters, subscriptions and counts to
THE HOMEMAKER, Contest Dept. 190 63-69 Washington Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

Settlers' Rates to Minnesota and Dakota.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis will place on sale each Tuesday during March and April very low rates for benefit of settlers to points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, etc. Through trains daily to St. Paul, making direct connections in Union depot with northern lines. No change of cars enroute.

Don't fail to consult Minneapolis & St. Louis agents before buying your ticket.

A. B. CUTTS,
G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

$32.90 to California.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell tickets from St. Paul to San Francisco, Los Angeles, and many other points in California, March 1 to May 15, 1905, at the low rate of $32.90. This rate applies via Kansas City, and tickets will be good in Pullman tourist sleeper for Los Angeles that leaves St. Paul every Tuesday at 8:30 a. m., and runs through via C. M. & St. P. R'y and Santa Fe system—the Sunshine Route. Write W. B. Nixon, Northwestern Passenger Agent, St. Paul, for further particulars.

Minneapolis & Return $5.75.

March 26th and 27th, the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Minneapolis and return for $5.75, account Grand Opera production of "Parsifal," good returning until March 29th. Arrangements are being made to have seats for this production on sale at city office, 332 West Superior street. Three trains daily, including famous Lake Superior Limited. Call early for full information.

"The Lanpher Hat"

As worn by the American Citizen.

$3.00

Head Dress of the Maharajah of Delhi.

The Lanpher is the foremost of all popular priced hats. Its Quality and Style will keep it there. All the newest shades and shapes.

Don't fail to see them.

ASK YOUR DEALER —INSIST.

DR. MITCHELL'S

Great Success In Curing the Deaf, Blind, Sick and the Lame, Has Made His Name Famous.

Mrs. Ella Dahl, 420 Ogden Avenue, Superior, Had Her Hearing Restored.

It is an every day occurrence with Dr. Mitchell to heal people who have been disappointed by failure of other methods. The attached letters come just as thousands of others during the past years, entirely unsolicited.

Superior, Wis., March 17, '05.

My Dear Doctor:

I feel it is due to your ability to acknowledge my obligation to you inasmuch you cured me of deafness and ringing in the ears. I had given up all hope of ever being able to hear again. I tried many doctors, without help. I did not understand Dr. Mitchell's treatment and did not believe in it, but a friend of mine who understood Dr. Mitchell's famous treatment, insisted on me going to see him, for which I shall always feel ever grateful. I want to say to any one who is suffering with deafness and ringing in the ears (like myself) they should go and consult Dr. Mitchell for his system is scientific and the only cure for deafness. I earnestly recommend anyone that is afflicted with any ear trouble to apply to Dr. Mitchell for I know he can treat them with perfect safety. Yours truly,

MRS. ELLA DAHL.

Mrs. E. Gordon of Forman, N. D., cured of stomach and kidney trouble.

Mr. Magnus Olson, 1113 Cox avenue, Duluth, was cured of rheumatism, kidney and stomach trouble, and his wife had a tumor of the womb removed by Dr. Mitchell's treatment. Mr. Olson had doctored for three years, had tried all medicines known without even getting relief. He will take no more medicine.

Sena Hagen, 2432 West Superior street, cured of rheumatism and kidney trouble.

Mr. Ely Lafave of Two Harbors, Minn., cured of stomach trouble and general breakdown of the entire system.

Capt. W. G. Govett of Stillwater, Minn., had his health restored by Dr. Mitchell.

Mrs. J. E. Close of 2824 West Third street, who had doctored for months without getting help, and had tried everything, given up all hope, decided to try Dr. Mitchell's treatment as a last resort. The treatment worked wonders for her, saved her life and restored her to health, and she gladly recommends this magnetic treatment to all her friends.

Join Dr. Mitchell's School of Healing. He will teach a few ladies and gentlemen.

Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. Sunday 11 to 12. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 8:30. Zenith 'phone 579-A.

SEVERAL CARS

Minnesota to Have Eleven For Epworth League Convention.

A Large Delegation Will Go From Duluth to Denver.

Bert Wheeler of Duluth has been named as a member of the transportation committee to look after the railroad end of the international convention of the Epworth league, which will be held in Denver, Col., beginning July 5, and coming to a close July 9. It is expected that about twenty delegates from this city will attend the meeting, but none of them have been chosen as yet.

"The plan of the transportation committee, so far as at present definitely determined upon," said Mr. Wheeler today, "is to leave Minneapolis at 9:30 o'clock Monday morning, July 3, on the Epworth special, to be provided for Minnesota delegates. The party will have daylight until within a few miles of Omaha and will see the light the next morning in the valley of the La Platte river. Nearly all of the forenoon and until arriving in Denver at 1:30 in the afternoon, will be among the foothills and asceding Rockies. The same day there will be sufficient time left to see at least something of picturesque Denver. The following forenoon may be spent in further sightseeing, as the convention does not open until 3 o'clock the afternoon of the 5th.

"We have already ordered a special equipment of eleven 16-section sleepers for the Minnesota delegation, and berth reservations are now being made for delegates and their friends. Most of these sleepers will start from Minneapolis and St. Paul, but at some points in the state where large parties are to be made up, cars will be set on the siding. Two or three of the Wisconsin districts will join the Minnesota contingent in the Twin Cities or at other convenient connections.

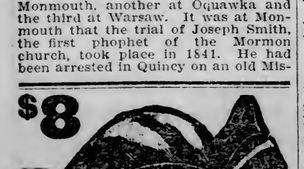
"In Denver, Minnesota and Wisconsin are expected to headquarter together in the Central Christian church, one of the finest buildings in the vicinity of the convention hall.

"For those who desire there will be side trips to Colorado Springs, Cripple Creek, Pike's Peak, Manitou and Garden of the Gods, and various other points of interest, while many of the delegates will go on hrough to the exposition at Portland."

TO RETURN TO ILLINOIS

Mormons To Come Back To Land Of Their Fathers.

Chicago, March 25.—A special to the Post from Bloomington, Ill., says: The Mormons have decided to come back to Illinois. At the meeting of the Illinois conference of the Mormon church, which has just closed in Warren county, it was decided to invade the land of their fathers, and three churches would be built—one at Monmouth, another at Oquawka and the third at Warsaw. It was at Monmouth that the trial of Joseph Smith, the first phophet of the Mormon church, took place in 1841. He had been arrested in Quincy on an old Missouri warrant charging arson, murder and other high crimes. Stephen A. Douglas, who afterward became the chief political rival of Abraham Lincoln, was the judge of the circuit court. The trial attracted crowds of Mormons. After lasting many days the trial ended in acquittal of Smith.



$8

We Guarantee Our Work.

JOHNSON & KAAKE.

CITY BRIEFS

Lawyers' briefs. North Land Printery.

William Clark and C. E. Danielson, two wrestlers from Central Wisconsin are in Duluth today looking for a chance to meet some local men. Clark is a heavyweight, weighing about 195 pounds, while Danielson is a middleweight, weighing 160 pounds.

Many inquiries have been received regarding the whist tournament to be held in the Commercial club rooms this evening, and it is believed that enough players for at least ten tables will be on hand to take part in it. Arrangements for that many are being made. The games are open to anyone who desires to play, whether they belong to the club or not.

Probate Judge Middlecoff has received notice from the superintendent of the state asylum for insane, at Fergus Falls, of the death in that institution, March 22, of Samuel Severson of this county. Severson was committed May 14, 1903.

Monday evening Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Walsh of 1719 West New street were given a surprise at their home, the occasion being the forty-fifth birthday of Mr. Walsh, who is a bookkeeper in the employ of the D. M. & N. R. R. A fine rocker was presented him. A piano and mandolin orchestra furnished music and dancing and card playing were the amusements of the evening.

Articles of incorporation of the Golden Rule Store company were filed with the county register of deeds today. The capital stock is $50,000 and the incorporators are Max Zaik, H. Y. Josephs, S. Buchman and S. Y. Josephs, all of Duluth.

Felix Zelpen of Duluth has filed a voluntary petition to be adjudged a bankrupt. According to the statement filed along with his petition, his debts amount to $1,766.07, his exempt assets amount to $597, and his other assets are $611.41.

Today is the last Saturday for a number of months that the employes in the customs office will have Saturday afternoons off. Beginning next Saturday they will keep the office open all day, and will do so throughout the navigation season.

During the past two weeks over 100 land patents have been received at the land office here.

At the Y. M. C. A. men's meeting tomorrow Fanny Crosby day will be observed by a special musical program, in which the blind hymn writer's songs will be used exclusively. There will be a vocal solo by Frank Maxwell. Rev. H. W. Johnson will address the meeting. His subject will be "Christ from the Standpoint of a Minister."

PERSONALS

Miss Grace St. Clair left today for Minneapolis, where she will attend grand opera.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hunter of Virginia were in the city for the Masonic opening last evening and will return tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Erd expect to leave tomorrow for Minneapolis.

H. B. Hoveland left for Chicago today.

B. S. Scribner left today for Eastern points.

A. Charles has gone to St. Paul.

Frederick W. McReynolds, a Washington, D. C., land attorney, is a visitor at the land office today.

WOULD HAVE MAN PRONOUNCED DEAD

La Porte, Ind., March 25.—A petition to have an alleged murdered man legally dead was filed today in La Porte circuit court. Fifteen years ago William Crawford, a native of La Porte, was a wealthy cattleman in Wyoming. He disappeared, Jan. 26, 1892, authorities at Evanston, Wyo., relatives and friends, having become convinced he had been lured away and murdered by enemies. Proof was lacking and the body was never found. Mrs. Hannah Crawford, mother of the missing man, died here this week leaving a large estate. In order to settle the estate it is necessary to have her son declared legally dead.

Improved Service to Kansas City and California.

Through palace sleeping cars will leave St. Paul at 9 a. m., Minneapolis, 9:35 a. m., except Sundays, making connection in Kansas City Union depot with the "California Limited" and the "Golden State Limited" trains. This is the only line operating sleeping cars connecting with the California Limited trains. For ticket and berth reservations, call at Minneapolis & St. Louis ticket offices.

A big locomotive is a beautiful piece of machinery, but it becomes useful and profitable—a "thing of life"—only when supplied with fuel and water. A great store is much like it. It "runs" only when the motive power is supplied—advertising. This applies to little locomotives and little stores, too.

IS TWICE STOLEN

Police Confronted By Queer Tale of a Double Theft.

Three Twenty Dollar Bills Are Stolen From a Thief.

This is the tale of three twenty dollar bills, and the adventures through which they passed in twelve short hours. Incidentally it relates one of the most peculiar mix-ups with which the police department was ever confronted.

Yesterday Charles Johnson came to the city from the woods, with $120 in his possession, which represented about four months of hard labor. He fell in with some friends and about 5 o'clock in the evening was feeling as if he owned the Pennsylvania railroad, and had John D. Rockefeller for a valet. One of the members of the party had a room on West Michigan street, and here the five companions adjourned for an after session. The operation known as "rushing the can" was accomplished several times, and Johnson fell into a deep sleep.

This morning he awoke and found that he possessed only a little over $50. Estimating what he had spent, he arrived at the conclusion that he had been "rolled" for $60.

The whole party immediately set out for police headquarters where they told their story. The police took two of the men, Alfred Peterson and the man who owned the room, into the back part of the station and made a thorough search of their clothing. Peterson had about $75 in his possession, but he had a bank book which showed where he had drawn that amount yesterday. The other man also had a roll, but it was also accounted for by a bank book.

Finally all went out. The police told Johnson they would do their best for him, but they did not hold out much hope of finding the money.

"What chance have we got to do anything for you?" asked one of the officers. "You come in here, get drunk, and lie around in a hotel where any one of a hundred men might have robbed you and no one have been the wiser?"

About an hour later a man, whose name the police do not care to divulge, came into police headquarters.

"Was there a party of five men in here a little while ago?" he asked.

"Yes," replied the officer in charge.

"Did you search one of the men on suspicion?"

"We did."

"Well, I met them down the street here in a saloon and he told me that when he came in the door of the station he threw three twenty-dollar bills behind the radiator in the hall. He said it was his own money that he had been carrying in his pocket all winter, but he said that he was afraid he would be searched and that he would not be able to account for it satisfactorily. He wanted me to come up here and get it for him."

Instantly there was a dash for the radiator, but the entire hall was swept clean but not a trace of the money could be found. "Who has been in here since these fellows were?" asked Chief Troyer.

It developed that probably a score of persons had visited the station since the men left. The different officers furnished a list of most of them and detectives were immediately sent out to look them up.

An officer was then sent out to arrest Peterson who was the man that had told the story of throwing the bills behind the radiator. He was soon found and again brought in to headquarters. For a time he stuck to the story he had told, claiming it was his own money, and that he had thrown it way, fearing it would be stolen.

"If you would tell that yarn to a jackass, the jackass would kick your brains out," said one of the officers, when Peterson had finished his tale.

Finally after he had been put through a severe cross-examination the officers state that he gave up and confessed the whole story, admitting that he stole the money from Johnson, and had thrown it behind the radiator, hoping to be able to come back and get it. He was locked up in headquarters and will be arraigned in the municipal court for a preliminary examination on a grand larceny charge.

Meanwhile the three twenty-dollar bills which have been stolen twice within twelve hours, are still missing. The police have no clue to their whereabouts. Any one of the score or so of persons who were in the station at the time may have seen the man throw the money away and pick it up, or again one of the many patrolmen who passed through the hall might have committed the act, although Chief Troyer is loath to place any faith in this theory. Some of the outsiders were standing about in the hall for a considerable length of time, and suspicion fastens on them. The police are making every effort to run down all these visitors, and if possible locate the much stolen money.

Success of Wireless Telegraphy.

A few months ago scientists were telling us that wireless telegraphy was an impossibility, but experiments have been so successful that the navy wants to equip sixty stations on our coasts for this form of communication. The day for doubting its success is now of the past, as is also the day for doubting the ability of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters to cure stomach, liver and kidney disorders. Its fifty years' experience has clearly proven its ability and today it is the most popular family medicine in existence. It positively cures spring fever, sick headache, sleeplessness, impure blood, torpid liver, constipated bowels, dyspepsia, indigestion, chills, colds, la grippe and malaria. Try a bottle and test it for yourself. Our Private Stamp is over the neck of the genuine.

NOTICE.

We are ready for business. Anybody desiring to borrow money on watches, diamonds and all articles of value, come to the old reliable loan office, where your valuables are safe, and where we have a fire and burglar-proof vault. Remember the place.

KEYSTONE LOAN AND MERCANTILE CO., 16 West Superior Street.

DINE TOMORROW NIGHT AT HOTEL SUPERIOR

The attendance is constantly increasing—a sure and convincing proof of excellence and enjoyment. Music by Howell's orchestra.

Street Cars Direct to the Hotel.

DIPLOMAS GIVEN

To Graduates of United States Medical School By President.

Extols Virtues of Profession to Twenty-Three Young Doctors.

Washington, March 25.—President Roosevelt presented diplomas today to the class graduated from the United States medical school, at exercises held in the hall of the national museum. He addressed a large audience and delivered a message to twenty-three newly made doctors on the responsibilities of the service they have entered. The president drove to the museum from the White House. He entered the hall on the arm of the surgeon general of the navy and was warmly applauded. After music by the United States military band and an invocation by Rev. Dr. John M. Schick of the Grace Reformed church of this city, the president was introduced by Medical Director R. A. Marmion, president of the faculty of the naval medical school.

As the names were called the diplomas were handed to the president, who in turn, presented them to the graduates and at the same time gave each one a cordial handclasp. The diplomas became mixed and the president entered heartily into the search for the right sheepskin. After that he took all of the remaining diplomas in one arm and called the names himself.

The family doctor was eulogized by the president in the opening of his remarks as one for whom everybody encourages the greatest intimacy and affection. The duties of the naval doctors, the president said, enabled them to be of advantage to their "stay-at-home" brethren in the opportunity they have for the study of tropical diseases. The absence of proper utensils with which to work was mentioned by the president as an inconvenience that will often hamper them in their work.

"You have a double standard of honor to uphold," said the president, "that of doctor and an officer of the navy." Continuing, he said the responsibilities that rest upon the naval doctor admit of nothing but the highest of words in time of war. He said he was not competent to talk of their professional duties, but that he wanted to repeat that if war comes, it is almost certain to find the medical profession unprepared, and this will entail greater trials to those at the front.

"Do your best if you have nothing but a jackknife to do it with," he admonished. He said that it would not do to wait for proper materials as often times only makeshifts were at hand. He said he had seen such conditions himself at San Juan, where doctors and surgeons worked hours over operating tables, with instruments not suited to the needs and with eyes that told of trials and lack of rest. It is such conditions that test the mettle of the surgeon, the president said, and he urged each member of the class to be prepared.

"It would be foolish to shriek at the person in charge of the government if war should come and the nation not found to be ready, continued the president, and he asked everyone to reflect that it would be really a lack of foresight of the national legislature that is to blame. He added that whatever the unpreparedness, the doctors themselves would do much by self preparation to make their work tell.

After the president concluded addresses were made by President Welch of the medical department of the Johns Hopkins collge of Baltimore and Medical Director R. A. Marmion.

CALL ON BANKS

For Money Not To Be Made At Present.

Washington, March 25.—Secretary of the Treasury Shaw stated today that he had no present intention of making another call on national bank depositories. It is generally understood at the treasury department, however, that should there be a plentora of money later in the spring or summer so that a withdrawal could be had without causing any disturbance in the market, $15,000,000 or $20,000,000 might be called in as a prevention against a possible stringency in September or October. No consideration, however, has been given to the subject.

CHILD MURDERED

And Blood Used By Cuban Witch Doctor.

Havana, March 25.—Zoila Sanchez, a child of Francisco and Anna Peres de Sanchez, 20 months old, disappeared Nov. 10, 1904, from its home on the outskirts of Guira de Melena, a town thirty-five miles from Havana. On Nov. 26 the body of Zoila was found in a thicket near the Zaniga farm.

It is known that several negro witch doctors were practicing their rites in the community. Investigation resulted in the arrest of twelve persons of both sexes and the detention of 125 witnesses.

Domingo Boucourt, an old African negro of powerful physique, is the chief witch doctor, and he is accused of having planned the murder. The death penalty is asked for Boucourt, Juana and Pablo Tabares, Adela Luis, Molina, Ponce and Amro, and seventeen years' imprisonment for Jorge Cardenas, Damazo Amiro, Laureano Diaz, Martinez Pilar, Hernandez and Jacobo Arenal, as accessories before and after the deed.

LOOKING TO PEACE

A Private Informal Conference Has Already Occurred.

To Bring Out the Views Of Both Belligerents.

Paris, March 25.—It is said in quarters having excellent means of information, that Russia's step towards peace have already taken a tentative form, at a private conference held within recent days at one of the small capitals of Europe. The purpose of this appears to have been to bring together personages representing both sides, neither having credentials to discuss formal terms of peace, but to informally examine what each side expected, and what tentative basis seemed possible. The nature of this exchange does not warrant its being called a definite peace movement, but it is understood to have given each side an opportunity to judge the view of the other, and it has been clearly shown Russia's disposition towards peace.

There is reason to believe that both St. Petersburg and Tokio know the results of this conversation, and that it is the basis of the renewed St. Petersburg reports that peace is imminent. However, the discussion does not seem to have resulted in much progress, as everything awaits Russia's willingness to adopt public and official steps to secure peace. In this contention it is said that practically all Europe has lately urged Emperor Nicholas to make peace, the king of Portugal being the latest to make an appeal. This pressure from Europe, together with the military and financial reverses, appears to have influenced Emperor Nicholas to try to secure some acceptable settlement.

Owing to the growing definiteness of the peace reports, officials and diplomats here are discussing how St. Petersburg and Tokio will be able to treat directly while the usual channels of communication are severed. It is said this is likely to occur by a meeting in a neutral capital, similar to the informal meeting already held. Mention is made of Stockholm and Copenhagen as advantageous points. Such a method of direct communication is now considered more likely than through the medium of the French minister at Tokio. It is officially asserted that the latter has not yet been asked to act in any peace capacity.

Discount on the bourse today went up 2 per cent in anticipation of heavy demands for money in connection with the proposed Russian loan.

Washington, March 25.—When the dispatch from St. Petersburg regarding peace was shown the diplomat on whose authority the Associated Press on March 9 announced from Washington that the Russian emperor knew the general terms on which Japan would conclude peace, he said:

"The source of my original information on the subject was a high one, but it is gratifying to receive this confirmation. The European powers, notably France, have for some time been endeavoring to find out on what terms Japan would accept peace. These have been ascertained in a general way and have been communicated to St. Petersburg. The czar called his war council on March 14, the emperor knew these terms and doubtless communicated them to his ministers.

"The reason for Japan's apparent reticence regarding the opening of peace negotiations is not due, as far as I can learn, to a desire to continue the war, but is because the Tokio government wishes to be certain that Russia is progressing to peace negotiations in good faith and is not playing for time as she did in the negotiations prior to the war."

PROSPECTS OF SEA FIGHT

Has Transferred Public Interest From the Battlefield.

St. Petersburg, March 25, 6 p. m.—Although public interest in the war has suddenly been transferred from the battlefield in Manchuria to the Indian ocean by the possibility of a great naval conflict between Admiral Rojestvensky and Admiral Togo, and despite reports that scouting vessels have already been engaged near the island of Mauritius, the admiralty declines to display any excitement. Indeed, the tranquility manifested is quite unnatural except on the theory that pending the prospects of peace negotiations, Admiral Rojestvensky has received orders to keep out of the way of the Japanese. Although without direct advices the admiralty does not credit the report of the meeting of scouting vessels off Mauritius. The same thing holds good in regard to the report of the sinking of the Russian battleships Sissoi Veliky and Nvarin, which it is declared was probably an arrant invention. It can be asserted, however, that the report that Admiral Rojestvensky is awaiting Admiral Nebogatoff's division to strengthen his fleet is incorrect. The vessels of Nebogatoff's division are not of the same type or speed as Rojestvensky's and are only intended to trail behind as a convoy to protect the fleet of colliers.

Hutchinson Loss Adjusted.

The amount of the loss on the steamer Hutchinson, which went on a rock five miles from Eagle River a year ago last fall, has been adjusted. At the time of the accident she was on her way down from Duluth bound for Buffalo with 187,000 bushels of flaxseed on board. The cost of repairing the hull after the accident was $84,703.09, the loss on the cargo was $107,215.14 and other damages amounted to $47,072.70, making a grand total of loss $237,990.93.

Be Wise!

Don't let them fool you on quality.

Sherwin-Williams Paint Leads Them All.

Northwestern Paint Co.,

323 West First Street.

Both Phones.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Maurice Barrymore Passes Away In Long Island Sanitarium.

New York, March 25.—Maurice Barrymore, the actor, died today at a sanitarium at Amityville, L. I.

Mr. Barrymore had been in failing health for several years. Of late he failed rapidly in mind as well as in body and his last years were spent in the closet seclusion.

Mr. Barrymore came of English parents in India, fifty-eight years ago. His real name, Herbert Blyeth, probably was known to comparatively few of the thousands who knew him as one o fthe most popular actors on the American stage. Educated at Cambridge, in England, young Blyeth early prepared himself for the civil service in India and later took up the profession of law. He was admitted to the bar but soon forsook that pursuit for the dramatic stage. His first public appearance in America was at Boston in 1875 and since that time he had a leading part in many of the great successes of the stage.

He was at various times leading man for Modjeska and Lily Langtry, and in many other prominent companies. Mr. Barrymore also was well known as an actor and playwright.

In 1892 Mr. Barrymore married Georgie Drew, a daughter of Mrs. John Drew, and sister of John Drew, the well known actor. Ethel Barrymore, the actress, was his daughter and John and Lionel Barrymore, his sons.

His breakdown took place about four years ago while playing at a theater in this city when he suddenly lost his lines and began to talk incoherently.

Milwaukee, March 25.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Kenosha, Wis., says: Weltha Hyde French, aged 88 years, one of the pioneer women of Kenosha, died at her home here after a long illness. She was the widow of Haynes French and one o fthe few surviving original daughters of the American revolution.

Marinette, Wis., March 25.—Andrew C. Meryman of the Hamilton & Meryman Lumber company, this city, died yesterday at Eureka, Cal. His estate is valued at several millions. Mr. Meryman was 74 years old. The funeral will take place in Marinette next Friday.

Washington, March 25.—Senor Don Manuel De Asprioz, Mexico's first ambassador to the United States, died yesterday afternoon at the Mexican embassy at 10 minutes to 5 o'clock, surorunded by the members of his family. Although a sick man since last fall, the ambassador's death was due to a relapse caused by exposure on inauguration day.

FUGITIVE IOWAN

Will Be Brought Back From Mexico.

Eldora, Iowa, March 25.—D. R. Wilson, the fugitive Shenandoah jeweler and music dealer, who ran off with some $40,000 to Mexico, is in custody at Monterey, Mexico, and will be brought back to Page county by the sheriff.

Although Wilson lived like a lord and drove fine horses and lived in Shenandoah many years, it was only a few days before his departure that persons began to suspect that all was not right. His plan was simple. Being a cripple, he worked upon the feelings of some of the Shenandoah bankers and merchants and secured much financial aid and assistance. He sold many pianos, discounted the notes at the banks, until he worked up a large business. He quit the sale of pianos, but seemed to have the notes to sell just the same.

After his departure it was discovered that many of the notes were forgeries, and men who had befriended him found that even the bills due the wholesale houses for pianos sold were not paid. Bankers and farmers are the heaviest losers. He had a summer home, a groom to care for his horses and lived in luxury.

LEE OF ADA

Knocks Out Sheriff and Jumps From Train.

Ada, Minn., March 25.—George Lee, who has resided in Ada from boyhood, was arrested by Sheriff Peterson last night on complaint of his wife for desertion. Lee had been away from Ada for a short time and was home on a visit with his parents. On this account the sheriff was lenient and allowed him more than the usual liberty. Lee took advantage of this and boarded the 10:45 southbound passenger train for a different clime.

The sheriff also happened to be a passenger on the same train. Noticing his prisoner taking French leave he attempted to rearrest him and with the assistance of another citizen to put his prisoner off the train at Borup and return with him to Ada. The sheriff made a miscalculation, for Lee, who is six feet tall and wiry, knocked both the sheriff and his assistant out in the first round and as the train started again, got aboard.

The sheriff also managed to make the train, but Lee dodged him till the train was going at full speed, when he deliberately opened the car door and jumped off. An extra effort will be made to locate Lee, who is thought to be headed for Dakota.

AN OPPORTUNITY

For Ambitious Clothing Men!

A large wholesale clothing house stands ready to back up the right parties in establishing stores in all large cities. An excellent opportunity for managers or clerks of experience. Large capital not necessary. Address, giving full particulars

Promotion Department,

LORD & THOMAS,

Advertising Agents,

CHICAGO, ILL.

Homeseekers' Excursions

To points in Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba, the Northern Pacific railway will sell Homeseekers' tickets at one fare, plus $2.00, every Tuesday during March, April, May and June.

On first and third Tuesdays, same months, will sell similar tickets to all points in West and Southwest. For further information as to rates and tickets, call at City Ticket office, 332 Superior street.

When you consider how vitally the lives of men and women are affected by the problems of wheat, and where to buy—you can realize the possibilities of newspaper advertising; the only kind of advertising that helps them, to any extent, in solving these problems.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John B. Thompson and Amelia Engdahl.
Albert D. Goodman of Ramsey county and Henrietta Cook.

BIRTHS.

DREWETT—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. James E. Drewett of 1123 East Fifth street, March 23.

ECKHOLM—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eckholm of 323 South Seventeenth avnue east, March 23.

LA PLANTO—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Michael La Planto of 1012 West Second street, March 22.

McINTOSH—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. McIntosh of 6120 Cody street, March 18.

SETHER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Sether of 3809 West Fifth street, March 21.

HOSMER—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Hosmer of 1922 West Michigan street, March 20.

McDONALD—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Angus McDonald of 329 Fifty-seventh avenue west, March 21.

SWENSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Swenson of 125 Sixtieth avenue west, March 20.

SNITZEN—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Snitzen of 109 Second alley east, March 21.

THOMPSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson of 20 East Fourth street, March 22.

ANDERSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Aron Anderson of 1717 East Fifth street, March 24.

MOODY—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Moody of 6 East Seventh street, March 24.

JOHNSON—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Johnson of 219 Nineteenth avenue west, March 23.

DEATHS.

MAYER—Mrs. J. B. Mayer of Floodwood, aged 34 years, died Thursday noon at St. Luke's hospital. The funeral will be held at Carlton, Monday at 1 o'clock.

ANDERSON—Mrs. Johanna Anderson, aged 42 years, died March 24 at 27 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Margaret Arsneau, stone foundation and addition to house on Second street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues east, to cost	$800
Frank T. Johnson, frame building on Twenty-eighth avenue west between Third and Fourth streets, to cost	1,200
Julius Brasgald, brick addition to building on Sixty-second avenue west, between Bristol and Gosfield streets, to cost	$500
H. Bevier, frame kitchen on Michigan street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth avenues west, to cost	40
Charles Schell, frame barn on Fourth street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues west, to cost	100
Howard Investment company, two frame dwellings on First street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth avenues west, to cost each	1,000
Howard Investment company, four frame dwellings on Fourth street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth avenues east, to cost, each	1,000

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

Apply Satin Skin Cream before exposure to wind, cold or sun. Prevents burning, chaps, irritation. 25c.

FOR SALE—A NEW SMITH-PREMIER typewriter at a bargain. C. 8, Herald.

LOST—BETWEEN LAKEWOOD AND New Duluth, keys to the insurance and real estate offices of Little & Nolte. Reward.

WANTED — A NICE ROOM WITH OR without board by single gentleman, with references. C 12, Herald.

"The Penn Is Mightier Than the Sword"

The Penn issues an honest policy, makes an Equitable distribution of surplus annually, and does *not* insist on the horns and hoofs (*and other surplus*) going with the Hyde. Insure your life in the Penn.

PINEO & CO., 408 Burrows Bldg.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Market Started Out Lower But Had a Sharp Bulge.

Flax Trading Was Dull and the Market Lower.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 25.—At the opening this morning there seemed to be every reason to look for another severe break in wheat. The weather everywhere was just what would be wanted to be favorable to wheat growing. Kansas City reported 116 cars of wheat on track there from yesterday that could not be sold then, and Minneapolis cars were reported at 295. This last was the main influence controlling in the Northwest. But the break at the opening was only ¼c in Duluth and ⅜c in Minneapolis, and there was heavy buying on that. Later came the news that Minneapolis cars had been returned 190 too high, and this stiffened the market quickly. The strong buying on the break led some to believe that some interests in Minneapolis were aware of the mistake that had been made.

Liverpool closed ⅛@¼d higher, Paris unchanged to ⅛c lower, and Berlin ⅛c lower. Broomhall estimates the world's shipments to be reported Monday at 10,000,000 bus. Australian shipments this week have been 981,000 bus., against 640,000 bus., last week, and 672,000 bus. last year. Minneapolis stocks this week decreased 438,547 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 16, against 38 last year, and at Minneapolis 195, against 183 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 211, against 221 last year. Chicago received 12, against 17 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 351,150 bus., last year 315,597 bus. Shipments 231,856 bus., last year, 324,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 79,000 bus.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. In the Chicago market May corn closed ¼@⅜c higher. May oats closed ⅛@¼c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 673,640 bus., last year 359,440 bus. Shipments 522,472 bus., last year 219,315. Clearances were 299,000 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active. The opening was ¼c lower for May at $1.07 and the market advanced ¼c in the first twenty minutes. It then slipped back to $1.07-1⅛ at 10 and pulled to $1.07⅝ at 10:55. It sold off to $1.07⅜ at 11:50 and closed there, an advance over yesterday of ⅜c. The July option gained ¾-¼c, closing at $1.05½-¾.

Cash wheat was unchanged at 1c under May for No. 1 northern.

Flax was dull and ranged from $1.37½ asked to $1.35 bid with but one or two sales. The close was $1.35. This was 2c under yesterday.

Oats had a decline of 2c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat to arrive—No. 1 northern, $1.06⅜. On track—No. 1 northern, $1.06⅜; No. 2 northern, $1.00¾-1.04¼. Durum No. 1, 93c; No. 2, 92c; May, $1.07⅝; July, $1.05½-¾; Sept., 88c. Flax to arrive, $1.35; on track, $1.35; May, $1.35. Oats to arrive, 29½c; on track, 29½c. Rye to arrive, 77c; on track, 77c. Barley, feed, 33@37c; malting, 37@41c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 16, last year 38; oats 14, flax 3, last year 32.

Receipts: Wheat, 10,510; oats, 63,424; barley, 2,779; flax, 5,260.

Shipments: Wheat, 6,739.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 3 wheat, 1 car	95¼
No. 3 wheat, 1 car	$1.00¾
Oats, 1 car No. 3 white	29¾
Flax, 1 car	1.37¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Higher Liverpool Prices Strengthen Wheat Market.

Chicago, March 25.—Higher prices at Liverpool had a strengthening effect on the wheat market here today. Trading, however, was very quiet. Fear of a vigorous bull campaign in the May delivery held the bears in check. May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at $1.12⅜ to $1.12⅝. After selling at $1.12⅜, the price rallied again to $1.12⅝. July opened a shade to ⅛@⅜c up at 93½c to 93¾c, sold off to 93⅛c and then steadied around 93½c. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 323 cars, against 276 cars last week and 239 cars a year ago.

May again showed signs of congestion, advancing easily on the least demand. From $1.13 the price advanced to $1.14 without a single trade. In sympathy July advanced to 93⅝c. Later the May option eased off on selling by commission houses, but a firm tone prevailed at the close. Final quotations on May showed a gain of ⅞c, at $1.13⅜. July was up ⅜c, at 93⅛@⅝c.

Clear weather brought out moderate selling of corn resulting in an easier market. May opened unchangd to a shade lower at 48⅝c to 48⅝@⅝c, sold off to 48⅜@½c and then rallied to 48⅝c. Local receipts were 425 cars, with 25 of contract grade.

Corn was in better demand during the last half of the session, but offerings were small. The market closed firm at the highest point of the day with May up ¼@⅜c at 49c.

Moderate liquidation caused an easier tone in oats. The volume of business was very light. May opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 36⅝c to 36¾c and sold off to 36½c. Local receipts were 243 cars.

Smaller receipts of live hogs gave some strength to provisions. Trading, however, was almost at a standstill. May pork was up 5c at $12.87½. Lard was up 2½@5c to 6c@7½c at $7.1½ to $7.30. Ribs were 2½c higher at $6.95@6.97½.

Close: Wheat—May, $1.13⅜; July, 90¾@⅞c; September, 84⅝@⅞c. Corn—March, 47¾c; May, 49c; July, 49¼c; September, 49¼@⅝c. Oats—March, 30½@⅝c; May, 30½@⅝c; July, 29⅝@⅝c; September, 29½@⅝c. Pork—May, $12.77½@12.80; July, $12.92½@12.95. Lard—March, $7.02½; April, $7.07½; May, $7.15@7.17½. Ribs—May, $6.97½; July, $7.17½; September, $7.32½; October, $7.32½@7.35. Rye—March, 78¼c; May, 78½@80c; September, 69@69c. Flax—Cash northwestern, $1.35; southwestern, $1.33; May, $1.23; March, $1.23. Clover—March, $13.35. Barley—Cash, 40@49. Timothy—March, $2.99@3; April, $2.96@3. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, $1.13½@1.15; 3 red, $1.05@1.12; 2 hard, $1.11½@1.13½; 3 hard, $1.03@1.09; 1 northern, $1.13½@1.15½; 2 northern, $1.03@1.12½; 3 spring, $1.06@1.10. Oats—No. 2, 31c; 3, 30½c. Corn—No. 2, 48⅝@⅝c; 3, 47¾@⅝c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Aside from some little early hesitation our market ruled and showed strength throughout the session. The weather is still some factor in this market The crop must be making rapid progress under present conditions, but as we have pointed, it is not always safe to discount growing crop. It is unreasonable to expect a continuation of this selling when the new crop is still an uncertainty. An unfavorable term in the temperature or complaints of dry weather would cause a stampede among the short interest.

Corn—Trade in this cereal showed much the same confident buying noted in yesterday's market. Trade showed some decrease but it was still a big market at every appearance of excellent support. Cash markets continue to show some little improvement. The last two or three days' shipments have been larger, which is a very encouraging feature. All things considered the market acts well and shows considerable snap.

Oats—Trade in this market shows no improvement. It is a discouraging outlook with trade narrow. We see no immediate prospect of improvement.

Provisions—Trade in this market shows absolutely no improvement. It is still narrow and almost altogether professional. Packers were not in evidence today. The action of the market seems to indicate they are inclined to stand off and give the market support only when it is absolutely necessary. Meanwhile the cash situation shows some little improvement. The general situation is still unchanged.

* * *

B. E. Baker's Chicago grain letter: Wheat—Firmness was characteristic of all deliveries with noted strength in the May. The turn was largely reactionary as there was light in the news differing materially from that of the past few days, with the exception of advices from a Minneapolis interest which stated that flour sales the past week have been very satisfactory, exceeding the total of the corresponding period of a year ago. Crop reports were satisfactory. There was a hint, however, of possible damage from fly in Nebraska when the weather became warm enough to develop the eggs, which are now said to be in the West. The May was strong at outside points, particularly Minneapolis. It is possibly that the strength here was due, in part, to the press dispatches relative to the alleged intentions of the bull party. Estimated receipts for Monday, 90 cars.

Corn—Moderate buying, coupled with small offerings, resulted in a firm market, with an advancing tendency. Receipts are already hedged in the pit and country offerings being next to nothing there is no pressure on the market from cash sources. The estimate of 550 cars for Monday is small when it is understood that it includes Sunday inspection on three roads. The weather today is clear throughout the belt, with indications of unsettled conditions within the next twenty-four hours. We firmly believe corn should be bought at these prices.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The decline according to seaboard advices has brought in many new inquiries and should the price decline further for any reason, heavy acceptances would follow. There was rumors that the bull element in Chicago May were still intact, and that easier markets were apparent for the present to encourage short selling. Country advices were to the effect that adverse weather had prvent farm work and seeding is not likely to be earlier than usual. Winter wheat advices not regarded as bearish today. There was undoubtedly considerable short covering as there will be whenever reference is made to shortage in our supplies. Buy Minneapolis Many and July or Chicago July on recessions. Think purchases will eventually show good returns. The big millers are bullish and not attempting to keep production of flour down to shipping orders. The Commercial West say there is splendid demand from outside mills for cash wheat and the general statistic situation is something to be watched closely. Supplies for only four months against five months of demands.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	$1.07¼A	$1.10⅜	$1.12-⅜	$1.11A
High	1.07⅜	1.11¼	1.14	1.11
Low	1.07	1.09⅝	1.12¾	1.10⅜
Close	1.07⅜B	1.10⅞-11B	1.13⅜	1.11B
Close 24	1.07¼	1.10½	1.12½	1.10¾
July—				
Open	1.05A	1.05⅝	95⅜-½	95¼A
High	1.05⅞B	1.07⅜	90¾	95⅜-½
Low	1.04⅝A	1.06¼	90¼	94⅜-⅝
Close	1.05¼-⅜	1.07¼A	90¾-⅞	95⅜B
Close 24	1.05¼	1.06⅜	90⅜-½	94⅞

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	30¾	48⅝-¾@48⅝	$12.87
High	30¾	49	12.87
Low	29½	48¾-½	12.77-80
Close	30½-¾	49A	12.77-80

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 25.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.10⅞@1.11; July, $1.07¼; September, 89¾c; No. 1 hard, $1.14¾; No. 1 northern, $1.12¾; No. 2 northern, $1.08.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 25.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.11; July, 86¾c; September, 88c. Corn—May, 54⅝c; July, 54½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 25.—Close: Wheat—Spot steady: No. 1 California, 6s 10d; futures steady; May, 6s 8¼d; July, 6s 8¾d; September, 6s 8¾d. Corn—Spot firm; American mixed new, 4s 4¼d; American mixed old, 4s 11d; futures quiet, March, 4s 3¾d; May, 4s 4¾d.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	27
Dairies, fancy	22
Renovated	24

EGGS.

Fresh	15

CHEESE.

Twins, full and cream	15
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, Young America	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	15
Limberger, full cr'm cheese	15
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	14
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SYRUP.

Vermont, per lb	12½
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts	50
Brazils, per lb	10
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12½

FRUITS.

Apples	3 00 @ 3 25
Cranberries, per bl	7 00 @ 7 50
Grape fruit	5 50
California naval oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 35
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 50
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 25

VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, per bus	1 25
Lettuce, leaf, per box	60
Beets, cwt	1 65
Green onions	20
Spinach, bus	1 65
Potatoes, per bus	33
Mushrooms	90
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 25 @ 2 50
Celery, per doz	1.00
Turnips	80
Cabbage, per cwt	1 25

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6

DRESSED POULTRY.

Spring chickens	15
Hens	15
Ducks	15
Turkeys	20
Geese	13

MEATS.

Beef	6 @ 8
Mutton	8½
Lard	7¼
Pork loins	10½
Veal	8

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	2 50
Fruit juice	5 00
Duffy cider	3 50

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 25.—Butter, firm; receipts, 2,903; street prices, extra creamery, 29½c; official prices creamery, common to extra, 26@29c; held, common to extra, 29@27½c; state dairy, common to extra, 19@28c. Cheese, firm, unchanged; receipts, 1,077; weekly exports, 10,758. Eggs, firm, unchanged; receipts, 14,089.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 25.—Butter, firm; creameries 20@27c; dairies, 18@23c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 26¼c. Cheese firm; daisies, 13@13½c; twins, 12@14c; Young Americas, 13½c.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Long Lost Survey Book Is Found at St. Ignace.

St. Ignace—While examining the old papers and books filed in his father's office, Myron E. Chamberlain of St. Ignace ran across a book of field notes that proved to be the county's copy of the original survey of certain towns in Mackinac. This book was supposed to be lost. Its disappearance occasioned much comment, and last year the board of supervisors ordered a copy from the state records at Lansing, its committee of investigation failing to find the book or to determine what person last had possession of it. The book was found in a desk used by ex-County Surveyor B. E. Cubley, whose death occurred last week. Mr. Chamberlain at once reported his find, and just as he did so the new copy arrived from Lansing.

Menominee—Eleven wildcats were killed in Stephenson township of Menominee county last week. Nine were bagged by Melville Alfred and William Parrett, and the others by Louis Vandervest.

A. L. Sawyer, one of the field agents of the Menominee Sugar company, is home from a trip through the western part the Oconto and Shawano counties in Wisconsin. He visited the Keshena Indian reservation and had a talk with Agent Freeman regarding the possibility of interesting the Indians in getting into the fields to cultivate the sugar beets, thus helping to solve the labor problem. Agent Freeman thought the plan practicable, saying that there are fully 1,500 Indians on the reservation and that he thought one-half of them would take up the work. If the Indians will turn in as promised, the sugar beet culture will be given a big impetus in the immediate region of their reservation, as heretofore the labor problem has always been a vexatious one.

Sault Ste. Marie—Residents of Algonquin have petitioned for an extension of the street car line at the Soo, and assert that the proposed extension would pay from the start. It is estimated that in the vicinity of Algonquin there are over 1,000 people, and it is claimed that with trolley facilities the region would become popular as a residence district.

Manistique—A bond issue for the purpose of securing funds for the construction of waterworks and sewerage systems is proposed at Manistique. A special act of the legislature is necessary and has been requested by unanimous vote of the common council. It is expected the bonding proposition will be submitted at the April election.

GOLD FILLING

In Tooth May Identify Remains of Man.

Winnipeg, Man., March 25.—Corporal Schultz and other members of the mounted police at Red Deer, Alberta, are making an investigation of human bones, found some days ago, on the banks of the Red Deer river at what is known as the Canyon.

The remains consist of the bone of a leg, several ribs, a thigh bone and a piece of the upper jaw, containing three teeth, one of which had a gold filling, and it is by the latter that the police hope to identify the relics, supposed to be those of N. B. Colwell of St. John, N. B., who came to Red Deer, after serving in the South African war.

A year ago last July the young man with a companion named Ferguson, was rafting some goods down the river, when the raft grounded, so the story goes, on an island. Colwell got off to shove it into deep water, when it suddenly shot out into the stream and left him on the island. This was the last ever heard of him.

PROFESSOR DENNIS

Says the Original Man Had Thirteen Ribs.

Baltimore, March 25.—The biblical story of Eve being formed from the rib of Adam was explained last night by Prof. James Teacle Dennis.

Nowadays men have twelve ribs. Eight thousand years ago they used to have thirteen. Prof. Dennis knows this is so because he has seen old skeletons. He said a party of which he was in charge discovered 175 mummies in Egyptian tombs and that of this number the thirteenth ribbed individuals were so plentiful as to make this anatomical peculiarity a distinctive feature.

"These peculiar skeletons dated back to 6,000 B. C.," Prof. Dennis told an audience at Johns Hopkins university, "so men soon after the creation must have had thirteen ribs."

IRREGULAR CLOSE

To the Stock Market, But Very Strong Undertone.

The Bank Statement Was Somewhat Better Than Expected.

New York, March 25.—The tone of the opening stock market today was hesitating and irregular with gains and losses quite evenly divided. Tennessee Coal ran off 1¾ with a quick recovery. Union Pacific on running sales lost an extreme ½ and Colorado Fuel was down a large fraction. Among the gains Northwestern, Lead and North American were up large fractions.

After a succession of fitful drives against the market which did not disturb values much, traders desisted forcing prices and began to buy. Simultaneously large purchases were made of New York Central, Reading, O. & W., and Southern Pacific. These stocks as well as Northwestern, Wabash preferred, Lead, Biscuit, Virginia Iron and Cotton Oil were marked up 1 to 1¾. Consolidated Gas gained 3¾ and Tennessee Coal rebounded to 98. The general list did not rally beyond yesterday's close. The market was quiet and easier at 11 o'clock.

The strong stocks reacted from a large fraction to 1¼, on apprehensions of the bank statement. Republic Steel preferred and Colorado Fuel lost 1. The increase disclosed in the surplus reserve caused higher prices again. O. & W. rose to 63¾. There were gains of 2 in Locomotive and a point or more in Railway Steel, Spring, Rubber Goods preferred, Distillers' Securities, Federal Mining preferred and St. Louis & San Francisco first preferred. Union Traction preferred jumped 3¾. Great Northern preferred sold at 205. The recovery was not well held and prices yielded here and there. The closing was active and irregular.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	103	102¾	103
do common	89⅞	89½	89⅝
Smelter common	102⅞	102¾	102¾
Amalgamated Copper	79⅜	79	79⅜
B. & O. Ry.	109½	108⅞	109⅜
B. R. T.	68⅜	67⅝	67⅞
Can. Pac. Ry.	148¾	148⅜	148¼
C. & O.	58	57⅝	57⅞
C. F. I.	58⅜	57¼	57¼
C. G. W. common	24⅛	23⅞	24⅛
Erie 1st pfd	81	81	81
Erie common	46⅜	45¾	46¼
Illinois Central	161½	161¼	161½
Lea. common	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
L. & N.	141⅞	141⅝	141⅞
Mexican Central	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞
Metropolitan Ry.	122¼	122½	122½
Missouri Pacific	107½	107½	107⅝
Manhattan	168⅜	168¼	168¼
Norfolk & Western	86⅞	85¾	86⅛
N. Y. C.	162⅞	161¼	162½
O. & W.	63⅜	58⅜	63¼
People's Gas	112	111⅝	112
Pacific Mail	45	45	45
Penn. Ry.	143¼	142¼	143
Rock Island common	34⅞	34⅜	34¾
Rock Island, pfd	80½	80¼	80¼
Reading, com	96	95	95⅝
R. I. & S., pfd	82	80¾	81¼
R. I. & S., com	21⅞	21½	21⅞
Rubber, com	42⅞	41½	41½
St. Paul	177⅞	177⅛	177⅝
Sugar	142	141¾	141⅞
So. Railway, com	35	34⅞	35
Southern Pacific	68⅜	68	69¼
Soo, com	118	118	118
Tenn. Coal & Iron	98	95½	97¼
Texas Pacific	39¼	38¾	39⅜
U. S. Steel, pfd	96	95¾	95⅞
U. S. Steel, com	36	35⅝	35⅞
Union Pacific, com	131⅞	130⅞	131⅝
Wisconsin Central, pfd	52	51⅝	51⅞
Western Union	93	93	93
Wabash, com	23	23	23
Wabash, pfd	47¾	46⅝	47
D., S. S. & A., com	16	15¾	15¾
do pfd	31	31	31
Twin City rapid transit	114	113½	114

The total sales were 664,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market closed a little irregular but on the whole shows a very strong undertone. The Steel stocks so prominent yesterday did not continue their upward career to any extent. As we have intimated in the past the action of Locomotive stock warrants belief of early distribution to stockholders. The bank statement was somewhat better than expected. The market in the last two sessions displayed much of its old time enthusiasm. It acts well and shows much snap and offers encouragement to the bulls.

* * *

Clark, Dodge & Co. to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market somewhat irregular in early dealings rose under the gradual absorption of stocks. New York Central, Ontario & Western, Union Pacific and St. Paul scored advances. In the industrial list Southern Coal and Iron stocks and Locomotive were the features. The bank statement somewhat more favorable than was anticipated affected the market very little though. The close was strong.

* * *

Walker Brothers to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today was active and strong and the buying of good character. The bank statement which was fair, had no great effect and prices continued strong until the close. The general feeling is that the market was in much better shape and not nearly as many stops. Traders talked higher prices, but we believe in being very cautious as the buying power is not as strong as it was.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 25.—Money on call, nominal; no loans. Time loans, steady; 60 and 90 days, 3½@3½ per cent; 6 months, 3½. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent; Sterling exchange, fairly steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.60@4.85.70 for demand and at $4.83.70 @4.83.75 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84½@4.85 and $4.86½@4.87; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.83¼. Bar silver, 56⅞c; Mexican dollars, 44½c. Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, firm.

PRICE OF OIL REDUCED.

Pittsburg, March 25.—The Standard Oil company today made a reduction of 3 cents in the higher grades of crude oil and 2 cents in the lower grades. The quotations follow: Pennsylvania, 135; Tiona, 151; Corning, 103; Newcastle, 126; Cabell, 111; North Lima, 91; South Lima, 86; Somerset, 80; Ragland, 53.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 25 — Cattle—Receipts, 300; strong. Good to prime steers, $5.15@6.25; poor to medium, $3.90@5; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.65; cows, $2.80@4; heifers, $3@5; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4; calves, $3.00@7.00. Hogs — Receipts 9,000, Monday 30,000; 5@10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.45; good to choice heavy, $5.35@5.55; rough heavy, $5.25@5.35; light, $5.20@5.45; bulk of sales, $5.30@5.45. Sheep—Receipts 2,500; sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.75@6.25; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.60; western sheep, $5@6.25; native lambs, $5.50@7.65; western lambs, $5.60@7.95.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, March 25.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans, $1,109,701,700; decrease, $17,976,700; deposits, $1,150,661,900; decrease, $23,776,200; circulation $43,059,800; increase, $256,300; legal tenders, $85,794,500; increase, $80,900; specie, $210,350,200; decrease, $4,709,800; reserve, $295,144,800; decrease, $4,608,900; reserve required, $287,665,475; decrease, $5,944,050; surplus, $6,478,325; increase, $1,325,150; ex-United States deposits $10,729,275; increase, $999,550.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	79¼	79½
Adventure	5¾	6
Atlantic	16¾	16½
Allouez	22½	23
Elm River	2½	3
Bingham	31½	32
Copper Range	76½	76¾
Centennial	17½	18
Calumet and Hecla	675	680
Calumet and Arizona	106	
Calumet and Pittsburg	40	
L. S. and Pittsburg	46	46½
Isle Royale	25	
Mass	11¼	11½
Michigan	13¾	14
Mohawk	54	54½
Mayflower	75c	1.00
Mercur Con	30c	31c
National	1½	2
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	23	24½
Osceola	100	101
Phoenix	2	
Parrott	27½	29
Quincy	101	108
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	2¼	2½
Franklin	10	10½
Tecumseh	2¾	3
Tamarack	131	133
Shannon	7⅞	7⅞
Trinity	10¾	11
Utah	42¼	42½
U. S. Mining	25½	25¾
Victoria	4¼	4¾
Wolverine	111	112
Wyandot	2	2¼
Winona	13¼	13½
Daly West	19¾	19
Greene Cons	28⅞	28¾
Pittsburg and Duluth	24	
Union Land	3½	4
Junction	100	
Black Mountain	2.00	2.35
Chiricahua		64

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market today developed unexpected strength and activity all through the list. The trading in Copper Range was on a large scale. A. C. Burrage, one of the largest holders of Old Tri-Mountain stocks was reported to have been seriously ill last night and this caused some selling of the stock but his condition this morning was reported as very much better and all stock thrown over was quickly taken at advancing prices. The entire market looks well and higher prices should be recorded next week.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 25.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $139,644,333; gold, $57,402,829; silver, $25,573,019.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 25.—The cotton market opened quiet at unchanged prices to decline of 2 points on lower cables, good weather in the South and very heavy receipts. Trading was very quiet but the market generally sagged off under scattering liquidation to a net loss of about 5@6 points, after which it was irregular within a narrow range.

Cotton futures closed steady. March, 7.50; May, 7.53; July, 7.50; Aug., 7.53; Sept., 7.55; Oct., 7.60; Nov., 7.63; Dec., 7.65; Jan., 7.65. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 8.05; middling gulf, 8.30. Sales, 125 bales.

LIFTS OLD BOYCOTT

Trades Assembly Withdraws Labor Fight Against Armstead.

The trades assembly at its meeting last night formally lifted the long-standing boycott from John T. Armstead and his Acme laundry. This boycott has lasted for six or seven years and during all of that time there has been a continual fight between Mr. Armstead and the unions, the latter claiming the former to be "unfair."

Twice Mr. Armstead tried for the Republican nomination for sheriff and made a vigorous campaign and twice he was beaten. The labor unions claim the credit for his slaughter.

The fight has been a bitter and unceasing one, but now it seems to have reached a solution. Henry Perrault of the cigarmakers' union made the motion at the trades assembly meeting last night to lift the boycott from Mr. Armstead and his business, and the motion carried unanimously. Mr. Perrault stated that Mr. Armstead's disposition at present is to deal fairly with the unions if the unions will deal fairly with him, and as he has taken measures for reconciliation, Mr. Perrault said, the trades assembly should meet him half way.

Mr. Perrault said that twice the labor unions have kept Mr. Armstead from attaining the dearest wish of his heart and getting the shrivalty of the county, and that the unions have punished him enough for his past misbehavior toward them and should not rub it in. This sentiment seemed to be that of the whole assembly.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

VERDICT ON LATH CONTRACT

Barker and Stewart Get Judgment For $2,800.

A decision which has just been handed down in United States circuit court at Madison, awarding Barker & Stewart, damages in the amount of $2,800 against the Edward Hines Lumber company, is said to have caused a mistaken impression that a final legal settlement has been effected in the big damage action pending between the two concerns and involving an amount in the neighborhood of $38,000 on a sawing contract.

The case in which the damages for the smaller sum, $2,800, have been awarded, concerned a dispute in reference to the manufacture of lath for the season of 1902, the Hines company contending that the lath manufactured were not up to the specification called for in the contract.

The larger damage action was thrown out of court some days ago, the court holding that the action had been brought prematurely. The claim was for damages based on an alleged sawing contract of about 75,000,000 feet of timber in the Bigelow tract, the sawing of which is not yet completed.

West Duluth

HAS GOOD EFFECT

Expose of Young Toughs Helping to Scatter Them.

Father Feeheley Taking Active Part In This Work.

The article in the West Duluth column of The Herald one day last week about the antics and misbehavior of a crowd of young boys seems to have taken root and done considerable good. Rev. Father Feehely of St. James parish addressed those who attended the morning masses last Sunday on the matter, and has been quite active for some time in suppressing this crowd of boys. He has informed the parents of a number of them, and it has had a beneficial effect.

This crowd of boys has maintained two shacks on the hill where they would congregate, and apparently try to see who could develop the highest pressure of cursing, power and the greatest variety of deviltry. Last Sunday one of the shacks was removed, and the boys are becoming scattered, but careful watching will be necessary for some time for in such places criminals are made.

Father Feehely is in favor of having a humane and probation officer appointed for West Duluth, believing that it would do much good.

PREACH IN ENGLISH

At West Duluth Norwegian Lutheran Church.

Rev. E. Wulfsberg, Jr., pastor of Immanuel's Norwegian Lutheran congregation, who has had charge of this congregation's two churches since last September, preaching in English at the West End church and in Norwegian at the West Duluth church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, will hereafter also conduct services in the English language at the West Duluth church. To commence with, two or three of the evening services of the month will be conducted in English, and if the attendance at these warrant it, morning services may also be held in English.

"Last October," Rev. Wulfsberg said today, "Immanuel's congregation bought a church at Twentieth avenue west and Third street, where Lutheran services have been conducted exclusively in the English language. This was, of course, more or less of an experiment, as the needs for such services were doubted by some, but results have shown that it was not an untimely move. My experience and success in English Lutheran work at this place has been such that I feel fully warranted in commencing with it in West Duluth, especially so as I believe the demand for it is greater here than in the West End.

"By the way," he continued, "the pastors who are situated as I am in this respect have a difficulty to cope with, the magnitude of which those who use English exclusively can hardly realize. On the one hand we have those who are only familiar with their mother tongue and understand very little English, and on the other hand the children and young people brought up here, educated in English, and who understand little or nothing of their parent's language. Now the difficulty arises in meeting the demands of both of these. On the one side is the danger of rushing headlong into the English, leaving those unfamiliar with that language behind; and on the other side the danger of adhering too closely to the mother tongue, whereby many of the young people who rightly belong to the Lutheran church are lost to it. This is indeed a hard problem to solve; probably the best way is to use both languages, and gradually, as the needs require, let the English predominate."

This is not the first time English Lutheran services have been held at Immanuel's church, as Rev. A. Salversen, who had charge before the present pastor came, frequently conducted them. This was discontinued when the West End church, where only English is used, was taken into use, as it was thought this would meet the demands. This arrangement, however, has been found unsatisfactory, and English Lutheran services will again be held at West Duluth.

The first services will be held Sunday evening at 7:45 o'clock, at Immanuel's church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street.

WEST DULUTH CHURCHES.

Rev. E. Wulfsburg, Jr., pastor of the Norwegian Lutheran synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue and Gosnold will conduct tomorrow evening's services in the English language. The service will begin at 7:45 o'clock. Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m.

* * *

Services tomorrow in the Westminister Presbyterian church will begin at 10:30 in the morning. Rev. W. J. Lowrie, the pastor will preach on "Light at Eventide."

* * *

Tomorrow's services at Asbury Methodist church will be as follows, Rev. F. G. Clark, the pastor, conducting: Morning subject at 10:30 is "Divine Sonship;" evening subject at 7:45 is "Preparation for Work." Revival services will begin with Sunday's meetings and will continue indefinitely, the pastor to preach every evening.

* * *

At the Plymouth Congregational church tomorrow Rev. H. W. Johnson, the pastor will preach in the morning on "The Publican's Prayer" and in the evening on "The Wonderful Words of Life."

* * *

The Finnish Ebenezer Baptist church will hold services tomorrow evening at 7:30 at Wasa hall, 5117 Ramsey street. Rev. J. Pars, the pastor will be in charge. Sunday school will be held at 3 in the afternoon.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Annie Rossiter, a 12-year-old girl whose parents live at 6 Merrill & Ring row, fell from a teeter board yesterday afternoon and fractured the internal condile of the humerus, which translated into English, means that she fractured her elbow through the joint. This is a very serious injury and the little girl is suffering much pain.

Thomas Godfrey came down from Two Harbors yesterday.

Father Gamasche of Hibbing and Father Bilan of Eveleth visited with Father Feehely of West Duluth yesterday.

Joseph Greneau came in from Highland yesterday.

Mrs. N. C. Hendricks is in St. Luke's hospital and will soon be operated on for tumor.

The bus line has been re-established betwen Bay View Heights and Proctorknott."

A "coffee" social is to be held at the Swedish Salvation army hall 5608 Grand avenue, West Duluth, next Wednesday.

The West Duluth K. of P. lodge will give a progressive card party to members and friends next Thursday evening.

Buy your wall paper at Nygren's drug store.

Easter sale and supper at the Congregational church Wednesday evening March 29. Sup

Look for it here if you are thinking of buying a home.

REAL ESTATE

Look for it here if you want a bargain in investment realty.

GET A FARM

And Thereby Make Yourself Independent!

It is safer to put your money into a piece of land than into a bank, as the land cannot possibly "bust," while the bank can.

The bank pays 3 or 4 per cent interest, while land bought now will certainly pay several times as much interest in the way of advance in price.

Another thing, it is like taking out an insurance policy, to buy a piece of land, for you don't know when you may be out of a job, and in that case if you have the land, you are at least insured a living which you can get right out of the land itself.

A man who owns and farms 40 acres of good land in the vicinity of Duluth, can save more money than the same man could out of wages or salary of $75 per month in the city. Conditions are as favorable for farming in this part of the country as anywhere else, and farmers from Iowa and other states have found this out, and are coming here in large numbers, and locating on these lands.

Now is a better time to buy than later on, as prices are steadily advancing as these lands become settled up, and it is only a question of a few years before our farm lands will be worth as much as they are in Iowa, Illinois and other states, where lands will not produce any better crops, or where there is no better market than we have right here.

Good, well located lands can be bought in tracts of 40, 80, 160 acres or more on easy terms with 6 per cent interest at $6.00 to $10.00 per acre.

For full information address or call on

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO., 416 Lyceum Building.

Boston & Duluth Farm Land Company,

J. L. WASHBURN, President.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, Vice President and Treasurer.
EDWARD HAZEN, Secretary.
A. W. KUEHNOW, Sales Agent.

This company still has for sale about 65,000 acres of the best land in Carlton and St. Louis counties.

Choice lands in the Holyoke, Floodwood, Prairie Lake and Cromwell regions.

25,000 acres north of the city in the Rice Lake, Cloquet river, Jean du Luth Stock Farm localities.

These lands are selling themselves at from $6.00 to $10.00 per acre. Our settlers are satisfied and the opening of farms in Northeastern Minnesota has begun in earnest. We have sold about 200,000 acres. We would be glad to make a few sales in tracts of 5,000 acres or upwards and will make the prices attractive.

We would be especially glad to sell some lands to citizens of Duluth. Let our own people show their faith in lands and do something towards carrying on the work in which for four years we have been engaged, and at the same time make handsome profits.

OFFICE—18 FIFTH AVENUE WEST.

FOR RENT
THE PHELAN RESIDENCE

No. 405 East Third street. The house has hot water heat, 11 rooms, and is laid out and finished in a way that makes it very desirable. Good barn with room for coachman. Apply to

R.B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.

It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.

R. M. NEWPORT 102 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent.

Houses and Lots

$3500 for a seven-room house on East Second street, near Tenth avenue.

$1400 for full-size lot near Twenty-ninth avenue West and Second street.

$1200 for six-room house near Twenty-first avenue East, below London road.

$1000 for lot on Fifth street, near Normal school.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. Alworth Building.

FARM LANDS.

BE INDEPENDENT
BUY A FARM

Between St. Paul and Duluth and improve it when work is slack in the cities.

WE SELL ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS

If desired, and any size tract from 40 acres up. God clay loam lands near railroads and best markets.

Only 3 Hours From the Twin Cities.

Send for map and booklet. Deal with the largest owners who make the easiest terms.

Farmers Land & Cattle Co.,
Globe Bldg., ST. PAUL, MINN.

FOR RENT.

Store Room—One of the best locations on Superior street.

House in Chester Terrace, steam heat, hot and cold water, gas range. In prime condition.

Eight-room, strictly modern house in East end.

If you contemplate making a change this spring, now is the time to make your arrangements for May 1st, and it will pay you to come and see us before doing so.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 W. Superior St.

FOR SALE.

$2500 8-room house, city water, lot 25x140 feet. 714 East Fourth street.

$1000 each for 5-room houses—city water, lots 25x120 feet—easy payments. 930 and 932 Garfield avenue.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Building.

$3500—Eight rooms, stone foundation; water, sewer, etc.; perfect condition; upper side of street, in VERY CENTER OF CITY.

$1200—Eight fine rooms—good barn, good well. Twenty-third avenue West. Very comfortable home.

$1400—Seven rooms, city water up and down stairs. Second street, West end.

$2100—Seven rooms—water, sewer and bath; upper side of street. Very central. WEST END.

$1000—Lot 50x140 feet. Second street. WEST END.

$300—Lot on Seventh street, near Third avenue East.

I have many bargains in West Duluth which will double in the next year.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

$1675 will buy twenty-five feet on West First street, near Eighteenth avenue West, improved with a five-room house. If you are looking for a bargain here is your chance.

WHITNEY WALL,
Real Estate and Insurance.
Main Floor, Palladio Bldg. Telephones—Bell 1368, Zenith 810.

Our 75,000 Acres is the Best Farm Land at the Head of the Lakes, and We Can Prove It.

No stone, no sand and few stumps, level, $6 per acre up, terms, $1 per acre down and $1 per acre annually until paid for.

Several improved farms adjoining Superior for rent very reasonable. If you want a farm it will pay you to see or write us before you buy.

Ernest A. Arnold Land Co.,
SUPERIOR, WIS.

$175 A nice level lot, 25x150, West end.

$1800 A 7-room house, well built, water, sewer, cellar, woodshed and chicken house on West Third street.

$2000 7-room house West First street—water, sewer, electric lights. Easy terms.

$2500 A double house of five rooms each and a six-room house adjoining, on Minnesota avenue, Park Point. Annual rental $400. A gilt edge investment.

We also build a limited number of houses to suit purchasers and sell them on monthly payments.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
REAL ESTATE—MORTGAGE LOANS. INSURANCE.
220 West Superior Street.

Wm. Schupp
Insurance and Bonds.
Lonsdale Building. Ground Floor.
Telephone No. 207.

STOP RENTING.

The Athena Building Co. is now prepared to build you a house according to your own plans and will let you pay for it in monthly installments. Stop paying rent and apply this money on your own property.

S. S. WILLIAMSON, Manager,
615 Torrey Building.

$5500 for modern residence; within walking distance; hot water heat; all in best condition.

$1100 for a cozy cottage in the East end. Small cash payment, balance monthly.

$3000 to Loan—5%.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

GREATLY PLEASED WITH THE OUTLOOK

Real Estate Men Believe An Active Movement During This Summer Is a Certainty—Interest of Outside Investors One of the Best Signs.

Firm, steady, with a splendid inquiry both from local parties and from outside capital seeking investment, the Duluth real estate market continues to fill the expectations of the realty brokers for a lively spring movement in local property. Sales are being negotiated right along, and offices, which several months ago found it not an easy matter to bring one or two small deals to a close, now think nothing of closing up from half a dozen to a dozen or more transactions every week. The amounts involved may not always be large, but the prices which Duluth real estate, in almost any locality brings at the present time, are regarded as very favorable, both from the standpoint of the buyer, whether for a home or an investment, and from that of the seller, who is selling with the realization of a fair profit.

Real estate men who have watched closely the market conditions extending over a long period of years, claim that conditions have been shaping themselves for months past for just such a healthy movement as has now been started, and from the fact that it is not of the "mushroom" quality, they predict that it will continue right through the year, showing, if anything, more strength as the season advances.

* * *

"One should not get the impression," said one old real estate dealer yesterday, "that outside capitalists are fairly clamoring to get in here and spend their money. It does no city any good to exaggerate the conditions. Duluth has been fortunate in the past in securing for investors in her realty men from the outside with ample means who have had foresight enough to see that the city was bound some day to make rapid strides in the commercial world. These men have had a tenacious faith, and this is more than ever evinced by the fact that some of them have lately been increasing their holdings to a considerable extent.

"It is a mighty good sign for any city when the outside investors show a desire to increase their holdings. It is nine chances out of ten that they have studied the conditions from a cold and impartial standpoint, and know just what is ahead for them. Sometimes the investor living here right along is apt to let his loyalty to his own city slightly color his views, and he may see things in a rosier light than the man from the outside. As a general rule, I think it is safe to say that when the outside monied men, having property in a city, begin to reach out and acquire more, it is time that the local fellows should sit up and notice things."

* * *

That First street is likely to continue prominently before the investing public as offering opportunities not to be overlooked, is evinced by the negotiations now underway for the transfer of titles along that thoroughfare. One of the most notable sales on First street this past week was that of the twenty-five-foot lot adjoining the Duluth Telephone company's building on the east, on the lower side of the street, between Second and Third avenues west. The property was sold by the Western Land association to the telephone company. The latter, it is understood, has for some time been cramped for quarters to care for its increasing business and a building project has been under consideration. An addition to the present building will likely be erected this coming summer. The property acquired by the telephone company is said to have involved a consideration of $10,000.

* * *

The Herald has it from reliable sources that there are pending some other very important transactions, involving First street property, including some new building enterprises, but the matters are as yet in such shape that it is deemed to the best interests of the parties concerned to withhold publicity regarding them for a few days longer.

* * *

Nor are the negotiations under way confined to First street alone, for in the light of recent events there is still something doing along the line of inquiry of Superior street and Michigan street property, as well as residence property.

* * *

The filing of the options covering a large quantity of West end property and running to the new railway interests, has attracted attention to that part of the city to a considerable extent during the past week. There can be no doubt but that the new railway project has greatly stimulated inquiry in that portion of the city, in fact, local agencies which have been handling a great deal of West end property have been fairly overrun with inquiry.

* * *

The deeds making the formal transfer of the Exchange building and the Watterworth & Fee building to Henry C. Nolte, were placed on record this week. The consideration given for the Exchange building was 166,250 and for the Waterworth & Fee building was $110,000.

* * *

Mr. Wharton of Little & Nolte reports a very active week in realty and mentions the following sales: Lot 264, block 33, Duluth proper, Second division, known as Nos. 1606 and 1608 West Superior street, from Prof. Felix Carel of St. Paul to Hutchinson Bevier and O. B. Sloane, for $6,100. The property comprises two frame store buildings and a frame dwelling on the lower side of the street just west of the Garfield avenue viaduct approach.

The south half of lot 33, block 1, industrial division, known as 121 St. Croix avenue, to John Holleran, for $2,100.

Lot 8, block 23, Hazelwood addition, near corner Thirty-ninth avenue West and Third street, from V. H. Bridgeman to Nels O. Roswell, for $650.

Lot 67, block 159, Duluth proper Third division, at Fourth avenue East and Tenth street, to Bernt Mellesmon, for $250.

Lot 15, block 57, Oneota, to Ernest Tornstrom, for $300.

Lot 4, block 5, New Endion division to H. J. Grannis, for $1,400, A. C. Volk & Company representing the purchaser.

Lot 16, block 57, Oneota, to John D. Johnson, for $250. This was a fractional corner lot.

One of the feature of the sales is that all the Oneota and Hazelwood lots have been bought for improvement this summer.

* * *

A great deal of new construction work was started this week. Waterworth & Fee are clearing their First street lot for a new store building; James Quigley has begun the excavation work for the Werner Pressentin residence, at Seventeenth avenue East and Superior street; Smith & Volkes have started the remodeling of the Mason flats.

* * *

W. T. Bray, architect, is getting out plans for a new two story brick store building to be erected adjoining the Columbus block, corner First avenue West and Superior street, on the East. He has also prepared plans for an addition to be built on the Northland Golf club house, this summer.

* * *

A. Terrybery is making plans for a new Methodist church at Bismarck, N. D. He reports the contract for the Morey residence, at Sixth street and Fourth avenue East, and for the Mackie residence in the West end, about to be awarded.

* * *

The West end, it is claimed by those in a position to know, will have a heavy building movement this summer. Among the new business buildings contemplated is said to be one by Knute L. Lundgren of Appleton, to occupy the 50-foot lot on the lower side of West Superior street immediately east of the Sloane block, Twentieth avenue West.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Ella M. Smith to John Ware, und 1-3 c½ lot 5, East Superior street, Duluth proper, First division..... 1
The Midland company to Samuel Nesbitt, nw¼ se¼ sw¼ section 25-61-14 1,000
T. W. Hoopes et ux to Clyde Iron Works, n½ lot 17, block 1, Industrial division 900
Same to same, n½ lot 16, block 1, Industrial division 900
Same to same, s½ lot 17, block 1, Industrial division 1
Urban Investment company to Seneca McDonald, part e½ ne¼ section 11-49-15 350
Plymouth Land company to Frances A. Nesbitt, lots 1, 2, block 23, Harrison division 1,600
Hampdon Fairfield et al to J. Michad, lot 25, West First street, Duluth proper, First division..... 50,000
Beriah Magoffin, Jr. to F. J. Dallowitz, lots 25, 26, block 6, Proctorknott 300
Harry E. Walbank to John E. Mattson, lot 12, 13, block 4, Walbank's Third street re-arrangement 750
Charles Edmonson et ux to F. B. Johnson, southerly 92 feet of lots 450 and 452, and all of lot 464, block 117, Duluth proper, Second division 1,100
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to S. T. Bonness, sw¼ se¼, section 3-59-21 180
Felix C. Carl to Hutchinson Bevier, lot 264, block 33, Duluth proper, Second division 6,100
Luther Mendenhall et ux to Samuel Nesbitt, nw¼ se¼ sw¼ section 35-51-14 1
County Auditor to Frank H. Frorker, lot 21, A street, Maple Grove
Same to same, und ½ lot 13, D street, Maple Grove; lots 13, 23, A street; lot 19, A street; lots 13, 15, B street, same..... 1
E. A. Hicks to Virginia Lumber company, timber on sw¼ se¼, se¼ sw¼, section 18; nw¼ ne¼, ne¼ nw¼ section 19-60-20 ..... $550
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to the Red Cliff Lumber company, w½ ne¼ section 15-56-16 1
Northwestern Improvement company to O. G. Brintenson, ne¼ ne¼, section 3-50-15 398
S. F. Snively to Boston & Duluth Farm Land company, section 1-51-17 1
E. B. Grover, receiver, to Ira M. Cobe, lot 18, block 49, Bay View addition 1
M. A. Porinus et al to Adolf Hartman, undivided ¼ e½ ne¼ section 25-60-20; sw¼ sw¼ section 21; n½ ne¼ section 29-60-19 1
T. W. Hoopes et ux to John Jaeger, e½ of lot 366, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division 1,250
Eva C. Tilderquist to James D. Keough, lot 8, block 12, Highland Park 900
Adolf Hartman to John A. Keyes, undivided ¼ e½ ne¼ section 25-60-20 and other lands 400
Francis S. Curtiss to John Wickham, west 30 feet of lot 25, West Fourth street, Duluth proper, first division 6,000
John A. Watterworth et al to Henry Nolte, lot 46, block 6, Central division 110,000
Virginia Improvement company to O. A. Runn, lot 11, block 12, Virginia 250
W. B. Phelps et ux to P. Williamms, lot 250, Minnesota avenue Lower Duluth 425
Charles G. Bryant et ux to George Froney, lot 6, block 11, Highland Park addition 3,000
Boston & Duluth Farm Land company to G. B. Gould, section 1-51-17 4,586
W. J. Wallace et ux to Northern Lumber company, timber on ne¼ se¼ section 20; nw¼ sw¼ section 21; n½ ne¼; lot 5 section 29; e½ ne¼ section 30-59-16 ..... $6,000
F. W. Higgins et al to W. J. Wallace, timber on same 4,500
R. H. Rathbun et ux to F. T. Johnson, w½ lot 12, block 47, Oneota 1
J. T. Culbertson et ux to Same, lot 12, same 150
C. W. Jacques to Alfred Johnson, lot 12, block 144, Portland .....
W. M. Prindle to Charles Schiller, lots 7, 8, block 7, Clinton Place; undivided ¼ nw¼ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ se¼ nw¼; lot 5, section 2-51-13.. 1
Same to Louise Schiller, lot 5, block 88, Endion 1
Same to William Schiller, undivided ½ e½ lot 5, block 56, Endion ... 1
Rhoble L. Sargent et mar to F.

(Continued on page 11, first column.)

NEW SPRING BARGAINS!

$900 WILL BUY A NINE-ROOM, TWO-FAMILY HOUSE—in West End. Well with pump in each flat. House in good condition and rented to desirable tenants for $17 per month. $400 cash will handle it.

$2500 WILL BUY A NEW SIX-ROOM COTTAGE on Fifth street. Bath with all modern fixtures and open nickel plumbing, city water and sewer connections, hardwood floors throughout. The construction of this cottage is the very best throughout, and at the price is a decided bargain. $700 cash will handle it

$6000 WILL BUY 50x140 FEET ON THIRD STREET—centrally located, with a 9-room brick dwelling that rents for $50 per month and two 7-room frame houses that rent for $14 per month each, making total rents $78 per month. If you are looking for an investment, it will pay you to look this up.

$7500 WILL BUY 100x140 FEET ON FOURTH STREET, corner of Second avenue east, and a two-story frame building with 35 rooms that rents for $80 per month.

5%—MONEY TO LOAN—5%

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.
REAL ESTATE—LOANS—INSURANCE. 216 West Superior St.

BIG INTEREST PAYERS.

$15,000 A thoroughly up-to-date new brick flat building at East end. Four flats of six rooms each. Oak finish and hardwood floors throughout. Will pay over 15 per cent net on cash required.

$4800 Brick flat building on East Fifth street. Two flats of five rooms each. Hardwood floors throughout. Hardwood finish; gas; laundry, etc. Rent $45 per month. Will pay 10 per cent on half cash. A good bargain.

$34,000 Handsome brick flat building; new; strictly modern. Rentals, $4,560. Location the best in East end. Will net 10 per cent on $34,000 cash required.

$7500 Brick flat building on East First street. Contains three flats; two of five rooms each and one of four rooms. All modern conveniences. Hardwood floors throughout and hardwood finish. Rentals $75 per month. Makes a fine showing.

$11,500 Two-story, brick building, 40x100, on First avenue west, near First street. Stores below; flat above. Steam heat; city water; good basement. Rentals $1,560 per year. This is a big bargain. No better in the city.

$5650 Brick building containing two flats of five rooms each; centrally located; large lot; mantel; city water, gas, plumbing, etc. This is a bargain.

$7000 Two-story, brick, on West Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue west. Store and seven-room flat. Rent $65 per month. Pays well.

These are only samples. Call and see what we have in bargains on Superior street, First street and at West Duluth.

Money to loan at lowest rates. No delay.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FOUR BARGAINS.

Double house on Fourth avenue East, near Sixth street—stone foundation, water and toilet, six rooms on each side; large lot; will rent for $35.00 to $40.00 per month—price.....$2900

A 50-foot lot upper side Third street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues West; water and sewer in street—easy terms $1200

A fine 50-foot lot on upper side Fifth street, near Twentieth avenue East; water and sewer in street; cheap for cash.

Double corner in Lakeside—water and sewer in street, fine location $650

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Ground Floor, Providence Bldg.

FOR SALE.

$2000 Easy terms. House at Eleventh avenue west. Rents for $20 per month.

$2500 Boarding house, 11 rooms, also barn. A good location near Blast Furnace.

$4200 A flat building, two 6-room flats near Portland square, renting for $48 per month.

$1000 A fine lot on East Fourth street.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

SPECIAL.

We have a few nice homes which must be sold at once—also some vacant property which can be bought very cheap. Call and see us before buying.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
First Floor, Torrey Bldg.

TWO GOOD BARGAINS!

JOHN A. STEPHENSON PROVIDENCE BLDG.

$5000 For best 100 feet on East First street, in Endion division.

$7500 For dandy place on Third avenue west. Room enough left for good flat building. Rents now for $50 per month.

5% MONEY In large or small amounts.

Ask for F. E. KENNEDY.

$3000 Cash buys well improved centrally located property, paying 18 per cent net on money invested.

$2850 Double house, water, sewer. Central. Will sell to two families.

$2000 7-room house, water, sewer. Second street. Central.

$1250 8-room house, on Second avenue east. Monthly payments.

$4000 10-room house, modern. East end. Easy terms.

$2100 Large 8-room house. Fifth avenue east. Will sell to two families.

$7500 50 feet, good business block, West end. Nets 12 per cent.

$3200 12-room flat building, central, good investment.

$2700 50 feet, two houses. Third street, near Eighth avenue east.

$1650 Good 8-room house on East Fifth street. City water.

$700 50-foot corner on Seventh avenue east.

$650 6-room house, Duluth Heights. $50 cash, $10 monthly. No interest.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
800 Exchange Building. Zenith 'phone 338.

FARM LANDS

80 acres in section 15-51-17, on county road, two miles from railroad—good level land at $900

80 acres same location—15 cleared, two-story log house 30x30; barn 24x28; good soil, free from rock—price $1600

60 acres in section 28-51-17—5 acres cleared; a small house and other buildings—for $600

120 acres, three-quarter mile front, on Howard-Gnesen road, section 10-51-14—at, per acre.....$10

80 acres four miles east of pumping station, Iron Range road crosses it; good land, some timber.....$1200

43½ acres adjoining the town of Barnum, all cleared but 3 or 4 acres and fenced; good level land—price.....$1000

Will sell or trade for house in Duluth.

160 acres on road one mile north of post-office and hotels at Pike Lake—5 or 6 acres cleared, much small timber; log house, 5 rooms; stable for 4 horses; chicken house 16x24—price $2000

Sell or trade for Duluth property.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

We Are Dealers In Stocks!

LOCAL BANK AND INDUSTRIAL - - - } STOCKS.

BONANZA CIRCLE COPPERS—Specialties.

Stocks	Miscellaneous—	Asked
	Alaska Central, pfd	$5.50
	Black Rock, (Bellinger)	.45c
	Crooked River, Idaho	.45c
	LaLuz, Mexico	$1.50
	Niagara Iron	$1.50
	Ophir Tunnel	.25c
	Parry Sound, Ont.	.8c
	Revelstoke, B. C.	.60c

If you wish to buy or sell any kind of stock, communicate with

Ground Floor Palladio Building, near elevator. Zenith 'phone 696.

H. E. SMITH & CO., BROKERS
Hansen E. Smith. William Kaiser.

5% LOANS WANTED 6%

Money on Hand For Real Estate Loans.

NO DELAY. NO ANNOYANCE.
THE BEST CONTRACT.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

50-FOOT LOT

On Chestnut street, two blocks from Bryant school, near ore docks and car line. 100 feet to city water.

$50 CASH.

Balance on easy terms. Price, $350.

BERT N. WHEELER
Zenith' Phone 1431. 411 Burrows Block.

INVESTMENTS

in Real Estate Netting

15% TO 17%

For Sale By

W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

Superior St. Lot—$7500
In business district .....

First Street Lot—$6500
With new brick building.....

J. T. DUNPHY, 517 Burrows Building.

REAL ESTATE IS MOVING IN DULUTH

You are certain to find something in these columns that will interest you. Many attractive bargains are offered, and there is surely something here that will please you. The opportunity that comes once into the life of every man may be waiting for you in some of these advertisements.

A GOOD THING!

That is what everybody says about our HOME BUILDING proposition at Lakeside.

NEW MODERN HOMES

at the least possible cost and easy terms; just like paying rent.

Don't delay—come and see us now.

Lakeside Land Co

303 Lonsdale Building.

WM. C. SARGENT, Pres.; J. B. GREENFIELD, Sec. and Treas.

Whitney Wall's List:

EAST END.

$9500 will buy a ten-room house located on one of the prettiest corners in the East end in the district known as Knob Hill. Property has a frontage of 100 feet and is 140 feet deep to an alley. The rooms consist of a reception hall, sitting room, parlor, dining room and kitchen, finished in hardwood and have hardwood floors. Four bed rooms and bath on the second floor and the maid's room on the third floor; has hot water heat, cement cellar and is in first-class condition. If you wish to purchase a home this is one of the prettiest places offered in the East end and is for sale exclusively by me.

$3500 will buy an eight-room house with stone foundation, cement cellar and hot water heat. Size of lot 50x140; barn on premises; location near Sixteenth avenue East and only one block from street car line. Will take as part payment a lot located in the East end.

$3500 for a seven-room house and bath, stone foundation, cement cellar, hardwood floors; house newly painted and papered. Located in a good neighborhood in the East end, near Twelfth avenue East.

$2000 will buy 50 feet on East First street, near Twenty-third avenue East. This lot lies well, the street is macadam, has combined concrete gutter and curb, cement sidewalk in front of the property. This is from $500 to $1,000 lower than any other property is offered for in this vicinity.

$2100 for fifty feet on East Superior street, near Twentieth avenue East.

$4750 will purchase seventy-five feet on East Superior street, located on the top of the hill and commanding a fine view. This is the only property in this neighborhood that is now offered for sale, and it is an exceptionally fine bargain.

WEST END.

I have some very desirable properties located in the West end ranging in price from $250 up to $1,250. If you are looking for a good building lot within one block of the street railway service, which can be obtained on easy terms, do not fail to call and see me.

MINNESOTA POINT.

$500 each for two lots three blocks from the canal, facing on the harbor and Minnesota avenue.

$1500 will buy a nine-room house four blocks from the canal on Minnesota avenue. If you own anything in the way of real estate located in Duluth do not fail to list same with me.

Whitney Wall

Real Estate—Insurance.

MAIN FLOOR PALLADIO BLDG.

$2800 will buy a corner lot and new brick building suitable for and now used as a grocery store. Central location. No lease on property. For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

FOR SALE

I offer my residence, No. 1029 East First street, for sale. It consists of 133 feet on First street by 150 feet to alley. The house of ten rooms, steam heat, hardwood floors, is up to date in every particular. The plumbing and everything of that nature practically new, of the best quality, and in perfect repair.

I will sell the house and barn, with say seventy-three feet of frontage, and the remaining sixty feet separately if wanted. The grounds have been recently laid out and improved by a practical florist, and promises to be one of the finest in the city. Terms will be made easy both as to cash payments and rate of interest on any deferred payments.

For further particulars apply to George W. Buck, or the undersigned,

O. D. KINNEY.

Choice Residence Lots from one-quarter acre to three acres in size, near Woodland avenue, for sale.

100 feet on First Street, near the Board of Trade.

100 feet on Superior street at Third avenue east.

12-room modern residence—central location, fine corner.

J. C. & R. M. Hunter,
Exchange Building.

$2200 for a double house—stone foundation, water and sewer—twelve rooms. Superior street, near Thirteenth avenue.

$3800 for twelve rooms—two flats, stone foundation, water, sewer and bath. Jefferson street. Rents $358.

Choice building sites on London road, First and Second streets.

A large list of farm lands.

Eight lots for $160 in Superior View, and many other cheap lots.

D. W. Scott,

10 Mesaba Block.

$250

FOR LAKE AVENUE LOTS
PARK POINT
Some as low as $150.

I have the property for sale. Will build you a house on some of those lots on easy payments.

$675 for a fine cottage on Park Point. Three bed rooms, large living room, kitchen, wood shed and fireplace.

$1050 will buy seven acres of land in the city, 1½ miles from corner Lake avenue and Superior street.

$2000 will buy a lot and six-room house with pantry, cellar and electric light. New house on Park Point. This is a lovely home. Easy terms.

W. F. LEGGETT

507 Burrows Building. Both 'phones.

Lease For Term of Years.

25 feet well situated on Superior street, either ground lease or will erect building. Exclusively,

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

BUILDING LOANS!

WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings. TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service. Representing loan department Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., Northwestern Trust Co.

O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

$1600 HOUSE AND LOT $1600

Good location. Great bargain. $300 cash, balance $25 a month. For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Double Funeral of Mother and Daughter Near Miller.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Miller—John Benning near Rockham, died about a month ago. Then his daughter, Mrs. Thomas, died. Then the mother died from the shock, and a double funeral took the place of that previously arranged for one. The family was prominent.

Judge Gaffy has ordered an additional list of jurors drawn for the term of court which convenes here April 18. The trial of John Young, Jr., for the murder of George Todd will make the term of unusual interest.

Huron—The interdenominational commission of the Church Federation of South Dakota met in this city, and the following are the officers for the year: President, Rev. W. H. Thrall of Huron; vice president, Rev. H. P. Carson, D. D., of Scotland; secretary and treasurer, E. H. Grant of Huron. These, with Rev. L. Reynolds of Redfield and Rev. Duane Rifenbark of Huron, constitute the executive committee which will arrange for an annual meeting to be held the latter part of next October, in season to send delegates to the National Church Federation convention in November in New York city.

This is a movement in which the great denominations of the church are taking part, and each one is urged so to do by sending delegates and also adopting the principles. Literature upon the subject will be gladly supplied upon application to the secretary, E. H. Grant of Huron.

Gettysburg—The Gettysburg Milling company is operating its new flour mill. The mill has been running for some days grinding graham, corn meal and feed, but the first flour was turned out this week, and those who have tested it pronounce it of excellent quality. The mill is fully equipped with all modern machinery and contains a plant for grinding macaroni wheat.

The automobiles purchased by A. G. Williams and Manful & McMaster arrived today and seem to give entire satisfaction. Mr. Williams will use his machine as a runabout, while Manful & McMaster have added theirs to their livery equipment.

L. F. Michael, who recently purchased the general stock of merchandise of the late H. T. Meacham, has taken possession of the business and is making extensive improvements. It is his intention to move his family to Gettysburg as soon as he can secure a residence.

Real estate has taken a boom at this point. It is almost impossible to secure residence property, either by rental or purchase. Several residences are being built in the east part of the town and many families are awaiting to move here as soon as they can secure locations.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—President Robertson of the Red River Valley university at Wahpeton seems to have won a slight victory for his plan of affiliating the institution with the state university at Grand Forks, by securing a postponement of the meeting of the trustees, scheduled to have been held here today. The success of the president's plans depend largely on delay. He thinks that if he had six months he could convince the trustees that affiliation is the proper idea. The trustees were to have met here today to hear the report of the special committee appointed to select a site. Some members are absent from the state, and for this reason a postponement was secured.

The complications surrounding the election of three members of the board of education have been augmented by the announcement of a Socialist ticket, which may control the oalance of power.

The will of John Wagar on an estate valued at $44,000 has been filed for probate in the county court. Mr. Wagar was for many years a member of the board of county commissioners and was a pioneer resident of the valley. He was recently killed in Cleveland by his brother as a result of trouble over the division of his father's estate.

The Scottish Rite Masons expect the biggest session for years at the meeting April 25-27. Congressman Richardson of Tennesssee, the grand master, and other officers will be in attendance and the class will be a large one.

Dean Burleson has received a call from the Episcopal church at Faribault and may accept. He has had charge of the Episcopal cathedral here under both Bishops Edsall and Mann.

THREE CHILDREN POISONED.

Paducah, Ky., March 25.—Three small children of Mrs. Mary Brockwell, the oldest aged 4 years, have died within a few hours of each other from some kind of poisoning which their mother thought was contained in the cabbage they ate. The doctors say that the children died of opium poisoning. The police are investigating.

Do you know of any way of growing a crop of wheat except by first planting the seed? Do you know of any way of making money except by first investing money? Of course the planting and the investing must be done at the right time, in the right way. The wise merchant sows dollars in newspaper advertising on exactly the same basis that the farmer sows his wheat.

Houses, Lots and Investments.

$3500 buys a modern house on East Third street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues East, upper side. House is in good condition.

$2650 buys another house near the same location, grounds 38x50. Modern.

$4500—half cash, buys a modern home on Jefferson street, west of Sixteenth avenue East. Full lot. All conveniences.

Some beautiful homes in the East end for sale at prices ranging from $5,000 to $15,000. If you are looking for a home in the East end be sure and make your wishes known to us.

$1900 for eight-room house on West Fourth street, near Twenty-eighth avenue. Corner location, upper side of street. The property is worth at least $2,400. Must be sold.

$1800 for a good home on Nineteenth avenue West, near Third street. Stone foundation; lot 50 feet wide.

$2600 buys a 50x140 lot on lower side of West First street, near Twentieth avenue.

$2250 buys one in the same location, upper side of street. These lots are offered for at least $800 below the actual value and will double in value within the next four years. Keep your eye on this location.

$900 to $1,050 buys 25x140 foot lots on East Third street, near Twelfth avenue. This section of the city is rapidly being settled. Terms very easy.

$2850 for a 16-room house in the West end. Income $40 per month. Very good investment.

$3800 For another one on Twenty-first avenue west. A very substantial 12-room proposition, yielding over 10 per cent net to the owner after deducting all taxes, insurance, depreciation, repairs and assessments.

A number of larger investments on hand which will prove very attractive to you.

Good farming land near Duluth for sale in small and large tracts.

Fire insurance in strong companies.

Geo. H. Crosby,

105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

ADDITIONAL WANTS.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—ROWBOAT OR canoe, good condition; state price. O 3, Herald.

I HAVE AN EASTERN CLIENT WHO wishes to buy from 1,000 to 5,000 acres within twelve miles of Duluth. I wish prices on small and large tracts of cut-over and timbered lands. W. F. Leggett, 507 Burrows building.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop, 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood. New 'phone 1703.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING, EMbroidery of all kinds; terms reasonable. 503 Second avenue East.

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DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

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MADAM BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION, KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

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C. J. TUFTE'S, 1904 IMPORT. ALFRED Swedberg, 2016 West Superior street.

EVERYTHING IN MAGAZINES.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, 417 Burrows building. Telephone 987-L.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, 3 miles north of Lester Park. 80 acres, or in smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitable buildings and running water. Inquire 318 Torrey building.

MASONRY.

CONCRETE WORK, ETC. 24 WEST First street. Anton Neubeck.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue West.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

DON'T RENEW YOUR FIRE INSURance without first calling on W. M. Prindle & Co., room 3, Lonsdale building.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. William C. Sargent & Co., 306 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Crosley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

FINE LINE OF GENTS' SHOES AT 50 cents on the dollar. Repairing while you wait. Half soles, 50 cents. 229 East Superior street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD WITH private family, somewhere between Twenty-Seventh and Thirty-sixth avenues west. Conveniences. Y 97, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOMS AND BOARD, TABLE BOARD. All conveniences. Good service. Mrs. C. Roy, 124 First avenue east.

BOARD AND ROOM—IN MODERN house; steam heat; electric light; pleasant surroundings; very central; $5.00 per week. Y 96, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. 202 West Third street.

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LOST—WILL THE GENTLEMAN WHO took the hat off the telephone table in the Masonic Temple, Friday night, and left his on the chair, kindly return same to R. E. Mace, 203 Wolvin building

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 320 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old phone.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

AND DECORATING. LOWEST PRICES best work. M. L. Beck & Co., 423 East Fourth street. Old 'phone, 719-K.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

MERRITT & HECTOR, 32 W. First St.

LYLE, SECOND AVENUE WEST.

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LA BROSS BAND AND ORCHESTRA; residence 430 Nineteenth avenue west. Phones, Zenith 1717-X, Dul. 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

DERMATOLOGIST.

L. M. HOYT, 7 OVER BIG DULUTH. Shampoo and scalp treatment. New 'phone 1702 D.

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TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS PEACHEY, 307 First National bank.

MISS N. ORTON, 102 Manhattan Bldg.

CENTRAL HALL, 12TH AVE. W.

FOR RENT—PARTIES AND DANCES; reasonable rates; orchestra in connection. Receptions Wed and Sat. 1204 W. Michigan St. Zenith 'phone 1665-X.

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WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

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ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts, removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

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EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Blk., 4th Ave. W.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 43 Both 'phones.

ARCHITECTS.

F. L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Palladio Bldg.

GREATLY PLEASED WITH THE OUTLOOK.

(Continued from page 10.)

L. Buell, lot 11, block 35, London addition	1
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to Edward Lynch, sw¼ sw¼ section 25-59-14	250
John A. Stephenson et al to Davis Realty company, lots 15, 16, block 11, Central division	34,000
F. A. Williams et ux to Alfred Johnson, undivided ½ lot 12, block 144, Portland	150
F. T. Johnson to Olof Wyhuron, lot 12, block 47, Oneota	1
George Spencer et al to Henry Nolte, lot 48, block 6, Central division	166,250
Annie Ackerman to James E. Steele, lot 3, block 56, West Duluth, Second division	350
Roy V. English to George Wilson, lots 29, 31, block 5, Central division	400
Andrew Matilla et ux to Edward Harri, undivided ½ lot 1, block 20, Ely	75
Same to same, undivided ½ of north 60 feet same	400
Amelia Peterson et mar to R. B. Whiteside, undided ¼ of n½, se¼ and ne¼ of sw¼, section 11, 57-18	300
Emily F. Rock et mar to School District No. 26, one acre of se¼ of se¼ of se¼, section 29, 51-19..	25
Virginia Improvement company to Sarah J. Fay, lot 6, block 20, Virginia	250
Boston & Duluth Farm Land company to Gustav Hudberg et al, lot 1, section 5, 50-19	150
Virginia Improvement company to Mattonson, lot 24, block 6, Virginia	200
Northwestern Improvement company to Gus Hudberg, fraction of nw¼ of ne¼, section 5, 50-19	114
Carolina Laun to Otto Johnson, lot 6, block 3, Hibbing	224
Erick Olson et ux to Henry Gujer, lots 322, 324, block 53, Duluth Proper, Second division	6,500
Matt Mattonen et ux to K. Luoma, lot 34, block 6, Virginia	1,2000
Benjamin P. Hoopes et ux to T. W. Hoopes, e½ lot 366, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division	1
James Backus to Virginia Lumber company, timber on ne¼ nw¼, section 10; ew¼ sw¼, section 11, and nw¼ sw¼, section 13-60-18	1,100
William H. Lamson to same, timber on s½ sw¼, section 10-60-20..	450
G. H. Gamble et ux to Andrew Gowan et al, timber on sw¼ nw¼, section 23-59-15	275
Alma J. Geiser to Clara Fisk Corey, lot 26, block 11, Hibbing	300
Myron E. Gregg to the Jean Du Luth company, e½ nw¼, section 11-51-14	600
Virginia Improvement company to John Allila, lot 9, block 5, Virginia	200
V. H. Bridgman et ux to Nels O. Roswald, lot 8, block 23, Hazelwood addition	650
J. M. Longyear et al to Alma J. Geiser, lot 26, block 11, Hibbing..	300
Stephen B. Hill et ux to James Meak, se¼ nw¼, sw¼ ne¼, section 19-52-14	1
Alice H. Florda to Christ Christopherson, lots 21 and 22, block 12, Virginia	1,775
Duluth Trust company to Lena Nelson, lot 13, block 18, Hunter's Grassy Point addition	400
Highland Presbyterian church to Duluth News Tribune, lot 12, block 14, Duluth Heights, Sixth division	1
C. H. Maginnis et ux to Fred Merrill, nw¼ se¼, section 4-60-21....	350
Same to O. F. Kolb et al, se¼ sw¼, section 33-54-15	200
Same to same, lands in sections 28-63-16 and 29-63-15	600
L. O. Baxter to same, lot 3, section 5-63-15	50
C. P. Maginnis et ux to same, lot 5, section 6-63-15	132
Antony Peterson et ux to C. R. Woods, lot 27, block 9, Chisholm.	1,400
C. R. Woods to P. E. Dowling; same	1,400
P. E. Dowling et al to Miners State Bank, lot 15, block 15, Chisholm.	3,000
Same to same, lot 27, block 9, Chisholm	800
Louis D. Wilkes et ux to Peter P. Redman, lots 15, 16, block 57, West Duluth, Second division	325
W. J. Pfitzern et al to Virginia Lumber company, timber on se¼ section 7-60-20	900
Orris Oliver, trustee, to O. M. Eckman, n½ nw¼, se¼ nw¼ section 11-63-16	25
Sharon Ore company to Axel Pakkala, lots 20, 21, block 4, Buhl....	400
Albert Soderland to John McAlpine, s½ sw¼, section 24-54-12...	1
Minnesota Loan and Trust company to Charles F. W. Korth, lots 1, 2, block 203, Altered plat of West Duluth, Third division...	1
Earl Wright et ux to Elizabeth D. Sang, lots 25, 27, block 6, Central division	400
Charles Bowner to Lena Salphin, lot 8, block 18, Ely	600
G. G. Dickerman vs. John Gettings, lot 32, block 3, Proctorknott...	80
Charles Mike et ux to Art. Hendrickson, und ½ lot 1, block 29, Floodwood	1
Charles Sexton to F. P. Sheldon, se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼ section 32-63-19	750
R. L. Sargent et mar to F. L. Buell, lot 1, block 70, London addition..	1

A merchant is peculiarly the architect of his own income. He plans his advertising campaign either for dividends or deficits.

LITTLE & NOLTE INSURANCE LOANS REAL ESTATE UNDER AM. EX. BANK ESTABLISHED 1886

Wanted

We have customers for several medium priced houses in central locations. If you have anything to offer, kindly let us know.

$1600 $400 cash and balance monthly will buy a seven-room house on a 50-foot lot on upper side of London road in Lester Park. A snap. 76-5.

$3700 For 13-room house in East end, arranged for two families, modern and rented for $358 per year. This is a fine investment. 15-9.

$5700 $2,700 cash, balance 6 per cent, will buy 55 feet in fine central location. Lot worth $3,500 alone. On one-half of lot is a two-flat brick building, renting for $50 per month. Room enough for another good building. 1-12.

$1600 Buys a fine 50-foot corner lot in West end on First street, with a good house of five rooms. 47-14.

$4700 For solid brick, two-flat building, in good location. Hardwood floors all over, 6 rooms, modern, rents for nearly $50 per month. 3-12.

East End Houses.

$7000 takes modern 11-room house, hot water heat, fine location; only $1,000 cash.

$7500 takes modern 10-room house on East First street; hot water heat. Swellest location.

$5000 takes modern 9-room house, only two years old.

$8000 takes modern 9-room house on fine corner.

$3500 takes modern 7-room house on Nineteenth avenue.

$3500 takes modern 7-room house on East Second street.

We have the largest list in the city. Acres are coming in fast. You need our help to get the choice. We are leaders.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

EAST END HOMES FOR SALE.

$5250 Fourth street, near Fifteenth avenue, eight rooms, hardwood finish, all conveniences. Bright, warm house on upper side of street.

$4500 Third street, near Twelfth avenue, 7-room brick house, new, hot water heat, fine plumbing, hardwood floors throughout.

$3500 Nineteenth avenue, near Superior street, 10-room house, two fire places, all conveniences.

$2800 Nineteenth avenue near Jefferson street, 10-room house. Arranged for two families. Stone foundation, water and bath.

$1700 Seventh street, near Ninth avenue, 7 rooms, water, sewer and gas.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

YOU CAN SELL IT

Through a Small Advertisement in these columns —and the beauty of it is that the cost is almost nothing.

YOU CAN BUY IT

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

J. P. Rossman, President. J. C. Mishler, Secy. and Mgr.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY REALTY CO.
ST. LOUIS COUNTY REALTY CO.
ST. LOUIS COUNTY REALTY CO.

808-809-810 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

FOR SALE—Very choice 100-ft. corner on First street, will sell it as a whole or will sell either 50 feet separately. If you want a good First street business corner come and see us. Write or wire.

$4,000 will buy a good modern 7-room house in Endion.

$3,000 will buy a good 9-room house on Fifth street. Close in.

$2,500 will buy good 11-room house and full lot, 50x140 feet, at Twentieth avenue west. For sale exclusively by us.

$1,500 will buy undivided quarter interest in 1,227 acres iron lands on the Vermilion Range. This is cheap at twice the price. We control this absolutely. Come and see us. Write or wire.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY REALTY CO.
808-809-810 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

TWO SMALL TRACTS OF WATER front on St. Louis River, with riparian rights, 100-feet upper corner Nineteenth avenue east and Third street. $3,200. $2,200 cash. R. H. Doran, 313 Lonsdale building.

Modern houses for sale in all parts of city. Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE — FIFTY-FOOT LOTS from $300 up to $425 on Twenty-fourth avenue west. Call 2401 West Fourth street.

$1,600 GOOD HOUSE AND LOT, SIXTH street, near Seventh avenue east. Terms—$300 cash, balance at $25 a month. For sale exclusively by W. M. Prindle & Co., first floor, Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST end, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for the season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 205 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans, fire insurance.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, 518 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—LARGE MODern residence, centrally located, steam heat and all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

$1,100 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, centrally located, above Fifth street. $1,500 for 6-room house, with water and sewer and bath; Fifth street; central. $12.40 per month for 4-room flat, Twelfth avenue west and Michigan street. Cheap lands near the city. J. N. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1964 price until the 15th. Look this up quick. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at $100 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., 205 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1½ to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 205 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

FOR SALE—FINE HARNESS AND SADdle horse. Lyceum stable, 315 West First street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, WAGON, SLEIGHS, buggy, two sets harness, cheap. 19 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—A FINE YOUNG HORSE—suitable for hack or delivery. Call mornings, at 2425 West Sixth street.

FOR SALE — TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD fine draft horses, also logging outfit, or will trade for city lots, pine lands or good outside property. R. B. Whiteside, 216 West Superior street, over Duluth Savings Bank.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

FOR SALE—A GOOD COW, WILL SELL cheap. 32 Devonshire street, Thirtieth avenue west.

A CARLOAD OF REALLY GOOD fresh milch cows for sale. D. S. McKay & Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh. Zenith 1387.

FOR SALE—E. CARLSON ARRIVED with carload of fresh milch cows. Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

SAFES! SAFES! SAFES!
Sixty-seven Years in Business.
HERRING-HALL-MARVIN SAFE COMPANY.
Successors to Hall Safe and Lock company, and operating Hall Safe and Lock Works. Manufacturers
STANDARD SAFES.
Bank and safe deposit work of every description. Represented by
M. M. CONLON, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FLAT, THREE ROOMS; water, gas and electric light. 320 Lake avenue north.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT, ALL modern conveniences. 316 West Second street.

FIVE-ROOM FURNISHED FLAT, modern. Telephone old 'phone 1156-M.

FOR RENT — TWO NEW FLATS, 1112 East Fifth street; all modern conveniences. Inquire 1118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—APRIL 1, SIX-ROOM FLAT, modern, central. George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ONE FOUR-ROOM FLAT and one five-room flat; water and sewer, gas and electric light. 1325 London road.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT, MODERN EXCEPT heat; good location; reasonable rent. Y 71, Herald.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE, INquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENtral; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STEAM HEATED APARTments, No. 31 East Superior street. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—SMALL FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water, at No. 319 Sixth avenue west, $15 per month. William E. Richardson, assignee, Exchange building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

MEAT MARKETS—

	Old 'phone.	New 'phone.
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189

LAUNDRIES—

Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447

DRUGGISTS—

Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7

MUSIC AND INSTRUMENTS—

Ingvald Westgaard	521-K	464

COAL AND FUEL—

Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485

FUNERAL DESIGNS—

Victor Huot	633-R	1370

FLORISTS—

Seekins & LeBorious	1356	1626

BAKERIES—

The Bon Ton		1166

SEWING MACHINES—

Singer Sewing Mach. Co.	1141	973
White Sewing Mach. Co.	33-K	515

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—

Mutual Electric Co.	496	496

RUBBER STAMP WORKS—

Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co.	702-K	755

FRENCH CLEANING—

La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191

PLUMBING AND HEATING—

McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, strictly modern furnished house or flat. U 74, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY GOOD, ALL around man, soliciting, collecting or inside work. Seventeen years' residence; best references furnished. C 9, Herald.

A YOUNG BOY WOULD LIKE POSItion of any kind. 64, Herald.

SMALL SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP, evenings. Inquire J, care of Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG man experienced as traveling salesman. Reliable, sober and a hustler, with best of references. Address Z 61, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE POSITION in dressmaking parlor; can give best of references. Miss G., care of Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent and experienced stenographer. Address Miss C., care Herald.

YOUNG LADY, HAVING SOME SPARE time during the day, wants position where she could work for room and board. Address C. 100, Herald.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW, WASHING ironing and house cleaning work by the day. Call or write 32 East Superior street. Room 8.

WANTED BY A YOUNG LADY, POSItion as stenographer to work for small salary. C 1 Herald.

WOMAN WANTS ANY KIND OF WORK by day. 1910 West Michigan street.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY GRADUATE of high school and Duluth Business University wants position as stenographer for mercantile house. Best references. Address Miss B. care of Herald.

MARRIED WOMAN WOULD LIKE A place to work for board or small wages. B. 32, Herald.

WANTED—CLEANING OR WASHING —20 First avenue west. Zenith 1218-Y. Mrs. Anna Jones.

MEDICAL.

LADIES ONLY—DR. LE DUE'S GENUINE French Female Regulator from Paris. Three packages are positively warranted to cure the most stubborn cases of monthly stoppages, irregularities, obstructions and suppressions brought on from whatever pathological or abnormal cause, or return money. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the relieving remedy at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't waste time and money trying other or cheaper remedies; haste is important. Drug trade supplied by jobbers.

WOMEN ONLY — DR. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought relief to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2.00 by mail. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila., Pa.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.
Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

LADIES — USE OUR RELIABLE monthly regulator. Send for free trial. Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE!

Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to positively cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

PERSONAL — LADIES, DR. STRICKland's monthly remedy relieves in five hours; safe and sure; box free; send stamp for particulars. Crown Chemical Co., box 93, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARRY — WEALTHY AND BEAUTY; marriage directory free; pay when married; entirely new plan; send no money. Address H. A. Horton, Dept. 108, Tekonsha, Mich.

ROYALTY PAID ON SONG-POEMS and musical compositions. We arrange and popularize. Pioneer Music Pub. Co., Inc., 641 Manhattan Bldg., Chicago.

CONGENIAL YOUNG LADY WANTS to do light housekeeping with another young lady. References exchanged. Y 66, Herald.

YOUR DENTAL WORK AT ONE HALF price this month. See Lee & Turley, 114 West Superior street, over Folz. Book of valuable information on care of the teeth sent to any address upon request.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 367. Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

$185 for a mahogany upright piano; excellent condition. Terms, $10 cash and $6 a month.

Mahogany upright Piano — used one year —$90. Terms, $10 cash and $5 a month.

INCUBATORS AND BROODers at factory prices. Poultry supplies. Chick food. Eggs for hatching from very best show birds in Partridge and Golden Wyandottes. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.'S
Special prices for Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

Cleaning watch	50c
Main spring	50c
Hair spring	50c
Jewel	50c
Crystal	10c
Hands	10c
Soldering jewelry	15c
Set stone	15c
Pins for brooches	5c

All work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.,
324 West Superior Street.

A GOOD SECOND-HAND TYPEWRITER on approval. Old 'phone 1084-K. New 329-D.

FOR SALE— A $50 CASH REGISTER for $25, at drug store, 228 Central aevnue, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — GAS RANGE WITH water front, first-class condition; also small heater. C 5, Herald.

Our 1905 Model Can't Be Beat.

Boats, Launches and Reversible propellers. DULUTH GAS ENGINE WORKS, Park Point. Three blocks south of Aerial bridge. Bell 'phone, 1274.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer in good condition. A snap—$25. 2731 West Third street.

FISCHER PIANOS.
FISCHER PIANOS.

HOWARD, FARWELL & CO., Hunter block, 29 West Superior St. W. J. Allen, Local Manager. EXPERT PIANO TUNING.

FOR SALE—CLOUQUET STEAM LAUNdry. No other power laundry in city. Population 6,000, with 2,000 in surrounding territory. Largest lumber cut capacity in the world. Three trunk line railroads. Apply Charles Edmondson, Cloquet, Carlton county, Minn.

FOR SALE—RAILS, LIGHT AND heavy, Switches, Frogs, Portable track for tramways and sidings. M. Mitshkun Co., Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE—15 PER CENT INVESTment. 200 shares in a Colorado gold mine at 40c per share. Paying ½ cent per share per month. Reason for selling, need the money at once. If you want a good investment, address Z. 33, care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—THE MINUTES OF A GOOD timber claim, containing 5,000 cords pulpwood and 250,000 white pine. Address C 6, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, ONE EIGHTEEN-foot 2-horsepower and one 25-foot 5-horsepower gasoline launches; first-class condition. Neil Nelson, 727 Sixty-ninth avenue west.

FOR SALE — LIGHT DOUBLE HARness, hand-made, best oak stock; gilt trimmings, patent leather collars, round open bridles, also gents' saddle. 2022 East Fifth street.

$35.00 BUYS SIX OCTAVO PACKARD, second hand; $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

BEDSTEAD AND SPRINGS, GOOD condition, $2.00. 1213 West Fifth street.

MAKE ME AN OFFER FOR A NEW first-class 22-foot torpdo gasoline launch. Particulars call Zenith 'phone 1378.

$30 BUYS STORY & CLARKE SECOND-hand organ. Payments $5 cash and $2.50 monthly installments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs).

FOR SALE—CAMP GUELPH, TWENty-sixth street, Park Point; corner lot, house and contents. Address Box No. 564, Grand Rapids, Minn.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH, TWO story frame building, occupied by grocery in business center of prosperous mining town, reason for selling, owner going to Europe. Address Box 218, Biwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE—GROCERY AND CONFECtionery stock and fixtures, Can buy or rent building. C 2, Herald.

FOR SALE — TWO-CHAIR BARBER shop. Good trade. Look this up. Address Y 84, Herald.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP—FIRST-class soda fountain. Inquire Eischen Bros., 129 West Superior street.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver. Highest market prices. M. Henrickson Jewelry company, 334 West Superior street.

MEN'S SOWED SOLES, 75c; NAILED, 50c; rubber heels, 40c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

WYANDOTTE BRAND CHICK FEED, made by Pike & Co., Minneapolis. Balanced ration, chick grower and life-saver. Raising every chick. Ask your dealer for Wyandotte Brand Poultry and Stock supplies.

$47.00 BUYS ONE FANCY OAK CASE, almost new, Kimball organ; $5.00 cash, $3.00 monthly payments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior St., (uptairs).

THE OLIVER STANDARD VISIBLE typewriter. Edmont, 410 W. Superior St.

FOR SALE—T RAIL AND DYNAMOS and second-hand sacks. Northwestern Iron and Metal company.

TRY THACHER'S GROCERY NEXT time you order groceries. 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone 747-X.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS. (Continued.)

HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS ON Park Point, or central; no commission. 508 Burrows building.

FOR SALE CHEAP—INVALID'S CHAIR —good as new. 625 East First street.

$2.50 CARPETS YOUR ROOMS, LINING free. Send for catalogue. Lutz Rug Co., 47 North 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

WHY IS IT THAT OUR BUSINESS IS doubling each year. Because the people are rapidly learning that the White Sewing Machines are the most improved and do the best work. Free trial. Easy payments.

CANOES AND ALL KINDS OF LIGHT rowboats for sale. H. S. Patterson, Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—BUCK STEEL RANGE, $30; good as new; also other household goods. 6311 Sherborne street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—SINGER SEWING MAchine. Best of running order. Very cheap, if taken at once. 725 East Second street.

FOR SALE — LIGHT DELIVERY OR order wagon. Practically new; two seats. 2731 West Third street.

FOR SALE—BULL DOGS—FANCY PEDigreed Boston bull dogs for sale. Price $15 to $35. 2731 West Third street.

$175.00 BUYS NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; $10.00 cash and $6.00 per month, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs.)

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—1025 WEST First street, city water. John Flood.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, best of repair; bath and use of phone. 2820 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, cheap. Two ladies preferred. 1111½ East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — A SUITE OF THREE steam-heated rooms centrally located on Superior street, suitable for light housekeeping. G. G. Dickerson & Co., Alworth building.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 1016 West Fourth street, $7. Inquire 910 West Fourth street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT IN BASEment at 118 East Fifth street.

ROOM FOR TWO WITH BATH CONnections and board. C 10, Herald.

ROOMS AND BOARD WITH PRIVATE family. Call 326 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED SUITE OF front rooms, suitable for three persons; modern conveniences, $12 per month. 126 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 221 Fifth avenue west.

CLEAN ROOMS, $2 PER WEEK. 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Second street.

MODERN ROOM, BATH. 505 East Second street.

BOARD AND NICELY FURNISHED rooms, center of of city; steam heat, every convenience; pleasant neighborhood; $5.50 per week; first-class. Address C 7, Herald.

ROOMS, WELL FURNISHED. 413½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; private bath, open grate. 214 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms at 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 1016 West Fourth street, $6.00 Inquire 910 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

OTHER WANTS ON PAGE 11.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—BRICK HOUSE, 2 BLOCKS from courthouse. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, STOVE HEAT, $30.00 month. 1412 Jefferson street. Both 'phones 597.

MODERN, SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE. 629 East Fifth street. $32 a month.

FOR RENT — COTTAGE ON PARK Point, for four gentlemen. Call 1834 Minesota avenue, or phone 121-R.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE, eight-room, modern conveniences. Owner wishes to reserve room and board with tenant. 430 Manhattan building.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY —G. H. Crosby, 106 Providence building, phone 24.

FOR RENT — THREE-STALL BARN and carriagehouse. 117 West Fourth street. Inquire Big Duluth.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STEAM-HEATED STORE ROOM AND basement in brick block. First avenue east, near Superior street. Low rent.

MILTON BLOCK—STORE ROOM NO. 130 West Michigan street, three floors, steam heat if desired.

LOTS 50x90 FEET, STEAM HEATED, electric elevators, front and rear; good light; railroad spur at rear; suitable for wholesale, jobbing or light manufacturing.
CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior Street.

FOR RENT—RESTAURANT, FURNISHed complete, good proposition. 2608 West

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, fine brick block; rent cheap. Apply Sherwood, 615 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — BUTCHER SHOP WITH fixtures complete. 503 West First street. Inquire Crystal restaurant.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FIFTY AUSTRIANS FOR rock work. E. Downie, Western Employment Co.

WANTED—ONE COAT MAKER AND one trouser maker. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue West.

WANTED—AN UNMARRIED MAN AS bookkeeper, salary $65. Position permanent and growing. Address "W. S. B.," care Evening Herald, giving age, references and where last employed.

IF YOU are competent to fill a $1000-$5000 position, we have many opportunities for you; positions for Salesmen, Executive, Clerical, Technical men now open; write for booklet and state position desired. HAPGOOD'S, Brain Brokers, 313 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.
BUSINESS MEN.

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

WANTED—PORTER. BOYLES, UPstairs.

WANTED MEN EVERYWHERE—GOOD pay; to distribute circulars, adv. matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Adv. Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED — MEN TO DISTRIBUTE samples, tack signs; $3 daily; no canvassing. Continental Distributing Service, Chicago.

WANTED — A FIRST-CLASS EDGERman, also a carriage rider to go to Thief River Falls; full season's work guaranteed. Call 422 Providence building.

$55 MONTHLY SALARY PAID TO ENergetic men and women to solicit orders for enlarging pictures. Send for contract. Stewart & Short, 271 E. Madison street, Chicago.

WANTED — BOY, LIVING WITH PARents, about 16 years; must be honest and willing. Call at parcel room Union depot, prepared to give good references.

BARBER WANTED, 215 WEST SUPERior street; salary $15 per week.

TRAVELING SALESMAN WANTED TO work country grocer trade. Salary and expenses. Los Angeles Cider Co., St. Louis, Mo.

EXPERIENCED TRAVELING SALESmen, by large Cleveland jobbing house, to fill vacancy for 1905. High commissions with $25 weekly. W. S. Finley Co., 90 Prospect street, Cleveland, Ohio.

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED — EXperience unnecessary, good pay; Emmanuel Co., Station "J," New York.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc; no canvasing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

SALESMEN WANTED—THREE SALESmen for our county, township and railroad surveys of Minnesota; counties and towns fully indexed and populations given; congressional districts outlined and numbered; all railroads plainly shown and the distances between all towns on them given in figures. A splendid opportunity for energetic men. Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, 221 2nd Ave. S., Minneapolis.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED — TWO GOOD COATMAKers; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 926. Duluth Tel. 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorses or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
'Phones—New, 883; old, 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

Salary Loans and Chattel Loans.
YOU CAN BORROW
$10 and pay $ .50 weekly; $2 monthly
$15 and pay .75 weekly; $3 monthly
$20 and pay $1.00 weekly; $4 monthly
$25 and pay $1.25 weekly; $5 monthly
These amounts pay both principal and interest, at
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY—IF YOU HAVE FROM $250 TO $100,000, loan it on improved Duluth property. I guarantee 6 to 7 per cent interest net on loans running one to four years. Correspondence a pleasure. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8-9 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 1680-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others, upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

TO LOAN $2,000—IN ONE AMOUNT OR divided—rate 6 to 7 per cent. L. A. Barnes, Woodward building, West Duluth.

PAINTING DONE.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL—627 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. 12½ Chester terrace.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East First. 6 St. Elmo Flats.

LADIES — TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 34 E. Monroe St., Chicago.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

WANTED—LADY WHO UNDERSTANDS altering garments in cloak department, and willing to act as saleslady in that line. Wm. Kitz & Co., Hibbing.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Mrs. G. E. Budd, 5805 Huntington street.

A GOOD GIRL WANTED. 316 WEST Second street.

LADIES — EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Enclose stamped envelope. American Belt Works, Batavia, Ill.

LADIES HAVING FANCY WORK TO sell, embroideries, battenburg, drawnwork; also to do other work. Stamped envelope. Ladies' Exchange, 34 Monroe St., Chicago.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST at light housework, few hours each day; one who can go home nights. 4303 McCullough street, Lakeside.

WANTED — SMART GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; one who can sleep at home preferred. 224 Second avenue east

GIRL WANTED — FOR GENERAL housework, family of three, work easy. Call 821 East Third street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED AT 324 WEST Third street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL OR GIRL for general housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1126 East Third street.

WANTED—MAID AT 424 NINTH AVEnue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 405 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED — ENERGETIC WOMEN TO travel on salary to get agents for superior line of goods. Corset & Skirt Co., Ann Arbor, Mich.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Small family. 2319 East First street.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

PALMIST.

Madame De Vernen,
PALMIST AND MEDIUM.

Have your future told by Madame De Vernen, Palmist. Your past, present and future told, business and family matters explained; also advice given in love affairs. Call and see plaster casts of the Princess of Wales and also of President and Mrs. McKinley, whose hands she has read. Private readings can be had at your residence by notifying the medium at North Star Hotel, 503½ West Michigan street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m.

AGENTS WANTED.

FRATERNAL, SICK, ACCIDENT AND life insurance association wants high-salaried representatives to travel and solicit members. Bond and reference required. Excellent opportunity for competent men. Address B., Evening Herald.

AGENTS WANTED—MEN, WOMEN, girls and boys. Every woman a buyer; something for every kitchen. Big profits without risk. Catalogue free. Northwestern Specialty Co., Box 142, Minneapolis, Minn.

"I FEEL LIKE A MILLIONAIRE," writes one agent. New demand. Quick sales. Farmers' Account Book Co., Newton, Iowa.

MAKE YOUR FORTUNE BY PAYING one dollar monthly for shares in the Goldfields. Agents wanted; remit one dollar to the Mining Trust company, Los Angeles, Cal.

NEW MAGAZINE — BIG SUCCESS — large commission to agents. Cash prizes. Stamp secures sample outfit. The Pandex of the Press, San Francisco.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torey.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and records, instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED — LARGE, WELL-KNOWN Chicago manufacturing company, making staple line of goods, widely known, wants satisfactory man with $5,000 cash to establish and carry on branch business; $250 per month salary and all expenses, with share of profits extra; safe investment, permanent engagement, and high-class business good for $5,000 per year or better, with big future increase. For particulars address H. Martin, 1108 Trude building, Chicago.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, 313 X Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis, Minn.

PARTNER WANTED, SMALL CAPItal, to take half interest and management of good paying business. C 3, Herald.

WANTED TO TRADE FARM LANDS near Superior for team draft horses, also team drivers. Ernest A. Arnold, Superior, Wis.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—TWO UNFURnished rooms, central, with heat or would rent more rooms with some good party, by an elderly gentleman. Address C. 11, Herald.

WANTED — BY A COUPLE, CLEAN neatly furnished cottage, flat or rooms for housekeeping. O. 2, Herald.

WANTED TO RENT—APRIL 1ST, FOUR or five-room cottage, in nice neighborhood. Price reasonable. Y 93, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTIcal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, April 3, 1905. Work—Second degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 27, 1905. Work—Second Degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 22, 1905. Work—M.M. degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave March 28, 7:30 p. m., at new Masonic Temple. Drill, followed by refreshments. C. W. Wilson, commander; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 30, 1905. Work—Eighteenth degree. New Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John F. Peterson, Com., 2017 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 318 West Superior street. Next meeting March 23rd. Both degrees. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Wetmanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gail, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder, O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Sheperdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second, March 28. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K.

SECTION 2 Pages 13 to 24

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

24 PAGES

SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1905.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

INCREASING THE LENGTH OF A BIG STEEL STEAMER

Victory Cut In Two At the Superior Shipyards.

Seventy-five Feet Then Added To the Vessel's Length.

VIEW OF VICTORY, STEAMSHIP CUT IN TWO AND NOW BEING LENGTHENED AT THE SUPERIOR SHIPYARD.

Cutting a big steel steamer in two and adding seventy-two feet to her length is the task that has been undertaken at the Superior shipyards this winter.

The Victory, a freighter of 3,774 gross tons, was placed on the ways last fall, and the work of adding seventy-two feet to her length comenced. Before the alteration the steamer was 357 feet in length, 48 feet in beam and 22 feet in height. When the alterations have been completed she will be 429 feet in length, and will compare very favorably with the larger type of vessels on the great lakes.

The lengthening of the Victory illustrates remarkably the rapidity of the growth of the lake freighters. When the Victory was launched in 1895, she was considered to be one of the largest and best bulk freighters on the lakes, but in nine years she has become one of the third or fourth class in size. The huge 400-footers and the more modern 500-foot leviathians have outclassed such vessels as the Victory, and the boats of her type are unable to compete on an equal basis with the larger sister ships.

One of the great freighters, capable of carrying 10,000 tons of cargo, has but little, if any, more expense for operation than the ordinary 500-footer. Both vessels have to carry masters, mates, engineers and firemen, and about the only difference in expense of operation is the difference in coal consumption. The larger boats can therefore afford to carry bulk cargoes for rates that would be ruinous to a smaller vessel, and some of the owners of samll boats are faced with the alternative of allowing the capital they have locked up in this manner becoming unproductive of dividends or of expending more money to increase the size of their vessels. Where the boats are still in good condition and serviceable for many seasons to come, the latter alternative is generally taken.

On all sides the vessel owners are making efforts to increase the average carrying capacity of their boats. The Pittsburg Steamship company recently disposed of a number of its smaller vessels and now has under construction four monster freighters that will exceed the Augustus B. Wolvin in length. The change will bring the average carrying capacity of the Pittsburg fleet up above the 5,000-ton mark.

The work on the Victory is being rushed, and the renovated vessel will be ready for service on the lakes this summer.

SWEDISH MISSION CHURCH SAYS GOOD-BYE TO PASTOR

Farewell Reception to Rev. Albert M. Johanson.

Pastors of Duluth and Superior Mission Churches Speak.

REV. ALBERT M. JOHANSON.

SWEDISH MISSION CHURCH AT THE WEST END.

About 800 members of the Swedish Mission church and their friends gathered in the church building at Twenty-first avenue west and Second street last Thursday evening and tendered a farewell reception to their pastor, Rev. Albert M. Johanson, who is about to sever his connection with the church.

The program opened with a selection by the church choir, and following this short addresses were made by the pastors of the mission churches in Duluth and Superior.

Rev. A. T. Frykman, of Superior, spoke of the excellent standing which Mr. Johanson enjoys among his colleagues, and paid a warm tribute to the work he has done among the people of the Head of the Lakes.

Rev. K. E. Forsell, of West Duluth, referred to Mr. Johanson, as a sincere friend and brother worker, and a true "Smalanning," and expressed his deep regret that their connections should be severed.

Rev. H. K. Mattson indorsed the statements of Mr. Forsell and spoke of the work done by Rev. Mr. Johanson on the ranges.

Charles Schell, president of the congregation, spoke a few words on behalf of the members of the church, and Mr. Johanson responded in a brief, but feeling address. At the close of the program refreshments were served, and the remainder of the evening spent in a pleasant social manner.

Mr. Johanson has been pastor of the Swedish Mission church for five years. During that time most substantial progress has been made. The church debt has been decreased from $6,000 to $2,500, and extensive improvements have also been made in the building, chief of which was the building of a new basement, and the installing of a modern heating plant, costing about $2,500. The church membership has increased, and under Mr. Johanson's guidance the affairs of the congregation have progressed in every way.

Not only is the church now on a firm financial footing but the results of his ministry have shown themselves in other ways. Possessing pronounced ability as a revivalist, he has succeeded in keeping the spiritual tone of the members up to a high standard, and his influence has been felt not only in the city, but throughout the Northwest.

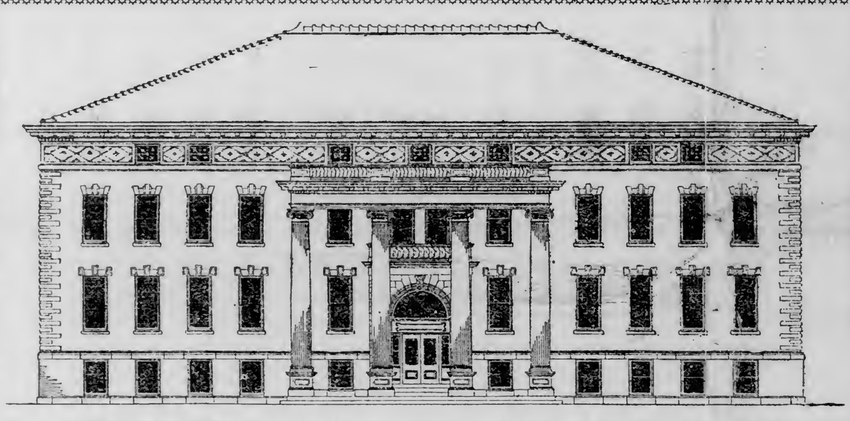
Mr. Johanson has accepted a call to the Swedish Tabernacle at the corner of La Salle and Thirtieth street, Chicago, and will leave Monday to take charge of his new pastorate. He will preach his farewell sermon in Duluth tomorrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

Rev. F. O. Kling of Waynette, Minn., will succeed Mr. Johanson as pastor of the Swedish Mission church.

PLANS FOR THE NEW MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL BUILDING

To Occupy Northwest Corner of Lake Avenue and Third Street.

Will Be Two-Story Brick Structure and Cost About $45,000.



VIEW OF NEW MANUAL TRAINING SCHOOL BUILDING TO BE BUILT THIS YEAR.

Among the public buildings which will be erected in Duluth this coming season, none will be of greater interest than the new manual training school building to occupy the northwest corner of Lake avenue and West Third street, plans for which have been prepared by Palmer & Hunt, local architects, and which are to be placed before the board of education at the next regular meeting, April 7. The plans have already been accepted and the April meeting of the board will be followed by a call for bids for the construction work.

The new manual training school, which is to cost about $45,000, will have a frontage of 124 feet on Third street and will extend back ninety-five feet on Lake avenue. It will be a two-story, brick structure, with a basement and will be erected along the lines of simple Colonial style, with metal tiled roofing.

In the basement will be found a machine shop, 27 by 81 feet; an instructor's office, 24 by 27 feet; a forge room, 27 by 83 feet; a molding room, 24 by 39 feet; a foundry 27 by 27 feet; a stock room 24 by 27 feet and other rooms including the toilets and the janitor's apartment.

The first floor will comprise the draughting room, 27 by 53 feet; a demonstration room, 27 by 30 feet; an instructor's office, 22 by 27 feet; a joinery room, 27 by 52 feet; a woodturning room, 27 by 35 feet; a pattern room, 20 by 24 feet; a stock room, 18 by 18 feet and toilet and store rooms.

The board of education has not yet decided to finish the second floor, but as contemplated, the second floor will be devoted to a chemical labratory, 27 by 53 feet with a private labratory 20 by 27 feet; a demonstration room 27 by 32 feet. The west half of the second floor is planned for the domestic science department, comprising a sewing room, 27 by 36 feet; a demonstration room 27 by 32 feet; a cooking room, 24 by 30 feet; a dining room, 19 by 23 feet; a model room, 15 by 15 feet; an exhibition room, 16 by 28 feet tnd toilets, store rooms, pantries, etc.

CLEVELAND HAS THE FIRST ROLLING ROADWAY FOR TEAMS.

Teams Carried Up a 20 Per Cent Grade In Four Minutes or Less—Something Needed in Duluth.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 25.—A novel and important invention—the first rolling roadway ever built—has just recently been completed and placed in operation in Cleveland. By means of it teams with heavy loads are carried up a 20 per cent grade—forward 420 feet and upward 65 feet in four minutes or less. Thousands of spectators have witnessed this interesting sight in the past five weeks, while at the same time numerous representatives from other cities, and even from Europe, interested in the various problems of transportation, have watched its operations with interest.

In Cleveland, as in many other cities, the wagon route for a large volume of heavy traffic is necessarily up several steep grades. The city proper is upon an elevation and the docks and several of the principal railroad depots are at the foot of long inclines, over which several streets lead. On Factory street, the site of this first roadway, the incline for many years has been traversed by heavily laden teams, which climbed the grade at a snail's pace, and with great difficulty. At the same time it has never been possible to haul nearly as heavy loads up this incline as could be hauled were the start made from the top of the hill.

Under the new regime the team draws its load to the foot of the rolling roadway and is carried to the top without any effort at all on the part of the horses. In addition to the saving of labor on the part of the horses, and the saving of time to the owner of the vehicle, it is believed that there will be a noticeable saving in blacksmith's bills. The loads hauled in this manner are fully equal to those possible upon a level road. Horses soon become used to this invention, in fact few of them frighten even on the first trip.

The rolling roadway is a great endless belt, which is operated by means of electric power, and which weighs ninety-nine tons. It is the invention of Col. Isaac D. Smead of Cincinnati, who worked nearly three years on the drawings before they were even seen by others. The rolling roadway is considered a wonderful piece of engineering. About four months are required to build such a roadway. Nearly 100 men were employed on the construction of the one in Cleveland.

It will be noted in the photograph that at the top of the hill there is a small tower. It is from this point that the electric power is applied. When the wagons have been clamped to the roadway at the start, the man in the tower is notified by means of an electric signal, and the roadway begins to move at the rate of some four miles an hour. Once at the top of the hill and upon the level, the machinery stops and the clamps holding the wogan are loosened. Ten vehicles can be placed upon the roadway at one time. The daily capacity is about 600 vehicles. A toll of from 10 to 25 cents is charged, dependent upon the weight of the load. For foot passengers 2 cents toll is charged. However, while the tests were being made, which was in January, both vehicles and foot passengers were carried free.

Since the completion of this roadway the railroads in the vicinity have begun the creation of a large warehouse, and are planning to put in additional team tracks. The activities in that locality have more than doubled.

Now another roadway of this kind is to be built in the same city, at Mandrake street, at a cost of $100,000. While the first one is built along the grade of the hill, this one will be suspended in the air. The street will be extended by the building of an iron bridge, and the rolling roadway will be at a right angle to this extension. There will be substantial iron supports, sixty-six feet high and twelve feet apart under the viaduct, and the supports of the roadway will be the same distance apart.

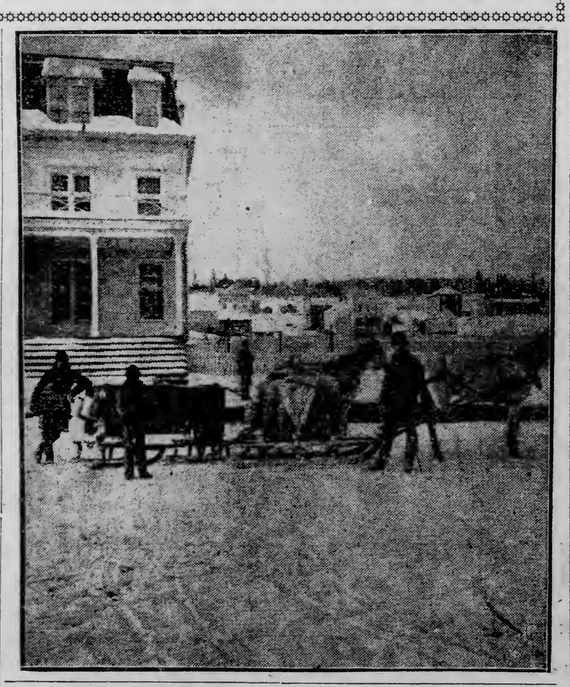
An especially commendable feature of this new plan of transportation is that it is especially humane to horses, so many of which have been abused, and even injured, in all large cities in the hauling of heavy loads.

ROLLING ROADWAY.

THE FIRST WATER SYSTEM

First Water Company In Duluth Run By C. Poirier.

He Sold Out Later To "John, the Waterman."



As compared with the present water system of Duluth, under municipal ownership, with a large and expensive plant and the reputation of furnishing some of the best water in the country, the first water company established in the Zenith City presents a wonderful contrast.

The picture herewith presented will doubtless recall to the minds of many of Duluth's pioneer residents, still living, the early days when the "water-system" of the city was comprised of only the apparatus shown in the picture.

C. Poirer claims to be the owner and sole manager of the first water company in Duluth.

Coming here in the early part of 1870, Mr. Poirier found that the only method employed by the settlers to get their supply of drinking water was to hike down to the lake shore with a pail and get what they needed. He decided that this process was entirely too laborious, and figured that the growing needs of the town demanded a "water system," so he set about to establish one.

"I bought a horse and a two-wheeled cart," says Mr. Poirier, "and hitched the wheels to a hogshead. Then I hired a man to run the wagon. This was Duluth's first water company."

Afterwards Mr. Poirier sold out his "water company" to John Collins and it is the Collins outfit which is seen standing in the accompanying picture. The corner of the building in the background was the old Clark house. By the time Collins took the business it had grown to the proportions that it took two tanks to supply the thirsty villagers.

John Collins is said to have been more familiarly known among the old settlers as "John, the waterman." It is related that the nearest he came to getting off the water wagon permanently was on one occasion, when after personal differences, "Anse" Northrop put a revolver bullet through the top of Collin's hat, as a demonstration of his accuracy with the weapon and an intimation that the next bullet might go a little lower.

It is said that the stock of the first water company became so very much watered that in later years the Gas & Water company was organized.

SCANDINAVIAN DIFFICULTIES

Are Much Graver Than Generally Understood, Says Nansen.

London, March 25.—Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, who is making a short stay in London to discuss scientific matters with the Royal Geographical society, being interviewed on the consular difficulty between Norway and Sweden said that the situation was graver than generally understood abroad and that there was a very serious danger to the union, if Sweden persisted in refusing Norway's undisputed rights. Then explaining the history of the dispute in detail, Dr. Nansen said that the consular question involved as a test as to whether Sweden was prepared honestly and honorably to carry out the treaty of union or if Norway was to become a mere Swedish dependency. Owing to the fact that Sweden is protectionist and Norway free-trading and because of Norway's more extensive sea trade and other divergencies of commercial interests, Dr. Nansen said, it was absolutely esential for Norway to have her own consular service; but since Sweden's breach of faith in her failure to carry out the agreement on the subject arranged by the Lagerheim committee in 1902, Norwegians were reluctantly driven to the conclusion that it is useless entering into further negotiations.

"We wish the union maintained," Dr. Nansen continued, "but it must be on the unalterable foundation of equal rights of both states. No government that can possibly come into power in Norway will adopt any other policy."

In conclusion, Dr. Nansen emphatically denied rumors that Norway would offer territorial or other concessions with a view to obtaining Russian aid in the unhappy dispute and declared that was the last thing in the world Norwegians would dream of doing.

DAKOTA IS SATISFACTORY.

New London, Conn., March 25.—The steamship Dakota, which has just been completed at the Croton shipyard, returned here yesterday after a trial sea trip of twenty-four hours. During the trip her compasses were adjusted and her machinery given a thorough trial, which is said to have been satisfactory. It is expected that the Dakota will make her final departure from this port early next week, preparatory to starting for Pacific waters. The Dakota is owned by the Great Northern Steamship company.

ANGRY MOB WOULD LYNCH A MOTORMAN.

New York, March 25.—A squad of extra policemen was summoned from a station in Brooklyn yesterday to rescue a policeman and the motorman of a surface car from an angryr mob of 5,000 persons who were trying to punish the motorman for the death of a little boy. The child, Frederick Von Gilder, aged four years, ran in front of the car as it was passing through Park avenue and was struck and instantly killed. Several women fainted when they witnessed the accident. Hardly had the motorman, James MacCauley, left the platform of his car when several men seized him. Cries of "lynch him" went up immediately. The conductor took refuge in his car and locked both doors. McCauley struggled back to the car and reached a switch iron with which he knocked down several of his assailants. A policeman came to his rescue, but the mob attacked him also and the two men fought side by side, the policeman using his club and McCauley the switch iron. When the police arrived they had to beat their way through the crowd to reach the two men. The body of the boy was then removed from under the car. When his mother, Mrs. Robert Von Gilder, saw the body she fainted and as she started downstairs fell headlong, suffering serious injuries.

LAND OFFICES

At Ashland and Wausau to Be Abolished.

Washington, March 25.—The general land office will in a few days issue an order abolishing the land offices at Ashland and Wausau, and consolidate them with the office at Eau Claire, Wis.

Ashland and Wausau have filed protests against the proposed change, but Senator Spooner and Representative Esch have informed Land Commissioner Richards that Eau Claire is their choice for the location of the single office.

MUCH MAIL DESTROYED.

Seattle, Wash., March 25.—Many thousand ordinary letters, second-class mail matter and all of the registered mail matter was destroyed by fire and water in the Great Northern wreck in Idaho on Thursday. The mail came from St. Paul, Minneapolis and the East and was intended for distribution in Washington points.

The wedding of Miss Rose Gidding and Max Stern of Chicago was one of the most beautiful affairs of the week. The wedding took place Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gidding before the immediate friends of the family. The rooms were prettily decorated, the living room being particularly beautiful. With many ropes of ground pine extending to the sides of the room and bridal roses, a canopy was improvised with the chandelier as the center and under this the bridal party stood. At 6:30 o'clock the wedding music was played by Miss Silberstein, and the bridal party entered. The bride entered with her brother, J. M. Gidding and the services were read by Rev. Mendel Silber. The maid of honor was Miss Elsie Silberstein, and Nathaniel Gidding was the best man. The bride wore a beautiful gown of net over silk and wore a bridal veil. She carried a prayer book, the gift of the groom to which were hung lilies of the villey in shower effect. The maid of honr wore a gown of pink chiffon mull and carried pink roses tied with ribbons of the same shade.

After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served. The dining room was prettily decorated in green and white, ferns and bridal roses being used. Covers were laid for eighteen at the beautifully decorated table. Mr. and Mrs. Stern left during the evening for a Western wedding trip. The bride's going away gown was of green chiffon broadcloth with a hat to match. Mr. and Mrs. Stern will be at home in Chicago after May 1.

• • •

Mrs. S. L. Frazer left the first of the week for a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. LeRoy Salsich, of Hibbing.

• • •

Mrs. Heber Hartley of Cass Lake was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Spencer during the week.

• • •

Mrs. W. A. McGonagle had as her guest during the week, her brother, C. S. Sargent, who was returning to his home in Alaska.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bryan returned the first of the week from a trip to Cuba.

• • •

Mrs. J. F. Daish left during the week for a visit at Minneapolis, where she will attend grand opera next week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Hazen returned last week from a month's Southern trip.

• • •

Mrs. T. H. Larke of St. Paul is the guest of friends in this city.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs L. D. Robertson returned during the winter from California and Arizona where they spent the winter.

• • •

Mrs. Margaret McCarthy, who was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. P. M. Tully, of Chester Terrace, left Wednesday for her home at Helena, Mont.

• • •

Mrs J. R. Marshall, of 1113 East Fourth street left Tuesday for Florida, where she will join Mr. Marshall and visit a month.

• • •

Mrs. H. McIntyre and Miss Baisie McIntyre, of 121 Tenth avenue east, left the first of the week for Minneapolis for a short visit.

• • •

Dr Emilie Maris returned during the week from a visit at her home in Iowa.

• • •

Mrs. S. Levy left Wednesday afternoon for a week's visit at St. Paul.

• • •

Mrs. E. C. Brown and children left Wednesday afternoon for Ashland, Or.

• • •

Miss Ada Stalker entertained at a delightful little birthday party last Saturday afternoon at her home at Lakeside. The affair was in honor of the 7th birthday of the little hostess. Those present were:

Misses—
Margaret Smith, Marian Gorton,
Margaret McDermott, Louise Blackmarr,
Margaret McLean, Alice Hicken,
Margaret Robertson, Katherine Sutherland.

Masters—
Kenneth Sutherland, Thomas Gorton.

• • •

Mrs. A. R. Porter left the first of the week for a visit at San Francisco.

• • •

The 500 club of Duluth Heights will be entertained this evening by Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Johnson.

• • •

Miss Elizabeth Garvin left during the week for a three-weeks' visit in Texas.

• • •

Miss Ethel Browning of West Duluth left Wednesday for a visit at Ashland.

• • •

Mrs. A. W. Ryan returned during the week from a visit with her mother at Berlin, Wis.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Gulian V. Quilliard of Lakeside entertained their son, G. V. Quilliard, Jr., of New York, for a few days this week.

• • •

Mrs. J. M. O. Tufty entertained at tinch last Saturday afternoon at her home, 425 East Second street. The prizes were won by Mrs. Gilbert and Mrs. Forward. The guests were:

Gilbert, Forward,
Wheelock, Lester,
Alford, Wagenstein,
Jones, Pierce,
Coventry, Murphy,
Robinson, Haven,
Ives, Wellington,
Sharp, Hubbard.
Phelps, Braden.
Helm,
Misses—
Jones, Allen.
Hopkins,

• • •

Miss Mary Breen of Hibbing is the guest of the Misses Martin of West Duluth.

• • •

Mrs. J. T. Samuelson of West Duluth returned during the week from a month's visit at Aberdeen, S. D.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar H. Wetterlind of Park Point entertained at a pleasant St. Patrick's dancing party last Saturday evening at their home at Park Point. The rooms were prettily decorated in green and white and were lighted with Japanese lanterns. Those present were:

Misses—
Emma Kennel, Dolly Smith,
Charlotte Wetterlind, Della Donnelly,
Sophia Lamere, Birna Markuson,
Christine Otterson, Victoria Letain,
Hilda Johnson, Victoria Anderson,
Florence Nichols.

Messrs.
Ike Hown, Arthur Braff,
Ray Lebain, Carl Wilson,
Martin Wetterlind, W. Crawford,
Oscar Freeman, Arthur Nelson,
T. Wetterlind, John Lindberg,
W. Wedmark, A. G. Carlson,
O. Carlson. W. Oman.

• • •

Miss Ida Truelsen, who was the guest of her sister, Mrs. L. Christensen of West Duluth during the winter, returned Tuesday to her home at Zenith, N. D.

• • •

Mrs. J. S. Forward was pleasantly surprised Tuesday afternoon at her home, 2501 West First street, the affair being in honor of the hostess's birthday. The afternoon was a most delightful one. Those present were;

Mesdames—
Lent, G. Stevens,
E. Stevens, Haven,
Hopkins, Wellington,
Ives, Hubbard,
Allen, Rockwell,
Helm, Tufte,
Burns, Sharp,
Lawson, Ash,
Opperman, Preston,
Gorman, Harper,
Robinson, Wellington.
Congbill,
Misses—
Allen, Burns.
Taylor.

• • •

The 500 club was entertained last Saturday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Noble of Duluth Heights. The rooms were prettily decorated in carnations and ferns and the lights were softly shaded. The prizes were won by Mrs. T. E. Johnson and Mrs. F. E. Adams and the men's prizes went to E. J. Purcell and LeRoy Coons. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
T. E. Johnson, E. J. Purcell,
F. E. Adams, John Hogan.

Mesdames—
William Donaldson William Armstrong
Miss Coons.

Messrs.—
J. Tomlin, E. Fritzeen.
Le Roy Coons.

• • •

A pleasant surprise party was given Wednesday evening in honor of Mrs. A. H. Mather at her home at Fifty-first avenue east. The evening was a delightful one.

• • •

A pleasant surprise party was given Tuesday evening in honor of George Doherty at his home at West Duluth. A delightful informal evening was spent.

• • •

Tuesday evening Carl Bailey and Jack Shuler entertained at a stag party at the home of the former in West Duluth. The affair was a most pleasant one. The guests were:

Messrs.—
George C. Foote, F. H. Wade,
Henry Gifford, William Wright,
Frank Dan of Detroit, Arthur Jacoby.

• • •

Hon. John Knauff and daughter, who were the guests of Dr. Mary McCoy for a few days, left Monday evening for their home at Jamestown, N. D.

During the week the announcement of the marriage of Miss Ella May Jenkins and Grover C. Eaton was made public. The wedding took place Saturday, Feb. 18, at Carlton and was not announced to the friends of the couple in this city until Wednesday of this week. The groom is the son of Frank W. Eaton of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Eaton will make their home at Thompson.

• • •

Miss Clara Strange of Hastings, Minn. visited with friends at West Duluth during the week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller of Wisconsin returned to their home the first of the week after a visit with friends at West Duluth.

• • •

Miss Margaret Allen of West Duluth returned home during the week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. William Cook and children returned to their home at West Duluth after spending the winter at Saginaw, Mich.

• • •

Mrs. C. L. Crulkshank of West Duluth left the first of the week for a visit with her son at Lewis, Ind.

• • •

The Progress club entertained at a banquet Monday evening in honor of the betrothed members of the club. The affair was given at the Spalding, and was a most delightful one. The guests of honor were Miss Rose Gidding and Max Stern, whose wedding took place Wednesday evening; Miss Estelle Levy and Louis Zaik, Miss Henrietta Cook and A. M. Goodman, Miss Lillian Abrahmson and J. L. Hirsch and Miss Irene Silberstein. The table was prettily decorated in green and white, and coveres were laid for thirty-three. An informal dancing party followed the banquet.

• • •

The wedding of Miss Henrietta Cook and Albert M. Goodman of St. Paul, will take place tomorrow at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Ida Cook of 109 Second avenue east. After the ceremony, Mr. Goodman and his bride will leave for a wedding trip, and will be at home after May 1 at St. Paul.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. Y. Josephs entertained at a delightful dancing party Thursday evening at the Masonic Temple. The guests of honor were Miss Henrietta Cook and Albert M. Goodman of St. Paul, whose wedding will take place tomorrow evening. Flaaten played a dancing program of fourteen numbers and supper was served at small tables which were daintily decorated in pink hearts and flowers.

• • •

A delightful birthday party was given last evening in honor of the third anniversary of Miss Ruth Pearson at her home, 15 Mason Flats. Carnations were used in the decorations and the affair was a most delightful one. Those present were:

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Dwello, D. Pearson, Carl Edmon.
C. Deetz,
Misses—
Gertrude Dwello, Anna Ryan,
Anna Gustafson, Agnes Bounner,
Nellie Carlson, Ida Blanchard.
Messrs—
O. H. Dwello, Earl Dwello,
Carl Edmons, Jr., William Taylor,
Harold Edmond, Sorenson,
Martin, Miller of Superior.

• • •

Mrs. Sarah P. Mitchell left last evening for Spokane, Wash.

• • •

Mrs. M. B. Allen and daughter left last evening for a visit at Seattle, Wash.

• • •

A pleasant surprise party was given last evening in honor of Miss Lou Madigan at the Masonic Temple. The guests were members of Zenith Lodge, No. 99, and the affair was a most pleasant one. Dancing was the entertainment of the evening.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. Haines of Paris, Ky., who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Haines of West Duluth, left yesterday for their home.

• • •

Misses Frances and Maud Proudlock entertained delightfully Thursday evening at their home, 204 West Second street, in honor of their guest, Miss Bessie Murphy of Chippewa Falls. Music and dancing made the evening a most pleasant one. Those present were:

Mesdames—
Messrs. and Mesdames—
R. G. Proudlock, E. M. Auley,
A. Jensen, K. Kenan.
Misses—
Margaret Kennedy, Kate Coleman,
Ida McDonald, Charlotte Proudlock,
Ella Goodwin,
Messrs—
Harry Riggs, Edward Whipson,
Frank Hickman, Charles Hootel,
Arthur Henry, Paul Atchison.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mahan entertained at cards last evening at their home on Duluth Heights. The guests of honor were Mr. and Mrs. McDonald of Two Harbors. The interior rooms were prettily decorated in palms and ferns and the prizes were won by Mrs. H. Fawcette and W. E. McEwen and the consolation prizes went to Mrs. H. Noble and F. E. Adams. The affair was a most delightful one. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
F. A. Noble, F. E. Adams,
T. E. Johnson, E. W. Sewey,
J. Hogan, W. Stewart,
B. Wood, W. E. McEwen,
George Stauber, J. L. McLean.
Frank Mahan,
Mesdames—
H. Fawcette, E. Perrotte.
Messrs.
Max Clement, W. Watts,
Robert Hendry, T. Tomlin.

• • •

Mrs. Allen McDonnell entertained at a charming little luncheon Thursday at her home in Munger Terrace. The guest of honor was Mrs. J. W. Wing. The table decorations were pink carnations and ferns and covers were laid for ten.

• • •

Miss Grace Hall was pleasantly surprised Thursday evening by a number of friends at her home at West Duluth. Cards and dancing made the evening a most delightful one.

• • •

Miss Mildred Lammers of Two Harbors is visiting friends at West Duluth.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McDonald of West Duluth have as their guests, Mrs. George Thompson and daughter of Willmar.

• • •

Mrs. Edward Perrotte of Duluth Heights entertained at a birthday party this afternoon in honor of her little daughter.

• • •

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Samuel Mahan and daughters, Mrs. J. L. McLean and Mrs. George Stauber entertained at a charming little tea in honor of Miss Mabel Barnecrd of Minneapolis. The decorations were in white and green and the guests were entertained at a theater party in the evening.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Edmundson are guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Jenkins of Duluth Heights.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Garcia entertained last Sunday afternoon at their home on Duluth Heights.

• • •

Mrs. H. Brown and daughter will leave tomorrow for St. Paul to attend the christening of Mrs. Brown's neice.

• • •

Miss Florence Sorenson of West Duluth returned the last of the week from a visit at the Twin Cities.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Filiatrault of West Duluth have as their guest, E. J. Filiatrault of Eveleth.

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45 HIGHEST AWARDS IN EUROPE AND AMERICA

The regular reports of the officers the election of officers for the next club year will be held. At this meeting a certain amount of routine business is accomplished and it is hoped that the memebrs who have enjoyed the different classes of the club during the year will show the appreciation of the work of the officers and different class leaders by their presence at this meeting.

• • •

Tuesday afternoon of this week the last regular meeting of the Twentieth Century club was held at the club room of the library when the Travel class held its last meeting of the year. A paper was read on Wales by Mrs. A. H. Smith and the work for next year was discussed. It is thought probable that the class will continue for at least part of the year, the study of special features of England and during the latter part of the club year give its attention to the rapid development of Japan during the past three years.

Mrs. J. H. Crowley was again unanimously elected to the leadership of the class, the members showing in this way their appreciation of her able direction of this interesting class. Mrs. Crowley with a committee consisting of Mrs. J. L. Crawford, Mrs. A. H. Smith, Mrs. E. L. Fisher and Mrs. C. H. Merritt will decide upon the program to be studied next year.

Following the regular program an informal tea was held in honor of Mrs. T. K. Hicks who will leave soon for a year in England.

• • •

Mrs. Stella Prince Stocker will repeat her lecture recital on "Parsifal" this evening at the Unitarian church. The lecture will close with a series of beautifully colored stereoptican views of "Parsifal" and the "Niebelung Ring." The following notice of this lecture is taken from the New York Press:

"Mrs. Stella Prince Stocker's Parsifal Lecture-Recital is having great success. Numbers of her audiences bear tribute to the power of Mrs. Stocker's descriptions and musical illustrations, making every scene and incident absolutely vivid, and invariably among those present are delighted listeners who tell her they feel as if they had heard the opera. . . . Mrs. Stocker, in the years she has been in the musical lecture field, has appeared at Wellesley college, Columbia university (teachers' college) and before many of the important societies throughout the country, including the woman's club of Springfield, Ill.; the Arche club of Chicago; the Cecilian Society of Duluth, Minn.; the Woman's Club of Bloomington, Ill.; Matinee Musicale Club of La Fayette, Ind.; Woman's Club of Jacksonville, Ill.; Woman's Philharmonic, New York city; Manuscript Society, New York city; Miss Baird's Institute, Norwalk, Conn.; Miss Dana's School, Morristown, N. J.; Montrose School, Tuesday Musicale, and Evening Musical Club, in the Oranges; the Misses Ely's School, New York city. Mrs. Stocker has had numerous engagements for churches and in private homes. Her lecture-recitals in Germany on 'Indian Myths and Music' were enthusiastically received.

• • •

The Olcott club of Duluth Heights held its regular meeting Wednesday evening at the home of Miss Lillian Brayton and Miss Edith Christiansen was the reader for the evening.

• • •

The Duluth Art club met Wednesday evening at the library.

• • •

The Ladies' Reading club of Duluth Heights met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. William Stewart. The reader for the afternoon was Miss Jean Hendry.

• • •

An all day meeting of the Duluth Presbyterial missionary society will be held Tuesday of next week in the lecture rooms of the first Presbyterian church. Delegates from the churches included in this district will be present and a delightful session is anticipated. The meeting will open at 10 o'clock in the morning and the afternoon session will begin at 2 o'clock after a basket luncheon. In the morning an address on "Japan" will be given by Mrs. John McLeod and the features of afternoon and evening meetings will be lectures by Dr. Wishard of Utah, who is most familiar with the conditions in that community. The reports of the society for the past year will be given and other business that may properly come before this meeting will be transacted.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary society will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. W. J. Stevenson. The leader for the afternoon will be Mrs. Fred Hanson.

• • •

The next meeting of the Matinee Musicale will be the request program at which any numbers that have been given on the programs during the year will be repeated, if possible, at the request of the members. This meeting will be the last but one for the year at the last meeting the music of Mendelssohn's "Midsummer Night's Dream" being the work that will be studied at that last meeting.

• • •

The annual meeting of the Outlook club was held yesterday morning at the club room of the library. The executive committee of the club for the ensuing year was chosen with Mrs. H. C. Marshall as chairman and the following members, Mrs. C. J. Le Sure, Mrs. Z. D. Scott, Mrs. Albert Baldwin and Miss Elizabeth Seiden. The representatives of this club at the Women's Council will continue to be Mrs. J. D. Morrison and Mrs. R. N. Marble. The club decided to continue next year with a series of lectures by James A. Merrill of Superior on "The Science and History of Evolution" and five meetings will be devoted to book discussions.

Svea-Mormanna.

Singing contest, Lyceum, April 16.

LASCA.

By Jean Elginbrod.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

As told by a letter from Robert Downer, artist, to a friend.

The Royal, New York City.
—— 18, 190—.

My Dear Fitzherbert:

I have neglected to write you since I returned to town for two reasons. First, because I could not decide whether or not to tell you about Sargent's death as it really was, and second because I have been ill ever since, and do not want to inflict my horrors, whether real, or imaginary, upon many one else.

I am trying to paint a little again, but it is always the same face, over and over, so I do not get ahead very fast. The face of a girl, dark, yet delicate, with hair of intense black, and heavy, languorous Spanish eyes. Often as I paint it, it is never the same. I work myself into a fever over it, imagine all sorts of queer things, then, heart-sick, drop it.

I am going to tell you the whole business.

Of course you knew when we started, and I think Sargent wrote you once or twice during the first part of the trip. He was in the best of spirits. We were having a grand, good holiday together. We stopped sometimes, when the mood seized us a day or two, or a week in a place and I set up my easel and got busy while Ted went off on lazy walks and explorations by himself. We had not had such a good time since we were boys.

It was February when we left New York. It was May when we reached Santa Rosalia in Mexico. I doubt if you will find it on any map.

It is out of the beaten track of travel, but enough tourists pass through it yearly to make bead work, fantastic pottery and basket weaving popular employments. Silver mining is, however, the chief industry, and it has all the earmarks of a Mexican mining town.

Sargent voted it a dull, old place and wanted to move on, but I had seen a vision—Lasca—and would not go.

It was very early on the second morning of our stay that I first saw her. I had started on a sketching trip by myself just after sunrise. She was going to early mass in the quaint old stone church of the Holy Rosary.

She was young, seventeen perhaps, and lithe and slender. I forgot what I had strated for and followed her into the church. Her rapt face fascinated me, as she went through her devotions. Her skin was dark, but very clear, her small face as clean cut as a cameo. The swell of her throat, the scarlet of her lips—ah, I can see them yet. But it was her eyes, somber, brooding, to which I returned again and again. A most awful fear lay deep in their tragic depths. If I ever saw living fear in any one's eyes I saw it in hers. What had she seen? What could she know, to bring such an expression to her face?

If a man could paint it, I thought, that look in those eyes. The more I thought of her the more I longed to try it.

The next morning I took Sargent to early mass with me. He could speak the lingo better than I. He did not say anything when he saw her though I waited for it.

She said her prayers slowly, reverently, bending, crossing herself before the dingy little statue of Our Lady.

From her knees her eyes fell upon us. The fear in her face semed intensified for a moment, then with bowed head she hurried out of the church.

Sargent plowed after her quickly and I followed him.

"Oh, I say, get her to pose for you, Bob, I—she's divine."

His impetuosity carried me forward, in a moment I was beside her, and stated my request with as much courtesy and Spanish as I could manage.

She answered me in fairly good English, quite simply, like a child.

"My father, Senor, he must be asked For myself I do not care, no."

Her father, it seemed, kept a small store further down the street so we walked down to it.

It was a one-story stone shop, like a basement. Her father was a sharp old fellow, half Indian, I think, with a skin like leather. They lived next door and she took Sargent over to the house to see her rose garden, apparently her pride, while I made a bargain with the old hippopotamus.

It was finally arranged that she and her Indian servant (her mother was dead) were to come to my studio for two hours every morning until the picture was completed. There seemed to be no scruples or superstitions about it at all, and evidently money was a desirable thing. Mutually satisfied, we blessed each other and went off to find Sargent.

They were standing in the white sanded path, great trellises of roses, red and white, on either side. She was telling his fortune by the palm of his hand. The Indian woman sat on a stool near by, weaving a basket. The girl started as she saw me. That strange dread which had gone for the moment shadowed her face again. She shrank away from Sargent and looked around her quickly as if fearing what she might see.

Then she came to me timidly, and offered to show me her roses.

But I was only anxious to get away. I was wishing we had never seen her. A heavy foreboding came upon me as I looked at Sargent. He could not keep his eyes from her.

All that I had feared came true. For a day or two he kept away. Then he haunted the studio those two hours in the morning and the old stone house and the rose garden the remainder of the time. A week went by, two, three. I talked but it did no good. I blamed myself for his infatuation. It was my crazy notion of painting her that began the trouble. I could not altogether blame him. She was a witch, a woman, a saint, a child. The mixture of old Spanish and Indian training, with young American ideas, gave her a piquant charm yet I do not think she encouraged him. She loved him, I am very sure, but she was afraid—of what?

The picture was done, so far as I could paint it. The expression I wanted I could never get. One cannot paint such a fear as lay in her eyes. It was not human. But he would not go, and I would not leave him.

It was an afternoon late in June when he came into the studio and stood in front of me by the window.

"She will not marry me," he said harshly. "She will not even speak to me again. She says we must go away tonight. She is afraid. I do not know why, and she will not tell me."

"What nonsense are you talking." I asked, startled.

And by nonsense I did not mean his asking her to marry him, never that. She had so made us feel her purity, her delicate, subtle reserve, that no other solution of the problem had ever presented itself to me, and I am sure it had not to Sargent. The nonsensical thing to me that danger threatened us, and that she was afraid for us.

"None," he said, and began throwing things into the trunk, and the suit case at the other end of the room.

"Are you coming?" he asked, after a minute or two.

Only too glad, even at that late day, to get him away. I began preparations for departure.

It was late in the afternoon by the time we were ready. Leaving the trunk to be sent after us we started down the narrow, crooked street, with our suit cases.

The day's siesta was over. Greasy Mexicans lounged by us in their broad hats and graceful, tight fitting trousers. From "the Happy Day" came the sound of singing. It was an old border love song. We stopped to listen and get refreshed. The barroom was long and narrow, with a stone floor, and the coolness was enticing.

A tall Mexican near the doorway eyed us curiously.

"Buenas tardes, Senor," he said, easily. "You go?"

I nodded indifferently.

"Oh," and he laughed.

I looked at him.

"It is—perhaps—you are afraid, si?"

Sargent was following the song gloomily, not even looking at us.

"Why afraid?" I questioned.

The Mexican shrugged his shoulders.

"Don Pedro, the corcovado (humpbacked)—"

"Well, who is he?" sharply.

The Mexican looked around him, fearfully.

"You do not know? I will tell you, si, senor."

He crossed himself.

"He, fool-born, with a curse, a bone wrong in his back. He want to marry Lasca. She will not, no. He grow ugly and follow her, always. She tell him she hate him. Then he give up and kill himself, so," drawing one finger across his swarthy throat, "before her one night, and tell her—what? No one knows. She will not tell. It is a curse. She is afraid, ever, now. I would be lover to her, no, she is afraid. She will not. One—Artonio, see a shadow, once, behind her—not her shadow—but he will not tell."

He crossed himself again and went over to the bar.

I shook myself and touched Sargent on the arm. We would get out of the place before we lose our wits altogether, or our heads.

There was never a man who believed less in old women's tales than I, as you know. Stuff and nonsense, all such foolery. But that girl's face and that heavy foreboding that I could not shake off were fast getting the upper hands of me.

"Come," I said, "do let us get to San Marcial."

We started for the station. There was a shorter way through the old garden and cemetery back of the Holy Rosary and after a moment's debate we took it. It was a quaint old place, with wide-paths and high hedges on either side. A bird sang with shrill intensity from some unseen corner.

The sun had not yet gone down and the tall cedars and pines made a pleasant shade a portion of the way. For the remainder our shadows stretched out, long and lank behind us.

We walked silently. I knew of what he was thinking, poor Ted. As we turned down the last path I caught a movement of the hedge at the corner.

If I had not turned! But I did and saw Lasca.

She was watching us go, secure as she thought, behind the hedge. As I turned Sargent turned also and saw her.

With an exclamation he dropped his suit case and strode back. She fled down the path from him. He pursued. She went like a flash, but he was fleet and in a second she saw it was no use. She called to me sharply.

"Do not let him. No—no. I am afraid. Oh, for Our Lady's sake, no, do not—the shadow will come again no, no—"

But he had her fast. The barriers were down. His face was set like a rock.

"I will never let you go. I do not care what you say. I was a fool to listen before. You love me, that is enough. You are coming with us. The father at San Marcial shall marry us. You shall—you must. You love me, little one, Lasco, Lasca, do not fight me so, my darling, my little Indian blossom—"

Those were the last words he ever spoke.

She seemed suddenly and straightened out in his arms. She saw it, there, at her feet. I saw it, also. It was not her shadow, nor Sargent's. It was the shadow of a short, thick set man, the shadow of a hunchback!

She was stiff and motionless, but the shadow moved. Was I going crazy?

There was not another person within sight, yet that shadow at her feet, where her shadow should have been, writhed and twisted like a live thing!

It straightened out its full length, then drew itself up like a toad, and its head sweeled as though filling with venom.

I sprang toward Sargent, but I was too late.

He fell suddenly, like one thrown to the path, and the shadow of the hunchback was upon him, the shadowy, claw-like fingers seemed to fasten upon his throat, and his life was choked out in less time than I take to tell it.

When I reached him he was quite dead, and his face was a mask of blue veins, swollen up like whipcords.

The shadow was gone.

Lasca did not cry. She was too much of an Indian for that.

She knelt down by Sargent and laid his face silently against one upturned palm. Then she turned to me where I stood, too stunned to know what to do next, and spoke in a rush.

"It was Don Pedro, the hunchback. He love me. I will not He say he keel himself, and curse me, say his shadow follow all the time, me, and if I love he keel, or any one to love me, he keel. He say, I go away sometime, yes, out I come, always again, and follow you. Then he keel hiself so," with her slender brown hand to her throat. "Next morning I go to mass early and look, his shadow follow, follow. I scream and run home. It go away, long time. Then another day, and another day it come, and the children run from me, and the leetle birds in the garden mourn when I come near, ah, Senor," with a sudden wail.

"Then I love. I fight it. I say, no, no, for I have fear. But he will—and see. All over, so quick, I wish it to be me. My heart—"

Well, that is the story. Make what you can of it. I do not know.

Sudden deaths are not uncommon in Mexico. I had no trouble at all in getting the body taken care of and went home. I came with it, and my story of heart failure was generally accepted. To no one have I told the story but you. Just one more thing, and the story is finished.

Yesterday I had a letter from an acquaintance in Santa Rosalia, who was very good to me at the time, Lasca was found dead that morning I left, strangled as she slept, for there were marks upon her throat, and the veins were swollen into blue ridges on her lovely face.

If one could curse a shadow! Is there any vengeance that one can take upon such a horror as that?

Perhaps I too shall see it some day. I do not much care; Sargent is gone; dear old Sargent, and Lasca. And I loved her. He was first. I would not even try to stand in his way, but I loved her and I think she knew it.

Ah, Lasca, with your beautiful face and your wonderful charm, and the strange fear in your eyes, I love you, dearly, dearly. Do you hear me, Lasca, I wonder, wherever you are I love you.

I hear Patrick coming with the evening paper, so I will stop. Don't mind my raving, old man. It will wear of, I dare say. I am glad that I have told you all. Write soon. Ah, my God—the hunchback, the shadow—follow—follow—help, help—Lasca—"

• • •

The artist lay upon the floor, dead, when found, late that night by his servant. The letter, unfinished, lay beside him.

His throat was bruised and the veins in his face were swollen into great, blue welts.

The doctors rendered a verdict of death by heart failure.

BENEFIT FOR HOLLAND.

New York, March 25.—A benefit yesterday afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera house for Joseph Holland, the actor, who, on account of illness, probably will never be able to appear again, netted $23,000. Among those who contributed their services were William Courtney, Ethel Barrymore, William Gillette, Blanche Walsh, Lew Fields and Mrs. Leslie Carter, who delivered a brief address and read a letter from Joseph Jefferson, the godfather of

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CLUBS AND MUSICAL

Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock the annual meeting of the Twentieth Century club will be held at the club room of the library. It is desired that a large number of the members of the club be present at this meeting which is an important one. In addition to

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Charming Conceit for the JUVENILE

THE SUSPENDER STYLE IN PLAID

SMART LITTLE COAT for SPRING DAYS.

THREE STRIKING MODES IN SICILIENNE

Nowadays the small folk have just as charming, just as distinctive fashions of their own as do their grown-up relatives.

In those which are decreed for the spring and the early summer days there is evident a delightful simplicity, combined with a certain amount of modishness which surely must charm the hearts of both mother and daughter alike.

All the salient features of the adult fashions are copied in miniatnre for the little folks. Their new skirts are full, their sleeves are delightfully big and puffy, and their sashes are of generous width, with a big, splashing bow in the back, or else tied in studied carelessness at the left side.

There is simply no style or fashion in frocks that has proven so universally becoming as the Russian dress in some one or another of its many new guises. Whether the little mademoiselle be short and stout—or, rather, let us say plump—or whether she be of the tall and slender mold, there is no design which will show up her good points and conceal her slight defects of figure as will this same model. The plump little girl gains height and slenderness from the long, straight unbroken lines that run from shoulder to hem, while her more willowy sister finds a most becoming breadth in the broad box pleats that are inseparable from this design.

In the new models the fastening is most often effected invisibly under the box pleat that runs down the center of the front. Stitching often appears on these pleats, seeming to hold them down on the body portion, and after the loose belt that passes around the hips is reached, then the pleats are released, a firm pressing enabling them to hold their shape without any undue tightness of effect.

The vogue of the collarless neck is seen to perfection in these frocks. Usually there is a very shallow band to which separate collars may be buttoned, and the exclusive shops are full of dainty designs in collar and cuff sets, to be worn with just those same Russian frocks that to see is to purchase. There are some charming cavalier sets, and in sharp contradistinction to these are the Puritan sets, the former all lace and dainty hand hemstitched ruffles, and the latter of plain linen, not too fine, and with a simple coral stitching for its sole adornment. The belt is usually en suite with these latter sets.

Then there are the bretelle or suspender frocks, and doubtless a large part of their vogue, apart from their novelty, is the fact that little daughter can wear with it a shirtwaist that is really and truly just like what mother wears. These have the fashionable full skirts, with a more or less deep belt or girdle from which the bretelles or braces spring, these usually fastened with a fancy pin on the shoulder to hold them in place.

For these, as well as for the Russian frocks, all of the fashionable materials are called upon. There are the chiffon-finished mohairs and the silk warp henriettas in all of the leading shades, and so fine and instrous is the finish that one might be readily deceived into believing them silk. Pale colorings, especially in the rose shades, are chosen for the best frocks, but for nursery and schoolroom wear there are charming and serviceable shades of navy blue, brown, many reds and several greens, all of which will not soil too readily.

The plaids, too, are having a glorious inning, and everything from the tiny shepherd's check in black and white up to and including the Scotch tartans are in the height of the style. For the Russian frocks the less obtrusive ones, and especially the tiny checks, are best liked, for there is but little opportunity for color relief afforded in this design. The smaller of the tartan plaids go well, too, in this, while the suspender frock is glorious in the size and the brilliancy of its plaids.

The guimpe is coming to be quite a feature with some of the Russian frocks. The neck is cut out square to display the guimpe and the sleeve stops short at the elbow, the very full bishop sleeve which all of the new guimpes display completing the series of puffs from shoulder to wrist. Quite another style is worn with the bretelle frock, this being fashioned more upon blouse or shirtwaist order, and some of them have a waistband with buttons to which the dress skirt is buttoned, the style of the boy's shirtwaist and trouser band being followed in this.

The full length coat that covers up the dainty frock beneath entirely is fashioned from all of the modish materials. Silks, principally the taffetas and bengalines, mohairs, moire velours, the smooth-faced chiffon broadcloths and the beavler of the silk warp henriettas, make up charmingly in the new designs.

The plisse designs are seen in the dressier wraps, and there is one model—a Parisian creation—in which there is a shallow shoulder yoke to which a sun-pleated skirt is attached. This is shirred over cords around the body after the empire design, and over the shoulders to conceal the yoke there is a handsome collar composed of fan-shaped plisse sections, alternated with a real lace insertion, each section ending in a point emphasized with a full rich silk tassel.

The sleeve to this model is a full plisse puff, with a pleated drapery effect from the shoulder somewhat after the fashion of the old-time angel sleeve. In the original model, a rose-colored silk warp henrietta cloth, the sleeve drapery is caught into the side seams with somewhat of a dolman sleeve effect, but the reproductions made here have left the drapery loose, this being deemed more youthful in effect.

In the hats for the small mademoiselle the same striving for a rich simplicity is to be seen. The bebe hat is made this spring altogether of ribbons, either shirred or pleated, and the ombre ones are far and away the most fashionable. Pinks, blues and browns seem to lead, while the vogue of the white hat is still regnant.

The big and flopping shapes are worn far back on the head, so that the gay bow of ribbon which ties up the topknot be not crushed. This little headdress usually matches the hat ribbon in coloring, or else is of black velvet—a little fad that promises to have quite a run among the little belles with blonde curls.

With those smart frocks and coats either a white stocking or a black one is worn, according to the frock. The new plaids, in both fine cashmere and lisle, go well with the plain colored frocks, but there is a likelihood that their use with a plaid frock will prove to be one that is better honored in the breach than in the observance. The latest fad in shoes for the small folks show cloth tops with vamps of patent colt or kid, and the laced boot is very sensibly displacing the buttoned one for everyday wear. The laces are the broad silk ones that tie with quite a marked bow at the top, and on the dress shoe there is a bow of black grosgrain ribbon, just two small loops and two unobtrusive ends just where the top and vamp join.

THE LITTLE SAILOR GIRL

SMART OUTDOOR COSTUME

SOME LITTLE NUBS OF FASHION NEWS.

With the coming of summer, and the launching of new fabrics and fashions, it is interesting to note that the touch of color is to light up the white costume.

Those neutral and faded shades which have had it practically all their own way are to be replaced by the more vit and vivid tones; and when cleverly used these, even in the very smallest quantity, are sure to be charmingly effective.

Rather a bright shade of coral pink is being much used to tone up the evening gowns of white. In panne velvet it is at its best, but it must be employed judiciously. There is an odd shade of mulberry brown that has rather more than a hint of mauve in it—the French list it as lies de vin, which is tremendously popular in millinery velvets, and even for those charming conceits in neck pieces; but it must be confessed that this is rather a vogue de fantasy, for it is inevitably trying to any genre of color or complexion.

The number of hats toning on the violet shades that are worn at fashionable assemblies make one imagine that all the world and his wife have taken to half mourning, or to complimentary mourning, at the least. From the faintest lilac down to the richest amethyst and purple, the violet hats practically lead the procession; and there is no shape that one can find at the milliner's which will not develop well in this.

And, by the way, the relation of color to style is a problem that is not sufficiently often taken into consideration. A model gown or hat that is simply bewitching in one color often loses every particle of its cachet when reproduced in another. And especially is this to be remarked when the colored hat or gown is reproduced in mourning materials. The dull, dead black of mourning requires rather a distinct individuality in the mode in which it is made up; something which will catch the attention and make the style of the gown rise triumphantly above its somber development.

Again, a chapeau or robe that is charming in rose color will look utterly insignificant in brown; and vice versa. The inter violet tones stand translation into other colorings better, perhaps, than any other color in the scale; but it is a risky experiment to attempt to reproduce their charm in any of the fashionable reds.

The wearing of jewelry, much jewelry, at which the grand moude has frowned for so long, is now a style that is much approved of Dame Fashion. Necklaces, pendants, crosses, many lace pins, bracelets, chains and bangles may all be worn at one and the same time, and that without incurring the disapproval of the powers that be. Quaint and curious effects are much sought after; and the semiprecious stones have a vogue that is all their own. Buckles, too, share in this distinction; and the happy possessor of a set or sets of the real old paste may well be proud of them today. The photograph and miniature brooches are being brought out from their places of seclusion and used as pendants to hang around the throat upon thin little gold neck chains.

The old-fashioned watch chain that was anywhere from one to three yards in length is now worn again; but the modern girl attaches all sorts of little trinkets to hers, those little dit-dones of which the Parisienne is so fond, and which she is eternally giving and receiving in her own circle upon any pretext whatsoever, or, indeed, without any pretext at all.

That there are fashions in mouchoirs, as in all things else, there is no mistaking; and this is borne in upon one in seeing the latest productions of the French looms. The craze for color, which is only dawning on this side of the water, prescribes that the mouchoir shall be in the color that trims the costume. Thus, there are dainty little wisps of pink coral or rose linen, with a white border about an inch in width; and along this border are embroidered the owner's favorite flowers or a simple design in petit pois, or some other excuse for handwork which will add to the cost of the tiny thing.

Others, again, show a small white square in the center, a border of light color—red, green, blue or yellow—and an outer border of a deeper shade of the same. These are usually finished at the edge with a rolled hem, to which a little narrow real Valenciennes is whipped.

The vogue of plaids, which has maintained for quite some little time abroad, but which has been rather slow in obtaining here, is shown in some dainty mouchoirs, in which the white ground is cross-barred with tiny hair lines of color. There is a hemstitched border of the solid color that predominates in the plaid, and this varies from one-eighth of an inch to over a full inch in width, according to taste.

The chiffre, or crest, that is embroidered in one corner matches the border in color. Instead of embroidered initials the given name is more used; and a favorite design shows a shield surmounted by one's own crest, and the given name—Christine, Juliette, or whatever it may happen to be—embroidered crosswise on the shield.

With the swing-clear skirt the favorite for summer frocks, the matter of shoes and hosiery—ever an important one with the French woman—takes on an added importance. As for hosiery, the very sheer lisle or silk with embroidered clocks at the sides is considered by far the best in taste. The lace or openwork stocking has been relegated to the bargain counter, and the most decoration that is allowed is a very simple design wrought by hand across the instep. The stories one hears of coats of arms, crests, monograms and such like devices being embroidered upon the instep of the stocking are remarkably far-fetched. One cannot possibly imagine any woman entitled to a coat of arms or a crest using it in this ridiculous connection.

In shoes the extremely low-cut pump that was introduced last season is again shown, but with a higher counter and a smart strap across the instep to hold it in place. Fewer colored shoes are shown, the shiny black ones being expected to go better with all classes of gown. For the country, camp and mountain wear the high laced tan ones are shown, but for town and dressy occasions the patent kid and colt are the correct thing.

If the parasol sticks become any longer they will look like alpenstocks. The newest of them are built upon empire lines, the parasol itself quite a little bit larger to make up for the smaller lines in summer millinery. A chiffon rosette, a bunch of ribbon, or a series of "shower" loops trim the long handle half way down.

Perfumes are again good style. But they are not the overpowering perfumes that our grandmothers used to use, but rather are they more suggestions of perfume than an actual scent itself. Something vaguely fragrant, indefinite, is what is preferred today, and to have an individual perfume which none of her acquaintances can discover the secret is the aim of the belle of today.

Description of Illustrations.

THE SUSPENDER STYLE IN PLAID.

The vogue of this dainty little mode for the denizens of the nursery is, doubtless, due, in part at least, to the fact that with it goes a shirtwaist just like mother wears. The one illustrated shows one of the new plaids—the Royal Stuart tartan—in one of the silk warp henriettas, a material that is to be much favored for the summer frocks of the little folks. The skirt is cut on the straight thread of the goods, knife-pleated throughout, and the pleats pressed somewhat after a fan fashion, close at the top and flaring somewhat towards the hem. The deep waistband is cut with slight points where the bretelles or suspenders start, featherbones holding it in shape. The bretelles are on the bias, piped with white, and a handsome button fastens either end to the waistband. The little blouse is after the usual shirtwaist pattern, with shallow collar band, very full bishop sleeve and a plain band cuff.

SMART LITTLE COAT FOR SPRING DAYS.

In consonance with the fulness of the new skirts, the little coats are taking on pleats and other forms of fulness. A very smart one in a medium shade of brown has little touches of white cloth braided in brown soutache and little gold buttons for relief. Both fronts and back are slit halfway across the shoulder line to admit a pleated portion that adds to the fulness of the skirt, the pleats being in inverted double-box shape, and pressed flat throughout. Smart little straps cross the shoulder from front to back, and are held down with a group of the gilt buttons. There is a shallow shawl collar, supplemented with the braided white cloth. The sleeve is a full-tailored pattern, with a little turn-up cuff that has a strap of the braided white tucked in under buttoned tabs at intervals. A loose belt in russet patent leather is passed around the hips, although this may be omitted without in the least interfering with the smart effect of the coat.

THREE STRIKING MODES IN SICILIENNE.

Three charming styles in the novel chiffon-finished sicilienne are illustrated. Elder sister wears a street costume in sapphire blue, consisting of belted eton, with vest in dull tarnished gold braid of a moire pattern, and skirt to clear the ground, and cleverly fitted with dart-shaped tucks all around the waist line. The sleeves follow the full gigot pattern. The little seated figure wears one of the Russian dresses in the familiar black and white shepherd's check. The neck is cut out square, and the sleeve is a full double puff coming only to the elbow, the guimpe in white Persian lawn, with guipure trimmings filling in daintily. Broad box pleats are pressed flat on the body portion, and afford fulness for the skirt. A sash of broad black velvet ribbon is passed loosely around the hips, and tied at one side in loops and tasseled ends. The little tennis layer is dressed in a Mackenzie tartan sicilienne, one of those unobtrusive combinations in dark green and navy blue, with a little relieving line of gold. The Russian model is followed, the broad double box pleats pressed flat from throat to hem; and the Puritan collar, cuff and belt are in white butchers' linen, with little rows of coral stitching for a finish.

THE LITTLE SAILOR GIRL.

The vogue of the sailor suit is one that increases rather than diminishes as the season advances. A pleasing variation is to be noted in the illustration, wherein the vest is carried down to the waist line, and a lacing of silk cord run through rings on either side simulates a fastening in the front. The material is a navy blue serge, and the collar, shield and vest are in a fine white doeskin flannel. The construction is after the Peter Thompson fashion, wherein the shield and collar are applied to a lining body part, the skirt sewn on at the waist and the blouse drawn on separately over the head, with an elastic band at the waist line to adjust the fulness. Buttons and buttonholes beneath the deep sailor collar hold the blouse in place. The sleeve is in the regulation sailor pattern, plaited top and bottom and with a shallow stitched cuff that is buttoned at the wrist. White braid appears on sailor collar and cuff. The skirt is one of the kilted models, the plaits pressed flat through it, but not stitched down. With this cloth-top shoes having a patent colt vamp are worn, and the knot of ribbon in the hair is navy blue, to match the serge.

LATEST BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

"THE MARRIAGE OF WILLIAM ASHE,"
By MRS. HUMPHRY WARD.

"On Going To Church," By BERNARD SHAW.

"The Flower of Destiny," By WILLIAM DANA ORCUTT.

"The Color Line," By Prof. W. B. Smith.

"With the Pilgrims to Mecca," By Hadji Khan.

"The Unwritten Law," By Arthur Henry.

Mrs. Humphry Ward is as remarkable a woman as she is a novelist. Indeed, after the publication of "Eleanor," Tolstoy declared that she was the greatest living author. There are but few of us who have not been interested in "Robert Elsmere" profoundly touched by "Eleanor," and carried away by "Lady Rose's Daughter." The announcement which the Harpers make of a new novel by Mrs. Ward is sure to comand instant attention, not only because of the consummate art with which we know her subject will be handled, but because, now that Mrs. Ward has permitted herself to overstep the rather academic bounds of the purpose novel her earnestness only gives depth and volume to the passion of romance and drama which is in her. In "The Marriage of William Ashe" she reaches a world-wide audience.

In "The Marriage of William Ashe" Mrs. Ward has made the same advance in story-telling over "Lady Rose's Daughter" as that made over "Robert Elsmere." For sheer charm of narrative and sustained interest, "The Marriage of William Ashe" is at the zenith of this remarkable novelist's power. The story opens in London, where William Ashe, son of a nobleman, stands at the outset of an ambitious career in high politics. He is a man of power, charm and intellect; suspected a bit of laziness, yet conquering when he makes the effort; above all, kindly and fine-minded. He meets Kitty Bristol, a very young girl as ethereally lovely as a nymph, whose antecedents have been but dubiously moral, yet with a claim to good blood and with a conventual education—graceful, tantalizing in her brilliant play of mood and fancy, fond of shocking priggish people, gifted and alluring Ashe falls desperately in love with her, and, despite repeated warnings from older and more cynical heaus, marries her. Ashe already stands high in the ranks of his party, and is a coming man. The danger that threatens him lies in a peculiar quarter—his young, uncertain wife. Lady Kitty plays pranks on men high in politics—with consummate grace and impish ingenuity. The thrall of her beauty lies over all who know her. She can love and torture those she loves, and for love of her they submit. Her sensational escapades become the talk of London. Ashe's reputation trembles in the balance, but his wife rushes on in a wild career of mad folly, until finally the note of tragedy is sounded. The scenes between Kitty and her husband are powerful in stress of emotion and wonderful in phychology. The portrayal of Kitty's erratic, half-mad, but charming character never halts in consistency or in its appeal to the reader's sympathy over his judgment. The author's pen never falters as she draws the nobility of Ashe, the petty self-righteousness and treachery of Mary Lyster, the true and fine motherhood of Ashe's mother, Lady Tranmore, the coarse beauty of Mlle. Ricci, the dancer, the sinister fascination of Geoffrey Cliffe, the noble goodness of the little Dean. The descriptions of Venice are enticingly beautiful. Thus far it is Mrs. Ward's masterwork., and will satisfy an even larger audience that she has reached heretofore.

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The strength of the Bernard Shaw vogue in this country was well demonstrated last week when John W. Luce & Co. issued a limited edition of his "On Going to Church." The first edition was quickly snapped up by the dealers and a second printing was made necessary before publication day. This edition is issued in cloth with paper labels. "On Going to Church" may truthfully be described as the most brilliant and characteristic of all Mr. Shaw's writings, giving a better insight to his personality than any other published work from the pen of this most widely read and discussed of contemporaneous English writers.

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The J. S. Ogilvie Publishing company of New York, have just issued a valuable little book entitled "The Art of Rising in the World: With Hints and Helps How to Get Rich," by H. Hardwicke, which gives a great deal of valuable information, especially for ambitious young men, and which would do a great deal of good if it could be placed in the hands of young men everywhere. It shows that industry, courage and integrity are among the requisites to become rich.

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A. S .Barnes & Company's preliminary spring announcements include "Partners of the Tide," a novel of the coast, by Joseph C. Lincoln, author of "Cap'n Eri," with frontispiece in colors by Charlotte Ditzler and decorations by John Rae; "On Tybee Knoll," by James B. Connolly, with illustrations in colors; "Serena," a novel, by Virginia Frazer Boyle, with portrait by Elizabeth Growdy Baker; "The Sunset Trail," by Alfred Henry Lewis, illustrated; "The Unwritten Law," a novel, by Arthur Henry; "The Wanderers," by Henry C. Rowland, author of "To Windward," with frontispiece in colors; "The White Terror and the Red," a novel of Revolutionary Russia, by A. Cahan.

* * *

Prof. William Benjamin Smith's book "The Color Line," discussing the race problem, was presented by him as an expression of the Southerner's point of view. That he was correct in so presenting it is evidenced by the immediate success that his book has been among the people in his own section of the country. The sales of the book throughout the South have been remarkable, and in his own town, New Orleans, it has sold more rapidly than the average popular novel.

* * *

Two important books of fiction are announced by A. C. McClurg & Company of Chicago,—"For the White Christ," by Robert Ames Bennet, and "The Flower of Destiny," by William Dana Orcutt. The former is a story of the times of Charlemange and in largeness of scene and dramatic intensity of action may best be compared with the fine old romances of days gone by. Furnished with illustrations in full color and other decorations by the Kinneys, it is almost certain to be called the most beautifully embellished novel of 1905. "The Flower of Destiny" is a picturesque tale which has for its theme the romantic love story of Napoleon III. and Eugenie. It is written in a light and charming style, and with illustrations by Charlotte Weber and decorations in color it will be especially noticeable on account of its attractive appearance.

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Walter S. Cramp, a member of the well-known Philadelphia family that has been famous as ship-builders, has written a novel entitled "Psyche, a Romance of the Reign of Tiberius," which Little, Brown & Co., Boston, will publish in April. "Psyche" deals with the period when Tiberius went to live in the island of Capri and with the attempt of Sejanus, commander of the Practorian Guards, to make himself Emperor of Rome. The author is said to have described the Rome of the time with the utmost faithfulness, power and skill. Psyche, the heroine, is a beautiful Greek dancer, betrothed to Gyges, a charioteer in the Roman circus.

* * *

Professor Channing's History of the United States," of which The Macmillan company promise the first volume for issue this spring, is designed to trace as one unbroken development the founding of the thirteen colonies by immigrants, mainly from England, the achievement of independence from English control, the union under the constitution, the growth of the United States territorially, institutionally and socially, and the final welding of the American people into a great nation.

* * *

John Lane publishes a book which will be of peculiar interest, in view of the growth of the increased attention being paid to the Mohammedan religion at the present moment, in a volume which bears the title, "With the Pilgrims to Mecca." This is a description of the pilgrimage to the Holy City on the part of the faithful in 1902, or in the year of the Hegira, 1319. It is written by a loyal adherent of the Mohammedan faith, Hadji Khan, who acted in the capacity of special correspondent for the London Morning Post. As Professor A. Vambery, who contributes the introduction, remarks, we have been in need of just such an account of the pilgrimage written by a Mohammedan, not attracted by curiosity, but by religious piety, who had every access to holy places, who is not hindered with the fear of being discovered as a Christian, and who is possessed of a shrewd observation. Wilfrid Sparroy, who is thoroughly familiar with conditions in the East, having held the position of tutor to the children of the shah of Persia for something over fifteen years, has collaborated with the pilgrim in preparing the work for the press. In point of numbers the pilgrimage of 1902 was one of the largest that has yet been counted. The author places the number of pilgrims at 220,000. It will be remembered that Ali Bey, who made the pilgrimage in 1807, set the number of that year at 83,000. Burkhard, the Swiss traveler who visited the Holy City in disguise in 1814, calculated the number at 70,000; while Richard Burton, in 1850, found the number reduced to 50,000. In addition to this increase in numbers, the author notes a growth in tolerance between the sects, which points to a renewed unity among those races of the world that hold the Mohammedan faith. In view of these facts, the author asks, can the enthusiast's belief in t he possibility of a united Islam be dismissed as a dream too spritual to be substantiated? "Isay no," for the dream that is already a spiritual truth, as it most certainly is among the enlightened at the present time, may one day become a political fact in the eyes of the whole world." The author divides his book into three parts; the first describing aspects of the social life and faith; the second, the journey to the Holy City, and the interesting ceremonies there, such as the compassing of the Ka'Bah, the visit to Ararat and the Day of Victims; and the third, devoted to various scenes and religious institutions, such as the use of talismans and healing by faith. Wilfrid Sparroy contributes an appendix, discussing the condition of Islam in regard to slavery. The book is illustrated from photographs taken by the Hadji, a proceeding upon his part by no means orthodox, and involving some personal risk.

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In response to the very wide and long-continued demand for "My Mamie Rose—the Story of My Regeneration," by Owen Kildare, the Baker and Taylor company has issued an edition in cloth which sells at $1. The previous edition, at $1.50 net, will be kept in stock. The sheets and illustrations of the new edition remain practically unchanged. The sale of this book has been extraordinary for these days of rapid growth and early death of even the most popular books. Eight editions have been issued already, and the sale of the book is still almost as active as at any period in t he year and a half of its publication. The reason for putting it in a cheaper edition is that the text, although an autobiograhy, has gripped as no book outside of the field of novels, has gripped its readers for many a year. The demand for the book seems to class it with works of fiction, and it is to take advantage of this widespread demand that the publishers have brought out this cheaper edition.

* * *

Arthur Henry's new novel, "The Unwritten Law," which is announced for early publication by A. S. Barnes & Co., is said to be a departure not only from the author's recent work, but from the usual in American fiction. It is the human story of the problem of life as it is, written not for the student or for the literateur, but for the people by one of themselves. Mr. Henry's campaign for the Tenement House bill is still vividly remembered in New York, Brooklyn and Albany, where it was passed in a great measure through his efforts.

* * *

In his latest novel, "An Act in a Backwater," which the Appletons published after some delay, E. F. Benson, "Dodo" Benson, as his friends call him, has again aired his predilection for air. The scene of the story is laid in an English village in the summer and deals largely with open-air life. The author lives up to his convictions, and spends most of his time in the quiet Cathedral city of Winchester, where he has his own bachelor establishment and runs things as he likes. His favorite room is no room at all, but half of his little garden, with a roof over it, and the carpet of grass. Here are books and tables and comfortable chairs, and even electric lights, so that he can live almost every hour in the outdoor air he loves. "These are the best conditions for work that I know," Mr. Benson said to a friend recently visiting him. "They beat anything that London can give."

* * *

Jack London's new book "The War of the Classes," which the Macmillan company will issue at once, is described as a collection of essays dealing with the liveliest subject of today—the world-wide revolt of the working class. The prize for which they struggle is the world, its wealth, power and governments. It is a battle of ideas, of religion, of philosophy, of politics, and of physical prowess. Clubs, bricks, injunctions, Gatling guns, infernal machines, economic arguments, ethical appeals, biological demonstrations, and scientific and philosophic contentions, are a few of the weapons of the fighters. No more bizarre, no more earnest, no more deep-seated and widespread revolution has ever occurred. The aim of the essays is to analyze the situation, and to present it in its elementary aspect.

* * *

"Biarritz on Biscay Bay," by Jerome Hart, appears in the Argonaut for March 20. In this article Mr. Hart describes, in bright, breezy style, a French watering place, made historic by the fact that Empress Eugenie first brought it into prominence.

* * *

The terrible havoc wrought, over a wide area, in the present war in the Far East has never been more impressively shown than in the double page of photographs of actual scenes and incidents during the late siege of Port Arthur, which appears in current number of Lesile's Weekly. This pictorial exposition of the evils of strife is more convincing than a hundred sermons. Supplementing it, and having a timely interest, there is a group of pictures giving glimpses of Mukden, China's sacred city, around which recently raged the bloodiest battle of modern times, resulting in the disastrous rout of the Russians. A drawing on the cover by W. Herbert Dunton, representing a thrilling rescue at a fire in a great city; pictures disclosing extreme contrasts in the lots of New York's children, and a striking amateur contest page are illustrative features deserving special mention.

* * *

Justice Brewer of the United States supreme court contributes to the Youth's Companion for March 30 an article of exceptional value on a topic of universal interest, namely, "Ills and Will-Making." After reference to the antiquity of the laws regulating testamentary bequests and giving some examples of curious wills, Justice Brewer shows in what way the English and American laws differ from the Code Napoleon. The former favor the handing down of estates in bulk. The latter enforces their distribution. The French system has one striking merit, at least. It obviates contests over wills.

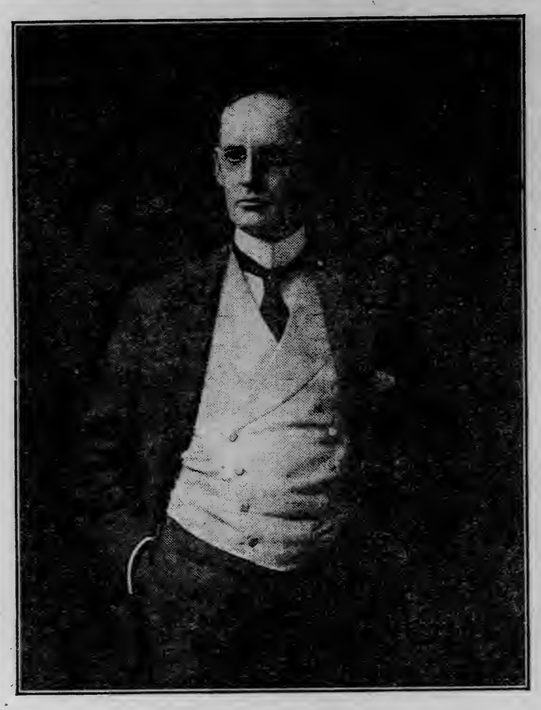
* * *

In reply to a query from Kansas City as to whether Thomas Lawson writes "Frenzied Finance" himself, or the papers are written out and fashioned into literary form for publication by some "literary hack," Everybody's Magazine for April says:

Mr. Lawson was distinguished as a master of picturesque and forceful English long before he began "Frenzied Finance," as those familiar with his market letters know. A student of writing for years, his style isn't merely an expression of personality. This is the way the story is written: Before beginning each instalment, Mr. Lawson mulls it over for days, sometimes for weeks (it seems an eternity to his publishers), getting in sequence the major points he wishes to make; then he takes a big yellow pad—the sheets as large as the foolscap we older folk used for copy-books at the district school back in the country—and begins, to run hieroglyphics across the page. Even straining courtesy, we cannot call it writing. When he reaches one of those magnificent climaxes which are the admiration and the despair of the trained writer, the symbols take on frenzied shapes and chase each other furiously across the yellow page. Then the symbols grow less strenuous, and soon they begin to flow along in gentle undulations, and the initiated knows that Mr. Lawson has come to one of those bits of fine writing which suggest purling brooks and limpid streams and apple-blossoms and sunsets. As the lines reach the end of each yellow sheet, Mr. Lawson, without looking up, rips it off and hands it over to the wonderful chap who typewrites "Frenzied Finance." He goes into an adjoining room, and immediately you hear the music of the typewriter keys; now even and strong; now loud and swift; now gentle and flowing, as the marvelous story swings out of the yellow symbolism on to the white page under his magic touch. When the time comes for telling the story of the story of "Frenzied Finance," its interest will be second only to Mr. Lawson's revelations.

* * *

The March 25 issue of Harper's Weekly contains, in addition to the widely discussed editorial comment, a number of features of special importance. Some interesting revelations with regard to vote-buying are made by John Gilmer Speed in an article on "How Votes are Bought in New York State." F. W. Hewes has an article on "What it Costs to Live," with tables showing the cost of living since 1892. "The Transmission of Power" is the subject of the third article in a series on "Electricity in Modern Life," which Dr. Henry Smith Williams contributes. A. Henry Savage Landor tells how in the Himalayas he reached the highest altitude ever reached by man. Other articles are "The Progress of Peace," by Hayne Davis, and "Politics in England," by Sydney Brooks. The pictorial features include new views of the war in the far East and of our army in the Philippines, and photographs of other important events in the news of the week.



MELVILLE E. STONE.

Mr. Stone is the vice-president and general manager of the Associated Press, an organization whose repute is world-wide. In the April Century Mr. Stone begins the story of this great organization, recounting the obstacles overcome abroad to bring about the present efficiency of the Associated Press.

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MRS. HUMPHRY WARD,
From a New Portrait by Albert Sterner.

ASSEMBLY DISTRICTS.

John A. Keyes Replies to Objections to the Plan.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The writer is sorry to have to disagree with you. On his return to town, your Monday evening's editorial entitled "An Impractical Plan" was called to his attention. Discussing therein the proposition for assembly districts you say:

"No doubt there would be good results if all the people could be induced to get together and discuss these public questions, but they cannot, therefore such a law would be impractical, and useless because the people would not meet, etc.

You then continue:

"This is an age of special organization. The business men are organized in commercical clubs, and trades associations. The laboring men have their unions. The lawyers, doctors, and ministers all have their associations, and the capitalists their trusts, so almost every interest can find some means of organized expression, while the newspaper is the universal forum that takes the place of the old town meeting."

You then proceed with the most cheerful inconsistency it seems to him to say that "the real lack in our present day political system is the lack of some method of obtaining, and registering the will of the majority beyond dispute."

You then advocate the initiative, and referendum, and chide us with misdirected effort. It is very evident that you have neither heard nor read the writer's address, nor understand the proposed legislation. It is always well to become thoroughly informed on a subject before attempting to dispute the position of one who has given it some attention, and the writer is surprised that The Herald should twice expose itself editorially on a subject which it considers impractical and do so without comprehending the subject. If The Herald had gotten posted by reading the address it now criticises, it would have seen that the speaker was in hearty accord with the initiative and referendum, and in fact he advocated the adoption of the same, so far as practical, years before The Herald ventured to discuss it at all, but that from more careful study of the subject than The Herald has evidently made, he found it alone to be ineffective; he found that the referendum vote now taken was not effective because of a lack of information on the part of the voter and this system of assembly meetings was devised to precede and make effective the referendum principle, at the same time that it created a complete means of taking public opinion at any desired time. The Herald has bitterly complained in the past that proposed amendments to the city charter and proposed constitutional amendments were lost because the voters did not understand them, and therefore did not vote on them, and an analysis of the election returns will show such to be the fact, and this notwithstanding the further fact that The Herald and its valued contemporaries in the publicity, and "universal forum" line of business published at length under public compensation, all of said proposed amendments. If such is the case there is either an inefficiency in the operation of the "universal forum" plan or else we have gotten beyond the possibility of republican government. This is no condemnation of the newspaper because it is also a business institution like any other, and is no doubt, run on business principles, but it does not, and cannot ever govern a free people, nor take the place of active personal participation in the affairs, and discussions incident to government. This city has demonstrated in the acquisition of the gas and water plant that public meetings are effective, very effective, and even essential to real action. The Herald has in common with many other publications devoted a great deal of valuable space, not used in recommending candidates for presidential, and other offices, to a condemnation of trusts, and syndicates "as far away as Paris is," but the country seems to be full of thrifty ones notwithstanding the fact that newspapers and other "universal forums" have existed all those years. In fact the trusts thrive side by side with the newspapers, and often in connection with them, therefore the newspapers have not proved effective in curbing them.

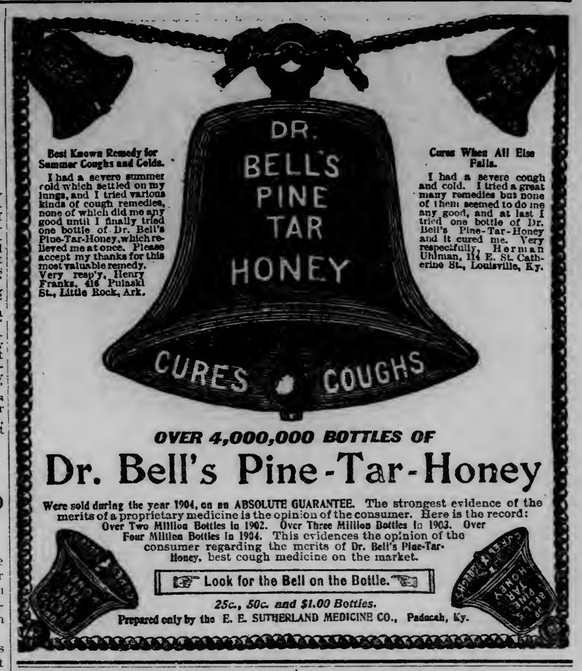
The Herald's reasoning is also wrong when it maintains that trusts and unions and commercial clubs are all that is needed. They are organized to take care of the personal interests of their members, as churches are to save their souls, but the bond of government and the general interest are as broad as the social order itself, and embrace the welfare of all, nor merely the members of these organizations, and must be viewed from the standpoint of all, and it is on a common meeting ground only that such subjects can fittingly be canvassed. We never shall untangle the skein of civil liberty and good social and industrial order until we abolish class interests and hatred, nor until the day laborer and the bank president can work together for social advancement. This is no idle dreaming or foolish talk, nor can the subject be sidetracked. This proposition for assembly districts is a fundamental one, more so even than the Australian system of voting, which in its infancy the writer had the pleasure of advocating. That found fierce and bitter critics, it was called unnecessary, and many said the voters never would, and never could use it, but the opposition did not long survive its trial. Either something of the kind here advocated in the line of public meetings must be adopted soon or we have arrived at a cross roads in the history of the country. We have before us in this city today a very important public question, the most important local question that we shall have up for a long time. It is the public lighting question. We have sought legislation, and it now hangs in the balance. Where are our great "universal forums" standing on that question. Many citizens have been unable, ever with their ears to the ground, to ascertain.

Of course neither The Herald nor any other paper is obliged to take any position on such a question, but it simply illustrates the need of other tribunes. You must excuse the writer's abrupt and untrained way of writing. This is not a literary production, but he has studied this question of public assemblies for some years in a perfectly disinterested and practical way, with no possible personal interest mixed with the study, and he will be obliged to decline to abandon the proposition until he hears some more convincing arguments than have thus far been advanced against it. His interest in this question is purely sociological, and not personal, and he would not have felt called upon to reply to your editorials had you not used his name in connection therewith. Yours very truly,

JOHN A. KEYES.

Duluth, March 24.

If you want your little ones strong, healthy and robust, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea this month. A tonic for the whole family. The children's friend. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets.



Best Known Remedy for Summer Coughs and Colds.

I had a severe summer cold which settled on my lungs, and I tried various kinds of cough remedies, none of which did me any good until I finally tried one bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, which relieved me at once. Please accept my thanks for this most valuable remedy. Very resp'y, Henry Franks, 416 Pulaski St., Little Rock, Ark.

Cures When All Else Fails.

I had a severe cough and cold. I tried a great many remedies but none of them seemed to do me any good, and at last I tried one bottle of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey and it cured me. Very respectfully, Herman Uhlman, 114 E. St. Catherine St., Louisville, Ky.

OVER 4,000,000 BOTTLES OF

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey

Were sold during the year 1904, on an ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE. The strongest evidence of the merits of a proprietary medicine is the opinion of the consumer. Here is the record: Over Two Million Bottles in 1902. Over Three Million Bottles in 1903. Over Four Million Bottles in 1904. This evidences the opinion of the consumer regarding the merits of Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey, best cough medicine on the market.

Look for the Bell on the Bottle.

25c., 50c. and $1.00 Bottles.

Prepared only by the E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO., Paducah, Ky.

GATHERING CLOUDS

Of Discontent In Canada Over the School Question.

Ontario In League With West Against Laurier's Policy.

Winnipeg, Man., March 24.—The gathering clouds of discontent in the English provinces of Canada grow apace and the so-called coercion clauses in the autonomy bills referring to separate schools in the new provinces or Alberta and Saskatchewan bid fair to stagger the stability of the Laurier government, which received a fresh lease of power last November on the popular Grand Trunk Pacific project.

Territorial towns have held massmeetings called by their mayors and passed strong condemnatory resolutions, Manitoban public bodies have met and called on the government to stay its hand, and Ontario particularly has been most energetic in its protestations against saddling the new provinces with separate schools in perpetuity.

For instance, on Monday a tremendous massmeeting was held in Toronto in which leading educationalists and representatives of all Protestant denominations demanded that the government abandon the clauses in the bills, or appeal to the country, and stern demands were made for equal rights for all and special favors for none.

The clauses which proved such a firebrand to the West, after much discussing in caucus by government members, have again been recast, it is said, with the concurrence of the Western representatives in the federal house. But eminent jurists say the difference between the new sections and the originals is very shadowy, when the debatable provisions are stripped of their cumbrous phraseology.

The second reading of the bill is now before the house. The weak point of the matter is that Mr. Sifton announced his resignation, because he was slighted by the premier in not being consulted in drafting the bil, and on top of this comes the grave mistake of Sir Wilfrid in not consulting F. W. G. Haultain, premier of the Northwest Territories, the accredited representative of the people mostly concerned in the matter. He is at Ottawa for that purpose, and notwithstanding his official position and his brilliant legal attainments, the federal premier did not condescend to refer the matter to him, and Mr. Haultain authorizes the statement that he and his conferees in the territorial government have been ignored in the drafting of the clauses and that they were unaware of their purport.

Their cavalier treatment of the Territorial cabinet, and of the energetic ex-minister of the interior, has raised a terrific storm of protest throughout the Dominion, excepting, of course, Quebec—always excepting Quebec—for with its tremendous following in the house and the sagacious and powerful influence, mostly unspoken, of the hierarchy, it is dictating Laurier's policy in this regard. And there is no doubt that he will endeavor to push it through.

The issue is a momentous one and the situation is particularly grave, as can be seen by the lampoons, cartoons, resolutions, etc., that like dragon's teeth are appearing all over the land. A great constitutional crisis is approaching.

Ontario, always the proud rival of Quebec, and the banner province of the English, is aflame; Manitoba, savage at the stultifying of its size by reason of its school system, is fiercely indignant; the territories helpless in their wrath and their partially disorganized state, are in a dangerous frame of mind; while the far-off maritime provinces are "resolutioning" in great volume.

The federal house, which is positively swamped with stacks of petitions every day will divide according to race and creed, not politics; the people, the proletariat, unfortunately have already done this. The English and French Canadian stand face to face, and the Protestant and Catholic, loth to take issue, are forced by the exigencies of the situation into hostile camps.

For instance, the conservative members at Ottawa met to disagree on Tuesday. French Conservatives will vote with the Liberal Laurier and English Conservatives with the opposition. Confusion reigns supreme.

In the territories, where many immigrants of many nationalities, including large drafts from Great Britain and immense colonies from the United States, have settled, public opinion is not crystalized. However, the most advanced party now coming into existence there are secessionists. These advocates of an unconstitutional idea are becoming numerous, from the daily reports of the West, and from a British and imperial point of view the movement is alarming.

The crux of the question will be reached at the close of the second reading of the now famous autonomy bills and their inflamatory school clauses, and a fair settlement of the vexed matter is not expected by the Western people.

American settlers with broad ideas of how their own schools are governed are a mighty influence in the prairies at this particular juncture, but a similar system to theirs seems almost too good to expect. The Canadian premier's coarse and ill-timed allusions to the schools of the States and its "carnival of crime," has stirred popular feeling to the breaking point.

BARKER & STEWART WIN

Suit Against Hines Lumber Company at Ashland.

Ashland, Wis., March 25.—The big damage suit of Barker & Stewart against the Hines Lumber company has been won by the plaintiff after a trial of three weeks' duration in the United States circuit court.

The case embraces two claims made by the plaintiff against the defendant. The first is for damages which the plaintiff claimed the defendant had caused it in the loss of profit which it would have made in the sawing of 75,000,000 feet of timber included in the Bigelow tract which the defendant had purchased and taken to its own mills to saw instead of giving to the plaintiff. The plaintiff claimed it was entitled to the sawing of this timber under its contract with the defendant, while the defendant disputed that claim and contended that the defendant had the right to take the timber to its own mill for sawing.

The other dispute was in reference to the manner of manufacturing short lath for the year 1903, the defendant contending that the lath had not been manufactured in accordance with the terms of the contract.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

EUROPE

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NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. †Ex. Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:40 a.m	St. Paul. Minneapolis	*3:25 p.m
*4:00 p.m	Twilight Limited	*9:45 p.m
*5:30 p.m	Chicago, Milwaukee	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Appleton	*1:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac.	*11:10 a.m
*5:30 p.m	FAST MAIL	*11:10 a.m

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY

Leave		Arrive
* 4:00 p.m	Ashland and East	*11:15 a.m
† 8:00 a.m	Ashland and East	† 7:10 p.m
* 7:30 p.m	Minn. and Dakota Express	* 7:55 a.m
* 8:40 a.m	North Coast Limited	* 4:55 p.m
Leave	"Duluth Short Line."	Arrive
† 9:00 a.m	ST. PAUL	* 6:30 a.m
† 1:55 p.m		† 2:10 p.m
*11:10 p.m	MINNEAPOLIS	* 7:00 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 432 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

*6:20 p.m. Lv. North Country Mail. Ar. *8:55 a.m. All points East.
†7:45 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †9:35 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M	P.M.	STATIONS	M.	P.M
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:25
11:25	7:05	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:10	3:30
11:30	7:10	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
11:55	7:45	Ar. Ely Lv	7:30	3:00
A.M.	P.M.	Daily, except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY

P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS	A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	10:30	3:40
4:05	7:55	Lv. 57th Av. W. Lv	10:15	3:25
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Ar. Ir'n J'nct'n Lv	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M't'n. Iron. Lv	-----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv	6:55	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv	-----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv	-----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv	7:15	12:27

Daily except Sunday.

Morning train from Duluth makes direct connection at Rainy Junction with D. V. & R. L. Ry. for Ashawa and points north of Virginia.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the city. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan $2.00 to $3.50.
European Plan $1.00 Up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New Building.
Modern in Every Particular.
Julius Cook, Mgr. 210-212 W. Sup. St

MISTAKEN IDENTITY FREQUENTLY OCCURS

Cases Which Have Arisen In Duluth and Elsewhere — Interesting Stories Are Unlimited.

It has been said and often quoted that so omnipotent is the Creator that He has been able to make millions upon millions of people, numberless animals, countless plants, insects and other things in the natural world, no two of which are exactly the same. That is doubtless all true—that there will be some difference, no matter how minor that difference will be, but at times there is a resemblance in men and things that is nothing short of startling.

Within two weeks past, two reputable men of Duluth had a suit over the ownership of a Scotch collie dog, and each is generally taken to have been sincere in his belief that the dog belonged to him.

Mistaken identity is an interesting subject and its scope, in the way of interesting stories, is unlimited. Stories of actual occurrences of mistaken identity have been often told, and enough more could be told to fill the public library, and all of them would be considered remarkable. Most of the tangles have been unraveled in a variety of ways, the most ingenious yet heard of probably being that in "Pudd'nhead Wilson," Mark Twain's powerful story, namely, by identifying the impression of damp thumbs on glass, taken when the mixed children were babies, and comparing them with the thumb-prints of the same individuals when they had grown up.

Only a few years ago, in Duluth, a most interesting and unfortunate case of mistaken identity occurred, but happily was cleared up in municipal court before it had gone any further. The story is this: One Sunday a man walked into a Superior street restaurant, got dinner, and presented a check for a small amount in payment. The check was ostensibly signed by a local business man, and the cashier of the restaurant unhesitatingly accepted it, returning to the man several dollars in change. The next day it was found that the check was bogus, a forgery, and the police were notified. While a detective was in the restaurant getting a description of the man who passed the check, whom the girl cashier described as a little above medium height, slim, thin faced, wearing a small mustache, having dark hair and being gentlemanly-looking, she suddenly exclaimed:

"There he is now."

She excitedly pointed out a young attorney of this city, who had not been here long, but whose father is a prominent man and of considerable wealth and established social position. The detective was astonished, and asked the girl if she was sure of what she was saying. She declared that she was and stuck to it that this young man was the self-same one who passed the bogus check on her the day before. Accordingly, this young attorney was arrested and arraigned. He was released on bail, and at his hearing proved a complete and convincing alibi. But the girl insisted repeatedly that he was the man, and could not be shaken in her testimony. Several months later word was received of the arrest of a notorious forger, and a picture of him was received by the police department from Chicago. It was stated that shortly before, he had been up in this country, and inquiry was made if he had passed any bogus checks here. The picture would have passed as a good likeness of the young attorney arrested for the deed which the real forger had committed. Had the young man not been able to conclusively prove an alibi matters might have gone hard with him.

It may seem a far cry from a case of mistaken identity in a dog to a similar case in men, but it is not such a jump after all, for similar mistakes may be made in each.

"The Masquerader," a recent novel which has been widely read, admired, ridiculed and generally commented upon, seems to be utterly impossible or at least improbable. The plot of the story is based on the striking resemblance of two men in London who meet in a fog. One is the descendant and heir of a noble house and is a member of parliament, where his prospects seemed to be bright because of the natural ability he displayed, until the drug habit overcame him; the other is a young fellow of good education and ability, but no means, who is next door to starvation. The first man, knowing that drugs are getting the better of him, gets the second man to impersonate him in parliament and at home. This goes on successfully for quite a time, the second man developing into a debater of ability and makes himself, or rather his double, famous and a "coming man" at a single bound. The wife of the man whom he is representing, is deceived at first, and falls in love with her supposed husband, with whom she had scarcely cordial relations all of their married life. Later she discovers her error and the real husband very conveniently dies, etc.

Most people who read this story were interested because the story was well written and interestingly told, but the usual comment on finish it was:

"Oh, yes, it's interesting; but, of course, impossible."

Well, is it impossible or even improbable? When the case of the dog was on in district court a short time ago, it created a good deal of amusement and comment about the courthouse. A number were discussing the dog case and cases of mistaken identity in general one day in Probate Judge Middlecoff's office and this caused the judge to quote a number of cases of the kind in law, not fictitious, but actual happenings. One case quoted was from an old law commentary entitled "Before and After Trial," by Richard Harris, a one-time noted counsellor of London, England. In this book he treats of a wide range of subjects, but none are more interesting than his rather lengthy chapter on "Mistaken Identity," in which he cites numerous cases in law from England, France and America. One case from France cited is almost a parallel for the story of "The Masquerader." The citation is in part as follows:

"One of the most peculiar cases of mistaken identity on record is that of Martin Guerre. He was married—— —— to Madamoiselle Bertrande del Rois of Artigues———In the ninth year of their marriage a third member was added to the group by the birth of a boy who received the name of Sanxi. Martin was tempted to appropriate to his own use some wheat belonging to his father and fearing the latter's displeasure absented himself from home until the matter should blow over. Eight days was agreed upon—but as many years actually elapsed before Martin was seen again and during that time no token of his existence cheered his wife and child."

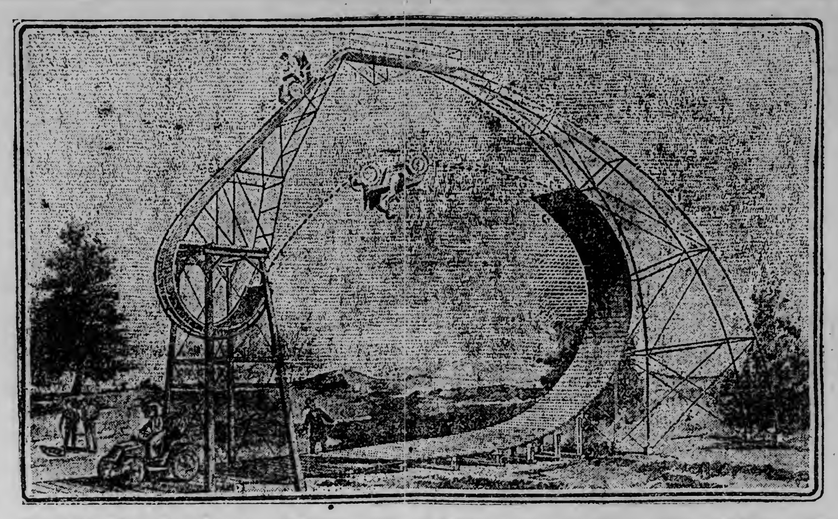
The citation then goes on to tell how one winter's evening a traveler claiming to be Martin Guerre presented himself and declared himself penitent for his long absence. No one questioned his identity, his sisters, uncle, and every member of his wife's family acknowledged him as Martin without hesitancy for not only was he identical with the missing husband in form and feature but showed himself familiar with circumstances that could be known only to the real man. The wife did not doubt for a moment that this was her lawful lord and lived with him for three years, presenting him with two children during that period. At the end of that time, however, she must have become conscious of the deception for she began prosecution against the man whom she had been believing her husband and during the trial he put up a strong defense in the way of showing certain well known birth marks and scars which he was known that the real Martin Guerre possessed, and also in the way of reciting events in the family down to the minutest detail which nobody but the real husband would be likely to know. He convinced almost everybody that he was the real Martin Guerre even to old playmates and comrades in the army, when lo, the really and truly Martin appeared in court.

The likeness between the two men was so striking that even the wife and relatives were in doubt as to which one to believe. They both had these markings: Two teeth in the left lower jaw broken, a drop of extravasated blood in the left eye, the nail of the forefinger missing and three warts on the left hand one being on the little finger. The bogus Martin confronted the other and accused him of trying the deceive the court and all others concerned, of being a fraud and a perjurer and made his stand so strong that the court almost decided in his favor but the case was finally decided in favor of the rightful husband and the other was executed. Before he was executed he confessed.

This was an actual case in law and there are other cases just about equally remarkable in the law books should one care to look them up.

Then is the case of "The Masquerader" impossible?

"LOOPING THE GAP" IN AN AUTOMOBILE.



New York, March 25.—The Barnum & Bailey circus on Thursday began its summer season, Madison Square garden being crowded at both afternoon and evening performances. The feature of the program is Mlle. Maurica de Tiers' thrilling "dip of death," an elaborated style of looping done in an automobile. "L'Auto Bolide" is the name of the new act, which comes direct from the Frolics Bergeres, in Paris, and Mlle. de Tiers, an intrepid young French woman, demonstrates "looping the gap" seated in an automobile. Of different arrangement than other frameworks of the well-known "loop the gap" acts, the automobile with its occupant starts from a platform as high as a four-story building and runs with alarming speed down the nearly perpendicular declivity, which is in form the outside of a gigantic letter S inverted. As the lower curve of the S is reached the automobile and its rider are suspended upside down and spring forty-five feet across the "gap." The steel framework here supports a curved runway that begins in a half moon shape and straightens into an easy incline to the ground, where the young woman and her automobile complete their journey.

"BUG VS. BUG" EXHIBIT AT WESTERN WORLD'S FAIR

Methods Used In Warfare Against Insect Pests Will Be Shown At Lewis and Clark Exposition — How the Good Bugs Eat the Bad Bugs.

Portland, Or., March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The old adage, "Send a thief to catch a thief," finds expression in changed form in connection with modern methods of insect extermination. "Send a bug to catch a bug," is the new version. The story of the way it works out forms one of the fascinating romances of everyday science, and the "Bug vs. Bug" exhibit will be one of the most interesting of the many interesting displays at the Lewis and Clark exposition.

There is an old saw that runs:

"Big fleas have little fleas upon their backs to bite 'em,
"And little fleas have lesser fleas, and so ad infinitum."

Probably the man who wrote the saw never conceived the possibility that the truth which it told might some day be of the greatest possible importance to the agricultural industry. In fact, the writer did not express quite the whole truth. The bug that bites the bug may be either smaller or larger than the bug he bites, and that the biting bug be a good bug, and the bug he bites a bad bug. The skill of the scientist must discover which bug is good and which is bad, and then effect a situation which will result in the extermination of the bad and the restoration of the good. When this has been successfully accomplished, it will result in a saving to farmers of millions of dollars. Hence the importance of the researches of the scientist.

Men have been fighting insect pests almost as long as they have been raising crops, but until quite recently the results have been but indifferent, and in many instances entirely ineffective. Many a man who now rides in his automobile, and spends the summer at the sea coast, remembers with dreadful distinctness the long hours he spent picking off potato bugs in the hot summerr sun. And he remembers, too, that after a long day of such labor, the next day saw the potato vines still covered with an army of the pests. When the labors of the bug specialists are ended there will be no more potato bugs, for another bug, perhaps introduced from Australia or Africa, will have devoured them all as a bass devours the defenceless minnow.

The process is not, however, as simple as it appears. For while the scientist may discover a good bug that eats a bad bug, there may be another bad bug that will devour his good bug as rapidly as the latter is introduced. When this is the case, and it almost invariably is, a good bug must be discovered that will eat the bad bug that eats the good bug that was introduced to eat the bad bug. And there may be several good bugs that devour one kind of bad bug, and as many bad bugs that devour a particular kind of good bug. The complexity of all this is such as might well confuse and discourage the most patient and untiring laborer in the field of science. To take a suppositious case; let A be the bug the orchardist is fighting, and B one of several parasites that attack A. Then there is C fighting B, D fighting C, and E fighting D. While A, C and E are pests, B and D are the very good friends of the fruit grower. The complexity increases with observation. There are insects that are an aid to the orchardman at one stage of their existence and a dangerous pest at another. Every fruit or vegetable is subject to the attack of ten or a dozen enemies, who, in turn, are subject to attacks from ten or a dozen more. When all this is considered, one can appreciate how marvelous are the accomplishments of modern scientific methods. The United States government alone employs over fifty experts for the work of observation and the devising of methods to restrict destruction. But, after all, the cost of this preventive work is but a trifling insurance for industries that produce many billions of necessary produce every year.

While the damage that the insect pests do to growing crops can hardly be estimated, the insects that form the criminal class in the world of bugs are tiny and insignificant creatures. In order that they may be studied, models which magnify the size several hundred times are necessary. These models, showing the good bugs and the bad bugs, will form one of the most interesting features of the many that will make the Western World's Fair worth a trans-continental trip. The models will prove as attractive to thinking people as the animals in the zoo are to the small boy.

The San Jose scale, which has haunted the dream of many a California orange grower, will be shown in eleven different stages, male and female, some of the models being a foot high. The San Jose scale looks like a limpet and is a vile monster of horrid shape. The codling moth is a little less repulsive in appearance, but more destructive, for it is responsible for damage to American orchards every year to the amount of $11,000,000. Then there will be the cotton-boll weevil which causes millions of dollars of damage to the Southern cotton crop, shown in all its stages from the egg to the winged insect; the orange rust mite and the grape seed weevil, and many others.

The exhibit will not be confined to the bad bugs, but many good bugs will be shown as well. One of these is the Asiatic lady bird, which was brought from China to feed on the orange grower's enemy, the San Jose scale. There were only two lady birds that survived the journey to Washington, but these were successfully propagated, and soon hundreds of thousands were at work clearing the orange orchards of the scourge. The story of the Australian lady bird is almost identical with that of the lady bird from China. The Australian lady bird saved California orchards from the devastation threatened by the fluted scale. There will be many other good bugs to see, and the array encourages one to believe that eventually they will exterminate the bad bugs that are so expensive to the farmer and orchardist.

Such is the romance woven by prolonged and patient laboratory search. There will be many other marvelous romances of everyday science at the Lewis and Clark exposition, for the exposition management is restricting the displays largely to live exhibits that show processes rather than products; but the "Bug vs. Bug" display will prove of extraordinary interest to the farmer or fruit growers who sees business in it, the business or professional man who takes a passing interest in science, and to the child who likes to look at the models because some of them look like dogs, and some like cats, and some like lizards and snakes.

W. E. BRINDLEY.

When you consider how vitally the lives of men and women are affected by the problems of wheat, and where to buy—you can realize the possibilities of newspaper advertising; the only kind of advertising that helps them, to any extent, in solving these problems.

THIS WAS CHEAP LIVING.

Food and Drink for a Whole Year Secured for Only Two Bits.

A Washington business who recently made the interesting trip across the continent to San Francisco, related a good story about a fellow of the "bum" fraternity in the Golden Gate city who provided himself with meals during the entire year on a capital of 20 cents, says the Washington Star. At that time the gilded saloons of 'Frisco put up splendid free lunches, from which impecunious customers could make a square meal if they desired.

In those days but little in the way of money smaller than a dime was used, pennies and nickels being barred. The impecunious gent in question found himself one morning the proud possessor of 25 cents and a big appetite. As money had been a scarce article with him, he did considerable thinking about the best way to invest his pile with the largest results.

While contemplating and turning the weighty financial problem over and over in his mind, his wandering gaze finally became centered upon a gaudily painted signboard in the distance which announced that a "big free lunch" was given with every drink. The brilliant mind of the fellow immediately hit upon a happy expedient, and entering the saloon, he called for "one beer." Having drank the foaming beverage, he proffered the saloonkeeper his 25-cent piece and received in change two dimes, or bits, as they were termed in San Francisco. He then feasted his eyes on the good things ranged along the free lunch counter.

There was cheese and sausage, sauerkraut and chipped potatoes, rye bread and crackers, pickles and mustard. After eating his fill and being in splendid humor, he sauntered forth from the saloon and soon met a well-to-do acquaintance. After passing the compliments of the season the impecunious man produced his two bits and said:

"Old fellow, I have two short bits here; kindly let me have two bits for it."

As 5 cents was practically an unknown quantity so far as its personal presence in actual coin exchange was concerned, the acquaintance readily acquiesced and handed the other a bright silver quarter, or two-bit piece. Nothing was thought of the request, as such exchanges were frequently made, and a short bits was to all intents and purposes worth as much as a full two bits.

Armed with his quarter, the schemer waited until later in the day and then entered another saloon, purchased a 5-cent beer, ate free lunch galore and proceeding to the street met another acquaintance and exchanged his 20 cents for another two bits, which he retained for beer and breakfast at the free lunch counter on the following morning.

The Washington business man said he was informed that the impecunious hustler kept this exchange system going for a year, the meantime providing himself with food and drink and retaining his original capital of two bits.

A GREAT WEAPON.

Duluth People Cannot Fail to Appreciate Its Value.

Only one weapon
To fight backache.

The weapon that strikes the cause. Doan's Kidney Pills strike the root. Their work in Duluth proves it. You read of cures made years ago. And the cures were lasting cures. Read the following:

James Root, railroad engineer, living at the corner of Michigan street and Twentieth avenue, Duluth, Minn., says: "I cannot do otherwise than endorse and recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. The benefit I derived from the use of this remedy, several years ago, has proved satisfactory and lasting. When I got my first box I was in bad shape. I was suffering from severe pains and soreness in the small of my back and through the hips. The kidney secretions were unnatural and contained a heavy sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills brought relief promptly, and as I have stated, this relief has been permanent. I also used Doan's Ointment for itching hemorrhoids, and the relief was prompt and effective. This remedy brought just as prompt and lasting relief as did Doan's Kidney Pills. I told of my case in a testimonial given over six years ago, and I am glad to confirm that statement."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS.

(Continued from page 23.

with a beautiful present. Mr. and Mrs. Miller expect to leave next week for Enderlin, N. D., where they will make their future home.

Attorney C. J. Rockwood of Minneapolis was in the city this week attending court.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Keefe of Bagley spent a few days in the city this week as the guest of friends.

Chester Losing of Crookston attended court in Bemidji this week.

A number of the young people of Bemidji went to Tenstrike Monday evening where they took part in a program that was given for the benefit of the Episcopal church of that city Monday night. Those who went up were the Misses Dollie Bailey, Haldeman, Boyer, Brannon and Dickinson, and the Messrs. Winter, E. H. Jerrard, Huyck and Lucas. Mrs. Thomas Bailey and Mrs. Pryor acted as chaperons.

Sergeant Witte of the recruiting station has been granted a two weeks' vacation. During his absence his place will be filled by Corp. A. E. Otto of Duluth.

J. C. Gibson has returned to his home at Woodchicking after a short visit with Bemidji friends.

A. D. Sibbald of Duluth was in the city this week on business.

Frazee

Frazee, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles Nest left for Seattle, Wash., on Monday.

Dr. and Mrs. Barton are in Minneapolis to attend the funeral of Mrs. Barton's sister.

A. L. Olmstead, who has resided here for twelve years, has decided to move to Aberdeen, Wash.

Evangelist James Connolly of Detroit, Mich., returned home on Wednesday after sixteen days' successful revival meetings at the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mrs. Bert Mayne and son of Devil's Lake, N. D., are visiting with friends for some time.

An elaborate entertainment by the pupils of the public school is announced for Friday evening, March 31. The proceeds are for decorating the rooms in the schoolhouse.

Rev. W. L. Riley will preach here on Sunday afternoon at 3:30. He will baptise some converts from the recent revival in the M. E. church.

Peter Schoop was caught by his wagon and his leg broken above the knee on Thursday. The accident occurred near Long Lake, and he suffered severely before he arrived home.

Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith took over thirty into church membership on Sunday morning in the Methodist Episcopal church.

Tower

Tower, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Harrison returned home Thursday from an extended visit with friends and relatives in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Mrs. J. Lubenow returned home from Virginia Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Coon and family returned home Tuesday evening from Toledo, Ohio, where they have spent the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Jeffery were in Duluth between trains Thursday.

J. Humble left Thursday morning for a two weeks' visit with his parents at North Branch.

Wesley Rice spent the fore part of the week in Duluth.

Mrs. A. Kitto entertained the Ladies' Guild of the St. Mary's Episcopal church Thursday afternoon.

The Ladies' Aid of the St. James Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. F. Dowd next Wednesday afternoon.

Dan Haley spent the fore part of the week in Duluth.

Miss Delia Murphy returned home Tuesday from a three weeks' visit with her sister, Miss M. E. Murphy, at Eveleth, Minn.

Mrs. Joseph Pryor of Eveleth visited relatives and friends at Soudan the fore part of the week.

Miss Hazelle Cass left Tuesday morning for a week's visit with friends and relatives in Duluth and Superior.

J. D. Murphy returned home from Eveleth Monday evening.

Gust Lee returned home Saturday evening from a short visit with friends in Duluth.

J. S. Merrill returned home Saturday evening from Washington, D. C.

William Coss left for Eveleth on Tuesday morning's train.

While returning home from Soudan last Sunday evening, Burt Nettel fell on the sidewalk and broke his left leg.

Miss Leonore Murphy entertained a number of little folks at her home Thursday afternoon in honor of her eighth birthday. Those present were: Misses Bella Thomas, Beatrice Soderquist, Vina Cass, Stella Cass, Inez Donahue, Myrtle Cass, Helen Hill, Margaret Dowd, Lillian Murphy, Anna May Johnston, Esther Sovde, Muretta O'Keefe, Leonore Murphy, Jennie Lund.

Ironwood -

Ironwood, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. J. Hebert of Chippewa Falls was in the city on business Friday.

Miss E. Sanders of Ashland was in the city all week visiting with friends.

Sheriff Olson of Bessemer was in Ironwood on business Friday.

The members of the Finnish church will give a church social at the Scandinavian hall Sunday evening, March 26th, and a large attendance is expected as the members are making every effort to make it a grand success.

J. H. Grier of Kaukauna, Wis., spent Thursday in the city on business.

Miss M. Shea of Ironwood was at Bessemer all week visiting with relatives.

E. Darling of Milwaukee, Wis., spent Thursday in the city on business.

The 4-years-old baby girl of Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Shea died Tuesday evening after a lengthy illness. The funeral occurred from St. Ambrose church Friday morning, Rev. Buchholz officiating.

R. E. Foster of Boston was in the city all week on business.

Miss G. Touhy of Bessemer spent Tuesday in the city visiting with friends.

J. Kane of Antigo, Wis., was in Ironwood on business Wednesday.

W. Coffee, a Polish miner, was completely buried under several tons of ore at the Aurora mine Wednesday night. Immediately after the cave a number of men were at work to clear away the debris, after five hours of work Mr. Coffee was found under some timbers uninjured. His escape from suden death is miraculous.

Mr. and Mrs. P. D. Shea of Bessemer, Mich., were in Ironwood Friday attending the funeral of their niece.

J. L. Terry of Springfield, Ill., was in the city on business Tuesday.

J. Rowett of Bessemer visited with friends in the city Tuesday.

Miss A. Erickson of Ironwood visited with friends in Rhinelander Tuesday.

Rev. H. Rodgers, pastor of the Jesseville M. E. church and Miss A. Ross, a well known young lady of Ironwood, were united in marriage at the Jesseville church Wednesday afternoon. Presiding Elder Thompson of Marquette pronounced the words that made the young couple man and wife. A large crowd of friends of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony.

B. E. Morrill of Stevens Point, Wis., spent Tuesday in Ironwood on business.

Rev. H. A. Buchholz visited with friends in Escanaba, Mich., Tuesday.

Mrs. F. H. Lesselyong returned Wednesday from Milwaukee, where she had been visiting relatives several days.

Iron River

Iron River, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ex-District Attorney A. W. McLeod of Washburn was in Iron River last Saturday transacting business.

Judge Tripp made a business strip to the county seat last Tuesday.

E. Luick transacted business in Bayfield last Tuesday.

Frank Thompson returned last Wednesday from the southern part in this state and is selling out his furniture and effects here with the intention of going West.

Jason Spangler and family left last Thursday morning for Tower, Minn., where they will make their future home. Mr. Spangler has accepted a position as filer in a saw mill at that place.

Chairman Eben Olson of Port Wing was in this city last Wednesday on business.

Mick Hopkins of Orienta, was in this city last Wednesday, looking after the interests of the schools in his district.

Ex-Sheriff of Iron county, W. H. Lucie, was in this city last Tuesday on business.

Mrs. John Carlson returned last Thursday evening from Washington, where she has been visiting with her parents for the last three months.

Chairman Ed. F. Daniels transacted business in Ashland last Tuesday.

John Simon returned from Washburn yesterday, where he has spent about six weeks.

Gordon Young was in this city from Island Lake last Thursday on business.

Frank Joyal returned home from Hibbing, Minn., last Monday morning.

H. S. Fairall, secretary, and Byron Ripley, treasurer of the North Wisconsin Farmer's association, attended a meeting of the executive committee in Superior last Wednesday.

Joseph Youngberg, the telegraph operator at the South Shore depot has accepted a position as depot agent at Lake Nebagamon, and went on duty last Thursday.

Undertaker Fowler was called to Prat last Tuesday to take care of the remains of Bert Cochrane, a nephew of Ambrose Cochrane, whom the train ran over on the Omaha track last Monday. He was brought to Iron River Tuesday evening and was interred in the city cemetery here last Wednesday.

Max Happle was down to Park Falls last Monday and Tuesday on a business trip.

Rev. John Gibson visited with his son, Dr. Gibson, at Park Falls, the fore part of this week.

O. J. Dodge of Pearson, transacted business in this city last Wednesday.

Mr. Edgar of the firm of Alexander & Edgar Lumber Co. was in this city last Wednesdy and Thursday settling the companies taxes with town treasurer.

Otto Lueder, was in this city last Saturday, Sunday and Monday visiting with his sister, Mrs. Frank Moore of this city.

Albert Traxell and wife left Wednesday morning for Chippewa Falls, where they will visit with Mrs. Traxell's parents for a week or two before they will return.

Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Cochrane left last Thursday evening for Utah, where they expect to make their future home.

Clerk of Circuit Court F. A. Bell, was over from Washburn last Sunday.

Gust Kieffer has purchased a farm for himself about one mile from this city.

James Doherty was up on the Iron Range the first part of this week. He contemplates of moving to Northern Minnesota some time in the near future.

Thomas Devine was at Park Falls the fore part of this week on business.

BRIGHT LAUGHING BABIES.

How to Make Them Laugh and How to Keep Them Laughing.

Errors in diet and habits of the nursing mother upset the stomach and bowels of the nursing infant; result, sour stomach, wind colic, constipation or diarrhoea, with crying and loss of sleep. Let the mother keep her health in good condition by the occasional use of Beecham's Pills, and she will own a laughing baby.

Beecham's Pills, a scientifically prepared laxative, promote appetite and increase the assimilation of food. The action is gentle, prompt, thorough, and no increase in the dose is necessary. Beecham's Pills can be taken for a protracted period without producing a habit. They cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders, Indigestion, Female Ailments and all diseases arising from a constipated condition of the bowels.

Ely

Ely, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Wednesday evening the caucuses for nominating aldermen for the City of Ely were held in the various wards. The result was as follows: John Gooze, 58; Herman Kandelin, 43, and A. D. Elliefsen, 35, in the First ward; Richard Coad, 28; Matt Agnich, 40, and John Pavlichich, 37, in the Third ward. John Coval, 27; Olaf Knutson, 29, and John Porthan, 29, in the Second ward. Thursday evening the general caucus was held at the city hall and a good crowd was there, there being 347 votes cast. The Ely City band was out and rendered several choice selections and helped to liven things up. The result of the caucus was as follows: For mayor, P. R. Vail; for treasurer, Charles Grabowsky; for municipal judge, John Cosgrove; for assessor, Thomas Jury; for special municipal judge, Fred Reuther.

Work has been commenced on the clearing up of the lots, where the Vail hotel stood.

E. Wientzel left Monday afternoon for Biwabik, where he will have charge of the yards. Mr. Wientzel was formerly yardmaster in the Duluth & Iron Range yards in this city. His place here has been filled by Thomas McLaughlin.

Mrs. James Wilkins has been in the city several days this week, packing up her household effects for shipment Thursday to Cass Lake to her new home.

P. R. Vail spent the week in Duluth.

The fifth annual ball given by Wagner's orchestra Friday evening, March 17, was by long odds one of the most enjoyable events of the season. The hall was filled so that dancing was almost an impossibility until past midnight, as over seventy couples were in attendance. The decorations were green and white and with the clusters of colored lights presented a most beautiful spectacle. An elaborate program of thirty numbers was played by the orchestra which was screened by palms and encores were numerous and readily responded to. Dancing continued until 4 o'clock, then all departed with the remark that it was the best ever.

Miss Mabel Cass and Winnie Campaign came up from Tower Friday evening to attend the Wagner's orchestrra dance.

About 4:30 Sunday morning the fire whistle brought out the fire department, fire being discovered in one of the dwellings in the Pioneer location. The fire was confined in the cellar and not much damage was done.

Frank Thomas of Biwabik was in the city several days this week on a visit with friends and relatives.

William La Beau and Polydore Aubin spent a few days in Duluth this week on business before the land office.

The ladies of the M. E. church served an oyster supper at the church Wednesday evening. A good sum was realized.

C. G. Shipman spent a few days in Duluth this week going down Monday.

Chas. Schaeffer was in the city from Tower several days this week on a visit with friends and relatives.

Dave Childers arrived from Skibo Monday evening for a visit with his parents.

Joseph Spritzer and Jehan Zobec, secured first papers before Deputy Clerk of the Court Schaeffer Monday.

At the regular council meeting held Tuesday a petition was presented to the council to establish fire limits in the City of Ely. The petition was presented by P. W. Sture, secretary of the citizens meeting held for that purpose and was signed by most citizens. The fire limits to embrace blocks 4 to 20 inclusive of the original plat of the city and Blocks 6 to 11 inclusive of Whiteside's adition to Ely. A motion was made to that effect and carried.

The basket social and dance given by the S. H. & E. F. of A., at the Turf hall Friday evening was well attended and ejoyed by all. Wagner's orchestra furnished the music.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Increased Shipments of Merchandise Severely Tax the Railroads.

New York, March 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Spring trade responds to seasonable weather, and shipments of merchandise have increased so rapidly that railway facilities are severely taxed. At many points there is complaint of car shortage. Navigation on lakes and rivers at the North has not opened as promptly as business demands. The customary damage from floods has rendered many mills idle and several minor events added to unemployed, but these temporary adverse features are more than offset by the resumption of outdoor work, especially in building operations and on farms. Buyers are arriving in large numbers at primary markets, warm weather accelerating preparations for Easter trade.

Manufacturing activity continues, the best news coming from the iron and steel industry. New records are constantly established.

Textile plants are increasingly busy, but there is frequent complaint of small profits because of high cost of production, particularly as to material and labor. Railroad earnings for the first two weeks of March were 7.9 per cent larger than last year, and foreign commerce at this port for the last week shows a gain of $2,077,602 in exports and $175,258 in imports, as compared with 1904.

Holders and makers of iron and steel products appear to have secured control of the situation. It is no longer considered desirable to delay placing of contracts in expectation of better terms. Although boom conditions have been avoided thus far and comparatively steady quotations prevail, it is possible that in some departments of the industry urgent orders may soon go abroad.

Two special features have developed during the past week—a maximum movement of iron ore was announced, and the largest single contract on record for steel billets was placed. In addition, the recent record-breaking output of coke was further increased.

Strength is seen in the hide market, especially for native steers of midwinter salting, and sole leather branded hides are in limited supply. Leather is quiet, tanners holding for better prices than most manufacturers of footwear are willing to pay.

Salesmen of New England footwear manufacturers who are in the West have secured liberal initial fall orders, business on the whole comparing favorably with any preceding week this year.

Failures this week numbered 255 in the United States against 226 last year, and 16 in Canada compared with 15 a year ago.

In selecting a whiskey three qualifications should be considered — the age, the purity and the flavor.

Old Underoof Rye

Possesses these qualifications in a greater degree than any other whiskey.

OLD SORES CURED
ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE.
Cures Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Milk Leg, Poisoned Wounds, All Sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Draws out all poison. Saves expense and suffering. Cures permanent. For sale by druggists. Mail 50c and $1.00. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. Paul, Minn.

DRAMATICAL

ATTRACTIONS AT THE LYCEUM

Paul Gilmore to Appear Tuesday Night in "The Mummy and the Humming Bird."

There is nothing more delightful than a good play, one that sparkles with bright lines, that blends the comedy and the tragedy of life evenly together, and teaches a wholesome and needed lesson. A good play is something to be remembered; in fact, it cannot be forgotten, and when you have such a play and a company of artistc to present it, there is a combination irresistible. This is what will be given by Paul Gilmore and his excellent company when they appear in the former's big success of the past season, The Mummy and the Humming Bird," at the Lyceum next Tuesday. The play is original in plot and theme, and simply bubbles over with bright sayings. It is intensely tragic in parts, but not too much tragedy; and there is enough humor to make it wholesome and refreshing. Paul Gilmore, in the leading role of Lord Lumley, has a part that suits him better than anything he has ever appeared in, and he gives it the touch of the thorough artist. He does not rant nor paw the air, but at all times gives the lines of the author a touch here and there that makes them nestle close to you. The audience and the actor become fast friends the minute he steps upon the stage, and they are boon companions long before the curtain descends on the last act. It is one of the best and most pleasing entertainments ever placed before American theatergoers.

LYCEUM ATTRACTIONS.

One of the star engagements which the Lyceum has in store for Duluth is Henriette Crossman in her great success, "Mistress Nell." She is coming in April.

* * *

Lawrence D'Orsay, the English actor who has been the rage of the East will be at the Lyceum soon in "The Earl of Pawtucket."

* * *

Creatore and his great band are the sensation of the present time in musical circles. Duluth will have three concerts in April by this great organization and most eccentric leader.

* * *

Raymond Hitchcock, a unique and strikingly original comedian, is offered by Henry W. Savage as the star of the comic opera "The Yankee Consul," which is to be seen at the Lyceum soon.

THE MANAGER'S BURDEN

Whatever He Does, Is Certain To Displease Somebody, And He Is Always Told Of It—Women Worse Than Men.

New York, March 25.—"Five hundred out of every 1,000 persons who go to the theater are chronic kickers," said a theatrical manager. "I have listened to people complaining year in and year out and sometimes I almost believe that people go to the theater to kick and find fault instead of to be amused.

"Every man who buys seats wants the seats on the aisle. When he can't get them on the aisle he always suspects that the man in the box office is holding out on him. Nine times out of ten he tells the box office man so. Then, after this gratuitous insult he wonders why the ticket seller treats him with coldness.

"Some men want seats away down near the stage. Others want them in the middle of the house, while a comparatively few will only sit in the rear of the house. Every seat can't be an aisle seat. If the seats can't be obtained where they are wanted, the buyer is sure to make some sarcastic remark.

"I suppose you have sold all the good seats to the speculators,' one kicker remarked recently, as he started away with a pair of seats within three rows of where he wanted them.

"That sort of kicker is the one who waits to the last to obtain his seats. Then he wonders why he can't get what he wants.

"Maybe the box office man sells seats down near the stage to someone who appears to be delighted when the purchase is made. Then let us jump to the night of the performance for which those near stage tickets have been sold.

"Most people forget that the temperature on the stage and that in the body of the house differ sometimes as much as 30 deg. It's impossible to keep the stage warm in cold weather. There is always a draught on the stage, because there are so many doors and skylights. The minute the curtain goes up the temperature in the front of the house changes and those near the stage feel it. They immediately begin to find fault with the management for selling them tickets so near the stage. Then ushers with the box office and declare that unless their seats are changed they will have pneumonia. They want other seats. They can see that there are no vacant seats, but what difference does that make to them?

"If you sell a person a seat behind a post you make an enemy of flim ffor life. Some people won't sit on either side of a theater. They declare they can't see the stage or that they have to look at it on an angle.

"You wouldn't think those who can afford to buy boxes would be fault finders, but they are. Architectually, boxes are impossible. The two or three people who sit in the front of a box can see everything that goes on on the stage. Those behind can only see part of what is happening. They say they never sat in such poor boxes.

"Take the people who sit on the sides of the house near the exits. They are subjected to draughts because there are no curtains or portieres shielding the exits.

"The playgoer notes this and begins to roast the theater and the manager of it for not having curtains. He never stops to inquire why the curtains are not there. If he were informed that the theaters are not allowed to keep curtains near the exits he would probably denounce the manager as a liar as well as a cheap skate.

"Of all the kickers deliver me from the women. There is some chance of getting back at a man by answering abuse with abuse, but you can't do that to a woman. You simply have to take the woman's talk and look as if it pleases you.

"They invariably find fault with the water served between the acts. It's too hot for some and too cold for others.

"No one could rig up a women's retiring room to the satisfaction of a dozen women. They call the manager cheap because he doesn't supply things that some of them have not in their own homes. If they are supplied, the women thing nothing of carrying them away.

"And the kicks I receive about my attractions are the hardest to bear. What will please one person will displease another.

"I have had in my theater the best shows produced in this city, and I have listened to people complaining about them. All complaints are directed at the head of the manager.

"Playgoers think he is fair game for their spleen, and he seems to be. He can't afford to fight back, for he does not want to make an enemy of a theatergoer.

"Sometimes it gets wearisome, and it makes a man wonder if it is worth while after all. Not only does he have to put up with the ill nature of his patrons, but he has troubles and worries connected with his stage.

"A balky actor or an obstreperous woman star is apt to turn up any time, and always at the most unfavorable period. A manager's burden is no light one. If you don't think I'm telling the truth, get into the game and see how it feels to be abused by everyone."

BUSTER BROWN, AT THE MEEROPOLITAN NEXT WEEK.

THE BILL AT THE METROPOLITAN

"Buster Brown" to Be Given First Half of the Week and "Alphonse and Gaston" During Second Half.

Of all the characters that the "funny pages" of the big daily papers have made popular, none have won more universal favor than the innocent-looking, but mischievous Buster Brown, that Richard F. Outcault created, and that the New York Herald has made known in almost every quarter of the globe. And now Duluth will have Buster upon the stage of the Metropolitan theater next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday and Wednesday matinee. He will be warmly welcomed, for all love the boy who is so boyish that he can't keep out of mischief. And then there is that wonderfully knowing dog, Tige! He is Buster's inseparable companion, and, of course, he must be put on the stage. So Melville B. Raymond, the manager, who has acquired the sole dramatic rights to these characters, has engaged Jack Bell to play Tige, while his young master will be acted by that remarkable little comedian, Master Giovanni. But Mr. Raymond is not relying solely on the comic incidents. He has put these in a splendid framework of elaborate and beautiful scenery, and has supplemented the acting cast with a large chorus and ballet and a bevy of "show girls," of guaranteed loveliness, and who have been costumed in the most gorgeous of up-to-date fashions. Other costumes include those for a novel idea in a bathing ballet, which illustrates the fashions that are prevalent along the beaches, from Old Orchard to Palm Beach.

"Buster Brown" should prove an attraction to the grown-up as well as to the children.

ALPHONSE AND GASTON.

Merry Farce Coming To Metropolitan Next Week.

With a splendid cast, the merry farce, "Alphonse and Gaston" has been staged under the direction of Frank Tannehill, the author of the play. He has adapted the grotesque caricatures of those now famous characters of fiction that have achieved notoriety through the talented drawings of the celebrated cartoonist, F. Opper. Phenomenal success has attended the production. This is explained by the fact that the public is familiar, through the humorous supplements, with the eccentricities of the two novel Frenchmen, and their exploitation on the stage has been made the paramount feature of the production, which gives a faithful representation of their many comicalities in deeds and attitudes, supplemented by an intelligible plot, in which other original character creations of a farcical kind are introduced.

The play is called a merry farce, to differentiate it from the commonplace class of plays which, under the designation of farce comedy, have fairly inundated the country with poor plays that were not refined. "Alphonse and Gaston" combines the same elements of farce and music which have made musical comedy so popular. The music is all original, and was composed by Ben M. Jerome and Harry Von Tilzer, who are among the foremost composers of popular songs. All of the scenery is new, and was made expressly for this production, and the costumes are elaborate and beautiful. Bobby Mathews and Herbert Ashley are the two leading comedians, and to them has been given the opportunity of making Alphonse and Gaston stage celebrities. They have so far, it is said, merited the applause which has been bestowed upon their work. Several novelties in stage management have drawn to the production much favorable discussion. The production will be seen at the Metropolitan theater for three days, commencing Thursday with a matinee Saturday.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO

The Joseph Holland Benefit Netted Over $12,000—James J. Corbett To Appear In a George Bernard Shaw Play.

New York, March 25.—The auction sale of seats for the benefit tendered Joseph Holland, the actor, last week, netted over $12,000, and indicated that the total receipts for the event will exceed that amount considerably. Joseph Jefferson, who was a lifelong friend, paid $97 for one seat and also $75 for an upper box at the Metropolitan Opera house. The members of the Maud Adams company contributed $3,000, while other prominent theatrical people contributed like amounts. The great sale indicated that Mr. Holland, though his days of acting are over, was still as popular with the members of the profession as ever, and the great benefit will net him a snug sum to live on for the remaining days of his invalidism.

* * *

James J. Corbett has decided to join the ranks of the George Bernard Shaw players in this country, and unless present plans go amiss, will be seen next season as the star in that unique dramatist's play, "Cashel Byron's Profession." The role is that of a pugilist, and will afford Corbett an excellent opportunity, provided he can successfully cope with the Shaw intricacies in the other parts of the piece.

* * *

Joseph Coyne has been engaged by Manager Frohman to play one of the leading roles in "The Rollicking Girl," the new musical comedy in which Sam Bernard and Hattie Williams are to be seen soon.

"The most trenchant, concise and bitterly sarcastic dramatic criticism that ever I read," says Thomas Q. Seabrooke, the comedian, "was that which appeared in a Texas newspaper in course of an engagement in Austin of a company with which I was associated in my early days.

"The morning after our debut in Austin I picked up a local sheet, and as I skimmed over its pages my eye was caught by a short paragraph bearing the head 'Current News Items.' They read as follows:

"'Rain storm in Galveston, lasting twenty-eight minutes.'

"'Hail storm in Langtry, ten minutes.'

"'Wind storm in Houston, two days.'

"'Barn storm in Austin Opera house, one night.'"

* * *

John E. Henshaw of Henry W. Savage's "The Sho-Gun" company is noted for his ready repartee. Many years ago he was a member of a "troupe" in all that the word implies. The troupe made spasmodic jumps entirely at the discretion of the sheriffs of the different tank towns they played in, and salaries were in arrears. Henshaw was having trouble with his laundry and postage stamp bills. He finally demanded some money of the treasurer with the company. Upon meeting with a very prompt refusal, Henshaw said:

"Who are the managers of this bum bunch, anyway?"

"Steele and Conn are the sole managers," replied the treasurer.

"Sole managers, are they?" replied the comedian. "Well, I think they are not sole managers, but heel managers."

* * *

"Give me two tickets for Eye-Say's concert," smiled a young woman.

Next in line was an elderly gentleman. "Three seats for the Fe-zaw-ye recital," he said.

"Any good seats left for Iz-eye?" asked a young man.

"How's the Isaiah sale going?" inquired a man about town.

"I'd like a box for the Yiss-a-yee affair," announced a portly patron of art.

"Let me see what you have left for the Izzy musicale," a stylish matron purred.

"Two tickets for easy. How much?" said a brisk business man.

There came a lull in the seat-buying.

"How should it be pronounced?" asked an observer.

"I knew once," replied the clerk, "but you can search me now."

* * *

Mary Mannering returned to the stage last week after a retirement that lasted through the earlier half of the season. Her return was celebrated Wednesday night in New York where she appeared as the star in Paul Potter's play, "Nancy Stair," founded on the Scotch novel of that name, which created a stir when first brought out some months ago.

* * *

Edna Aug has retired from "Smiling Island," and will fill a few vaudeville dates prior to taking up rehearsals of a musical piece called "Venus," in which she is to be the star next season according to present plans.

* * *

Maxine Elliott is to go over to London at the close of her present tour in "Her Own Way." It is likely that this piece will be presented there during the early spring season, as Louis Nethersole is reported to be closing negotiations for Miss Elliott's London season.

* * *

The burlesque theater in Montreal, controlled by the Sparrow interests, which caused the recent row between Eastern and Western burlesque managers, has been turned over into a combination house and abandons the burlesque field. This is looked upon as victory for the Eastern managers, who threw the house out of their circuit.

* * *

Mrs. Fiske will give her admirers an opportunity before her present season closes in New York to pass judgment upon her as a dramatist and producer as well as actress. She has decided to give several special matinee performances of one act plays written by her, and which will be presented at the Manhattan theater under her direction, but with the author-actress out of the cast. The plays selected are "The Eyes of the Heart," "A Light From St. Agnes," and "The Rose." The former is a modern comedy laid in France. The two others are Louisiana stories, Mrs. Fiske being acquainted with that interesting territory.

* * *

After a disastrous season as a star in "The Serio-Comic Governess" Cecelia Loftus has closed her tour and is going back to the vaudeville, where she intends to repeat some of her wonderful imitations.

* * *

Some idea of the remarkable success Warfield has made in "The Music Master" is revealed in the Belasco announcement that all time at the Bijou theater for next year has been booked for Warfield, and the present plan is for him to remain there, completing a run of two years in Metropolis with this new play. The following season he will make a brief road tour and then return to New York to play for five or six months at the Academy of Music in a round of plays, including "The Auctioneer," "The Music Master" and "The Merchant of Venice."

* * *

Rennie L. Smith, the secretary of Henry W. Savage's "Woodland" company, which recently played one night in Easton, Pa., tells of a rather singular coincidence. Sixteen years ago to the day that he played the Pennsylvania town, and when he was a mere boy in knee breeches, he spent a summer camping near Easton, and the name of their lodge was Woodland. In the party were Owen Kimble, Fred Titus, Frank Dowe, Eddie Bald, "Dute" Cabanne and a number of others who afterwards gained prominence on the stage and in the world of sport. It is rather remarkable that Mr. Smith's next visit to the town would be with an organization bearing the name of the camp at which he spent such happy days.

* * *

Henrietta Crosman, who has been playing "Sweet Kitty Bellairs" in Chicago, has succeeded in winning the critics over to her again, it seems, for they have been saying nice things of Miss Crosman's performances. Some seasons back Miss Crosman, in an ill-advised interview, was quoted as saying that Chicago was a jay town. She never affirmed or denied the interview, but it started a feud against the actress that brought out many unpleasant things. The present season is the first time since that Miss Crosman has been cordially accepted by Chicago.

* * *

Joseph Herbert says: "Always say your prayers before going to bed, especially if it is a folding bed."

* * *

It is Charles Hawtrey's intention to play "A Message From Mars" again next season.

* * *

Miss Virginia Harned has engaged Robert Loraine to play the role of King Edward IV. in "The Lady Shore."

* * *

The lyrics of "In Dahomey," the Williams and Walker musical comedy, are by Paul Lawrence Dunbar, "the colored poet."

* * *

Hamlet—Are you in love with the girl I saw you with in the hammock? Iago—No, we fell out.

* * *

One of the pretty girls in the "Babes in Toyland" company is Miss Bertha Krieghoff, who plays the part of Tommy Tucker. At the end of the present season she is to leave the organization and the stage forever, not to get married, but to study medicine.

* * *

Charles Frohman in Paris has secured the American rights to a melodrama by Paul Berton, "La Belle Marsellaise." It is also rumored that when he produces the new J. M. Barrie fantasy, "Peter Pann," next season, Miss Marie Doro, the Kansas City girl, will appear in the leading role.

* * *

George Ade has announced his intention, says the Chicago Post, never to write another musical comedy. The indifferent success of "The Sho-Gun," which he considered, with much reason, to be a model, has caused his determination to confine his efforts hereafter to the making of plays without music.

* * *

One of the greatest features of the Barnum & Bailey show this year is to be the LeCussons, a troupe of seven acrobats from the Nouveau Cirque, who do all sorts of amazing feats from the seat of a tallyho coach. The performers arrived on the St. Paul last week.

* * *

Paula Edwardes, who is starring with success in "Winsome Winnie," recently received the following letter, which is evidently the work of some polite lunatic: "Dear Miss Edwardes: Knowing you to be interested in anything novel in theatrical entertainment, I should like to make an appointment to show you my collection of trained germs. They have the well known flea circus skinned to death. The star of the company is a typhoid fever bacillus, named Mike, who can stand on all seven of his hands and whistle 'Home Sweet Home' through his teeth. I have also two young measles microbes who do a sister act and a family of diphtheria bacilli, the youngest of which can tuck his limbs under his neck and sit on both ears at once. The performance can be given on a stage two inches square. Kindly let me know when and where you will see me."

* * *

An architectural journal remarks that "it is not fireproof theaters we need so much as panic-proof." The proof born of the simple and natural plan. The perfect theater necessitates first the perfect site, so that the architect may give it a fitting and proportionate plan. The ancients understand this. This semi-circular plan radiated exists, and more—each continued on its individual axis to the street."

* * *

Eugenie Ford is announced as a star for next season. At present she is the leading actress of Russ Wigtatt's "For Fair Virginia" company. Her play has been written by Mr. Whytal and will have its first production in New York next September.

* * *

Wilton Lackaye will begin rehearsals next week of "Les Miserables," which is to be brought out at McVicker's theater, Chicago, in April.

* * *

Charles Richman and Annie Irish are to play a joint stock starring season in Pittsburg in the spring.

* * *

Robert T. Haines has been winning high praise in Pittsburg, where he is the leading man in R. B. Mantell's company.

* * *

Agnes Calne Brown, of Henry W. Savage's "The Sho-Gun" company, is one of the few prima donnas who have risen from the ranks of the chorus, her apprenticeship of chorus work. Miss Brown is a native of Cincinnati and came to New York some years ago seeking a position as a choir singer. She met a friend from her old home who was endeavoring to place a comic opera he had written. The young man had an engagement with W. H. McDonald, of the Bostonians, to play over some of the music, and conceived the idea of having Miss Brown sing the soprano solos for him. Miss Brown agreed and MacDonald was so pleased with her voice that he engaged her at once for soprano roles with that famous organization. She sang Maid Marian and was regarded as among the most capable singers ever developed by that worthy aggregation.

* * *

The name of the musical comedy in which Sam Bernard and Hattie Williams are to appear before long, has been changed from "A Dangerous Maid" to "The Rollicking Girl."

* * *

A great many book plays are dramatized from check books.

* * *

Some day an author will arise and write a comedy on original lines—and we'll put flowers on his grave near the poorhouse where he died.

* * *

It was at the Lambs' Club in New York not long ago, when some of the larger bodies of the theatrical firmament had clustered together. The conversation had been replete with caustic remarks about managers and their apparent lack of consideration of the personal comfort of troupes, in requiring them to pack and repack from three to five times a week. The "joys of the road" and the delights of "a one-night stand" had all been thoroughly hashed over when Mr. Burton Holmes, who was one of the party, quietly remarked that "it takes a strong company to make a week stand."

* * *

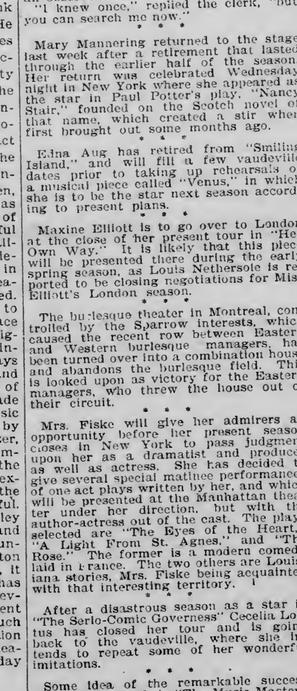
Those passionate love speeches in plays are usually written when the bald-headed author has chased the children off to bed and "called down" his wife about the size of the grocer's bill.

* * *

Ada Rehan will close her season at the end of this month and early in April will go to England for the summer.

* * *

It is rumored that James O'Neill is to



PAUL GILMORE,
At Lyceum Tuesday in "The Mummy and the Humming Bird."

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

THE METROPOLITAN

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Wednesday Mat.
Melville B. Raymond's Cartoon Musical Comedy.

"BUSTER BROWN"

New York's Latest Craze.

One Big, Long Laugh.

40—PEOPLE IN THE PRODUCTION—40.
20—NEW MUSICAL NUMBERS—20

Elaborately Staged—Stunning Gowns. A chorus of Beauty that can Sing
Evening Prices—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c. Matinee Prices—Gallery and Family Circle, 10c; First Balcony, 25c; Parquet Circle, 35c; Parquette, 50c.

Three Days, Commencing Thursday, March 30.
The Newest Comedy Creation

"Alphonse and Gaston"

A Medley of Wit, Beauty and Song.
A Superb Organization of Clever Comedians.
Prices—Evening, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinee—15c, 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.
Band Concert, Sunday, 8 P. M.

TUESDAY, MARCH 28.
JULES MURRAY Again Presents
PAUL GILMORE
In His Big Success of Last Season,
"THE MUMMY AND THE HUMMING BIRD."
By Israc Henderson. Same Excellent Company. New Production. Curtain, 8:15. Carriages, 10:45. Prices, 25c to $1.50.
April 4 and 5. Creatore and His Band.
April 11 and 12, "Earl of Pawtucket."
April 14 and 15, "Yankee Consul."

THE JINGLING MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA
ALPHONSE AND GASTON
BOOK BY GEO. T. SMITH
MUSIC BY EMIL BIERMAN
BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH W. R. HEARST NEW YORK JOURNAL
THE NEWEST COMEDY CREATION

AT THE METROPOLITAN NEXT WEEK.

retire from the stage at the end of this season.

• • •

The recent riots at St. Petersburg have already been written up as a melodrama.

• • •

Maxim Gorky finished a new play while imprisoned, and the Russian police promptly seized the manuscript. The piece is called "The Children of the Sun," and its idea is to show the great gulf between the poorer classes in Russia and the nobility.

• • •

Thomas Jefferson tells this good one: A New York vegetarian went to a restaurant and took a seat next to a stranger.

The vegetarian took occasion to advertise his creed by telling the stranger that all meat was injurious and that the human diet should be strictly vegetarian.

"But," replied the stranger, "I seldom eat meat."

"You just ordered eggs," said the vegetarian. "An egg is practically meat, because it eventually becomes a bird."

"The kind of eggs I eat never become birds," answered the stranger quietly.

"Good heavens!" cried the vegetarian, "what kind of eggs do you eat?"

"Principally boiled eggs," said the stranger.

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Every piece of furniture used in "Her Own Way" will be taken to London when Maxine Elliott goes abroad with her company.

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Mrs. Patrick Campbell is accompanied on her American tour by her 18-year-old daughter, Miss Beatrice Stella Campbell, a strikingly pretty and distinguished looking English girl.

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You can't always tell a man—or a woman, either, for that matter—by the salary he draws. Forty years ago, Sir Henry Irving was being paid only $13 a week at the Queen's theater, London, where Sir Charles Wyndham got $15, and Ellen Terry $25. About the same time J. H. Stoddart received $18 a week from the management of a place of amusement in Glasgow. Lillian Russell got $30 a week from Tony Pastor in 1878 or 1880, and the late Edward Marble is said to have declined to give her more than this if she went on the road.

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George M. Cohan is the only comedy star before the American public who writes his own plays and composes the music for them.

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Williams and Walker, who have very recently returned from London, by royal command appeared at Buckingham palace before King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

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Chauncey Olcott was the leading tenor at the Lyric theater, London, under Charles Wyndham's management, when called upon to take up his Irish romantic roles.

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Probably no play produced in New York in years has caused the argument that has been aroused by Maurice Campbell's production of Ibsen's "When We Dead Awake," now playing at the Knickerbocker theater. It was originally put on for only three performances, but, it is now announced, will be continued several weeks more and will then go to Wallack's theater, following Amelia Bingham. Most of the critics seem quite mystified as to what Ibsen meant in "When We Dead Awake," and the more they discuss it the more they are at sea. However, they all admit that the production is fine, and as the houses continue quite large, the public will probably solve the meaning for themselves. "When We Dead Awake" will be seen in a few cities outside of New York this spring, including, probably, Boston and Chicago.

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Henrietta Crosman will begin a spring tour in her greatest success, "Mistress Nell," in Minneapolis on April 3. Her company includes most of the original members, and also such well-known persons as Reeves Smith, Emily Rigl, J. R. Furlong and William Herbert.

NEW YORK THEATERS

Two Dipsomaniacs Put a Double Cross On "The Curse of Drink" — College Boys As Imitation Girls In "The Khan of Kathan," and Odette Tyler Distracted In "The Red Carnation."

New York, March 25.—The first half of a week without a new play in Broadway is an unusual midwinter experience for those who yearn for theatrical novelty. They had a choice between going over to the West Side to see the annual burlesque by Columbia University students, with all the terrors of amateur play writing and play acting, and going over to the East Side to see either a delirium tremens melodrama of the French Revolution by Odette Tyler. As for me, I have devoted two evenings and one afternoon in observation of all three. "The Curse of Drink" is performed with vociferous violence, and, although the theater is biggest save two in town, the howls and screeches of its two dipsomaniacs must pain the furthest ears in the topmost gallery. Anyway, they pierce the tympanums in the parquet excruciatingly. A railway engineer goes wrong with drink, loses his job, also his girl, and has a spell of alcoholism in a hospital before finally sobering up. He is not essentially diffrent from our good old sot, Joe Morgan, except that his trade, when he works at it, excuses the introduction of a railway train which is almost wrecked through the drunkenness of the engineer. Thus Blaney combines the elements of "Ten Nights in a Barroom" and "Under the Gaslight." And for a third factor he puts in the demon drunkard from Zola's "Drink," not as a principal character—like the genuinely tragic one which Charles Warner plays so thrillingly in that drama—but as a stunt in alcoholic mania. An actor with powerful lungs has been hired for this part, and I suspect that in the circus season he is a tumbler in the sawdust arena, or perhaps a contortionist, for in his fatol fit of delirium tremens he rolls over and over, whirls round and round, writhes his body, twists his arms and legs and finally falls dead with a thud that bounces his carcass clear of the floor. Yet all this doesn't seem to convince the beholders that drink is a curse to get scared at. They laugh at the death throes—I should say throws—of the specialist in conclusive inebriety, and go right out to drink the wood alcohol whiskey of that neighborhood.

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Once a year the Dramatic Society of Columbia University hires a theater, and for a week holds the attention of society people, especially the society girls, with antics of young men in women's clothes. An unusual extravaganza is written for the purpose, and the show is a foolish and futile imitation by amateurs of a kind of work which professionals find difficult. The current play is called "The Khan of Kathan," and quite as revelant a name would be "The Kat of Kamskatka," while for a really pertinent title "The Klumsiness of Kollege Komedians" would be about right. But who would kurse these klumsy klowns with klose kriticism? And the girls think them so komically kute and kunning. Pretty good singing of pretty tunes alonees somewhat for lack of acting ability, and, then, the thing which fakes the entertainment delightful to the girls is the sight of the boys in bodices and petticoats. The prima donna in the present production is Hunt Atwater, who pulls an oar in the university boat crew, and is a right fielder on the baseball team, and, therefore, can afford to ape femininity in these stage performances, as he can feel sure of the smooth arms of his Adelia, Princess of Kathan. You must understand that there is no intention to make Adele a burlesque of girlishness, but just as comely an imitation as possible. Atwater wears a curly blonde wig, a pink and white complexion, and an enticing smile; and he tries with considerable success to put on the graces with the gowns of the gentle sex. His aim is queerliness. The soubrette of the cast is Kolmer Wippermann, short, thinsupple and therefore able to copy so well as to be somewhat unpleasant to me the roguish little ways of a coquette. I have a personal perjudice against that sort of thing. Hardly anything at the theater pains me worse than an exceptionally clever female impersonator. However, the intensely gwell audiences admire Atwater and Wippermann in their counterfeit girlishness, and they are backed up, too, by thirty male show girls in the choruses and bullets, all made up to be just as pretty as they can be. It is a youthful frolic, and what's the use of being cross about it?

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It was a dramatic occasion on the East side last Monday evening, when "The Red Carnation" was acted right out on the stage for the first time. More than a mere theatrical incident in the Yorkville district, fully an episode, if not a positive epoch, was the professional visit to Bim the Button Man's Temple of Thespis, by Odette Tyler and the smart society people who came along to make the 50 cent parquet look like $2. The concentration of interests was remarkable. Odette Tyler is an actress of Broadway fame; also, a granddaughter of President Tyler; also, the wife of the Mr. Shepherd, who, when he isn't acting under the name of McLean, is a landed Southern gentleman. So the modish Southern colony, re-enforced by their town friends, were on hand as boomers. As there was no new play on Broadway to attend the newspaper critics and the Tenderloin rounders were there, too. So were a lot of stage celebrities. And so was Bim the Button Man. He is M. K. Bimberg in his private capacity, but bears a business nickname rising from his traffic in emblematic buttons at presidential conventions. He used to be an ordinary manufacturer. But that was before he hit on the idea of going to national political conclaves with stocks of brass buttons, stamped with the names and faces of the candidates for nomination. From the first time of Cleveland to the last time of Roosevelt he has never failed to guess right as to the presidential selection, and last summer, besides selling thousands and thousands of one-cent Roosevelt and Parker tokens at a quarter he did a big trade in Fairbanks and Davis, to say nothing of Hearst. He has invested his profits in patches of New York city ground, and on four of them he has built cheap theaters in populous neighborhoods. It was in one of Bib the Button Man's houses that Odette Tyler produced "The Red Carnation," and I believe Bim would have had Tyler buttons on sale if he had known long enough beforehand what a red letter night it was to be. He and his five brothers were conspicuously red-headed. They hadn't dyed their hair to match the play's title—it had grown that hue naturally—but it looked like a concert of action to a stranger who saw one ruddy-topped chap standing at the portal, a second selling tickets at the window, a third taking them at the doorway, a fourth handing out a red carnation to each woman who entered, a fifth leading the orchestra and Bim himself in a proscenium box.

Beautiful Odette Tyler didn't have a Bimberg good time. On the miserable contrary, this was the worst night of her stage career. That was not caused by a failure of her drama through its demerits, but by the conditions under which success was impossible. The theater has a stock company—a supo-stock company, to be metaphorical—one with which she was bound to find her play "in the soup." Her first intention had been to have it tried without any ado, merely to find out whether it would be a good thing with which to make a tour with her husband next season, and she didn't mean to act in it herself until Thursday afternoon, when he could get away from his work in the Belasco company for an experiment with he hero to her heroine. But when it was found that Monday night would bring out no other new piece she yielded to mistaken advice and decided to make her reappearance on the stage in the full glare of cruel publicity. It is one thing for an overworked and underskilled stock actor to prepare each week for roles that have become fixed and familiarized by usage, but it is quite another thing to get ready in a hurry and a scurry to "create" characters without precedents or a masterful director to guide them. Indeed, Monday's performances under the easier conditions are hardly more than dress rehearsals, with the players uncertain in language and confused in movement. The rise of the curtain on "The Red Carnation" found no one excepting Odette properly prepared, and every one, not excepting Odette, scared to face two-dollar people under half-dollar difficulties.

It was as a royalist maiden in the time of the French Revolution that Odette Tylor stood forth, and, as she wasn't in a directoire gown but in the doublet and hose of a boy's disguise, she was a sight to make her friends applaud admiringly. But at once a file of soldiers, raw from the streets of New York and funny in the always absurd uniforms of the tri-color patriots from the boulevards of Paris, marched in to make a prisoner of her, and then those same friends laughed merrily. Forrest, and Booth used to muster very awkward squads on Shakespearean battlefields in the palmy days of the drama, but modern stagecraft has accustomed Broadway to good martial mimicry, and those comic Yorkville warriors broke up the show, which never pulled itself together again. The prompter couldn't keep even the principals going, and Odette had to help them along. In addition to the assumed troubles of an aristocratic girl deputized by her brother to save Marie Antoinette from the guillotine, and whose duty broke her heart because she had to incidentally doom her republican lover to that same chopping block, she was distracted by the necessity of whispering their lines to both the brother and the lover in all her dialogues with them. Therefore it wasn't easy to get the story of her woos, or even the meanings of her separate scenes of anguish.

The beset actress was quite herself, however, in a comedy passage so truly Belascan that it seemed as though Belasco must have suggested it to her. The heroine needed something instantly to throw from a window to attract the attention of her brother in the street below. What could she get hold of quickest? Her slipper, of course. But it was her lover who picked it up, and when he brought it back to her the stocking, too, was off the slipperless foot. I don't know how she had removed the stocking, but I do know why. It gave her the chance to hop around, shy, yet roguish, with the bare tootsie hidden under her skirt from an ardent wooer, yet visible in teasing glimpses to the rest of us.

If Odette knew the habits of an East side gallery she wasn't surprised by the chorus of chirps when her lover kissed her fondly, but the unaccustomed parquet, seeing that the kiss was gracefully natural, didn't understand the derisive demonstration up aloft. The time for hilarity came for the lower part of the audience at the climax of "the great third act." The queer was to escape from prison through an underground passage guided by the girl's lover, and a keg of powder had been placed in there by her brother to blow the lover to smithereens. Odette was in an agony of dread. There was a pause of suspense that should have been intense. The pause lengthened into an awkward wait. But the blow-up didn't come. Odette's spasms took on an aspect of reality.

"My God, did you hear that?" cried the jailer—an old actor used to stage dilemmas; and nobody heard it because there wasn't anything to hear.

But Odette took the impromptu cue and brought the curtain down with "Alas, poor Andre!"

We laughed heartlessly, but applauded the smiling actress when she came out and said: "There ought to have been an explosion, you know, but it didn't go off."

• • •

When a stage show looks hopeless in the way of diversion, try to peer through its worthlessness and see something amusing behind it. I did that at a concert hall and was rewarded for the effort. A burlesque was undergoing a painful operation, instead of a pleasurable performance, by one of those cruel companies of way-off comedians and not-near soubrettes that travel for the torture of the public. I had become discouraged. The ballet chorus was extremely depressing, because there wasn't a smile on one of its twenty faces. Have you sometimes fancied that you were tired of the show girls' dental grins and wished that, for heaven's sake, the corners of the ever open mouths would turn from upward to downward for a minute of relief? Believe me, you would regret the change. It was such an unusual sight that almost drove me from the house. The score of visages, blankly expressionless or gloomily glum, were like over-painted masks of tragedy, although the young women were singing a chorus in which they declared themselves "jolly Yankee-doodle girls" and were taking skip-steps to illustrate their jollity. I sat in a box, from which my view of those smileless mouths was crosswise, and therefore took in the entire sulky row at a single look, and I was about to quit, when of a sudden every one of them showed its teeth to the gums in a violent contortion of geniality. What had happened? All the show girls were looking down at the conductor. Had he cracked a private joke? No. He had rapped the music rack with his baton, and was grinning up at them, not jovially, but threatening, almost hideously, like a savage faun at scared woodnymphs. That was his way of rousing them from their neglect of duty as professional grinners. And it kept me amused to the end of the show, during which they didn't again hide their ivories.

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From my box seat I was able to observe, also, the arduous service of Mr. Jolly Zeb. Oh, but he was a willing worker! The quality of his work is a question of dramatic art, but its quantity is a matter of fact. He started in as a Yankee farmer seeing the town, shaking real hayseed from his false whiskers, and being bunkoed at every turn. Within ten minutes he was a city-brod bad man himself, bragging of it in a song and selling gold bricks. Ten minutes more and he was a soggy-footed tramp fighting a goat and a bulldog. His next role was that of a topical balladist with so many verses, sung at such a strain of voice that he was winded before he got through and had to take a stimulant behind the wing. A little further along he was one of four knockabouts in a burlesque of melodrama, in which he fell down a long flight of stairs, flung himself over six chairs in a row, and on retiring from that interpolation had to hold a barked shin in pain. Between these special activities he got but brief rests for lungs or muscles, until I saw him seated in a chair, just off stage, for fully five minutes, lax and limp. I wondered if he had collapsed. But he had not. He was pulling himself together to lead "the famous Zeb Zarrow, Schrock and Rice cyclists and acrobats extraordinary" in a quarter hour of violent and dangerous feats. Who says that Joe Jefferson is a resourceful comedian? Who says that Dick Mansfield is a versatile tragedian? Who says that Mr. Jolly Zeb is not the most active actor on earth?

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Large Ore Body Opened At Sheriff Mine.

Colorado Springs, Colo., March 25.—A rumor has been going around for several days that a large ore body averaging in values up to $20 to the ton had been opened in the Sheriff mine at a depth of about 1,400 feet. This has been confirmed by reliable authorities. In the immediate vicinity of the Sheriff mine considerable rich ore has been located between the surface and a depth of 100 feet, but the source was never found. The War Eagle property, which is a nerby neighbor to the Sheriff, produced $100,000 worth of ore before the workings had extended to a depth of 100 feet. The source of this rich ore was never located.

Lessees operating on Stratton's Independence mine are pushing the work of breaking and shipping the ore at a great rate and it is now estimated that close to 6,000 tons will leave the property during the month of February.

Between four and six inches of ore good for $1,600 to $1,500 in gold to the ton is what L. G. Henry is breaking in the first level of the Peggy mine, located on Gold Hill. Mr. Henry secured a lease on the property a few months ago from the 300-foot level to the surface, after it was believed that the former operators had taken out every pound of ore that could be mined in the fraction between these levels. The new ore shoot was opened in a winze sunk below the first level and the body of ore is measuring from three to four inches in width, which on an average will return a good smelting grade of ore, while the rich core which traverses the center of the ore shoot so enriches the general vein that the sorings from the entire mass as it is broken down will return values of from five to six ounces in gold to the ton. Development work is being pushed as fast as possible by the lessee in order to prove up the exact extent of the ore shoot and while he is not breaking a large tonnage of ore it is well known that his bank account is increasing very rapidly right along.

The Merger Gold Mining company, a recent incorporation which secured the Ruby property on Bull Hill, today sent out a shipment of between two and three tons of ore that will run close to 110 ounces to the ton. This rich ore is being mixed at a depth or 1,300 feet from surface, and while the ore shoot is small as yet it is showing signs of enlargement as work progresses.

Activity around Beacon and Rosebud Hills is very noticeable these days. Probably more is coming from this territory, especially Beacon Hill, than from any similar sized piece of ground in the district.

LOOKING FOR LATIMER.

Government Will Assist In Catching Missing Man.

Philadelphia, March 24.—J. Hector McNeil, receiver for the Provident Investment company, today applied to the postal authorities for assistance in locating W. H. Latimer, as the missing manager of the defunct concern. Receiver McNeil produced specimens of the literature which Latimer sent through the mails, the mailing of it is claimed was a violation of the postal laws. The postoffice inspector went over the bureau's records and, as a result of the conference with Mr. McNeil, the government authorities, it is said, will make every effort to apprehend Latimer. It is stated that a thorough investigation will be ordered by United States District Attorney Thompson.

COHEN IS CHIEF JUSTICE.

New Orleans, March 24.—Josiah Cohen of Pittsburg was today elected chief justice of the court of appeals of the constitution grand lodge of the B'Nai B'Rith. These associates were chosen: Adam Wiener, New York; Victor Abraham, Cincinnati; Isadore Rosenthal, Lavease, Pa.; I. Wolf, San Francisco; Lionel Levy, Columbus, Ga.; S. G. Livingston, Bloomington, Ill.; Henry Hana, Mobile, Ala.

GETS FOURTEEN YEARS.

Milwaukee, March 24.—John S. Johnson of Knoxville, Tenn., who was convicted a short time ago on a charge of murdering Patrick J. Doyle, on August 10, last, during a quarrel over a game of dice, was today denied a new trial and was sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment at Waupun.

GETS RHODES SCHOLARSHIP.

Janesville, Wis., March 24.—Athol Rollins, teacher of Greek and Latin in the Janesville high school has received notice that he is awarded a "Rhodes" scholarship. Rollins is a graduate of Lawrence university, and was second to Richard Sholtz, last year's recipient from Wisconsin.

A spring tonic that makes sick people well. Drives out all impurities that collect in your system. A family tonic for the sick and afflicted. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

PLACED IN TOMB

Funeral Services Held Over Remains of Late Mrs. Stanford.

Thousands of Students Followed Remains to the Cemetery.

Stanford University, Cal., March 24.—The body of the late Mrs. Jane Stanford, who recently died at Honolulu, now rests in the Stanford mausoleum, between the bodies of her husband and son, near the institution of learning that bears their name. Before the final committment of Mrs. Stanford's body to the stone sarcophagus simple services were held in the great Memorial church erected by her in loving memory of her husband. The church was filled with thousands of people from all over the state, who came to pay their tribute of respect.

Promptly at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon the grand organ in Memorial church began the solemn tones of Chopin's Funeral March, and at the same moment the bronze doors at the main entrance swung open to admit the small cortege of pall bearers and relatives escorting the coffin. Eight of Stanford's most stalwart athletes bore the body down the central aisle through the thronged congregation to the semi-circular chancel and placed it in front of the altar. In conformity with an often-expressed wish of Mrs. Stanford's no wealth of flowers adorned chancel or altar. Only a few modest clusters of white lilies and roses were used in the church, all the magnificent floral tributes being reserved for the decoration of the mausoleum.

The clergymen who took part in the services were the Rev. William Kirk Guthrie of the First Presbyterian church of San Francisco; Rabbi Voorsanger of Temple Emanuel, San Francisco; the Rev. E. B. Dille of the First Methodist Episcopal church, Oakland; the Rt. Rev. William F. Nichols, Episcopal bishop of California, and the Rev. C. M. Hill of the Baptist Theological seminary of Oakland. The principal addresses were delivered by Rev. John Dinsmore of San Jose.

Between 4,000 and 5,000 people followed the body from Memorial church to the mausoleum, and all but 200 or 300 of these represented a close interest in Mrs. Stanford and the university. Fifteen hundred undergraduate students formed the main body of the column. In addition there were nearly 500 faculty members and as many alumnae. At the portal of the mausoleum, which was covered with flowers, the last rites were performed. These were brief and simple and held entirely in the open air. Rev. Charles Brown of the First Congregational church of Oakland delivered a short address, and Bishop Nichols offered the committal prayer.

In his address in Memorial church, Rev. Dinsmore said in part:

"Our lives may be said to be a series of surprises, punctuated at frequent intervals with shocks, startling and often terrific shocks. In one way or another, in forms more or less severe, these shocks come to all of us in our lives. Such a shock, great, sudden, startling, stunning, has come to this university, to this commonwealth, to this country, in the departure out of this world of the noble woman whose body now lies here in this magnificent church, while her bounty has erected to the glory of God, and in loving memory of her husband. Of her sudden and sorrowful taking off it does not become me to say one word. That I leave to others. Only this I may say, that in common with multitudes of others near and far away, we grieve that her passing was not in the quietness and peace of her own preferred home, her beautiful country seat, nor this spot, where the sweetest associations of her life had their center. It is, however, a comfort to know that while she was a world-round traveler, it pleased God so to order that she should pass away under the flag of her own country, the country she loved.

"She lived a long life, with varied experiences and amid varied scenes. During the greater part of her life her path lay on the higher levels, as regards wealth and prominence. But the glamour of this world never dazzled her eyes nor made her blind to the really higher and nobler ends of existence. She never lost her fellow-feeling with those who lived on lower levels; with those whom Mr. Lincoln called the plain people. Like her Divine Master she was never ashamed to call them her brethren.

"She and her distinguished husband had great plans for the good of posterity and of mankind.

This university is their monument. In the loneliness of her childlessness and widowhood this was the central and supreme ambition of her soul; the ambition to found a great university, where the children of common people might receive an education equal to that within reach of the highest; an institution magnificently endowed, yet most dramatic; a place where one is rated, not according to his birth or his fortune, but according to his worth; a place where the son of the day laborer stands on the same level as the son of the millionaire—this is the basis of this university.

"Here is a fountain opened in this Western land to carry refreshment to vast regions of the earth. Here is a striking example of the right use of large wealth.

"The body of Senator Stanford sleeps quietly in yonder mausoleum. The body of his son lies by his side. Now we are about to lay the body of the wife and mother between them.

"They do rest from their labors and their works do follow them."

DONKEY,

Not an Auto, Is Hetty Green's Choice.

New York, March 24.—"I would rather own a donkey than an automobile," said Hetty Green yesterday. "The motor car is a useless extravagance. It destroys property and your nerves break down running it. It breaks down, too. I never heard of one that didn't smash or run away."

The statement was called forth by a story that Mrs. Green's son has a "stable" of autos and a special car to transport them about the country to racing events.

LOUIS LYONS IS EXECUTED

Hanged For the Assassination of District Attorney Gurley.

New Orleans, March 24.—Louis W. Lyons was hanged here today. The crime for which Lewis W. Lyons was executed was the assassination of District Attorney J. Ward Gurley on July 29, 1903. Mr. Gurley, who was a member of a prominent family, had been United States district attorney under President Cleveland and had distinguished himself in the successful prosecution of bank wrecking cases. Lyons was the son of a former leading clothing merchant, but through dissipation was much reduced in circumstances. One night a sugar broker reported the loss of a valuable diamond pin. He had been in Lyons' company. Lyons was suspected, arrested and acquitted. The arrest preyed on his mind, however, and he brought damage suits against the detectives and the broker. Gurley and Mellen were employed as counsel. The case was first handled by Mellen and on Lyons' complaint Gurley himself took it up. Lyons was unsuccessful and conceived the idea that his lawyers were responsible for his defeat. He made many threats against them and finally locked himself up in a room with Mr. Gurley and killed him. Lyons shot himself through the head, but recovered. His defense was insanity.

ASK FOR APPRAISERS.

Louisville, March 24.—The civil court was asked today by the Louisville Trust company to appoint appraisers for the Eclipse Woolen mills, a corporation which recently filed a deed of assignment with the trust company. According to the secretary and treasurer, John P. Chroweth of the Eclipse company, the liabilities are about $200,000, while the assets are expected to total $275,000.

TWO BODIES RECOVERED.

Hinton, W. Va., March 24.—The bodies of Andy Weir, white, and Percy Wood, colored, have been taken from the Rush Run mines, in which explosions occurred last Saturday and Sunday. They were more than a mile from the mouth of the mine. It is expected that more bodies will be recovered tonight.

STEAMER AGROUND.

New York, March 24.—The Southern Pacific company's steamer El Paso, from Galveston, went aground while passing in through Gedney channel, entering this port today. A tug was sent down from the harbor to assist in an attempt to float the stranded steamer.

Subterranean Wonders

Mammoth Cave AND COLOSSAL CAVERN

Are the most interesting of all the Natural Wonders in America. These wonderful Caverns are visited annually by thousands of tourists from this country and abroad. They are pronounced by scientists the most magnificent work of nature. It would well repay you to take the time to make a visit to them. They are 100 miles south of Louisville, Ky., near the

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

and the undersigned will be glad to quote you rates, give train schedules or send a beautifully illustrated 48-page booklet giving an interesting description of these remarkable places.

C. L. STONE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Louisville, Ky.

Photographed from Life. REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

1st day. 15th day. 30th day.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address Trayner Building, ROYAL MEDICINE CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 Bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

Mention this paper.

For Kidney & Bladder troubles. SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY. Cures in 48 Hours URINARY DISCHARGES. Each Capsule bears the name MIDY. Beware of counterfeits

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of Mother's Friend, a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Burlington Route

St. Louis 5:06 p. m.

That's when you reach there on the Burlington's No. 48, leaving Minneapolis at 7:50 and St. Paul at 8:40 the preceding evening. A most interesting ride. For particulars address

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Special heated room for Pianos. No extra charge. Private rooms if desired. Our rates for storage and insurance are very low.

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"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

Don't

ruin your house decorations by using inferior illumination; use electric light, clean, clear.

DULUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., 216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 10th, 1905.

In the matter of the Estate of Seth Homet, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Seth Homet, deceased, late of the county of Bradford, State of Pennsylvania, being granted to C. M. Homet;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 12th day of June, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the courthouse in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 10th day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal, Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—March 11-18-25, 1905.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.
District Court, 11th Judicial District.

The Onarock Co., a corporation, Plaintiff.
vs.
John M. Pearson and all persons and parties unknown having or claiming any right, title, lien or interest in the land described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

SUMMONS.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of St. Louis County, 11th Judicial District, State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, within twenty (20) days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within said time the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated, March 9th, 1905.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office, 310 First Nat'l. Bank Bldg., Duluth. Residence, 2321 East 1st St., Duluth, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.
District Court, 11th Judicial District.

The Onarock Co., a corporation, Plaintiff.
vs.
John M. Pearson and all persons and parties unknown having or claiming any right, title, lien or interest in the land described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

To Whom it May Concern:

Take notice, that the above named plaintiff has this day commenced an action in the said court against the said named defendants and the same is now pending, the object of which action is to quiet title in the plaintiff as against the said defendants in and to lot five (5), in block sixty (60), of London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated March 9th, 1905.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for the Above Named Pltf.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS AND ATHLETICS

INTEREST SHOWN

Indications of a Revival of Wrestling In Duluth.

Johnson Has Chance to Show His Mettle Against Maynard.

The revival of interest in wrestling, which appears to be widespread throughout the country, has struck Duluth.

It is several years since a good wrestling match has been pulled off in this city, with the exception of little private turns before fraternal organizations, but this evening, in the Armory, Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman, will meet "Billy" Maynard of Philadelphia in a catch-as-catch-can match for three falls out of five.

Johnson has shown decided ability as a wrestler. In his recent match with W. H. Dorey of Minneapolis, before the Eagles, he succeeded in flooring his opponent twice out of three times. It was his first public appearance as a wrestler, and he made an excellent impression on the sports present.

Johnson has a remarkably quick eye for an opening, as was shown by the manner in which he took advantage of Dorey in the second fall, which he scored in about twenty seconds. He has also the staying powers and the strength which are necessary to a good wrestler. All that he needs, apparently, to put him in the same class with some of the best known wrestlers in the country is a little more experience on the mat.

Johnson will be outweighed by his opponent tonight. Maynard will weigh in at about 152 pounds, while Johnson will not carry more than 168, or possibly 170 pounds. Maynard is also an experienced man, and Johnson will not lack an opportunity to show what ability he possesses. If he wins tonight he will be in line for matches with some of the best wrestlers in the country. He has already received half a dozen communications from wrestlers in different parts of the Northwest, asking for dates, but he will take no action on them until the result of tonight's match is known.

Keen interest is being shown in the event, and in case Johnson is successful, Duluth will see a decided revival of interest in the sport. Several years ago, when the "Terrible Turk" visited Duluth, wrestling was one of the most popular forms of amusement known in the city.

The Eagles are planning to pull off at least one good wrestling bout here next June, during the progress of their convention, and Johnson will doubtless be seen again at that time if he wins tonight.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

Equines Which Have Made Their Titles Famous.

Now that a new array of names appears almost daily in the racing columns, due to the advent of 2-year-olds on the Southern and Western tracks, interest centers in some oddly-named equines which have made their titles famous in turf history.

The best horse ever named for a policeman was Inspector B., a very brilliant race horse. He was named as a compliment to Thomas Byrnes, who was then inspector of police in New York.

The best horse ever named for a governor was Luke Blackburn, and Senator Hiland was the best horse ever named for a United States senator. Jake Greenberg, at the top of the Western selling platers last season, is by long odds the best performer ever named for a pawnbroker, and Hugh Penny won more races than any horse ever named for a jockey.

The mighty Domino, the largest winning horse in American turf history, received his name from his color, being a black horse, and, as a consequence, was so-called from the masquerade costume, instead of the popular game, as many supposed.

Daily America and Enquirer were the best horses ever named for newspapers, and David Garrick was the most brilliant race horse that ever bore the name of an actor.

Butterflies, the Futurity winner of 1894, was the best performer ever named for a play in this country, and Drake Carter, which holding still holds the three-mile American record, was the most sensational horse ever named for a doctor. Dry Monopole, winner of the inaugural Brooklyn handicap, is the best horse ever named for a high-class wine, and Sunshine Whisky did the best with the name of the stimulant Kentuckians like so well.

Iroquois, the only Americanbred winner of the English Derby and St. Leger, stands as the greatest performer ever named for an Indian chief, and Boston was by long odds the best horse ever named for a game of cards.

Lexington was the greatest horse ever named for a city or town, and Kentucky the best horse ever named for a state. George Kinney and Joe Cotton were the two best horses ever named for men in the sporting class, and the noted Cleophus was the best mare ever given a name in honor of a nun.

Senator L. C. S. Blackburn had two horses named for him. One a very high-priced yearling, left the turf a maiden, while Joe Blackburn, by St. Martin, was a very good horse, winning twelve races during his career. The late Senator James B. Beck was honored by a horse being named for him which turned out a counterfeit, but Maggie B. B. was named for his daughter, and proved not only a great race mare, but one of the most brilliant producers in the covers of the stud book. According to this compilation the four most appropriately named horses of note on the American turf in recent years are Helter Skelter, Bankrupt, Stroller and Smart Set.

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 919 Arch St., Phialdelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

A NEW ERA IN GOLF.

By WILLIAM H. BEERS.

The North and South championship golf tournament, to be held at Pinehurst, N. C., the early part of next menth, will mark the beginning of what promises to be the greatest year of golf that America has ever witnessed. The great development of golf in the United States can only be realized when studied in detail. Although the game is comparatively new in this country, at the present time there are about 750 golf clubs scattered about the country ;while Scotland, the home of golf, has 635.

Reports from various parts of the country show an unprecedented interest in the game. The public links of New York city, at Van Cortlandt, have been so well patronized that in addition to a practice links of nine holes, used by beginners, a new 18-hole course is soon to be opened, making two excellent 18-hole courses. The Pelham course is to be changed from nine holes to eighteen.

At the Van Cortlandt course, numbered tickets are given to players, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. As many as 600 tickets have been given out in those days. Two hundred players have gone over the course outside of ticket hours, making a total of 800 players in one day. At sunrise on Sundays and holidays a line of at least fifty golfers can be seen in the gray dawn, impatiently waiting their chance to play.

The great interest shown in golf in Chicago has caused the Jackson park commissioners to lay out a new 18-hole course and to give orders that no money is to be spared in making it one of the finest courses in the country. The old 9-hole course is to be used by beginners, who must graduate out of the "lobster" division before playing on the new course.

The golfers of Boston are impatiently waiting for a golf club to be started in the immediate vicinity, with a modest membership fee. The Franklin park course is so crowded that a 700-membership was recently promised the club that would open for business. The foregoing shows in a general way the feeling among the golfers that are not generally considered in the compilation of golf statistics, as they are not identified with regular clubs that publish reports and year books.

As an indication of what the clubs are doing, a few notes from different parts of the country may prove interesting. In the South the new Houston Golf club of Houston, Texas, already has a large waiting list, as the membership was limited to 150. The interest in Texas is so widespread that teams from Galveston and Houston are constantly playing inter-city tournaments.

The Fox Hills Golf club at Stapleton, S. I., has just enlarged and extended its quarters for the accommodation of the women players of the club. The Montclair, N. J., Golf club has greatly enlarged its handsome club house. The Morris County Golf club of New Jersey, the first golf club in the state, has just completed a new Colonial club house at a cost of $35,000.

The Pelham County club house has just leased a farm of 186 acres at New Rochelle, N. Y., for a new 18-hole course, and will spend $25,000 remodelling a fine residence building on the property.

In Ohio the Portage County club of Akron has just been incorporated with $20,000 capital to purchase land for a new course.

In Wisconsin a number of property owners at Lake Geneva will construct a nine hole golf course and build a club house. The Mohawk Golf club of Schenectady, N. Y., reports 113 new members, making a total membership of 742 and a waiting list of 65. The membership in 1900 was 399. This club has a fine eighteen hole course.

The race track of the Kansas City Jockey club is now being made into a nine hole golf course for the Jockey club members of Kansas City, Mo. The Golf and Country club of Des Moines, Iowa, is about to build a new $20,000 club house. The Rossville (N. J.) Golf club will open a new club house in a few weeks. The members of the Tennessee club of Memphis recently held a meeting and formed the Memphis Golf and Country club. It is the intention of the club to lay out a course and build a fine club house.

Out in the extreme West the Country club of Los Angeles, Cal., has purchased 320 acres, a part of the historic San Juan de Bueno Ayres ranchero, which is to be devoted to golf, tennis and polo. The club has already 500 members.

The list given could be somewhat extended, but interest in the different sections of the country has been sufficiently shown to demonstrate that golf is enjoying a prestige never before known and little realized by the casual observer of conditions. Recently when the Boston Globe announced that there were one raillion golfers in the United States, the estimate was considered excessive, but a careful compilation would show the figures not to be far out of the way.

As to the character of golf players that this country is producing, expert opinion can be obtained from John L. Low, who captained the Oxford-Cambridge team when it visited this country. Mr. Low, in an article in the Pall Mall Gazette, on golf as played in America, writes:

"After the handsome win of Mr. Travis at Sandwich in the amateur championship, the public took a different view of American golf and of the play of the Americans here. Personally, my opinions were formed and expressed before these events, and have not since required revision.

"What is important is the proved existence of that new school of American golfers and their ability to wrest the championship from a player good enough to win our own chief amateur prize. Mr. Travis is much more easily measured than this young, almost undeveloped school which will succeed him, gathering up much from his lesson and adding to it something yet unconsidered. Plain I see you Western youths; see you tramping with the foremost."

The United North and South championship which will open the season will bring to light a number of fine players that were unable to give the time to the tournaments held further South. The first event will be for women and will be held April 4. On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of the same week the amateur championship will be played for. The tournament will close with the open North and South championship on Saturday.

It is expected by the Pinehurst Golf club, under whose auspices the tournament is to be held, that some of the greatest golf players in the country will participate, while the proximity of the Easter holiday will allow some crack college players to enter. Among the notable amateur players who have already entered are: Walter J. Travis, W. C. Fownes, Jr., C. B. Cory, T. S. Beckwith, W. C. Freeman, E. A. Freeman, Frank Presbrey, Dwight Partridge, J. W. Johnson and others now attending Southern tournaments. The professional contingent will probably be represented by Alec Ross, Willie Anderson, Bernard Nicholls, George Low, and a number of others now playing in the South.

OUTDOOR MEET

Plans For Public School Field Day Being Discussed.

Teams From Every School In City Would Compete.

Plans for an inter-scholastic track meet between track teams from all the different public schools in the city are being pushed by Secretary Norman MacLeod of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A.

Mr. MacLeod has requested the election of two delegates from each public school in the city to attend a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. and consider plans for the meet. Already several of the schools have selected their delegates, and the meeting will probably be held early next week. The plans for the meet will then be drawn up, and the events to be included decided upon.

The different schools will then select their teams to compete in the meet, which will be pulled off either at the driving park or the baseball grounds, as soon as the weather is favorable.

A banner will be presented to the team winning the highest number of points, and the school represented by that team will be entitled to the inter-scholastic championship for one year.

Individual prizes or medals will also probably be given to the boys who take first, second and third place in the number of points scored in the meet.

The plan is arousing no little enthusiasm among the pupils in the public schools. Many of them are members of the association. They have been training all winter in the gymnasium, and are in good shape now for such a meet. Some of them have made surprisingly good records as sprinters and in the jumps.

If the meet proves a success this year it will be made an annual affair. Account will be kept of the records made in each event from year to year, and the competition for records will doubtless become as keen as the desire to carry off the individual prizes. Mr. MacLeod's idea is to get as many of the boys as possible interested in field sports, and if all the schools enter teams, there should be between 200 and 300 boys taking part in the field day games.

LOST FIGHT ON FOUL

After Knocking Out Opponent In First Round.

Baltimore, March 25.—After less than a minute's fighting in the second round, Young Peter Jackson knocked out Philadelphia Jack O'Brien and lost the decision by doing it by a foul. The agreement was that the fighters should break clean. The referee, Jams O'Hara, was between the men, who had clinched, when Jackson's right shot around O'Hara's body and landed full on O'Brien's jaw. The Philadelphian went down, but made an effort to rise. He was unable to do so, however, and many of the crowd thought he had lost the fight. Jackson was hurried from the ring before the decision was announced.

ENTRIES FOR OCEAN RACE

For Kaiser Wilhelm's Cup Close on April 1.

New York, March 25.—Entries for the ocean race from Sandy Hook to the British coast, for the cups offered by the emperor of Germany, close April 1, and two months from now the race itself will be in progress. The auxiliaries will compete for one cup, and the other yachts for another; but the former will not be allowed to use anything except sail power. Up to date the entries are the auxiliary Valhalla, owned by the Earl of Crawford, a big square-rigger of 648 tons, built in 1892; Sunbeam, a British two-master auxiliary, 160 feet over all, 150 feet waterline, 28 feet beam and 14 draught; Hamburg, once the British schooner Rainbow, designed by Watson, a two-masted sailing vessel, now German owned; Apache, an auxiliary bark of British build, formerly named the White Heather, built in 1890, 200 feet over all, 165 feet waterline, 28 feet beam, 16 feet draught; the yawl Allsa, designed by Fife, built on the Clyde, but now owned by an American, 130 feet over all, 90 feet waterline, 16 feet bam, 15 feet 9 inches draught; the three-masted Utowana, an auxiliary of American build, designed by J. Beaver Webb, 190 feet over all, 165 feet waterline, 28 feet beam, 15 feet draught; Thistle, cruising schooner, 150 feet over all, 110 feet waterline, 28 feet beam, 14 feet draught, designed by Wintringham, and built at Shooter's Island, New York; the three-masted auxiliary Atlantic, 185 feet over all, 135 feet waterline, 29 feet bam, 15 feet without centerboard, and the American schooner Hildegarde.

BACK NUMBERS.

Fighters Who Begin Fighting Early In Life.

Chicago, March 25.—Bob Fitzsimmons has recently made an interesting statement, in which he declares that the reason that so many pugilists break down while still in the prime of life is because of the fact that they enter the ring before they arrive at the age of maturity.

Old Bob modestly cites his own case. He never did any serious training work until he was 23 years old, and as a consequence at the age of 45 (that's all he will own up to, at least) he is still good and strong. He cites many illustrations to prove his theory—McGovern, champion featherweight at 20, and at 22 beaten by Young Corbett, himself only 21 at the time; Corbett, now at the age of 26, a back number, when he ought to be at his prime. Tommy Feltz, bantam champion at 20, and "all in" five years later. Eddie Hanlon, only 18 when he fought his memorable battle with Young Corbett, and today, only two years later, a second-rater.

SIGNING MEN

Northern League Clubs Showing Signs of Considerable Activity.

Roster of the Duluth, Winnipeg and Fargo Teams.

Players are being signed at the rate of two or three a day by the clubs in the Northern league, and Winnipeg, Fargo and Duluth have now from fifteen to twenty men on the string.

The Duluth team is now about complete. Artie O'Dea has been keeping busy down in Minneapolis and has secured the signatures of several new men among them being Charles Phylo and Frank Werring, a pitcher and a catcher. Phylc and Werring composed one of the batteries for the fast Java independent team last year, and they did good work against the independent professional teams in the southern part of the state.

R. P. Jarvis, a pitcher from Clifton, Iowa, has also been signed during the last week, and two local men have placed their names to contracts as outfielders. They are Frank Schaffer and Sam Menelce. Schaffer is also a catcher and can be used in a pinch behind the bat. Menelce has shown good form as a pitcher, and will make an excellent substitute man for the box. The other outfield position will be played by one of the pitchers.

Only ten men will be carried this season, three pitchers, one catcher, four infielders and two outfielders. This will allow the management an average of $80 a month for its players, and still keep within the salary limit, which is to be rigidly enforced this year. With Schaffer also eligible for a position behind the plate in case of necessity, and Menelce able to go into the box, the team will not be taking any chances of being crippled, even though the number of men is limited to ten.

During the first week or two of the season, fifteen or more men will be carried, but this number will be cut down as soon as possible. The following is the list of players signed by Manager Van Praagh up to the present time:

Pitchers—Dennis Potts of Akron, Ohio; William Moon of Austin, Minn.; R. P. Jarvis of Clifton, Iowa; Charles Phyle of Minenapolis.

Catchers—D. McAleese of Sharon, Frank Werring of Minenapolis.

First base—Artie O'Dea.

Second base—H. M. Milliken of Cheboygan, Mich.; Lloyd Hoover of Crystal Falls.

Third base—James Scotch of New York state league.

Shortstop—Benson of the Northern league.

Outfielders—Frank Schaffer and Sam Menelce.

* * *

Winnipeg is making efforts this year to secure an all-Canadian team, and the cities of Canada are being scoured for good ball players. Up to the present time sixteen men have been signed by the Maroons and all but four are from cities in the Dominion. These four men will be replaced by Canadians if the opportunity offers. The players signed up to the present time are as follows: E. F. Howard, Minneapolis; F. Flaherty, Peterboro; Conrad Witman, International Falls; F. Greene of Guelph; J. McLellan, Kearney; J. T. Marks, Lindsay; Bud Sanders, Galt; J. T. Hamil, Galt; Lawrence Piper, Toronto; Bert King, Guelph; E. Taylor, Toronto; James Bradley, Scranton; Casey, Kansas City; W. Tripp, Winnipeg; W. Wilson, St. Paul.

* * *

Fargo is also getting busy, and already Werden's Orphans have fourteen men with their names on Fargo contracts. The following is the list of players signed up to the present time: John Jarvis, Forsyth, Mont.; Peter Hanson, Fergus Falls; F. E. Wilson, Nokomis; John Pokezivinski, Perham, Minn.; H. C. Baer, Minneapolis; Walter Nelson, Clifford, N. D.; George Plum, Muscatine, Iowa; Hugo Sequist, Woodhull, Ill.; Emmett McGary, Miles City, Mont.; M. J. Wanish, Sauk Center; P. J. Osborne, Chicago; M. C. Smith, Linden, Wis.; Fred Brown, Sullivan, Ill.; Glen Miller, Harvey, N. D.

* * *

St. Cloud and Brainerd have announced the signing of but one man up to the present time. His name is given as Al Severoid to the league management. Grand Forks and Crookston have not yet turned in their lists of players to the league, but they will probably be announced next week.

* * *

The Duluth team will practice on the university field in Minneapolis, and the university teams will be used against the league players in practice games. The men have been notified to report about April 25, and practice will be commenced immediately.

AFTER THE JAPS.

Jim Jeffries Now Practicing Art of Jiu Jitsu.

Japan may soon have a realizing sense as to how Kuropatkin feels, for Jim Jeffries has taken up jiu jitsu, and if the big fellow gets into the game its a safe bet that he will make the Jap experts hunt their holes. Already there is talk of matches with Japanese champions, but so far nothing definite has transpired. Yank Kenny, on whom the big fellow is practicing, is willing to bet his pile that the champion will tie any Jap living in a double bow knot, even if he has to wear two kimonas while he is doing it.

A merchant is peculiarly the architect of his own income. He plans his advertising campaign either for dividends or deficits.

WINS THE FLAG

Company C Secures Possession of Indoor Baseball Pennant.

Defeats Band Team In Fast Game at Armory.

Standing—	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Company C.....	6	1	.750
Band	5	2	.714
Company A.....	4	3	.571
First Division	4	3	.571
Company I.....	2	5	.286
Second Division	0	7	.000

By defeating the Third Regiment band team in a fast indoor ball game at the Armory last evening, Company C won the pennant in the Army and Navy Indoor Baseball league series. The two teams were tied for first place in the race, and last evening's game was the deciding contest.

The band started off with a rush, scoring six runs before the militia men could get into the game. It looked like an easy victory for the band, especially when the militia men followed with a blank in the last half of the inning.

In the second inning, however, the soldiers settled down to the game, and from that time until the close the musicians failed to get another man across the plate.

In the meanwhile the Company C batters were making desperate efforts to pull down the lead, and finally in the seventh inning they tied the score.

Both sides drew a blank in the eighth, and in the ninth the soldiers, by a couple of scratch hits and a timely error, forced the winning run across the plate, securing for themselves the possession of the indoor pennant.

A large crowd witnessed the game and enjoyed the dance which followed.

The following is the score by innings:

Company C..... .....0 1 2 0 2 0 1 0 1—7
Band ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

LAST INDOOR TRACK MEET

High School Class Wins the Boys' Department Trophy.

The last of the series of indoor meets at the boys' department gymnasium, was held last evening before a large crowd of the boys and their friends.

The trophy was won by the high school class which had a margin of thirty points over the others in the three events. Last night's meet was won by the high school class by a margin of but two points. The seniors came second and the intermediates third.

The cup will be engraved with the names of the winners and placed in the club rooms.

The following is the list of events with the winners in each:

Chin over bar—Edward Mapp, 19 times; Clarence Rankin, 18; Archie Brown, 17; E. Prosser, 17.

Rooster fight—A. Brown, Edward Mapp, H. Helmer.

Window dive—Pearson Randall, Carl Shapiro, C. Rankin.

Hitch and Kick—Rix Carmicheal, C. Rankin, A. Brown.

Still dip—In this, the most difficult event of the evening Edward Mapp headed the list doing it 26 times, A. Brown, 18 times, Elliott Prosser, 18 times.

Spring board high jump—Carmicheal and Ashley 6 feet 4 inches; C. Rankin, 6 feet 3 inches.

Potato race—Carmicheal, H. Helmer, A. Brown.

Wrestling—Edward Mapp defeated C. Rankin.

HANS WAGNER

Refuses to Sign With the Pittsburg Club.

Louisville, Ky., March 23.—Hans Wagner, the great star of the Pittsburg Baseball club of the National league, probably will play with the Louisville club of the American association in the approaching season.

Wagner persistently has refused to sign with Pittsburg because Dreyfuss, who had agreed to give him $15,000 for two seasons' work, paid him $6,000 the first year, and chopped off a big reduction in his salary when Wagner received his contract a month ago. Since then Wagner has refused to sign or even negotiate with the Pittsburg owner.

Dreyfuss is here attending a funeral, and, while he refuses to come out flat-footed and admit it, his manner and conversation indicate that he has no idea that Wagner will play with the Pirates this season. As a matter of fact, he has admitted that he thought McBride would play short for the Pirates this year.

In the meantime, it is understood that George Tebeau, owner o fthe Louisville club, had made Dreyfuss a handsome offer for Wagner's services, and it is said that he has offered Wegner $5,000 to play here during the rapidly aproaching season. While the deal has not been closed, there is every reason to believe that it will be, because Dr. Dreyfuss absolutely refuses to give Wagner the war time salary that he received last year.

Wagner formerly played with Louisville, and his presence on the local team would mean $5,000 to the Louisville owner in two Sunday games, because he is, and has been, the greatest favorite of all the ball players among the local fans.

STAFF OF UMPIRES

Of American Association For 1905 Season.

Milwaukee, Wis., March 25.—President J. D. O'Brien of the American association has completed his staff of umpires for the season of 1905. The list includes:

Jack Haskell, who has umpired in the association before, and who is a first-class official; William Hart, who umpired in the association last season; S. J. Kane of Louisville, who has been in the Central association; George Stone of Rochester, N. Y., who comes well recommended from the East.

President O'Brien is after Tom Brown, but the latter has signed in the East. O'Brien will suggest the advisability of having an extra umpire on the staff, making five in all.

THE PROUD RECORD

Of Macon, Ga., Is Four Champions In One Year.

Baseball Played From One End of Continent to Other.

Macon, Ga., March 25.—Where is this baseball craze going to end?

Year after year the interest increases. The Sunny South vies with the far-off Yukon in paying tribute to the great national sport that but twenty-five years ago had great trouble in organizing a six-club circuit for the National league.

Dawson City has built a fine $10,000 ball park, and 4,000 people attend the games there, where the first ball is pitched after 8 p. m. Go along the Pacific coast and you will find clubs and small leagues on every side. Mexico has taken up the game, and young players from the East are finding nice picking in that country in the way of money for playing ball. The West has a dozen professional leagues, while an Eastern city without organized ball looks like a dead one to the lovers of the great game.

Not long ago, at the pretty town of Leominster, Mass., I had the pleasure of opening a bazar for the benefit of a local amateur club, or rather a club to play Sunday games, where 1,999 people paid admission to the opera house to hear a little talk on baseball, with a few other attractions. The management informed me that every one there came to help out the baseball treasury, and, from the line of conversation I heard that night, I am convinced that baseball had the call in one of the most prosperous towns I have visited in many years.

The business men assured me that the game helped the place and brought business to the merchants.

The Middle States are full of just such places, and the best of it is that the article of ball is up to the standard of our best universities, for, really, the college teams have not kept pace with the professional end of the game.

The absence of first-class players being conspicuous by their absence from the university teams is in remarkable contrast to ten or fifteen years ago, when many of the most brilliant players came from the colleges. The best of the student players are now appearing at the smaller of the institutions of learning, and in many places I am sure the best players are not selected for the work in hand, due to the great number of candidates for the team and the lack of baseball knowledge in selecting the make-up of the ball club.

For years the bulk of the great ball players came from Boston, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Cincinnati and Chicago, or in the vicinity of those large cities, and while many players are being developed still in those centers, the great majority of the rising players are now coming from the remote corners of the country.

The South has not developed a great many players up to the present, but the time is coming when the South will be liberally represented in the major leagues, and this will be made possible by the spring visits of the great teams to this part of the country. Here in Macon they pride themselves on turning out four champion teams last season, viz., the champion colored team of the South; the Merceres, champions of the state among the college clubs; Macon won the championship of the South Atlantic league and the Boston Americans pulled off the championship of the American league. The local baseball enthusiasts claim that training here did the business for the Collins brigade.

No doubt the major league club did a lot for the Mercer students, as they played scrub games with them almost daily, and very willingly gave the youngsters valuable points.

The coaching methods of the Mercer students are very unlike the work of the Northern college ball teams. Here they keep up a continual line of comment directed to rattle their opponents and, perhaps, to jolly themselves along, as a boy does when he commences to whistle when walking along a lonesome road late in the evening.

This was simply a waste of hot air when directed at the champions, who seem to thrive on opposition, and the louder the noise to stop them the more brilliant becomes their ball playing. I believe this kind of work injures the chances of the team who affect it, and my advice to the college boys of the South is play ball, keep your eyes and ears open and learn something from the great professional players instead of working that old game of talking to affect the work of fair opponents, who will come all the harder and give no tips when they find the youngsters playing ball with their mouths.

The Mercer team has three or four very clever ball players and looks fully as strong as last season.

The one feature of the game being overdone is the pitching department. I notice by the Atlanta papers that the minor league club of that place has ten good pitchers under contract and two more in line, giving the club twelve box men to start the practice season, with the greater number of the men tried out in the minor leagues as well as having had considerable experience with major league clubs.

About one half the men making the game a profession will be box men in a short time if this kind of work keeps on. No club should carry over five pitchers and no minor league club well managed needs over four box men. The men will not get work enough to be effective and a lot of money is wasted experimenting when the club has already too many pitchers on the pay-roll. Players should try for other positions and cut out pitching for a few years.

The Southern league is picking up most of the surplus players of the big leagues, the American players in particular, thus in some way exchanging favors for trading spring training grounds and training quarters.

I like Macon better than any place in the South for spring training that I have seen up to date, and that includes Hattiesburg, Savannah, Thomasville, Augusta, Atlanta, Montgomery, New Orleans, Charleston, Norfolk and a few other places. The results are what must be considered and the Boston Americans have left here each year in shape to go through the season at a fast clip and stay the full distance. As a trainer of ball-players Captain Collins has no superior. He is with his men every minute and keeps close watch on their condition. He has a good idea of practice work, and while not forcing the men apparently the boys must follow him, and that is all that is necessary to put all in shape. I never knew a lot of ball players to talk less shop than the Boston men. They have played together so long that signs or talk of new plays are not necessary, and looking for the weak spot in their rivals is never mentioned outside of their secret conclaves. The members of this great team are absolutely temperate in all their habits and never indulge in wrangles with themselves or outsiders, and what is better still, they never pose as champions.

T. H. MURNANE.

ROW ON

Between Penn and Cornell Over Henley Regatta.

Philadelphia, March 25.—If Cornell university persists in its refusal to send a crew to the junior regatta to be held on the Schuylkill river May 27 in connection with the "American Henley," it is likely that there will be no football game this fall between these old rivals. It was thought that Penn had contracted to give Cornell the Thanksgiving day date and that the game was therefore assured. It was learned today, however, that Penn has not signed a contract and will not do so now unless Cornell abides by the promise previously made to send a crew to Philadelphia.

The situation is now so grave that the football, rowing, track and baseball committees are planning a council of war in a few days to decide upon some action unless Cornell changes her attitude promptly. It is certain that Penn will call off the Thanksgiving day football game and give it to Columbia or else play no game at all on that day rather than submit longer to Cornell's policy on the rowing question.

HACKENSCHMIDT, THE RUSSIAN LION.

The two best wrestlers in America are Frank Gotch and Tom Jenkins, who wrestle in New York City. There is a man coming to America, however, from Europe, who is said to be better than either one of them. His name is George Hackenschmidt, and he is known as the Russian Lion.

LEADER IN TURF AFFAIRS

Condon, though blind, is a power in Western Jockey club.

BUNKOED SPORTS

Bill Richards Did Not Know Glove From an Umbrella.

San Francisco, March 25.—

There was a young pug of Chicago;
We've just shipped him back by Wells-Fargo;
He turned up his toes
When he sampled two blows—
On Chicago there's now an embargo.

All of which may be unkind and brutally frank, but it reflects the sentiment of San Francisco fight fans toward "Big Bill" Rickards. The Chicago heavyweight's showing with Sam Berger was about the worst exhibition we have had here since Jack Munroe flopped and floundered in front of the champion of champions.

Rickards, prior to the fateful evening, was handled and boosted in an adroit manner. Very few were allowed to see him in his practice bouts, and the impression was created that his prospective go with Berger was simply a little something to pave the way to a battle for the world's fistic premiership with James J. Jeffries.

It is absolutely cruel to linger over the thing. In the expectation of seeing a smashing bout the sports elbowed their way into Woodward's until they were packed together like toothpicks in an original package.

They saw a big, slouching fellow, with a peculiar, artificial kind of swagger, go lumbering after the native son, using his right the while like a cowboy in the act of throwing a lariat. They saw Berger crack him twice on the jaw and then—overcoats and street cars.

From this time forward imported amateur champions will be viewed with suspicion. Meanwhile that rising young slugger, Sam Berger, will have to depend upon local products for opponents. As there are very capable heavies among the four-round specialists just now, Sam may decide to become a full-blown professional presently.

Marvin Hart and Jack Johnson were introduced to the crowd at the Berger-Rickards contest the other night. The negro and the Kentuckian entered the ring together, but it was noticed that they did not speak or shake hands. As a matter of fact Hart contrived to keep his back turned to Johnson as much as possible.

Some of the friends Hart has made since he has been in San Francisco say that the little scene on the platform at Woodward's carried a suggestion of what will happen when the black man and the Louisville man meet in some inclosure on the night of March 28.

Hart, it is said, only agreed to box Johnson when he became convinced there was no other opponent in sight for him. He cannot close his eyes to the fact that the weight of public opinion is against him. It stands to reason that the frequent reminders he receives of Johnson's high rating as a pugilist out this way do not increase his love for the negro.

Hart is quoted as saying that he will never return to Louisville unless he defeats Johnson. This is somewhat of a threat to make, but there is no doubt that it expresses the young Kentuckian's feelings at present. He is certainly a game fellow, and, despite some of the utterances credited to him, it isn't likely that his pluck will merge into desperation. In conversations I have had with him he has said repeatedly that he believes he knows a style of fighting that will offset all Johnson's cleverness. He has talked of the outlook as though he had given considerable study to Johnson's methods and was confident he had possession of the antidote. He has impressed me with the belief that while he may set a whirlwind pace, he will fight along lines he has mapped out beforehand and not rush in and lash out blindly like a fellow who recognizes that he is overmatched and is content to trust everything to the luck of such things.

Ah Wing's little boomlet has collapsed like a toy balloon that has fallen foul of a lighted cigar. For months past Wing has furnished the comedy element of the pugilistic game hereabouts. It was always to laugh when he jumped into the thick of the scrimmage. He would clinch with his opponent and spin so rapidly that it was difficult to tell which fighter the pigtail belonged to.

From the manner in which Wing grovelled when Young Kotchus rammed a left jolt into his midriff the other night, it is evident that he had failed to acquire a washboard stomach during all his years in the laundry business. He is the second Chinese boxer I have seen put out of commission with a swat on the stomach. The other bore the name of Ching Fong, and it was young Hughey McGovern who did for him at Covington, Ky., years ago. As these are the only pugilistic Celestials I have ever had knowledge of I am forced to the conclusion that the stomach is the most vulnerable portion of a Chink's anatomy.

It was a long time coming, but it came at last. Two young artisans of San Francisco—their names are Larsen and Thomson—have invented a boxing glove which registers the number of blows struck. The mechanism is simple, and as the inventors have patented their discovery, there is no harm in telling how the apparatus works.

Most latter-day gloves have a ridge in the palm which is called "the grip." Instead of the ordinary leather or vulcanite ridge, the grip in the Larson glove consists of an aluminum tube. Inside of this is placed a miniature register which keeps tab on every blow. A small slit at one end of the tube displays a set of numbers, and when a round or a bout is finished, the referee can do a palm-reading stunt.

On the face of it it looks as though the new glove will not be of much practical use in even amateur contests, where points count for so much. It is the shock which causes the register to work, and it stands to reason that a blow blocked by an opponent's forearm will go on record as though it landed on ribs or jaw. Furthermore, if the blows recorded were to be taken as an infallible indication of merit a tricky boxer might keep punching himself on the thigh or hip and roll up a score sufficiently large to entitle him to the medal or mug.

The inventors recognize these obstacles, and for the present they are content to contemplate the benefits which they may derive from having the new gloves accepted as the standard mittens to be used in bag-punching contests.

Larson and Thomson have also claimed a patent on a boxing tunic or jacket. This has registering machines located over the stomach and ribs on each side. With it is a mask for the jaw, which also contains registers. They think that if they can have these things adopted by amateur associations they will prove of inestimable benefit in determining excellence in all contests where points are counted.

W. W. NAUGHTON.

Colonist Rates Via the Northwestern Line.

On sale daily until May 15th, to California at $32.90, Colorado, Utah and Wyoming at $22.50; Portland, Seattle and Tacoma, $25.00. Other points, proportionate rates. City Ticket office, 392 West Superior street. Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

St. Paul and Minneapolis and Return $5.75.

March 26 and 27, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75. Tickets limited for return March 29th. City Ticket office, 302 West Superior street, or Depot, foot Fifth avenue west.

CHAMPION JEFFRIES

May Be Forced to Fight Johnson Before He Retires.

Champion heavy-weight pugilist James J. Jeffries' statement that he intends to retire at the end of the present year is beginning to cause a considerable stir in the boxing world, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

If Jeffries does retire, on whom would fall his championship mantle? Some critics have suggested that Jeffries select a man who in his opinion is a capable, honest heavyweight and turn the championship over to him.

Jeffries has on a number of occasions lately said that he will surely retire at the end of the present year. Some persons smile at the idea. Jeffries realizes one thing: If he retires with the reputation of the greatest fighter that ever stepped into the ring he will still be able to make a fat salary for years to come, as he will be a good attraction. Jeffries is getting heavier every day. It will not be long until he weighs 300 pounds. A fast, clever man will soon handle him much the same as Corbett did John L. Sullivan.

Jeffries can make a small fortune every time he fights. He was a boilermaker before he took up the fighting game. He cannot make as much money at anything else as he can by remaining in the fighting game. But, unfortunately, fighters do not last forever. Jeffries realizes this, and while he will most probably engage in another battle before long, his statement that he will retire at the end of the year must be given some consideration.

There is one thing that may cause Jeffries to remain in the fighting game, and that is the fact that Jack Johnson is the most likely candidate to fill Jeffries' shoes. Johnson is the colored heavyweight champion. Jeffries refuses to meet him. On the Pacific coast Johnson, who, according to top-notch pugilists who have seen him work out, is as fast and as clever as a bantam weight and also has a terrific punch, has a chance to win from Jeffries.

Last week an Oshkosh (Wis.) man tried to start a collection to raise a bonus to get Jeffries to fight Johnson. So far his efforts have not amounted to much. It shows one thing, however, and that is that the public wants to see Jeffries in action against some man who has a chance with him.

There is no white man who has a reputation to entitle him to a fight with Jeffries. Johnson is the man who, it is thought, would give Jeffries an interesting fight. He is a colored man, and Jeffries draws the color line.

The latter part of this month at Frisco Johnson and Marvin Hart will engage in a twenty-round bout. If Johnson wins decisively, which Frisco patrons of the game consider almost an assured fact, Jeffries cannot very well refuse to give Johnson a fight. If Johnson wins and Jeffries retires without meeting him, it will be a stain on his great record. With Jeffres out of the game, Johnson would be the recognized champion. Therefore the result of the Johnson-Hart bout is awaited with considerable interest.

Hart would not have much of a chance to beat Jeffries. The Louisville man is not clever. He hits hard and weighs 200 pounds, is game and can take a beating. Jeffries could withstand his pile-driving jolts and then put him away. No man, judging from his record, can wade into Jeffries and win. Corbett danced around Jeffries and outpointed him until he got in the way of a punch or two which dropped him. Therefore, it seems that a clever boxer, on the hit-and get away style, can win the heavy-weight championship title from Jeffries.

If Johnson stays away from Hart and outpoints him, it seems he would also have a good chance of repeating the trick on Jeffries.

Johnson has started training for the bout. So has Hart. As it is almost a certainty that the winner of the contest will be matched with Jeffries for the championship, there is little chance of the bout not being honestly fought, as both men have too much at stake to throw the fight.

If Hart wins he will be given a fight with Jeffries simply because the public wants to see Jeffries in action and is willing to pay a good price to see the champion. Hart a winner over Johnson would clear up the boxing situation considerably. Jeffries could fight Hart and if Hart gives him a good battle he could turn the title over to Marvin, if he really wishes to retire.

Sam Berger, the Pacific coast "amateur," by his friends is now being "boosted" as a possible professional heavyweight championship candidate. Berger beat a big Chicago man, Rickart, last week at Frisco. Berger has also beaten a longshoreman or two lately. He has also been making a good showing in practice bouts with Hart and other big men on the coast.

As a professional heavy-weight fighter he would not be one, two, three, in the Olympic tournament in the World's Fair stadium last summer he put up a miserable fight against Charley Mayer for a man of Berger's reputation. Mayer weighed but 158 pounds, but Berger barely secured a hair-line decision over the New Yorker. Rodenbach, another Eastern amateur, proved too much for Berger in a bout held at 'Frisco a year or so ago. Now Berger is after Rodenbach. Sam had better stick to the 'Frisco and the so-called amateur class for a few years longer before he makes his professional debut.

Jack Egan, who was given the decision over Joe Lydon in the semi-final bout in the 135-pound class at the World's Fair last summer, but who lost out in the final bout, boxed under an assumed name. "Egan" is really Frank Floyd, a Bryn Mawr (Pa.) merchant.

He competed in the National A. A. U. boxing tournament at Boston and won the 158-pound championship medal in a bout with Charley Mayers. Floyd was given the medal and returned to his home. Now the A. A. U. requests the return of the medal, claiming that as Floyd boxed under an assumed name he violated the rules and was disqualified. Floyd refuses to return the medal. He claims that he took the name of Egan simply because of business reasons. He further claims that he boxed in the Olympic tournament under that name and that the A. A. U. officials also knew that Egan was not his right name when he entered for the national championships. He claims that if the A. A. U. wants to go to law about the matter he will only be too glad to meet that body half way. "Philadelphia" Jack O'Brien is Floyd's boxing instructor and seconded his man at Boston.

Carl Bollinger competed in the Olympic tournament last summer under the name of Carl Burton. He won his contest, but was disqualified because he was competing under an assumed name. If the officials in charge of the games knew that "Egan" was not Floyd's right name, he also would have been disqualified. If a suit is really brought to recover the National A. A. U. championship medal the affair will be of interest to amateur athletes all over the country.

One A. A. U. official last week said that any amateur athlete who was ashamed to compete in any contest under his own name should be disqualified. One or two men in St. Louis have been taking part in closed athletic contests under assumed names. When they engage in an open meet or an inter-club contest they will be forced to appear under their own names.

"But the worst of it," said the official, "is that every Tom, Dick and Harry that wants to assume a name invariably selects some good Irish title, like Egan, Sullivan, or some similar. You never see them take a German name, and the men w the assumed Irish names usually lose." Needless to say the official is Irish himself and it will take a smooth local athlete to compete in a local contest under any name than his own.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION BASEBALL SCHEDULE FOR 1905.

CLUBS.	At Columbus	At Toledo.	At Indianapolis.	At Louisville.	At Milwaukee.	At Kansas City.	At St. Paul.	At Minneapolis.
COLUMBUS.....	READ THE	May 12, 13, 14; June 25, 26; July 4, 4; Sept. 13, 14, 15. 15.	May 8, 9, 10, 11; July 24, 25, 26, 27, Sept. 1, 2, 3.	June 5, 6, 7, 8; June 30; July 1, 2, 3, Sept. 7, 8, 9.	May 20, 21, 22; July 12, 13, 14, 15, Aug. 22, 23, 23, 24.	May 16, 17, 18, 19; July 8, 9, 10, 11; Aug. 19, 20, 21.	May 23, 24, 25; July 16, 17, 18, 19; Aug. 25, 26, 27, 27.	May 26, 27, 28; July 20, 21, 22, 23; Aug. 28, 29, 30, 31.
TOLEDO.....	May 4, 5, 6, 7; June 23, 24; July 5, 6, Sept. 4, 5.	INTERESTING	May 29, 30, 30, 31; June 30; July 1, 2; Sept. 7, 8, 9, 9.	June 1, 2, 3, 4, July 25, 26, 27, 28; Sept. 10, 11, 12.	May 16, 17, 18, 19; July 8, 9, 10, 11; Aug. 19, 20, 21.	May 20, 21, 22; July 12, 13, 14, 15; Aug. 22, 22, 23, 24.	May 26, 27, 28; July 20, 21, 22, 23; Aug. 28, 29, 30, 31.	May 23, 24, 25; July 16, 17, 18, 19; Aug. 25, 26, 27, 27.
INDIANAPOLIS.....	June 1, 2, 3, 4, 27, 28, 29; Sept. 10, 10, 11, 12.	June 5, 6, 7, 8, Aug. 14, 15, 16, 17; Sept. 16, 17, 18.	COMMENTS	May 4, 5, 6, 7, July 4, 4, 5, 6; Sept. 13, 14, 15.	May 26, 27, 28; July 20, 21, 22, 23; Aug. 28, 29, 30, 31.	May 23, 24, 25; July 16, 17, 18, 19; Aug. 25, 26, 27, 27.	May 20, 21, 22; July 12, 13, 14, 15; Aug. 22, 23, 23, 24.	May 16, 17, 18, 19; July 8, 9, 10, 11; Aug. 19, 20, 21.
LOUISVILLE.....	May 30, 30, 31 Aug. 14, 15, 16, 17, Sept. 16, 17, 17 18.	May 8, 9, 10, 11; June 27, 28, 29, Sept. 1, 2, 3, 3;	May 12, 13, 14, June 23, 24, 25, 26; Sept. 4, 4, 5, 6.	ON SPORTING	May 23, 24, 25; July 16, 17, 18, 19; Aug. 25, 26, 27, 27.	May 26, 27, 28; July 20, 21, 22, 23; Aug. 28, 29, 30, 31.	May 16, 17, 18, 19; July 8, 9, 10, 11; Aug. 19, 20, 21.	May 20, 21, 22; July 12, 13, 14, 15; Aug. 22, 23, 23, 24.
MILWAUKEE.....	May 1, 2, 3; June 15, 16, 17, 18; Aug. 10, 11, 12, 13.	April 27, 28, 29, 30; June 19, 20, 21, 22; Aug. 6, 7, 8.	April 19, 20, 21, 22; June 9, 10, 11, 29, 30, 31; Aug. 1.	April 23, 24, 25, 26; June 12, 13, 14; Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5.	EVENTS	May 29, 30, 31; Aug. 15, 16, 17, 18; Sept. 3, 4, 5.	May 5, 6, 7, 8; June 30; July 1, 2, 3; Sept. 6, 7, 8.	May 9, 10, 11, 12; June 27, 28, 29; Sept. 9, 10, 10, 11.
KANSAS CITY.....	April 23, 24, 25, 26; June 12 13, 14; Aug. 6, 7, 8, 9.	April 19, 20, 21, 22; June 9, 10, 11; Aug. 10, 11, 12, 13.	April 27, 28, 29, 30; June 15, 16, 17, 18; Aug. 2, 3, 5.	May 1, 2, 3; June 19, 20, 21, 22; July 29, 30, 31; Aug. 1	May 13, 14, 15; July 4, 4, 5, 6; Sept. 1, 2, 12, 13.	IN THE	May 9, 10, 11, 12; June 27, 28, 29; Sept. 9, 10, 10, 11.	May 5, 6, 7, 8; June 30; July 1, 2, 3; Sept. 6, 7, 8.
ST. PAUL.....	April 27, 28, 29, 30; June 19, 20, 21, 22; July 29, 30, 31.	May 1, 2, 3; June 15, 16, 17, 18; Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5.	April 23, 24, 25, 26; June 12, 13, 14; Aug. 6, 7, 8, 9.	April 19, 20, 21, 22; June 9, 10, 11, 12, 13.	June 5, 6, 7, 8; July 24, 25, 26; Sept. 17, 17, 18.	June 1, 2, 3, 4; July 24, 25, 26, 27; Sept. 14, 15, 16.	DULUTH	May 8, 9, 10, 11; July 4, 5; Aug. 15,17; Sept. 3, 4, 12.
MINNEAPOLIS.....	April 19, 20, 21, 22, June 9, 10, 11; Aug. 2, 3, 4, 5.	April 23, 24, 25, 26; June 12, 13, 14; July 29, 30, 31; Aug. 1.	May 1, 2, 3; June 19, 20, 21, 22; Aug. 10, 11, 12, 13.	April 27, 28, 29, 30; June 15, 16, 17, 18; Aug. 6, 7, 8.	June 1, 2, 3, 4; July 24, 25, 26, 27; Sept. 14, 15, 16.	June 5, 6, 7, 8; July 24, 25, 26; Sept. 17, 17, 18.	May 14, 30 a. m., 31; July 4 p. m., 6, 7; Aug. 16, 18; Sep. 2, 13	HERALD

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS.

Mesaba

Mesaba, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. J. Wallace is now at Eagle River, Wis., with her sister who is seriously ill.

Misses Bertha, Eva and Elsie and Peter Norman left town for Rice River last week.

James Croke from Two Harbors was here on business last week.

Louie Besier and F. Gibeau were in town for a short while last week.

M. Gibeau was in Biwabik on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Stokes from the Stevens, were visiting friends here last week.

Mattie McRae is now with her father at Aurora.

Louie Kelling was here for a short time last week.

John Henry, from the Stevens, came here on business Monday.

Louise Besier, from the Molmans, went to Aurora Wednesday.

Miss Amelia Gibeau was unable to attend school on account of being ill last week.

Frank Remmel was into wn last week.

Charles Beregron, from West Duluth, was here for several days last week.

Louie Gibeau had a slight attack of the grip last week.

Aitkin

Aitkin, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. P. McQuillin and wife have gone to West Baden, Ind., for a three weeks' outing.

Miss Nellie Deneen has gone to Minneapolis to make her home with her sister.

Irvine J. Reed of Fullerton, N. D., is here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Reed.

The county commissioners met Tuesday.

Rev. Father Wurmr delivered a St. Patrick's day address in his church Friday evening.

A. Hanson, who has charge of the repair work being done on the Missippi bridge, sustained a severe cut on the foot last week, which will disable him for some time.

B. M. Hungerford returned Tuesday from a week's sojourn in Minneapolis.

Dr. Frank Shook has passed the examination entitling him to enter the United States naval service.

John Zimmerman, an unmarried man, 35 years old, died suddenly at the home of E. O. Forsvick on Cedar street last Tuesday morning. He had been ill with consumption for several months, but was up and about the house as usual until a few minutes before death came. The funeral was held Thursday morning.

Word has been received here of the death of Mrs. E. F. Barrett, which occurred last week at her home in Le Sueur after an illness of one day with pneumonia. Mrs. Barrett was a former resident of Aitkin and had a host of friends here who mourn her loss.

O. W. Safford, whose home was near Bennettville, died early Saturday morning as a result of an accident. Mr. and Mrs. Safford, with some other friends, attended an entertainment at Cutler Friday evening and were returning home about 10 o'clock. On the road they met another team and in turning out the wagon struck something, breaking the seat-spring and throwing Mr. Safford out, and the wagon passed over his chest. The horses ran away, but the ladies got out of the back of the wagon before it was demolished. Mr. Saffford expired a few hours later. Deceased was born in Wisconsin and was 51 years old at the time of his death. He had been a resident of Aitkin county for several years and was a highly respected citizen. He is survived by a wife and three sons, Orrin, Arthur, and Robert. Orrin was called home from the state university Saturday to attend the funeral which was held Sunday at the family home, Rev. J. L. Jones officiating.

The Aitkin county farmers met last Saturday and organized with a membership of forty. The officers elected are: Fred Lembke, president; B. W. Kelly and M. C. James, vice presidents; E. H. Hall, secretary; A. A. Woolley, treasurer. A director will be named for each township having representation.

Thomas H. Dickson, Jr., has tendered his resignation as instructor in the Aitkin high school and will enter at once upon his studies preparatory to a medical course. F. N. Allin has been elected to fill the vacancy for the balance of the school year.

Mrs. W. R. Foley visited Minneapolis last week.

Some improvements are being made in the residence of W. Potter on the South side.

Walker

Walker, Minn., March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rufus A. Hoyt, general agent of the State Humane society has been in Walker during the past week looking after a case of destitution to which the attention of the society was called by A. L. Smith, the well known lumberman.

The new village council took charge of affairs Monday evening. The meeting was of more than usual importance because of the action taken to advertise for bids for the bonds to make improvements in the waterworks and electric light plant.

The public library and opera house building scheme has been successfully launched. Blank certificates of stock and other stationery were received this week, and certificate No. 1, for fifty shares, was issued to Charles Kinkele, president of the association. No. 2 went to C. E. Griffith, vice-president, for a similar amount. Their checks for $600 each have been deposited to the credit of the association in the Walker State bank.

The library fund of the Walker schools was enriched to the extent of $66 by the basket social held in the school house on the evening of St. Patrick's day. The entertainment was one of the most successful in every respect ever held in Walker, and the state grant of $10 for school library will swell the amount to $76. The program of music and recitations was listened to with interest by all present. It opened with a brief address on Ireland and St. Patrick's day by Albert B. Wood.

John Usher of Malaga, Wash., who was in Walker several days disposing of his father's property here has returned home. Mr. Usher gives a very enthusiastic account of conditions and prospects in the fruit growing valley where he and his father located after leaving Walker.

Mrs. J. G. McGarry of Brainerd came up Monday to spend two or three weeks with Mrs. John Baker. Since removing from Walker Mrs. McGarry has been living with Mrs. James Canfield who, she says, intends going to Utah in June to join her husband who has a government surveying contract there. Her sisHter, Miss Ada Pearce, will probably accompany her.

The March apportionment of taxes in Cass county has been made by County Auditor Griffith and County Treasurer McKeown. Between Nov. 1, 1904, and March 1, 1905, there was collected $28,683.60, and this is divided up among the various state and county funds, the school districts and the towns and villages.

Clerk of Court Palmer has been notified by the St. Cloud land office that Special Agent Colter will be in Walker on May 16, June 15, July 18 and August 16, for the purpose of personally examining applicants and witnesses in final proof applications, in accordance with the regulations adopted some time ago by the general land office. All proofs to be taken after May 1, except those at the land office, must come on the above dates to avoid the delays which proving up at any other time might entail. The special agent will be at Backus on May 4, June 5, July 6 and August 4.

An apron social was held at Evergreen school house, Poplar, and the desired sum was raised for a pump for the school.

Ted Johnson, who was employed in Sanford's barber shop, left for Duluth a few days ago.

A basket social was held at the Pine Tree school house Friday evening to obtain funds to buy a lamp for the school.

The farmers in the vicinity of Leader have taken hold of the creamery proposition in earnest and have purchased the plant of Mr. Hoveland, which they intend to operate.

D. E. Whitney of Celarwater, Minn., is visiting his brother, Hugh Whitney, in Walker.

Mr. Ritchie went to Bemidji Tuesday evening to inspect the water and electric light plant there which is for sale. He says it is a good plant and in good condition but considerably larger than what we require here.

J. A. Gilberg of Poplar, who has been on the sick list, is able to be out again.

Mrs. George D. Haman left Tuesday morning to visit her sister in Royalton.

Louis Krueger has bought Mr. Usher's house, recently occupied by J. S. Scribner.

Mrs. David Harvey of St. Cloud is visiting her daughter, Mrs. E. D. Boyce.

The postoffice has been moved farther inland and now occupies the northeast corner of the old courthouse building, where it will probably remain until the public library building is erected and in which Postmaster McBride contemplates leasing office room.

McKinley

McKinley, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Vlink transacted business at Sparta on Wednesday.

The Tower Lumber Co. are shipping about thirty loads of logs per day from Murray to their Tower mills.

Mrs. John Tonitz of the Elba, visited with relatives at Biwabik on Monday.

John Runquist is hurrying the grading work for the D. & I. R. betwen Wyman and Colby and the company expects to have the track completed by April 15th or May 1st.

A. B. Chandler has resigned his position as operator at Biwabik, and is succeeded by C. E. Lyman, who worked there last summer.

The laying of steel on the new D. & I. R. double track between Wyman and Colby will commence in a few days.

The soft weather the past week has about stopped skidding of logs.

Negaunee

Negaunee, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Professor L. W. Alger of the University of Michigan inspected the high school Wednesday, spending a morning session visiting the various classes. At the close of his inspection he told Superintendent Orr Schurtz that he found the condition of the high school entirely satisfactory, and that he should recommend that it be continued for another term of three years on the university's accredited list of high schools, whose graduates enter the institution without examination. Professor Alger said that the school has an excellent corp of teachers and that discipline and general condition is good.

John Mitchell, who conducted a grocery business in Negaunee for some years past, Thursday sold out to A. G. Mallen, who recently returned from a visit to his native place in Finland. Mr. Mallen took immediate possession. Mr. Mitchell retains the block in which the business is conducted. He retires from the grocery business with a view of engaging in another line, but his plans for the future are not yet definite.

The funeral of the late John Westemeyer held Thursday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Paul's church, was largely attended by Negaunee friends. Several Ishpeming and Marquette people were also present. Among those from Marquette were several members of the German Aid society, of which the deceased was a charter member. Members of the Negaunee Aid society also attended.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Leffreniere Wednesday.

John Seeley of Republic was a Negaunee visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. J. C. Murray and two daughters, who have been visiting Mrs. Charles McGregor for the past week or more, returned to their home in Escanaba Saturday.

Thursday afternoon Mayor Winter decided to call the members of the council together that evening for the purpose of appointing a board of public works. The names of E. C. Anthony, C. V. R. Townsend and John Nesbitt were suggested and they were elected by a unanimous vote of the aldermen. Mr. Anthony's term is three years, Mr. Townsend's two years and Mr. Nesbitt's one year.

At the special meeting of the city council Thursday evening, City Attorney T. A. Thoren, George Haupt and John P. Miller were appointed commissioners of the municipal election to be held April 3. Mayor Winter was also directed to engage a competent bookkeeper to audit the accounts of Recorder Mitchell, with a view to submitting a report to the council at the next meeting.

Thomas Bashaw left Friday for Rhinelander on a visit to his daughter.

The dog race held on St. Patrick's day was witnessed by a large number of Negaunee people. The first cash prize was won by John Garrett of Ishpeming; Thomas Walton of Ishpeming took second and the third prize was won by Ernest Richards of Negaunee.

Mrs. Catherine Brand went to Marquette Saturday and spent Sunday with her daughter, Mrs. Louis Dousseron, returning Monday.

Miss Gertrude Lentz left Saturday afternoon on a visit to friends in Calumet.

Lieut.-Governor Maitland arrived home from Duluth Monday morning.

Miss Maud Lee, one of the teachers in the Escanaba schools, is here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lee, the schools having been closed for a time in consequence of the prevalent epidemic in that city.

Clarence G. Mason concluded a visit of several days here and returned to Hancock Monday afternoon.

Mayor Winter returned Tuesday evening from a business visit to the copper country.

Louis Villeneuve, Jacob Salo, Ed. Kauppinen and John Takkire left Thursday morning to enjoy a few days' fishing through the ice at Lake Independence.

Frank Jane, who came here recently on account of the serious illness of his father, Isaac Jane, returned to Manistique Friday.

Capt. John Flinnegan of Bessemer arrived here Monday evening on a visit to Capt. J. F. Foley.

George Feigel and Mr. Herrin of Princeton, were Negaunee visitors Wednesday.

Matt Kangers and son, Oscar, spent Monday in Marquette, where the latter is receiving treatment for his eyes.

M. J. Rice of Milwaukee spent Sunday here visiting his wife's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lemire.

David Foley of Ironwood arrived here Wednesday on a visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Foley.

Mrs. F. Hansen of Marquette has been here visiting at the home of Henry Anderson, whose mother is dangerously ill.

Fred. J. Strong of Buffalo arrived here Monday on a visit to friends and relatives.

F. E. Nightingale arrived here Saturday night from Sautl Ste. Marie and will spend a few days visiting his family.

Mrs. Joseph Lacombe and two children arrived here Monday morning on a visit to friends and relatives.

Mrs. W. L. Bedford spent Saturday at Champion, the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Van Riper.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Allila Monday.

John Hill, employed at the Hartford mine, had his right foot badly bruised by a large chunk of rock falling on it.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hocking Sunday.

The United States Steel corporation and all of the important independent companies are making elaborate preparations to increase their output at the mines in the vicinity of Negaunee.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Rasmussen entertained a number of their friends at cards Friday evening at their home on Lincoln street. Mrs. George O'Connor won the lady's prize and John Williams the gentleman's prize.

Marshal Gribble was a passenger to Virginia, Minn., on official business, Monday night and returned Thursday.

Charles Johnson arrived home Wednesday from a business trip to Milwaukee.

Mrs. John Larkin and two children arrived here Monday evening from Iron Mountain on a visit to relatives and friends.

Matt. Annelin and family departed Tuesday morning for Astoria, Oregon, where they will reside in the future.

The Escanaba schools were being been closed temporarily on account of sickness, Miss Alice Houle, one of the teachers, has been here on a visit to her parents.

Miss Louise Hansen of Marquette spent several days here this week, the guest of her cousin, Miss Olga Anderson.

Henry E. Wilde arrived here Tuesday morning from Pennsylvania to join Mrs. Wilde. He will remain here permanently.

Delore Trotochaud returned to Negaunee Monday from Little Lake, where he had been employed in the woods.

Miss Amy Delf concluded a visit with Mrs. T. H. Harris in this city and returned to Marquette Wednesday.

Dr. and Mrs. Boyer of Marquette spent Tuesday in Negaunee, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Fenner.

Mrs. George H. Free, formerly Miss Alice McNabb, left Sunday to join her husband at Stavely, Canada.

Suits which were pending in circuit court against the Negaunee Co-operative society came up Saturday and resulted in the appointment by Judge Stone, of Attorney T. A. Thoren of this city, as receiver. The conclusion that this would be the quickest, cheapest and most equitable method of winding up the society's financial affairs was reached after a consultation of the parties interested. The court authorized the receiver to levy an assessment of $1.36 a share, and it is believed the amount thus collected will be sufficient to pay the claims and also cover the court costs and the receiver's fee.

Srvices will be conducted at the Presbyterian church on March 26, by Rev. C. M. Robb of Seaton, Ill. The church board has taken up correspondence regarding the filling of the local pastorate, and Mr. Robb has been invited to cem here and make the acquaintance of the congregation.

T. Cornell, cashier at the Cambria and Lillie mines, has been busy the past few days auditing City eRorder William Mitchell's books. The council held an adjourned regular meeting Tuesday when Mr. Cor?nell submitted his report.

Angelo Martinelli, the young Italian whose eyes were destroyed by a premature blast at the Princeton mine, died Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Negaunee hospital. Fragments of rock penetrated the orbit of each eye, entering the brain. They were so deep seated that it was impossible to remove them. The deceased was twenty-three years of age. He had been in America about two years, having come here direct from his native place in Italy and had no relatives in this country. The funeral was held Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock from St. Paul's church.

The 8-months-old daughter of Ed. Dionne died Sunday night. The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock from St. Paul's church.

Mrs. Joseph Lacombe, who left here a few months ago for Chicago, is in the city visiting relatives and friends.

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Calumet

Calumet, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Rose Sorsen has gone on a visit with friends and relatives in Wyoming cities.

Dominick Quello of Calumet expects his wife to arrive home in a few days from an extended visit in Italy.

W. E. Farnall has gone to Chicago, where he will met his wife, and from there will proceed to the Western states for a tour.

L. J. Shepard has gone on a visit with friends in Denver, Colo.

Mrs. P. G. Somers, who has been visiting in Calumet for a short time, has returned to her home in Duluth.

Mrs. Henry Brett has gone on an extended visit with friends and relatives in Boston, Mass.

Mrs. J. Harvey and four children have left Calumet for Springfield, Miss., for the purpose of joining her husband, who resides there.

Angelo Yotti, Jr., has gone to Chicago to take music lessons from Prof. Seberhorn of that city.

Miss Mary Harrington of Marquette is visiting with Calumet friends and relatives for a few days.

N. E. Thompson of Milwaukee is spending a few days with his brother, C. W. Thompson, of Laurium.

Edward Waters, Jr., is home from Chicago. He has been attending the college of veterinary surgeons of that city.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dewey has gone on a few months' visit in Europe. She has been the guest of Postmaster W. H. Hosking for the past two months.

William Bennett is recovering from a severe attack of pneumonia. He has been ill for seven months.

Martin Caserio of Calumet has gone to Italy to visit with relatives. Mr. Caserio will be absent from Calumet three or four months.

John Daniell of Laurium left Saturday evening for Bisbee, Ariz., to inspect the property of the Wolverine and Arizona Mining company. He will be gone a month.

Messrs. Scott and Nicholson, two of Calumet's hockey players, have left for their respective homes in Canada. Mr. Scott goes to Pembroke and Mr. Nicholson to Montreal. Both will return early next winter.

W. Malfoid has gone to Green Bay, Wis., on a short visit with his family.

Miss Ada Ames of Milwaukee is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Haas of Larium.

William Penprays has gone to Salt Lake City, Utah, where he expects to remain for some time.

Mrs. Archie McAlpine expects to leave in a few days for Spokane, Wash., after a few weeks' visit with relatives.

The Calumet jurors at the next term of circuit court are Thomas Wade, Herman Miller, Alex Matheson and John T. Rowe.

Samuel Jeffery of Laurium has taken a position in the local office of the Wolverine and Arizona Mining company.

James Clarke has arrived in Calumet and will take a position with the Dundee Woolen Mills company. Mr. Clarke is from Dundee, Scotland, and is an expert bagpipe player.

W. H. McKenna has resigned his position as stage director of the Calumet theater and has accepted a position in the electrical department of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company.

Peter Rabuze has resigned his position with the Mohawk Mining company and has left for Hibbing, Minn., where he will locate permanently.

Alfred Hopper, Arthur Plank, William Ripper and George May have arrived in Calumet and have accepted positions with the Mohawk Mining company.

Miss Elena Bojari, who has been employed as a teacher in one of the schools in the vicinity of Calumet, has resigned her position and will take a course in the Chicago Art school.

Joseph Tomasz and Steven Dobbs have resigned their positions with the Mohawk Mining company and will leave in a few days for Chicago, where they will reside in the future.

Joseph Vertin and wife have arrived home from their wedding trip, which was spent in New Orleans.

The revival services which are being conducted in the Calumet M. E. church have been very successful in the number of conversions, the number being over 120.

James Gardner, one of the most popular hockey players in the county and a member of the Calumet team, is seriously indisposed from injuries received in the last game with the Portage Lakes.

Miss Emma Menge of L'Anse is visiting with friends and relatives in Calumet for a short time.

J. Resnosky of Laurium has returned from a few weeks' purchasing trip in New York and Chicago.

Mrs. Harrington has gone to her home in Butte City, Mont., after an extended visit with Calumet relatives.

Dr. A. W. Niles and wife have left for the Pacific coast, where they will visit for the next few weeks.

Thomas A. Johns left Monday morning for Ann Arbor, where he will take treatment at the Pasteur institute in that city. Mr. Johns was bitten by a dog supposed to be rabid a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Y. Gaug of Seventh street have returned from a ten days' visit in Chicago.

Miss Beatrice Carter has gone to Trimountain, where she will visit with relatives for a week.

H. S. Dennett of Boston is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. Brett of Calumet avenue for a few days.

Archie Roubillard of North Tamarack has returned from Ontario, Can., where he has been visiting for a few weeks.

William Martin and Joseph Ziehr have been matched to wrestle in Calumet, Cornish style. The bout will probably be arranged for Good Friday.

Phil J. Furlough is on the sick list.

Will Frimodig has returned from Chicago and will visit friends and relatives in Calumet for a few days.

Messrs. McCabe and Sylvester of the Calumet hockey team will leave for their homes in Canada Saturday.

Mrs. M. H. Ford has returned from an extended visit to her old home at Mineral Point, Wis.

Dr. C. J. Lorsen has gone to Chicago on a business trip.

Mrs. John Nolan and children of the lighthouse at Eagle Harbor are guests at the home of Xavier Thomaun of Calumet.

L. R. Murphy has been called to Woodstock, Ont., on account of the death of his mother.

Cecil J. Farmer of Cincinnati, who has been visiting friends in Calumet for some time, has left for his home.

William Newton and family left Calumet Wednesday for Crown Point, Ind., where they will reside.

James Rowe, who was shot in the street railway difficulty in Laurium, is slowly recovering. He is not able to sit up yet.

The Calumet Y. M. C. A. basket ball team was defeated Wednesday evening at the Hancock Y. M. C. A. building by the Michigan College of Mines team, the score being 14 to 7. Both teams are tied for the pennant of the Houghton County Basket Ball league.

Mrs. John Lucas and four children have arrived in Calumet from Annapolis, and will make their home here with Mr. Lucas, who arrived in the city in September.

Miss M. C. Morgan of Duluth is visiting Calumet friends for a short time.

Charles Winnifred of North Tamarack is visiting with friends and relatives at the Soo for a few days.

Mathew Sembia has resigned his position with the Wickstrom Miemi company, and will accept a position as assistant cashier at the South Range bank April 1.

Mrs. F. B. Trathen of Laurium has gone to Ishpeming, where she will visit with her son William, who recently underwent an operation in Chicago.

Mr. Brecklins, the evangelist, of Minnesota, who has been in the copper country for some time, has gone to his home. Mr. Breklins was responsible for a great many conversions in Calumet.

Euclide Sabine of Calumet has gone to Milwaukee, where he expects to locate in the future.

James Kistle of Tamarack, a recent arrival from the iron country, broke his arm while at work underground at the Tamarack mine Tuesday.

Dr. Ernest W. Knape arrived in Calumet Wednesday from Finland. Dr. Knape was not satisfied with the existing conditions in Finland.

New Duluth

New Duluth, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Frank Brand gave a most enjoyable party Tuesday night, in honor of Mr. Brand's birthday. A very pleasant evening was spent and an exquisite supper was served. Mr. Brand was presented with a beautful picture, as a remembrance from his many friends. Among those present were Messrs and Mesdames Bartz, Jacob Duclett, Gust Jacobson, G. E. Tuper, Charles F. Wills, U. C. Tower, Otto Krueger, Joseph Rutzer, C. Bellinger, Jerry Lacey, Sr.; Mesdames Frank Wildell, Frank Provinske, A. J. Olson, Smith and Miller. Misses C. Willner, S. A. Smith, Grace Bartz, Winnifred Tower, Doris Tower, Laura Tower, Anna Brand, Ethel Brand, Nancy Widell, Florence Ja obson, Hazel Jacobson, Florence Wills, Agnes Wills, Glady's Wills, Bernice Provinske, Louise Smith, Violet Huber and Maud Miller.

Messrs Charles Strand, Walter Brand, Roy Brand and Sidney Jacobson

Herbert and Claude McKay of Bayview, were callers in New Duluth, Sunday.

Miss Mary Fischer came home from Duluth, Sunday, to stay for some time with her mother, Mrs. Frances Fischer.

Miss Smith, Miss Willner and Miss Miller attended teacher's meeting in Duluth Saturday.

Neil McMullen left for Detroit, Mich., Friday, to visit for some time with relatives and friends.

Joe Freckburg of Duluth, spent a part of this week in New Duluth. Mr. Freckburg expects to move to New Duluth soon.

Mrs. William Lewis gave a delightful little party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Lena Moe's birthday. Games were played and delicious refreshments were served. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Laidley, Mrs. John Moe, Mrs. A. J. Olson, Mrs. Peter Olson and Mrs. Lewis. Misses Violet Huber, Gertie Larson, Alma Christopherson, Florence Olson, Ruth Olson, Emma Larson, and Lena Moe. Masters Peter Moe, Harold Larson, Carl Christopherson and Arthur Olson.

A. Nelson of Brule, Wis., arrived in New Duluth, Tuesday, to accpt the position as operator at the Northern Pacific station.

Mrs. W. A. Thayer is spending the week with friends in Duluth.

Mrs. George Reindl gave a pleasant little party Thursday afternoon in honor of her son, George's birthday. Games were played and dainty refreshments were served. Those present were Willie McEachin, Willie Dardis, Willie Tizzard, Frank Tizzard, Roy Brand, Arthur Olson, Carl Christopherson, Melvin Reindl, Frank Reindl, Sidney Jacobson.

Brainerd

Brainerd, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Emil Holmes, for many years a resident of Brainerd, died at his home seven miles east of town on Friday morning last. The funeral occurred on Sunday under the auspices of the Masonic order. Mr. Holmes was 70 years of age and leaves a wife and four sons and one daughter to mourn his death.

Jerry Ghent has returned from his Western trip and while in Washington visited the Copper Hill Mining and Milling company, in which so many Brainerd people are heavily interested.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Wehrle, who were in the city last week to attend the funeral of the late Emil Holmes, returned to their home in Superior, Tuesday afternoon.

Theodore Johnson, proprietor of the Antlers barber shop, has sold out and moved to Duluth, where he will make his home in the future.

Mrs. George Forsythe has gone to Oregon, where she will prove up on her claim, after which she will go to California for a month's sojourn.

Dr. J. L. Camp is back from his trip through Cuba.

Alfred Patck, son of C. M. Patck of this city, was a loser by the action of the Colorado legislature in seating the present governor. He was to have been Governor Adams' private secretary at a salary of $6,000 per annum.

S. G. Lind, an old and respected citizen of Brainerd, died Monday morning last at his home in Northeast Brainerd, at the age of 80 years, of Bright's disease. Mr. Lind was one of Brainerd's oldest settlers, coming here in 1880 and worked for the Northern Pacific until a few years ago, when his health commenced to fail him.

Miko Sasgen has returned from Washington and other large Eastern cities. While there he took in the inaugural exercises of President Roosevelt.

Peter Murphy, who was recently operated on at the Northern Pacific sanitarium, is improving rapidly and will soon be around again.

Saturday last was Mrs. Milton McFadden's birthday and some of her lady friends gave her a genuine surprise at the lodge rooms after the meeting of Rathbone Sisters, of which order she is an active member. Cards were indulged in during the evening after which luncheon was served.

A. E. Veon went to Little Falls, where he will institute a lodge of Sons of Veterans. There were over forty signers for the charter and a strong camp is expected.

The following have returned from Oregon, where they went and located a claim: Peter Walter, J. T. Sanborn, Fred Lamb, W. J. Weddell, Mesdames F. J. Murphy, Bert Parker and L. S. Budd. Rev. Brown, Judge Alderman and John Clark will sojourn for a while on the coast before returning.

The school exhibits in the various schools throughout the city last week were well attended and the work showed that some faithful work had been done by the pupils and all who visited them were highly pleased.

The following officers were elected at the last regular meeting of the B. P. O. E., in their hall on Seventh street: Exalted ruler, C. D. Johnson; esteemed leading knight, J. J. Nolan; esteemed lecturing knight, S. R. Adair; secretary, F. E. Low; treasurer, C. A. Walker; tyler, G. E. Abbott; trustee, Milton McFadden; representative to state association, J. J. Howe, Jr.

Mai. Scott spent several days visiting with Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Mowers, the first part of the week. He left on Tuesday for the Leech Lake reservation.

Violet, the little 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred J. Hagadom, died on Saturday last of diphtheria.

The residence of C. M. Andrews on First avenue East Brainerd, was gutted by fire on Monday evening last, while the family was out. Only $150 insurance was carried on house and furniture, which was a total loss.

Mrs. W. H. Sadler and son, Willie, left on Tuesday noon for Brookhaven, Miss., where Mr. Sadler is sawyer in a large mill.

W. R. Clark, well known as "Scotty Clark," has returned from Panama, where he went to accept a position as engineer on a steam shovel. He remained three or four days and was glad to get back.

W. H. Martin is one of the numerous Brainerdites who have gone West to take a homestead. He took a claim in Washington.

W. W. Murray, who has held the position as assistant superintendent of the Rock Island system at Moline, Ill., Mr. Murray was given a farewell party at Bakers' hall on Monday evening and a good time was enjoyed by all present. He left on the noon train Tuesday to take up his new duties at Moline, Ill.

Mike Kelly is in Minneapolis and St. Paul looking up new players for the ball team for the coming season.

Fran kShook of the Northern Pacific sanitarium has passed a successful examination entitling him to enter the United States naval service.

Frank Horton, who has went to California last fall is back again, and says "Brainerd is good enough for me."

James Johnston of Chatham, Ont., is in the city visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Durham.

The Brainerd Athletic club has been reorganized, and in the near future they expect to put on some good exhibitions.

Several Elks left on Monday for Wilmar to take in the institution of a new lodge at that place.

A new club has been organized in Brainerd and is known as the New Brainerd Glee club. They have rented suitable quarters over George Steen's store and will practice singing twice a week. Hugo Kaetz is president and L. Simon, treasurer and secretary.

Mrs. R. P. Wise has been confined to her room the past week with an attack of the grip.

Miss Emma Marie Arnold, oldest daughter of P. J. Arnold, was imited in marriage to Alvah Alden of Staples, at the home of the bride's parents on Tuesday in East Brainerd. Rev. W. H. Walker officiating. Mr. Alden is foreman of the Northern Pacific roundhouse at Staples. They left for Minneapolis the same evening to spend their honeymoon.

The Brainerd Telephone Exchange has been incorporated and articles of incorporation has been filed with the secretary of the state. The new company will have a capital stock of $50,000. The officers for the first year are as follows: President, Henry Werner Hemstead; vice president, Henry P. Dunn; treasurer, Harry D. Treglawny; secretary, O. A. Walke. Other members of the incorporation are: F. H. Gruenhagen, Con O'Brien and Mons. Mahhun. Heretofore C. A. Walker has been sole proprietor and manager. It is understood that the new company will erect a long distance telephone line up the M. & I. this summer as far as Bemidji.

On Tuesday evening last at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Harriet E. Paine, on Fifth street north, occurred the wedding of Miss Della Paine to E. A. Shew of Crookston, Minn., Rev. H. W. Knowles of the First Methodist church, officiating. The wedding was a quiet home affair and after a sumptuous wedding supper was served the party left on the midnight train for Crookston, where the groom is employed by the Crookston Lumber company. Miss Paine is one of Brainerd's most popular school teachers, and will be greatly missed among the social circles of the city.

The Royal Neighbors quietly dropped in on Mrs. Dunlap at her home in East Brainerd the first part of the week and gave here a genuine surprise. The party was in the nature of a farewell party to Mrs. Dunlap, who is about to leave for Duluth, where her husband is now working and in token of friendship presented her with a fine set of silver fruit knives. Refreshments were served and the evening was spent in various parlor games.

The congregation of the First Congregational church are considering the petition of Rev. George W. Gallagher for minister in the church. Rev. Gallagher filled the pulpit here for a number of years, but recently affiliated with the Congregational church of Lockport, N. Y. He is desirous of coming back to Brainerd.

There was a debate on Wednesday evening at the Y. M. C. A. by the debating club on the following topic: "Resolved that no President of the United States should have a Third term." The affirmation were: William Barron and Dean Wilson, and the negatives were: J. A. Kirby and Ray Butts, who won out according to the decision of the judges. The Debating club have regular meetings every week and always have a nice program prepared for the guests who are always welcome.

Mrs. George H. Brown entertained several ladies at her home on Wednesday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. W. J. Palm, who is about to leave for Minneapolis to reside permanently. Al Parris of Duluth, but formerly of this city, is in the city visiting old acquaintances.

Miss Sophia Moe was united in marriage to Ernest H. Jones on Wednesday afternoon, Rev. W. J. Palm officiating. Miss Moe is one of the most popular clerks in the city, having held a position with Mrs. L. M. Koop for years. Mr. Jones is also one of the popular Brainerd boys employed at the Northern Pacific blacksmith shop. They went to Chicago and other Eastern points on their wedding tour for a couple of weeks, after which they will make Brainerd their home.

Two Harbors

Two Harbors, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Forget-Me-Not club of the Swedish M. E. church gave a very pleasant social and auction at their church Friday evening.

Barnett & Record company are doing everything possible to hurry the construction work on No. 3 dock, but they have been delayed so far by material that they do not expect to complete the work much before the latter part of April.

Miss Marie Morrell visited with friends here last week on her return from California, where she spent the winter.

C. Sullivan left Friday for an extended visit with relatives at Danville, Ill.

Colvin & Robb have been shipping in eleven cars of sprucewood per day from their landings near Bassett, and expect to finish up today. They now have about 7,000 cords in stock here for shipment to Erie, Pa.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Bryan have returned from their trip to Cuba and the Isle of Pines and report a pleasant time.

The Duluth & Iron Range are weighing and marking their ore cars, getting cabooses and other things in shape preparing to the beginning of the season's ore business. The logging business will be wound up in another week or ten days, except the Scott-Graff Lumber company, who will start in a few days their shipments from Drummond to Duluth, which will continue all summer, and William O'Brien, who started this week shipping logs from his spur at Mile 39 to the Hubbard & Vincent mill at Duluth. He will ship about twenty cars per day for a month. The tie and pulp shipments will not be entirely finished for three weeks or a month yet.

The Lake Superior district Minnesota conference of the Swedish Lutheran church was in session here three days this week, and a most successful meeting is reported.

Manager Brady of the Hibbing baseball team is after Charles Symons, the local player, to pitch for them again this season, but Charley will remain here and play with the local boys, and will work on the Duluth & Iron Range.

W. Emery has gone to Endion to work for a few days.

The village street crew have finished work on the culvert in the creek on Poplar street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues, and that street will now be filled in as fast as material can be secured.

The tug Sarah Smith has as yet been unable to get out for another trip owing to the drift ice blown to this end of the lake by the northeast winds. She can cut her way through the harbor ice easily, however.

At the annual town meeting last week the tax levied for road and bridge fund was $2,000, and for revenue $2,000, and for smallpox and contagious disease expenses a tax of 1 mill.

Pastoret & Lunz have started their force at work on the new courthouse contract, and the work will be rushed to completion.

The soft weather the past week has about spoiled the woods about town, for sleighing and wood hauling is about over for a few weeks.

R. N. Ashlund has returned from Hibbing, having resigned his position there.

The meeting Tuesday evening for the purpose of organizing a ball team was postponed until Thursday evening and a committee of four was appointed to confer with the business men and see what support can be secured. Among last year's players now here who will play this season are Wachtel, Munro, Symons and Carey, and Anderson and Riches will also probably return and there are a number of other firstclass players to pick from and the team will undoubtedly be a strong one. Wagman, who caught for Two Harbors the past two seasons will not play here again this year, having signed to play with the Hibbing team. Anderson will probably catch for the locals and with Carey and Symons for pitchers, will make a battery hard to beat.

P. R. McElhatton of Ely visited with friends here a few days this week, while on his way to Denver, where he has accepted a position.

Work is progressing on the new Scott-Graff logging spur at Drummond, and log shipments will be commenced from there in the near future. They will ship all summer.

Louis Larson has purchased the Cable dairy on the Knife River road and will conduct that business in the future. Mr. Cable has purchased a farm in the Waldo district and will devote his time to raising stock.

Miss Genevieve Carlson, who was taken ill last week with scarlet fever, died Saturday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. S. Hillman with whom she had made her home the past five years. Memorial services were held at the First M. E. church Monday afternoon, Rev. W. E. J. Gratz preaching the funeral sermon. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Carlson of Sturgeon Lake, Minn., and relatives from St. Paul and Minneapolis, came up to look after the arrangements. Mr. and Mrs. Hillman being still quarantined at their home. Deceased was an especially bright and popular young lady, and her sudden death came as a shock to her numerous friends.

Thos Powers, proprietor of the Pepper hotel at Knife River, died Monday after an illness of several months. The remains were taken to Minneapolis, his former home, for burial.

Over 100 carloads of logs per day have been passing through here the past week

GEO C. TAYLOR, M. D.

DR GEO C. TAYLOR

HAS RESIGNED HIS POSITION AFTER 12 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN ADMINISTERING THE LATE DR MCKELEY'S REMEDIES, & HAS OPENED A STRICTLY PRIVATE INSTITUTE OF HIS OWN FOR THE CURE OF THE LIQUOR DRUG & TOBACCO HABITS.

HIS CURE IS SCIENTIFIC AND UP-TO-DATE. IT CURES PERFECTLY AND PERMANENTLY, WITHOUT ANY EVIL RESULTS. WE PAY RAILROAD FARE BOTH WAYS, WHICH PRACTICALLY BRINGS OUR INSTITUTE TO EVERY MAN'S DOOR. FULL PARTICULARS IN PLAIN ENVELOPE. ADDRESS

THE TAYLOR INSTITUTE, — Iron River, Wis.

in the final rush before the end of the season. The rains the latter part of the week have about spoiled the roads for hauling and night work is being done where possible.

The village council have had N. Freeberg complete the defective floor work at the village jail, which Contractor John Strom refused to do, same being charged to Strom's contract. They also awarded Christ Jensen $60 for expenses, etc., account his injury by breaking an arm by falling from the roof of the old city pumping station while working tearing down that structure last fall.

Jerry Dea and George Johnston have gone to Alberta for a few weeks to do work on their claims.

F. Fulton and Charles Pettibone have gone into the chicken-raising business near Barnum, Minn., having purchased a farm in that vicinity and were there this week to get the work started. They have purchased large incubators, brooders, etc., for complete work, and will libe a man to look after the during the summer.

The city fathers at their meeting Monday evening cleaned up all business on hand to leave things in good shape for the new council. Permission was granted Gust Nelson, lot 2, block 4, to construct a second story to his building and build an addition to it to make it 90 feet by 75 feet in size and two stories in height, and construct a stone basement for same, and to veneer the building with brick, it being evident that same would much lessen the fire hazard in that district. George Watts, retiring village treasurer, presented report showing cash on nand as follows: General fund, $859.48; library fund, $1,457.91; fire department fund, $758.58; total, $3,059.07, and outstanding orders $10,085.91.

Resolution was passed authorizing the issuance of village orders to cover amount unpaid on sidewalk constructed by the village on east side of Willow street, between First and Fourth avenues and on north side of Fourth avenue, between Spruce and Willow streets, the amount being $86.10.

Report was received from Justice of Peace W. D. Lawrence of cases tried from January 16th to March 13th, showing $40 collected in fines and costs and $15 cost due justice, leaving $25 due village.

Following interesting report was presented by the village recorder showing receipts and expenditures for the year ending March 1st, 1905, and also cost and earnings of water and light plant. Total receipts for year on hand and in general and fire department funds, $57,149; received from saloon licenses, $14,000; received from water rates, $11,183.95; received from electric light rates, $6,525.47; received from service connections, $207.91; received from annual tax levy, $7,919.49; received from street assessments, $593.14; received from miscellaneous sources, $306.75; received from sale of machinery, $646; received from miscellaneous sources, $874.15; received from deposits for electric light, $145; received from meters sold, $793.50; received from lamps sold, $89.60; received from wiring done, $301; total cash receipts, $44,152.66. Orders issued and not paid for want of funds, $1,813.90; total, $45,966.56. Disbursements: Operating water and light plant—coal, freight charges and handling, $6,253.62; wages of employes, $5,454.48; sundry supplies and expenses, $1,401.05; interest on water and light bonds, $3,078.10; total operating expenses, $16,187.25. Police department, $2,617.72. General expenses, including salary village treasurer, recorder and attorney, $5,750.21; fire department and fire alarm, $4,093.87; streets, alleys and cross walks, $2,125.22; water pipe connections and extensions, $230; water and light construction account, $10,129.16; construction village lockup, $1,483.33; paid for electric meters, $451.94; paid for incandescent lamps, $221.59; total, $40,253.38. Paid for outstanding village orders issued during previous year, and interest on same, $4,056.12; total paid out by treasurer, $44,348.50. Cash on hand in general and fire department funds, $1,618.06; total, $45,966.56.

Without making any charge for depreciation and for the purpose of determining benefits derived from village owning and operating its own water and light plant, the following statement was compiled: Cash receipts for water and light, $17,709.43; twenty-three street arc lights at $60 per year, $1,380; twenty-seven hydrants at rental of $90 per year, $1,350; total credit, $20,439.43; otal operating expenses, $16,187.25; net benefit, $4,252.16.

The cost of operating the water and light plant during the year ending March 1st, 1904, was $18,597.47, and for the year ending March 1st, 1905, the cost was $16,187.25, a decrease of $2,410.22, the decrease being made up entirely in the cost of fuel.

Ike Hegge was granted liquor license for use in his building, lot 5, block 3, First avenue, and his bond in the American Bonding company was accepted.

Ole Barbo and George Nelson made application for license to run saloon in the west half of the Sundberg bolck on First avenue.

Bills amounting to $382.28 were allowed.

The old council adjourned sine die and the new council took up their work of organizing only.

The village treasurer's bond was set at $15,000, the recorder's bond at $500, and the constable's bond at $250.

The same council room, John Dwan's office, 113 Popular street, was designated as place of meeting and the meetings set as now, each Monday at 8 p. m.

Work has been started on the basement of the new addition to the Scandinavian Co-operative Mercantile company's main store.

Mrs. Bertha Shea has moved her millinery store into the brick block on Popular street, formerly occupied by the Holliday barber shop and pool room.

Work on the court house has started in earnest and already a large amount of the stone and steel work has arrived.

Among the births reported the past week are to Mr. and Mrs. B. Swenstrom, a boy girl, and to Mr. and Mrs. W. F. aMrshal Saturday, a boy.

Oscar Lazier, formerly of this place, left this week for El Paso, Texas, where he has secured a position.

W. H. Cable transacted business at Duluth on Monday.

R. B. Green, formerly chief chemist at the Minnesota Iron company's laboratory here, is now night superintendent of the Oregon Reduction and Smelting company's smelter at Sumpter, Or.

The lumberjacks have began their migration from the woods south and every train is well filled with them, and there are many about town.

Colvin & Robb have finished their season's pulpwood shipments, having had a very successful winter

J. Pearson, aged 80 years, and father of Engineer John Pearson, died suddenly Tuesday evening at the home of the latter with whom he has been living. He had been sawing some wood during the afternoon and seemed alright, but about 9 p. m. complained that he was not feeling well and a doctor was sent for, but before the doctor arrived he passed quietly away, a gentle giving away of the powers of life. His wife, aged 75, survives him.

Martin Bros. Wednesday finished their shipments of logs from Mile 6.

John McAlpine commenced shipping about 100,000 feet of logs from his landings at Mile 44 to Duluth.

Henry Gratton has returned from Montreal.

Cass Lake

Cass Lake, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—With today's issue of the Cass Lake Times, H. L. Dudley severs his connection with that publication and will leave tonight for Crookston, where he has accepted a position on the Crookston Daily Journal, which was recently purchased by Frank Packard and John Kisechen.

George H. Spear, county attorney for Itasca county, passed through Cass Lake on Tuesday, enroute to his home at Grand Rapids, having spent several days at International Falls on official business. Mr. Spear reports that the residents of International Falls are still waiting (as they have been doing for the past four years) for the commencement of the improvements on the water power at that point, and the consequent beginning of better times there. George H. Walsh, at one time village attorney of Cass Lake and who moved to the Falls some three years ago, is said to be doing very well there.

A. G. Rutledge, game warden for this district, on Tuesday afternoon, arrested John Elde and took him before Justice Cummings, where he was fined $10 and costs for having placed set lines through the ice on Cass Lake, with which he was catching fish. Elde is a Scandinavian, who cannot talk a word of the English language, and he pleaded entire ignorance of the game and fish laws. As he came to this country only a few months ago, and owing to his advanced age and straightened financial condition, Elde was remitted his fine, under promise that he would not violate the law again.

The Swan River Logging company, which has a contract to cut a very large pany, in the vicinity of Cuba, (some five amount of pine for the Standard commiles east of Cass Lake), nas commenced the preliminary work of installing their camps and hiring men, laying the rails for their tracks in the woods, and otherwise getting ready to in a few days reengage in summer logging on a very large scale. This company logged at this point last summer and employed some 400 men, three trains and a large amount of other paraphernalia.

It is stated that James Cardle, conductor on the passenger run from Duluth to Cass Lake, will erect a handsome residence in Cass Lake in the near future and make this place his home. Mr. Cardle and wife at one time resided here, and their return will be hailed with pleasure.

The Tuesday club met with Mrs. H. F. Young this week, the topic being Richard Henry Stoddard.

The grand and petit jurors for the April term of court for Cass county have been drawn and the jurors summoned. It is announced that Judge Spooner of Bemidji, will preside at this term, Judge McClenahan having officiated at the term being held in Bemidji during the past week.

Murray Humes, chief clerk at the United States land office, is again a contented individual, his wife and daughter having arrived from Minneapolis, where they spent the winter. The Humes family will spend the spring and summer at their cottage on the lake front.

G. G. Hartley of Duluth has let the contract for the erection of an Episcopal church in Cass Lake. Al. Nelson, a local contractor, will build the edifice and C. E. Battles, also of Cass Lake, will put in the steam heating apparatus and do the plumbing.

W. B. La Fountain, one of the most popular of the employes of the bureau of forestry, has returned from Washington, where he spent a month in consultation with department officials.

G. O. Smith, who has been superintendent at the planing mill of the J. Neils Lumber company, left this week with his family for Cloquet, where he has accepted a similar position. He is succeeded here by William Utely, formerly of Blackduck.

H. N. Harding, cashier of the First National bank of Cass Lake, reports that his daughter, who recently underwent an operation, is rapidly recovering. The girl is now at Little Falls, Mr. Harding's former home.

The newly-elected village council held its first meeting on Wednesday evening, when those officers for whom bonds are required presented and filed the same and took the oath of office. President Gorentlo reappointed Charles E. Leeman chief of police, and David Jones was named as patrolman and assistant chief. Since the meeting it has been learned that Jones is not a qualified resident of the village, and until the vacancy is filled that Can will act as patrolman. Frank McNany, who has served one year of his term as justice of the peace, tendered his resignation as such official, and A. F. Cummings was appointed to fill the unexpired term. Cummings was a candidate for election as justice at the recent election, but was defeated. He has already served one term as justice. Heretofore, the chairman of the village board of health has been allowed the sum of $100 per year. Dr. Hanley offered to perform the duties of health officer for $1, and Dr. Gilbert, who recently moved here from Grand Rapids, said he would do it for nothing. No appointment has yet been made.

Miss Maud Shores, the young girl who was bitten by a mad dog last Sunday evening, was taken to Chicago, where she will be placed in the Pasteur institute for treatment. No really alarming results has appeared from the bite, but it was feared that complications might set in at any time that would be serious, so that a collection was taken up among the business men of the town, with which she was sent to the Windy City. Mrs. Nellie Lydick accompanied the girl to her destination.

Biwabik

Biwabik, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. James Beatty returned Monday after a few days' visit at Two Harbors and their parents.

Fred Lahey and family left Saturday for Wolf, where Mr. Lakey has accepted a position as sectionman.

I. Johnson, who left here three years ago with his family for Finland, returned here Monday. He will bring his family back in the summer.

A party of young folks from here accompanied by Mr. Colvin went out to the latter's camp Saturday at Bassett. They returned in the evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Pagnuco came over from Hibbing Tuesday and will make their home here.

Mrs. W. W. Browne, son Arthur and mother, Mrs. Ellen Craig, left Wednesday for Ashland, Or., where they went to meet Mr. Browne, who left for there two weeks ago.

A very pretty wedding took place at the Catholic church before a few friends when Miss Mary Kolliser and Nick Riley, both of this place, were united by the Rev. Father Riban of Eveleth. The bride was prettily dressed in a Nile green dress. She was attended by Miss Mary Faber and Miss Amy Wass. After the wedding the party went to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Faber, where a nice breakfast was served. They will make their home here.

The logging camps of Johnson & Wentworth broke up this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Murdock McDonald and son, Byron, were over from Virginia a few days visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Sandahl are the proud parents of two boys, who arrived Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Symons are spending the week with relatives at Two Harbors.

Mrs. Dolan, mother of John Dolan, who spent the winter here, expects to leave next week for her home in Chicago.

Swan Moran has taken the boarding house at the Hale mine, which is being run by Mr. Deese, who came here from Aurora. The former expects to take charge of it soon.

Joe Fabich has been on the sick list the past week.

Mrs. Carberry is assisting in the postoffice in Delbert Gleason's place, the latter filling his brotner's place at the Biwabik mine office.

The boarding camps at the Holland mine have been opened again this week.

John Riley, who has been operated at the hospital at Rochester is able to be out and will soon be home.

Mrs. Frank Colvin returned Thursday from a short visit with relatives at Sparta.

Albert Helsell and family, who left here a few years ago for Indiana to make their home, returned Thursday. Mr. Helsell has accepted a position here.

Barney Kinney returned Wednesday from Rochester, where he accompanied his wife. Mrs. Kinney will have to remain there a few weeks longer.

Mrs. Charles Wass returned Thursday from a two weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Nelson, at Skibo.

William Pavirinta was in from Embarrass the latter part of the week on business.

Mrs. J. H. Selbar went to Duluth Saturday to attend the wedding of Miss Henrietta Cook to Albert Goodman.

Eveleth

Eveleth, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. T. C. Cerveny and son, Don of West Superior, are visiting Mr. Cerveny for a month. They are at the Hotel McNeil.

Mrs. W. E. Harwood, who has been visiting relatives the past three months in the City of Mexico, and in Chicago, Joliet, Ill., and this past week at Pipestone, Minn., will return home this evening.

Brick work on the new schoolhouse is F. P. Botsford, accompanied by his brother from Houghton, were in town Wednesday from the Elba.

W. C. Clobrath of Duluth was here calling on friends Tuesday.

Louis Decker, who formerly resided here has been in town this week from Calumet, Mich.

being rushed along. This week there has been fourteen bricklayers employed there, and Contractor Knauffs says there will be a still larger force next week.

N. B. Arnold had business in the Duluth courts this week.

Clarence Abbot left Tuesday morning for a ten days visit with friends in Birmingham, Ala.

Judge McGilvary who has been at the More hospital since November, suffering with rheumatism, is improving, and expects to be able to get out early next week.

Mrs. J. C. Bradford has been ill the the past week with la grippe.

The Fayal club held a business meeting at their club rooms Tuesday evening. N. B. Arnald and W. H. Harvey were elected members of the club. It was decided to have a smoker next Tuesday evening, and immediately after Lent the club will have a ladies night, when wives and daughters of club members will be entertained. The improvement committee was instructed to purchase a new card table and cards, and the financial committee to report on the condition of the clubs finances and collect dues.

William Murray, alderman and fire chief, while engaged in his shop Monday, had the misfortune to meet with a painful accident to his eye. While taking out a piece of molten iron, a piece struck him in the eye, injuring it so badly that he is under the care of a specialist who hopes to be able to save the sight of it.

Mrs. Elmer Payne, whose husband was killed at Allen Junction in a railroad accident last month, left the first of the week for St. Paul, where she will make her future home.

Mayor Maxwell went to West Superior yesterday on business.

Mrs. J. H. Hoarding has been seriously ill this week with an attack of quinsey.

C. V. Green entertained at dinner Friday evening at Samuelson's at the Fayal. The following were present: Misses Reid of Virginia; Bowers, McKeehan, Barrett, Kingston, and Trezona. Messrs. Hugh MacInnis of Virginia; Walter Dacey, Irwin Angst, Dr. E. R. Medlar and Roy Cornwall.

Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Sax are visiting relatives at Mora, Minn., for a few weeks.

James W. Falk is in St. Paul on business this week.

Dr. E. R. Medlar went to West Superior to spend Sunday with his parents.

Rev. R. J. Taylor has returned from a business trip to Duluth.

Seldom has a death caused such widespread sorrow here as that of Miss Clara Lake, one of the teachers, which occurred Tuesday evening at 6 o'clock. Miss Lake was but a few months ago coming here in September to take the position of drawing and domestic science work. Her health had not been good, but she was able to keep up until her cheerful pleasant manner with everyone made it hard to believe that she was actually a sufferer. She taught up to Thursday of last week and it was Saturday before she considered herself ill enough to require the services of a physician, thinking that she was a victim of la grippe and could treat herself. She became rapidly worse and Sunday her friends tried to prevail upon her to send for her brother, who is a physician in Detroit, Mich. and who was her only relative living. But she did not consent and Monday was delirious, and Tuesday she was taken from Hotel McNell, which she had made her home, to Fabiola hospital, where she lapsed from unconsciousness to death, at 6:20 that evening. Her brother could not reach her in time, so telephoned instructions to ship the remains there, so the funeral was arranged by her fellow teachers and was held at the hospital, the services were conducted by Rev. R. J. Taylor at the hospital at noon Wednesday, and the remains were shipped on the 6 o'clock D. M. & N. There were beautiful floral offerings from the teachers and school board.

Leo Shapiro assistant cashier of the Miner's National bank is ill with an attack of tonsilitis.

Grand Rapids

Grand Rapids, March 25.—The village council met Monday evening at the council chamber in the village hall. President Riddell appointed committees on water and lights, and streets, alleys and sewerage. The salary of Recorder McAllister is $300 for the ensuing year; the recorder will be relieved of reading the meters, which will be done by the superintendent of the electric light plant. A. A. Garris was appointed superintendent of the light station at a salary of $1,200 for the ensuing year. Jessie Emery and Frank Seamans were appointed marshal and night watchman at $65 per month. Hugh Lane was elected street commissioner and Frank F. Price village attorney. The official printing for the ensuing year was awarded to the Magnet. The council will meet at 8 o'clock on the evening of the second Monday of each month except during June, July, August and September, when it will meet at 7 o'clock p. m.

Mrs. Dr. J. Gendron left last week for Crookston, where she was called by a telegram to the bedside of her brother, who was dangerously ill.

Carl Bradley, the man who was shot at Spur about three weeks ago, is not dead, as was reported, but is alive and is being cared for at the soldiers' hospital in Minneapolis. It is said that he will recover, but lose the sight of both eyes.

The following births are reported: Mr. and Mrs. Frank Storey, a 14-pound girl Thursday; Mr. and Mrs. Archie McDougall, a boy Saturday; Mr. and Mrs. Carl Larson, a boy Thursday; Sunday, Rev. and Mrs. Hawn, an 11-pound boy Monday; Mr. and Mrs. Carl Phillips, a boy Monday; Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hitesman, a boy Monday.

Mrs. J. Levier spent several days last week in Cass Lake visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. M. L. Toole.

John Levier, who had the misfortune to lose his foot and has been confined to his home for months, died last week.

Mrs. Fred Leeman left for Edmonton, Can., the latter part of last week, where she will join her husband, who has taken land near Edmonton.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles King of Deer River, Monday, a 10-pound girl.

William Poppe has moved to Nashwauk.

George Shook returned from Brampton, Can., Thursday last.

Virginia

Virginia, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Father Floyd of the Eveleth Catholic church lectured at the church Sunday night, his subject being "Intemperance," and was listened to with rapt attention by a very large audience.

The work of excavating for the foundation for the new Lundstrom dwelling in the second addition is under way. Mr. Lundstrom purchased the two corner lots in block No. 80, formerly owned by Judge Nelson.

Edward Edholm returned Wednesday from Duluth where he had been attending court as a petit juror.

Messrs. Jacob and E. J. O'Rourke attended to business matters at Duluth the fore part of the week.

A special train on the Missabe road carried about thirty members of the Masonic lodge to Eveleth where an important session was held.

Mrs. John Currie has been very ill the past week with pneumonia and her life was desapired of for a few days. She is reported better now.

The patrons at the opera house were treated to a good performance last night when "A Hidden Crime" was put on.

Miss Marie Morrell, idest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morrell, who have resided in Virginia for the past twelve years, was married to Capt. William McDonald of Cleveland, Wednesday morning at the Presbyterian church, Rev. Neff performing the ceremony. A wedding breakfast was served to a small company of friends at the home of the bride and at noon, amid showers of rice, the couple left on the Missabe train for Chicago. Mr. McDonald is a captain on a lake freighter and met his bride at Two Harbors, where she was assistant postmistress. Miss Jennie Morrell, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid and H. J. George was best man. The bride was for a number of years assistant in the Virginia postoffice, under Dr. Bates, deceased. The couple will return from Chicago soon and prepare to leave for Cleveland.

Paul Thieson, warehouseman at the Missabe depot during the winter, left for Duluth Monday, preparatory to taking up his usual duties at the ore docks.

Louis Nelson, formerly with the grocery department of Henry Hughes and company, has gone to Hibbing to work for the Itasca Mercantile company.

George C. Hastings had business at Duluth this week.

City Attorney Poirier spent Sunday with the old folks at Duluth.

Michael Janeski, who has resided on Oak street for the past eight years, has sold his dwelling to Fred. Anderson who recently sold his place in the second addition to James Barlow. Mr. Janeski will rebuild in another part of the city.

Miss Celia Harper, sister of Mrs. Ernest Fuller, Maple street, and William C. Lounsberry of the Evening Herald composing rooms were married at the Fuller home Wednesday noon, Rev. Morgan of the Episcopal church performing the ceremony. John Finlelson, also of The Herald, officiated as best man. The party left here Wednesday afternoon for Duluth, where Mr. and Mrs. Lounsberry will reside.

Andrew Johnson, brother to Alderman Johnson, was taken suddenly ill Saturday night with pneumonia and on Monday was taken to St. Mary's hospital at Duluth, being accompanied by Mrs. Johnson. Mr. Johnson has been failing in health for some months and his sickness is regarded as being due from general debility.

Mrs. Ole Johnson, who has been nursing her husband through a hard siege of typhoid, is now very ill with the same sickness. Mr. Johnson is still a very weak man. They reside just east of the laundry.

Register of Deeds and Mrs. M. C. Palmer were up from Duluth the fore part of the week. Mr. Palmer is negotiating for additional property here and will put up a dwelling during the summer.

The new Polish-Slavonian Catholic church congregation has purchased of J. H. Horrigan the C. W. Lundstrom residence recently purchased by the Great Northern road, and the contract for moving the same to a site next to the Polish church has been let to Joseph Ahearn. The work of moving the building will be commenced soon. In place of Father Buh of Ely, Bishop McGolrick has placed Father Singer of Sturgeon Lake in charge of the parish and the residence when placed will be occupied by him. Until the Polish church is ready for use the new Catholic church will be used by the new congregation.

A. Thayer has returned from Hot Springs, Ark., where he has been receiving treatment for rheumatism. He is not as heavy as formerly and is not at all well. The present weather is playing him back to a few months ago and he states that he should have stayed at the springs another month.

The Modern Woodmen lodge will give the Easter Monday dancing party at the opera house, April 24th. The committee in charge is composed of C. G. Mayo, Victor Peterson and Frank J. Reid. It will be an invitation affair and as usual a social event.

Fred. Peet, cashier at the American Exchange bank, leaves Monday for his home at Chicago, where he will enjoy a two weeks' vacation. Sam Parks will take his place at the window, while L. Blackwood of the Exchange bank at Duluth will have charge of the books.

The infant son of Alderman and Mrs. Coffey, born last Thursday, died Saturday.

Herbert Burchell has returned from the western part of the state, where he had been contracting during the winter.

Joseph Backus and Edward Finch left here Thursday for Superior to attend a grand pow wow of the Redmen's lodge at that place. Several went from Eveleth, accompanied by two candidates.

Leo Kilduff will return to the city shortly and assume his former position with Benny Levin. He has been in Dakota the past year.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Rogness last Sunday.

Miss Jessie Kerr, sister to Archie Kerr at Hall's Clothing store, has returned to her home at Hibbing, after a short visit here.

Mrs. S. A. Hendricks has filed on a homestead in 60-19 and will take up actual residence thereon in a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Anderson, parents of the Misses Johanna and Annie Anderson of this city, were down from the farm north of Mountain Iron during the fore part of the week.

Judge Martin has legal business in district court this week.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert B. Coates, Walnut street, Thursday morning.

Charley Oakman was over from Mountain Iron Thursday.

President-elect Nichols of Mountain Iron was a visitor here Sunday.

Supt. Murphy of the Virginia and Rainy Lake railway, accompanied by his brother, Dan., left Saturday for Canada in response to a telegram announcing the death of their mother.

Editor Field was down from Ashawa Wednesday.

C. C. Butler is going to erect a fine residence in the second addition this spring.

Peter Shipley left here Monday for Minot, N. D., where he will take up his farm duties again.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ketala mourn the loss of their infant son. The funeral occurred Tuesday.

Charles S. Montgomery delivered a splendid lecture on "One Sided People" at the Roosevelt high school auditorium, Tuesday night. A large attendance greeted the lecturer.

Houses or rooms to rent are at a premium in this city, the conditions making it necessary for many buildings to be erected this spring and summer.

Mrs. L. F. Radcliffe and daughter of Munising, Mich., arrived in the city Saturday and are now settled in the Sutherland house on Maple street. Mr. Radcliffe runs the Golden Gate saloon.

P. H. Sullivan, brother of Miss Kate Sullivan and Mrs. W. R. Byrne, has returned from a visit of several months in Arkansas and Kansas City.

Hibbing

Hibbing, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. A. A. French has been dangerously ill the past week.

D. G. Brose transacted business at Duluth, Tuesday.

C. W. Randall was among the Duluth visitors Friday last.

The high school orchestra had a pleasant social dance at the village hall last evening.

M. Mukey, who has been with S. O. Guser, at the cigar factory for some time, left for Duluth Monday noon.

Rev. C. H. Blake and Capt. Webb have been assisting Rev. Geer in special meetings at Chisholm this week.

W. S. Gilpin, superintendent of schools, was visiting with the Hibbing schools early this week.

Flossie, the daughter of Mrs. A. McLeod, has been quite ill the past two weeks.

Miss Holsnicht, who was here with the Bazaar store the last season, has returned from Chicago, where she has been for several months past.

Sunday will be promotion day at the M. E. Sunday school, and a general rearrangement of classes will take place.

Rev. Father Gannacho visited Duluth Thursday and Friday.

E. M. Smith transacted business at Duluth Tuesday of this week.

The Finnish band will give an entertainment at Papio hall, Sunday evening, March 26.

C. W. Hardin took a trip to the Little Fork country last week. He reports no sleighing this side of Bear River.

Misses Green, McKee Bass entertained several friends at their rooms in the Chicago flats Wednesday evening.

F. W. Tarvinan of New York Mills, this state, has accepted a position with R. L. Gillin at the latter's clothing store.

Daniel McNaughton met with a fatal accident at the Albany mine Monday evening. He was employed as pumpman at the mine, and some time during the evening he fell down the mine shaft and his body was not discovered until several hours later. The deceased was a native of Canada, and had resided here but a short time. The remains were buried from Ryder's undertaking rooms on Wednesday, Rev. Frank Durant conducting the services.

John Benson and Miss Hilma Halm were married Saturday evening, March 18, at the Central hall, by the Rev. John Truedson. After the ceremony refreshments were served and a social time had.

Patrolman Enright has moved his family from the Chicago flats to rooms in the Geary building on Pine street.

D. Tucker has leased the building formerly occupied by L. M. Burchett of the Swan River Logging company, and after having it fitted up will open a music studio.

About a dozen friends of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cole gave them a pleasant surprise at their home at the corner of Washington street and Fourth avenue Thursday evening. The occasion was the seventh anniversary of their marriage.

S. G. Stuart of Brainerd is visiting the family of P. F. McDonald this week.

S. Steinberg visited friends at Duluth over Sunday.

Mrs. H. R. Welrick, who has been in California during the winter, is expected to return to Hibbing in a few days.

Sargeant W. C. Nelson, who has had charge of the United States recruiting work on the range, returned from Ely and Tower the first of the week. He was one of those losing their belongings in the fire of the Vail hotel at Ely. Mr. Nelson expects to be transferred to other points early in May, and that recruiting on the range will cease for a time.

Lois Brudie has disposed of his property at 310 Washington street, and will move to his farm in the Bear River section early this season.

The ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church will hold a basket social at that church, at the corner of Center street and Second avenue, this evening.

The Drake & Stratton company will commence stripping operations at the Morris mine April 1, with three steam shovels.

The new village council held its first meeting Tuesday evening. An adjourned session was held last evening to appoint the various working committees.

The old township board met Tuesday afternoon and closed up its business. J. J. Cox succeeds Axel Sandberg as the new supervisor.

The Royal Neighbors had a pleasant social and literary entertainment at the hall Tuesday evening. Following the literary exercises a social dance was held, the music being furnished by Bersie's orchestra. The program was as follows:

Greeting Song .....
Miss Minnie Lawn.
Recitation—"Welcome" .....
Marla Keating.
Moving Pictures .....
Samuel Genon.
Song—"My Papa Was a Woodman" ....
Margaret Kritz.
Recitation—"The Courtship" .....
Earl Lapine and Edna Geary.
Duet—"Won't You Walt, Nellie, Dear" ..
Mrs. Edward Ivery, F. Saladin.
Dialogue—"The Road to a Boys' Heart" .....
C. Lapine, M. French, G. Kritz.
Song—"The Angels Are Calling" .....
Miss Minnie Lawn.
Reading .....
Miss Emma Gonon.
Recitation—"She Wants to be a Woodman" .....
Lillian Flarity.
Recitation—"Always in the Way" .....
Emma Geary.
Recitation—"Tommy's Prayer" .....
Earl Lapine.
Recitation—"Go to the Meeting, Mother" .....
Louise Lawn.
Song—"Under the Anheiser Bush" ...
Edna Geary.
Dialogue—"Our Coming Neighbors" ..
Edna Geary, Earl Lapine.
Dialogue—"At the Rural Gate" .....
Mrs. G. B. Nason, M. F. Saladin.
Song—"Sweet Clover" .....
Julia Lauzon.
Reading .....
Mrs. O. W. Randall.
Song—"My Dixie Sweetheart" .....
Miss Delia Grenon.
Recitation—"Convict Joe" .....
Mrs. G. E. Nason.
Recitation—"The Bridgekeeper's Story"
Recitation — "The Bridge Keeper's Story" .....
Julia Lauzon.
Song—"The Duel of Hearts and Eyes" ..
Miss Minnie Lawn.
Recitation—"A Sad Loss" .....
Marie Keating.
Piano solo .....
Miss Rafferty.

The entertainment was arranged by Mesdames A. A. French and Lucy Lapine, and was one of the most successful social gatherings of the season.

It is rumored that the Kelliher building on Third avenue has been sold and that the new owner will convert it into a firstclass hotel, for which it was originally intended.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Wring were given a pleasant surprise Thursday evening by about thirty-five of their friends. As their domicile was too small to entertain the party, they adjourned to the small hall at the Power theater, where a social hop was had. The visitors remembered Mr. and Mrs. Wring with an elegant easy chair, finely upholstered in leather.

Rev. C. P. Bates extends a welcome to every business man to attend the Presbyterian services Sunday evening and hear his addresses on "Business."

Proctor

Proctor, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Y. M. C. A. social given last Tuesday evening proved to be the success of the season, and Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Davis deserve a great deal of credit for the way in which they managed everything. The entire first floor was gotten up on the plan of a winter picnic, being turned into a log grove. Mrs. Vaun Leuvan rendered several selections on the piano, and Miss Stiener of Superior, who played the role of a gypsy fortune teller, did credit to her part; while last, but not least, the several pieces rendered by the Hay Seed band, under the leadership of F. D. Knight, were greatly appreciated. A great many have been trying to induce Mr. Davis to repeat it at the village hall in the near future.

Dell Brannon returned Wednesday from the Southern part of the state, where he has been for the past three months.

Fred Anderson returned from St. Mary's hospital Thursday and is again feeling like himself after undergoing an operation.

Miss Mae Jacobs, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. Kurtz, for the past ten days, returned home Friday.

A. Olson of Duluth visited in Proctor a few days this week.

William Thackey departed Thursday for Payne, Minn., where he will be employed at operator for D., M. & N. railway.

George W. Jollymore, who has been sick, is again able to be out.

Thomas Brannon, Jr., who underwent an operation at St. Mary's hospital, is reported to be getting along nicely.

Miss Dora Gilderman is confined to her bed on account of sickness.

Niel Cameron, who has been visiting relatives in Duluth for the past week, returned home Wednesday.

Roy Pauiu, operator at Burnett, visited in the village a few days this week.

The residence of Charles Booton was destroyed by fire last Wednesday morning. Mr. Booton had just lighted a fire in the kitchen stove, from which the ceiling caught in some manner, resulting in the loss of his home.

Charles Peterson, who has been on the sick list for the past week, is again able to be out.

William Simcock has his new residence on the East side about completed and will give a dance as soon as the finishing touches are made.

Misses Stella and Bertha Stiener of Duluth were the guests of their sister, Mrs. Van Leuvan, several days this week.

C. Anderson returned early this week from Tacoma, Wash., and has accepted a position as butcher in F. G. Sugg's market.

George Wombacker has purchased a residence at Bay View Heights and will move it to Proctor at once.

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Will Briggs, Jr., has made arrangements for securing a small tract of land and a tent, and will do quite a business this summer.

Mrs. C. J. Birch, Sr., is visiting friends and relatives in Duluth.

Chisholm

Chisholm, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The long bridge which spans the lake is built on piling and for some time it has been settling at a point about three-quarters of the way across. It has settled about two feet. The village council thought it high time to repair the damage before it gets any worse. C. F. Olson has charge of the work and is pushing it. Traffic is delayed only for a short time each day.

Tuesday evening, Capt. Webb of Hibbing gave an account of his conversion at the revival services being held in the M. E. church. Wednesday evening both he and Rev. C. H. Blake were here to assist the pastor in the work.

The Royal Neighbors entertained their friends on Tuesday night in Hermanson's hall. The hall was well filled and the people had a splendid time.

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Cloquet

Cloquet, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Hon. John Duncan came up from St. Paul and is the guest of his sister, Mrs. Peter Simpson.

Mrs. Thomas Carroll returned home from Virginia Friday, after a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Graham, and Mrs. M. T. Savage.

Mrs. Wm. McKinnon of Carlton, was calling on Cloquet friends Friday.

Arthur Smith of Superior spent Thursday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. McKeon Smith.

The Misses Whitney, Cross, King and Scott, teachers of the Cloquet schools, visited the Duluth schools last week.

Sherry Brownlee of Fargo was in Cloquet this week the guest of his mother and sister.

Last Friday, Joseph McCarty was taken suddenly ill and was taken to the Cloquet hospital and died about 11 o'clock Friday evening of heart failure. His father-in-law, his two sisters and two nephews arrived here Sunday and on Monday took the body back to the old home at Madison, Wis., being accompanied by Charles Murphy. They were escorted to the train by the Order of Redmen in which deceased was a member.

Walter L. Case returned from Washington, D. C., Saturday. He witnessed the inauguration of President Roosevelt, and while in Washington was admitted to practice in the United States supreme court.

M. N. Berg of Duluth, formerly of Cloquet spent a few hours in Cloquet on Sunday on a visit to friends.

Dick Rice came down from Virginia and spent Sunday with his family in Cloquet.

Thomas Mogan came down from camp Sunday, in response to the sad news of the death of J. E. McCarty.

Mrs. Chas. Edmondson is visiting friends in Duluth this week.

Fred Speechley has purchased a residence on Second street.

John Callahan, superintendent of the Star of Hope Mission, Duluth, is in Cloquet, and will hold revival meetings in the Methodist church for two weeks.

Miss Hart and her pupils of the first grade in the Lincoln school entertained a large number of guests last Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. Wm. Armstrong spent Thursday in Carlton.

Attorney H. S. Lord of Barnum, was a Cloquet business caller Thursday.

Wm. McKinnon of Carlton, was a Cloquet caller Monday.

Mrs. Chas. Holmberg is on the sick list.

A. R. Batson arrived home from camp Friday, looking hale and hearty.

Harry Armstrong returned home this week.

Thomas Mogan's camp closed down this week and the crew arrived in town Friday.

Harry Walker, an old resident of Cloquet, died very suddenly Thursday night.

John Monahan came down from camp and is spending a few days with friends.

Park Rapids

Park Rapids, March 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. D. Haraden, editor of the Hubbard County Enterprise, is in the hospital at Rochester, where he went to undergo an operation for appendicitis. The appendix was removed Monday and the patient is getting along nicely.

Rev. R. W. Harlow, who has been in the hospital for some time, is slowly recovering and will be able to leave the institution soon.

The Ladies' Library club met Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. W. R. B. Smyth and had a royal good time. Among the other features, the Calliopian orchestra furnished excellent music.

A St. Patrick's day card party at Mrs. Nary's was very much enjoyed by about thirty of the ladies. Mrs. George Rima took the first prize.

About fifty of the members of the Modern Brotherhood of America surprised Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Annette Wednesday evening and left some very fine silverware as a reminder of the occasion.

W. M. Kemerer, who now has headquarters at Crookston, came down last week for a visit at home.

It is reported that the township records of Hendrickson township were accidentally burned March

Our Young Folks' Page

"I Want My Big Toe."

A Story of the Blazing Beast.

BY MARY GRAHAM.

"Tell us a story, granny, dear," begged little Nell, snuggling close to her indulgent grandmother, who was seated on the sofa in front of the cheerful grate fire after supper.

"Yes, a story, grams," cried Billy, brother to little Nell, who just that minute came into the room munching the remnants of a bit of jelly cake. Then he took his seat on the floor at dear old grandma's feet, and, putting his curly head against her knee, settled himself for the story he knew would follow.

"A story?" And Grandmother smiled on the two little ones as she folded an arm about little Nell and lay a hand caressingly on Billy's head. How these children did delight in listening to the stories their grandmother told, for her stories were so different to those told by other people, or in story books and papers! They were always so old-fashioned, so queer, and sometimes they made the ears on Billy's head stand up quite straight.

But we must not wander from the story.

"Well, well," and the old lady removed her "specs": "what sort of a story must it be tonight?"

"A h-o-r-r-i-b-l-e story," suggested Nell, feeling safe so close beside this dear old protectress. "One what will give us the shivers."

"Yes, a thriller," bravely added Billy, not thinking of the hour when he would have to go to bed all alone—when the "thriller" would return with double force and cause him to cover his head very tightly and imagine most unreal things were about to happen to him.

But, here we are—getting outside the story path again.

Once upon a time (began Grandma) there dwelt in the great primitive forest there dwelt in the great primitive forest a man who had a wife, a little son and daughter. This man was a lazy, ignorant, cowardly fellow; too lazy, indeed, to clear and till the soil that he might furnish vegetable and fruit food for his family, so their only sustenance was the flesh of fish, fowl and animal, such as the man could find roundabout in the big woods, owing to the fact of his laziness he was forced to take more life to sustain life than would otherwise have been required of him.

One day his wife told him that the larder was empty of provisions, and asked him to go out and find something for the family to eat that they might not become ill through want of food. Shouldering his gun, the man set forth in quest of game, for his laziness did not master him when there was excitement of taking life. It is said that this savage man descended from cannibal ancestors.

As it was late in the afternoon the shadows were very deep under the giant trees, thick with their untrimmed limbs covered by interlacing vines and choked by underbrush. Thus it was difficult for the man to distinguish one object from another. But as he was in no wise particular about the kind of flesh he ate, one animal was as good as another. After wandering about, his keen eyes on the ground then on the tree limbs, a huge, dark, moving form caught his notice. There, away in the thickest part of a great tree it was half hidden away. Instantly the man raised his gun and fired. something fell to the ground a few paces away under the tree. He ran to the spot and picked up the object, which was about the size and shape of a large cocoanut, and which turned out to be a big toe from some strange animal's—or bird's—foot. Putting the bleeding member into his wildest skin game pouch the man hurried home, for hunger was gnawing at thought of the dainty and new kind of dish they would soon enjoy.

The woman had a fire of sticks blazing in the rough stone fireplace, and an immense iron pot hung over it full of boiling water, everything being in readiness to cook whatever the man might be fortunate enough to bring home. On beholding the big toe the woman fell back from it in terror, crying out: "Why, that's from the foot of the Blazing Beast! Death to any person touching it. I would starve—and see my children starve—before I would taste it."

Now, there was a legend among the forest people of that time and place that a great beast, part animal, part bird, as large as an elephant and having a beak like an eagle, eyes of fire and a flaming tongue, lived in the forest. Not only one such beast was there, but a great many of them. It was said that the "Blazing Beast" would do no one harm unless first attacked, but once having been hurt in any way it never rested day or night till it accomplished some awful revenge. It was told that once upon a time one of these beasts had been killed by a band of woodmen and parts of it eaten. The unbeaten parts gathered themselves together at night and became reanimated with life, and while the men slept it devoured them flesh and bone. The woman was familiar with the stories of the Blazing Beast, but the gluttonous man would not listen to her nor be guided by her warning. Since she stoutly refused to touch the big toe the man himself dressed it and put it into the boiling pot to cook. When it was done he ate it to the last shred of flesh, licking greedily the bone and nail. But his urging the children to partake of the toe had no effect on them, for their mother's warning was enough for them. With their mother they went to the brook near by the log cabin and caught enough fish for their suppers. The man sat by and laughed at the woman as she broiled the fish, saying: "When I bring you anything extra nice you are all such cowardly fools that you won't eat of it. Go on and swaller down your old fish; but none of it for me when I can get toe meat like that I just had."

By the time the second supper was cooked the night was setting in and darkness shrouded the little log cabin, seeming to curtain it from the rest of the world. As soon as the frugal meal was over the children crawled into their beds of dried leaves and marsh grass and fell asleep. Soon the man and woman followed the children's example and lay on their rude beds, but neither of them slept. The woman's eyes were open, her ears on the alert for that which she feared. The man was uneasy in his stomach, for the toe meat which had tasted so sweet to him during the eating had turned to bitterness and was on his tongue like gall.

After a few minutes of suspense to the woman and stomachache to the man a queer sound was heard as of swiftly rushing wings outside the cabin door, which had no shutter, and therefore was wide open. The woman hushed breathing and the man trembled with awful fear. As has been told, he was an arrant coward.

As the noise of passing wings ceased an awful voice shrieked through the cabin, filling it with a deafening sound: "I want my big t-o-e! I want my big t-o-e! I want my big t-o-e!" The man shook as with a chill, the woman also trembled and the children awoke, crouching down deeper into their beds of leaves and not during to even whisper a question as to the meaning of the dreadful noise that had roused them from their deep sleep.

After a few minutes of silence the man said in a hoarse voice: "Old woman, get up and go out and see what it is." Being the man's slave, the woman got up and went out, running all round the house and returning to say that she could see and hear nothing.

Just as she was settled in her bed again there came that terrible voice once more, and this time it shook the very walls and the roof over their heads: "I want my big t-o-e! I want my big t-o-e! I want my big t-o-e!" three times; then silence, as before.

Then the man, still shaking with fear and suffering awful pangs of pain in his stomach, raised his hoarse voice slightly above a whisper and said to his little son: "Boy, get up and go out and see what it is."

Like his mother, the boy was afraid to disobey, so he crept out of bed and ran,

A horrible beastlike bird, with eyes of fire, a mouth with a blazing forked tongue, flew on batlike wings down the chimney.

shivering, round the house, to return with the same report, that he could not see nor hear anything. But scarcely had the child slipped into his grass pallet again when the voice roared above them like thunder, this time rending the very forest and hills that stretched miles away and almost bursting the ear drums of the terrified persons who trembled in their beds. "I want my big t-o-e! I want my big t-o-e! I want my big t-o-e!"

After the echoes of the terrible and blood-curdling voice ceased the man once more gave an order, this time saying: "All three of you get up and go out and see what it is. Old woman, you look up on top the house; boy, you look down on the ground; girl, you look between the top and bottom. In this way the beast can't escape you."

For the third time he was obeyed without a murmur, for it would have been as much as their lives were worth for the woman and children to have hesitated in carrying out the man's commands. But the instant the man was left alone there was heard a terrible noise in the chimney and as he looked in that direction the most horrible sight met his eyes. Down the chimney came a "blazing beast," its eyes of fire looking right into the face of the man, who was speechless. Its tongue leaped like forked lightning and it flapped its batlike wings, making a deafening noise. One leap the huge, bird-like beast made toward the prostrate form in the corner and devoured it without a moment's delay; then back up the chimney it flew, crying in a triumphant voice: "I've got my big t-o-e! I've got my big t-o-e! I've got my big t-o-e!"

And the story is that never again was that Blazing Beast, or any other of its species, seen on earth, and it is supposed that they migrated to another planet—presumably the moon.

Billy drew a deep breath and said: "I hope they'll stay on the moon. I'd hate to run up against such a monster, sure I would."

"Well, I hope you'd have enough sense not to eat its big toe," dryly remarked Nell. "Did not granny tell you that the Blazing Beast never hurt anybody till that body tackled it?"

Billy made no response for a minute, then he said, "Is that all, grams?"

"Isn't it enough for tonight, dear?" smiled Grandma. "I fear that if two of the big toes had been served up for dinner our little man would have had bad dreams tonight."

"Oh, I know it's all a story," said Billy with a wise wag of his curly head. But he asked mama to let the light burn till he should fall asleep that night. He said the dark made him lonely.

slan wolves. Wonder what we'll have that's worth chewing?

Mary (joining Jack in his hilarious conduct)—So am I in a famished condition. I can eat as much as an ordinary family. What is there to eat, Blunder-bus? (Addressing Blunder who stands grinning at the capers of the children).

Blunder—U—m. Lots an' lots of goodies, H'i' Miss Mary. (Turning to Maimme) I wuz jest done goin' to ring de suppah bell when you all ringed you'n fer me to come quick. De grub's done ready foh de eaters, an' dat Irishmun female woman, Bridgit, is dis minit a carryin' of de meat. U—m—m. It smell powe'ful fine—sho, it do, Miss Mamy.

Fairyland Magic.

A One-Act Play for School Exhibitions.

BY MAUD WALKER.

Cast of characters: Fairy Queen, queen of the mountain fairies; Prince Otto, son of the fairy queen; Arlette and Apollo, girl and boy fairies and attendants on the queen; Maimme Grey, orphen heiress of 18; Jack Grey, 12 years of age, brother to Maimme; Mary Grey, 10 years old, sister to Maimme and Jack; Blunder Bumper, colored boy servant in the Grey home; Bridget, housekeeper and cook in the Grey home. Many small fairies of both sexes attendant on Prince Otto.

The scene represents a parlor in the Grey country house. Maimme is seated at a table in the center of the room sewing. Jack and Mary are seated on a sofa at the left side of the room reading from a large, pictured story book.

Jack—Gee whiz, sis, wish we could go to fairyland. Don't you?

Mary—Pshaw, Jack, there aren't any such things as fairies—real, live fairies, I mean. They're only in books—make-believe, you know. (Turning to Maimme, who is watching the children with some amusement) Am I not right, sister?

Maimme—Well, dears, I'm not so sure on that point. Sometimes I think there may be fairies in existence—somewhere in the clouds or the mountain tops.

Jack (rising excitedly)—Or in the big forests, Maimme. Yes, I'm quite sure there are fairies. Perhaps the Catskills are full of them, for those mountains are inhabited by a jolly fine lot of creatures. You know Rip Van Winkle found a queer set of fellows up there.

Mary (dropping the book on the sofa comes close to Maimme)—Really, sister, do you think for h-o-n-e-s-t there are r-e-a-l fairies?

Maimme (putting aside her work and rising, smiles indulgently on the little ones)—Now, sweethearts, don't get so excited. We read of fairies, but we have no proofs that they exist outside the mind that gave them birth. They may be wholly imaginary; again, they may inhabit unsettled regions—the Catskills, as Jack suggests. But (yawning lazily) I wonder if Bridget has supper about ready. I'm starved. I'll ring for Blunder and inquire. (Rings a small bell on the table. Immediately a portiere curtain over a door at the right is opened and Blunder appears, bowing low) Is supper almost ready for serving, Blunder?

Blunder (with another profound bow)—Yessum, Miss Mamy.

Jack (leaping about the floor)—Gee-whiz. I'm as hungry as a pack of Russ-

Maimme—Well, good Blunder, you need not go back to ring the supper bell. We will go at once to the dining-room. And, before you return to the kitchen to assist Bridget with the serving, please bring in the porch chairs and close the shutters for the night. Just see how dark it is growing out in the yard. I did not know it was so late. [Exits through the door at right.]

Mary (hopping and skipping toward the door)—I hope you spoke true, good Blunder-bus, for I'm in a condition to enjoy lots and lots of goodies. [Exits after Maimme.]

Jack (pauses and sniffs)—'Pon my honor, I do believe I smell sausages.

Blunder (slapping his knees and laughing)—Haw, haw, haw! your nose done tell de truf, Marse Jack. Dat's sarsages, sush as you's bohn.

Jack (running toward door)—And a good share shall be left for you, old Blunder-bus. [Exits.]

Blunder—Laws—y. I's dat hungry sence I done smelt dem sarsages I could eat a bar'l of 'em. An' der's sweet p-o-t-a-t-o-e-s! Um-m-m-m! Pears like I can mos' taste 'em. Neber was no nigger, nohow what lubed ter eat like dis bear one right heah. (Pats his breast.) Mr. Blunder-bus Bumper, esquire. Dat's mah name when I's out in sociity. (Sniffs his nose.) Huh, day's all eatin' de sarsages. Hope day won't forgit dis nigger has a t-r-e-m-e-n-d-u-s stummick ter fill. (Goes to the sofa and picks up the picture book that Mary had thrown down. Opens it and looks at the pictures.) Land-a-massy, pictures of fairies. I done heard Marse Jack and H'i' Miss Mary a sayin' there wasn't any sich folkses, an' den dey said dere was sich things. Uh, I don' believ in fairies. But I does believ in—s-p-o-o-k-s-e-s. (Looks round in a frightened way.) I've done seed spookses an' ghostly-goblins. But I wish a fairy 'd cum down through dis heah roof an' say to me, "Mr. Blunder-bus Bumper, Esquire, what will you have for supper?" I'd jest set me in that nice big chair an' say wif all my dignity, 'Fetch on the possum an' sweet pertaters, and a dozen sarsages, an' a pan full of hot biskets an' a jug of morlasses an'—(Stops and bends his head in a listening attitude.) Now, what's dat? Sounds fer all de worl like feetsteps a-comin'. (Listens attentively again, his eyes becoming round with fear.) Lor', have mercy on dis wicked nigger's soul. I done b'lieve it's feetsteps approachin'. An doun soun' like feetsteps of natcheral bein's! No—not n-a-t-c-h-e-r-a-l human's feethoofs. (Listens again.) Bress my brack soul! I'm skeared as white as snow! (Looks about as if intending to hide.) Wish Miss Mamy hadn't a left dis chile to fotch in de chairs an' shet de shetters. Reckon I'll smuck in behind de sofiar. (Just as he is about to crouch behind the sofa Fairy Queen with attendants Arlette and Apollo appear in the wide doorway at the rear of the room.)

Fairy Queen (addresses Blunder)—Good boy, we—my attendants and myself—have lost our way in the forest round about here, and as the night rapidly approacheth we fear to wander in unfamiliar surroundings, for these woods abound with wizards and witches who are our deadly enemies. If our master and mistress are within I should like to lay our situation before them and throw ourselves on their hospitality for the night. (Blunder stands trembling, his mouth and eyes wide wide; but unable to speak.)

Apollo (advancing into the room addresses Blunder)—Come, come youth of ebony. We do not intend thee any harm. Where are the master and mistress of this castle? The queen would speak with them at once.

Blunder (at last finding voice)—W'y, sah, dis ain't no castle, dis is de country house of my young missuss Mamy an' her brether Mastah Jack and de li'l' Miss Mary, sah. Weuns all is humans. What's you alls?

Fairy Queen—Why, my honest lad, we are fairies.

Blunder (still trembling in his knees and hands)—You all's s-h-o-a-h n-o-u-g-h fairies? Laws-sy! (Makes a few side movements towards the door at right as if to escape). I—I done b'lieve you all's ghostess. (Makes a final dash and exits).

Fairy Queen—Poor frightened boy. He looks upon us as dangerous. But let us sit down and await the master and mistress of the castle. (Sits on the big easy chair, Apollo rests himself against the arm of the sofa while Arlette wanders about the room looking at the pictures on the walls.)

Arlette—How strange it is to see the queer surroundings of ordinary mortals and to note the queer things in which they seem to take delight. Now—look at this bit of make-believe world (pointing to a large landscape on the wall)—a scene of mountains and forest and clouds—yet nothing of the kind exists in this room. One cannot climb these heights nor wander through the woods, for they are only that reflection as seen in the lake or brook on a clear day.

Apollo—Yes, how much more of the real in nature do we fairies enjoy. I would call this sort of life a prison, and a very tiresome one too, me thinks.

Fairy Queen—But all people cannot live alike. Were all mortals to become fairies like ourselves—or vice versa—how very monotonous this now beautiful and changing world, with all its novelties, would become. But—someone approacheth.

(Enter Maimme followed by Jack and Mary. They are all laughing lightly and do not see the strange visitors as the room is now quite dark, the lights having been slowly lowered during the conversation of the fairies, to produce the effect of dying daylight).

Maimme—Poor Blunder, how frightened he was over his imaginary spooks. Why, how—(pauses, seeing the fairies).

Jack (beholding the strangers, falls back and whispers to Mary, who clutches at his arm in fright)—Oh, Blunder didn't make such a blunder after all.

Mary—mercy on us! What can they be? (Maimme turns on light.) Fairy Queen (advances towards Maimme)—A thousand pardons, my fair young lady; but we poor fairies have lost our bearings and are benighted in a strange forest. We have made bold to enter and beg your hospitality till the Prince, my son, shall discover our whereabouts and come to our relief.

Maimme (extends her hand graciously to the Fairy Queen)—Welcome, thrice welcome, Fairy Queen, to our hospitality. That you are a queen I have no doubt, for not only your bearing, but your crown and wand pronounce you one. (Jack and Mary now advance a bit nearer and exchange looks of wonder and admiration with Arlette and Apollo.)

Fairy Queen—Yes, you speak quite true. I am queen of the Mountain Fairies. While out on a flower-hunting expedition today we became lost from the Prince Otto, my son, and his attendants. Seeing this human abode we made bold to approach and ask shelter for the night in the event of the Prince not overtaking us.

Maimme (in cordial and pleased tone)—Indeed, it is a great pleasure and honor for us to entertain the Queen of the Mountain Fairies. (Turning to Jack and Mary.) Come, children, add your voices to mine in welcome to our guests. Queen,

"Now, what's dat? Sounds fer all de worl' like feetsteps a-comin'."

these are my sister and brother. (Jack and Mary come timidly forward, each trying to push the other in front.)

Jack—Welcome, Mrs.—I mean—(Breaks off in confusion. Mary snickers and punches him in the ribs.)

Mary—Welcome, Fairy Queen of the Mountains. I'm glad to meet you and (turns, bowing to Arlette and Apollo) your children.

Fairy Queen (laughing)—These two nymphs are not my children, but dear little attendants. But let us thank you for your sweet reception of us poor fairies. (All bow low.)

Mary—Well, at first I felt afraid of you, but now I have fallen in love with you, instead. I hope your princely son won't find you for ever so long—

Jack (interrupting Mary and speaking in an aside)—Sh-sh-s-h! That isn't polite. Be more dignified toward a queen.

(A blast of trumpets are sounded outside and all assume listening attitudes.)

Fairy Queen—Oh, it is my son, the Prince Otto!

Mary—Isn't that lovely! I'm tickled to death to have a lot of real fairies visiting us. Wish we were fairies!

Maimme (to Mary)—Dear, don't forget your manners. (To the Queen) Let us invite the Prince to enter.

Jack (running to the door at the rear of stage)—Oh, here are a great crowd of them, sister; ask them in to stay as long as they can. (Claps his hands with joy. Prince Otto, followed by his many attendants, enters and takes his mother's hand, then bows to Maimme and the others. All the attendants line up in a row about the walls at side and rear of stage.)

Fairy Queen (introducing Prince O. to Maimme)—Prince, my son, our fair young hostess, who extends to us her warmest hospitality.

Prince Otto (taking Maimme's hand)—Fair lady, accept my greetings and appreciation of your kindness. (In an aside to his mother). This fair maiden is she of my dreams. She and only she may become my princess bride.

Fairy Queen—I quite approve your choice. By her loveliness and generosity she has won my heart.

Maimme (casting admiring, sly little glances at the Prince)—Pray all be seated. This house is yours. My two servants are at your command. (Rings the bell, whereupon Blunder thusts his head in through the portier, but does not venture in. His eyes are still bulging with astonishment). Blunder, fetch Bridget and enter the room. (Blunder withdraws).

Jack—Blunder is our most comical little nig. He's afraid of fairies. Isn't that absurd? (Goes to the Prince and lays his hand on his shoulder). Prince Otto, I wish I were a fairy, too.

Mary (full of eagerness)—Oh, so do I. Prince Otto (stepping to the side of Maimme, who rises, looking down in an

Price Otto (taking Maimme's hand)—Fair lady, accept my greetings.

abashed and pretty manner)—And would you also like to become a fairy, my dear young hostess? Long, long have I searched for you, for you have visited me in my dreams, both waking and sleeping. You, and only you, may share my lot. With all my heart I bend my knee before you (drops to one knee) and ask you to become my princess bride.

Maimme (earnestly and much impressed)—But, Prince Otto, would it not be more fitting for you to seek a fairy to become your bride? I—I am, alas, but a poor, human creature, full of human weakness and vanity. If I were only a fairy—(pauses and looks down. Prince Otto clasps her hands tenderly).

Prince Otto—But, if you may become a fairy, a fairy like myself, then what would your answer be, sweet one?

Jack (aside to Mary)—Why don't she say yes?

Mary (aside to Jack)—It wouldn't take me so long to answer. Wish I were a young lady, I'd say yes so quickly it would make the prince dizzy.

Prince Otto—With my heart in the balance, fair maiden, I await your answer.

Fairy Queen (comes forward and lays her hand on the clasped hands of Otto and Maimme)—Let me speak for my son, the Prince. He is of noble birth, and still more noble nature. His soul is as pure as your own and his heart as tender as his love is true. If you so desire it to be I have here the Magic Liquid that will instantly transform you into a fairy princess. (She takes a small phial from her breast and holds it up.)

Jack (to Mary)—The stupid! Why does she hesitate?

Prince Otto (sighing)—Ah, fair, sweet one, make only the choice which best suits you. But whatever that may be, know that forever my heart is yours.

Maimme—Ah, Prince, let me confess my love. Long have you been in my dreams, also. Long have I waited for my fairy Prince to come for me. If I become a fairy (turning to Jack and Mary) and if it pleases my brother and sister to do likewise—for I could not desert them—then my answer is, dear Prince Otto—(Pauses and drops her head.)

Mary (excitedly)—Yes! Say yes! Of course I wish to become a fairy, and Jack is just dying to be one, too. Aren't you, Jack?

Jack—You bet. (All laugh merrily at the children.)

Maimme (looking in the Prince's face)—My answer is yes, dear Prince Otto. (Turning to the queen.) And you shall be my dear fairy mother, and the mother to guide these wayward children, whose natures are as true and affectionate as their manners are reckless.

Mary (jumping up and down gleefully)—Then we are to all be fairies, and with the fairies stand; wings upon our shoulders and scepters in our hands!

Queen (lifting the phial, lets a few drops of liquid fall on Maimme's eyelids. Jack and Mary run to her and hold their eyes closed and receive a few drops on their eyes also)—Come, fairies, form the enchanted circle and chant the magic verse. (All the attendants form a circle round the Queen, Otto, Maimme, Jack and Mary and chant as they dance gaily round)—

Oh, magic drops of magic bliss,
Make a fairy of this sweet miss;
A princess she with Otto grand
Will wedded be in Fairyland.

Fairy Queen (waves wand and the attendants quietly pass in couples from the house, bowing to Otto and Maimme as they pass them in the center of the floor)—Now, we shall away to our home of sweet simplicity and love, where good deeds are the only labor of our lives. (Curtain at the right side opens, and Blunder dressing Bridget by the hand enters the room.)

Blunder (addressing Maimme)—Heah am dis female woman Irishmun, but I sho did hab a turrible time fotchin' of her. She's skeerd red-headed.

Bridget (her eyes bulging)—'Pon me sowl, Misses Maimme, is it the loiks iv these freaks with feathers growin' out iv their shoulder blades that you've took into your house? Well, thin, I'm foir parts unknown. Niver while me noime is Bridget Maloney will I associate with people what ain't people. (Jerks away from Blunder and makes a dash for the door.) Good-by, and bad 'cess to you all for a pack of idiots, humans and antihumans. I'm to town, bedad! (Exit.)

(All laugh heartily. Maimme turns to Blunder, who is doubling up with his mirth.)

Maimme—Well, Blunder, we—Jack, Mary and I—have decided to become fairies and live in Fairyland. Do you wish to go with us?

Blunder—Do dey eat in dat country? 'Cause if dey don't I hain' no hankerin' ter make the lightnin' change.

Prince Otto—But you'll become a fairy, then you will eat the food fairies like, which is the perfume of flowers, the morning dew on the thistle-down being their nectar. When you travel your steeds will be the winds, your chariot the woods. Your castle home will be roofed by the star-studded heavens and walled by the mountain sides.

Blunder—Would I—I—would I—I—would I—be—w-h-i-t-e, Marse Fairyman?

Prince Otto—If you wish it so.

Blunder (scratching his head)—Then I wouldn't be me no longer; I'd be another nigger. Nope, I reckon I doan want to change mah pussin, fer then I'd have to have another stomach, an' de one I'se got perzactly suits me when I gits the sort of fillin' it wants. But I'd like to remark dat no kind of stomick I could carry 'bout with me would eber be satisfied a-eatin' smells frum posies an' drinkin' doo frum thorn bushes. (Grins broadly and rubs his stomach.) Sweet pertaters, hoecake, possum, an' plenty of sich-like, is more to my notion, not mentionin' de pizen cakes.

Maimme (smiling on Blunder)—Very well, good old Blunder, you need not change your present happy mode of living. Stay right here and keep things going. Sometimes we may come back to play at being people for a few short hours and pay you a little visit—as our dear queen and noble prince have done tonight. So, good-by, Blunder. (Extends her hand to Blunder.)

Prince Otto (taking Maimme's hand on his arm)—Now, my princess, bride-to-be, we shall away to the happiest of all happy and good lives—that of the fairies. (Leads her from the room, with Queen, Arlette and Apollo following.)

Mary (giving her hand to Blunder)—Ta, ta, old Blunder-bus. I am glad you are so stupid that you do not realize the mistake you make in mistaking a human—a dark-complexioned one at that. Adieu! (Follows the others through the door toward the forest.)

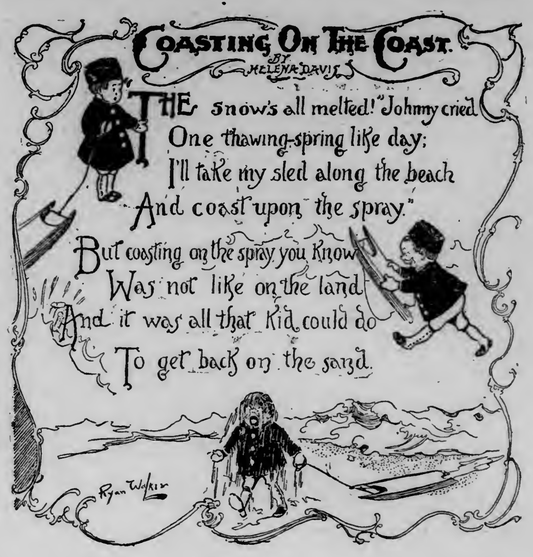
Jack—Now, I am the last to say farewell to you, good, faithful Blunder. Keep the pantry well stocked with provisions, for if I should find that fairy diet does not agree with my digestive organs, or that their table manners are too much for a fellow of my easy ways, back I come on the wings of the wind, and I'll sell my wings to a milliner to trim some lady's bonnet. Farewell. (Shakes Blunder's hand. Exit.)

Blunder (shades his eyes with his hand, looking after the retreating figures)—Well, jimlay-crimey! Wonder if I'm havin' a night hoss an' colt! White folks turnin' to fairies—fairies what don't e-a-t! (Scratches his head.) Wonder if I'm clean gone loghouse, as young Marse Jack use to say. (Sniffs his nose.) U-m-m, dat's de sarsages an' sweet pertaters I done smelt. Nope, ain't nothin' unnatural 'bout dat. Dey's de real, genewine articles. An' dey's no pussin now to watch me. I'll eat all I wants, den I'll jump onter a fether bed an' sleep till plum dinnertime tomorry. Ah, I 'sess dis nigger—Mistah Blunder-bus Bumper, Esquire—ain't no fool.

(Curtain.)

Coasting On The Coast.

BY HELENA DAVIS.


THE snow's all melted!" Johnny cried
One thawing spring like day;
I'll take my sled along the beach
And coast upon the spray."
But coasting on the spray you know
Was not like on the land
And it was all that Kid could do
To get back on the sand.
Ryan Walker

On Baking Day.

When mamma, she bakes pies and cakes
She let's me, don't you know,
Stand close beside and watch her work,
And gives me scraps of dough

I roll out all the little bits
An' cut 'em into shape,
An' on top of our big range
I put 'em fer to bake.

I cut my papa out all nice
Wif legs an' a big hat,
An' as he cooks he swells all up
An' gets most awful fat.

He loses shape, so mamma says.
By raising up so high;
She says he gets so awful light
It seems he wants to fly.

And when he comes, my papa dear,
At home to lunch, you know,
I run and show him to himself
All baked up fat in dough.

M. D. W.

CUT-OUT PUZZLE SHADOW PICTURE.

Fit together correctly the above parts, and there will appear a person of formidable aspect.

Answer given next week.

12 Pages. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 12 Pages.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, MARCH 27, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

BILL GIVING COMMISSION CONTROL OF NEW CAPITOL VETOED BY GOVERNOR

First Veto By Governor Johnson Approved By Republicans.

Senate Judiciary Committee Report On Code Nearly Ready.

Duluth Electric Light Bill May Be Recalled From the House.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor John A. Johnson this morning vetoed the Horton bill placing the control of the new capitol building in the hands of the capitol commission for the next two years, and appropriating $60,000 annually for its maintenance. This is his first veto. He did this after consulting with many leading Republicans, a number of whom advised the course he pursued. An attempt will probably be made to pass the bill over his veto, which will require a two-thirds vote of each house. Friends of the bill say that if no bill is passed it will still leave the building in the hands of the commission, with no appropriation.

* * *

There was barely a quorum of the senate this morning, and the calendar had to be passed over because of the small attendance.

* * *

Senator Somerville, chairman of the judiciary committee, secured the adoption of a resolution authorizing his committee to print its report on the revised code for the convenience of the senators. It will be ready in a couple of days.

* * *

The St. Louis county delegation recommended for passage Representative Skinner's bill taking Cook county out from under the jurisdiction of the Duluth municipal court.

* * *

Senator Calhoun had Senator Somerville's bill for an inheritance tax taken from the calendar and put back on general orders for more thorough consideration. He said that it was advanced to the calendar before the senate had had a chance to properly consider it.

* * *

The private banking bill was up in committee of the whole and Senator Shell secured the adoption of an amendment to the committee bill requiring private banks to publish statements of their condition just as state banks do. The bill was then laid over.

* * *

Senator Ricke's bill, increasing the salaries of district judges from $3,500 to $4,500 a year, was recommended to pass in committee of the whole. So was the Dorsey house bill requiring embalmers of the dead to take out licenses from the state board of health, and Senator Schaller's bill authorizing county commissioners to allow an expense account of $250 in counties where the pay is not over $1,200.

* * *

The senate was in session thirty-five minutes and adjourned until tomorrow.

* * *

There is talk among the St. Paul senators of calling back the Duluth electric light enabling act from the house that it may be considered by their delegation. It passed the senate under suspension of the rules the same day it was introduced, and as it applies to St. Paul as well as Duluth some of the senators who did not appreciate what it meant have threatened to have the bill called back from the house.

* * *

The house met at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

BIG LUMBER DEAL CLOSED

Weed Lumber Company Sells California Lands For $1,000,000.

San Francisco, March 27.—A big lumber deal involving the transfer of $1,000,000 is reported closed here. The property changing hands is that of the Weed Lumber company, consisting of large tracts of lumber land in Northern California with improved mills and twenty-four miles of railroad running out of Weed station toward the Klamath river district, to which its owners contemplate making an extension.

The purchasers are R. A. Long of Kansas City and several business associates in that place, among them W. F. Ryder, W. R. Hazen and C. W. Sweet, and a number of California persons, including George Ebinger of Los Angeles and George X. Windling of this city.

YOUNG WOMAN ENDS LIFE.

Chicago, March 27.—Suicide is believed to have caused the death of Miss Clara Hulbert, daughter of E. B. Hulbert, professor of divinity at the University of Chicago. The young woman who had been ill some time was found asphyxiated in her room. She was 25 years old.

GREAT LAKES TRADE SOUNDEST IN NATION

No Commerce Equal to It In Volume Anywhere In the World.

Cleveland, March 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—All things considered, the trade of the great lakes is the soundest and most satisfactory trade pursued in this country. It is at once the center and circumference of the iron industry of the United States, which as everyone knows, is the premier industry of the world, influencing the arts and sciences and every department of commerce more than all other industries combined. The transfer of ore from the Lake Superior country to the docks along the south shore of Lake Erie must always remain the staple trade of the lakes. That men of great perception and discernment have faith in it is evidenced by the fact that already five orders have been placed for giant vessels for the season of 1906 and additional orders are pending. This, too, in the face of the fact that the ship yards are busy upon 25 steamers of the largest size for this year's delivery, amplifying a fleet that is already adequate to a movement of nearly 40,000,000 tons of ore in a season of eight months. There is no commerce approaching these dimensions to be found anywhere on the face of the globe.

The movement of ore on the great lakes during the present year is expected to break all records. It is a foregone conclusion that it will do so and the utmost activity is being displayed everywhere to care for it. The weakness in this traffic is not with the shipping docks of with the vessels, but with the receiving docks. It is not as

(Continued on page 9, fourth column.)

TO ORGANIZE ALL WOMEN WAGE EARNERS INTO TRADES UNIONS

New York, March 27.—Raising their hands as a sign of fealty to the cause, 700 women have pledged themselves at a conference of the Women's Trade Union league, to help organize all the women wage earners of this country into trades unions. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Miss Jane Addams of Hull House, Chicago, addressed the meeting.

"The number is increasing of those optimists in this country," Miss Addams said, "who are porne to say that everything is right and will come out right in the end. But we who are working for the improvement of the condition of wage earners are inclined to think that the conditions of women need improvement, and that their condition will be bettered only as we concentrate intelligent thought among them."

The meeting was the public part of the first national convention of the Woman's Trade Union league, a private and exclusive meeting having been held earlier, at which officers for the ensuing year were reported upon by the nominating committee and announced at the public meeting. Mrs. Ellen Henroth of Chicago was chosen president. Besides representatives of the working women, there were present many persons well known in society and a number of settlement workers, who pledged themselves to help along the cause.

POPE PIUS HOLDS A SECRET CONSISTORY AT THE VATICAN

Rome, March 27.—The pope held a secret consistory this morning without creating any cardinals merely preconizing bishops. The only American was the Rt. Rev. Thomas F. Hickey, who was confirmed as coadjutor bishop of Rochester, N. Y. Mgr. Zobico Racicoti was confirmed as auxiliary bishop of Montreal, Que.

All the cardinals met in the hall of the consistory of the Vatican where there received the pontiff. The pontiff then delivered an allocution and immediately afterwards proceeded to the preconization of bishops. The allocution in moderate terms deplored the persecution from which the church suffered in some countries and complained of recent events in France, where, beside the diplomatic rupture between the republic and the papacy, the statesmen are preparing for the separation of church and state for which the pope asserted again, the Vatican was not responsible as had been alleged. The rupture was to be deplored.

The pope also referred to the persecution of the church in some of the South American republics, especially in Nicaragua and Ecuador, citing the laws passed by the last named republic against the church, providing for the confiscation of the property of the religious orders, interfering with the liberty of the religious associations and putting obstacles in the way of the appointment of new bishops. To offset this the pontiff mentioned the fact, that the arbitration between Chile and Peru had been entrusted to the papal representative which had caused the holy see much satisfaction.

A CLEVER COUNTERFEITING SCHEME IS DISCOVERED

New Haven, March 27.—Two men, supposed to be William Gober and Samuel Fastow of New York, were arrested early today at the point of a revolver in a boarding house here, where they had stopped three days. In their rooms was found a new counterfeiting outfit which had turned out several spurious one dollar bills, the police assert, almost as good as the genuine.

The people believe that an entirely new counterfeiting method has been discovered as the plan of turning out bogus bills is a departure from the engraved plate and other methods generally adopted. The plan apparently was to take a new bill, of any denomination, pour a fluid, said to be from Russia, over the bill, and then stamp the bill on plain sheets of specially prepared paper. After the pieces are pressed together for some time, the whole is taken off and placed on a cylinder, much the same as a record is placed on a phonograph. This is followed by an electrical process that makes a perfect reproduction on the white paper, and after a drying process the bill is peeled off apparently as good as the one from which the copy is made. The original bill is not spoiled, and the process, it is alleged, can be repeated as many times as desired.

NO NEGOTIANS FOR PEACE HAVE STARTED YET IN FRANCE

Paris, March 27.—The foreign office renews its assurances that nothing has been undertaken here relative to peace negotiations.

The Venezuelan status is unaltered, the officials here taking the view that no action will be taken until the Caracas court decides the question pending in regard to the concession of the French Cable company.

The police are exercising extensive surveillance over Russian refugees in Paris owing to reports that they are organizing to assist the revolutionary movement in Russia. It is claimed that much compromising correspondence has been seized, but the refugees assert that it is principally matter connected with the student agitations.

The surveillance follows continued rumors that Father Gopon is hiding in or about Paris.

The authorities here are seriously concerned about the mysterious disappearance of two official dispatch bags containing orders to the French squadron in the Indian ocean. The bags, which were forwarded to the captains of the French warships Infernet and Kersaint, and which are said to have contained orders relative to the movements of the Russian second Pacific squadron, disappeared between Port Said and Jibutil, French Semaliland. The investigations made have not resulted in finding any trace of the bags. Fears are entertained that they may have reached the interested in learning the plans of the Russian second Pacific fleet.

PRISONERS FREED

The Japanese Release Non-Combatants Captured at Mukden.

Rumors of Peace Continue To Float Around the European Capitals.

Washington, March 27.—The Japanese legation has received the following dispatch from Tokio:

"Of the Russian non-combatants, which fell into our hands at the battle of Mukden, the following were released:

"In front of our advance guard forty-seven men, ranking as officers; 358 men ranking as non-commissioned officers, nine nurses, two priests and four merchants attached to the army. Released at their desire in Chefu or Shanghai: Twenty-three men ranking as officers, twenty-three nurses, 298 men ranking as non-commissioned officers."

PRAISES RUSSIANS.

Marshal Oyama Says They Are Brave Fighters.

Yinkow, Wednesday, March 22, via Tien-tsin, March 27.—Field Marshal Marquis Oyama yesterday gave his first interview since coming into the field. He refused to discuss the probability of peace. "I am only a soldier," he said, "not a politician. The Japanese government will arrange terms of peace when the time comes. We were forced to fight this war in the interest of international peace and for the safety of our country. Personally, I have a high regard for Russians. They are soldiers. The officers and men are brave and able and have fought well. During the war between China and Japan I was a commander of the army which captured Port Arthur. With a division and a half of troops we took the city in five hours. The result this time shows the wonderful difference between the Russians and the Chinese, with whom we had previous experience. But our army, both soldiers and officers, performed their duty as Japan knew they would. I was minister of war for Japan for sixteen years, during which time conscription laws were passed. I have closely watched the making of the Japanese army, which has proved what I say, that the officers and the men have fulfilled every hope, as I believed they would in the older days, when the Japanese army was composed of the Samuri, professional fighting men. The modern army was drafted from all classes, yet all our hopes have been fully realized by the work this army has done in actual war."

Field Marshal Oyama declined to discuss the future movements or plans of the Japanese army. He intimated that he was ready to continue the war as long as necessary.

Despite the reports to the contrary, Field Marshal Oyama's health is excellent. With his staff he is comfortably quartered in fine Chinese houses, placed at his disposal by the Chinese viceroy.

PEACE IS IN THE AIR.

Reports From All European Capitals Indicate It.

London, March 27.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to the Reuter Telegram company states that the majority of the council of ministers is agreed on the principle of the opportunities of initiating steps in the direction of peace, and correspondents in the principal European capitals all report that peace is in the air.

According to arrangements which are still liable to revision, King Edward will leave London on April 6. He will join Queen Alexandria in Cologne, and thence their majesties will go to Copenhagen telegraphs that so far as known King Edward's visit has no connection with Russian-Japanese pour parlers, but that King Christian strongly favors peace, and should the dowager empress of Russian also come to her father's birthday celebration it will be regarded as a signal of a peace conference at Copenhagen.

It is reported that M. D'Isolwisky, the Russian minister to Denmark, left St. Petersburg Saturday for Copenhagen.

According to the Daily Telegraph's correspondents at Kobe, who reports having interviewed the American officers and foreign correspondents captured at Mukden and who have just arrived at Ujin, they all were surprised that no armistice of peace proposals had been made. They combine previous statements that nobody had the least idea that retreat was imminent until Gen. Kuropatkin's order was suddenly received late on March 9.

TO ARREST BOODLERS

Nebraska Legislative Committee Asks Police Powers.

Lincoln, Neb., March 27.—The special committee of the Nebraska state senate which is investigating the charges made by an Omaha newspaper that a $5,000 boodle fund had been raised by county officers in the state to help insure the passage by the legislature of a bill which would enable the present county officers to hold their places two years longer, under a four-year tenure plan, has asked for power to make arrests. This means, it is said, that an official of Omaha is to be arrested and brought to the bar of the senate on the charge of acting as go-between for the persons interested and a certain member of the legislature.

VICE PRESIDENT ACTS.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, March 27.—Vice President Baquerizo Morena has assumed the executive power, President Plaza retiring to the town of Pomasqui for ninety days on account of the delicate state of his health. It is believed that the vice president will recognize the Republic of Panama.

MAN HURLED THROUGH FORTY FEET OF WATER BY EXPLOSION IN TUNNEL

MRS. CHADWICK IS FORCED TO DRESS

Plea of Sickness Had No Effect on Hard Hearted Officers.

Cuyahoga County Historical Society

Cleveland, March 27.—Mrs. Chadwick was not in court at 9:30 today, the hour set for the beginning of the arguments on the motion for a new trial. When the deputies called at the county jail to take Mrs. Chadwick to the federal building, she announced that she was suffering with neuralgia and that she could not be dressed. The government officials, however, insisted that her presence was necessary and after much coaxing and threatening she finally concluded to get dressed and later, accompanied by two deputies, entered the courtroom. J. P. Dawley, senior counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, at once began his argument for a new trial.

THREE CONSPIRATORS HELD WITHOUT BAIL

Court Renders Decision In Breathitt County Cases.

Lexington, Ky., March 27.—Judge James Hargis, his nephew, Elbert Hargis, and Sheriff Ed Callahan of Breathitt county, were held today without bail on charges of complicity in the feud murder of James Cockrell in Jackson, Ky., three years ago, while Senator Alex. Hargis, arrested in the same connection, was released on $15,000 bail. The decision was announced today by Judge Parker of the Fayette circuit court, who heard testimony last week on the question of bail, and the trial of the case will be held at the present term of court. Cockrell was shot and killed from the courthouse window at Jackson, and Curtis Jett, who had been convicted and sentenced to death for connection with the crime, was on Saturday granted a new trial, while Tom White is under life sentence for complicity in the crime.

RETURNED BOY WILL SAY NOTHING

Chicago, March 27.—Frank Ely Rogers, who returned suddenly to Evanston yesterday, nearly four years after the mysterious disappearance of himself and his aunt, Miss Florence Ely, from the home of Charles Rogers, the lad's uncle, maintained silence today as to his whereabouts and doings since leaving his uncle's Evanston home in July, 1901. The boy is said by his father, James C. Rogers, to have denied being with Miss Ely and to have denied seeing her since leaving home. "I have learned nothing more from Frank," said Mr. Rogers today. "He has been in Pittsburg and I think in other Eastern cities. I am not going to bother him with questions and when he gets ready to tell me all he wants to say I shall listen."

SHIP BREAKS DOWN ON FIRST TRIP

Norfolk, Va., March 27.—The United States cruiser Galveston, which sailed from the Norfolk navy yard for Galveston, Texas, last Thursday on her maiden voyage for the purpose of "shaking down" her machinery, returned to the nay yard today, having put in to the Virginia capes yesterday. The cruisers' return, it was said at the office of Rear Admiral Harrington, commanding this station, was for repairs to her machinery, which had a slight break when the vessel got three or four hundred miles down the coast.

It was further stated that the necessary repairs would at once be made to the Galveston and that she probably would be ready to proceed South again within a few days. It was positively stated at the admiral's office that the damage to the Galveston is in no way serious.

SAVED BY BAD AIM OF ASSAILANT

Warsaw, Russian Polland, March 27, 1:58 p. m.—Baron Von Nolken, chief of police of Warsaw, who was injured by the explosion of a bomb yesterday, owes his life to the bad aim of his assailant who threw the bomb behind instead of underneath the carriage. The body of Von Nolken is full of innumerable splinters of the bomb. His assailant has not yet been arrested.

The man who previously threw a bomb into the police station at Praga, a suburb of Warsaw, injuring six policemen is believed to be dying. He was injured by a fragment of the bomb as well as by bullets fired at him by the police. He refuses to reveal his identity but declares himself to be a Socialist. The greatest excitement prevails throughout this city.

SHIP HAS VERY SEVERE PASSAGE

New York, March 27.—Three days behind her record time for the passage, the Hamburg-American line steamer, Pretoria, came in today from Hamburg with a story of extremely severe weather on the Atlantic. Constant westerly gales and head seas, varied only by periods marked by an increase in the adverse conditions, was, in brief, the Pretoria's experience as related by her officers. One life was lost, that of a seaman, who was blown into the sea during a hurricane. The Pretoria's passenger list was increased by three during the voyage. All the births were in the steerage quarters.

Among the passengers was Lieut. A. Vargyos of the Russian army. He is going to San Francisco to look after Russian transport affairs.

ANOTHER EXPOSITION TO BE HELD IN 1907.

Washington, March 27.—Before President Roosevelt starts on his Southwestern trip next week, he will issue a proclamation inviting foreign nations to participate in the vicinity of Hampton Roads in celebration of the settlement of Jamestown, Va. This is in compliance with a request from Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, president of the exposition company and Senator Daniel of Virginia, who called on the president recently.

STARVATION THREATENS.

London, March 27. — Starvation threatens Armenia, according to advices from Van, received today by the Bible Lands, or Turkish Mission Aid society from the local agents of the society. The message read: "Suffering from poverty. General food supply in many villages nearly exhausted."

EXCITED AT SEBASTOPOL.

Sebastopol, Crimea, March 27.—The news of the disorders at Yalta greatly excites the local population. According to the latest reports the chief of the populace of Yalta has been seriously wounded. Warships and three companies of soldiers are being sent there. Passengers bound for Yalta are remaining here.

LONDON CORRESPONDENT ATTACKED AT TANGIER.

Tangier, Marocco, March 27.—Walter B. M. Harris, the correspondent of a London newspaper, was attacked by a native while in the British postoffice today. His assailant, a Moorish hotel guide, suddenly rushed upon him with a knife which, however, struck the ring of Mr. Harris' watch and slightly wounded him in the stomach. Mr. Harris says he is not aware of any reason for the attack.

Continued On For Twenty Feet After Leaving the River.

Was Picked Up But Little Worse For His Trip.

Compressed Air Explodes With Terrific Violence Under East River.

New York, March 27.—Blown through a break in a tunnel in the East river by an explosion today, carried to the surface of the water and shot twenty feet into the air, Richard Creedon, a laborer, was rescued only slightly hurt. His escape from death seemed almost miraculous. Three of his companions were rescued in the tunnel and carried out, all painfully but not seriously injured.

Contractors say that this is the first instance in which the workmen have escaped with their lives when a submarine and subterranean tunnel has burst and been filled by water. There have been numerous instances in which the men have lost their lives.

The tunnel in which the men were at work is to be used eventually to connect the Manhattan subway lines with the Brooklyn subway lines. Two tubes, side by side, are in process of construction.

The Brooklyn end of one of the tubes has been extended about fifteen feet beyond the end of the pier line at the foot of Joralemon street. Twenty-two men were working in the tunnel today when the accident happened. Creedon and his three companions were in the forward compartment working under a high pressure of air. In a compartment back of them the other eighteen men were at work. This second compartment was not affected by the accident as there is a bulkhead between them. Creedon was the first to ascertain that the roof of the tunnel was leaking and that the air was rushing out into the bottom of the East river which was about forty feet deep above them. With sand bags he attempted to plug the leak but as he did so the whole roof was blown out and the tremendous force of the compressed air drove Creedon out through the hole.

The upward rush of air carried him to the surface in a twinkling and Creeden shot into the air with great force. Bystanders quickly fished him out of the water.

ATTEMPT TO KILL PRIEST

Mystery Surrounds Efforts To Assinate Winnipeg Clergyman.

Winnipeg, Man., March 27.—Mystery surrounds a sensational attempt to murder Rev. W. Blozowiski, priest of an independent Polish church, at 2 o'clock this morning. As he sat at a table in a lower room of his residence two shots were fired from the street, crashing through the window within a few inches of his head. One of the bullets struck an oil lamp which set fire to the room, the contents of which, including several valuable oil paintings were destroyed.

Since coming to Winnipeg, Blozowiski has been active in religious controversies among the Poles with the result that he has incurred the enmity of some factions among the foreigners here.

NO DANGER TO GERMANY FROM UNITED STATES..

Berlin, March 27.—Privy Councillor Goldberger, author of "The Land of Unlimited Possibilities," is about to publish simultaneously in Berlin and Brussels a pamphlet entitled "The American Danger," which is a continuation and supplement of his book. He compares the economic forces of the United States and Germany from various standpoints and, although recognizing the resources, technical equipment and capabilities of the United States, he concludes that the American danger does not exist for Europe and especially not for Germany. Herr Goldberger contends that the commercial relations of the United States and Germany ought to be readjusted by a reciprocity treaty.

ILLINOIS MAN PLEADS GUILTY OF MURDER..

Joliet, Ill., March 27.—William Rapson, the New Lenox farmer, who in January last shot and instantly killed his son, Herbert and his son's wife, and then attempted suicide today, pleaded guilty before Judge Dibbel to two indictments for murder. Before determining Rapson's sentence the court will hear evidence in the case. The hearing began today.

SHOT IN THE BACK.

Lexington, March 27.—Simeon Lee was found dead on the roadside today, having been killed by a heavy charge of buckshot fired into his back. Warrants have been issued for Thomas Stour, Sr., Thomas Stout, Jr., and Lucien Stout, colored, who had quarreled on Sunday with Lee over some tobacco land.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Manufacturing Gold and Silversmiths.

Announcement Extraordinary

Tuesday, March 28th
WE ANNOUNCE A SPECIAL SALE OF

CLOCKS

Including all the Clocks in the house.

Wednesday, March 29th
WE ANNOUNCE A SPECIAL SALE OF

Plated Hollow Ware

Including all of our Tea Services, Waiters, Baking Dishes, Bread Trays, Candelabras, Fern Dishes, Sugar and Cream Sets, Bon Bon Dishes, Five-o'clock Coffee Sets, Dessert Sets, Children's Cups, Napkin Rings, Cracker Jars, Comports, etc.

Thursday, March 30th
WE ANNOUNCE A SPECIAL SALE OF

Solid Silver Flat Ware

Including all the latest patterns, fancy pieces such as Salad Forks, Berry Sets, Child's Sets, Oyster Forks, Carving Sets, Olive Sets and all of our Knives and Forks, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Table Spoons, Bon Bon Spoons, Pickle Forks, etc.

Friday, March 31st
WE ANNOUNCE A SPECIAL SALE OF

CUT GLASS

Including all our Vases, Bon Bons, Berry and Salad Bowls, Tankards, Cigar Jars, Water Bottles, Cologne Bottles, Sugar and Cream Sets, Celery Trays, etc.

Saturday, April 1st
WE ANNOUNCE A SPECIAL SALE OF

Plated Flat Ware

Including all of our Knives and Forks, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Table Spoons, Soup Spoons, Oyster Forks, Pickle Forks, Carving Sets, Berry Spoons, Cold Meat Forks, etc.

We do not hesitate to make the assertion that this event will outclass any similar sale ever conducted by any concern, wholesale or retail, in point of volume, assortment, quality and lowness of prices. The entire stock of all the leading manufacturers will be sold at a fraction of actual worth.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

334 West Superior Street, Providence Building.
Factory—Corner Fourth Avenue West and Michigan Street.

TO ANNOUNCE TARIFF

In Few Days By Mutual Transit Company.

The tariff schedule of the Mutual Transit company has been fixed and will be announced in a few days. The East-bound rates will go into effect April 1 and the West-bound schedule will be effective April 10. The company's boats are at Buffalo with the exception of the Northern Wave, which is at the Freeman mill undergoing repairs. The captains and engineers of the boats will be the same as last year with the exception of a new engineer, August Nagelvoort, on the Northern King. The list of captains and engineers follows:

North Star, captain, George Hayward; engineer, W. T. Pike. North Wind, captain, E. R. Blaine; engineer, Thomas Jackman. Northern King, captain, C. E. Leath; engineer, August Nagelvoort. Northern Light, captain, Scott B. Worden; engineer, John Dee. Northern Queen, captain, W. H. Stevenson; engineer, P. J. McGinnis. Northern Wave, captain, L. D. Cartwright; engineer, J. J. Darcy.

Burdock Blood Bitters gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

PLACED ON RECORD

Aldermen Will Declare Sentiments On Court House Question.

Will Consider Ordinance Forbidding Auction Sales on Jewelry.

The council this evening will be compelled to put itself on record as either favoring or opposing a combined city hall and courthouse.

Several weeks ago Mayor Cullum submitted a communication to the council urging the desirability of such a combination. Last Monday evening, however, President Haven submitted a resolution declaring the council to be opposed to such a move, owing to the expense and the fact that the present city hall could be made to answer the requirements by the addition of an extra story.

The motion was laid over for one week at the request of its author, and it will be taken up this evening under the head of unfinished business. The stand of the different aldermen on the much-discussed courthouse question will then become known.

* * *

Alderman Chesney's amendment to the ordinance governing auction sales; will come up for discussion this evening, and if favorably considered will be placed upon its final passage. It prohibits the auction sale of any jewelry within the city limits, and was introduced at the request of the retail jewelers, who claim that the auction sales which are now being conducted in the city, are little better than confidence games, concocted to fleece the woodsmen out of their money. The amended ordinance was given its first reading last Monday evening, and seemed to meet with the approval of most of the aldermen. Some of the men who conduct the auction sales will doubtless be present tonight to protest against the passage of the ordinance, and give their side of the case.

* * *

Manager Case of the water department will probably submit a report of the cost of certain water extensions, and the board of public works will report several paving and sewer petitions which have been presented during the last week.

COLDS LEAD TO PNEUMONIA

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25cl

Duluth's Best Dressers

Are the ones who most appreciate the excellence of the garments being turned out by Mellin & Company, on First street, opposite the Board of Trade. style, character and individuality are the characteristics of the clothes made by the new firm, and the prices are always moderate. Particular men who insist on the best at a reasonable figure are the firm's strongest admirers. Mellin & Company invite all interested in the subject of good clothes to call and inspect their fine spring display of imported and domestic woolens.

It dulls the scythe of Father time, drives away wrinkles of approaching old age—the elixir of life, that puts hope in the human heart—Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

WHEREVER you go—if it's a Gordon Hat you'll be proud of it.

Gordon

GORDON Hats are worn by men who can afford to wear the best hats made. That doesn't mean that they pay a fancy price. Some hats sell for more money but they aren't one whit better.

Gordon Hats $3

RESCUE DEER

Men at the Fish Hatchery Save If From Dogs.

Animal Is Now Being Nursed Back To Health.

After being chased out on the ice by wolves, and almost killed by several ferocious dogs, a deer was rescued last week by the employes of the United States fish hatchery at the mouth of Lester river.

The deer is probably the one that was seen several days ago running through Lester park, with several wolves at its heels. It ran out on to the ice, and was lost sight of by the two men who witnessed the chase.

One afternoon last week, several dogs were seen surrounding some object out on the ice in front of the fish hatchery. The men employed there ran out and discovered the body of a deer stretched on the ice, while the dogs were tearing at the tender flesh.

The deer, which was apparently a doe about two years old, was still living, but was completely exhausted, and would soon have been finished by the dogs. The men drove the dogs away and carried the frightened animal into the fish hatchery. It was too weak to eat solid food, and since that time the men have been feeding it milk and oatmeal from a bottle. It has been thriving under their care, and there is now every prospect of its recovery.

The men believe it was the same deer that was chased through Lester park by the wolves. They think that it managed to escape its pursuers, and was returning exhausted from the chase when it was set upon by the dogs.

Negotiations are being made with the game warden with a view to securing the privilege of keeping the deer in Lester park this summer. A space has already been enclosed near the pavilion and the animal would prove a constant source of delight to the many children who visit the park during the summer, and would be quite an addition to the little belongings at a zoo that have been already made.

Treatment For Falling Hair.
Knauft Sisters' hair store. Both 'phones.

D. G. BLACK MAY BE ADVANCED

Rumor That He May Be Brought to Minneapolis.

D. G. Black, general agent for the Great Northern road at Pittsburg, and formerly traffic manager for the Marshall-Wells Hardware company of Duluth, is, it is said, in line for promotion to the position of general agent at Minneapolis, a position which has been made vacant by the appointment of A. G. McGuire, former general agent, as assistant general freight agent. Mr. McGuire will have headquarters at St. Paul. No one has yet been named in connection with the Pittsburg office.

Railroad Notes.

H. A. Tuttle, well known in Duluth, and for many years general manager of the North American Telegraph company, has been appointed general superintendent of telegraph for the Soo road, according to a circular issued by General Manager Kennington. The appointment will take effect the first of April.

Edward Digie, who for several years past has been general yard master for the Omaha at Itasca, has been appointed trainmaster, with jurisdiction over Itasca, Superior and Duluth terminals, the appointment to become effective April 1.

Formal announcement has been made from the general office of the Omaha road that the headquarters of the Wisconsin division will be transferred from St. Paul to Eau Claire April 1.

General Agent Manchester, acting for the Great Western road at Winnipeg, will succeed H. D. Weber as traveling freight agent of the same road. Mr. Manchester's place in the Canadian city will be taken by D. Morrison, at present chief clerk of W. E. Pinckney.

CZAR RECEIVES McCORMICK.

St. Petersburg, March 27.—The emperor and empress received Mr. McCormick, the retiring American ambassador, in audience in the palace today. The ambassador subsequently was received by the dowager empress. The empress and both empresses presented their portraits to Mr. McCormick.

SITUATION WORSE AT YALTA.

Yalta, Crimea, March 27.—The situation here is becoming worse. Rioters have destroyed nearly all the warehouses and vodka shops and the police station and a number of shops have been set on fire. Troops are guarding the postoffice and treasury building. The arrival of reinforcements of soldiers is expected momentarily.

MEN CLAIM WAGES

Two Woodsmen Sue Powers-Simpson Company Of Hibbing.

Allege Company Had Them Sign Contract Neither Understood.

The trial of civil actions to recover wages claimed to have been withheld in the aggregate of about $40, by Sam Larson and George Jenson against the Power-Simpson company of Hibbing, was begun today before Judge Cant. Although the amounts involved are not large, the suits are based on allegations of a somewhat unsuual nature.

Larson and Jenson, who are woodsmen, claim that they hired out to the logging company, last winter, through a local employment agency, paying a consideration for their labor tickets and their railroad fares to Hibbing. It is alleged that they started work for the company with the understanding that they were to get $26 per month each, if they worked but one month, and $30 if they staid for some length of time.

The woodsmen claim that when they began work a large number of men were hired, and they were presented a paper to sign, which they did, without understanding the nature of contents, neither man being able to read English. After they had worked about a month the men claim that some trouble arose, following which they quit, the company refusing to pay them wages for the time they had been employed, basing the refusal on a written contract that the men had signed, by which they agreed that if they did not stay all the season they could collect no pay. When they quit Larson and Jenson claim that they had each about $20 due them, one of the men having traded out $1.70 at the company's store.

The woodsmen are represented by John Jenswold, Jr., and the logging company by Martin Hughes of Hibbing.

The personal injury case of Andrew K. Love against C. R. Ash is being heard by a jury in Judge Dibell's room.

Love, who was formerly a sawyer at the Ash mill in Virginia, had a leg broken in jumping from a runaway saw carriage at the mill last summer. He alleges that the accident was due to the failure of some of the machinery to work properly, and has sued Mr. Ash for damages in the amount of $5,000.

John Jenswold, Jr., appears for Mr. Love and Miller & Clapp and Washburn, Bailey & Mitchell represent Mr. Ash's interests.

BY THE TONIC ROUTE.

The pills that act as a tonic, and not as a drastic purge are DeWitt's Little Early Risers. They cure Headache, Constipation, Billousness, etc. Early Risers are small, easy to take and easy to act—a safe pill. Sold by all druggists.

Informal Dance

on Monday Evening of Each Week.

Beginners' Class on Tuesdays and Fridays by Professor Dooley, at Odd Fellows' Hall.

SEVERAL PLANS ARE PRESENTED

To Satisfy Claims of Foreigners Against San Domingo.

Washington, March 27.—Mr. Dawson, American minister at San Domingo, has cabled the state department to the effect that the Dominican government has had before it several plans for the satisfaction of claims of foreigners, to tide over the hiatus caused by the failure of the senate to act upon the Dominican treaty. The Dominican government has about concluded to install foreign agents in the custom houses, to collect revenues, 45 per cent of which are to be applied to the maintenance of the government, and the remaining 55 per cent to be placed on deposit, subject to disbursement among the foreign creditors in the future, after the senate has had an opportunity to again consider the treaty. This proposition was the subject of a conference at the White House today, between the president, Secretary Taft, Senator Lodge, Senator Spooner and Acting Secretary Adee, but it was stated that no conclusion has yet been reached. It is not quite clear from Minister Dawson's dispatch just what part he has played in bringing about this agreement, but it is gathered that it has not yet been consummated, and it is certain that he has not signed any formal undertaking binding his government. It is probable that further information will be required as to the details of the agreement before it is approved here.

DR. McLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM CURES LIVER AND KIDNEY ILLS.

Your Druggist sells this famous remedy.
DROP US A POSTAL AND WE WILL MAIL YOU
FREE
OUR BOOK
SOUND SENSE FOR THE SICK AND THE WELL
THE DR. J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.
St. Louis, Mo.

Gray-Tallant Co

The Newest Spring Dress Goods.

THE Dress Goods Store is actually bubbling over with new spring fabrics; with the shepherd checks in old and new cloths; with all the blues and greens and browns; with

Mohairs,	Arizola Cloths,	Aeoliennes,
Tamise Cloths,	Crepe de Paris,	Saviola Cloths,
Mannish Worsteds,	Mohair Armure,	Showerproof Cloths
Broadcloths,	Empress Cloths,	Lansdownes,
Coverts,	Panamas,	Crepe de Flandres,
Embroidered Crepe,	Serges,	Venetians.

Two of the Newest Fabrics.

SHEPHERD CHECK LANSDOWNES combine the popularity of the famous Lansdownes and the new shepherd checks—which are brought out in very soft effects in this beautiful fabric. Has the exquisite finish that has made all of William F. Read's Lansdownes so sought after. You should not miss seeing these pretty blue, brown and black checks, the first time you're shopping—42 inches wide $1.25

MOHDELAINE—A NEW MOHAIR. Mohairs will climb still higher in popular favor with Mohdelaine to reinforce them. It has divested the mohair of a trifle of its wiriness—is a little softer and more clinging, but has all its wear-resisting, dust-repelling qualities and lustrous finish. It is of medium weight and wont wrinkle or crease—44 inches wide..... $1.25

Housekeepers' Specials

59c Sheets Tomorrow 45c
72x90 inch sheets—well made from good sheetings with no dressing—a good value at 59c.

12½c Curtain Swiss at 7½c
Another lot of mill ends, 2 to 10 yards long—equal every way to the first lot you'll remember.

$1.75 Fringed Bedspreads $1.39
100 cut corner fringed bedspreads—extra large size—honey comb or Marseilles patterns.

Odd Sets Napkins at Less
Come tomorrow expecting large reductions on these odd sets of ½ dozen napkins. You'll find them.

15c Linen Huck Toweling 9c
Very heavy linen huck toweling—a good 15c quality—little more than half tomorrow.

75c Table Damask 47½c
72-inch extra heavy cotton table damask—will give lots of wear—pretty designs.

LEAVE BRUTAL STEPFATHER

Three Sobcziak Children Committed to State Public School.

On petition of the board of county commissioners, and with the consent of an older married sister, the three step children of Andrew Sobcziak, were this morning committed to the state public school by Probate Judge J. B. Middlecoff.

The stepfather will be remembered as the Gnesen farmer who was fined $100 in municipal court some weeks ago for beating his wife. The woman afterward died from the effects of the beating she received.

The children, who were by a former husband, Andrew Herman, from whom the mother was divorced before she married Sobcziak, are 13, 11 and 9 years old, respectively.

Since their mother's death they have been taken care of by an older married sister. The sister, however, is not in circumstances to warrant her in longer caring for her relatives and she has consented that they become state charges. The oldest of the trio is a boy, the two younger being girls.

REPORT UNTRUE.

Grand Duke Alexis Has Not Fled From Russia.

St. Petersburg, March 27.—The report published that Grand Duke Alexis had fled from Russia incognito is untrue. He has not left St. Petersburg.

As showing the faith existing in remote sections of Russia that imperial rescript of Dec. 20, reassures the establishment of a parliament, petitions are already being received addressed to the "national assembly" and last week the parents of school children at Ekaterinoslav, South Russia, met and adopted formal resolutions for submission to the parliament asking for the enactment of laws giving the public a share in the administration of the schools and the free admission of children without regard to rank or religion, etc.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems especially adapted to the needs of the children. Pleasant to take; soothing in its influence. It is the remedy of all remedies for every form of throat and lung disease.

SKIPPED WITH A MILLION

Woman Left Country With Rich Quick Men's Funds.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 27.—Nearly $1,000,000 in cash and negotiable bonds, mostly proceeds of the business conducted by the Storey Cotton company, slipped from under the noses of the authorities into the possession of Sophia Beck, and out of this country with her over a week ago. The money was obtained by shrewd transfers of property in the name of Frank Marrin and Ewart Storey.

The Beck woman, who is regarded by secret service agents as the equal if not the peer of Cassie Chadwick, slipped aboard an ocean liner with it before any one had realized what had happened.

Postal Inspector Meyer of Chicago, who worked on the postal scandal at Washington about a year ago, is now close upon the trail of Marrin, alias Judge Franklin Stone. Meyer has positive information that Marrin is going to attempt to leave the country within the next few days. It is believed that the man expects to meet the Beck woman in London, where they will also find Storey. They all consider $1,000,000 in cash and bonds to be their legitimate profits from the Storey Cotton company.

United States District Attorney J. Whitaker Thompson has issued warrants for the arrest of Marrin and the woman. The London police were notified to watch for them.

In company with Frank C. Marrin, Mrs. Beck, or Collins, or Dunne, is reported to have left Chicago in February, 1900, where she lived at the time, and is said to have gone to San Francisco, thence to New Orleans, where they lived for some time as Mr. and Mrs. Edward Dunne.

About two years ago she came to this city and became stenographer to the Storey Cotton company. She had an elaborately furnished room next to the company's offices, and appeared to be subject to nobody's orders. No one at the offices of the company knew where the woman lived or knew anything about her private life.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

NOBBY!

This Style

$3.

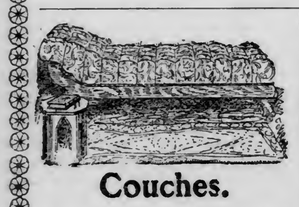
Many other equally as good values in Children's up-to-date Clothing at

Ericson's
219 W. Superior St.

GATELY'S GOOD GOODS — BEST ON EARTH

FURNISHING A HOME MADE EASY

By our *liberal credit terms* you can furnish your home, and you can pay the bill as you earn the money—either weekly or monthly. Our assortment is very large, covering four entire floors, and our prices are as low as good, reliable furniture can be bought for anywhere.



Couches.

Elegant Couch, frame of solid oak, polished and carved, coverings of imported velour over best tempered steel springs—has heavy canvas underneath filling—close and deeply tufted at—

$10

Our goods are at your terms and sold as reasonable as cash stores.

DINING TABLES—Make them long or short—just your size—
$2.50 up.
50c a month.

LACE CURTAINS—Airy and pretty—will add tone to your windows—$2 to $12 a pair.
$2 to $12 pair
50c a month.

PORTIERES — Elegant and serviceable—$2.00 to $12.00.
$2 to $12.
50c a month.

ROCKERS—as easy as a hammock—$1.75 to $10.00.
$1.75 to $10.
50c a month.

Carpets.

Here's one Carpet that will fit that room of yours.

A pretty pattern.
A good quality.
A reasonable price.

We know we have just the one you want, because our stock is large and varied. The shade, the quality, the price and terms to suit your circumstances.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.
8 East Superior St

Bayha & Co.'s Great Sale of Manufacturers' Sample

FURNITURE

Certainly presents a great buying opportunity for all Duluth housekeepers. When we purchased of the manufacturers **FOUR CARLOADS OF THEIR SAMPLES** at Grand Rapids and Chicago last January, we intended to have them here and sold by this time. But they were delayed in the great freight tie-up. Now they are here—Four Carloads—about eighteen hundred pieces of all kinds of Furniture—one month late, and the necessity presents itself for us to dispose of the greater part of this immense stock before our regular spring stock arrives, so as not to conflict, for, as we have told you, in almost every case, only one piece of a kind, and no more, at the price. Positively every piece marked at

25%, 33% and 40%

Less Than Regular Prices.

It is not our policy to offer you a bargain with a string to it, therefore we say, seleet what you want at this sale, get the special prices, and **"YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD"** for one piece or a houseful of Furnishings.

BAYHA & CO.

Corner Second Ave W. & First St.

Duluth's Greatest Furniture Store.

YOUR GROCER SELLS IT THE YEAR 'ROUND

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

In 2-Pie 10c Packages with List of Valuable Premiums. MERRELL-SOULE CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

States Attorney Acquitted of Fraud and Restored To Office.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—In the circuit court Saturday afternoon the case of the state against Charles A. Kelley, state's attorney, indicted by the grand jury on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses was before Judge Gaffy, sitting for Judge Whiting. The testimony for the state was submitted but was deemed insufficient to convict and the jury was directed to return a verdict in favor of the defendant. Mr. Kelley was discharged from custody and was restored to his office from which he had been suspended pending trial.

Yankton—The "Jolly Four" houseboat, which has been building here, started on her 2,000-mile voyage to the mouth of the Mississippi today. The members of the crew are Mr. and Mrs. Frank F. Forney of Cherokee, Iowa, and Mr. and Mrs. Sam E. Lowe of Kansas City, who have spared no luxury that will add to the pleasure of their trip. The houseboat is forty feet long and is divided into two comfortable rooms and has good deckage fore and aft. The light draught of the boat insures easy passage, even in shallow water.

Sioux Falls—It is understood that the regular monthly meeting of the state board of charities and corrections will be held at the penitentiary in this city on March 29. The present warden, O. S. Swenson, is a candidate to succeed himself. His term expires on May 6. If the alleged plans of the Republican leaders are carried out, and a change is made in the office of warden, it appears safe to predict that Harry F. Parmley of Sioux Falls will be the successor of Mr. Swenson.

Elk Point—A. W. Paine, United States immigration inspector, and George May Sing, a Chinese interpreter, both of Portal, N. D., arrived here and placed under arrest Lee Wah Chong, a Chinaman, who has been conducting a laundry here for several months. He is charged with coming to the United States under fraudulent papers, and will have a hearing before the United States commissioner in Sioux Falls in a few days, meanwhile being kept in the county jail.

Henkin Brothers bought of O. D. Whitney, Sioux City, two desirable lots in the best residence section of the city and will erect a fine residence.

Pierre—Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state for a state bank in Gregory, one of the new towns in the Rosebud country. The capital is $5,000, and the incorporators are M. P. Meehlin of Boise, Idaho; Ed. S. Johnson and W. E. Gardner of Gregory.

Articles have also been filed for another rural telephone company, to be known as the Farmers Epiphany line, with headquarters at Epiphany, and a capital of $1,750.

Northville—John H. Le May, editor of the Northville Journal, is the hero of a romantic episode which has just come to light, and by means of which he has found his mother, from whom he was separated in boyhood. Mr. Le May's name was John Humphert, and at the age of 10, angered at some fancied grievance, he ran away, going to North Dakota, where he was adopted by a man by the name of Le May, and took the name of John Humphret Le May. Shortly after his adoption he suffered a severe illness, which caused him to lose his memory of the past. He learned the printer's trade, married and has been engaged in newspaper work at Northville several years. He has endeavored many times to secure some trace of his relatives, but has been unsuccessful until recently, when he discovered his mother in the person of Mrs. William Wallace of Belle Fourche, the discovery being brought about through the good offices of Judge Bennett of Deadwood. Mr. Le May has gone to the northern Hills to visit his mother. Mother and son were separated twenty-three years.

NORTH DAKOTA.

La Moure—Two prisoners awaiting trial on a charge of "bootlegging" and forgery almost effected an escape from the La Moure county jail. In about four hours they managed to make an aperture in the "solid masonry" and all thath remained was to kick loose a few boards and freedom was theirs. Their tools consisted of an ordinary twenty-penny spike six inches long and a small board with a broom handle. With these they burrowed through solid stone wall some sixteen inches thick, removing about a half ton of stone and mortar, which they secreted under their bunks in the cell rooms. Deputy Sheriff Barber appeared with the prisoners' supper just as the boards were to be removed, and the prisoners are now confined in cells while repairs are being made.

Fargo—Fargo sports have another wrestling match arranged for Monday night between C. E. Hallett, who has been middleweight champion of the state for some years, and Axel Erickson of Moorhead, well known as a strong man, a wrestler of some prominence.

Kindred—The 12-year-old son of Martin Harris, a farmer, was killed while lifting a hayrake from a wagon. The team ran away and the boy's neck was broken.

Jamestown—Many prairie fires have been started this spring by some one burning straw or stubble and intending to take every precaution. At Renville a fire was started by a farmer burning flax straw in the middle of a plowed field. Some sparks were blown by the wind to a meadow and burned about thirty tons of hay. Near Wishek a fire was started by farmers burning stubble and every available man in the vicinity fought the flames till late into the night. Some hay, buildings and farm animals were lost and the country burned and blackened for miles around. In Logan county a fire was started by a spark from a stovepipe. Several settlers lost everything they had and a Russian was severely burned by a roof falling upon him. Several new houses built on claims were lost.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

MILK AND CREAM

Result of Second Week Of Inspection By the State Officer.

Improvement In the Richness of the Milk Is Found.

Harris Bennett, dairy and food inspector, has put in another week making inspections of milk and cream sold in Duluth. The result of last week's inspections shows an improvement in the character of the milk for in very few cases did the percentage of butterfat fall below the requirement of 3½ per cent. The cream, however, nearly all falls below the requirement of 20 per cent, except in the case of Bridgeman & Russell. The result of the week's inspections is shown in the following:

Sample No. 56—Morning milk, P. A. Bolander, Seventeenth street and Sixth avenue east. Test, butterfat 4.20 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 57—Morning milk, G. N. Nordal, 1110 East Ninth street. Test, butterfat, 3 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 58—Milk, S. W. Russell, for Bridgeman & Russell, delivered to hotels, restaurants and saloons. Test, butterfat 4 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 59—Cream, S. W. Russell, for Bridgeman & Russell. Test, butterfat, 21 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 60—Morning milk, G. G. Anderson, Twentieth avenue west and Twelfth street. Test, butterfat, 3.20 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 61—Cream, C. G. Anderson, Twelfth street and Twentieth avenue west. Test, butterfat, 21 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 62—Morning milk, Wallins' dairy, 2117 Piedmont avenue west. Test, butterfat, 3 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 63—Milk, Ed Anderson for Bridgeman & Russell, delivers to retail trade in West End. Test, butterfat, 4.20 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 64—Cream, Ed Anderson, for Bridgeman & Russell. Test, butterfat, 21 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 65—Milk, Charles Gustafson, for Bridgeman & Russell, to retail trade in West End. Test, butterfat, 4 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 66—Cream, Charles Gustafson, for Bridgeman & Russell. Test, butterfat, 21 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 67—Morning's milk, James Curran, Twenty-fourth avenue east and Eighth street. Test, butterfat, 4½ per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 68—Evening milk, L. Hrutford, Harrison View addition. Test, butterfat, 5 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 69—Cream, L. Hrutford. Test, butterfat, 17 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 70—Morning milk, H. Rickers, for Bridgeman & Russell, delivers from Lake avenue to Eleventh avenue west on First, Second and Third streets. Test, butterfat, 5 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 71—Cream, H. Rickus, for Bridgeman & Russell. Test butterfat, 22 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 72—Morning milk, J. A. Hendrickson, 106 West First street. Test butterfat, 5 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 73—Cream, J. A. Hendrickson, 106 West First street. Test butterfat, 18 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 74—Morning milk, Harold Jordahl, for Bridgeman & Russell, delivery east on Superior street and First and Second streets and on Lake avenue and St. Croix avenues. Test butterfat, 5⅛ per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 75—Cream, Harold Jordahl, for Bridegman & Russell. Test butterfat, 22 per cent. Legal.

Sample N. 76—Morning milk, O. Thorseth, for Bridgeman & Russell, delivers on hill from Third avenue east to Eighteenth avenue west. Test butterfat, 4.80 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 77—Cream, O. Thorseth, for Bridgeman & Russell. Test butterfat, 22 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 78—Morning milk, J. Bensen, Hermantown dairy. Test butterfat, 2.90 per cent. Illegal.

Sample No. 79—Evening milk, Kim's dairy, 21 Harrison addition. Test butterfat, 5 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 80—Cream, Kim's dairy, 21 Harrison addition. Test butterfat, 21 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 81—Morning milk, August Anderson, 2331 West Fourteenth street. Test butterfat, 5 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 82—Morning milk, Bergstrand's dairy, 2131 West Eleventh street. Test butterfat, 3.60 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 83—Morning milk, J. Tidball, for Bridgeman & Russell, delivers from Lake avenue to Twentieth avenue east from Third to Seventh streets. Test butterfat, 5 per cent. Legal.

Sample No. 84—Whipping cream, J. Tidball, for Bridgeman & Russell. Test butterfat, 29 per cent. Legal.

ORDINANCE IS VALID.

Chicago, March 27.—The appellate court today affirmed a ruling of the lower court upholding the validity of an ordinance of the city of Chicago, prohibiting the giving away of cigarette papers with tobacco.

A GOOD DEAL OF NONSENSE.

About "Blood Purifiers" and "Tonics."

Every drop of blood, every bone, nerve and tissue in the body can be renewed in but one way, and that is, from wholesome food properly digested. There is no other way and the idea that a medicine in itself can purify the blood or supply new tissues and strong nerves is ridiculous and on a par with the fol-de-rol that dyspepsia or indigestion is a germ disease, or that other fallacy, that a weak stomach which refuses to digest food can be made to do so by irritating and inflaming the bowels by pills and cathartics.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure indigestion, sour stomach, gas and bloating after meals, because they furnish the digestive principles which weak stomachs lack, and, unless the deficiency of pepsin and diastase is supplied, it is useless to attempt to cure stomach trouble by the use of "tonics," "pills" and "cathartics" which have their only effect is to give a temporary stimulation.

One grain of the active principle in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs and similar foods, and experiments have shown that they will do this in a glass bottle at proper temperature, but of course are much more effective in the stomach.

There is probably no remedy so universally used as Stuart's Tablets, because it is not only the sick and ailing, but well people who use them at every meal to insure perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

People who enjoy fair health take Stuart's Tablets as regularly as they take their meals, because they want to keep well, prevention is better than cure, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do both; they prevent indigestion and they remove it where it exists. The regular use of one or two of them after meals will demonstrate their merit and efficiency better than any other argument.

REARREST BOY

Complaint Charging Manslaughter In Second Degree Sworn Out.

Father Had Impressed On Son Necessity For Caution.

Charging careless and reckless handling of a gun, which resulted in the death of a human being, County Attorney McClintock this morning swore out a complaint against John Beverly Jones, the 14-year-old Lakeside boy who shot his companion Saturday afternoon. The complaint accuses the boy of manslaughter in the second degree.

The penalty for manslaughter as provided under the statutes is imprisonment in the state's prison for a term of from one year to fifteen years, or a fine of not more than $1,000, or both. The complaint reads as follows:

"John M. McClintock being duly sworn, makes complaint to the above named court that on March 25, 1905, within the corporate limits of the city of Duluth, one John Beverly Jones, then and there being, did carelessly, recklesely, negligently and feloniously kill one Peter Thompson with a loaded firearm, to-wit, with a loaded rifle, which said shooting of him the said Peter Thompson, by him the said Beverly Jones, was then and there done and committed without premeditation or deliberation or any intent to kill said Peter Thompson, but said killing was then and there done and committed by the act, procurement and culpable negligence of said Beverly Jones in discharging and firing said loaded firearm in the direction of said Peter Thompson, in such a culpable, negligent and careless manner as to shoot said Peter Thompson, which said killing was then and there done in such a manner as to constitute murder in the first, second or third degree, or manslaughter in the first degree, and which said killing was then and there without justification, excuse or authority in law."

The warrant for the boy's arrest will probably be served this afternoon, and the lad brought into the municipal court for a preliminary hearing, to determine whether or not he will be bound over to the grand jury.

Mr. Jones, the father of the boy, stated this morning that he had always impressed upon his son the necessity for careful handling of his gun, and declares he had always observed this. The boys had stoped where they did to take the shells out of their guns before returning through the more thickly settled portion of the suburb to their homes. The rifle was of the repeating type, and in ejecting the cartridges the trigger is pulled back. In the course of this operation the boy's finger struck the trigger and the rifle was disc harged.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

To draw the fire out of a burn, or heal a cut without leaving a scar, use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A specific for piles. Get the genuine. J. L. Tucker, editor of the Harmonizer, Centre, Ala., writes: "I have used DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve in my family for Piles, cuts and burns. It is the best salve on the market. Every family should keep it on hand." Sold by all druggists.

Don't Delay—Order Now

A new suit for Easter. Largest selection of handsome woolens in the state are shown by M. L. Parker in the Metropolitan block.

CHRIST AS AN EXAMPLE

Rev. A. F. Elmquist Preaches at Bethany Lutheran Church.

The services in the Bethany Swedish Lutheran church yesterday morning and evening were largely attended. In the evening the pastor, Rev. A. F. Elmquest, Ph. D., spoke on "Christ our Glorious Example," and especially as our example in deeds, submission and prayer. He said in part:

"Jesus Christ is our only perfect model. In washing his disciples' feet he performed the work of a slave not by force of habit, but from choice for the sake of example. He thought not of himself, how he should be considered, only on what he could do to foster a meek and lowly spirit in his disciples. Not self but others was therefore his unwritten motto. His whole life shows this same character. Read Luke XV. When he preached he always attempted to rescue the perishing. Hence the wonderful parables of the lost sheep, boy and coin. He pictures our duty in the action of the woman sweeping and searching diligently for the lost coin, also in the behavior of the father when the prodigal came back.

"We must during this lenten season more than ever seek the lost and rescue the perishing. Theatrical song will not do it. Dry, logmatical or controversial preaching will not do it. It must be singing by devout and God-fearing singers. Like Ira D. Sankey when he sang "The Ninety and Nine" in Edinburg, and preaching such as was heard when Peter spoke on the day of Pentecost, or as Luther, Wesley, Knox and Spurgeon used to preach. And as Chapman, Meyer, Morgan preach today. There must be a message, burning zeal to deliver this to the perishing. The form of the sermon, the manner of pulpit behavior, the appearance of the minister are all of no importance. The shape of the flame is nothing, the heat all. Christ has ordained his first disciples and after them us Christians to carry on his work of rescue. We can do this if we are in sympathy with him. If we feel the lash of sin as he felt it. If we sacrifice ourselves as he did. Lincoln said: 'I feel the lash of five million slaves on my back.' Louis Kossuth said: 'The woes of millions of Maygars are in my heart.'"

NO NOTICE TAKEN

By Premier Balfour of Query Concerning Peace.

London, March 27.—In the house of commons today, Swift MacNeill (Irish Nationalist) tried to elicit information regarding the peace negotiations. He asked Premier Balfour if he could make any statement on the matter, but as no previous notice had been given of the question, the premier took no notice of it.

The SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Announce their

Annual Opening Exposition

...of...

ARTISTIC MILLINERY

For Spring and Summer

Monday, March 27

Tuesday, March 28

Wednesday, Mch. 29

CONTRIBUTIONS FROM PARIS.

Georgette, Virot, Esther Meyer, Peoyne, Linn Faulkner, Camille, Ancienne Maison, Ponyanne, Camille Roger, Carloine Reboux, Loys Soeurs, etc.

A presentation of exquisite creations and exclusive masterpieces from the leading designers of Paris, combined with a showing of direct copies of worthy models from American artists, and all at exceptionally interesting prices.

YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED.

THIRD FLOOR. NO CARDS.

West Duluth

HER YAWN WIDE

Mrs. Brown Dislocates Her Jaw When She Wakes Up.

Charles Nold Returns From Germany After Five Years.

Mrs. Brown of Fifty-second avenue west and Wadena street yawned this morning when she awoke, and in doing so put too much energy into the operation, for after finishing her yawn she found she could not close her mouth.

Of course she was frightened, and attracted the attention of her husband, who, startled at his wife's open-faced appearance, bolted out of the house and after a doctor. He found Dr. Jern, and excitedly told the physician the condition of things. The two repaired to the Brown residence and found a very badly frightened woman awaiting them.

Dr. Jern, upon examination, found that Mrs. Brown, in yawning, had disiocated her jaw. This dislocation he corrected and relieved the woman from further fright, but left her with a rather sore jaw.

RETURNS FROM GERMANY.

Charles Nold Back to West Duluth to Stay.

Charles Nold, an old resident of West Duluth, returned Saturday from Germany, where he and his wife and family have been living for almost five years. Mr. Nold will again begin business at West Duluth, and will be joined shortly by his wife and family, who are still in Germany. Mr. Nold was formerly in the bakery business here, and five years ago decided to visit his native land, and there remained for five years, sending his children to school. He has been at Baden Baden most of the time, but has visited other points in the Teutonic empire.

It has always been his intention to return to America, and now he has done so and intends to remain here. Mr. Nold says that he finds conditions much better in West Duluth than when he left, and he considers the outlook quite promising. He has not decided as yet just what business he will go into. He is quite a heavy proprietor in West Duluth.

Why Endure Pain

the excruciating misery of blind, bleeding, itching piles, when there is an absolute cure?

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific is an internal remedy that painlessly produces a positive and lasting cure. Pleasant to the taste, it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine or other injurious drugs. Simply take a spoonful three times daily before each meal.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific

The Internal Remedy

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

Think what a relief it would be to you to be rid of these troubles and to avoid the almost certain consequence of Piles.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

REPRESENTATIVE WEST DULUTH FIRMS.

G. W. Boutin. G. A. Terry
Zenith 'Phone 3036.
BOUTIN & TERRY,
ACCURATE PRINTERS.
319 Central Ave. West Duluth.

New Wall Paper Co.
New stock, new goods and prices that can't be beat. KEEP YOUR EYE ON US. Estimates furnished.
FLIESCHER BROS.,
503 Central avenue, across from depot.

WALL PAPER
We carry a complete line—the lowest prices—The Low-Price Drug Store.
S. J. NYGREN.

Fresh Eggs, Butter, Milk
And everything we carry in our store is fresh. But the best thing there is going in the line of Butter in the Northwest is
MURRAY BROS.' HON-EXCELLED,
Come and try a pound of it.

H. R. Patterson's
UNDERTAKING DEPT.
Will be located at 401 Fifty-fifth avenue west, with a full and complete line of Funeral Supplies.
3070—BOTH 'PHONES—3070

ED. DORMEDY
West Duluth's Leading Wholesale and Retail
GROCER.
406 Fifty-fifth Avenue west, West Duluth, Minn.

Wall Paper, Paints and Varnishes, Painting and Paper Hanging.
Now Is the Time to See
J. C. JOHNSON,
225 N. Fifty-Fifth Ave., West Duluth, Minn.

WEST DULUTH
Candy Kitchen,
305 Central Avenue.
We make all our candies. Our prices are 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c a pound.
Try a pound Saturday.
We do not keep open Sunday.

West Duluth is Sure to Have a Room Soon. See Me.
J. A. SCOTT,
Real Estate, Mortgage Loans, Insurance.
315 Central Avenue, West Duluth, Minn.
Office Phones—Zenith 3660, Bell 3097-M.
Residence Phone—Bell 3679-M.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

There will be a meeting of the Twentieth Century Progress club at St. James hall this evening.

Nygren's, the place for wall paper.

Miss Lcona Briggs is on the sick list.

Mrs. R. M. Thomas will entertain the Dozen club at her home on Forty-sixth avenue west this evening. There will be refreshments.

The National Iron company has just completed repairing a locomotive of the Agnew Mining company. One other remains to be repaired.

Miss Jessie Jeffrey of Ashland, Wis., is being entertained by West Duluth friends.

Nygren's, the palce to buy wall paper.

Samuel Swenson and Charles Phillips have gone to Hibbing.

Nels Anderson is back from Skibo.

James McPherson has returned to Winnipeg, after visiting with his parents here for a short time.

Miss Mabel Andrews of Fifty-second avenue west left today for Grafton, N. D., where she will visit for a month.

I. Deatherage is the man to see for your papering or painting. 303 Central avenue. Zenith 'phone, 3100.

Arthur Blamay of North Sixty-fourth avenue west sprained his ankle Saturday afternoon while walking on a road in Proctorknott. He will be laid up for a few days.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Palcoler of 5601 Raleigh street.

The Scandinavian Seventh Day Adventists will meet in Wasa hall, corner of Ramsey street and Fifty-second avenue west, each Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. All are welcome.

M. Mannign of Metroplitan, Mich., is visiting here.

Henry Dolsen returned last night from New Richmond, Wis., to spend a few days with his family.

William B. Godfrey is back from a month's trip on the ranges.

John Flaherty has returned from the range after a winter's scaling.

William Cashin is back from Effie, Minn., where for the past six months he has been scaling for the Keewatin Lumber company. He scaled nearly 6,000,000 feet.

Joseph Sabra is back from a trip to Michigan.

Frank Sawyer has returned to West Duluth, having broken up his camp at 51-mile post.

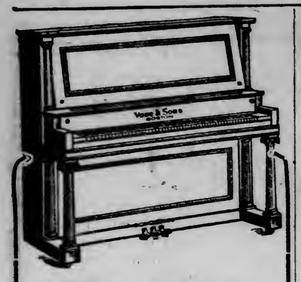
A meeting of Duluth chapter, No. 59, will be held tomorrow evening.

Knute A. Johnson was treated this morning by Dr. Jern for blood poisoning in his left hand. It was contracted while cleaning out an old cornet. Johnson had an abrasion between the fingers and the poison entered there. His hand and arm past his wrist are badly swollen, but it is hoped that nothing serious will result. Johnson lives at 610 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Wallace Lovelace is back from the range.

Mrs. A. F. Sands, an old and well-known resident of West Duluth, residing at 605 Forty-ninth avenue west, is not expected to live through the day. She has been suffering from grip for several weeks, and it has so sapped her strength that hope of her recovery is given up. She is 71 years of age and has been weakened by former attacks of the malady.

A free bottle of Mull's Grape Tonic, the fruit Constipation Cure, can be had by simply sending your name to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 207 Third avenue, Rock Island, Ill. If you suffer from constipation, try it. Your druggist sells it. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size. Send name today.



This Store Makes it Possible for Every Duluth Home to Own a Piano. Let Us Tell You Why.

Simply through the selling of strictly high-grade Pianos at fair and fixed prices—prices within the reach of all.

And through the use of our easy payment plan.

The French & Bassett store offers you greater inducements than any other store offers—the choice of a dozen of the very best makes of Pianos in the land, and at prices from 10 to 20 per cent lower than those of other dealers.

Our terms are most liberal—requiring a cash payment of from $5 to $25 on an instrument, according to its price, and monthly payments of from $5 to $10 thereafter.

Or if you have an old Piano—

YOUR OLD PIANO WILL HELP TO BUY A NEW ONE.

If you have an old Piano that has outlived its usefulness, or that you would like to have replaced with a new and modern instrument, let us know. We will make you a liberal offer and guarantee you entire satisfaction.

Buy your Piano now.

If you are contemplating the purchase of a Piano this is an opportune time to make your selection. New ones for spring buying are arriving daily, making choosing easy and satisfactory.

We will be pleased to show these instruments at any time.

Special Values.

Mahogany Piano $240—
Used only 8 months—high grade make—former price $350—now $240. Terms $10 cash and $7 a month.

Oak Piano $150—
A brand new Piano, good tone and action—Terms $10 cash and $5 a month.

Mahogany Piano $165—
Used a very short time. A snap at $165. Terms $10 cash and $6 a month.

Piano $110—
Used — in fine condition. Terms $10 cash and $5 a month.

EXPERT PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING.

French & Bassett
Corner 1st Street and 3d Ave. W.

BIG SPRING OPENING.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. Show Wonderful Display of Millinery.

Today was hat day at the Silberstein & Bondy Co. store and the millinery department of that popular establishment was crowded from early morning with women who came down to view the wonderful creations that were displayed for the spring opening.

The S. & B. Co. display contains many imported hats and the best of those made in this country. From abroad are hats from the celebrated shops of Virot, Camille Rogers, Esther Mayer, Georgette and Payonne, in Paris. The display of hats made in this country comprises styles from Gage, Lichenstein, Niles, Francois and Louise. One of the newest of the imported turbans is the "Lillian Russell." It is in the words of all the saleswomen one of the topplest hats in the store. Feathers and flowers are used together on trimming many of the handsomest hats and toques, while small fruit make veritable gardens of beauty of others. Some of the more popular colors are skye-blue, a new and peculiar shade of blue, old rose, light green and light blue and that peculiar shade of old rose, known as withered roses.

DEPOSIT YOUR SAVINGS WITH THE

Duluth Savings Bank,
216 West Superior Street.

3% Interest
—on—
Savings Deposits

HAS A NEW PLAN

Commercial Club Cannot Handle All Industries Proposed.

Secretary Eva Will Give Moneyed Men Valuable Tips.

Duluth has so many natural advantages as a place for the location of industries of various kinds that Commercial club members deem it unwise and unnecessary to hold out inducements in the way of business and promises of the sale of a large amount of stock in the city to prevail upon backers of manufacturing institutions to establish their plants here.

If the requests of all the people asking bonuses and other special inducements for locating in Duluth were acceded to, and if the promises of these people relative to what they were going to accomplish when once their business was well started here, were carried out, it would be a very few years before the town would be one of the busiest manufacturing centers in the country, with a population in proportion to the business interests.

Unfortunately not all of the money-making and population-getting schemes advanced are feasible, and even those that seem to be feasible cannot well be taken up by the Commercial club, much as members would like to see new interests center here, for the objects of the organization are other than to furnish a money backing for new or transplanted industries. Secretary H. V. Eva, however, has suggested a plan which, if taken advantage of by men looking for profitable investment, might result beneficially to all concerned, including the city of Duluth.

As the club cannot take care of the many industries proposed by enthusiastic would-be managers, Mr. Eva suggests that local men with money to invest call at the Commercial club occasionally to look over the correspondence regarding these industries, which has collected, and which cannot be handled by the club. Many of the plants proposed for Duluth in communications received by the Commercial club secretary really seem feasible, and if properly managed might easily prove to be money-makers. Mr. Eva has quite a pile of letters of this description on file which he will gladly show interested people. They relate to all sorts of industries, from shoe lace factories to steel plants, and continue to arrive at the rate of two or three a week.

Among the last to arrive is one concerning a $30,000 stock factory, another concerning a corset factory (wanting a $25,000 bonus) and another in regard to a woolen mill. The last scheme seems the most promising of the three, and one local business man of standing has already interested himself in it in a measure, but will not attempt to carry the plans out without assistance.

"The immense power now being developed by the Great Northern Power company will mean great things for Duluth," said Mr. Eva today. "Situated as Duluth is, where the East can be supplied as well as the West, and with the excellent shipping facilities by both rail and lake, we feel that anyone seeking a change of location, or a new location, makes a vital mistake in not looking over Duluth, and we also feel that with these many advantages it is unnecessary for us to offer money inducements to get reputable concerns here. Duluth speaks for herself in matters of this kind, and all we ask is a fair comparison with other cities of the country, and we don't much care how many other cities are included in the list, for it would take a diligent search on the part of any industrious promoter to find a city with as many natural advantages as a manufacturing and shipping center."

CONCLUDES FIRST YEAR

J. M. Gidding & Co. Celebrates Anniversary of New Establishment.

With cheerful spirits, joyous congratulations and floral decorations—in fact the birthday cake is the only thing lacking—J. M. Gidding & Co. began today a week of celebrating in honor of the first anniversary of the establishment of their "style store" in this city. The celebration of the event will be continued during the week and special values will be offered in the various departments. The store is prettily decorated with palms, and graceful vases of cut flowers adorn the various cases, and with the many beautiful garments and accessories for a woman's toilet, it presents an inviting aspect.

A large number of new things are being shown and all day every department in the store has a little knot of admiring women, from the counter devoted to fluffy piles of underwear all around the store including the neckwear, novelties, bags and hair ornaments, suits and dresses, gloves and negligees. Some real summer dresses in organdie, chiffon, mull and silks caused exclamations of wonder and admiration.

Mr. Gidding is pardonably proud of the achievements during the past year. He said this morning:

"There were, of course, many doubting Thomases when we started, fearing Duluth could not support another store. But our year must have proved to them conclusively that it could and does. We, of course, set the mark of business we hoped to do and we have far exceeded our anticipations. We have gone away beyond that mark, and this in the face of one of the poorest business years that Duluth has endured for some time. We attribute this to hard work; being constantly on the alert and having our business so concentrated that we do not pay a large number of high-priced assistants that would be a large drain on the store's income. We have no buyers, floor-walkers or window trimmers; the expense of this line of service is eliminated and consequently we are able to offer the women of the city larger values and better styles."

The women of the city realize the success that has come to the store and their own good fortune in having the opportunity of purchasing from stock chosen by Mr. Gidding himself. In the styles of the garments and wearing apparrel that they find, they have implicit confidence that it is new and proper. So successful has the business of the establishment become that it is rumored that the store will be extended to the adjoining building about to be built on Superior street and that at the next opening of the store double the floor space will be used for these same departments.

ANALYSIS OF FOOD PRODUCTS

Reported By the State Food and Dairy Commission.

St. Paul, March 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The dairy and food commission has issued another bulletin regarding its work. It says:

During the past week we have received reports from our laboratory regarding the analysis of one hundred and thirty-five (135) samples of food products. Of these ninety-six (96) are classed as "legal" and thirty-nine (39) as "illegal." A large number of vinegar samples were included among these, there being forty-one (14) in all. Thirty-one (31) stood the test and ten (10) fell below the standard. The state law requires that all vinegars shall contain at least four and one-half (4½) per cent of acetic acid. These ten samples, classed as illegal, were simply below this standard in acetic acid content, but contained nothing injurious to health. No foreign coloring matter is allowed in any kind of vinegar.

Twenty-two (22) samples of catsup were analyedz, fourteen (14) being "legal" and eight (8) "illegal." A ruling by the former commission prohibited the use of all coloring matter in catsups, and the results have been very gratifying. Since July 1, 1904, when this ruling went into effect, all new goods placed upon the market have been uncolored, and the samples reported as illegal are undoubtedly old goods which were on the shelves of the retailers before that time. Where no coloring is allowed, fresh, ripe tomatoes only can be used in the manufacture of the catsup; otherwise the poor quality would be most apparent.

Therefore, if you are a lover of catsup and want to secure the pure article, insist upon your dealer furnishing you with goods which he has purchased since July 1, 1904.

Nine (9) samples of cream tartar all proved pure and are classed as legal.

Out of the seventeen (17) samples of baking powder only four (4) are reported as illegal, and these only on account of incorrect labeling. Nothing of an injurious character was found among their ingredients.

Maple sugar and maple sugar is "bad" this week. Out of eight samples only two (2) are reported as legal. Nothing injurious to health was found, however, and they were condemned because of not being absolutely a pure product of the sugar maple tree, although they were sold as pure.

It is very difficult for the average person to distinguish pure maple syrup. It has been demonstrated that the average person will condemn the pure article as being adulterated, while accepting the adulterated article as pure. Pure maple syrup and maple sugar usually have a "strong" flavor which is often accepted as an adulteration. The addition of cane sugar is welcomed by many consumers. It is not the intention of our pure food laws to prevent the sale of the mixed article. The law only requires that it be properly labeled so that the purchaser may know what he is getting.

Three (3) samples of honey all proved pure.

The remainder of the number analyzed include a long list of various food products, the majority of the "illegals" being condemned on account of the presence of coal-tar dyes.

As a general guide to the purchaser it might be stated that any article which is not labeled to the contrary, is the genuine article; at least if it is not it is being sold contrary to law. In looking for the pure article don't expect to get "something for nothing." A serious cutting of prices on what is claimed to be "just as good" as some well known brand generally arouses the suspicions of the person informed in the trade. Pure goods command their true values.

PEROXIDE OF HYDROGEN

Is Said To Be a Cure For Ellepsy.

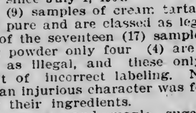
Cincinnati, Ohio, March 27.—What is believed to be a cure for epilepsy was discovered Saturday through an accident.

A patient in a local hospital, who manifested the symptoms of an oncoming fit, got hold of some peroxide of hydrogen and drank copiously of it. The effect was instantaneous and the fit was prevented.

Afterward the compound was tried on four other patients and proved successful in every case.

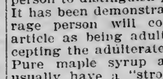
The fact that peroxide of hydrogen is a remedy for epilepsy is regarded as a great discovery.

SPECIAL PRICES!



Reliable Dentistry

Don't forget our special price offer for this month. This offer is made to introduce our work and get acquainted in Duluth. We are here to stay. All work guaranteed.



This Month.

$15 set of Teeth for...$10
$10 set of Teeth for... $8
$8 set of Teeth for... $5
$1 Fillings for.....75c
$7 Crowns for $6
$5 Crowns for $4

See us before having your dental work done. Examinations free. Extracting FREE with plates.

LEE & TURLEY,
114 West Superior Street.
OVER F O L Z.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays 9 to 4.

SUSPECTED OF DAHL MURDER

Police Capture Man Named Wesley In Green Bay, Wis.

Green Bay, Wis., March 27.—The police have in custody a man named Wesley, who is suspected of the murder of two persons, Dahl and daughter, committed about one year ago in the northern part of Minnesota. Wesley is a Green Bay boy and came here to visit his parents. The police have been on the lookout for him for some time. It is understood Wesley is one of two men wanted by the authorities in Northern Minnesota for the murder of an old man and his daughter, who lived alone on a claim.

LITTLE BUSINESS TALKS.

A "To Let" placard is "Publicity turned stupid." Real tenant-hunting requires real advertising—"The Herald want ad way."

The business man who has "a head to contrive" will need many "hands to execute." If you can keep another pair of hands at work, let a Herald want ad. find them for you.

"What merit to be dropped on Fortune's Hill? The honor is to mount it." And, to most people with ambition, the want ads. afford the safest and easiest "steps upward."

Nowadays we are busy annulling old adages. For instance, Herald want advertising has exactly reversed this one: "The many fail; the one succeeds."

Why not write a part of this newspaper yourself? In a few lines, in the want ad. columns, you can tell what you want or what you have to sell.

Read the want ads.

Duluth Man Praised.

A half page advertisement written by Henry K. Brearley, advertising manager for French & Bassett, and which appeared in a recent issue of The Herald has been reproduced in a late number of "Brains," one of the leading journals devoted to the interest of advertisers. The ad. is very favorably commented on for its directness, individuality and general excellence.

MOLASSES TANK

In Hoboken Christened By Miss Marguerite Hobart.

New York, March 27.—Joy flowed like a can of sirup in July in Hoboken Saturday afternoon, when Miss Marguerite Hobart, daughter of "Molasses King" H. L. Hobart, broke a be-ribboned bottle of champagne on a huge stationary bulk and cried: "I christen thee Molasses Tank No. 1." Bands playing, bunting flew, boys howled, and 200 guests waved handkerchiefs and tossed hats, while through the pipe line, slowly and with dignity oozed rich, black Jamaica molasses. Then the guests of the Hoboken Tank Storage company withdrew to the molasses house and sat down to a banquet.

The tank is more than thirty-five feet high and sixty feet in diameter. It is the first of its kind. The steamship Augura soon will reach the Fifteenth street dock with 850,000 gallons in its hold, which will be pumped from the ship into the tank.

ONCE FAMOUS

Picture Now In Cellar of Hoffman House.

New York, March 27.—The wanderings of that large and daring painting of female forms, undraped, entitled "Faust's Dream," since it hung on the walls of the old Hoffman house barroom back in the '80s, were told before Justice Leventritt of the supreme court. Its history came out in an action brought by the Hoffman house corporation to determine its ownership and also the ownership of another painting entitled "Love's Surprise," its companion on its travels.

Claiming the two pictures as her property there appeared Rose L. Barkley, who testified in court that she is the widow of E. S. Stokes. She said Stokes had given her the paintings in return for money she had loaned him. The paintings now repose in the Hoffman house cellar.

Justice Leventritt, after hearing the evidence, gave judgment to the Hoffman house in both suits, each involving a painting. Lawyer John Delehanty, who appeared for Miss Barkley, said he would appeal the case.

TO SHOW THE SKELETON

Mrs. Wister To Reveal Secret Behind Weightman Will.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 27.—Mrs. Jones Wister's four daughters met in conference and sent one of their number to plead with their mother to withdraw from her attack on the Weightman will. Their plea was refused and diplomatic relations between the two camps have now ceased finally.

The daughters objected to the Weightman family skeleton being taken out and shaken before the public. For there is a Weightman skeleton, and an ugly one. This is admitted frankly by one of the most prominent members of the family now split asunder by the $50,000,000 left by the millionaire chemist.

William Weightman's will was drawn up in favor of Mrs. Walker nine years before his death. Less than one year before the will was made, however, the millionaire, then 90 years old, was taken seriously ill. His condition became such that the members of his family admit that all hope of saving his life was given up and the physicians who were attending him said that he could not recover. If he did recover, they said, his brain would be affected. But the aged millionaire fought off death and slowly recovered.

The physicians who attended him will be summoned as witnesses by Mrs. Wister. Their evidence will be used in connection with the evidence of other physicians and persons regarding their opinion of the meaning of some of Mr. Weightman's acts during the last decade of his life.

The serious illness of Mr. Weightman so short a time before the making of his final will is regarded by many of Mrs. Wister's friends as the pivot upon which the entire contest must rest, her evidence of his acts after that time all being in the nature of supporting expert testimony regarding his mental condition.

It is known that Mrs. Wister has a large number of letters in her possession, and that they will be introduced in evidence. What these letters contain, no one knows.

In addition to these mysterious letters Mrs. Wister, it is known, has evidence that the aged millionaire proposed marriage to her after his son, her first husband, died. Added to this there are hints of evidence showing the effect on Weightman's mind when his daughter-in-law, after refusing his offer of marriage, decided to marry Mr. Wister.

As a result of her determination to drag the Weightman family skeleton from its closet, Mrs. Wister's four daughters decided to beg her to give up her suit to break the will.

The daughter held a conference in this city, Mrs. Nathaniel Norton coming from New York for the purpose and meeting her sisters—Mrs. Richard Meiers, Mrs. John Strawbridge, and Miss Ethel Wister. Mrs. Meiers was delegated to plead with their mother to drop her effort to break the will.

Mrs. Meiers went to Mrs. Wister's house in Rittenhouse square and implored that peace be restored to the family. Her pleadings were in vain. Mrs. Wister is as firmly convinced of the absolute justice of her position as her daughters are of theirs and the case will go on. The legal petition to have the case reopened is looked for early this week.

SECRET MARRIAGE

Of Author's Son and Actress Made Public.

New York, March 27.—Friends of Wilfred D. Walker, son of John Brisben Walker, author and publisher, were surprised Saturday to learn that the young man had been married since last July. His bride is Julia Dilworth, who was at one time a member of "The Chinese Honeymoon" company. She came here from Iowa and met Walker with a party of friends whole out automobiling.

It was a case of love at first sight, for the day after their meeting a license was procured and they were married at "The Little Church Around the Corner."

Even their closest friends were not informed and when they returned from a brief honeymoon at the seaside no word was given out of the fact that they were husband and wife.

THE SCALES OF FATE

By Lula J. Powers.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Hyram King, the manager of the great mercantile house of Rosgood, Smith & King, sat at his desk staring at the unchangeable evidence of another's crime. This evidence involved a trusted man and the happiness of a good woman.

The accountant had handed him that morning the annual statement of the firm's affairs. They told many things—the firm's prosperity, its financial standing and ended with evidence of trust violated, and confidence misplaced. The cashier's account showed a shortage of $5,000.

The face of the man looked pale and haggard in the flickering sunlight which stole into the dingy office. He was bound by all the laws of duty to protect the interests of the firm. Everything demanded this man's conviction and punishment to the fullest extent of the law; but back of it was a woman—the defaulter's wife. The law that convicted him must condemn her, innocent though she was, to a heritage of disgrace and shame.

Hyram King's mind reverted back to the never-to-be-forgotten days when he had wooed this very woman—and had lost. In her sweet womanly way, she had told him of another; and with hope deadened to despair he had accepted and respected her decision, but the love in his heart had lived on—undimmed, eternal. The years that came and went only added to his loneliness, for such is love.

After a little he raised his eyes from the sheet. Could there be no evasion? Must his be the decision that must cause her pain and heartache? He cared not for the man, his infamy demanded punishment; but he did not want it to fall upon her.

As he sat wrapped in meditation a clerk entered and roused him. "A lady to see you, sir," he said hesitatingly.

"I am busy," he said gruffly, "and can't see any one."

"I told her that, but she insisted that I bring you this," laying a card upon his desk.

He picked up the card and looked at it. "God—his wife!"

A moment later a woman, holding a little child by the hand, stood timidly in the doorway.

"You will pardon my intrusion," she began appealingly, and he caught the sadness in her voice, "but I want to see you alone."

He asked her in and fastened the door. At the sight of her half-forgotten memories came back thick and fast. The blood of younger years leaped back to his heart. He noted the face, a little older and more careworn, but calm, sweet and always the same. The child at her side, her child and another's—he realized then what God had denied him.

"I have come to see you about my husband," she confessed reluctantly. "He does not know that I am here, but he has changed so much in the last few months that I thought perhaps it might be his work and you would understand."

Hyram King was silent, but the look of sympathy in his eyes encouraged her and she continued, her voice trembling a little.

"He seems to have something on his mind; and often when I speak to him he does not hear me. Only the other day I found him with baby in his arms and the tears rolling down his cheeks. He was always kind and thoughtful, and now I—I—" She was sobbing and the man at the desk felt something rise in his throat that choked him.

For a while he sat silent. He was thinking how simple it would be to tell her all—of her husband's guilt. Simple, but despicable.

"I will give the matter my attention," he said instead. "Perhaps your husband is working too hard. His position as cashier is especially onerous. No doubt he needs rest. I will speak to him about taking a few weeks' rest, and I think he will soon be his old self again."

She smiled her gratitude. Suddenly her face grew grave. "Henry often tells me how considerate you always are to him, and oh! I thank you so much for it, as if you could be otherwise if you desired."

"Birdie!" the old pet name of other days swept impulsively from his lips as he arose and bent over her, "I could do anything to make you happy," he said softly.

She looked imploringly into his eyes. "Don't—please don't. I have no right to listen."

He bowed his head resignedly. "Forgive me. I have less right to speak," he said sadly.

She arose and walked slowly to the door. "Good-bye," she said simply. Then she was gone.

The man closed the door after her and sank into his chair. "Oh, God, what hast thou denied me!" he cried, in the bitterness of his soul. All through the long hours of the day the man sat. Visions of "what might have been" came and went. The stars were shining in at the open window when the man at last raised his head. Opening a drawer of his desk he took out a photograph. The fair face of a young girl smiled up at him. For a long time he sat looking at it, then with all the reverence of manhood he touched it with his lips.

The next morning the cashier was called into the office of the manager, and went back to his duties an hour later with a new buoyancy in his manner. That same day the manager transferred $5,000 from his private account and the cashier's deficit was made good. That same week Hyram King went abroad.

Ten years passed. Again Hyram King stood upon his native land. Time had made great changes in all things. His business interests had grown, and he was a rich man.

One day he strolled through the apartment of the company. There were but few familiar faces there now. After a time he stopped at the cashier's desk. A strange face looked up to greet him. He thought he had lived down the old life, but he turned eagerly to the manager to ask of Henry Goodson, the former cashier. For the first time he learned how the weak man had again fallen, but had evaded the laws of justice by taking his own life. No one knew what had become of his family, but the manager thought that they were still in the city.

Hyram King was surprised at himself and the eagerness with which he pursued the task of finding the lost ones. Time passed. His search was unrewarded, nor had the detectives he put upon the case any better success. The wife and child of the defaulting cashier had disappeared nor could they be found. So at last the search was abandoned.

The rain had been falling all day in a slow, continuous drizzle and freezing as it fell. The clouds were dark and lowering, and the cold wind howled through the almost deserted streets.

Hyram King yawned many times over his newspaper, and at last flung it aside in disgust. He was lonely and nothing satisfied him. He walked up and down the room in restless impatience, pausing now and then to look out upon the street at the long glistening icicles which hung in pendants from the roofs. He stood it as las as he could, and then he donned his great coat and set out to walk himself into a better frame of mind. He paused a little in the corridor of the hotel, but the rough jokes and small talk disgusted him, so he stepped out upon the pavement.

On, on, he took no note of distance or location, of the narrow, dirty streets or the squalid appearance of the houses; he was alone with himself. As he turned a corner a slender girl carrying a bundle jostled against him. In trying to recover herself she slipped and fell upon the frozen pavement.

He picked the child up, but she sank back with a groan—he had wrenched her ankle. He looked around. No one was in sight, and there seemed but one thing to do and that was to get her back to her home. He noticed now how thinly clad she was, and taking off his muffler he wrapped it around her ears and neck; then he took her and the bundle in his strong arms, and following her directions paused at last before a dingy tenement she called home.

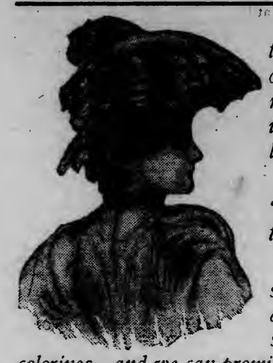
He did not look at the pale, frail woman who opened the door for them until he had deposited his burden upon the bed in the bare little room, then he held out his hand and said, "At last have I found you."

After she had made the child comfortable she came to him. She nestled close to him, and with her lips to his, Hyram King knew that his hours of loneliness and heart-hunger were over; for in her eyes he read the sweet story of "requited love."

For goodness sake dine at Halcy's restaurant. Popular prices. Best service.

Freimuth's

TAILORED SPRING MILLINERY



Tomorrow we invite you to see an advance display of the very latest and the most exclusive conceptions in Tailored Spring Millinery.

Those who appreciate "something different," will thoroughly enjoy the display.

The assortment has been so carefully chosen as to embrace all the newest shapes—in all the choicest colorings—and we can promise to fit all faces and carry out any desired color scheme.

Your inspection is earnestly desired.

Duluth's Best Collection of Mohairs.

NEW MOHAIRS—not the dull, lifeless fabrics you used to know but light, lustrous, silk-like stuffs that are crowding silks for favor.

They defy dust and dampness—positively will not shrink—many of them are cravenetted for us by Priestley—that means they are rainproof.

Prices range 50c to $2.50 the yard.

Those from a dollar up are imported by us direct from Bradford, Eng. Choose from checks and plaids—hairlines and polka dots—plain and Jacquard weaves. This is Duluth's finest showing.

Shepherd Checks, $1 to $1.50 per yard

CHECKS OF ALL SIZES—are very conspicuous in our stock—we anticipated the present enormous demand and prepared for it.

There are staple black and white checks and there are checks in black, green, blue and brown and white—there are fetching clan plaids and invisible plaids which show in the weaves only.

Most popular styles $1.00 and $1.25 the yard.

Other remarkable values, 59c to $1.50 the yard.

Elegant Black Goods at $1.00.

$1.00 SIX SPLENDID NEW FABRICS —the ones you'd select from all the best weaves if you were allowed free choice of any fine stock of fine black goods worth up to $1.25 and $1.35 the yard—on sale at $1 the yard. **$1.00**

44-INCH BLACK PANAMA CLOTHS.... ....
44-INCH BLACK MELROSE CLOTHS.....
44-INCH BLACK VOILES..... .... **$1.00**
46-INCH BLACK NUN'S VEILINGS.
42-INCH BLACK PRUNELLAS.
46-INCH BLACK KALIX CLOTHS.

THE SILKS OF THE SEASON.

FOULARDS. PONGEES. SWISS TAFFETAS.
PEAU DE GRANDIOSA. MESSALINES. LOUISINES.

WE'VE THE PROPER SORTS of all these—We've the most charming foulards you ever laid eyes on and we sell them at 75c a yard—no more than common sorts are sold for elsewhere.

For twenty-three years we have held the undisputed silk leadership at the Head of the Lakes—and this year our supremacy is stronger than ever. Values such as the following are invincible:

20-INCH COLORED LOUISINE SILKS..... ...
21-INCH COLORED MESSALINE SILKS.....
21-INCH PEAU D GRANDIOSA SILKS..
$1
..27-INCH BLACK TAFFETA SILKS.
..21-INCH BLACK MESSALINE SILKS.
..23-INCH BLACK PEAU DE SOIE.

This last imported in all colors. This is a wear-warranted silk.

Fifty Shades New Swiss Taffetas at 75c a yard.

PLAIN AND CHANGEABLE SWISS TAFFETA SILKS—21 inches wide—a beautiful lusrous finished quality—you can work it up to the best possible advantage. We've sold these Swiss taffetas for three years and have yet to receive our first complaint on them—they are the very acme of value at 75c yard.

27-inch plain and changeable Taffetas, $1.00.
24-inch spot proof Taffetas, $1.25 yard.

Tuesday on the Bargain Square!

5c

For 8c Russian Crash.

A friction rubber—a rough linen finish in white or natural flax color—good and heavy—well worth 8c a yard—tomorrow on Freimuth's Bargain Square at 5c the yard.

The annual meeting of the Twentieth Century club was held this afternoon at the club room of the library, and together with the annual reports of the officers and members of departments, the meeting was a most interesting one to the members of the club in attendance. Mrs. F. L. Barrows, first vice president, presided in the absence of the club's president, Miss Mary B. Statham, who is abroad. Following the reports, the election of officers took place late in the afternoon. The year has been a most successful and satisfactory one judging from the optimistic reports of the officers and chairmen of departments.

The report of Miss Mary B. Statham, president, is as follows:

"Officers and members of the Twentieth Century club:

"In reviewing the work of our club for the past year we should feel gratified and proud of it. In every field of culture and study undertaken in our classes we have met with the happiest results.

"In our educational and home department, the Travel class under the leadership of Mrs. J. H. Crowley has given the women an excellent opportunity for study and pleasure. This class was organized four years ago and has proved of great interest to the women who have mentally toured many countries. A course of lectures by some of the most scholarly professional men and women of our community has supplemented this work. Anyone of these lectures has been well worth the annual dues of the club.

"In the literature department with Mrs. Henry C. Marshall, there has been the study of Shakespeare's plays under the most competent teachers and leaders. This class has developed a number of enthusiastic admirers of the greatest of English writers and has kept up its high standard of work. Two scenes from Shakespeare' plays delightfully and skillfully presented at the last meeting of the year, under the management of Miss Wylie and Miss McClaran added a new and charming feature to this already popular class.

"The literature class though small in numbers has made up for this deficiency by most excellent work. They began with the very foundation of the English language and are following it in periods through its life and growth. There have been excellent papers read by its members and lectures given by many well known teachers of the schools. A half hour in the discussion of current events adds a zest to this class.

"The latest development in the literature department is the Browning class. This class has proved so successful and has attracted so many cultured and representative women of the city that the executive board of the club has provided for a course of readings during the coming year. Rev. J. W. Powell as the leader of this class has excited in every member an enthusiasm for this poet and prophet. The club is to be congratulated that the class will be under Mr. Powell's scholarly leadership for another year.

"These classes demonstrate the growing culture of our club. We are not only broadening and expanding, but we are reaching out for higher and noble sentiments for the ideal in literature and art.

"We have now entered a new era and can offer the very best in literature to those women who contemplate joining the Twentieth Century club.

"The reform department of our club has co-operated with the state federation of women's clubs in the endeavor to create a general interest in the reformatory work of the state, in the circulation of a petition asking the legislature of Minnesota to pass an act establishing a reformatory school for delinquint girls, separate from that of the boys. Our reform department is always ready and willing to co-operate with the Women's council in matters along this line.

"You may, perhaps, recall by one of our citizens in the editorial columns of one of the daily papers on 'Duluth as a Permanent Residence.' In this newspaper article he cites her numerous advantages. Among them 'The rise and growth of the Commercial club as an expression of her vigorous business life; the normal school of her educational life; the innumerable literary organizations centering in the women's Twentieth Century club as an expression of the growing culture of our city, etc.' You have here in a nutshell as it were, the position our club holds in the community. All the clubs in this city have their place and their work in the social economy of Duluth, yet the Twentieth Century club, with its various departments, combines the advantage of all of them. For this reason we must endeavor to enlarge and strengthen our departments and in no manner whatever to curtail them. A department club appeals to a greater number of women for they can study or practice along any congenial line of work.

"After battling with the problems of domestic economy at home our women feel glad that the club offers the delights of a social day at least once a month. This feature is growing more and more prominent and several of our monthly receptions have proved quite elegant functions participated in by not only our members, but a large number of invited guests. These socials may be permanent features in our club life. Your president particularly recommends these social meetings once a month since they afford the opportunity for the president and other officers of the club to come in social intercourse with all the women of the various classes.

"The membership of our club is steadily growing each year and we now have a larger membership list than ever before.

"Our treasurer reports a balance on hand and all debts paid.

"The great success of this club could not have been accomplished without the combined efforts of the members of our executive board and the indefatigable work of the chairmen of our departments.

"They have given their time and services unstintedly and have provided these mental and socia feasts.

"There is little left for me to say, except that the year has drawn to a close and I wish to thank you for your many words of encouragement and good will in my efforts as your president to meet the demands of the time, and that without your co-operation and consideration for me my work could not have been done.

"MARY B. STATHAM,
"President."

• • •

The repost of Mss. M. H. Marshall, coresponding secretary, is as follows:

"The work of the corresponding secretary has not been arduous, consisting as it does of signing the membership tickets, writing a few letters and sending out the year books. The past year the corresponding secretary was made chairman of the printing committee and shared the responsibility with two other members of the committee of preparing the year book. One copy of the year book was sent to each member whose name appeared in last year's book and the remaining books have been given out to new members. The corresponding secretary would recommend that the year books be printed and sent out before the lull in interest in club matters occurs. This lack of interest is felt by all club members when we enter into the full enjoyment of our brief summer. Experience has shown us that the work of the coming year should be outlined and well organized by the end of the current club year."

• • •

Mrs. Clara Gregory Merritt, recording secretary, reported as follows:

"The secretary of the Twentieth Century club begs leave to report that the executive board has held nine regular monthly meetings, with an average attendance of eight members. Many important matters have been taken up and advanced for the upbuilding of the club, and betterment of the city. There have also been held six social and business meetings with an average attendance of thirty. Several outside speakers have delighted us with talks, and the social hour and friendly cup of tea have brought together, and been greatly enjoyed by the members of all departments."

• • •

The report of Mrs. M. H. Marshall, chairman of the literature department, is as follows:

"A very interesting and successful year's work of this department has just ended. The year began with two well-organized classes and ended with three, the Browning class having been organized after the club year was well begun. The literature class which has consisted of a faithful group of women working together for six years, has ended its most successful year with Mrs. C. H. Merritt as leader. They have followed the line of work laid down at the beginning of the year, but have not atempted to complete the course. The leader of the class gives the following account of the year's work with an outline of the work planned for the coming year:

"The literature class of the Twentieth Century club takes great pleasure in submitting this report, every meeting of the class during the past year has been a pleasure, and retrospection becomes one of keen delight. Be it confessed the present leader, never having attended the class, took the position with fear and trembling, the former capable leader being obliged, through ill health to resign. This left the few remaining members like a small craft without a captain, although a most excellent program had been prepared and published.

"The class although small to begin with has so far outgrown our expectations as to be one of the largest of the club today. At no time during the past year has the attendance been less than eleven, and that on a stormy day. It has more often been twice that number but sixteen good and faithful ones could almost always be counted on as being present, and faithfulness has been its chief characteristic, showing a deep interest, second only to its informality and good fellowship. So deep has this friendship grown that we have decided to meet once a month during the coming summer, as a class but in a social way and thereby be the better prepared for more faithful work next year.

"Although we have not adhered to last year's program, we have held twelve meetings as planned. We became so interested in Mythology that the class voted to continue it until the first of the year, thereby leaving some lessons untouched, some of which we have embodied in our work for next year. Our current events as carried on this year, has been one of great interest and pleasure, different members being assigned topics of news to consider.

Only twice have we found is necessary to solicit outside help, and for that assistance we are indebted and grateful to Miss Mogford of the High school, who kindly started us on the right road for mytholical study. When we found it necessary to step from mythology to literature, Miss Pendergast of the Normal, listened and kindly responded to our call for help. While a person or class gets its greatest benefit from doing its own work, we are doubly thankful to those who come in and help us over the hard places.

"Following our fascinating study of mythology, we had six equally as interesting in Itallan literature. We have held our election, the present leader to continue another year. It is the wish of the class to study Russian literature next year, and with this in view your committee has prepared and is ready to submit its outline for study. We are told this is the oldest class of the Twentieth Century club, and with all due respect for gray hairs, we feel we have reached our second childhood, and our future looks very bright.

Most courteously,
CLARA GREGORY MERRITT,
Leader Literature Class."

• • •

The Shakespeare class has had a most successful year, reading three plays and ending the work of the year with an informal but most clever bit of acting of some fine scenes from Shakespeare. Miss Wylie and Miss McClaren directed this work and surprised and delighted the class by showing what can be done without the accessories of scenery and costume. William Coughlin added a delightful touch to the entertainment by giving an exhibition of his rare powers as a ventriloquist. Mrs. d'Autremont and Miss Frankenfield, who were to act as leaders of two of the plays, were unable to do so on account of absence from the city, and Mrs. Henry Taylor and Mrs. Corcoran took their places most acceptably. The reading has steadily improved from year to year and much talent has come into the class during this last year.

"It has been thought wise to add one of the great French dramas to the reading for the coming year, and one of Moliere's comedies has been chosen. The following plays will be read during the coming year: 'King Lear,' 'The Blue Stocking,' by Moliere, and 'Cymbeline.' At the last meeting of the class Mrs. L. H. Corcoran was elected leader, and the following class committee, Mrs. Henry Taylor, Misses Anderson, Miss McClaren and Mrs. Julius Schneider.

"The Browning class, which promises to be one of the most successful of the club classes, was organized in December, and Rev. J. W. Powell consented to give a number of readings and talks. From the first the class has been filled with women who are interested in the study of Browning, and the very great interest in the class has made the club willing to incur the expense of a course of ten lectures for the coming year. Mr. Powell will devote part of the lectures to 'The Ring and the Book,' but other poems will be read and discussed during the year. The lectures will be given on alternate Thursdays, with the Shakespeare class at 10 o'clock in the morning. Miss Anderson has been elected leader of the class."

• • •

The report of the department of education and home, made by Mrs. J. H. Crowley, chairman, is as follows:

"During the year just passed this department has followed about the same policy as that of former years, feeling that a little thoroughly and well done is better than much attempted. However we have tried to be alert to anything that would broaden the club work and benefit the members.

"The travel class has been the only regular study class of this department. Meeting semi-monthly on the first and third Tuesdays of the month we have been able to present twelve programs every one proving of great interest to our members. The topic for the year was Great Britain. For the traveler, this country is one of magnificent distance but with the indefatigable zeal of the modern tourist we essayed to travel the length and breadth of this mighty empire, upon which the sun never sets, in the space of six months time!

"The grand old missionary hymn that thrills us with its cry of far off peoples for the light of Christianity seems to define the extent of this great kingdom for—

"'From Greenland's icy mountains,
'From India's coral strand,
'Where Afric's sunny mountains
'Roll down their golden sands;
'From many an ancient river
'From many a palmy palin, etc., etc.'

"But even with the mental gymnastics in which the club's classes of the period seem proficient, we found it impossible to accomplish any thing like a tour spent within the borders of Great Britain proper, visiting England, Scotland, Ireland and Wales. In each of these countries we have found so many interesting places to see and people to know that the six months have seemed all too short and we close the year with regret, which is a strong incentive for good work in the future. In perspective the year promised much entertainment and has been a realization of the promise. Our year was most auspiciously begun in October with a musicale at which the music of England, Scotland and Ireland was given and a reunion of the class was held. This meeting was held in Temple opera hall, all other meetings have been held in the club room of the library. By vivid description and with the aid of the stereopticon Rev. R. J. Mooney carried us with him through many historic scenes and places in both England and Ireland, passing through the choicest bits of scenery marking each stop with well selected facts and fancies. To R. F. Denfeld we are indebted for placing us on firm ground in regard to Britain's position among the powers of the world and from the vantage ground of this knowledge we have been able to consider her position both politically and otherwise.

"Dr. T. H. Cleland gave a most scholarly review of the poetry and prose of this country, interesting us to such a degree that we felt deep regret that we could not linger in these alluring fields, and that the world through us would not hear more of these great writers whose thoughts have been carried to the uttermost parts of this earth. However, we unselfishly relinquish the honor in favor of the literature department and Charles and Mary Lamb.

"One of our most delightful little tours was through the picturesque country of the Highlands, with Rev. Alexander Milne as our guide, and in true Scottish friendliness we drank a cup of tea together in one of this country's beautiful dales.

"Throughout the whole of Great Britain the religious history is shown in almost imperishable monuments in the cathedrals. The growth and effect of Christianity and a description of some of the most noted cathedrals was most entertainingly given by Bishop J. D. Morrison, and we account this one of our best tours.

"With the history of Scotland came a desire to know something of the literature of these hardy people of the North, and 'Early Gaelic Literature' was added to the program. While this seemed an obscure subject, it proved a wise selection, for rarely has as great a treat been given our club as was the talk on this afternoon by Mrs. John McLeod, who, because of her intimate knowledge of and her great interest in her subject, knew whereof she spoke.

"Mrs. Robert Morris Seymour and Miss Pendergast contributed very greatly to the success of programs by their most entertaining as well as instructive talks on the 'Art of Great Britain' and 'The Literature of Ireland,' two strong elements in the growth and development of any people.

"We studied the English at home and in Miss Scott's most interesting story of an Englishman on the continent drawn from personal observation and acquaintance, we conclude that whether on the icy mountains of America, the golden sands of far-off Ceylon, the ancient rivers, palm groves and fountains of Afric's sunny clime, the Englishman is still and always the same self-centered Englishman.

"We have completed the year's program and have, I think, found it worth while. We have not, any more than actual tourists, been exempt from all annoyances and discomforts. Some things have been better than we expected, some more beautiful, some more interesting, and still some have been like the snow-white wings of Capri, for

"'The sails we see on the ocean
Are as white as white can be,
But never a one in the harbor
Is as white as those at sea.
Yet, distance, then dear enchantress,
Still hold in thy magic veil
The glory of far-off mountains,
The gleam of the far-off sail.'"

• • •

The report of Mrs. H. M. Morrison, historian, was as follows:

"When we erect a large building, we find it necessary to strengthen its walls in some way to prevent a collapse. It must be braced, either in the inside by iron rods, or on the outside by butresses. In very large church buildings the 'flying buttress' is used, as combining strength with graceful outline. Now, our club, being such a very large human erection, seems to need both kinds of supports; the inner, being represented by the staff of workers who attend the board meetings, and those by whose efforts the classes are made of value; those women of iron will and strong resolve, who brace the walls of our club by their courage, perseverance, wit, and work. The club walls could surely fall in, if it were not for that strong support. And outside we find the other brace, the kind which your present historian represents—the flying buttress—one who is interested in all that the club says and does, and as far as possible, without attending its meetings, supports and braces its walls from the outside.

"The term 'flying' is so true to the nature of this particular brace, that to give reasons therefor, would become quite too personal for this report. From the point then, of a flying buttress, your historian gives her report.

"Our club year opened pleasantly, in this room, on Oct. 4, with a reception given to our president, Miss Mary B. Statham. It is evident that certain members of the club thought an impetus was needed at this first meeting of the year, whereby its interest might be pushed; and so we find in a descriptive clipping from the News Tribune, that punch was served. It has evidently been effectual, as the year's work has shown. Punch, in the midst of flowers—how typical of our club, and its ideals! Push, and the beautiful life is combined; it certainly was a well considered indication of our club idea.

"Following out the thought expressed in last year's report, we will try to call from memory's garden a few flowers to add to our boquet of everlastings—some of those things which to have been most worth while. In the effervescence of youthful enthusiasm some things were undertaken which have worked off; though they seemed then to be of great importance; but we have now reached the point where we are willing to give and to have what is called for. Instead of forcing any issue prematurely.

"First, in the list of the worthwhiles, I would put the fellowship of our club; the coming into close contact with women possessed of noble ambitions, of consecrated zeal, of generous impulse, and of unselfish purpose. Of such we have many in our membership; but to that one who has passed from our midst, to the realms beyond, all these attributes seem specially to apply.

"Coming among us but a short time ago, a perfect stranger, a native of a foreign country, Mrs. Huldah Rockwell at once identified herself with this community, and strove in many ways to sweeten the air she breathed. Thoughtful, and modest in expression; intensely zealous for the welfare of this town, yet broad enough to take the wide world into her interests; simple in manner, while grasping with unusual keenness the world's work; she brought to our club an atmosphere it had heretofore lacked. She looked beyond to the larger world and brought to us from her watch tower the story of what she saw. She it was, that first led us to feel our personal responsibility in bringing about the peaceful settlement of national differences; and although we shall never see the result of her effort, she was content that it should be so; and we shall be thankful, if in our day it comes to pass that arbitration shall settle the world's quarrels, that our Twentieth Century club had its little part in bringing about this happy decision.

"To Mrs. Rockwell also is due the credit of first presenting to us the necessity of the juvenile court, which subject is now being further agitated. A natural leader in affairs, she never gave utterance to an idea without first carefully studying it herself. In her death, we have lost an able and most helpful member. May the memory of her unselfish efforts remain with us, as an inspiration to us all.

"Among the important actions of the club during the past year is the endorsement we formally gave to the petition of the state federation for the separation of the training school for girls from the state training school at Red Wing, where boys and girls are both committed. This is one of the benefits we receive from being affiliated with the federation; we have the ability to enlarge our opportunity for co-operative service, and so carry into wider fileds the spirit of our club.

"One of the most potent elements of our club recently has been its social side. Not only have we enjoyed the pleasure and the honor which the federation has brought to us by meeting here, but our monthly meetings have presented ample opportunity for friendly intercourse, and have also furnished the variety, which owing to the silence of some of our departments, we should otherwise have lacked. Thus, music, art, the drama, etc., have been represented, while as yet these departments are in a state of suspension.

"Of our study work, the heads of the departments have reported; but I should fail in my duty as historian, did I omit to allude to the birth of our baby class in Browning. This infant, after a six months' existence is so lusty as to be loudly crying for more. And I hear it is to be humored upon the next year's program.

"One thing I must not fail to emphasize in closing this report; and that is the encouragement we now enjoy with every backward glance over the past work of our club. It is only as events recede that we may see them in their true focus. And when we remember the struggle our home department had to get the mind of the public attuned to the thought and desire for a school of domestic science, and the sighs and groans that went up, as we thought we were failing to make an impression, and then look up at the Y. M. C. A. we may see that we did accomplish more than we thought.

"Or, when we recall the sparsely attended meetings of our reform and philanthropy departments, and the apparently futile attempts to do many things we longed to do, and the feeble response our bravest advances met with, we are apt to think we failed in those endeavors. But your historian knows better; and she would like to say, right here, that those were the meetings that educated her; and but for those now silent departments, many things which she has suggested in the Woman's council would never have been thought of. The departments are silent, but your delegate has not been so; and she feels it due to this club to acknowledge with gratitude that but for that experience and the educational influence of this organization, no suggestion would have come from her to that council for either 'rock-cleaning and beautifying,' 'industrial summer' or 'industrial school,' for 'schools of domestic science' or for 'boys' club gardens.' It is our Twentieth Century club that has really been the instigator of these schemes, and if they are carried out, as I believe they will be, it will be a reason for special thankfulness on our part.

"So strongly do I feel this, that I am going to take liberties as a historian, and make a suggestion, viz., that we rehabilitate those silent departments, and at least have occasional meetings, on call of the chairman, to arouse and enlighten the members as to their duties and privileges.

"And now our thoughts turn naturally to the one who was the originator of our club, and who is now its head. She is absent from our midst, and while we have in our first vice president an able substitute as a presiding officer, we feel that whoever occupies the chair, we must always miss the gracious presence of our leader, and the gentle smile with which she ever greeted us

"Our consolation, as we look at her vacant chair, is in the thought that when her presence has become a part of our history, she, along with another beloved member who is soon to leave us for a visit to her native land, will have brought home a rich store of good things, which we all know they will be eager to share with their comrades here.

"To them both (I am sure I voice the feeling of the club) we wish a happy journey and a speedy return."

IT'S FOOD

That Restores and Makes Health Possible.

There are stomach specialists as well as eye and ear and other specialists.

One of these told a young lady of New Brunswick, N. J., to quit medicines and eat Grape-Nuts. She says:

"For about twelve months I suffered severely with gastritis. I was unable to retain much of anything on my stomach, and consequently was compelled to give up my occupation. I took quantities of medicine, and had an idea I was dieting, but I continued to suffer, and soon lost fifteen pounds in weight. I was depressed in spirits and lost interest in everything generally. My mind was so affected that it was impossible to become interested in even the lightest erading matter.

"After suffering for months I decided to go to a stomach specialist. He put me on Grape-Nuts and my health began to improve immediately. It was the keynote of a new life. I found that I had been eating too much starchy food which I did not digest, and that the cereals which I had tried had been too heavy. I soon proved that it is not the quantity of food that one eats, but the quality.

"In a few weeks I was able to go back to my old business of doing clerical work. I have continued to eat Grape-Nuts for both the morning and evening meal. I wake in the morning with a clear mind and feel restored. I regained my lost weight in a short time. I am well and happy again and owe it to Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for the little book, "The Road to Wellville."

IN STRICT CONFIDENCE.

Women Obtain Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Help.

She Has Guided Thousands to Health.—How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Mrs. Fred Seydel.

It is a great satisfaction for a woman to feel that she can write to another telling her the most private and confidential details about her illness, and know that her letter will be seen by a woman only, a woman full of sympathy for her sick sisters, and above all, a woman who has had more experience in treating female ills than any living person.

Over one hundred thousand cases of female diseases come before Mrs. Pinkham every year, some personally, others by mail, and this has been going on for twenty years, day after day.

Surely women are wise in seeking advice from a woman of such experience, especially when it is absolutely free.

Mrs. Pinkham never violates the confidence of women, and every testimonial letter published is done so with the written consent or request of the writer, in order that other sick women may be benefited as they have been.

Mrs. Fred Seydel, of 412 North 54th Street, West Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"Over a year ago I wrote you a letter asking advice, as I had female ills and could not carry a child to maturity. I received your kind letter of instructions and followed your advice. I am not only a well woman in consequence, but have a beautiful baby girl. I wish every suffering woman in the land would write you for advice, as you have done so much for me."

Just as surely as Mrs. Seydel was cured, will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman suffering from any form of female ills.

No other medicine in all the world has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Therefore no prudent woman will accept any substitute which a druggist may offer.

If you are sick, write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helpful.

Another rug sale this week!

The one we gave you last week was a record-breaker. Everybody was delighted at the values, and you nearly cleaned us out. Hundreds were disappointed because we didn't have more, but we gave you all we could get at the prices, showing no favoritism to anyone.

THIS WEEK WE JUMP from the real antiques to the imitation ones, with the grandest assortment ever shown in the West, of machine-made rugs in all sizes and makes.

$8.75 FOR 8x12 SMYRNA RUGS—These are made of Jute—are reversible, same pattern on both sides—in spendid Oriental designs. Sell everywhere at $12.75—our price only $8.75. **$8.75**

9.0x10.6 Tapestry Brussels Rugs for.....$12.75
9.0x12.0 Tapestry Brussels Rugs for.....$17.50
8.3x10.3 Heavy Axminster Rugs for.....$24.75
9.0x12.0 Heavy Axminster Rugs for.....$25.75
9.0x12.0 Royal Wilton Rugs for.....$32.50
9.0x12.0 French Wiltons, worth $57.50, here.....$49.50

Domestic Oriental Rugs.

Nearest approach to a genuine antique manufactured in this country—size 36x63 inches—for..... **$5.50**

27x60-inch Axminster rugs—closely woven, with deep, heavy pile, for only..... **$2.25**

Smyrna rugs, sizes 30x60 inches—they wear as well as they look and are worth $1.50..... **98c**

Bath rugs.

The new washable bathroom rugs—in dark or light blue, pinks, greens and crimsons—Everybody's using them. See our prices—

18x36 inches.....75c
24x48 inches.....$1.45
36x36 inches.....$1.49
30x60 inches.....$1.95
36x72 inches.....$2.75

Art squares.

All wool, extra heavy, reversible designs on the newest colorings. We are making the prices and selling the rugs—

6.0x 9.0 feet.....$4.75
7.6x 9.0 feet.....$6.25
9.0x10.6 feet.....$8.75
9.0x12.0 feet.....$9.75
10.6x12.0 feet.....$11.75

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14 West Superior Street,

Duluth, Minn.

SOCIAL AFFAIRS.

Wedding of Miss Henrietta Cobb and Albert S. Goodman.

The wedding of Miss Henrietta Cook and Albert S. Goodman of St. Paul, took place yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Ida Cook of Second avenue east. The house was prettily decorated for the ceremony which was read at 5 o'clock by Rabbi Mendel Silber. Preceeding the ceremony "For Eternity" was sung by Mrs. L. H. Y. Josephs and the wedding music was played by Flaaten's orchestra. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. H. Y. Josephs, as matron of honor, and her bridesmaids were Miss Hattie Shapiro, Miss Estelle Levy, Miss Delia Finkelstein and Miss Mayme Gittleson. Louis Goodman was the groom's attendant, and the ushers were Messrs Louis Zalk, Julius Cook, S. Y. Josephs and B. J. Cook. The flower girls were little Sylvia Josephs and Ray Cook. The bride wore a beautiful gown of white crepe de chne. Her veil was caught with a diamond brooch, the gift of the groom. The matron of honor also wore white trimmed with Irish point lace.

Mr. and Mrs. Goodman left on an evening train for a six months' Southern trip and after their return will be at home at St. Paul.

The out of town guests were Messrs. and Mesdames L. Nathan, Jacob Bernstein, Albert Shapiro, Mrs. M. Shapiro, Mrs. I. Jacobs, Miss Delia Finklestein, Miss Rae Finklestein, Miss Hattie Shapiro, Morris Goodman, Louis Finklestein, Harry Goodman of St. Paul; Miss Lillian Cook of Chicago; Miss Rose Cohn, A. Cohn and Isadore Cohn of Superior.

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The Lester Park Literary club will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. W. J. Stevenson, and Mrs. Fred Hanson will be leader for the afternoon.

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The East End Bible class will meet tomorrow afternoon with Mrs. J. D. Morrison at her home, 2131 East Superior street. Any interested are invited to attend.

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Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Berg and Mrs. S. H. Rothermel went down to Minneapolis yesterday to attend grand opera.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John Uno Sebenius and sons have returned from a visit in California.

• • •

Mrs. James McAuliffe and Mrs. Arthur E. Gilbert left yesterday for Minneapolis to attend grand opera.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Eddy and Miss Hunter have gone down to Minneapolis for grand opera.

• • •

Miss Catherine Watterworth is in Minneapolis this week attending grand opera.

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Miss Blanche Dewey of Boston, who has been visiting her brother, George Dewey of Grand Rapids, Minn. for some time, is in the city. Miss Dewey has a cultivated mezzo-soprano voice and may be heard in Duluth before long. She will be here for several weeks, and is at present with Mrs. C. Staurt of 231 West Second street. Miss Bena V. Wilson of Grand Rapids, who has been Mrs. Stuart's guests for a few days has returned home.

• • •

Mrs. D. M. Gunn, Mrs. W. C. Gilbert and Mrs. J. M. Dempsey of Grand Rapids, Minn., passed through the city last night on their way to the Twin Cities.

MISSIONARY SOCIAL.

Sixteenth Annual of Presbyterian Organization.

The sixteenth annual meeting of the Home and Foreign Presbyterian Missionary society will be held tomorrow at the lecture rooms of the First Presbyterian church of this city. The meeting is to be an all day session, and a basket luncheon will be served at noon. The feature of the morning session will be a talk on Japan by Mrs. John McLeod and in the afternoon and evening, lectures will be delivered by Dr. Wishard of Utah on the conditions in that state. Dr. Wishard is an authority on the subject upon which he will speak and much interest is being shown in these promised talks. The completo program is as follows:

10 a. m.—Devotional ..... Mrs. Jackson
10:20—Minutes of Foreign meeting 1904 ..... Miss Caroline Blackmar
Appointment of committees.....
Items of Business .....
Reports of delegates .....
Reports of secretaries—.....
Mrs. McCabe, Mrs. Brockelhurst.
Report of foreign treasurer— .....
Talk on Japan ..... Mrs. McLeod
Discussion .....
12:30—Lunch .....
1:15—Election of officers .....
2 p. m.—Devotional ..... Mrs. Sherwin
2:20—Minutes of Home meeting 1904, ...
Unfinished business— .....
Report of contingent treasurer— .....
..... Mrs. Pierce
Reports of secretaries— .....
.....Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Sutherland
Address— ..... Dr. Wishard of Utah
Offering— .....
Reports of committees— .....
Consecration prayer— .....

The evening meeting will be at 8 o'clock and there will be an address by Dr. Wishard.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has won success far beyond the effect of advertising only.

The secret of its wonderful popularity is explained by its unapproachable *Merit.*

Based upon a prescription which cured people considered incurable,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Unites the best-known vegetable remedies, by such a combination, proportion and process as to have curative power peculiar to itself.

Its cures of scrofula, eczema, psoriasis, and every kind of humor, as well as catarrh and rheumatism — prove

Hood's Sarsaparilla

the best blood purifier ever produced.

Its cures of dyspepsia, loss of appetite and that tired feeling make it the greatest stomach tonic and strength-restorer the world has ever known.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a thoroughly good medicine. Begin to take it TODAY. Get HOOD'S.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—"Buster Brown."

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Tuesday, Paul Gilmore, in "The Mummy and the Humming Bird."

METROPOLITAN—Latter half of week, "Alphonse and Gaston."

"BUSTER BROWN."

This evening, at the Methopolitan, "Buster Brown" will open its engagement of three nights and Wednesday matinee. If it does not prove to be the most popular attraction the Metropolitan has had this season the management will be disappointed, and the rule that has prevailed elsewhere will be broken. In St. Paul last week its success was enormous and the house was packed at all performances.

PAUL GILMORE.

When Paul Gilmore visited Duluth a year ago and played "The Mummy and the Humming Bird," everyone was delighted with the production and the star. Tomorrow evening Mr. Gilmore will again be seen at the Lyceum, and the same play will be the bill. In the essential parts the company is the same, and a fine performance is therefore assured.

WHIST GAMES.

Tournament at Commercial Club an Enjoyable Affair.

A very enjoyable evening was passed by those taking part in the whist tournament at the Commercial club Saturday evening. Ten tables were played. The prizes on the north and south side were taken by Mrs. M. Baldwin and Mrs. DeVey with a score of 170, while those in the east and west side went to T. J. Buford and M. L. Countryman with a score of 164. The averages were 174¼ and 164¾.

Following are the names of the players and their scores:

North and south, Mrs. Baldwin and Mrs. DeVey, 170; S. A. McPhail and M. S. Lloyd, 169; Mrs. G. A. Elder and M. B. Cullum, 168; C. E. Wachtel and J. F. Walsh, 164; O. T. H. Grosse and C. P. White, 163; Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Loedner, 163; A. D. Heimbach and S. O. St. Sterrit, 162; Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hobbs, 159.

East and west, T. J. Buford and M. L. Countryman of St. Paul, 154; Mr. and Mrs. Marble, 151; E. A. Finklehorn and F. H. White, 150; W. T. Mishler and A. A. Kerr, 148; C. H. Bradley and James A. Waugh, 147; Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Harper, 146.

Every Mother

Who has a drinking son is interested in Orrine, the cure for the drink habit. Orrine absolutely destroys all desire for strong drink. Take it quietly at home, or give it to the patient without his knowledge. $1.00 per box. Call on F. W. Kugler, Druggist, 108 West Superior street, Duluth.

NOTICE!

Mr. N. H. Murray has taken charge of the Nicollet Restaurant, opposite the Union depot, on Michigan street, and would be pleased to meet all his friends and patrons. Mr. Murray is prepared better than ever to supply first-class meals at the lowest possible prices, and will make a specialty of 15, 20 and 25-cent dinners.

NICOLLET RESTAURANT,
Opposite Union Depot on Michigan Street.

Workingmen and Others

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

DOES IT PAY?

The Missourian of Richmond, Mo., says the stingiest man it knows of lives in Ray county. He was married by the justice of the peace and paid the bill in turnips. For a wedding trip he took his wife to Richmond in his lumber wagon and for a wedding dinner they ate a dime's worth of bologna and a box of crackers as they walked around the public square. Before starting for home he bought a nickel's worth of candy, and as he opened the sack for a second stick he stammered, "Say, my woman, 'sposin' we save the rest of this here candy fer the children."

The besetting sin of most people is extravagance and that is what keeps the majority living from hand to mouth. They do not mean to be extravagant and they do not live any too well, but they really live beyond their means because they do not know how to manage.

Any man who has good health may become rich if he will only make it a rule to spend less than he earns. Almost every reader knows of some man who rose from poverty to affluence by close observance of this plan. John D. Rockefeller got his start in life in this way and although he is now a liberal giver it is safe to say that his outgo never exceeded his income.

But does it pay for a man to deprive himself and his family of the good things of life in order that he may become rich? The Kansas City Journal tells the story briefly in these words: "Look into the future twenty years. The stingiest man will be known as 'our wealthiest and most prominent citizen.' The little woman will have worn herself into the grave helping him to make and save his money and to raise a couple of sons whose lives will be as pinched and as dull as her own until they are old enough to get out in the world. Then the stingiest man will begin to reap the reward he so justly deserves."

The Herald has in mind a man who began with nothing and became wealthy by practicing the stingiest economy. As soon as his oldest boy and girl were old enough they ran away from home. Then he realized his error and after moving from the farm into town that his younger children might be given better opportunities, he fequently observed: "I would give all I possess if my boy and girl were at home with me now, and they might have been if I had not deprived them of the education and advantages they should have had and could have enjoyed if I had not set my mind on the accumulation of wealth to the exclusion of every other consideration. My money is a poor consolation in the loss of their love and respect."

Economy is a great virtue, but that economy which leads to stinginess and deprivation does not pay. The extravagant man will go to his grave with a better conscience, although he leaves nothing behind.

A TIMELY APPEAL.

The appeal of Building Inspector Robinson for a revision of the ordinances governing building inspection is timely. If Duluth is not to go the way of all cities as food for fire its building ordinances must be radically revised.

Recently the owner of a brick-veneered building in the business district on Superior street began repairs on the structure that virtually necessitated the demolition of the building and yet because he left a few joists and studding in place he is permitted, under the law, to reconstruct a frame building to endanger adjoining property. If a frame building is injured by fire to an extent of 50 per cent the owner cannot repair it but must build anew of supposedly fire-proof material and yet a man may virtually tear down a frame building until its value is not over 25 per cent of its original cost and still be allowed to build it up anew.

The ordinances regarding fireproof structures also need revision. The present ordinances permit the construction of buildings in the business section that are practically no more fireproof than frame buildings.

The enormous loss of both life and property by fire in cities during recent years is appaling. The time has arrived when Duluth should insist on better construction. A fireproof structure costs but little if any more than one that is not fireproof and will soon save its own cost in reduced fire insurance rates.

GREEKS BEARING GIFTS.

The Rev. Washington Gladden sounded the keynote yesterday in his comments on the proposed donation by John D. Rockefeller to the board of foreign missions of the Congregational church. Not how a man acquires his money, but why and in what spirit it is given should be the determining factor as to acceptance or rejection of the gift. If a man steals his money, it will not injure a church to use it unless the church in using it consents to further thieving; unless it is given as a sort of bribe to purchase immunity from molestation or prosecution for past or future misdeeds.

John D. Rockefeller may be a much-maligned man, but the people do not so believe. It is generally conceded that the Standard Oil trust is an outlaw; that it has been a lawbreaker ever since is inception, and that it proposes to continue violating the law as long as it can. There is a law against conspiracy in restraint of trade; it is believed to be a conspiracy in restraint of trade. There is a law against the payment or acceptance of railroad rebates; the charge has been frequenty made and not denied that it has accepted rebates; in fact originated the system. There is a moral law against adulterated and impure goods; the charge has been made and not denied that it has adulterated and sold impure goods. There is a law against conspiracy to force competitors out of business; it is common knowledge that this combine has forced out of business and financially ruined thousands of competitors.

For all of this the people are as much to blame as the Standard Oil company, because they have permitted it. John D. Rockefeller is no worse than thousands other men in this country whose money would be readily accepted by almost any church. They are doing in a smaller way exactly what he is doing on a wholesale plan. But he is a conspicuous example of the merchant marauder; he is the head and front of the "system." If he should come to the church with his offering and say: "I have sinned, but have seen the error of my ways, and will do so no more," then the church would be justified in acceptance. But instead, he puts on a brazen front and says "the Lord gave me my money," and presumes to teach and preach to other men how they shall live and conduct themselves.

Whether the charges against the Standard Oil trust and John D. Rockefeller are true or not, they are believed to be true. Under these circumstances the prevalent opinion that his gifts are simply made as bribes is well founded, and the church or school that accepts them places itself in the position of condoning law-breaking and questionable financial mehods and giving sanction to further evasions and violations of law in future.

THE CHANGE THAT IS PRACTICAL.

It is impossible to make people care who do not care. Therefore, any law designed to compel people to be good and intelligent citizens is impractical and of no account. You can lead a horse to water, but you cannot make him drink. You can lead a voter up to the polls, but you cannot compel him to vote intelligently.

The would-be reformer often makes the mistake of thinking that because certain people do not agree with him they do not know much. They often know more than he thinks they do. The trouble with a great many voters is not that they do not know, but that they do not care. They are negligent of their duties as citizens.

How often do we hear the intelligent voter make the remark: "What's the use? It does not make any difference which party gets the offices, the people will get the worst of it anyway. The corporations and special interests will run the government no matter which side wins."

And who can dispute that there is truth in this observation? The trouble is that the present political system takes the power of making laws out of the hands of the people, and places it in the hands of their so-called representatives, who are more frequently misrepresentatives.

If the system were changed so that the power to make or unmake laws remained with the voter then there would be less carelessness and indifference on the part of citizens. And when that is done the majority of citizens who take the trouble to vote should rule. We need not then worry about the man who neglects his duties as a citizen, because he deserves no consideraton. In a real democracy the majority who vote will rule and the man who does not vote will not and should not have any voice in government.

ENORMOUS LOSS OF MEN.

It is little wonder that there is talk of peace emanating from Russia. The war office, goaded by many criticisms, has published in detail in its official organ the figures concerning the number of troops and amount of guns and supplies sent to the Far East up to March 12. It is claimed that while there were only about 60,000 troops in Manchuria at the opening of the war the total now reaches about three quarters of a million. But the most important part of the announcement is that of this great body of men only about 300,000 are now in shape for duty, all the others having been killed, captured, wounded or sent home on sick leave.

This is certainly a startling admission and shows how effective has been the Japanese onslaught. It is not surprising, therefore, that there is talk of peace. Even as great a country as Russia cannot stand such a drain of men very long, to say nothing of the enormous expense.

How many men Japan has lost will probably not be definitely known until the war is ended, but it is safe to say that it is not over one-fifth the number lost by Russia.

The Russian war office has justified itself. But what can be said of the bureaucracy that brought on the war and made such an enormous loss of men and treasure? The time will come when the civilized world will look upon these men as little less than wholesale murderers, and if they elect to continue the war their action will be nothing less than criminal, because it must result in needless and enormous sacrifice of human life. Russia is beaten beyond redemption.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The Minneapolis girl who married an English earl may discover in time that earls are fine for keeping the hair in curl.

* * *

The high-heeled shoe is to be banished, but the hourglass form is to come in. And that is worse.

* * *

Pacific coast newspapers are talking about Japanese labor being a serious menace. James J. Hill says wages in America are too high. What are we going to do about it?

* * *

The Russians who are now destroying bridges may be sorry later when they desire to retreat in the opposite direction from that they are now taking.

* * *

The time for Russia to have insisted on "honorable peace" was before the war began.

* * *

Some time before his death Gen. Wallace told a friend that his idea of heaven was "a place where we would know everything—that in this world we knew so little, but there all mystery would be clear." No doubt this thought has occurred to nearly everybody. The desire to know the mysteries of creation is the strongest incentive to a desire for future life. And yet, would it add anything to our happiness, here or hereafter, if we knew all about it?

* * *

In accepting a subordinate position in the army after starting for St. Petersburg, Gen. Kuropatkin made at least one "masterly retreat."

* * *

It is reported that Sherman Bell, rough-riding anarchist of Colorado, has been offered a diplomatic post in Venezuela by President Roosevelt. The president must want a row with Castro very much.

* * *

The tobacco trust netted about $50,000,000 last year. But no doubt the books of the company would convince Commissioner Garfield that its profits were very small.

* * *

If the legislature does not already know that the people desire direct nomination of state officers it might submit the question to the people and find out.

* * *

The experience of the London council of foreign bondholders in effecting a settlement with President Castro of Venezuela does not confirm the usual reports sent out concerning that executive. Secretary Cooper of the commission said: "During the negotiations we found President Castro to be perfectly businesslike and animated by a desire to effect a settlement."

Hotel Gossip.

"The legislature should seriously consider the matter of making a $25,000 appropriation to be used in the building and improving of roads in the three northern counties of Lake, Cook and St. Louis," said F. W. Walker of Two Harbors at the St. Louis. Mr. Walker is a member of the Lake county board, and was for a time chairman of that body.

"It is a disgrace to the legislators that the roads in some parts of Northern Minnesota, particularly in Lake county, should be left in the condition they are, without any effort being made on the part of the state to improve or extend them. Appropriations have been made for Southern sections, why should we be left out in the cold? Take Lake and Cook counties. The commissioners cannot raise the necessary funds for road improvement entirely through taxation, because so much of the land belongs to railroads and the state, and what remains is generally very sparsely settled, and by poor people. We who own the land benefited, however, are willing to stand our share of the expense, but it is no more than right that the state should lend some assistance. There is certainly a crying need for such assistance, and until it is given, the development of the north shore region will be retarded, and settlers will be kept out of the rich territory for years to come, except for the few who may struggle in without any other inducement than their own desire to settle in a land that promises much for the future.

"The road leading from Two Harbors to Grand Marais is especially in need of improvements. It is in a disgraceful condition, and at certain periods in the year can scarcely be traveled over at all by man or beast. This makes the residents of the north shore town almost entirely dependent upon the lake boats for transportation of themselves and their freight to and from Duluth. The legislature can apropriate $10,000 to buy a set of silver for the steamship Minnesota, but when it comes to pulling their own people out of a mud hole they stand back and don't even offer a vote of sympathy. The punishment of the legislators for this neglect should be an enforced drive in a farmer's wagon from Two Harbors to Grand Marais. I should be willing to pay all expenses of the trip."

* * *

Under the date of Friday, March 24, the first name on the page of the Lenox hotel register is that of John Lennox, and the incident which led up to the placing of the signature there is an indication of how the new hostelry is likely to grow in the favor of show people and other transients.

Friday morning a young man entered the Hotel Lennox office, looked with satisfaction at the general neatness of the place, glanced at the attractive and expensive furniture and other fittings and then walked up to the desk and addressed E. F. Barto, the manager. The latter soon learned that the stranger's name was John Lennox, or so it was given, at least.

"I happened to be walking along the street when your sign out in front caught my eye," said the man. "I thought perhaps the people here might be some relations of mine, by the name of the place, and decided to drop in and find out."

A thoughtful wrinkle appeared between the eyes of Mr. Barto, who seemed to be trying to recall something to memory. "John Lennox, John Lennox," he repeated, "Let me see, your home is down in New York somewhere, isn't it? Through being associated with Dave Harum, a great friend of the American people, your name has become known from coast to coast. It is with pleasure that I welcome so noted a character to our city. And you are correct in assuming that relations of yours own this hotel. Old man Lenox himself, your father, you know, has the running of it, and you may rest assured that he will see the right treatment is accorded yourself and friends while you remain in the city. He will be tickled to death to see you again."

Mr. Lennox, who later signed his real name of Richard Gordon, laughed in hearty enjoyment of the situation, and after further conversation and investigation of the upstairs part of the hotel, left the building returning a little later with several other members of the "David Harum" theatrical company, all of whom remained at the Lenox while in the city, playing two engagements at the Lyceum. It developed that Mr. Gordon appeared on the stage as John Lenox.

* * *

At the Spalding: B. Cohen, New York; T. F. Lynch, Chicago; H. Bannon, O. J. Fish, Cleveland; C. B. Osborn, Beloit, Wis.; Chester Bradford, Indianapolis; P. C. Rickey, Chicago; C. S. Ahlstrand, Virginia; T. H. Squarey, Homer Miller, J. L. Hickey, Chicago; C. H. Drake and wife, St. Paul; H. E. Lyman and wife, St. Paul; O. F. Symons, W. A. Lancaster, Minneapolis; S. J. Waddell, Janesville, Wis.; Mrs. M. J. Warner, Two Harbors; A. H. Rose, St. Paul; W. N. Blencoe, Chicago; H. Murphy, F. F. Tooney, Haywood; H. M. Samuels, Minneapolis; H. E. Shawvan, Detroit; Thomas Walters, Ishpeming; F. F. Bellew, Appleton, Wis.

* * *

At the Lennox: Charles Cauplin, Mrs. Cauplin, Grand Rapids, Minn.; C. Y. Lamdon, Minneapolis; T. W. Jones, Winnipeg; G. Isaacs, Milwaukee; C. Rines, Iron Mountain; M. M. Young, Milwaukee; C. F. Walther, Buffalo; Edward Collins, Minneapolis; George Lintner, Ashland; H. A. Stuart, Denver; Andrew Johnson, Feeley; William Nesbit, Columbus, Ohio.

* * *

At the St. Louis: S. M. Dickson, St. Paul; A. W. Anderson, Michigamme; E. J. Fevitts, Cleveland; S. A. Stenberg, Hibbing; Alex Bergstrom, Cloquet; G. A. Gwore, Moorehead; H. H. Wells, wife and sister, Spooner, Wis.; D. S. Miller, Ashland; B. Levin, Virginia; Martin Hughes, Hibbing; E. F. Gillespin, Cambridge; M. M. Seald, Miss Clancy, Mrs. Seald, Evelith; W. A. Baun, Floodwood; C. A. Humgerford, Aitkin, Minn.; Thomas Thornby, Ely; J. W. Hull, Minneapolis; J. S. Solan, Minneapolis; F. F. Bellew, Appleton, Wis.; J. F. Gordon, Chicago.

* * *

At the McKay: A. P. Moss, St. Paul; E. McPike, Buckingham; Thomas Johnson, Chicago; E. Cass and wife, Winnipeg; M. M. Wold, Minneapolis; Mrs. Jessie Wright, Virginia; J. S. Stewart, Hibbing; F. Kottes, Madison; F. S. Aldin, Thomson; G. P. Creylaw, Minneapolis; W. D. Annatimg, Grand Forks; G. H. White, Fargo; J. E. Thomas, Jamestown, N. D.; A. L. Riley, St. Cloud; C. H. Sturdivant, Jersey City; C. J. Squires, C. Bond, Kansas City; C. H. Gray, Marshfield; S. B. Ridley, Tower; M. H. Wright, Ishpeming; W. M. Hallinger, Detroit; D. Wells, Yellowstone Park.

A Woman's Advice.

New Yorker: A woman who has had a very unhappy married life gives this advice to young women:

Don't marry a man to reform him. It can't be done unless he is under 22.

The woman who permits her heart to rule her head makes a sad mistake.

If a girl loves a man no matter how dissipated or selfish he may be, she plunges into matrimony with her eyes closed.

No woman should ever depend entirely on her husband for happiness. It is folly and leads always to heartache. A married woman should have a life apart from her husband.

Let her keep sweet and true and lovable, but beyond a certain point she should not venture, lest she lose her individuality in her husband's, with the result that he will impose upon her.

Beware of a man with an ungovernable temper; and almost all men are endowed with this quality.

Shun the man who drinks to excess, for it is a habit that leads to wretchedness.

Avoid also the man who is selfish, the man who considers always his own interests before those of his wife.

All men are fickle, and it depends on the wife's power to hold them.

Women Suffragists of South Africa.

South Africa: Natal women who are members of the local branch of the Women's Suffrage league have circulated a petition which they propose to present to the Natal parliament. The fair petitioners claim that on the grounds of justice, equity and expediency the parliamentary franchise should be extended to them, and they contend that as women own property, pay taxes, directly and indirectly, and are subject to all the laws, it is unjust that they should have no voice in the making of the laws.

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 27.—A storm of marked intensity is central this morning over Colorado, causing snow or rain in the far West and mild temperature in Middle States. Another depression central over the St. Lawrence Valley has caused rain over the greater portion of the Lake Region and north Atlantic states. Pressures are high over Pacific and south Atlantic states. The Colorado storm is followed by colder weather.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	61	Medicine Hat	28
Atlanta	54	Milwaukee	46
Battleford	26	Minnedosa	28
Bismarck	44	Modena	30
Boston	44	Montgomery	50
Buffalo	34	Moorhead	40
Calgary	24	New Orleans	64
Charleston	56	New York	46
Chicago	44	Norfolk	50
Cincinnati	46	Northfield	36
Davenport	52	North Platte	44
Denver	48	Oklahoma	62
Detroit	40	Omaha	56
Duluth	44	Phoenix	50
Dodge City	52	Pittsburg	46
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	28
El Paso	58	Portland	40
Escanaba	32	Prince Albert	24
Galveston	66	Qu'Appelle	28
Green Bay	38	Rapid City	40
Havre	30	San Francisco	48
Helena	30	Santa Fe	36
Houghton	32	Shreveport	62
Huron	46	Spokane	34
Jacksonville	60	St. Louis	52
Kamloops	28	St. Paul	50
Kansas City	58	Sault Ste. Marie	34
Knoxville	42	Swift Current	30
La Crosse	38	Washington	46
Landor	28	Williston	24
Little Rock	60	Winnemucca	28
Los Angeles	52	Winnipeg	30
Marquette	36		

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and Vicinity—Rain tonight and Tuesday. Cooler. Brisk to high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 27.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunderstorms Tuesday and possibly late tonight. Cooler Tuesday afternoon or night.

Minnesota—Rain tonight and Tuesday. Cooler in northwest portion tonight and in west and south portions Tuesday.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Rain tonight, probably turning to snow Tuesday. Colder.

POINTERS FOR MEN.

Sauk Center Herald: There are more women ready to die for men than there are those ready to sew on suspender buttons for them.

Girls as a class are not opposed to kissing, but a great many of them set their faces against the practice.

No girl ever enjoys having her hand held by a hand that has dirt under the finger nails.

Every married couple believes it is the duty of every other married couple to raise large families.

A man never feels quite so cheap or a woman quite so proud as when for the first time they wheel their first baby down the street in a new carriage.

The reason that the Lord made man first was because if he had made a woman first he would have been so well satisfied with his job he would never have made a man.

Most of the women inmates of penitentiaries are those who preferred poodle dogs to babies.

The reason that women were chosen as the first witnesses of the resurrection was that the news might be quickly spread.

Married men know more about women than single men, but they also know enough not to tell what they know.

Tennessee Oratory.

From a speech by Benton McMillin: There was a time when our commerce was carried in American ships manned by American seamen. There was a time when the flag floated over American cargoes, and when its bright, beautiful stars and emblematic stripes onlivened every sea and port where commerce was known. The American, looking out on the broad ocean, beheld it in the Orient and in the Occident. Wither he went—
To the Northern wastes of snow,
Or swayed where the soft magnolias blow—
it was there—there to remind him of his own native land, whose sons resembled in their strength the gnarled oak of her deepest forests, and whose daughters rivalled in their beauty and lovelines the orange blossoms of her most fragrant orange groves.

From a speech by "Bob" Taylor: Hands that once stayed the tide of ruin and defeat at Buena Vista are held out toward us, all withered and empty; arms that wielded the sword and musket at Cherubusco and Cerro Gordo and hurled the thunderbolts of battle at the gates of the Mexican capital are uplifted to us, unnerved and uncovered; bodies that felt the wrath and tempest of Molino del Ray are clad in tatters and rags; feet that once scaled with impetuous tread the heights of Monteray, of Chapultepec, are all shoeless and bare.

Passing of the Veterans.

Nashville American: Grant was a general so were Hayes and Garfield and Harrison. McKinley was a major. Since Andrew Johnson all the presidents, except Arthur and Cleveland, down to Roosevelt, were soldiers of the civil war. McKinley was the last. The civil war veteran has passed from the president's office to return no more. Senator Bate was perhaps the last of the old Confederates in the senate from Tennessee. He is also the last of the old school of Southern gentlemen who link the past with the present. Turney was the last Confederate to serve as governor. It is doubtful whether another old Confederate will be elected governor, senator or representative.

One of Woman's Ways.

Atchison Globe: When the women see the heroine in the hero's arms on the stage, when they read in the last chapter of a book that the hero and the heroine are embracing, how they applaud! But when they see the man next door kiss his wife good-bye before starting for work how they laugh and wonder "how long it will last!"

How a Trust Can Dodge.

"Until Jan. 1 of this year the beef trust owned the icing-plant at Jersey City, and the re-icing of every refrigerator car that passed was in the trust's hands," says Charles E. Russell in Everybody's April instalment of "The Greatest Trust in the World." "Knowing exactly what cars were shipped by any competitor, it was able to omit ice from such cars and injure or ruin their contents. I know of one instance where it played this pleasing game on a competitor and was subsequently forced to pay the entire value of the shipment. But that was where the omission was detected and proved.

"Nobody knows how often the practice has failed of detection, and practically every refrigerator car that goes through Jersey City bound East or North must be re-iced there. These interesting facts developed at the interstate commerce hearing in Chicago. They seemed likely to make people mad. A representative of the trust hastened from the hearing and speedily effected the sale, real or nominal, of the icing plant to the Pennsylvania railroad. Now there is a mystery as to just who does the icing at Jersey City, but the trust representatives are able to swear smugly that the trust at least does not own the plant."

Looked the Part.

Harper's Weekly: The Hon. Amos Allen, the successor in the House of the late Thomas B. Reed, relates how the former speaker once called upon the head of one of the departments on a matter of official business.

The secretary was out, but a new private secretary wearing his newly acquired honors somewhat haughtily was there. "Can you tell me when the secretary will return?" asked Reed.

"Really," answered the private secretary, unaware of the identity of the distinguished caller—"really, you know, I have no idea."

"Well," drawled Reed, "you look it!"

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***O. H. Simonds departed today for Washington.

***Dr. G. G. Shoemaker, late of Philadelphia, has bene looking over Duluth the past week with a view of locating here, and left yesterday for home to make arrangements for returning.

***The chamber of commerce called a public meeting last evening for the purpose of discussing a direct railroad line to the Red River valley. The meeting was addressed by Judge E. St. Julien Cox of Grand Forks. Resolutions were passed favoring the project, and the following committee was appointed to look after the matter: George R. Stuntz, J. D. Ensign, C. F. Johnson, C. P. Bailey and E. S. Hammond. The board of trade, on Tuesday afternoon, also passed resolutions favoring the road. The different towns along the proposed line will be asked for a bonus.

***John Kozlosky of Rice's Point was badly injured yesterday by having his leg jammed between a wagon and a stump.

***Dan A. Christy has returned from a trip through the East.

JUST JOSHES.

Washington Star: "If everybody was as lucky as he thinks he ought to be," said Uncle Eben, "dar wouldn't be nobody left to do the regular work dat has to be 'tended to."

Louisville Courier-Journal: "Speaking about Mrs. Chadwick"—

"Yes."

"If women were only eligible, what an ornament to the senate she would make!"

New Yorker: Solemn 'Un—Fools and their money are soon parted.

Privol—Maybe so, but I shouldn't mind being a fool so long as I had the fun of parting with the money.

Philadelphia Press: Ascum—He's got a good job, hasn't he? He tells me he's working for the government now.

Newitt—Huh! The next time he tells you that just subtract "for" from it.

Detroit Free Press: Towne—So you are learning the jiu-jitsu method of defense?

Browne—Yes; it's necessary in these auto days; teaches a man how to be knocked down without being hurt, you know.

Atlanta Constitution: "I wants riches," said Brother Williams, "but not de kind dat takes wings, en' ever'thing else dey kin lay dey hands on!"

THE CREDIT MAN'S TESTS.

Philadelphia Ledger: An expert in physiogomy as applied to trade has been revealing to the Chicago credit men some tests of the honesty of persons asking for credit on a bill of goods which, if infallible, will put the swindler and confidence man out of business. This adept in the mysteries of the human countenance begin with the statement that the man who cannot look you straight in the eye needs watching. A proffer of the finger-tips on shaking hands is suspicious. If the man who asks for credit shows the whites of his eyes too prominently, beware of him. Eyebrows which turn down too far at the ends are a bad sign. It is a matter of physiognomy.

Take the venerable specimen of proverbial philosophy that the man who cannot look you in the face is dishonest. No other saying has received greater currency. It strikes the popular mind with axiomatic force, and yet it is not a reliable test of character. Every confidence man who succeeds in his calling has the steady gaze of the immaculate person. We doubt not that Mrs. Chadwick has an unflinching eye. No person who is skilled in the fine art of deception fails to take an obvious precaution to impress his dupes. On the other hand, many persons of unquestionable integrity are "put out of countenance" by mere shyness. So morbidly was this trait developed in the case of Hawthorne, in his earlier years at least, that he would go out of his way to avoid meeting those who desired to converse with him. It would be impossible for such a man to cash a forged check, to borrow money from a bank on bogus collateral.

The great rascals can face the world without shrinking.

THE HOURGLASS FIGURE.

Kansas City Star: The excitement of the municipal campaign in Chicago has, for the moment, been eclipsed. The National Dressmakers' association is in session on the tenth floor of the Fine Arts building. The question of how to deal with the recalcitrant street car companies has therefore given way to the vastly more important issue of how the city shall be clothed. Compared to the momentous problems confronting the dressmakers, the question whether the municipality shall pay $100,000,00) for the traction systems sinks into insignificance.

Mrs. Linda Ross Wade, president of the association, has come out of the East with the edict that the hourglass waist is the thing. Presumably the announcement was received with alarm, for the president at once began to reassure her disquieted auditors. "All women," she said, "will find this figure to suit them admirably, whether they be stout, thin or medium." This had a familiar ring and some of the women seemed to entertain a faint impression that they had heard it before. But it was effective for the first time and the dressmakers' executive hastened on. Padding, she continued, is to be used in the shoulders and waists are to be laced well, rather tightly. As to the hips, there is no need of restoring to artificial devices provided that one follows closely the artist's suggestions as to "poise."

This, according to Mrs. Linda Ross Wade, is the nub of the whole matter. Attainment of the coveted figure, she assured her audience, is "largely a question of poise—the art of walking properly." The secret of the hourglass walk is simple. You merely have to walk on your toes. To be sure such a method of locomotion is apt to convey the impression that the person attempting it has stringhalt or locomotor ataxia. Never mind. The gait is guaranteed to produce the proper figure, or your money will be refunded. What difference does it make if the streets and shops are filled with tottering women?

This is only the beginning of the dressmakers' convention. Doubtless plenty more surprises are in store for Chicago before the week's end, and by April State street will be a dangerous place for any person save an expert dodger to traverse. But all these preliminary sufferings of the present time are reckoned in Chicago as not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in the accomplished possessor of the hourglass figure. And, besides, what right has Mere Man to an opinion about such matters, anyhow?

Suppose.

Suppose that Kuropatkin
And all his mighty men
Should be captured and transported
To Tokio. And then.

Suppose another army
Be quickly raised and sent
To fight the Japs, and it should go
The way the other went.

And then suppose another
And another, and still
Another should be sent to work
The Little Father's will.

And all in turn be taken
And then suppose the Czar
Should sock out all the soldiers in
His empire near and far,

And they in awful battle
Be captured to a man.
How could they all be lodged and fed
And cared for in Japan?

The Japs are tiny eaters,
Their fare would be too light,
Not much more than a nibble for
The hungry Muscovite.

And should they try to feed him
So he would not get thin,
He'd eat 'em out of house and home—
And Russia thus would win!

—R'CROFT, in New York Sun.

An Indoor Snowstorm.

Philadelphia Bulletin: "It has been a cold winter," said the laundress. "In our laundry it actually snowed indoors one day.

"The laundry was hot and full of steam at the time. The moist, heavy air would have registered, I fancy, more than 90 degrees. All of a sudden some one opened the wide doors, and in there rushed great volumes of pure, dry air that registered only a little over zero.

"The result of this sudden cold was that the steam in the launury froze suddenly and descended on us girls in big, soft, white flakes.

"'An indoor snowstorm!' we shrieked. 'An indoor snowstorm!'

"It was, indeed, a pretty and rare sight."

"OURS," NOT "MINE."

Milwaukee Journal: "It is mine!"
"I tell you, you are mistaken; it is mine!"
Divorce court.

Which is a terse way of putting the sad history of many a marriage disagreement over the things mine and thine and the domestic misery that follows.

The way to settle such a disagreement is for both parties to say, "It is ours!"

Because of the struggle for mine and thine the records of history are rolled in blood, nations have fallen, barriers of hatred have been raised, brother has fought brother. Envy, dissension and division have come because men have contended for that which is not theirs, but "ours."

Organized selfishness in our day has manifested itself in the great corporation spiders that have spread their webs far and wide, controlling the avenues of approach, watching for victims with their many-faceted eyes, gathering to themselves what is not theirs, but "ours."

The world is "ours."
Sky and earth—ours.
Sunshine and shade—ours.
Flowers and birds—ours.
Fruits and fertile fields—ours.
And the Master of us all taught us to pray, "Our Father."

Ladies and gentlemen: Everywhere is needed the doctrine of "ours"—in the family, city, state, nation, world.

The solution of all earth's problems is wrapped up in the one saying—
"Everything is ours."

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Richmond Standard: Wisconsin railroads are going to stop building new tracks on account of hostile legislation. Railroads should read a chapter out of the book of experience of the Standard Oil company with Kansas and perhaps they would discover that retaliation is a game two can play at. Wisconsin may get mad and build its own railroads.

Little Falls Herald: It is not generally known that the government owns and operates 1,500 miles of telegraph lines in Alaska, and with great success. None of the terrible things predicted of government ownership has yet occurred.

Fergus Falls Free Press: The Minnesota legislature is taking a step backwards. The house, in committee of the whole, has recommended the passage of the whipping post bill for wife beaters. The enactment of this bill into a law would be a disgrace to this state. We believe in punishing the brutes aimed at by the measure but not by any system identified with the dark ages.

St. Peter Herald: In advancing their claims that passengers are carried at a loss and freight at only a slender profit, the railroads do not pause to consider that they may frighten capital. Stranger still, the men with the money do not seem to be taking fright.

Martin County Sentinel: A bill is before the legislature to allow the prohibition of the so-called bucket shops in small towns but does not in any way touch those in the cities. If produce speculating is a bad thing for small towns why is it not a bad thing for large cities? The bill should either be killed or made to appply to all alike.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: People display their virtues in a front sidewalk show case.

A woman thinks a man has a bad temper when he loses his because she never finds hers.

If you can't think of anything better it is always safe to tell a woman she has her own air about dressing.

A woman gets awfully excited when she thinks how mad she would be if she knew some of the things her neighbors say about her.

A Plea for Heathensism.

The Mikado tells his soldiers to be truthful,
To obey commands, to be loyal, never glum;
To keep sincere and guard against vulgarity;
If THIS is heathenism, let it come!

He bids them banish boasts and greed and quarrels,
To guard against extravagance—be dumb
When duty calls, but face the need with courage;
If THIS is heathenism, let it come!

To prize their reputations and their honor,
Be virtuous and frugal, is the sum
Of the rules he has them say in camp each morning;
If THIS is heathenism, let it come!
—Philadelphia North American.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Manager.
TUESDAY, MARCH 28,
Jules Murry again presents the clever young American actor
PAUL GILMORE,
In his big success of last season
"THE MUMMY AND THE HUMMING BIRD"
By Isaac Henderson. Entire new production this year. Note—Owing to the intensity of the play, children in arms will not be admitted. Prices: Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1 and 75c; Family Circle, 50c. Curtain 8:15. Carriages, 10:30.

METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT, Tuesday and Wednesday Night and Wednesday Matinee,
Engagement Extraordinary. The Spectacular Musical Craze,
"BUSTER BROWN"
An all star cast. 50—People—50. Prices 15c, 25c, 35c 50c and 75c. Matinee—10c, 25c, 35c and 50c. March 30, 31 and April 1—Alphonse and Gaston.

WE TRUST YOU

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Now Is the Time to Buy Your Go-Cart!

Most Duluth babies are riding in our Vehicles—how about yours?

Baby Carriages $7.50 to $40.00
Reclining Carts $11.00 to $37.00
Folding Go-carts $1.85 to $10.50

See our new "Automobiles" for boys.

Special Easy Terms on All Go-carts.

The F. S. KELLY Furniture Co.

226-228 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

MARGIN IS CLOSE

One Vote Decides Commercial Club Status On Lighting Meausure.

Argument For and Against Extends Over Three Hours.

On the motion of H. H. Phelps, and by the close vote of 45 to 46, the Commercial club, at the special meeting held Saturday evening, went on record as favoring the municipal ownership bill, passed by the state senate last Friday, which provides that all cities of 50,000 population or over may have the privilege of adding to their bonded indebtedness, in a sum not to exceed $100,000 each, for the purchase or erection of their own electric lighting and supplying plants. The bill was indorsed and a recommendation made that it be passed.

Arguments for and against the measure occupied nearly three hours time, and it was after 11 o'clock before the vote was finally counted. Six or eight counts were necessary before a tie of 45 to 45 was broken. The voters lined up, one lot on one side of the room and one on the other, and were thus counted by President McGonagle and Secretary Eva, with the assistance of volunteers from each side. Skirmishers were sent out to bring in additional voters, and every new one was greeted by a cheer. After several minutes had elapsed, and with the president and secretary still trying to find a mistake in their original counts, Alderman Waugh entered the room and, mid howls of delight from those favoring the bill, took his position with them. No one else appeared for the other side to make the vote evenly balance again, and President McGonagle announced that, by a vote of 46 to 45, the motion of Mr. Phelps was carried.

C. R. Haines was the first speaker. He was decidedly against the passage of the bill, saying that it comes as the last straw, and that there must sometime be a limit reached in matters of this kind. He asserted that the city had no need of a club to keep the light companies in a reasonable frame of mind, and stated it as being his belief that the electric light people, who have been losing money for years, should be given an opportunity to get back some of their losses.

Capt. A. McDougall also spoke in opposition to the measure. He said the city should proceed with care.

President McGonagle suggested that all addresses be as brief as possible, and to the point.

George Spencer favored the measure, and said so in emphatic terms. He did not believe that the light company has been losing money, as claimed, and that while a very low rate for street lights might be in effect, it was as a bait so that attention would be detracted from the price charges of the general public in homes and stores. Municipal ownership of the gas and water plants had proved a success, he said, and asserted that he could not see why municipal ownership of the electric lighting plant should not be just as great a success.

O. H. Simonds was against the bill. He said the city should look to the Northern Power company for light and power, and that this was the most inopportune time in the world to start an agitation for such legislation as was proposed.

Alderman Watson S. Moore favored the proposed legislation. He said that a franchise would not have been voted the Northern Power company but for a clause giving the city the right to acquire its own electric lighting plant when desired, and that if it had been believed at the time of the granting of the franchise that the Northern Power company would stand in the way of the city in the acquisition of such a plant, the requests of the concern along this line would have been refused, and the franchise would not have been granted.

Speaking as a citizen, J. L. Washburn briefly stated that he was against the municipal measure. He was of the opinion that the city could get lower rates through competition of different companies than if it owned its own electric light plant. He believed it injurious to the city to have a report go out that additional bonds were liable to be issued.

P. J. Neff was in favor of the bill. He said the experience of the city on the municipal ownership question had shown that such ownership was a good thing, resulting beneficially to the people. He dwelt particularly on the great success of the water plant since its acquisition by the city, and of the profits accruing from its operation, as well as of the greatly reduced rates. All of this went to show, he remarked, that through municipal ownership certain commodities could be furnished the people cheaper than through a private company, and in the list he included electric light and power. He called attention to the fact that only 10 per cent of the income of the General Electric company now comes from street lighting.

H. H. Phelps said there was only one side to the question of municipal ownership. He could not understand how anyone could be against it, and expressed surprise that, in an intelligent community like Duluth, any man would have the nerve to stand up and speak against giving the people the right to say whether they should or should operate their own light, water and power plants. He mentioned the fact that the act was merely an enabling one, giving the people an opportunity to decide the question for themselves, and that the discussion should be confined to the measure itself, and not the advisability or inadvisability of the city constructing a plant of its own. The people are fully capable of deciding that question for themselves.

W. B. Silvey expressed, in rather plain terms, the opinion that the people of Duluth did not know enough to decide such questions as these for themselves; and said he was against giving them the opportunity to so decide in the present instance. In proof of his contention of ignorance of the public he cited the alleged fact that a few years ago, through the action of the "school-mad and improvement-mad people," Duluth was paying three times as much for the maintenance of her schools as any other city in the country, proportionately. In a general way, he said, he believed in municipal ownership, but stated that there was no necessity for the proposed legislation regarding electric lights. He produced a report of a committee of three appointed by the public affairs committee, in which there are figures showing that street and private lights here are cheaper than in any one of seventy-five cities, selected at random. He said that, according to this report, the price of electric lights in Duluth is two-thirds that charged in other cities where there are municipal plants, and one-half charged elsewhere by private companies.

Alderman Wilson said the question was whether the people should have the right to vote on the proposition, and not whether the plant should be built. The time for the discussion of hat point would come later. He agreed with the views expressed by Mr. Phelps, and said the enabling act was necessary as a safeguard, and that having it passed at this time was purely a business proposition.

H. E. Nolte said the community could not be trusted to decide such questions, and spoke against the measure.

A. E. McManus favored the motion, and warned the General Electric company to go slow in arousing the antagonism of the people by opposing the passage of the measure. He said the bonded indebtedness of the company, as given, was three times what it ought to be.

Remarks of the other speakers were along these same lines. Oscar Mitchell spoke against the bill and A. H. Crassweller in favor of it.

Senator G. R. Loybourn was present and explained the reasons of the St. Louis county delegation favoring the measure, and said he had no apologies to offer for the action the Duluth legislators had taken. He said the bill had received the endorsement of both the St. Paul and Minneapolis city attornies.

Ten thousand demons gnawing away at one's vitals couldn't be much worse than the tortures of itching piles. Yet there's a cure. Doan's Ointments never fails.

RUNAWAY AT BRAINERD.

P. L. Huseman Received Injuries Which May Prove Fatal.

Brainerd, Minn., March 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—A rather serious runaway occurred on Saturday evening at 6 o'clock with the team of L. Huseman, the Fifth street butcher. The team, a couple of broncos, were stopped in front of the shop and just as H. C. Zierke, the driver, got out of the wagon one of the horses kicked him in the abdomen which may result fatally. The horses ran at break-neck speed and drove the wagon pole into a horse driven by Chief of Police Simmons' two little boys. The pole was driven in nearly thirty inches and the horse was immediately shot by Officer Hurley. The boys escaped unhurt.

Suit was commenced Saturday in the district court involving some valuable land containing ore deposits. Peter Hedlund and wife, Mary, are the defendants and Frank A. Edson of Duluth is plaintiff. Hedlund bought the land several years ago and recently sold an option on it to Edson, with a sixty days clause attached. Shortly before the sixty days were up Hedlund ignored the contract and would not allow the proper papers to be signed, saying that he had sold the land to Dr. Hemstead et al., at a larger figure. The result was that Edson caused Hedlund's arrest, who is now out on a $1,000 bail. The price made to Mr. Edson was $2,100 and the price that Hedlund sold it for since was $3,800.

THE DEVIL WAGONS.

State Boiler Inspector Lowe Will Get After Automobiles.

J. D. Lowe, state boiler inspector for this district believes in choking the automobile menace in its infancy, or, in other words making owners of machines live up to the law from the start before they become accustomed to fracturing it. He says he will enforce the state law against fast driving of autos in Duluth and where violations are made will make arrests. The limit of speed in the city is eight miles an hour and four miles an hour at crossings. Outside of the city the fastest speed permitted is twenty-five miles per hour. Devil wagons must be limited to these speeds.

And another thing—Mr. Lowe will enforce the taking out of auto licenses and tags from him; even those coming over from Superior must do so. This license will cost $2 and the tag, which is to show that a license has been issued for a machine, must be attached to the auto and is to be at least four and a half inches long and of proportionate width.

Mrs. Johnson Gets Judgment.

Judge Ensign has rendered decision in the case of Ida Johnson against Charles E. Pigott, awarding Mrs. Johnson judgment in the amount of $1,344.17, as the balance due on a sale of a Virginia building lot. The court found that the property was sold for $2,552.25 and that of this amount only $1,208.09 had been paid. The case was tried during the November term of district court.

CONSTIPATION IS VEXATION.

Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills

A Key to the Situation.

A Sure Cure for all Blood Disorders.

Dr. Crossman's Specific.

Take internally; two bottles suffice.

For Sale by all Druggists.

SALT RHEUM ON HANDS

Suffered Agony and Had to Wear Bandages All the Time.

ANOTHER CURE BY CUTICURA

Another cure by Cuticura is told of by Mrs. Caroline Cable, of Waupoca, Wis., in the following grateful letter: "My husband suffered agony with salt rheum on his hands, and I had to keep them bandaged all the time. We tried everything we could get, but nothing helped him until he used Cuticura. One set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills cured him entirely, and his hands have been as smooth as possible ever since. I do hope this letter will be the means of helping some other sufferer."

LAKESIDE BOY IS ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

Discharge of Rifle Causes the Death of Peter Thompson.

Beverly Jones Was Handling Gun—Arrested, But Released.

Through the accidental discharge of a little 22-calibre gun held in the hands of a young lad, Peter Thompson, the 11-year-old son of Peter Thompson, the janitor of the high school, who lives at 4219 Jay street, Lakeside, was shot through the heart Saturday afternoon, shortly after 4 o'clock, and died almost instantly.

The boy who did the shooting is John Beverley Jones, the 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel J. Jones of 4309 London road. Mr. Jones is employed in the offices of the Oliver Iron Mining company.

Both boys were pupils of the Lakeside school, and had been good friends.

The Thompson boy was building a platform in a pine tree near his home, when the Jones boy, and a companion named Harry Briggs came along. Both boys had guns.

The stories told by the Jones and Briggs boys are the same in all details. They claim they stopped while Jones threw the cartridges out of his rifle by working the lever back and forth. While engaged in doing this, the hammer which he was holding back with his thumb slipped, and the gun was discharged. Both boys claim they did not know the shot had killed their playmate, and they turned and walked toward home, ignorant of the tragedy that had been caused by the accidental discharge.

Chief Troyer called at the Jones home about 5 o'clock and his news of the shooting first made the boy aware of what he had done, according to all appearances.

Hilda Dahlman, a 14-year-old girl who witnessed the affair, tells a somewhat different story. She says that the two boys had previously pointed their guns at her. She screamed and told them to turn the guns the other way. She claims that they made a remark about aiming at the "bird up in that tree," and a moment later came the discharge of the gun. She said that the victim uttered a scream that she plainly heard although she was farther from him than the two boys.

As to the girl's story, the two boys say that she must be wrong, for they met her after the shot was discharged and that she was fully a block from the tree when it took place.

Oscar Olson, a little 10-year-old boy, was in the tree a short distance below Thompson when the shot was fired, but he could give little information concerning the matter, beyond telling of the screams of his playmate above him on the platform. After hearing the shot and the screams, and seeing his companion lying still, he jumped to the ground and was the first to inform Mrs. Thompson of the death of her son.

The body was removed by Edward Olson and Edward Hagen, two residents of the neighborhood, who procured a ladder and carried it to the home of his grief-stricken mother. Life was extinct when they reached the body, and the lad doubtless died almost instantly. The bullet entered the back, passed through the heart, and emerged from the breast. It was found by the father yesterday morning in the lad's sweater, covered with blood.

Information of the shooting was communicated to police headquarters about 4:40, and Chief Troyer immediately left for the scene. He placed the Jones boy under arrest on a charge of manslaughter, pending the investigation of the affair by the county attorney. Yesterday morning, under the insructions of County Attorney McClintock, the boy was released and given into the custody of his parents again, pending whatever future action may be taken by the authorities.

Coroner McCuen viewed the body Saturday evening at the Thompson home, and decided that no inquest would be necessary as the cause of the death was sufficiently well known.

The parents of both boys are grief-stricken over the affair, and the Jones boy broke down completely when taken to police headquarters, and sobbed during the greater part of the night. Mr. Thompson attached no blame to the boy who did the shooting, but expressed sympathy for his parents, whom, he said, must feel the accident deeply.

The Jones boy bears a good reputation in the neighborhood in which he lives, and the people who know him are disposed to believe his story that he did not know the Thompson lad was in the tree, and that the shooting was entirely accidental.

JOB LOT SALES

Local Lumber Manufacturers Sell Small Dry Stocks.

Factory Trade Will Cut Figure In Season's Demand.

Any sales of lumber now being made by the Duluth manufacturers are of odd lots, usually a dry stock that has been on hand for some time and which is especially fitted for the demand of an occasional buyer. Practically no sales have been made of late out of the new cut for the coming season's delivery.

A few more lots of logs are said to be coming on the sawing market and the indications point toward a large amount of contract sawing.

There is said to be an excellent demand for lumber this spring by the various sash and door factories, which are doing a fine business in that line of trade. The stocks at the factories have been heavily drawn on this winter and orders for stock are said to be placed wherever there is a prospect of getting them filled. A lively season is looked for in the factory trade in view of the excellent outlook for the building movement over the country.

The demand of the city retail yards is said to still be an important element in the white pine trade. This is the usual time of year that the city yards begin stocking up for the summer as the building operations begin much sooner in cities than in the country. The winter business in the Northwestern cities is claimed to have been brisk and stocks, in many instances have been run quite low. Contractors and builders are giving assurance of large demands and are backing up their claims with good-sized bills of estimates. The manufacturers are confident that the retail markets will not be so conservative in their buying this spring.

Country dealers are now getting into the market for their stocks, particularly from the more southerly sections, where the season is farther advanced than at the Head of the Lakes.

Some of the large logging concerns which have closed their winter's operations are now estimating their log crops. The Powers-Simpson company at Hibbing is said to have put in close to 60,000,000 feet. The Swan River Logging company is said to have taken out in the neighborhood of 100,000,000 feet. This is the last year's cut of the Swan River Logging company for the Pine Tree Lumber company on the original contract entered on twelve years ago. In the intervening period of time the logging company is said to have taken out about 1,500,000 feet of logs on its contract, of Northern Minnesota pine.

The Longyear Lake Lumber company has taken out about 18,000,000 feet of logs and the Frazer Logging company at Pokgama lake has completed a 4,000,000 feet contract. John McAlpine of this city, who has been logging in Itasca county, has put in about 20,000,000 feet, having finished operations. The Duluth Log company has closed its camps at Hornby and others are getting ready to pack up their outfits in that vicinity.

The Tower Lumber company has banked 40,000,000 feet and closed its camps. The company has been using a steam log hauler this past winter, hauling from 20,000 to 25,000 feet of logs at a load from the skids to the banking grounds, a distance of six miles. Three loads have been hauled a day over the route with less than a ton of coal for fuel. Only three men were employed with the hauler. The Tower Lumber company is now cutting roads and doing a little preliminary work for its next winter's logging.

The Minnesota lumbermen are said to be feeling relieved over the indefinite postponement of the Hinton bill, which was introduced in the state legislature last week. The bill, which was so obnoxious, was drawn to amend the Scribner rule for scaling so that all logs over twenty feet should be scaled as two logs or more and 40 per cent should be added to the scale of all logs scaling less than twelve inches at the end. The lumbermen claim that the bill could have no effect except to increase boom charges and scaling fees. The bill was said to have been introduced by some legislator who is in the store business in the Minnesota prairie country.

GORKY GROWING WORSE.

St. Petrsburg, March 27.—Maxim Gorky's lung trouble is increasing the anxiety of his friends. The doctors declare that his transfer from Riga to South Russia is absolutely essential to his recovery.

FIRE IN BANK BUILDING

Caused By Short Circuit Of the Electric Wires.

The First National bank building was damaged to the extent of about $2,000 by fire, smoke and water yesterday afternoon.

There were two separate blazes, both of which are believed to have been caused by a short circuit in the electric wires in the building. The first one was discovered shortly after 4 o'clock in the basement. A chemical crew extinguished the blaze after a few minutes' work, but as they were leaving the scene a thin column of smoke was seen issuing from the top story. Chief Black immediately summoned every crew from the central part of the city, and three lines of hose and two chemicals were run up to the top story. Only one line of hose was made use of, however, the others being kept in case of emergency.

The firemen endeavored to use the water as little as possible and the chemicals did most of the work. Very little damage was done by the water, as the salvage corps was able to cover up all the furniture in the different offices.

THE COLONEL'S WATERLOO.

Colonel John M. Fuller, of Honey Grove, Texas, nearly met his Waterloo, from Liver and Kidney trouble. In a recent letter he says: "I was nearly dead, of these complaints, and, although I tried my family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50c bottle of your great Electric Bitters, which entirely cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Sold, and guaranteed to cure, by Dyspepsia, Billousness and Kidney Disease, by all druggists, at 50c a bottle.

G. A. MARR DIES.

Was Oldest Government Employe on the Lakes.

G. A. Marr, assistant United States engineer in charge of the Portage Lakes ship canal, died at Chicago, Friday evening. Mr. Marr was the oldest government employe on the great lakes, having been in the service as assistant engineer for 44 yars. He was 68 years old at the time of his death.

Mr. Marr's long service on the lakes has given him a wide acquaintance and he has a large circle of friends. He was recently given a leave of absence, on account of ill health, but it was not thought that his condition was so serious.

Deceased leaves one married daughter, who resides in Canada.

SMALL DAMAGE

But Three Families Routed From Beds.

Fire in the building at the corner of Second street and Third avenue west routed three families from their beds last evening about 11 o'clock, and did damage amounting to about $200.

The second floor of the building is occupied by Frank La Fortune, M. J. Kealy and John Frencheire and their families. They escaped with only a part of their clothing.

The fire had started from a storeroom in the basement, and the principal damage was done by smoke and water.

CONSUL'S COMMISSION HELD UP BY PRESIDENT.

Washington, March 27.—On complaint of his divorced wife, the commission of Dr. Frederick McMaster of New York, recently appointed consul to Zanzibar, has been held up by the direction of President Roosevelt, until an investigation has been made. The letter from Mrs. McMaster charged her former husband with desertion and non-support and says that in consequence she has been obliged to earn a livelihood as a saleswoman in a New York dry goods store.

The letter was addressed to the president and asked him to compel McMaster to promise to support his former wife and two young daughters living with her before being permitted to depart for his post. It is understood Dr. McMaster has remarried.

Inquiries into the complaint are being made by Assistant Secretary of State Pierce.

15 YEARS OF HEALTH SHOULD MEAN 15 YEARS OF BEAUTY

IT ALL DEPENDS ON WHETHER SHE HAS USED

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription!

A TRIED AND TRUE REMEDY.

Safe because made of roots and barks of medicinal plants without the use of alcohol.

Cures Weak and Sick Women

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION for nearly forty years has cured thousands of women, for it establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. Cures headache, backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and other consequences of womanly disease.

$1000 REWARD is offered as a GUARANTEE that "Favorite Prescription" contains no Alcohol, Opium, Digitalis or any harmful drug. Dr. Pierce invites everybody to visit his great laboratory, in Buffalo, N. Y., and see for themselves.

MARKSMEN KEPT BUSY

Central Gun Club Members Pull Off Fourteen Events.

Saturday and yesterday were ideal days for trap-shooting, and the members of the Duluth Central Gun club were busy. Six events were pulled off Saturday afternoon and eight yesterday, in the contest for the high average trophy presented by the Panton & White company.

"Cap" led in the six events Saturday, scoring an average of 23 birds. The scores were as follows:

Cap 24—Jackson, 21; Holmberg, 21; Clark, 20.
Cap 23—Jackson, 23; Holmberg, 19; Clark, 18.
Cap 22—Jackson, 21; Clark, 16.
Cap 23—Jackson, 22; Clark, 18.
Cap 23—Jackson, 22; Holmberg, 15; Clark 12.
Cap 23—Jackson, 20; Clark, 20.

Yesterday afternoon the first event was for fifteen birds, and the others for twenty-five. The scores were as follows:

Adams, 13; Zopp, 12; Max, 10; Theodore, 7.
Bob, 22; Nelson, 21; Jackson, 21; Beyer, 21; Max, 17; Adams, 16; Theodore, 16; Wilson, 10; Phil, 9; Will, 9.
Bob, 21; Zopp, 18; Theodore, 17; Wilson 13; Phil, 11.
Noisy, 24; Adams, 24; Bob, 21; Beyer, 21; Jackson, 21; Nelson, 20; Gillenborg, 17; Olson, 16; Will, 11; Collins, 9.
Olson, 23; Nelson, 21; Bob, 21; Adams, 21; Noisy, 21; Wojeck, 21; Beyer, 17; Zopp 16; Theodore, 16.
Beyer, 23; Adams, 23; Jackson, 22; Nelson, 22; Gillenborg, 21; Bob, 20; Abbett, 19; Preston, 13; Phil, 10; Kreiger, 10.
Nelson, 22; Adams, 21; Beyer, 21; Bob, 20; Abbett, 18.

The eighth event, which was for twenty doubles, resulted as follows:

Wojeck, 18; Noisy, 17; Gillenborg, 12; Phil, 8; Will, 8; Adams, 7.

STANFORD CASE MAY REMAIN A MYSTERY.

San Francisco, March 27.—It was announced at police headquarters yesterday that every known clue in the Stanford case had been run to earth without results. Barring a confession or something "turning up" the police admit that they will never solve the mystery of how in this city strychnine was placed in the mineral water used by Mrs. Stanford. That portion of the mystery connected with her tragic death at Honolulu, the police say, has been solved on the theory that Mrs. Stanford died by natural causes.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

In an interview Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick announced that her autobiography was in preparation and would soon be given to the public. Mrs. Chadwick said she had received a handsome offer from a well known publisher in Cleveland, and it would be printed in the original style without alteration.

Chief "No Shirt" (Shesh-Mok-Noot) of the Umatilla Indians in Eastern Oregon, arrived at Chicago, Sunday, on his way to Washington. It is said the Indian chief has been summoned to Washington in connection with the land fraud investigation now going on in Oregon.

Charles Hemphill, who was sold by the St. Louis American league team to the St. Paul American association team, has refused to sign the contract forwarded by the St. Paul team. It is understood that there is a difference of some $300 in the contract and what he thinks he should receive.

A DINNER INVITATION.

After a hearty meal a dose of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will prevent an attack of Indigestion. Nothing will cure Indigestion that doesn't digest the food and give the stomach a rest. It isn't necessary to starve yourself in order to rest your stomach—Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest any quantity of all the wholesome food you want to eat while your stomach takes a rest—recuperates and grows strong. Sold by all druggists.

TAKES HER AND RUNS.

Miss Gladys Chapman Grab-Up On Avenue.

New York, March 27.—A tall, swarthy foreigner showed first-sight infatuation for Miss Gladys Chapman, an actress, by picking the young woman up in his arms and fleeing at top speed down the avenue. This happened at Sixth avenue and Twenty-eighth street at 5 p. m., Saturday.

A hundred persons on the corner saw the act, and several hundred more heard her screams. They all gave chase. The tall man did not bother about the crowd, but continued on with his prize as if the girl were a baby.

At Twenty-seventh street he ran against a policeman. He dropped his burden as though she were a sack of flour and asked what was wanted. Miss Chapman was so overcome by fright that she had to be revived in a drug store. Then she followed the crowd to the Tenderloi nprecinct. The crowd had time to realize that it was thoroughly enraged by the time the policeman got his prisoner to Twenty-eighth street and a dozen men closed in and with fists and feet began to attack the latter. It was a club fight for the policeman all the way to the station to protect his prisoner.

Miss Chapman said she had just left a music hall in Twenty-eighth street to take an elevated train when the man suddenly stepped in front of her and glared at her as if he was trying to hypnotize her. She tried to brush past him. Then he caught her about the waist, and the next moment was in full flight with her.

"I just screamed," said the young woman. "That was all I could do."

The prisoner said he was thirty-two years old and a civil engineer. He was well dressed, wore a Van Dyke beard and carried a large sum of money. He did not try to explain his action and was held a prisoner for disorderly conduct.

We work with, not against, doctors

We give doctors the formula for Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Then they can tell, when asked, just what it will do. Suppose you ask your doctor about this medicine in cases of impure blood, thin blood, debility, exhaustion, nervousness, anemia. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

What the NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY Has Done and is Doing

The National Biscuit Company has brought the science of baking close to the point of perfection, practically revolutionizing the baking of biscuit, crackers and wafers.

It makes them better than they have ever been made before; it keeps them fresh in air tight packages, as they have never been kept before, and all this goodness it guarantees by placing a trade mark in red and white on each end of the package, so that even the toddler peeping eagerly over the counter's edge, may buy as safely as the thoughtful housewife.

If every woman in the land could actually know the high quality, the never-ending care, the infinite skill, the absolute cleanliness that is represented by every package bearing this trade mark of the National Biscuit Company, it is certain that there never would be another biscuit, cracker or wafer sold in a common paper bag.

That this happy consummation may come to pass, the National Biscuit Company will invite the ladies of this city to join them in pleasant entertainment and thus become acquainted in a really delightful way with the most delicious baking in the world.

Watch for the Announcement

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

RHEUMATISM

Tear an *Allcock's Porous Plaster* in two lengthwise, and apply on soles of feet; renew the plaster every time the feet are bathed. You will be surprised how it will relieve rheumatism in the feet or ankles.

For tired or lame feet relief is afforded at once.

Allcock's PLASTER

Allcock's Plasters are the original and genuine porous plasters and have never been equalled as a pain-curer. We guarantee them to contain no belladonna, opium or any poison whatever. Absolutely safe, wonderfully curative.

Insist Upon Having Allcock's.

FAREWELL SERMON

Rev. A. M. Johanson Takes Leave of the Mission Church Aggregation.

Y. M. C. A. Service at the Lester Park Methodist Church In Evening.

Today Rev. Albert M. Johanson will leave Duluth for Chicago, having resigned his pastorate here for one in the larger city. Yesterday evening Mr. Johanson delivered his farewell address at the Swedish Mission church, Twenty-first avenue west and Second street, and the church was crowded to hear the much loved pastor for the last time. In the center of the church sat 100 who have been confirmed during Mr. Johanson's pastorate, and this afternoon when he takes the train for Chicago the choirmaster and the large choir which has served the church during the four years of Mr. Johanson's pastorate, will sing to him as the train pulls out.

Mr. Johanson took as his theme of his discourse last evening the parting of Christ from his disciples, speaking in Swedish. At the close of his address he spoke of the close relations which has existed between himself and his Duluth parishioners, speaking with feeling of the mutual joys and sorrows, the marriages and of those whom they have buried. When he spoke of the deaths his voice broke with feeling and many of his hearers were visibly affected. After the sermon scores pressed forward to shake his hand and wish him God-speed.

* * *

The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church yesterday, were of a very interesting nature. In the morning Rev. Mr. Davis spoke on "The Boyhood of Christ," with special reference to the school system, and in the evening the exercises were for the benefit of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., under the auspices of the Epworth league, and the church was crowded.

The program was quite length, the singing being a feature of the entertainment. The male quartet of the Y. M. C. A. sang "I Have Found a Friend," very sweetly, their voices blending finely. Miss Northmore and Mr. Brown sang a duet, as did also Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell. Recitations were also given by Miss Marie McDowell and Professor Bond. Mr. Brown with a few remarks, introduced Mr. McLeod, secretary of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., who gave a short address. He said that on one occasion he was asked to speak, and on asking the audience what he would talk about, one little fellow said, "Talk about a minute." The boys' department has made large strides within the past few years, and Duluth has been prominent in this advancement. From 12 to 18 years of age the habits and character of the boys are being formed he said, and their success or failure lay largely in their ability to take hold of opportunities. This was the main object of the organization to place facilities in the way of the boys to develop them, both mentally and physically. Mr. McLeod gave statistics to show that from a small beginning of ninety the boys department has now swelled to over 100,000 throughout the country, embracing the railroads, colleges, and army and navy.

At the close of Mr. McLeod's talk, Mr. Willard manipulated the steroptican machine, placing on a large canvas a number of views, which were much enjoyed.

The church has been newly painted and decorated, and a new carpet has just been put down, the improvements costing between $800 and $900, giving it a fine appearance.

* * *

Thomas Owens of Two Harbors, superintendent of the Duluth & Iron Range road made two addresses in Duluth yesterday, the first being to the Sunday school of the First Methodist church and the other to the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. in the afternoon. His talk in each instance consisted of good advice and he sought to make his hearers understand that in the world's work good practical Christianity is a valuable asset, for the conscientiousness accompanying it helps a man "make good."

At the boys' Y. M. C. A. building in the afternoon Mr. Owens declared that merit will win no matter in what walk of life on may tread his way. Said he: "The president and the section hand of a road are each creatures of necessity and if the section man shows the necessary ability and merit he will become president. Ambition is the stairway to success and coupled with ability and honesty of purpose will take a man to higher plane's of life. If a man is content only to draw his salary and his breath that is all he will draw, but let him have an ambition to rise and rise he will. No man can do evil now and hope to make amends later. That will always have a halting influence. There is no better time than now for you, the coming men of the country, to lay the foundation for manly, earnest lives and to establish yourselves on a sound basis. If you are eager to do the things you should do and do them well and leave alone the tnings you should not do, you will reap your reward later in success and happiness."

During the services, which were led by Russell McLean, Paul Davis gave a cornet solo and Miss Marie Clark sang.

ATE FIFTEEN ICE CREAMS

Philadelphia's Champion Consumer of Frozen Dainty Dish.

Philaeldphia, March 27.—Fifteen plates of ice cream, a pork sandwich and a glass of milk eaten without ill effect in two hours is the feat accomplished by Itay Vincent, a conductor on the Baltimore avenue division, between the hours of midnight and dawn.

As a result of it $7 changed hands in a cafe at Forty-ninth and Woodland avenue. Vincent is hailed with admiration as the champion ice cream eating artists of West Philadelphia.

It was during the course of a meal being eaten by a number of street car artists in the rear room of the cafe that the bet was made between Vincent and Arthur Engel, a fellow conductor.

"Fifteen plates in three hours!" Vincent exclaimed disdainfully. "Why, it's like stealing candy from a child. I'll do that and finish my meal before I start."

The interest of those in the circle who were inclined to be sporty was aroused, and wagers to the amount of $7 were at once laid.

"Bring on five plates,," Vincent ordered, and then, after finishing his sandwich and milk, consumed the ice cream in the space of twelve minutes. Then in order to settle it well he took, in company with Engel, a six-minute walk around the bloc. Resuming his task, he had finished the second five plates by the end of fifty-eight minutes.

Some of the company expressed their doubts as to his ability to finish successfully, but as he had nearly two hours to finish in he ate the remaining plates more leisurely. Not only that, but he is willing to uphold his honor in a similar contest any time his ability in that line is questioned.

CASS LAKE LOCK-UP

Condemned By the State Board Of Control.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—A letter has been received from the state board of control, stating that the present village lock-up, which is located in one side of the village hall, is condemned and the village authorities are forbidden to incercerate any more prisoners in their cells. This letter was written in reply to a communication from the health officer of the village, who reported that the jail was in an unsanitary condition, unsafe from fire and altogether unfit for a village lockup. The present village hall was erected four years ago, and at that time was only intended as a temporary affair. It is expected that steps will be taken at once to erect a new village hall and jail.

SSS FOR THE BLOOD

"S. S. S. for the blood" has grown to be a household saying. When the blood is out of order, or needs treatment from any cause, this great remedy is the first thought of and used by thousands of people all over the country, because it is superior to all other blood purifiers. It is a purely vegetable remedy, and while it penetrates the circulation and forces out all poison and morbid matter, it also builds up the entire system by its fine tonic effect. During the winter months the natural avenues of bodily waste have become dull and weak and failed to perform their full duty, the blood has been sluggish and an extra amount of poisons and waste matters have accumulated in the system and been absorbed by it. With the coming of Spring and warm weather the blood is aroused and stirred to quicker action and in its effort to throw off these acids and poisons the skin suffers. Boils, pimples, blotches, rashes and eruptions break out and continue until the blood is cleansed and made pure. S. S. S. is the ideal remedy for this condition; it clears the blood of all impurities, makes it rich and strong and these skin troubles pass away. Rheumatism, Catarrh, Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Scrofula, Contagious Blood Poison and all other diseases of the blood are cured by S. S. S. Book on the blood and any advice desired, free of charge. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**

I was suffering from impure blood and a general run-down condition of the system. I had no appetite, was losing flesh, and an all-gone tired feeling that made me miserable. I began the use of S. S. S. and my blood was restored to its normal, healthy condition. My appetite returned, I increased in weight, that "tired feeling" left and I was again myself.

Columbus, Ohio. VICTOR STUBBINS,
Cor. Barthman and Washington Aves.

JOHNSON WINS

Defeats Maynard In Wrestling Match At the Armory.

Johnson's Victory Due To Handicap Of Strangle Hold.

Although evidently outclassed by his opponent in regard to weight and strength Martin Johnson, the Duluth fireman, won the wrestling match at the Armory Saturday evening, an account of the handicap which allowed him to use the strangle hold.

The match was witnessed by a record-breaking crowd of over 1,000 lovers of the sport, among whom were some forty of fifty members of the gentler sex.

Maynard gave his weight as 168 pounds, which was the same as Johnson's, but there was little doubt in the minds of the spectators that the Philadelphia boy had about fifteen pounds advantage over Johnson in this respect. He is a husky looking chap with the arms and shoulders of a prize fighter. He is moreover a professional at the game, and owing to these facts he allowed Johnson the handicap of the strangle hold.

The first round was short and fierce. Maynard went after the Duluth man hard, rushing him around the mat. They went to the mat together, and within a few seconds of the fall Maynard secured the double hammerlock hold on the Duluth man, and forced him gradually back to the mat. Johnson resisted to the limit of his endurance, but finally succumbed to the arm-beraking strain, giving Maynard the first fall in seven minutes and 55 seconds.

The second round was a much more interesting one. Johnson was very careful and took no chances. After a few minutes sparring they went to the mat together. Johnson secured a full Nelson, which Maynard broke. Maynard took a half Nelson and a leg hold, but Johnson broke. Maynard then secured a head scissors, but Johnson broke. Johnson caught an opening and secured the strangle hold on his opponent, but the latter wrenched free before Johnson could clinch it. Maynard then secured a half Nelson and an arm hold, and forced Johnson to within a few inches of the mat, but the Duluth man broke free, and secured a half Nelson which Maynard easily broke. Maynard then tried a head scissors, which was broken, but he followed it up with the double hammerlock. For nearly a minute the two men fought on this hold, Maynard trying to clinch it and Johnson trying to break it. Johnson finally broke free and instantly tried for the strangle hold, which Maynard avoided and the two men rose to their feet. They went to the mat again a minute later and Johnson took a half Nelson and the arm scissors hold, which Maynard broke. Maynard came back with a head scissors hold, which Johnson broke, and a minute later the Duluth man secured the dreaded strangle hold, and clinched it. Maynard was unable to break free and quit as he felt his breath being gradually shut off, giving the second fall to Johnson in 22 minutes.

The third round was a repetition of the first, only much more sudden. Maynard was apparently angry at losing the second fall and he went at the Duluth man like a bull. Before Johnson could avoid him they went to the mat and Maynard had the single hammerlock hold. It required only 49 seconds for Johnson to succumb to the terrible strain.

In the fourth round the men went to the mat together. Johnson tried two half nelsons in quick succesion, but both were broken. He tried for the strangle-hold, but Maynard slipped free. Johnson then tried a half nelson and arm scissors, but Maynard broke free, and came back with a bar nelson and a head scissors, followed by a leg nelson and neck hold. Johnson avoided both of these attempts to pin him and came back at his opponent with a full nelson, which Maynard broke and they both rose to their feet. Maynard rushed Johnson around the ropes, and they went to the mat again. Maynard tried the single hammerlock, but Johnson broke it by a quick turn, and then went after the strangle hold. After working for nearly a minute he clinched it, and Maynard quit, giving Johnson the fall in 11 minutes and 42 seconds.

With two falls each to their credit, the two men went into the fifth with a determined effort to win. Maynard rushed Johnson around the ropes, and they went to the mat, Maynard trying for the double hammerlock. Johnson broke it, and with a flying mare, which hurled Maynard across the mat, and both rose to their feet. Down they went again, with Maynard once more trying for the hammerlock, but Johnson again avoided it, and tried for the strangle hold. He got it, but Maynard by a terrific effort threw Johnson over his back, and Johnson's arm slipped on the Philadelphia man's skin which was glistening with sweat. Maynard was bleeding at the nose when both men rose to their feet. Down they went again, Johnson trying a half nelson which was broken, and Maynard came back with a head scissors. Johnson broke it and again tried for the strangle hold, but Maynard avoided it and secured a foot hold, throwing Johnson across the mat. Maynard broke a half nelson and another attempt at the strangle in quick succesion. Johnson followed up with a half nelson and arm scissors, which was broken, and Maynard again tried for his favorite hammerlock, but Johnson broke free and almost instantly seized an opening for the terrible strangle hold. He got it and once more clinched it. Maynard tried desperately to break it, and once more threw Johnson over his back, but this time the Duluth man held fast, and a second later Maynard threw up his hands, giving Johnson the fifth and deciding fall in 15 minutes and 39 seconds.

Instantly Maynard rose to his feet and challenged the Dulu... man to another match for $500, the strangle hold barred.

A fast preliminary go between Ernest Coughlin and Frank Richardson, was won by the latter. The two boys are both from West Duluth and have frequently wrestled together. They put up a fast go, Coughlin winning the first in 18 minutes and Richardson the next two in 8 minutes and 18 minutes. Coughlin is an exceedingly clever young wrestler, and lost largely owing to his handicap in weight. He weighed only 140 pounds, while Richardson weighed 151.

THE MOTHER SUCCUMBS

Mrs. Huestis Dies After Remaining Unconscious Sixteen Days.

New York, March 27.—Mrs. James Huestis of White Plains, N. Y., who for the past sixteen days has been in a state of coma in the hospital as the result of asphyxiation, died yesterday. Mrs. Huestis and her daughter Luella were taken to the hospital from the residence of friends whom they had been visiting, where they were found one morning overcome by gas. In spite of all that could be done for their relief, the daughter died three days ago and the mother succumbed Sunday.

The county physician, who performed the autopsy on the body of Mrs. Huestis, reported that he found nothing suspicious, or even remarkable in the case to distinguish it from ordinary cases of gas poisoning.

Dr. A. P. Oliver, assistant superintendent at the hospital, stated that the woman had died from gas poisoning and that the case was not an unusual one. He said that coma of the mother and daughter in this case was not unusually prolonged for patients suffering from gas poisoning.

Coroner Scholler differed with Dr. Oliver, saying that it was a remarkable length of time for victims of gas poisoning to remain in a state of coma, although it was not unprecedented. The continuance of coma, he said, depended to a great extent upon the condition of the patient physically and the amount of gas inhaled.

GREAT LAKES TRADE SOUNDEST IN NATION

(Continued from page 1.)

simple a matter to unload an ore vessel as it is to load it, and vessels therefore frequently become stalled at the receiving docks. To lessen this to a minimum the railways leading to the furnaces are making extraordinary efforts to have ample supplies of cars on hand. Extra tracks are being laid and extra cars built and it is hoped that a greater proportion of ore will be loaded directly into cars than formerly. Two years ago it was almost impossible to obtain cars and consequently the stock piles taxed the capacity on the docks to care for them.

The ore rate of 75 cents is 5 cents better than the rate paid last year and with a movement of 30,000,000 tons the vessels will earn $1,500,000 more than they did last year. While the schedule of wages has been advanced in minor instances, the total has not been sensibly increased and the wage schedule may practically be said to be the same as last year. Fuel, owing to the competition between the coal companies, will be 50 cents per ton lower than last year, which will mean a saving of about $3,000 in the vessel fuel bill for the seanson. A modern carrier burns about 300 tons on a round trip and makes on an average of twenty trips per season. The ore unloading charge to the vessel has not been fixed as yet, however. It was 19 cents per ton last year and is likely to be the same this year, though the longshoremen are asking for an advance in wages, and if it is granted the dock companies may advance the unloading rate a trifle.

More ore will be moved by contract this year than ever before and any speculation as to the ultimate state of the wild ore rate is premature. As far as is known there have been no wild ore single trip charters made as yet, but when they are made they are expected to open at the contract rate. If a season of as full movement as this it would seem as though the wild rate should advance, but it has been the history of lake trade that whenever it opens strong with a good free movement, producers become cautious by the middle of summer with the result that the movement lessens perceptibly. It therefore remains to be seen whether the wild rate will go to 85 cents as some shrewd observers are predicting.

Next to the ore trade coal assumes importance on the lakes. Reports from the Northwest indicate that the dock supplies up there are practically exhausted and that the region will be in need of coal as scon as it can get it. A heavy movement is therefore to be expected and contracts have been made at the same rates that were paid last year, 35 cents to the Head of the Lakes and 45 cents to Milwaukee. This is for bituminous coal. The hard coal rate has been fixed at 30 cents from Buffalo to the Head of the Lakes and 40 cents to Milwaukee, which is the same rate as last year and quite a number of vessels are already loaded with first cargoes. Hard coal is more readily handled in and out of the vessel than soft coal, which is the reason that freight upon it is a trifle lower.

In iron circles the purchase of 200,000 tons of steel billets by the Pittsburg Steel company from the United States Steel corporation and the Republic Iron & Steel company, deliveries extending to the middle of 1906, was the event of the past week.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

ELKS' LODGE ROOMS

Raided On Warrant Sworn By Methodist Minister.

Mason City, Iowa, March 27.—The Elks lodge rooms here were raided by the police on a warrant sworn out by the Methodist minister, and a quantity of liquor was seized and held for trial. The raid caused much excitement and is a result of the recent great revival in which "Billy" Sunday converted over 1,000 people.

FIRE AT BREWERY.

St. Louis, March 27.—The freight depot of the Anheuaher-Busch Brewing association, was destroyed by fire yesterday, together with seventeen refrigerator cars, the property of the St. Louis Refrigerating Car company, of which Adolphus Busch is the president. The total loss is estimated at $125,000. The loss is covered by insurance. This is the second serious fire in the Busch property within two months and the police advance an incendiary theory.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Boar Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

We Will Buy

A 50c Bottle of Liquozone and Give It to You to Try.

We want you to know about Liquozone, and the product itself can tell you more than we. So we ask you to let us buy you a bottle—a full-size bottle—to try. Let it prove that it does what medicine cannot do. See what a tonic it is. Learn that it does kill germs. Then you will use it always, as we do, and as millions of others do.

This offer itself should convince you that Liquozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle and give it to you if there was any doubt of results. You want those results; you want to be well and to keep well. And you can't do that—nobody can—without Liquozone.

We Paid $100,000

For the American rights to Liquozone. We did this after testing the product for two years, through physicians and hospitals, after proving, in thousands of different cases, that Liquozone destroys the cause of any germ disease.

Liquozone has, for more than 20 years, been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. It is not made by compounding drugs, nor with alcohol. Its virtues are derived solely from gas—largely oxygen gas—by a process requiring immense apparatus and 14 days' time. The result is a Liquid that does what oxygen does. It is a nerve food and blood food—the most helpful thing in the world to you. Its effects are exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Yet it is a germicide so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of $1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. The reason is that germs are vegetables; and Liquozone—like an excess of oxygen—is deadly to vegetal matter.

There lies the great value of Liquozone. It is the only way known to kill germs in the body without killing the tissue, too. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken internally. Every physician knows that medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease.

Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. All that medicine can do for these troubles is to help Nature overcome the germs, and such results are indirect and uncertain. Liquozone attacks the germs, wherever they are. And when the germs which cause a disease are destroyed, the disease must end, and forever. That is inevitable.

Asthma	Hay Fever—Influenza
Abscess—Anaemia	Kidney Diseases
Bronchitis	La Grippe
Blood Poison	Leucorrhea
Bright's Disease	Liver Troubles
Bowel Troubles	Malaria—Neuralgia
Coughs—Colds	Many Heart Troubles
Consumption	Piles—Pneumonia
Colic—Croup	Pleurisy—Quinsy
Catarrh—Cancer	Rheumatism
Constipation	Scrofula—Syphilis
Dysentery—Diarrhea	Skin Diseases
Dandruff—Dropsy	Stomach Troubles
Dyspepsia	Throat Troubles
Eczema—Erysipelas	Tuberculosis
Fevers—Gall Stones	Tumors—Ulcers
Goitre—Gout	Varicocele
Gonorrhea—Gleet	Women's Diseases

All diseases that begin with fever—all inflammation—all catarrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood.

In nervous debility Liquozone acts as a vitalizer, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

50c Bottle Free.

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us this coupon. We will then mail you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottle, and we will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This is our free gift, made to convince you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself please accept it today, for it places you under no obligations whatever.

Liquozone costs 50c. and $1.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 458-464 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

My disease is.....

I have never tried Liquozone, but if you will supply me a 50c bottle free I will take it.

.....

.....

.....

694 Give full address—write plainly

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquozone will be gladly supplied for a test.

MORE BOMBS AT WARSAW

Chief of Police Seriously Injured By Explosion In Carriage.

Warsaw, March 27.—A bomb was thrown into the carriage of Baron Von Nolken, chief of police of Warsaw, at 8 o'clock last evening. It was reported that the baron was severely wounded.

According to latest information, the attack on Baron Von Nolken was the result of an elaborate conspiracy of the revolutionary party. Shortly before 8 o'clock an elegantly dressed man threw a bomb into the police station at Praga, wounding several persons, two of them dangerously. The man started to run away, but was caught by the captain of the station. He was found to be a Jew, but his identity has not yet been discovered. A telephone message was immediately sent to Baron Von Nolken, at the city hall, informing him of the outrage. Baron Von Nolken, accompanied by a police official, immediately took a carriage and started for Praga. When passing the castle where the governor general resdides, a man standing on the pavement threw a bomb at the carriage. Baron Von Nolken, who was sitting on the side nearest the assailant, received the full charge of the bomb, while his companion escaped unhurt. The coachman was thrown from the box and the carriage was smashed.

Baron Von Nolken was removed to the city hall, and doctors were summoned, who found he had received injuries on the head, neck, arm and leg, which are believed to be serious.

Meanwhile the police official accompanying Baron Von Nolken saw the bomb thrower fleeing, and pursued and caught up with him, but the criminal proved the stronger and tore himself away.

Another policeman fired after him without result.

A girl who was passing the spot when the bomb was thrown was wounded by splinters and had to be taken to the hospital.

According to the theory of the police the revolutionists calculated on Baron Von Nolken going to Praga on learning of the explosion of the bomb at the station there, and knew he must pass the castle, that being the only road by which he could reach the only bridge across the Vistula.

The affair caused great excitement. A popular rumor says the revolutionists adopted this course of informing the police that they have more bombs besides those discovered in the Powonski cemetery Saturday.

Baron Von Nolken is very unpopular. He is hated by the masses of the Polish population, who hold him responsible for the sanguinary suppression of the disturbances here at the end of January. He has been here only a year, having come from St. Petersburg, where he was chief of the mounted division of the police.

BOY RETURNS, AUNT MISSING

Frank Rogers Suddenly Reappears, After Four Years' Absence.

Chicago, March 27.—Frank Rogers, who disappeared from his home in Evanston, four years ago with his aunt, Miss Florence Ely, returned home yesterday. Young Rogers stated that since leaving Chicago he has been working in Buffalo and New York City. The police and others for a long time worked on the case as a kidnaping mystery. The boy now denies that he has been with his aunt.

When he disappeared from his home in July, 1901, his aunt, Miss Ely, who had lived at the house of young Rogers' parents, also disappeared, since which time no trace of either the boy or the woman had been found, until he suddenly appeared in Evanston yesterday.

The boy had been the pet of his aunt ever since he was a baby. So close was this friendship that Miss Ely could scarcely allow the boy out of her sight. Her affection was returned by young Rogers, and in order to break up the attachment between the two, Mrs. Rogers decided to send her son away to school, and notified Miss Ely of the plan. On July 13, 1901, the boy and his aunt left the Rogers home, presumably for a walk. They did not return, and what has become of Miss Ely is still a mystery.

When the boy returned to Evanston yesterday in search of his parents, he found strangers living in his former home. He then went to the home of an uncle in the vicinity, and his parents were notified of the boy's return. After being with his son for some time, the father refused to make any statement concerning the strange disappearance. Mr. Rogers said that a statement would be made by him later which would clear up the mystery.

The boy was very reticent regarding his whereabouts since his disappearance four years ago. He denied that he left Evanston in company with his aunt, and said he did not know of her disappearance until he read it in the papers. The boy declares that he has been in New York and Buffalo ever since leaving Evanston. He has been working in restaurants, according to his story, and has never heard from Miss Ely since he left Evanston.

STRIKES HIDDEN ROCKS.

When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of Consumption, Pneumonia, etc., you are lost, if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. McKinon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with Pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery. The first dose gave relief, and one bottle cured me." Sure cure for sore throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed at all druggists, price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR COLLISION

Between Big Liners Will Be Fixed By the Courts.

Halifax, N. S., March 27.—The two ocean steamers, the Parision and the Alabano, whose 1,800 passengers were saved from possible death at sea after the collision between the two vessels off the harbor's mouth Saturday, by a thrilling fifteen-mile race for shallow water, showed plainly yesterday how serious the accident was. the Parisian resting on bottom at her dock and the Albano's fore peak being full of water. The Parisian, which came up the harbor at 8 o'clock Saturday night with a gaping hole in her starboard side from the Albano's sharp bow, filled gradually during the night and at dawn her engine room had been flooded. her fires extinguished, her lower deck was awash and her keel rested on the mud. A large part of her cargo has been damakd by water, but the bulk of the mail, consisting of 400 sacks, was recovered in a dry condition.

The statements of the two commanders of the vessels as to the probable cause of the accident are conflicting and the courts will be invoked to place the responsibility.

Proceedings have been begun in the admiralty court against the American-Hamburg company, owner of the Alabano, and that steamer was libelled for $150,000 damages in behalf of J. and A. Allan, owners of the Parisian.

Later it was anounced that a counter suit would be brought by the German company.

Ladies, if you want a refined and brilliant complexion, free from blemishes, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, Brings red lips, bright eyes and a cream-like complexion. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

THE MONEY IS TAINTED

Strong Protest Against Acceptance of $100,000 By Mission Board.

Columbus, Ohio, March 27.—Rev. Dr. Washington Gladden, pastor of the First Congregational church of Columbus and moderator of the general council of Congregational churches of the United States, in a sermon delivered yesterday discussed the gift of $100,000 made by a prominent capitalist to the American Board of Missions. He said:

"The money proffered to our board of missions comes out of a collossal estate of which the foundations were laid in the most rapacious manner known to modern civilization.

"The success of this business from the beginning until now has been largely due to unlawful and outrageous manipulations of railway rates.

"The United States government is now engaged in a strenuous attempt to ferret out and punish this injustice and the people of the United States have a tremendous battle on their hands with the corporate greed which has entrenched itself in this stronghold and has learned to use the railways for the oppression and spoliation of the people.

"And now, on the eve of this battle they are asked to accept a great gift of money from the man who more completely than any other represents the system they are summoned to fight.

"I hope they are not mean enough to take his money and then turn around and fight him. I hope they are not so faithless to their obligations as to take his money and shut their mouths or become apologists.

"We don't want this man's money. To accept it will be to awake the contempt of millions of honest men, to reject it will strengthen our churches in the affection and respect of millions who are inclined to doubt whether the churches love God more than mammon.

"Our missions will be richer and stronger without it than with it, and we shall lose nothing by our loyalty to things unseen and eternal.

A SINGLE DOLLAR

Puts $1,500 Costs On a Wealthy Defendant.

Kokomo, Ind., March 27.—Dickens' celebrated cause of Jarndice vs. Jarndice, wherein there was trial after trial and the costs became the chief object of controversy, has been equaled in the Howard superior court, Kokomo. Adam Repp, a farmer of limited means, has succeeded in a suit against Wilbur C. Legg, who is well-to-do, securing a verdict of $1 damages, which carries with it costs of $1,500, which, had the plaintiff lost, would have been the limit of his possessions.

The controversy was over a horse, valued at $81, sold by Legg to Repp, which died three days after the sale. The case was brought in 1903 before a justice of the peace, where the defendant, the vendor of the horse, won, but Repp appealed to the Tipton circuit court and in two trials the jury disagreed.

INCREDIBLE BRUTALITY.

It would have been incredible brutality if Chas. Eichenberger, of Syracuse, N. Y., had not done the best he could for his suffering son. "My boy," he says, "cut a fearful gash over his eye, so I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which quickly healed it and saved his eye." Good for burns and ulcers too. Only 25c at all druggists.

ENRICHES HER EARL

But Anna Robinson Estranges Rosslyn's Sisters.

London, March 27.—The marriage of the earl of Rosslyn and Anna Robinson is still the talk of the town, because its circumstances were so peculiar. Until this day week the earl and the girl were at Monte Carlo perpetually together. They left Monte Carlo Saturday night and were married on Monday morning at St. Mary's, North Audley street.

When the announcement was published it was given out that they had left immediately for the continent, but they have been staying all the time at Anna's beautiful house, 11 Norfolk street, Park Lane.

Although Anna Robinson played only one short engagement in London, she is credited with accumulating a large amount of money. She lives in Norfolk street at the rate of about $25,000 a year, has $200,000 worth of diamonds, and, according to current gossip, settled $10,000 a year on the earl by ante-nuptial bond. The earl's sisters, the duchess of Sutherland, countess of Warwick and Lady Algernon Lennox, are furious at this escapade and refuse to have anything further to do with him.

MISS SCHUBART STRANGLED.

Wheeling, W. Va., March 27.—The coroner's inquest into the cause of the death of Hilda Schubart, the young woman, who was found dead on the hillside near her home, in this city, a few days ago, was held yesterday and resulted in the jury of finding a verdict that Miss Schubart came to her death by strangling by a person unknown to the authorities. The authorities are hard at work on the case and sensational arrests are momentarily expected.

DE MAY HAD LITTLE FAITH

Was Quickly Converted — Rexall Worth Its Weight In Gold.

"Thousands of men and women are dragging their way through a life of misery merely because they are too skeptical to benefit by the truth," says Mr. S. F. Boyce.

"We don't ask you to take our word as to the rare perfection of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. We ask you to take the word of your neighbors. Read what Mr. De May says of them:

"I find Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets O. K. In fact I consider them worth their weight in gold. I suffered with indigestion for many years and thought I had exhausted every means of a cure. The best physicians failed to give me relief and the many advertised remedies were bitter disappointments. When I commenced using Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets I had little faith in them. But I was agreeably disappointed. They immediately benefited me, and in a short time I was cured. I can state in the most emphatic manner that Rexall is all right."—B. E. De May.

"What these tablets did for Mr. De May they will do for you. Try them and see.

"Our proposition is not to merely sell you dyspepsia tablets, but to sell you a cure for your dyspepsia and indigestion.

"If Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets do not effect this cure, we give you back your money. That shows how much confidence we have in this new remedy."

S. F. Boyce applies this guarantee to the twenty-five-cent package of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets, which certainly shows his confidence in its bringing immediate results.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Is Dull and Price Falls Nearly One Cent.

Russian Shipments Are Lighter Than Looked For—Flax Is Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 27.—Wheat was dull and lower today. In Minneapolis May there was a decline of 1c, in Chicago ⅞c, in Duluth ⅞-¾c and in New York ¾c. The July option fell ⅞c in Chicago ⅞-1c in Duluth, 1¼c in Minneapolis and ⅜c in New York. The Liverpool market fell ¼@¾d while London was ¼d higher. Paris closed ½@¾c higher, Berlin unchanged, Budapest ⅜c lower, and Antwerp unchanged.

World's shipments were about as expected, but the light shipments from Russia caused some notice.

World's shipments of wheat and corn last week, the week previous and the corresponding week of last year were as follows:

	WHEAT. Last Week.	Previous. Week.	Last Year.
America	688,000	1,480,000	1,792,000
Russia	2,032,000	1,928,000	1,704,000
Danube	664,000	856,000	472,000
Argentine	4,464,000	4,592,000	3,672,000
India	792,000	536,000	656,000
Australia	984,000	640,000	672,000
Aust-Hung	80,000	.....	72,000
Various	112,000	144,000	192,000
Total	9,744,000	9,976,000	9,232,000
	CORN.		
America	2,112,000	2,636,000	1,424,000
Russia	60,000	60,000	754,000
Danube	34,000	24,000	625,000
Argentine	66,000	51,000	505,000
Total	2,266,000	2,781,000	3,369,000

The amount of wheat on passage last week decreased 548,000 bus, and corn decreased 1,389,000 bus.

Car receipts at Duluth were 11, against 29 last year, and at Minneapolis 487, against 511 last year, making a total for the Northwest of 498, against 540 last year. Chicago received 50, against 9 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 632,000 bus., last year 679,000 bus. Shipments 248,000 bus., last year 333,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 47,000 bus.

The visible supply of wheat last week decreased 1,126,000 bus., and is now 32,817,000 bus., against 32,511,000 bus. last year.

The visible supply of corn last week decreased 108,000 bus., and is now 9,679,000 bus., against 10,650,000 bus. last year. Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged ½d higher. In the Chicago market May corn closed ¼-¾c lower. May oats closed ⅜-½c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 867,000 bus., last year 291,000 bus. Shipments 390,000 bus., last year 260,000 bus. Clearances were 428,000 bus.

In the Duluth market there was little activity in the trading in wheat futures. The May option opened ½c lower at $1.07⅜ and by the end of the first hour had broken an even cent from there. It rallied to $1.06⅝ at 10:50, fell back again to $1.06⅜ at 11, and then advanced to $1.07¼ at 12:05. It then reacted to $1.06¾-⅞ at 12:55, sold at $1.07 at 1:05 and closed at $1.06¾-⅞, a loss for the day of ⅜-⅞c. The July option lost ⅞-1c, closing at $1.04⅝.

Cash wheat was unchanged at 1c under May for No.. 1 northern, and 3½ to 7c under for No. 2.

Flax was dull and stronger. The May option advanced 2c to $1.37, and closed at $1.36¼.

Oats declined ⅜c, and rye was unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; on track, No. 1 northern, $1.06¾; No. 2 northern, 96¾c-$1.06¾; durum No. 1, 99c; No. 2, 96c; May, $1.06¾-7⅛; July, $1.04⅝; September 88c. Flax—To arrive, $1.36¼; on track, $1.36¼; May, $1.36¼; October, $1.20½. Oats—To arrive, 29⅜c; on track, 29½c. Rye—To arrive, 77c; on track, 77c. Barley—Feed, 33@37c; malting, 37@44c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 11, last year, 29; oats, 31; flax, 4, last year 42.

Receipts—Wheat, 5,966; oats, 16,535; flax, 4,481.

Shipments—Wheat, 8,951; flax, 1,848.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 3 wheat, 1 car	$1.00
No. 3, 1 car	1.00½
Flax, 2 cars rejected	1.30
Flax, 4 cars No. 1	1.37
Flax, 1 car	1.36⅞
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white	29
Oats, 3 cars No. 4 white	29⅜
Oats, 1 car No. 4 white	29½
Oats, 4 cars No. 3 white	29⅝
Oats, 2 cars No. 3 white	29½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Bearish Sentiment Prevails In the Meat Pit.

Chicago, March 27.—Easier cables and continued mild weather in the Southwest caused bearish sentiment in the wheat market here today, commission houses had moderate offerings and demand was light. July opened ⅛@¼c to ⅝@½c lower at 90⅜ to 90⅝c. After touching 90⅝c, the price reacted to 90½@⅝c. May opened ¼c to ½c lower at $1.12⅞ to $1.13¼, sold up to $1.13½ and then declined to $1.13. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 548 cars, against 607 cars last week and 549 cars a year ago.

The market became weaker as trade progressed. July sold off to 89¾ and May to $1.12⅛. The market closed practically at the lowest point of the day, with both July and May down ⅞. Final quotations on July were at 89⅝@⅞c and on May at $1.12⅛.

Liberal receipts brought out considerable selling by pit traders, resulting in an easier corn market. The market lacked any special support. May opened ¼c to ⅝c lower at 48⅝c to 48¾c, sold up to 49@½c and then declined again to 48⅞c. Local receipts were 616 cars, with 51 of contract grade.

Later May sold off to 48¼c. The close was weak with May down ¼@⅜c at 48⅝@¾c.

Weakness of other grains was felt in the oat market, sentiment being rather bearish. May opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 30⅝c to 30½c, sold up to 30⅝c and then eased off to 30⅜c. Local receipts were 319 cars.

Provisions were barely steady, owing to selling by pit traders. A 5-cent decline in the price of live hogs was the factor. May was 2½@5c lower to a shade higher at $12.75 to $12.80. Lard was a shade lower at $7.16. Ribs were unchanged at $6.97½.

Close: Wheat—May, $1.12½; June, 98c; July, 89⅝@90c; September, 84¾c. Corn—March, 47¾c; May, 48¾c; July, 48¾c; September, 49c. Oats—March, 30⅜c; May, 30½c; July, 30⅛c; September, 29@⅜c. Pork—May, $12.80; July, $12.95. Lard—March, $7.02½; April, $7.07½; May, $7.15@7.17½; July, $7.30; September, $7.42½. Ribs—May, $6.97½; July, $7.15@7.17½; September, $7.30@7.32½. Rye—March, 78¾c; May, 78½@79c; September, 80@85c. Flax—Cash, northwestern, $1.36; southwestern, $1.29; March, $1.23; May, $1.23. Timothy—March, $2.85@3.00; April, $2.90@3.00; September, $3.05.

Alaska Central Railway Preferred Stock!

CHAS. B. ASKE,

Duluth, Minn. Zenith Phone, 1328-X.

Closing prices, March 27, 1905. Alaska Central Railway, bid $4.25, asked, $5.00.

B. E. BAKER

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Clover—March, $13.35. Barley—Cash, 40@49c. Cash, wheat—No. 2 red, $1.14@1.17; No. 3 red, $1.05@1.12; No. 2 hard, $1.11@1.13; No. 3 hard, $1.02@1.09; No. 1 northern, $1.13@1.15; No. 2 northern, $1.10@1.13; No. 3 spring, $1.05@1.12. Corn—No. 2, 47¾@48c; No 3, 47¼@48c Oats—No 2, 30½c; No 3, 30c

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 27. — Wheat—Spot steady; No. 1 California, 6s 10d; futures steady; May, 6s 8d; July, 6s 8½d; September, 6s 8d. Corn—Spot 7rm; American mixed new, 4s 4¼d; American mixed old, 4s 11d; futures steady; March, 4s 4d; May, 4s 4¾d.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth Saturday, March 25, 1905:

Wheat.	Bushels.
No. 1 hard	4,967
No. 1 northern	1,475,402
No. 2 northern	40,391
No. 3 spring	131,201
No. 4 spring	9,176
Rejected	2,410
No grade	6,337
Special bin	3,218,771
Western	18,459
No 1 and No. 2 durum	69,228
Rejected and no grade durum	3,424
Total	4,978,901
Decrease	14,208
Stocks a year ago	4,089,765
Coarse grain stocks:	
Corn	75,300
Unchanged.	
Oats	4,727,685
Increase	288,966
Rye	178,141
Unchanged.	
Barley	371,469
Increase	7,000
Flax	7,006,015
Decrease	11,827

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	$1.07¼	$1.10⅝	$1.13	$1.10
High	1.07⅜	1.10⅝	1.13½	1.10¼
Low	1.06⅜	1.09⅜	1.12½	1.09¾
Close	1.06¾-⅞	1.09⅞-10B	1.12½B	1.10¼
Close 25	1.07⅜	1.10⅞-11	1.13⅜	1.11
July—				
Open	1.05¼A	1.06¼	90⅝-⅝	94⅞
High	1.05¼	1.06⅞	90⅞	95¼
Low	1.04¼A	1.05¼	89¾	94⅜-½
Close	1.04⅝B	1.06⅞A	89⅞-90	94⅝B
Close 25	1.05½-⅝	1.07⅛	90¾-⅞	95⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	30½@30⅝	48⅜@48⅝	12 75
High	30⅝	49¼	12.87
Low	30	48½	12.75
Close	30½B	48⅝-¾	12.80

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 27.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.10½; July, 94¾c; September, 87⅝c. Corn—May and July, 54¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 27.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.09¾@1.10; September, 87¼@⅞c. 2 hard, $1.13⅜; 1 northern, $1.11¼; 2 northern, $1.07.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: We regard the situation in May wheat as very dangerous and strongly advise our friends to let that future severely alone. The strong probability is that outrageous fluctuations will be the rule almost any time, especially will this be the case as this future approaches maturity. We believe as a conservative firm and being custodian of the funds of our clients we should ask 10c protection from those who want to give new business in May wheat, and we wish to give notice in order that no misunderstanding will occur. Again we say, let the May future alone.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat has had a fair range and a moderate trade. In view of the perfect control big interests have over the May, weakness today was less noticeable than in July and September. Looked at from any point of view the situation is certainly very strong, supplies are light from the farm to terminal markets and our demands increasing, for this year it is estimated that the immigration into this country will require 1,000,000 bbls of flour. The market has been depressed for some little time now and in Chicago the feature has been the buying by Armour. The turning point is believed to be near at hand and we would take advantage of these dips in May and July to make purchases and before the market develops additional strength, add to your present lines, and hold for substantial returns.

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B. E. Baker's Chicago grain letter: Bearish sentiment which received no check from the early news, caused a renewal of the weakness so common last week. A complete recovery followed on the liberal decrease in the visible and the forecast for wet and colder weather over a large portion of the belt. The close was weak and approximately at bottom prices for the day. Nebraska reports indicate that warm weather is liable to prove fly to be quite general. Traders show considerable caution when short the market at these prices and quickly seize profits. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 36 cars.

Corn—The trade in corn was light and the market ruled easier in sympathy with the weakness in wheat and oats. Local traders were bearish. One fact stands out clearly and will bear attention. It is surprising that the big receipts last week did not show up in the visible. If this state of affairs exists now what may be expected when receipts mall off, as surely will after the first of the month?. Country acceptances are again light and Western advices show business at country stations to be at a standstill. The fair weather today will give way to rain and snow within the next 24 hours. The cash market was steady. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 347 cars.

Oats—Oats were very much depressed the first hour or two. Trade was large. Longs sold freely and local professionals took advantage of the situation to pound values. Estimate receipts for tomorrow 221 cars.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market displayed much nervousness, the early spasm of strength giving way to weakness which carried the market to its former low point. Much of the selling pressure seemed to come from the Southwest. The splendid condition of the crop and the great headway being made under present excellent climatic conditions seem to make the market weak on any selling pressure. A significant feature of the day's trading was the inability of the bears to force the price through the 88¾c mark, which price was reached. We feel that the short interest is large and scattered, but inclined to hesitate at the moment on account of forcing matters of the 90c market. A sudden change in the weather could easy bring about a sharp rally in the market.

Corn—Early in the session the market displayed good buying power and some strength, subsequently easing off, partly in sympathy with the erratic course in wheat and disappointment over the visible feature. Sentiment in this market is almost as bullish as it is bearish in the wheat. The action of today's market showed less snap than in recent session. At 49c there was some profit taking by leading bull interests. The market does not display any great weakness and at times receives very good support. This leads us to feel the market will continue to be a moderately good trading affair.

Oats—Market was under pressure throughout the session. The extremely large visible, large stocks and early spring seem too much of a load for this market to stand. To us it does not act very well.

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E. W. Dennis, Chicago: I return still bearish on all wheat but May. There will be sharp bulges in July wheat at times, and posibly that option and September may be low enough for the moment, but even that is doubtful, and I would still prefer waiting for bulges to sell on, than to buy for anything but scalps. Bulges in July wheat we will get. When we do get them, and September sympathizes, as it will to some extent, sell the September without hesitation or fear for a long pull, and sell the July with stop orders.

The corn strength will surprise everybody, I believe, when these receipts due to the very low freights have had their run. The 1st of April sees an advance of 6c to 7c per bus in rates. The Western man won't stand for this or half of it, and he will quit shipping while hogs and cattle are so high and the feeding demand at home absorbs so much of his corn on the basis of his present prices In the meantime, exports will keep up, as this corn bought on these low rates was mostly placed for foreign shipment when contracted for. There's very little corn in cribs anywhere and farmers will be too busy to haul corn at a reduction in price. They will sell only moderately, if at all and in fact outside of Nebraska they will have little for sale in any sort of event until they see what kind of a stand they get for the next crop. I think speculation in corn will be large and prices high for some time. It looks as though 55c will be an easy matter and 60c not at all improbable.

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W. H. Bartlett Chicago: A cable is being shown around on the floor claiming that Argentina is going to ship 100,000,000 bushels of corn. This is twice as much as any previous estimate, and such a possibility can be very well estimated by another statement it makes that they will commence shipping corn this week when every one knows their corn is not yet gathered in that country.

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Chicago Record-Herald: Cash interests are figuring that there will be 5,000,000 bushels of wheat brought here to deliver on May trades in case there is a big advance, the quantity being dependent upon the price. At the moment it is difficult to figure where anywhere near 5,000,000 bushels contract wheat outside of Minneapolis and Duluth. The claims of the milling interests in the Northwest are that they control the bulk of the supplies there, and will not let them get away. If the figures of the holdings of the bull interest 18,000,000 bushels are right, shorts will have to suffer. At the same time the bulls position is not an easy one. They have a bad deal on their hands in the May and as the trade has dropped out, it is a fight between the short sellers and the big holders.

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Logan & Bryan, Chicago: A Pit Observer says: Trade generally is as bearish now on the July and September wheat as it was bullish when prices were more than 10 cents per bushel higher. I believe, however, that the bears will come to grief selling on scenery or at such large discounts. A crop of wheat far from made and at a price below the average during the past two years. Even with the present, or the best conditions maintained it is not likely that we are going at once from a dollar fifteen cents to eight cent wheat. We have never had such a transformation excepting following a panic or a busted corner and neither is now indicated or at all likely. The market is as heavily oversold now as it was overbought some weeks ago and I believe the prudent speculator will do well to buy some July wheat under 90 cents or the September wheat under 85 cents.

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Chicago Record-Herald: Nothing definite was arrived at in the wheat situation during the last week. Bulls in May or old crop wheat appear to be satisfied with their position and to have decided on a "stand pat" policy. The bears in the new crop months certainly had nothing to complain of in the prospect for the growing winter wheat. For the moment both sides seem to have reached a point where they are less disposed toward aggressive tactics. The thing to watch closest and to first be governed, is the movement from first hands of corn. It seems to me that there is where the market hinges. I believe this, because it is an indicator of the correctness of the misapprehension of all the different points the trade is figuring on, but does not yet know with a certainty that makes them a finality.

THE BISCUIT SQUADRON

Fifteen In-er-Seal Young Men Now In the City.

The In-er-seal squadron of the National Biscuit company, consisting of fifteen young men, all college students and prominent in society circles of their home towns, is now stopping at the Spalding hotel. All wear gray suits and purple ties, the National Biscuit company colors. The N. B. C. flag floating over the Spalding in honor of their presence has been mistaken by many for a storm signal, and when rain began to fall this afternoon several comments on the accuracy of Forecaster Richardson's weather predictions were heard.

Energetic preparations for a reception to be given at the Armory Wednesday afternoon, from 2 to 5 o'clock, are now being made. A carload of decorations to be used at the reception has just arrived from Chicago. Tea and chocolate will be served from an attractive Japanese booth by a number of well-known young ladies, and a fine musical program will be rendered by Flaaten's orchestra.

HORRIBLE DEATH OF TREE CHOPPER.

St. Paul, March 27.—A special to the Dispatch from Sioux City, Iowa, says: David Copenhaver, of Sloan, Iowa, while cutting down a big tree was crushed to death. When he had the trunk partly cut through it split and fell. As he leaned over to cut the remaining half the split trunk snapped back and caught him. He was so badly crushed that scarcely a bone in his body was left unbroken, and his eyes were forced from their sockets.

WEAKNESS SHOWN

Railroad List Was Under Pressure Throughout the Session.

Market Closed But Little Above the Low Point.

New York, March 27.—The industrials and specialties were conspicuous in the opening trading and were generally higher, while the railroad stocks were halting and irregular. Distillers securities and Locomotive preferred rose a point and Lead and Locomotive common a large fraction. Peoria & Eastern jumped 2½ and Railway Steel Spring was up 1¼. Otherwise the changes were limited to small fractions.

The pressure of stock, forced Union Pacific and Ontario & Westedn down a point and caused some yielding all around. Renewed buying on a small scale of New York Central gave a later stimulus to prices which was reinforced by the strong demand for Chesapeake &Ohio and the Railroad Equipment stocks. Great Northern ujmped 5 points to 310 and Peoria & Eastern 4, but the aggressive strength was localized in a few stocks. New York Central, Chesapeake & Ohio, Northwestern. St. Louis Southwestern, Kansas City Southern, Locomotive, Car, Pressed Steel Car, the Republic Steel stocks, the Pipe stocks, Electric storage battery and the United States Rubber stocks advanced 1 to 2. Allis-Chalmers preferred gained 3 and Sloss-Sheffield Steel fell 1.

The realizing in the railroad list invited attack and prices yielded, New York Central reacting a point. Specialties continued to make wide advances here and there and the decline in the railroads was arrested. Ontario & Western after selling at 62 rallied to 63⅞, Allis-Chalmers preferred rose 5¾. Toledo Railways 2½. Locomotive, Republic Steel preferred and the United Railway Investment stocks 2¼ and the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo stocks, the Toledo, St. Louis & Western stocks, Kansas City Southern preferred, Pacific Coast, Pressed Steel Car preferred and Virginia, Carolina Chemical 1 to 2. Joy on Grand Island, first preferred and Chicago Union Traction preferred dropped 3 and Consolidated Gas 1¼. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Union Pacific was freely sold down to 130. Atchison and Southern Pacific also yielded a point and the advance in the specialties was halted. Standard stocks averaged a good fraction below last week's closing, Allis-Chalmers improved 2½, the preferred 2½ in all, and Locomotive 3¼.

The downward drift ran to a point in St. Paul, Reading, Metropolitan Securities, Peoria & Eastern, Chicago Union Traction, and a few others. The market was sluggish and trading very dull. Pipe preferred gained 3¼, Texas Pacific, Land Trust 2½, and Reading first preferred a point.

Prices went to a lower level in the final hour, Union Pacific declining early 3. St. Paul, Atchison, Southern Pacific, Pennsylvania, New York Central, Northwestern, Atlantic Coast Line, Reading, Wabash preferred, General Electric and Tennessee Coal lost 1 to 2½. D. & H., Missouri Pacific, Illinois Central, L. & N., the Rock Island stocks and Chicago Terminal preferred declined a point or more. The closing was active and weak.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison pfd	103	102½	102½
do common	89¾	88¼	88¾
Smelter common	102½	101¼	101¼
American Ice	5½	5½	5½
Amalgamated Copper	80	78⅝	79
B. & O. Ry.	109⅜	108⅜	108⅝
B. R. T.	67⅞	67¼	67¼
Can. Pac. Ry.	149	147⅞	147⅞
C. & O.	59½	57⅝	57⅝
C. F. I.	58⅝	56¼	56½
C. G. W. common	24	23½	23½
C. G. W. 1st pfd	81	80¼	80¼
Erie common	46⅛	45⅞	45⅞
Illinois Central	161⅝	160½	160¼
L. & N.	141⅞	139¾	140¼
Mexican Central	25¼	24¾	24¾
Missouri Pacific	107⅜	106⅜	106⅝
Metropolitan Railway	123¼	122½	122½
Manhattan	165⅝	163¼	163¼
Norfolk & Western	86⅞	85½	85½
N. Y. C.	163⅞	161	161½
O. & W.	63	62¾	62¾
People's Gas	112	111	111
Pacific Mail	45½	45	45
Penn. Ry.	143¼	141½	141¾
Rock Island common	35	33½	33⅝
Rock Island, pfd	80¾	79¼	79¼
Reading, com	96⅝	94	94⅜
R. I. & S., pfd	83½	81½	81½
R. I. & S., com	23¼	22	22⅛
Rubber, com	42¾	42	42
St. Paul	177¾	175⅝	175⅞
Sugar	142½	141¾	141¾
So. Railway, com	35⅛	34⅝	34⅝
Southern Pacific	69¾	67⅝	67¾
Soo, com	119	117½	118
Tenn. Coal & Iron	97½	95½	96
Texas Pacific	39	38½	38¾
Union Pacific, com	96¾	94⅞	94⅞
U. S. Steel, com	36⅛	35⅛	35¼
Union Pacific, com	131⅝	128⅜	129
Wisconsin Central, com	24⅛	23¾	24
Wisconsin Central, pfd	52⅜	51⅜	51⅜
Wabash, com	23¼	23	23
Wabash, pfd	47¾	45¼	45¾
D., S. S. & A. com	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜
D., S. S. & A., pfd	32	31½	31½
Twin City Rapid Transit	114⅜	113⅜	114½
Northwestern	246½	243	243

The total sales were 1,035,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: Market closed weak and in spots sharply lower. The railroad list was under pressure throughout the session, particularly Union Pacific. In the early dealings the market was given over altogether to specialties, principally railway equipment shares. This department of the market for a time showed much strength, but finally gave way in sympathy with weakness in the rails. In the late dealings pressure seemed more pronounced, the market closing but little above the low point. The closing tonight does not hold out the promise it did in the last two or three sessions. There has undoubtedly been quite a little profit taking and the market acts as if it were more of a two-sided affair.

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Sweet to B. E. Baker: The Sunday Sun announces that some time in the month of May the secretary of the treasury may reduce the government balances with the banks to the extent of $20,000,000. This might result in a considerable advance in rates for both call and time money.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 27.—Cattle—Receipts 22,000; 10c higher Good to prime steers, $5.15@6.25; poor to medium, $3.90@5; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.45; cows, $2.80@4; heifers, $2@5; canners $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.50@4; calves, $3@7. Hogs—Receipts 40,000, tomorrow 25,000; 5c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.30@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.35@5.50; rough heavy, $5.25@5.35; light, $5.20@5.40; bulk of sales, $5.35@5 45. Sheep—Receipts 26,000; sheep and and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers, $5.75@6.25; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; western sheep, $5@6.25; native lambs, $5.50@7.65; western lambs, $5.50@7.75.

CHEAP ACRES

4,000 acres in northern part of St. Louis and Itasca counties, Minnesota, for sale at $1.25 per acre. Think of it, 4,000 acres for $5,000. Timber is reserved, but buyer of lands has no taxes to pay until lands are released from timber reservation. NO MINERAL IS RESERVED, and if iron or other mineral is found on one forty, it will sell for more than is asked for the whole tract. Title to all of this land is perfect and is all based on U. S. government patents. For further particulars call on or address
Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	78⅝	78⅞
Adventure	5¾	6¼
Atlantic	16	16½
Allouez	22	22½
Arcadian	1¼	1⅝
Elm River	2½	3
Bingham	31¾	32¼
Copper Range	76½	76¾
Centennial	17½	18
Calumet and Hecla	679	680
Calumet and Arizona	106	108
Calumet and Pittsburg	40	41
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	.....	46½
Isle Royale	24½	25¼
Mass	11¼	11½
Michigan	13½	13¾
Mohawk	53½	53¾
Mayflower	75c	$1.00
Mercur Con	30c	33c
National	1½	2
Old Colony	1	1½
Old Dominion	26¼	26¾
Osceola	100	101
Phoenix	1⅞	2¼
Parrott	27½	28½
Quincy	106	107
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	2¼	2¼
Franklin	10	10½
Tecumseh	2¼	3
Tamarack	125	130
Shannon	7⅞	8
Trinity	10½	10⅝
Utah	42	42⅜
United States Mining	25¾	26
Victoria	4½	5
olverine	111	112
Wyandot	2	2¼
Winona	13¼	13½
Daly West	15¼	15½
Greene Cons	28¾	28½
Pittsburg and Duluth	25½	.....
Union Land	3½	4
Junction	.....	100
Black Mountain	.....	$2.35
Chiricahua	.....	64
Granby	5¾	6

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 27.—Close: Money on call firm, 3¼@4½ per cent, closing bid, 3¼, offered at 3½. Time loans firmer, 60 and 90 days, 3½ per cent; six months, 3½@3¾. Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½. Sterling exchange firm; opened easy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.80@85 for demand and at $4.83.75@80 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84½@4.85 and $4.86½@87; commercial bills $4.87½. Bar silver 56¾c. Mexican dollars, 44c. Government bonds irregular; railroad bonds irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 27.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $140,106,280; gold, $67,942,116; silver $25,884,289.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 27.—The cotton market opened steady at a decline of 2 points on an advance of 1 point, equal to a rise on the cables. The weather was good, receipts heavy, and with some expectations of a bearish cengus report tomorrow, the market worked off to a net loss of about 6 points. December was good at the decline and before the end of the first hour prices had rallied to Saturday's finals and showed a very steady tone in spite of New Orleans selling.

Spot, cotton closed quiet; middling uplands, 8.05; midling gulf, 8.30. Sales 500 bales. Futures closed steady: March, 7.56; April, 7.53; May, 7.50; June, 7.54; July, 7.55; August, 7.58; September, 7.60; October, 7.64; November, 7.67; December, 7.70; January, 7.74.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul—Barrett & Zimmerman report a good clearance. All kinds of horses sold well at prices somewhat less than at the preceding days of the week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$180@200
Drafters, choice	150@180
Drafters, common to good	120@150
Farm mares, extra	125@145
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

GRAND TRUNK BONDS.

London, March 27.—The prospectus was issued today of the Grand Trunk-Pacific railroad $16,000,000, 3 per cent first mortgage sterling bonds, at 95, guaranteed by the Canadian government. Subscriptions open tomorrow.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.

Creamery, prints	27
Dairies, fancy	22
Renovated	24

EGGS.

Fresh	15

CHEESE.

Twins, full and cream	16
Twins, full cream, old	8
Full cream, Young America	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	15
Limberger, full cr'm cheese	15
Primost	7

HONEY.

New fancy, white clover	14
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14

MAPLE SYRUP.

Vermont, per lb	12¼
Ohio, per lb	10
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	15
Cocoanuts	50
Brazils, per lb	10
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8
Almonds	16
Mixed nuts	12½

FRUITS.

Apples	3 00 @ 3 25
Cranberries, per bl	7 00 @ 7 50
Grape fruit	5 50
California naval oranges	2 50 @ 2 75
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Lemons, per box	3 50
Dates, Fard, per box	1 15
Sugar, walnut dates	1 00

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 25

VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, per bus	1 25
Lettuce, leaf, per box	60
Beets, cwt	1 65
Green onions	20
Spinach, bus	1 65
Potatoes, per bus	33
Mushrooms	90
Dry Onions, per cwt	2 25 @ 2 50
Celery, per doz	1 00
Turnips	80
Cabbage, per cwt	1 25

POP CORN.

Choice, per lb	3
Rice corn, shelled	6

DRESSED POULTRY.

Spring chickens	15
Hens	15
Ducks	15
Turkeys	20
Geese	13

MEATS.

Beef	6 @ 8
Mutton	8½
Lard	7¼
Pork loins	10½
Veal	8

CIDER.

Common juice, half bbl	2 50
Fruit juice	5 00
Dutty cider	3 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 27.—Butter 7rm; creameries, 26@28c; dairies, 20@24c. Eggs steady; at mark, cases included, 16¼c. Cheese 7rm; daisies, 13@½c; twins, 12@¼c; Young Americas, 13½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 27.—Butter, firm; receipts 3,647. Street price, extra creameries, 30@½c. Official prices, creamery common to extra, 26@30c; creamery held common to extra, 26@28c; state dairy common to extra, 26@29c; renovated common to extra, 18@23c. Cheese, firm ;receipts 3,944; state full cream colored and fancy white choice, 13c; do fair to good, 12@½c; do poor, 10½@11½c; do large colored and white choice, 12¾; do fair to good, 11@12c; do poor, 10@10¾c; skims full to light, 4@10¼c. Eggs, receipts 13,611; state, Penna and nearby fancy selected white, 19@½c; do choice, 18@½c, do mixed western first, 17½c; do seconds, 17c; southerns, 16@17½c.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Janesville, Wis., March 27.—J. B. Whiting, surgeon general of the G. A. R., is dead. He was the oldest physician in Southern Wisconsin.

St. Louis, March 27.—John Rohn, aged 57 years, well known in the boiler trade throughout the United States, died at his home here today from heart disease. Mr. Rohn was the oldest boilermaker who had been continuously in the business in the United States.

Newburgh, N. Y., March 27.—Capt. Charles H. June, who in his younger days was a champion skater and oarsman, is dead here at the age of 80.

Fremont, Neb., March 27.—H. C. Mahanna, for fifteen years superintendent of the South Platte lines of the Chicago & Northwestern road, and one of the best known railroad men in the West, died at his home here today. He was 60 years old and had been a railroad man for the past thirty-five years.

Minneapolis, March 27.—Word has been received of the death at his ranch near Riverside, Cal., of Lorenzo D. Day, one of the pioneer lumbermen of the Northwest, and a well-known resident of Minenapolis. He was 70 years old. The surviving members of the family, besides Mrs. Day, are Leonard A. Day, 630 East Fourteenth street; Mrs. R. A. Parke, 634 East Fourteenth street; Mrs. William E. Lucas, Urbana, Ill., and Mrs. C. C. Prindle, 1908 South Irving aven

POSTPONE START

Cable Supplying Electric Power to Bridge Car Breaks.

Opening Of New Bridge To the Public Was Delayed.

Owing to the breaking of the cable which supplies the power for the operation of the car on the ferry bridge, the expected opening did not occur this morning.

It was planned to start the bridge car this morning on its regular trips, but the breaking of the cable prevented it. Men are now at work repairing the cable, and it will be ready in time to start the car this evening.

The construction company will operate the car for a period of thirty days, before it is turned over to the city.

The car will not be operated on a regular schedule, but will meet the Park Point and Lake avenue cars, and make whatever extra trips are thought necessary to accommodate the passengers. The return trip can be made in from four to five minutes, allowing time for the passengers to enter and leave the car, so that there should be no difficulty in accommodating even the larger crowds that will use the bridge during the summer months.

The warm weather yesterday brought out crowds of pleasure seekers, and the bridge was the Meces of a big majority of them. It is estimated that over 5,000 people visited the bridge during the afternoon and inspected the car. Many of them expected to see it in operation, but Superintendent Lowry thought it best not to attempt the opening on Sunday, as it would be sure to attract an extraordinary crowd and any hitch would be sure to cause unfavorable comment, and possibly a feeling of fear among many by whom the new the new bridge is viewed with distrust.

GAMBLING IS PROFITABLE

Two Raids By the Police Net the City $212.50.

The sum of $212.50 was turned in to the treasury of the city this morning, by thirteen men who were captured by the police Saturday evening in raids on poker games.

Eight of the men were captured in the first raid, made on a restaurant on Lake avenue South. They were engaged in a little game of draw poker, and there was a great scattering of chips and cards when the police pushed in the door. Alfred Clark, who is believed to be running the game, appeared in court this morning and pleaded guilty to the charge against him, paying a fine of $50 and costs. The other seven men, who are believed to have given fictitious names, forfeited bail of $10 each.

The second raid resulted in the capture of six men over a Bowery saloon. Charles Swanson, the supposed proprietor of the place, put up bail of $50 and each of the players $10. All of them forfeited the bail this morning.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Curlers Will Dine at the Commercial Club.

The annual banquet of the Duluth Curling club will be held in the Commercial club dining room a week from today.

Following the banquet the annual meeting of the club, and the election of officers for the coming year will be held. The different trophies which have been competed for during the past winter will be presented to the winning rinks.

GRAND JURY RESUMES ITS INVESTIGATIONS.

Chicago, March 27.—Investigation of the "beef trust" was resumed today by the federal grand jury. It is said the inquiry is likely to last two months longer.

It is declared that when the government has finished its investigation into the packing industry it plans to take up railroads and private car lines.

GOVERNOR SIGNS BILL.

Nashville, March 2.—Governor Frazer today signed the anti-race track betting bill, prohibiting betting on race tracks in the state. The law becomes effective next December.

A Delicious Draught

is what a glass or mug of our rich and creamy BOCK BEER is. It comes but once a year, like Christmas, but it is of such exquisite flavor and good body that you wish it could always stay with us. The brewer's treat to lovers of good beer is the Bock that is brewed at Easter. Try it!

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone 241.

MUSICIAN JAILED

Amateur Violinist Who Entertained the Bowery Is Arrested.

Police Do Not Appreciate Music—Other Municipal Court Happenings.

The soul of Olaf Lindberg soared above the vulgar trivialities of this mundane sphere. His was the soul of a musician. It ached for the great mysterious unknown.

But when Olaf tried to pour out this soul through the medium of a bursted violin on Superior street, Saturday, at midnight, he made a mistake. The bowery is no place for outpourings of the soul. The spirit, it is true, flows freely, but when Olaf started in on his metaphysical gymnastics, a crowd collected. In the crowd was a policeman, and the policeman declared that Olaf was drunk.

What do policemen know of music? Olaf scraped away in an ecstacy of enjoyment, and with a beatific smile on his face, allowed the copper to drag him away to the patrol wagon. All the way to headquarters he continued as if in a trance to irritate the violin until the policeman writhed under the torture.

Olaf submitted to being searched and locked up without a murmur. Likewise he sumbitted to being brought into court this morning. Here an unapreciative brute in a blue coat told the judge that this was Olaf's third time in court. Then the judge, who can't tell a Beethoven sonata from ragtime, unless he sees it on the program, sentenced Olaf to pay a fine of $20 or spend forty days in jail.

"Ah-h-h-h I have sighed to rest me. "Deep in the quiet grave"—sang Olaf as they led him out to prepare for his trip up the hill.

The police say that Olaf can make a violin fairly speak when he is sober, but the copper who arrested him claims it sounded more like two cats with their tails tied together and slung over a clothes line.

* * *

George Johnson, or at least that was the name he gave, had an insane infatuation for butter. He saw a tub of it lying outside a grocery store Saturday, and grasping it to his manly bosom, fled. But the proprietor saw the act and did flee also. And the proprietor was a faster "fleer" than George, and he did catch George and did turn him over to an officer. And the judge did soak George $25 and costs or thirty days, and George swears he would rather starve to death on oleo than ever look a tub of butter in the face again.

The Latest

New Suitings—rich grays and browns.
New Overcoatings—handsome designs.
New Trouserings—dressy patterns.

Get your Easter order in early.

Geo. H. Brenton,
High Class Tailoring. Phoenix Blk.

HAS HAPPY TERMINATION

Judges Substitute the Marriage Ceremony For Jail Sentences.

Marriage happily terminated a scrape in which two young people found themselves this morning.

The young man's name is Arvid Romans and the girl's Rose Mertins. They were arrested Saturday evening by the police in a rooming house on Superior street, and arraigned in the municipal court this morning before Judge Windom. They pleaded guilty to the charge against them.

The young man stated that he had known the girl for several years, and that they were planning to get married. They recently arrived in Duluth from one of the towns in the western part of the state.

Judge Windom suspended sentence on them, and the young people immediately walked across the hall and requested Judge Cutting to make them man and wife. It was the first experience of the kind for the new municipal judge, but he rose to the occasion manfully.

"Stand up," he said. "Take hold of hands. By the power vested in me by the state of Minnesota, I hereby declare you man and wife."

Several of the friends of the young people, who came into court to stand by them in their trial, then crowded about them and congratulated them upon its happy termination.

"How much is the fee?" asked the newly made benedict.

"Well," said the court, "this was my first attempt. I guess it was done legally enough, but I may not have carried it off in proper style, so I'll remit the fee this time. Union rates, I believe, are $2, but if you'll make your wife a present of that to go toward your housekeeping expenses, I'll call it square."

The blushing bridgeroom thanked the judge for the present, and the good wishes which he later offered, and left with his bride to look for a furnished room in which to commence housekeeping.

The young man appeared to be about 22 years of age and the girl a year or two younger.

BUT FEW MARINES REMAIN ON ISTHMUS.

Washington, March 27.—The cruiser Dixie has left Monte Cristi for Colon to take a battalion of marines, now stationed on the isthmus, to the new naval station at Guatanamo. After the shipment of this battalion the total strength of the marine battalion left on the isthmus will not number more than 100. This action was taken by the navy department on account of the unhealthy climate that prevails on the isthmus, and furthermore, that 100 men is regarded as a sufficiently strong force to maintain order.

COMMITTEE DESIRES LOTS

Land Wanted Near Graded Schools For School Gardens.

The committee of women of which Mrs. Henry S. Ely is chairman, having in charge the cultivation among the schools of the "garden" idea, will meet tomorrow morning. The committee has not been as successful in getting lots as it desires to and as it had anticipated it would. The members believe, however, that it is because there has not been a very good understanding of the fact that lots are desired.

It is the aim of the committee to get at least one lot and more if possible near each of the graded schools of the city. These lots will be plowed and made into gardens to be kept by the scholars. Seeds will be provided them and a form of competition devised that will stimulate their interest in developing their gardens to the finest point. Anyone willing to donate the use of lots for this commendable purpose should communicate with Mrs. Henry S. Ely.

LOSS OF THE BANNOCKBURN

Believed to Be Solved By Finding of Steel Plate.

Detroit, March 27.—A News special from St. Catherines, Ont., says: A large piece of steel, evidently from the bottom of a vessel, has been found in the new Welland canal which, it is believed, solves the mysterious loss of the steamer Bannockburn with all on board in Lake Superior in the fall of 1903. The Bannockburn was the only steel vessel to pass through the canal, and it is believed that the piece of hull was lost on the steamer's last trip, weakening the Bannockburn so that she foundered on Lake Superior.

STEAMER HELD

For Allowing a Stowaway To Escape.

Norfolk, Va., March 27.—The British steamer Wood, Capt. Goodwin, from Galveston, Tex., for Hamburg via Norfolk, is being held here for allowing Samuel Hoenan, a Frenchman, to escape while the vesel was at the Lamberts Point coal piers last night. Hoenan was brought to Galveston by the Wood as a stowaway and was refused a landing by the United States immigration authorities.

MILITARY HONORS FOR LATE SENATOR ASPIROZ

Washington, March 27.—In compliance with a request from the Mexican government, forwarded through the state department, the war department has ordered that full military honors be paid to the memory of Senor Aspiroz, the late Mexican ambassador, on the occasion of the obsequies over the remains in this city tomorrow.

As a mark of respect to the late ambassador it has been ordered that the bureau of American republics be closed tomorrow.

Persian Nerve Essence

RESTORES VITALITY—Have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Debility, Insomnia, Varicocele and Atrophy. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a magneric vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses stopped permanently. $2.00 per box; 6 boxes, guaranteed to cure or refund money, $5. Mailed sealed. Book free. Persian Med. Co., 935 Arch street, Philadelphia. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior St.

CITY BRIEFS

Lawyers' briefs. North Land Printery.

Meat Inspector Langslow had a narrow escape from losing his eyesight Saturday, while taking the temperature of a cow which was being subjected to the tuberculin test. The animal made a vicious lunge with its horns which tore a gash under one of the meat inspector's eyes.

J. M. Gidding & Co. announce their formal opening of Women's Outer Garments, also the first anniversary of the opening of their store.

Rev. Charles Fox Davis will speak this evening at Grace M. E. church on "How Can These Things Be?"

Alfred Peterson, who was arrested for grand larceny Saturday morning, waived preliminary examination in the municipal court this morning, and was bound over to the grand jury.

The funeral of Peter Thompson, the 11-year-old boy who was shot Saturday afternoon, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence of his parents on Jay street, Lakeside.

The new steamer Ball Brothers was en rolled here today. She belongs to the Globe Steamship company with G. A. Tomlinson as managing owner. The Ball Brothers was built by the American Steamship company at Lorraine, Ohio, and has just been turned out of the yards there. She is 480 feet long, 52 feet in brendth and 30 feet deep. Her gross tonnage amounts to 5,733 and her net tonnage is 4,438.

Judge Page Morris of the United States court will return home this evening from Fargo where he has been holding court. He has been away since March 5 and since that time has held court at Kansas City and Fargo. After spending a few days here he will hold court in Minneapolis.

PERSONALS

Rev. A. B. Calder of Proctor has been appointed pastor of the M. E. church at Mora, and on Thursday next he expects to move to Mora.

Maj. and Mrs. Charles L. Potter are in Minneapolis this week, to attend the grand opera.

W. S. McCurdy of St. Paul spent Sunday in the city, a guest at the home of his sister, Mrs. L. M. Dickerson, 701 West Second street.

Miss Eva Bell McCurdy, a student at the St. Mary college at Faribault, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. L. M. Dickerson, during her Easter vacation.

Arnold Fair left for Minneapolis today.

Edgar Munsen has gone to Seattle, Wash.

C. D. Emery left today for Chicago.

A. B. David leaves today for Milwaukee.

Mrs. J. L. Barnard and daughter Margaret are visiting for a few days with Mrs. T. H. Little of 18 Fourth avenue west.

Mrs. J. G. O'Heron of Tenth avenue east, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Margaret, left today for Albuquerque, N. M., where the latter goes in the hope of benefiting her health.

Emil E. E. Hetebrugge, who has been in the meat business for about fifteen years at Lester Park, left today for Horsens, Denmark, where he goes to take charge of an estate left by his father.

MUST RETURN THE ORDINANCE

Spain Is Entitled to That Left In Cuba.

Washington, March 27.—Spain has never been able to recover from Cuba the ordnance left there at the termination of the Spanish-American war, and Senor Ojeda called upon Secretary Taft today to learn the position of this government in the matter. Under the terms of peace it was held that Spain was entitled to all of the movable ordnance in Cuba and Porto Rico and in the latter case its claim has been recognized and the ornance transferred. But in the case of Cuba there appears to be some difficulty in securing the recognition by the Cuban government of the obligation entered into by the United States. Secretary Taft caused a cablegram to be sent to Minister Squieres in Havana instructing him to notify the Cuban authorities that the ordnance in question remains the property of Spain; that it was never possessed by the United States and should be returned to Spain.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Five Carloads of Flour Dumped In Lake at St. Ignace.

St. Ignace—Six cars loaded with flour shipped from Minneapolis got away from the switching crew at the ferry slip at St. Ignace and five of them went over the end of the pier into the lake. The next car went partly over, broke in two and hung in that position. All the cars were badly smashed and all that can be seen of them is the roofs. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars, as of course, the flour is ruined.

A padded cell has been constructed in the basement of the courthouse at St. Ignace. The room is about 6 by 10 feet in size. It contains no furniture, except a lounge built into the wall, and this and the floor and walls are padedd so that a person confined therein cannot injure himself seriously. Mattress padding, each mattress the size of the wall, is used. The padding is covered with heavy sail cloth painted white.

Masonville—Lawrence Denney, 24 years of age, died at his parents' home at Masonville under circumstances regarded as highly suspicious. He took two drinks of whisky, and an hour later became violently ill. A Rapid River doctor was summoned, but before he arrived the young man had breathed his last. He suffered terrible agony. The case caused much excitement at both Masonville and Rapid River.

Sault Ste. Marie—At a fire drill test at the Park school, the Soo, called without warning, 400 pupils were gotten out of the structure in ninety seconds. A large number of the children had their wraps with them when they left the building. The fire drills are kept up in the Soo schools without interruption, so as to have the pupils prepared for any possible emergency.

Vulcan—Corin's dance hall and the adjoining saloon building were destroyed by fire at Vulcan. A masquerade dance was being held in the hall at the time, and the fire was caused by a defective chimney. The loss is said to have been in the neighborhood of $3,000.

Escanaba—Plans are being formulated to organize a strong ball team to represent Escanaba on upper peninsula diamonds. An effort will be made to get into the Upper Peninsula league. Escanaba intends to make an effort to qualify for the fastest of fast company in this region.

Menominee—Madame Ubert, the woman accused at Menominee of being the person that sent the "Black Hand" letter to Mrs. A. C. Wells, has been released, there not being sufficient evidence to warrant holding her. An effort was made to interest the federal government in the case, but it failed.

MRS. PORTER DIES.

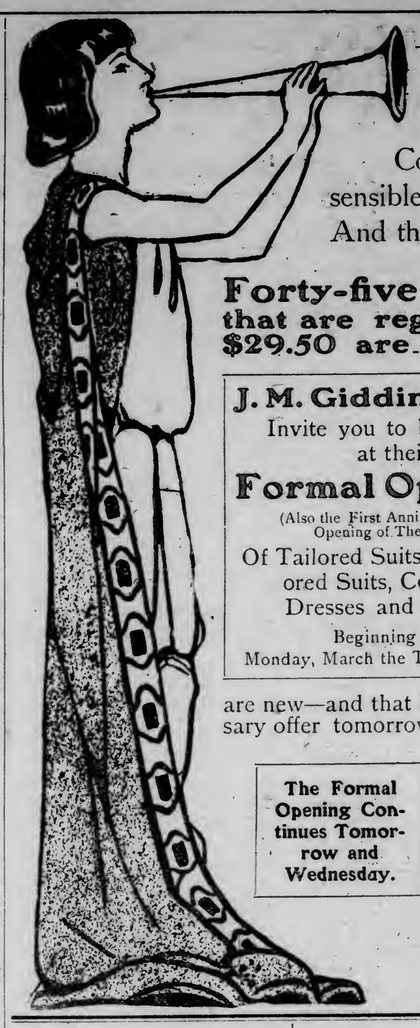
Well-Known Duluth Woman Succumbs to Pneumonia.

Mrs. Amanda Porter of 1006 East Superior street, died this morning of pneumonia, at the age of 69 years.

Mrs. Porter was the mother of A. F. and Frank Porter of the Porter Music company, and H. H. Porter of the Red Cliff Lumber company. Three other sons, Grant of Pittsburg, George of Havana, Cuba, and Charles of Valdez, Alaska, and four daughters, Mrs. Charles O'Donnell of Indianapolis, Mrs. Frank Heath of Oconta, Mrs. Rev. George Lamb of Pittsburg and Mrs. William H. Orendorf of Canton, Ill., also survive her.

The body will be shipped to Oconto for burial.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. J. M. GIDDING & CO.



One Year Old Today!

Come and help us celebrate! We're doing it in the most sensible way we know of—*by giving our trade unusual values.* And they're appreciating it, as was shown by our trade of today.

Forty-five Finely Tailored Suits, that are regularly $35.00, $32.50 and $29.50 are---------- $25.00

They're all from our regular lines—all natty and exclusive, in every stylish cloth and this season's newest models—blouse effects, Eton blouse effects, and coat effects are included, all jackets are taffeta lined—the workmanship, tailoring and fit as perfect as you'll find—all made with the new sleeves and skirts—the cloths include novelty mohairs, plain mohairs, novelty worsteds and plain worsteds, English and Scotch mixtures, Shepherd checks in a variety of patterns, and fine serges, in black, navy and brown—lined with a tiny Shepherd check silk. Suits that are as handsome as they are new—and that have sold for $27.50, $29.50 and $35.00—as a special Anniversary offer tomorrow---------- $25.00

J. M. Gidding & Co.
Invite you to be present at their
Formal Opening
(Also the First Anniversary of the Opening of Their Store)
Of Tailored Suits, Demi-Tailored Suits, Costumes, Dresses and Wraps,
Beginning with
Monday, March the Twenty-seventh.

The Formal Opening Continues Tomorrow and Wednesday.

This is but one of the Specials for the Anniversary Week—watch the daily papers for the others.

The Anniversary Sale Continues Throughout the Week.

J M Gidding & Co
SUPERIOR ST. & FIRST AVE. WEST
WOMENS OUTFITTERS
Superior Street and First Avenue West.

BOMB IN THE WOMAN'S GUILD

Grave Charges Against the New York Employment Agency.

New York, March 27.—The distinguished patrons and patronesses of the Women's Domestic guild, an employment agency which counts among its sponsors many of New York's best society women, received a severe shock on learning that charges of a grave nature had been preferred in affidavits against the guild and laid before Superintendent of Licenses Keating. He will give a hearing on the matter on Wednesday.

The headquarters of the guild at 132 Madison avenue is controlled by Mrs. Joseph Healy. The charges were brought by Miss Annie Simms, who, up to Feb. 28, was registration and complaint clerk.

Miss Simms' charges, if true, would place the fashionable guild on a par with the iniquitous "employment bureau" which the district attorney and the police have been striving to wipe out. After stating how the bureau violates the law, Miss Simms' affidavit reads:

"Many applicants threaten to go to the commissioner with their complains, but fail to do so because they have not the necessary car fare. Frequently applicants for employment are allowed to sit about the agency for weeks at a time, but in every case when they demand a refund of their fee, although the agency has done nothing for them in the meantime, Mrs. Healy declines to refund more than 50 cents. She adopts an abusive and insolent manner toward the applicants."

Another complainant, Catherine Louise Glynn, says: "It was on Oct. 20 last I called at the guild to get a position as cook. I was sent to Bellmore, L. I., to do the cooking in the home of a wealthy New York lawyer. I thought it a nice place until one afternoon when a dear friend of the lawyer and another woman walked in, dressed in pink tights and smoking cigarettes. The woman in tights said she had a lot of trouble keeping a cook and she hoped I would stay. She said other girls had come from the guild.

"I replied that I did not think I would stay long, but I did stay three nights, because the lawyer was good to me in paying my fare and doing other little favors."

Mrs. Healy, who is a woman of much charm and prominent socially, declares the charges are false and that if the parties bringing the action were responsible she would sue them for slander.

FIREMEN ET AL ACCEPT LAST YEAR'S WAGE SCALE

Cleveland, March 27.—An agreement was reached today at the wage conference between the Lake Carriers and the Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders union whereby the men will receive last year's wages. The employes at first asked for an increase of 20 per cent which the vessel owners refused and the men finally decided to accept last year's scale.

SITUATION IN MOROCCO IS GROWING SERIOUS.

Paris, March 27.—The situation in Morocco causes serious apprehensions in official quarters and it is understood that the French minister at Fez has been requested to bring to a speedy conclusion the negotiations whereby he seeks to secure the sultan's approval of France's policy in administering the country. In the meantime Emperor William's proposed visit to Morocco promises to cause the sultan to delay arriving at a decision and to encourage a demonstration against the French policy. There is a belief in high quarters that the German emperor's visit is coincident with Germany's asserting strong claims relative to Morocco.

DEBATE RENEWED.

Frenchmen Consider Separation of Church and State.

Paris, March 27.—The debate on the bill providing for the separation of church and state was renewed in the chamber of deputies today. Count Boni De Castellane (Republican), who was among the speakers, maintained that the measure did not mean the separation of church and state, but the extinction of the church by the state. A manifesto issued by the duke of Orleans is attracting much attention. It says a restoration of the monarchy is necessary to restore an orderly administration of the country and to ensure religious liberty.

MUGUET ROULA WINS.

Paris, March 27.—William K. Vanderbilt's Muguet Roula with Ransch up won the Prix Du Paris today at the St. Cloud races.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Arvid Romans of Minneapolis and Rose Mertins.
F. M. Schalble and Lulu Langbrin of Shelly county, Tenn.
John Gustafson and Jenny Karlsow.
Charles Johnson and Annie Johnson.
John B. Thompson and Amelia Engdahl.

BIRTHS.

TAUFMAN—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gustav Taufman of 507 East Eighth street, March 23.
ASBERG—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. K. Asberg of 230 East Seventh street, March 24.

DEATHS.

SATKA—Frank Satka, aged 77 years, died March 24 at 608 East Eleventh street of Bright's disease.
SEIBOLD—Mary Christina Seibold, aged 63 years, died March 23 at 215 East Superior street.
PERLEY—C. A. Perley, aged 52 years, died March 22 at the county poor farm of tuberculosis.

BUILDING PERMITS.

Andrew Anderson, addition to building on Eighth street, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues east, to cost....	$300
H. S. Sawyer, repairs to building on Main street, between Fiftieth and Fifty-first avenues west, to cost	500
Robert Shearer, frame dwelling on Minnesota avenue, between Pine and Spruce streets, to cost.....	300
G. R. Lindberg, stone foundation under building on Fourth avenue west, between Fifth and Sixth streets, to cost	185

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

QUALITY IS IMPORTANT. IT IS VERY important in a sewing machine. Quality means good work. The White has built up a reputation that is world wide. Store, 106 W. Superior St. Both phones.

Seeds for Sale—It is time. See about your seeds. New seeds, chick food, brooders and inbucabetrs. Scarlett, 125 W. 1st St.

write Poole & Williams, 214 East
OWING TO A
CHANGE IN BUSINESS
We offer for sale our complete sabinet outfit at a reasonable price.
Call or write
POOLE & WILLIAMS,
214 East Superior Street.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER would like position; has had three years' experience. Can also keep set of books. The best of reference furnished. Address I. M., Herald.

WANTED—A NIGHT JANITOR. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale building.

WANTED — POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience; first-class reference furnished. Address J. 98, Herald.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE ELEMENT OF RESULTS

Of chance is entirely eliminated from the advertising which appears in The Evening Herald. The character and quality of its circulation insure the certainty

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE.

$2500 8-room house, city water, lot 25x140 feet. 714 East Fourth street.

$1000 each for 5-room houses —city water, lots 25x120 feet—easy payments. 930 and 932 Garfield avenue.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Building.

$175 A nice level lot, 25x160, West end.

$1800 A 7-room house, well built, water, sewer, cellar, woodshed and chicken house on West Third street.

$2000 7-room house West First street —water, sewer, electric lights. Easy terms.

$2500 A double house of five rooms each and a six-room house adjoining, on Minnesota avenue, Park Point. Annual rental $400. A gilt edge investment.

We also build a limited number of houses to suit purchasers and sell them on monthly payments.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
REAL ESTATE—MORTGAGE LOANS. INSURANCE.
220 West Superior Street.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—POSITION BY GOOD, ALL around man, soliciting, collecting or inside work. Seventeen years' residence; best references furnished. C 9, Herald.

A YOUNG BOY WOULD LIKE POSITION of any kind. 64, Herald.

SMALL SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP, evenings. Inquire J, care of Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG man experienced as traveling salesman. Reliable, sober and a hustler, with best of references. Address Z 61, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED — BY YOUNG WOMAN office work, or position as copyist. Can furnish references. C 14, Herald.

YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE POSITION in dressmaking parlor; can give best of references. Miss G., care of Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPETENT and experienced stenographer. Address Miss C., care Herald.

YOUNG LADY, HAVING SOME SPARE time during the day, wants position where she could work for room and board. Address C 100, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY GRADUATE of high school and Duluth Business University wants position as stenographer for mercantile house. Best references. Address Miss R., care of Herald.

MEDICAL.

MARRIED OR ANY ONE— GONOVA IS A French mode of treatment for male and female, for the positive, sure and prompt cure of gonorrhea, gleet, unnatural discharges, inflammation, irritations and ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, warranted to cure worst cases in one week. $3 per package or 2 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you the medicine at your residence, prepaid, in plain wrapper. Don't fool with cheaper or other remedies. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

WOMEN ONLY — DR. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought relief to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2.00 by mail. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila, Pa.

PERSONAL.

YOUR DENTAL WORK AT ONE-HALF price this month. See Lee & Turley, 114 West Superior street, over Folz. Book of valuable information on care of the teeth sent to any address upon request.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause, $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD WITH private family, somewhere between Twenty-seventh and Thirty-sixth avenues west; conveniences. Y 97, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD—211 W. Second St.

ROOMS AND BOARD, TABLE BOARD All conveniences. Good service. Mrs. C. Roy, 124 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. 202 West Third street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Suffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old phone.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

AND DECORATING. LOWEST PRICES, best work. M. L. Beck & Co., 423 East Fourth street. Old 'phone 719-K.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

MERRITT & HECTOR, 32 W. First St.

LYLE, SECOND AVENUE WEST.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSE BAND AND ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

DERMATOLOGIST.

L. M. HOYT, 7 OVER BIG DULUTH. Shampoo and scalp treatment. New 'phone 1702-D.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

MEAT MARKETS—

	Old 'phone.	New 'phone.
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189

LAUNDRIES—

Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447

DRUGGISTS—

Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7

MUSIC AND INSTRUMENTS—

Ingvald Westgaard	521-K	464

COAL AND FUEL—

Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	485

FUNERAL DESIGNS—

Victor Huot	633-R	1370

FLORISTS—

Seekins & LeBorious	1356	1626

BAKERIES—

The Bon Ton		1166

SEWING MACHINES—

Singer Sewing Mach. Co.	1141	973
White Sewing Mach. Co.	33-K	515

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—

Mutual Electric Co.	496	496

RUBBER STAMP WORKS—

Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co.	702-K	755

FRENCH CLEANING—

La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191

PLUMBING AND HEATING—

McGurrin Plumbing & Heating Co.		816

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Modern houses for sale in all parts of city Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST end, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for the season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans, fire insurance.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AND lot. 518 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—LARGE MODERN residence, centrally located, steam heat and all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

$1,100 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, centrally located, above Fifth street. $1,600 for 6-room house, with water and sewer and bath; Fifth street; central. $12.00 per month for 4-room flat, Twelfth avenue west and Michigan street. Cheap lands near the city. J. N. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1901 price until the 15th. Look this up quick. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at $100 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1½ to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

CRUSHED OATS.
CRUSHED OATS.
Is the best feed for your horse. It gives him more strength than other feeds. Maginnis Grain & Feed Company, foot of Third avenue east. New phone 600; old phone 1154-M.

FOR SALE — TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD fine draft horses, also logging outfit, or will trade for city lots, pine lands or good outside property. Dr. R. B. Whiteside, 216 West Superior street, over Duluth Savings Bank.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 50 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

A CARLOAD OF REALLY GOOD fresh milch cows for sale. D. S. McKay & Co.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh. Zenith 1387.

FOR SALE—E. CARLSON ARRIVED with carload of fresh milch cows. Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

MASONRY.

CONCRETE WORK, ETC. 24 WEST First street. Anton Neubeck.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue west.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 306 Providence building.

DON'T RENEW YOUR FIRE INSURance without first calling on W. M. Prindle & Co., room 3, Lonsdale building.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS. MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

CENTRAL HALL, 12TH AVE. W.

FOR RENT—PARTIES AND DANCES; reasonable rates; orchestra in connection. Receptions Wed. and Sat. 1204 W. Michigan St. Zenith 'phone 1665-X.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 114 S. 14th Ave. E.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS PEACHEY, 307 First National bank.

MISS N. ORTON, 102 Manhattan Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

Oak Pianos—good tone and action—a new piano for $150. $10 cash and $5 a month.

Used Piano in fine condition, $110. Terms $10 cash and $5 a month.

INCUBATORS AND BROODers at factory prices. Poultry supplies. Chick food. Eggs for hatching from very best show birds in Partridge and Golden Wyandottes. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.'S
Special prices for Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

Cleaning watch	50c
Main spring	50c
Hair spring	50c
Jewel	50c
Crystal	10c
Hands	10c
Soldering jewelry	15c
Set stone	15c
Pins for brooches	5c

All work guaranteed. We buy old gold and silver.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.,
324 West Superior St.

FOR SALE — A $30 CASH REGISTER for $25, at drug store, 228 Central avenue, West Duluth.

PIANO FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A brand new Kimball piano never used. Address "Kimball Piano," care of Evening Herald, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—A NEW SMITH-PREMIER typewriter at a bargain. C. 8, Herald.

FOR SALE—ONE FRANK'S ATLAS OF Duluth. Address P. O. Box 227.

FOR SALE — GAS RANGE WITH water frone, first-class condition; also small heater. C 5, Herald.

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY stock and fixtures. Can buy or rent building. C. 2 Herald.

$35.00 BUYS SIX-OCTAVE PACKARD, second-hand; $5 cash and $2.50 monthly instalments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street (upstairs).

MAKE ME AN OFER FOR A NEW first-class 22-foot torpedo gasoline launch. Particulars call Zenith 'phone 1378.

$30 BUYS STORY & CLARKE SECOND-hand organ. Payments $5 cash and $2.50 monthly instalments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street (upstairs).

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH, TWO-story frame building, occupied by grocery in business center of prosperous mining town; reason for selling, owner going to Europe. Address Box 218, Biwabik, Minn.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP — FIRST class soda fountain. Inquire Eischen Bros., 129 West Superior street.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver. Highest market prices. M. Henrickson Jewelry company, 334 West Superior street.

MEN'S SEWED SOLES, 85c; NAILED, 50c; ruber heels, 40c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

WYANDOTTE BRAND CHICK FEED, made by Pike & Co., Minneapolis. Balanced ration, chick grower and lifesaver. Raising every chick. Ask your dealer for Wyandotte Brand Poultry and Stock suplies.

$47.00 BUYS ONE FANCY OAK CASE, almost new, Kimball organ; $5 cash, $3 monthly payments, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street (upstairs).

THE OLIVER STANDARD VISIBLE typewriter. Edmont, 410 W. Superior St.

FOR SALE—T RAIL AND DYNAMOS and second-hand sacks. Northwestern Iron and Metal company.

TRY THACHER'S GROCERY NEXT time you order groceries. 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone 747-X.

HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS ON Park Point, or central; no commission. 508 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—SINGER SEWING MAchine. Best of running order. Very cheap, if taken at once. 725 East Second street.

$175.00 BUYS NEW UPRIGHT PIANO; $10.00 cash and $6.00 per month, 6 per cent. Howard, Farwell & Co., reliable piano dealers, 29 West Superior street, (upstairs.)

LEADING MUSIC STORE.

MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description, Edison phonographs and records, talking instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED TO TRADE FARM LANDS near Superior for team draft horses, also team drivers. Ernest A. Arnold, Superior, Wis.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts, removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Blk., 4th Ave. W.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both 'phones.

ARCHITECTS.

F. L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Palladio Bldg.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FURNISHED front room; private family; every modern convenience; centrally located. 202 East Third street.

FOUR ROOMS FOR RENT—1025 WEST First street, city water. John Flood.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board if desired. 521 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, best of repair; bath and use of 'phone. 2320 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 1016 West Fourth street, $7. Inquire 910 West Fourth street.

ROOMS AND BOARD WITH PRIVATE family. Call 326 West Third street.

ROOM FOR TWO WITH BATH CONnections and board. C 10, Herald.

CLEAN ROOMS, $2 PER WEEK. 208 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED SUITE OF front rooms, suitable for three persons; modern conveniences, $24 per month. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Second street.

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT. CALL AT 226 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED house, fine location. Address U 3, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping, electric light and bath. 420 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—ONE BIG ROOM WITH kitchen utensils and two furnished rooms. C 13, Herald.

MODERN ROOM, BATH. 505 EAST Second street.

ROOMS, WELL FURNISHED. 413½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms at 511 East Third street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, STOVE HEAT. $30.00 month. 1412 Jefferson street. Both 'phones 597.

MODERN SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE. 629 East Fifth street. $32 a month.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE; eight-room, modern conveniences. Owner wishes to reserve room and board with tenant. 430 Manhattan building.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY — G. H. Crosby, 306 Providence building, 'phone 24.

FOR RENT — THREE-STALL BARN and carriagehouse. 117 West Fourth street. Inquire Big Duluth.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT, WEST end. Water, bath, toilet, sewer. Nice place. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

SMALL FLAT FOR RENT—FURNISHed or unfurnished. Water, gas and heat. 316 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FLAT, THREE ROOMS; water, gas and electric light. 320 Lake avenue north.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT, ALL modern conveniences. 316 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO NEW FLATS, 1112 East Fifth street; all modern conveniences. Inquire 1118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO 4-ROOM FLATS, city water and sewer, $11 and $12.50 per month. E. D. Feild Co.

FOR RENT—ONE FOUR-ROOM FLAT and one five-room flat; water and sewer, gas and electric light. 1325 London road.

FIVE-ROOM FLAT, MODERN EXCEPT heat; good location; reasonable rent. Y 71, Herald.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE, Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENtral; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STEAM-HEATED APARTments, No. 31 East Superior street. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

FOR RENT—SMALL, FIVE-ROOM FLAT with water, at No. 319 Sixth avenue west, $15 per month. William E. Richardson, assignee, Exchange building.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—STRAY DOG ON FRIDAY 24TH at Sixty-ninth avenue and Polk street, owner can receive the same for description at C. Kelsten, West Duluth.

LOST—BLACK ROSARY, BETWEEN cathedral and Lake avenue on Fourth street, Sunday night last. Will finder please return to this office.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, 3 miles north of Lester Park. 80 acres, or in smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitbale buildings and running water. Inquire 318 Torrey building.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

FINE LINE OF GENTS' SHOES AT 50 cents on the dollar. Repairing while you wait. Half soles, 50 cents. 229 East Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building,
'Phones—New, 883; old, 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

WANTED!
WANTED!
Every salaried person in Duluth and Superior to call and get our terms on salary loans without security.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
301 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY—IF YOU HAVE FROM $250 TO $100,000, loan it on improved Duluth property. I guarantee 6 to 7 per cent interest net on loans running one to four years. Correspondence a pleasure. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8-9 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 1080-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 50 principal cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have a two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

PAINTING DONE.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—PLACE TO STORE ONE load furniture for summer. State terms. X Herald office.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, strictly modern furnished house or flat. U 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY APRIL 5TH, THREE OR four room flat in central location. W 2, Herald.

WANTED — A NICE ROOM WITH OR without board by single gentleman, with references. C 12, Herald.

EVERYTHING IN MAGAZINES.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, 417 Burrows building. Telephone 987-L.

COD LIVER OIL.

C. J. TUFTE'S 1904 IMPORT. ALFRED Swedberg, 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STEAM-HEATED STORE ROOM AND basement in brick block. First avenue east, near Superior street. Low rent.

MILTON BLOCK—STORE ROOM NO. 130 West Michigan street, three floors, steam heat if desired.

LOTS 50x90 FEET, STEAM HEATED, electric elevators, front and rear; good light; railroad spur at rear; suitable for wholesale, jobbing or light manufacturing.
CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

FOR RENT—RESTAURANT, FURNISHed complete, good proposition. 3608 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, fine brick block; rent cheap. Apply Sherwood, 615 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — BUTCHER SHOP WITH fixtures complete. 508 West First street. Inquire Crystal restaurant.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium, 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION, KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED!
Experienced seamstresses for our alteration department. Steady positions to competent people. Apply at once to superintendent.
SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

WANTED—GOOD, STRONG GIRL FOR general housework. 1214 Chester terrace.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East First. 6 St. Elmo flats.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED — FOR GENERAL housework, family of three, work easy. Call 831 East Third street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED AT 324 WEST Third street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL OR GIRL for general housework. 226 East Third street.

WANTED—LADY OR GENTLEMAN OF fair education to travel for a firm of $250,000 capital. Salary $1,052 per year and expenses; paid weekly. Address with stamp, Joseph A. Alexander, Duluth, Minn.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AND GIRL for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

COMPETENT NURSE WANTED AT once at 1425 East Superior street.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light work. Call at 223 East Sixth street at once.

WANTED A GIRL TO CARE FOR small child. 632 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1126 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at Baldwin Flats, Flat No. 3.

WANTED—MAID AT 424 NINTH AVEnue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 405 Mesaba avenue.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

PALMIST.

Madame De Vernen,
PALMIST AND MEDIUM.

Have your future told by Madame De Vernen, Palmist. Your past, present and future told, business and family matters explained; also advice given in love affairs. Call and see plaster casts of the Princess of Wales and also of President and Mrs. McKinley, whose hands she has read. Private readings can be had at your residence by notifying the medium at North Star Hotel, 509½ West Michigan street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WANTED — FOR U. S. ARMY — ABLEbodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temeprate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, Torrey building, Duluth, Minn.

Tailor—to prepare for position as Inspector of Clothing—entrance salary $80 a month. Also young man to prepare for position of departmental clerk and bookkeeper. Entrance salary bookkeeper, $60, and clerk, $600 a year. Exams in April and May. Write or see at once, Jno. A. Morgan, 406 Providence building, Duluth.

WANTED—PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. Inquire at Merchants Hotel, 6 to 8 this evening. Work all summer.

WANTED—BELL BOY AT SPALDING Hotel.

WANTED—ONE COAT MAKER AND one trouser maker. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

WANTED—AN UNMARRIED MAN AS bookkeeper, salary $65. Position permanent and growing. Address "W. S. B.," care Evining Herald, giving age, references and where last employed.

BARBER WANTED, 215 WEST SUPERIor street; salary $15 per week.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, 221 2nd Ave. C., Minneapolis.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED — TWO GOOD COATMAKers; steady work. Miles, Wolvin building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—ARIZONA COPPER Mountain and Parry Sound. A 47, Herald.

I HAVE AN EASTERN CLIENT WHO wishes to buy from 1,000 to 5,000 acres within twelve miles of Duluth. I wish prices on small and large tracts of cut-over and timbered lands. W. F. Leggett, 507 Burrows building.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood. New 'phone 1703.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING, EMbroidery of all kinds; terms reasonable. 503 Second avenue east.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 7th Ave. E. Old phone 805; Zenith 1225.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTIcal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, April 3, 1905. Work—Second degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 27, 1905. Work—Second Degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 22, 1905. Work—M. M. degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave March 28, 7:30 p. m., at new Masonic Temple. Drill, followed by refreshments. C. W. Wilson, commander; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.
Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 30, 1905. Work—Eighteenth degree. New Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.
DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2617 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 318 West Superior street. Next meeting March 30. Beneficient degree. F. A. Noble, G. S.; W. P. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gall, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Sheperdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second. March 28. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
GRANT LODGE, K. of P., No. 3 (colored), meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. J. Taylor, C. C.; W. S. Mosceby, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.
COURT COMMERCE, NO. 9283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 7, 1905. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 5. Dance in hall, Wednesday, March 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.
ZENITH COUNCIL—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Heffernan, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month, Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen.; Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east; H. V. Holmes, paymaster and treasurer, 421 Fifteenth avenue east.

TELL IT TO PHONE 324—
A by-word in Duluth that comes up whenever and wherever there's a
"WANT!"

DEFECTIVE PAGE

12 Pages.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 Pages.

TWENTY-SECOND YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1905. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

THE HORTON BILL AND THE GOVERNOR'S VETO COME BEFORE SENATE

Several Amendments To Private Land Bill Adopted By Senate.

Laybourn Grand Jury Bill Not Favored By House Committee.

FROM THE HERALD ST PAUL. BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Horton bill, with the governor's veto and the message reported elsewhere, came into the senate this morning, and on motion of the author, Senator Horton of St. Paul, were laid on the table without discussion. This leaves the situation in statu quo until the friends of the measure canvass the field and determine whether or not they want to try to pass the bill over the veto.

* * *

The sessions of both houses this morning were depressingly featureless. In the senate the banking committee's private bank bill was tinkered with some more, and the amendments have improved it in the eyes of those favoring a stricter control of private banks. The amendment adopted yesterday, requiring private banks to publish their reports just as other banks do, is an improvement. Senator Putnam this morning secured the adoption of an amendment requiring private banks to use the word "private" in their titles. Another amendment, by Senator Shutz, provided that not more than half the capital of a private bank can be represented by real estate. The bill will be reprinted as amended before action is taken upon it.

* * *

The senate passed Senator Lord's bill, requiring a notice of redemption from all tax sales, and the house passed the Murray bill requiring the state to give notice of the expiration of the period of redemption on unredeemed land bid in by state for taxes, just as individuals are required to do now. The Murray bill also makes the governor sign the tax titles instead of the auditor.

* * *

The senate passed the Wilson bill prohibiting corporations organized under the laws of this state from holding stockholders' meetings for the election of directors outside of the state.

* * *

The house, in committee of the whole, had a little wrangle over the Roberts bill, prohibiting the passing of cards, dodgers or other advertising matter anywhere on election day. Some opposition developed, several members regarding it as an infringement of their inalienable right to throw advertising cards about if they wanted to, and the bill was laid over without action, after an amendment had been added cutting out the provision moving the dead line within which electioneering is prohibited from 100 to 300 feet from polls.

* * *

The house, in committee of the whole, killed Sam Peterson's bill raising the pay of county commissioners working under the general law from $3 to $5 per day and increasing the maximum number of days on which they can draw pay from forty to sixty.

* * *

The house judiciary's sub-committee appointed to consider the Laybourn grand jury bill, has recommended its death, and the committee will give Laybourn a chance to talk before acting upon the measure.

* * *

Five different primary election bills are a special order for this afternoon. A majority of the house favors some sort of a change in the manner of nominating state officers, but the precise method that that will be adopted—if any—is in doubt.

* * *

J. H. Dorsey had his bill prohibiting corporations from making political contributions referred to the attorney general for an opinion as to its constitutionality, though M. D. Flower said this action was a reflection on the judiciary committee, which had given an opinion that the bill was bad.

* * *

The bill to make the chief fire warden's salary $1,500 instead of $1,200 failed of passage, the vote being 50 to 38.

* * *

Gen. Flower's bill requiring public accountants to pass examinations and take out license was killed, 37 to 38.

* * *

Wallace's bill for public hay yards at terminal points was passed without opposition.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

THE MILEAGE BOOK TRANSFER BILL DEAD

Defeated In House After Having Passed the Senate Unanimously.

FROM THE HERALD ST. PAUL BUREAU.

St. Paul, March 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house yesterday afternoon killed the bill by Senator Stone of Benson providing that mileage books issued hereafter in this state should be good in the hands of anybody, instead of their value being confined to the party to whom they were issued. That is all the bill provided, and it said nothing about the rate at which the books should be sold nor the number of miles in each book. The bill passed the senate without a dissenting vote, and its defeat in the house yesterday was overwhelming.

B. S. Bennett of Fosston told a little yarn that explained pretty well what the house thought of the bill. "The author of this measure is a friend of mine," said he, "and I do not want to say anything against him. But this bill reminds me of a story.

"A man that had been elected to make laws for his state, along with other citizens once went to his lawyer and said:

"'I want you to draw me up a dog law.'

"'What kind of a dog-law do you want?' responded the attorney.

"'Well, I want a good broad dog law, one that will please my constituents. But I don't want one that will interfere with the rights of the dogs.'

"I don't think this bill will bother the rights of the railroads much," concluded Mr. Bennett.

O. E. Hogue of Benson secured the adoption of an amendment to the bill, making mileage books good until used

(Continued on page 2, fifth column.)

ARMED MEN AND DOGS ON TRAIL OF CONVICTS

Determined Efforts of Texans To Capture Escaped Negroes.

Houston, Texas, March 28.—All of yesterday and last night armed men with trained bloodhounds have been searching the county between the House plantation at Arcola, and Houston, for the twenty-eight negro convicts who made their escape Sunday night. So far three of them have been caught, and there are now eleven of the bunch somewhere in or about Houston. Every road leading into the city has been guarded closely. A farmer picked up one of them who was concealed in the bushes. A justice of the peace got two more off a freight train, and the captured men reported that there were eleven others on the train when it rached the junction, where it switched into the Houston belt line. Reports from the bottoms indicate that none of the convicts went that way, as the dogs have failed to strike a trail, but one posse with good hounds started a few of the convicts toward Richmond, and it is believed these have been caught. The chase by the guards from the penitentiary has been a persistent one, but there is so much water in the small streams that the bloodhounds have often been at fault and have done little real good. None of the convicts have shown fight. There have been much alarm among the people living in the country through which the fugitives would have to pass to reach Houston, or to get away, and the men have laid close to their homes, with their dogs and guns, to protect the women and children.

NEW YACHT FOR KING EDWARD.

London, March 28.—The contract for the building of King Edward's new yacht has been secured by Inglis, the Glasgow yacht builder, who has constructed a number of yachts for American millionaires. The royal yacht will be of 2,000 tons and will be fitted with turbine engines.

RUSSIA ASKS FRENCH MINISTER TO COMMENCE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS

Delcasse Willing To Do So, But Wants Lansdowne's Co-operation.

Japanese Army In Manchuria Begins Moving Forward Again.

Impression Gains Ground That Vladivostok Is Its Objective.

London, March 28, 5:45 p. m.—A telegram from an European capital, received in London this afternoon, says: "I have just learned on reliable authority that Russia has asked Delcasse to act as intermediary and open peace negotiations with Japan. Delcasse has signified his willingness, but considers that Lansdowne's co-operation is essential to success."

Gunshu Pass, Manchuria, March 28.—The Japanese are again moving forward and the Russian rear guard has fallen back from its position about thirteen miles north of Sipinghai (seventy-four miles north of Tie pass) to Chaoun.iaodzi, which is situated forty miles below Gunshu pass.

Practically complete reports show that the Russian army sacrificed general commissariat stores to the amount of $1,250,000, and stores for an army corps amounting to $500,000, held at Mukden, most of it being set on fire, the boots and uniforms among the stores, of which the whole army was in need, arriving from Europe four days before the Russian retirement from Mukden. Gen. Kuropatkin ordered the removal of the stores, but his order was not executed. An investigation will be made to establish the responsibility.

TO VLADIVOSTOK.

The Japanese Will Now Turn Their Attention.

St. Petersburg, March 28.—The impression prevalent in some military circles that the Japanese, having removed the possibility of the main army in Manchuria assuming the initiative, will now turn their attention to the next objective of the war—Vladivostok—is strengthened by the Associated Press dispatch from Gunshu pass, announcing the departure of the Japanese from the immediate front of the Russian army for a distance of thirty-five miles south.

It is realized, of course, that this may be merely a blind to cover flanking operations, but it is not improbable that the Japanese, having cleared Southern Manchuria of Russian troops and secured a position from which their expulsion would be a long and difficult process, may be satisfied to hold the Tie pass line without further extension of communications.

CLEARING BATTLEFIELD.

Japs Are Hard at Work Near Mukden.

With the Japanese Left Armies in the Field, March 28, 11 a. m.—(Via Fusan.)—The Japanese army near Mukden is clearing the battlefield, sorting the enormous quantities of stores and materials captured and attending to the prisoners.

Engineers are rapidly repairing the railroad bridge across the Hun river, which was badly damaged by the Russians. Trains are now running to the Hun river. They will reach Mukden in a few days. The weather is very warm and the ground is thawing rapidly, making the movement of guns and transport wagons very difficult.

TO ACCEPT OR REJECT

Rockefeller's Money To Be Decided By Committee.

Boston, March 28.—The question of accepting or rejecting John D. Rockefeller's gift of $100,000 to the American board of commissioners for foreign missions was the principal business scheduled to come before the meeting of the prudential committee today.

The widespread discussion which followed the formal action taken by Congregational clergymen in various parts of New England last week, in protesting against the acceptance of the gift, because of objections to the alleged business methods of the Standard Oil company created great interest in today's meeting.

Dr. James L. Barton, foreign secretary of the American board, said today that already $41,500 of the gift was in the treasury, and the question to be decided at today's meeting was therefore whether this amount should be returned or whether it should be retained and the balance accepted.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC IS IMPROVING ROAD BED.

San Francisco, March 28.—The Southern Pacific company is engaged on a number of important improvements of its road bed, the most extensive of which is the revision of the line through the state of Nevada.

Between the east and west boundaries of Nevada much of the road is being rebuilt. Excluding the Salt Lake cut-off, there will be 219 miles of new road constructed, saving more than seven miles in distance and reducing the maximum grade generally from 1 to 0.4 per cent.

PHILIPPINE CENSUS COMPLETE.

Manila, March 28.—Governor General Wright today issued a proclamation announcing that the census of the Philippines had been completed and that in two years, provided peace prevails, an election would be called for a general assembly

AMOS SHEPARD VERY SERIOUSLY INJURED

Falls In Kitchi Gammi Club And Fractures His Skull.

Amos Shephard of Hibbing, superintendent of the Corrigan & McKinney mines, on the Mesaba range, suffered a fracture of the skull at the Kitchi Gammi club shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon, as a result of a fall in the lavatory. He was seized with a sudden fainting spell while preparing for luncheon, and, without a word, suddenly fell over backwards, striking his head violently on the stone floor. He was picked up unconscious by companions and was shortly afterwards taken to St. Mary's hospital.

Dr. Magie, who is attending him, says the injury is very serious, but at 2:30 o'clock could not state positively whether it would prove to be fatal. The operation of trephining the skull may be necessary.

Mr. Shephard, who is very well known in Duluth and on the ranges, arrived in the city yesterday on his way to Chicago. He was to have left for the Illinois city this evening on a business trip. In the company of C. C. Carpenter and E. H. Windom he went to the club this afternoon for luncheon, and the three entered the lavatory together.

"Mr. Shephard appeared to be in the best of health and spirits," said Mr. Carpenter. "The first intimation we had that anything was wrong was when he fell backwards, striking the back of his head against the floor. He did not utter a sound. He must have been seized with a fainting spell. As far as we know he has always enjoyed the best of health, and it is difficult to account for the spell."

Mr. Shephard was for many years a resident of Duluth, coming here from Tower upon his election as register of deeds of St. Louis county. He served for a number of years in that capacity and upon his retirement from office became associated with Corrigan, McKinney & Co., who are the largest independent producers of ore. His ability won rapid recognition and it was but a short time before he was placed in active charge of the operations of the company.

RUSSIA'S REPLY THAT WAS NOT DELIVERED

To the Japanese Before the War, Is Made Public For First Time.

Paris, March 28.—The Associated Press is in a position to complete the diplomatic history of the Russo-Japanese relations resulting in the war by giving to the world the exact text of Russia's final reply to Japan, dated Feb. 3, 1904, which has never before been published. Baron Rosen, former Russian minister to Japan, did not have an opportunity of presenting the note to Baron Komura, Japanese foreign minister, as it was not delivered to him until Feb. 7, the day after he had been informed of the rupture. Russia has always claimed that the Japanese government having decided to break off negotiations and begin hostilities, deliberately held up the message at Tokio until M. Kurino, former Japanese minister at St. Petersburg, could deliver the instructions sent him Feb. 5, to sever diplomatic relations. Japan on the contrary contended that the contents of the reply having been substantially communicated by Foreign Minister Lamsdorff to M. Kurino and being unacceptable on the main issue it was useless for Japan to wait any longer. The text of the proposition follows:

"1—A mutual engagement to respect the independence and territorial integrity of Korea.

"2—An engagement on the part of Russia not to impede the commercial or industrial undertakings of Japan in Korea nor oppose her measures for safeguarding such interests.

"3—Recognition by Russia of Japan's preponderating interests in Korea and her right to offer advice and assistance tending to the improvement of the administration of Korean territory for strategic purposes nor undertake on the coasts of Korea any military works which menace free navigatin of the Korean straits.

"5—Recognition by Russia of Japan's right to send troops to Korea in accordance with the preceding articles for the suppression of insurrections and disorders calculated to create international complications.

"6—An engagement by Russia to respect the rights and privileges acquired by Japan, as well as other powers in Manchuria through treaties with China, Japan to recognize Manchuria and the Littoral as beyond her sphere of interest.

"7—A mutual agreement not to impede the junction of the Korean and Eastern China railroads, when they have reached the Yalu river.

"8—That this agreement supplant all previous agreements between Russia and Japan respecting Korea.

"9—The desirability, if possible, of creating a neutral zone in Korea."

A careful comparison of the above and preceding exchanges, all of which herctofore have been printed, fully confirms the fact that Russia from the first to the last insisted that it was inconsistent with her dignity to include in a special treaty with Japan an obligation to respect the territorial integrity of China in Manchuria, reiterating in the instructions sent to Baron Rosen, which were accompanied by a note of explanation to Japan that Russia's position in Manchuria concerned, first, China, and then all the other powers having commercial interests there, and again pointing out the declarations already made by Russia to foreign cabinets of her intention, so long as the occupation of Manchuria continued, to recognize the sovereignty of China and the binding force of the treaties contracted by the powers with the Pekin government.

With the exception of a rearrangement and some slight verbal changes, the first five articles are identical with those of Russia's original reply of Oct. 3, 1903. Russia made three concessions in the final note, as folows:

"1—The withdrawal of the provision in the Russian note of Jan. 6, 1904, declining to recognize the settlement rights in Manchuria acquired under treaties with China, a point of which Japan laid great stress. These rights Russia claimed were acquired by Japan under cover of treaties negotiated by the United States.

"2—Recedence from insistence upon the proposition for a neutral zone in Northern Korea, but again putting forward its desirability.

"3—Acceptance of the stipulation in article 3 of Japan's original propositions regarding the juncture of the Korean and Manchurian railroads."

Russia refused:

"1—To include in the treaty an obligation to respect the territorial integrity of Manchuria.

"2—To withdraw the inhibition against using Korean territory for strategic purposes."

The note, it is claimed, proves conclusively that Russia hoped to prolong the negotiations.

AMERICAN ATTACKS RESULT OF IGNORANCE, SAYS CASTRO

New York, March 28.—President Castro has reiterated, according to a Herald dispatch from Caracas, his statements that there is no ground for complaint against Venezuela, and no reason for intervention. He declares that attacks by the American press against his country and government indicate complete ignorance of the facts concerning the debts of Venezuela and the settlements thereof. The debts are relatively small, the whole amount not exceeding $30,000,000.

All those debts have, the statement continues, been punctually paid since the protocols were signed. Nearly $1,000,000 was peremptorily claimed by Germany, England and Italy, and paid. Since then $2,000,000 more has also been paid, representing 30 per cent of the duties. The other (exterior) debts, held in England and Germany, are, according to the provisions of the protocols, being settled between the bondholders and Venezuela. The country has paid, and will continue to pay, the president concluded, as stipulated in the protocols which Minister Bowen arranged.

TOWN OF LOUISBURG BADLY DEMOLISHED BY FIERCE TORNADO

Eight Persons Badly Hurt, One of Whom Will Die.

Only Two Houses In the Village Remain Untouched.

Three Elevators Demolished and Contents Scattered For Miles.

Appleton, Minn., March 28.—As a result of a tornado which destroyed the village of Louisburg, last night, one person was fatally hurt, and seven injured. The injured: Ole Winger, badly bruised; Mrs. Ole Winger, bruised and internally injured; Minnie Winger, badly cut; Jennie Winger, aged 7, neck dislocated, arm fractured and internally injured; will probably die; John Winger, knee hurt; Paul Paulson, aged 65, seriously bruised; Fred Moen, hurled 200 feet, badly injured.

Every business house in town was either totally demolished or badly damaged and most of the houses in the village were unroofed.

From Breckinridge, on the Waterloo branch of the Great Northern, a relief train was dispatched to Louisburg as soon as news of the storm was received.

Most of the people escaped serious injury by getting into their cellars.

Fred Moen, who was in his cellar, was carried 200 feet and though seriously injured will recover.

The storm was preceded by hail and not seen approaching.

The heaviest losers are the Hennepin Lumber company, lumber yard and machinery; Northwestern Elevator company; Philley & Beedle, hardware; Tom Winger, restaurant.

The Lutheran church was demolished and only two houses escaped untouched. The depot was damaged and several cars blown off the track.

It is not believed that much damage was done outside of town.

The Interstate, Northwestern and McCaul-Webster grain elevators were demolished and their contents were scattered over miles of ground.

BAD BILLS GOOD

To Counterfeiters, Who Succeeded In Passing Many Of Them.

Secret Service Officers Working On a Most Dangerous Bill.

Denver, March 28.—A counterfeiting scheme, gigantic in its proportions and rich in results, which has as its field the whole of the United States, has just been unearthed by the federal authorities. A number of government secret service agents are now in Denver following clues which are said to have led them to believe that the headquarters of the gang are located in this city.

The operations of the counterfeiters are said to extend all the way from New York to San Francisco, and so far it is believed that something like $50,000 has been secured in the larger cities of the country.

The counterfeit is one of the best duplicates of the Buffalo series of $10 and $20 bills which has ever come to the attention of the federal authorities. A description of the counterfeits, as furnished by the United States secret service, follows:

Series 1901, No. 29513972; face plate, 159; back plate, 87; check letter D; signed Lyons, register; Roberts, treasurer; portraits of Lewis and Clark.

The counterfeits are a shade darker than the genuine. Secret Service Agent E. H. Wilson is here working on the case. Speaking of the counterfeiters' method of operation, he said:

"Their work is so smooth that it is almost impossible to detect them at it. Several agents are sent out and purchases for small amounts are made in the stores of the town they are in. A $10 or $20 bill is presented in payment, and they receive their cash in change. The counterfeit is not discovered until it goes to the bank, and even then in a great many cases it has been allowed to go through, so perfect is the imitation.

"There is not only one gang, but several of them scattered around over the country. How many there are in on the deal we cannot tell yet."

RUSSIAN NOBLES ARE GREATLY DISTURBED

Afraid of Peasants and Would Do Something To Pacify Them.

St. Petersburg, March 28.—The action of the nobility of the government of Moscow at the meeting held yesterday in urging the necessity for some measure of popular presentation, while taking a distinct stand against a constitutional government, of the kind enjoyed by the nations of Western Europe, introduced the first organized conservative element in the situation. Most of the nobles are landed proprietors who have become greatly alarmed by the peasant movement which is threatening property in the country and they will undoubtedly try to rally to their support the city property interests all of which they claim are endangered by the growing tide of lawlessness. The nobles urge that the time has come for co-operation with the government for mutual self protection, pointing out that the strikes in the cities by sending thousands of workmen filled with revolutionary ideas back to their villages, besides introducing political ideas among the peasants only increases the latter's demands for land. In many districts the landlords are organizing guards to protect their property at their own expense, the troops which the government is able to send being insufficient.

Roving bands of peasants continue to pillage, burn and murder in the Chernigov government and in Tamboff, Kazan and other governments in the south. The few troops here and there, are powerless. The whole peasant population is affected more or less. The parish priests under instructions from the holy synod are doing all possible to quiet the peasants, but without making any appreciable impression. With warm weather a crises will come especially if it is accompanied by orders for another extensive mobilization.

In the meantime the situation in the Caucasus is growing worse. A state bordering on civil war exists in the Kuban territory where the population has been armed for a collision with the soldiers.

In the Georgia, Mingrelia and Kutais territories the red flag of revolt has been raised.

At Yalta, Crimea, after the population had wrecked the vodka shops, police quarters, etc., warships were sent from Sebastopol and marines were landed as if in a hostile country.

The renewal of the bomb outrages in Poland and the open demonstrations in Finland against conscription are both regarded as bad and significant signs.

THREE HUNDRED GIRLS IN PANIC

New York, March 28.—A trifling blaze caused by the ignition of a newspaper from a spark from an electrical apparatus in the shirt waist factory of Max Roth, which occupies the five upper floors of a six-story building in Walktr street, today started a panic among the 300 girls employed there. There is but one exit besides the fire escapes, this being a narrow, steep stairway leading from all the floors. When the cry of fire was raised the girls crowded down this stairway, falling over and trampling upon each other, and before all were out a dozen of them fainted from fright and slight injuries. The panic was increased by the conduct of some of the men employes, who trampled upon the women in their own haste to escape. One girl's hip was fractured.

On the fifth floor a foreman tried to hold the door to the stairs, in face of the frenzied employes on that floor, so that they should not join in the crowd on the stairs. A young Italian drew a knife and threatened to cut the foreman to pieces if he did not open the dor. The foreman did so, and the crowd rushed through to join the mass already crowding the stairways.

FIRE AT HANSON, KY.

Madisonville, Ky., March 28.—Fire at Hanson, Ky., early today destroyed property valued at between fifty and one hundred thousand dollars, including churches, tobacco factories, business houses and residences.

GUILTY OF MURDER.

Peoria, Ill., March 28.—Otis Botts, 21 years old, was today found guilty of murdering his girl-wife and punishment fixed at death. The youthful defendant laughed as he left the courtroom. The crime was committed Jan. 5.

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

Thousands of Men and Women Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

To Prove What the Great Kidney Remedy, Swamp-Root, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Herald May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free by Mail.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

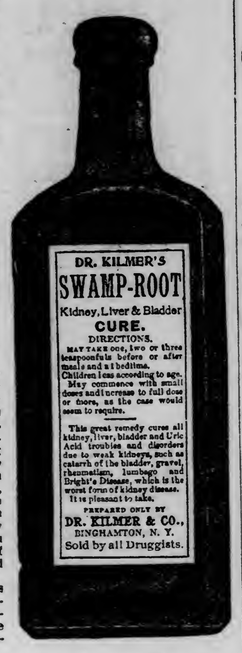
If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys begin to get better they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

I was out of health and run down generally; had no appetite, was dizzy and suffered with headache most of the time. I did not know that my kidneys were the cause of my trouble, but somehow felt that they might be, and I began taking Swamp-Root. There is such a pleasant taste to Swamp-Root, and it goes right to the spot and drives disease out of the system. It has cured me, making me stronger and better in every way, and I cheerfully recommend it to all sufferers.

Gratefully yours,
MRS. A. L. WALKER, 331 East Linden St., Atlanta, Ga.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering and *fatal results are sure to follow.* Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; make your head ache and back ache, cause indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a sallow, yellow complexion, make you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The cure for these troubles is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the world-famous kidney remedy. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to Nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.


DR. KILMER'S
SWAMP-ROOT
Kidney, Liver & Bladder
CURE.
DIRECTIONS.
MAY TAKE one, two or three teaspoonfuls before or after meals and at bedtime.
Children less according to age.
May commence with small doses and increase to full dose or more, as the case would seem to require.
This great remedy cures all kidney, liver, bladder and Uric Acid troubles and disorders due to weak kidneys, such as catarrh of the bladder, gravel, rheumatism, lumbago and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney disease.
It is pleasant to take.
PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. KILMER & CO.,
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists.

(Swamp Root is pleasant to take.)

How to Find Out.

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and let it stand twenty-four hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brick-dust settling, or if small particles float about in it, your kidneys are in need of immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTE.—So successful is Swamp-Root in promptly curing even the most distressing cases of kidney, liver or bladder troubles that to prove its wonderful merits you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. In sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Wisconsin supreme court Monday afternoon granted a stay of execution to Charles S. Havenor, president of the Milwaukee baseball team. Havenor as an alderman in Milwaukee was convicted of bribery and sentenced to two years in the house of correction. He is released on $10,000 bail.

The Cleveland city council Monday night adopted a resolution calling on Mayor Johnson to take his recent charges of bribery to probate court or the grand jury and prove them, or, in the event of his not being able to do so, make an apology to the members of the body whom he accused. The mayor said he would think the matter over.

The temporary bridge built last spring by the Canadian Pacific railroad at Saskatoon, on the Prince Albert branch, was washed out by floods Monday afternoon. The officials have been expecting it and have preparations well advanced for the transfer of passengers.

In the town of Saratoga, Wis., Abraham Kapoyski, aged 33, shot and instantly killed Rebecca Finkelstein, wife of S. Finkelstein, Monday, and then hastened to Grand Rapids, Wis., and gave himself up to the officers, he being pursued by an angry mob. The killing was the result of a quarrel over money matters.

In a six-round bout Monday night at the Washington Sporting club at Philadelphia, Rube Turner of California, displayed his superiority over Joe Gans of Baltimore. It was Turner's bout at every step.

A tornado struck the business portion of Eldorado Monday night, injuring several persons, one fatally and wrecking a hotel and schoolhouse.

Lucy and Helen Baker, young women of San Diego, Cal., and their cousin, Harry Hayes of Iowa, were drowned Monday by the upsetting of a canoe.

The combined North Atlantic fleet under command of Rear Admiral Barker, entered Pensacola, Monday, coming from Guantanamo for the annual maneuvers and target practice. The squadron is the largest ever to assemble in Gulf waters and will be joined in a few days by other ships.

Andrew Carnegie was the guest of honor at the Hotel Astor in New York, Monday night. With Mr. Carnegie at the guest table was Dr. Alexander C. Humphreys, president of Stevens college. Dr. Humphreys announced that Mr. Carnegie, in addition to the $599,000 which he has already given to the institute, would give $50,000 more to which he himself would add $50,000 when the alumni raised another $100,000.

WRIT SERVED ON SCHWAB.

London, March 28.—Charles M. Schwab, on his arrival at Plymouth yesterday, was served with a high court writ at the instance of David Rothschild of London, claiming damages for breach of contract. The writ was served on board the steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm and the interesting question arises whether the liner could be regarded as German soil in which case the service would be illegal. It is stated that the matter will have to be decided by the courts. Mr. Schwab did not land at Plymouth but proceeded to Cherbourg. To a Standard reporter, Mr. Schwab said he was not going to Russia and that he had not come to Europe about Russian naval contracts.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

EARL GREY INVITED TO INDIAN POW WOW.

Montreal, March 28.—An invitation has been received by Earl Grey, governor general of Canada, from the chiefs of the various Indian tribes in British Columbia, to attend a monster pow wow. It is to be held at New Westminster during the Dominion fair, in September. They have assured him that 12,000 red men, loyal to King Edward, will be present to give him an enthusiastic greeting. His excellency has accepted the invitation.

BASEBALL LEAGUES SCRAP OVER UMPIRE.

Pittsburg, March 28.—John P. Keefe of this city, who was on the staff of umpires for the Western league last year, thinking he was at liberty to sign this year with any league he desired, put his name to a South Atlantic league contract. President O'Neill of the Western league claims that by the reserve rule, Keefe belongs to his league and has ordered him to report for duty when the season opens. President Boyer of the South Atlantic league is equally insistent for his claim on Keefe's services. The question is a new one and baseball experts here think the case will finally have to be settled by the national commission.

"The Lanpher Hat"

$3.00

Hat Satisfaction

is more than finish-deep. This hat is made with utmost care in every detail. All the Quality, Style and Finish of higher-priced hats. Newest shades and shapes. ¶ Don't fail to see them.

ASK YOUR DEALER —INSIST.

TEN YEARS IN JAIL

Sentence Imposed on Mrs. Chadwick By District Court.

Case Will Be Taken To the Circuit Court Of Appeals.

Cleveland, March 28.—Unless the higher court interferes, Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick will spend the greater part of the next ten years in the Ohio penitentiary.

A sentence of ten years was imposed on her by Judge Robert W. Tayler, in the United States district court at 5 o'clock last evening. The sentence came at the close of a busy day for the court in hearing arguments on a motion for a new trial which lasted all day. The motion was overruled.

Mrs. Chadwick was convicted on seven counts and sentenced upon six counts. For four of these counts a sentence of two years each was imposed. Upon two counts a sentence of one year each was imposed, making a total sentence of ten years. As soon as the sentence was pronounced, Attorney J. P. Dawley, of counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, took exceptions to the sentences upon each count, except the first count. The defense intends to make the claim that the court cannot impose a separate sentence for each count, that the law applied to the general charge instead of each incident of a general charge. The various counts of the indictment are considered by the defense to refer only to details of the general offense. This point will be so contested in the higher court as will the other points of the Chadwick trial which resulted in her conviction.

Either Judge Francis J. Wing or Mr. Dawley will go to Cincinnati to make arrangements for a review of the case by the United States circuit court of appeals. The first step taken by the defense will be to ask for a stay of sentence until the appeal is carried out. There was an understanding with United States Marshal Chandler, United States Attorney Sullivan and the court that there would be no attempt to execute the sentence until the defense had an opportunity to carry the case to the higher court and thus secure a stay of sentence.

No action will be taken by United States Attorney Sullivan, regarding the other six indictments against Mrs. Chadwick in the federal court until the present case is finally disposed of. If the present conviction and sentence is sustained by the last court, the other cases will be dropped, otherwise they will be used aginst the woman. The action of the court yesterday finally closes the Chadwick case as far as the Cleveland court is concerned, unless the unexpected happens and the higher court discharges the woman or orders a new trial. This, however, does not relax the strain for United States Attorney Sullivan. He will have to defend the government's case through every court to which the defense may apepal. Mrs. Chadwick was not particularly affected by the action of the court, as seemingly she had resigned herself to any action that might be taken. When she was told that the motion for a new trial had been refused she merely nodded her head as if she already knew it, though she is so hard of hearing she could not have known what words the court uttered.

When ordered to stand and receive the sentence, Mrs. Chadwick did not hear and was assisted to her feet by Deputy United States Marshal Clobitz. The court asked her if she had anything to say why sentence should not be pronounced.

She looked around in bewilderment. She was not certain what was taking place and had not the slightest idea that the court said. She was led forward nearer the bench and the court shouted the question. She then understood.

"I have something to say," she said, "but I would like to consult with my attorneys first."

"You may do so, but it must be immediately," the court enjoined her. "If you have anything to say you must say it now."

Mrs. Chadwick said there was nothing she cared to say herself. Her attorneys made no appeal to the court and the sentence was immediately imposed. Judge Taylor made no remarks, except to explain the terms of the sentence. He stated that the sentence of one count should begin at the expiration of the one preceding it.

After the sentence was imposed, court adjourned but it was over half an hour later before Mrs. Chadwick was taken back to the county jail. She had been talking with her attorneys. Mrs. Chadwick was suffering from rheumatism of the left shoulder and it caused her much pain. During the afternoon she was not in the court room until Judge Taylor passed upon the motion for a new trial. She was in a private room, where she attended to her affliction.

Mrs. Chadwick was indicted by the United States grand jury at a special session ordered by Judge Francis J. Wing, who has since his retirement from the federal bench become her associate counsel, on seven separate charges, each relating to her connection with the failure of the Citizen's National bank of Oberlin, of which the late C. T. Beckwith was president and A. B. Spear cashier. Both the president and cashier were jointly indicted with the woman who borrowed thousands of dollars of the bank's money.

She was convicted on the indictment under which she was charged with conspiracy with Beckwith and Spear to certify her checks when she had no money in the bank. This is a transaction prohibited by the government for the protection of the depositors and stockholders of a national bank.

By good behavior Mrs. Chadwick can reduce her time of imprisonment to eight years and four months.

Mrs. Chadwick's trial began March 6 and the jury returned a verdict of guilty on March 11. She was given a sentence of two years on each of four counts and one year on each of two others.

The first disclosures of Mrs. Chadwick's remarkable financial career was made when suit brought by Herbert D. Newton of Brookline, Mass., last December, to recover the sum of $190,800 said to have been loaned by Newton to Mrs. Chadwick.

Shortly after the beginning of that suit Mrs. Chadwick went to New York and after establishing herself at different prominent hotels in New York was finally arrested there on Dec 15 by federal officers. Within a few days she was brought to Cleveland, where she has since been a prisoner in the county jail.

J. P. Dawley, chief counsel for Mrs. Chadwick, said that he had nothing to say regarding the sentence nor regarding the condition of his client.

When seen immediately after sentence had been pronounced, Mrs. Chadwick replied to a question: "What more can the world want to know about me now?"

ADJUDGED BANKRUPT.

Minneapolis, March 28.—The Coe Commission company was legally adjudicated a bankrupt yesterday by O. C. Merriman, referee in bankruptcy. No attempt was made by the attorneys of the company to fight the case before Judge Lochren. Ten days are given for the filing of the schedules of liabilities and assets. When the list of creditors is learned, they will be notified to meet and elect a trustee.

SHANGHAI OVERRUN

With Russian Refugees From the City Of Port Arthur.

Many of them Are Living In Abject Poverty.

Shanghai, Feb. 26, (Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Shanghai is overrun with Russians. From Port Arthur 2,000 and over have flocked to the Chinese port, via Nagasaki and Chefu; officers on parole with their soldier and sailor servants, civil officials, merchants, refugees of all sorts, Greek camp followers with their women, Buriats, Circassians, Siberians, men from every province of the Russian emperor's wide realm.

They throng the streets, unkept, uncared for. Long lines of jinrikshas roll up and down the Bund bearing booted burdens. Women, their heads kerchiefed, their dresses sagging through the roadway's slush and mud, drag shivering children here and there, aimlessly. All day long the crowds are blocking the sidewalks in front of the Russo-Chinese bank and the Russian consulate. From early morning till long after sunset the strange procession shuffles to and fro without guidance, unheeded. No one seems to know or care what becomes of the waifs from the north. From Port Arthur some of them have gone to Chefu by steamer and many of them have made the trips in junks, their one desire being to leave the stricken fortress. The transport of the Japanese refugees at the beginning of the war was a different story. Everything was done quickly, quietly, economically. There was no shifting for themselves, no waste on the way.

Below Shanghai lie the steamers chartered by the government to carry the refugees back to Russia, the Munchen, the Prinzesse Marie and the Amdalusia. Brick stoves have been built on their decks and the boats are filthy. On the Bund the Russians are everywhere in evidence. They stand, watching the passing river craft, dressed in skin lined coats, Astralian caps and rusty top boots. Now and then there is an officer, sunken cheeked, talking in a whisper, gasping almost, limping as he leans on his rough stick. More often they are healthy enough, in smeared gray overcoats, the wealthier men in shining uniforms. They crush by, four in a carriage, smoking, talking, gesticulating.

The better class of refugees have been distributed among the hotels; the poorer folk sleep on park benches in the light horse riding school. The boarding houses in Honkea, that part of the settlement stretching down the river from the left bank of Soochow creek are crowded. Some 700 persons are quartered at the French camp, used during the post boxer period to house the Shanghai garrison. The women have separate quarters. The men are packed into the barrack buildings and only a few are allowed to live with their families. From a common kitchen, meat and vegetables and soup are distributed, and at meal times the mess pots and kettles are filled and carried to the stuffy quarters. Fifteen men live in a room 25 by 16, a stove in the center, dirty cots and dirtier bedding, along both sides of the room, a rough table and benches in the open space between. In the corners are barrels full of refuse. The air is foul. It reeks with the smell of tobacco, with the stench of refuse of unwashed humanity. In the yards quite near the main buildings are the latrines, open, and what is worse, unheeded. Few of the refugees are able to speak any language save their own, and as a result they have been swindled on every side. Jinriksha coolies have taken their fares far out into the country and set upon and robbed them. Many of the Chinese shops, particularly those kept by the Ningpo men, spice the murder of one of their fellows by a sailor from the Russian cruiser Askold, have refused to honor the Russian notes. The bank and the consulate, therefore, have been beset by clamoring men and women, who want dollars for roubles. Their pockets filled, they make for the first shop in sight. Mothers have lost their children as they wandered almlessly to and fro, going into a booth, to come out again and discover that the little ones were gone. Everywhere there is confusion. But is always "Nitchevo"—"no one cares." Few of the Russians seem to care about the war. The Anglo-Saxon may argue on the Eastern question with his continental neighbor, but Muscovite patriotism sings along the Chinese coast.

The confidence of the public is the final proof of merit.

Old Underoof Rye

Has stood the test. It is old and pure.

The Ladies of Duluth and Vicinity are cordially invited to attend a reception to be given by the National Biscuit Company, at the Armory, Second Avenue East and First Street, Wednesday, March Twenty-ninth, from two until five o'clock.

MUSIC AND REFRESHMENTS.

THE MILEAGE BOOK TRANSFER BILL DEAD.

(Continued from page 1.)

up, instead of having them lapse at the end of the year, and A. K. Ware of Northfield failed in his attempt to fix the bill so it would provide for 500, 1,000 and 200 mile books at 2½ cents a mile. J. G. Lennon of Minneapolis objected to the bill because he thought it would result in driving out of business the present interchangeable mileage books that are of such great benefit to travelers.

* * *

In vetoing the Horton bill as announced in The Herald yesterday, Governor John A. Johnson issued the following message, which was presented to the senate along with the bill:

"During our entire period of statehood, the governor, as the chief executive of the state, has by law been the custodian of the state capitol, and he is responsible for the general order and well being of the same.

"The new capitol is sufficiently completed to be occupied by the legislative, judicial and executive arms of the government, and the different departments are domiciled here by right of law and not as tenants of the state board of capitol commissioners, created to construct the building.

"Senate File, No. 4—'A bill for an act to provide for the care and maintenance of the new capitol and to appropriate money therefor,' would take from the governor the power properly vested in him as custodian of the new state capitol and vest this power in the board of capitol commissioners, a board created not for the administration of state affairs, but created solely for the purpose of erecting and constructing the new capitol building. It is essential for the due and orderly administration of law that the governor be placed in charge of the new capitol state building, and public policy demands that the capitol commission be required to complete the work of construction at the earliest possible moment, and be made to render an account of their stewardship to the proper authorities without delay.

"Senate File No. 4, should it become a law, directly invites the state capitol commission to delay the work of completion for at least two years, when, as a matter of fact, there is no reason why this completion should not be effected within a few months. It has been the policy of the state to lessen the number of separate and distinct boards, and to concentrate the management of the several departments into a more central power, and in my judgment, there is no reason at this time for departing from that policy to widen the scope of influence and authority of the capitol commission by enlarging its field of operation and continuing it in a line of work not originally designed to be a duty or function of said board.

"For these reasons and for the further reason that I cannot acquiesce in the implication that the governor of the state, chosen by a majority of the people of the state, is incompetent to discharge the duties of his office, as applied to this particular instance, I am constrained to herewith return Senate File No. 4, 'A bill or an act to provide for the care and maintenance of the new state capitol, and to appropriate money therefor,' without my approval.

"I would recommend that the legislature provide a sufficient appropriation to cover the cost and maintenance of the capitol; to provide for such other employes as may be necessary. I would especially urge in this connection, that for all employes, where technical knowledge and ability is required, that a civil service rule be applied, in order that this class of help might not be changed with varying administrations for political purposes.

"I beg to remind you again that provision must be made for the care and maintenance of the old capitol building as well as the new, and that there should be no divided authority as to the custody of the state capitol property."

* * *

In the talk about the capitol yesterday afternoon, when the news of the veto became known, there was some discussion of the policy of vetoing the bill, but none of the reasons advanced for such a course. These had to be admitted to be sound, and in fact nothing but the party lash ever pushed this bill through the legislature.

Many Republican members who voted for it were ashamed of their action, and would have been glad if policy did not compel them to stand for the bill.

In vetoing the measure Governor Johnson took the advice of many prominent citizens of the state, including a number of leading Republicans, and he gave the matter very careful consideration.

It will take a two-thirds vote in each house to pass the bill over the veto, and it is very doubtful if this can be secured.

* * *

This Horton bill took the control of the new capitol away from the governor and left it in the hands of the capitol commission, thus adding to its powers in addition to the task of completing the building that of appropriate money therefor, would take from the governor the power properly vested in him as custodian of the new state capitol and vest this power in the board of capitol commissioners, a board created not for the administration of state affairs, but created solely for the purpose of erecting and constructing the new capitol building. It is essential for the due and orderly administration of law that the governor be placed in charge of the new capitol state building, and public policy demands that the capitol commission be required to complete the work of construction at the earliest possible moment, and be made to render an account of their stewardship to the proper authorities without delay.

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* * *

Talking about capitol commissions, there is prevalent in Duluth a mistaken idea as to the situation of the courthouse commission bill as it left the senate. Some people imagine that it provides that not more than one of the members of the commission can come from any one city. This is not the case. It provides that not more than one of the three county commissioners who are to become members of the board may come from any one city, but there is no such restriction on the citizens who are to be appointed. Duluth would naturally have the balance of power, by having the two citizens and one of the county commissioners, while the ranges would have two commissioners, probably one apiece.

* * *

The house judiciary committee yesterday afternoon took the stand that J. H. Dorsey's bill, prohibing corporations from making campaign contributions, is unconstitutional. This is because there are civic federations and other similar societies, which are incorporated for the express purpose of working for good government, and to contribute campaign money if it is necessary to secure it. The judiciary committee therefore holds that this bill would violate these charters, and that the bill is unconstitutional.

The bill is still on the calendar for consideration, however, and can be easily fixed. A simple amendment to make it apply only to corporations formed for pecuniary profit would get around the objection of the committee, no doubt.

* * *

The house absolutely refuses to get up earlier mornings.

Yesterday afternoon Carl L. Wallace of Minneapolis, moved that beginning today the house meet at 9 o'clock in the morning, instead of 10 o'clock.

There were vigorous protests, principally from Hennepin county members who said it was too long a trip from Minneapolis over to be forced to make it before 9 o'clock.

Dr. J. A. Gates moved that the hour be made 9:30, and Mr. Wallace accepted the suggestion. The house did not, however, but voted it down right lustily, and will therefore keep on meeting at 10 o'clock.

* * *

The house judiciary committee yesterday recommended for passage the Selb bill providing for free state employment bureaus, but after it had been amended so that instead of there being an agency in each of the three large cities there will be but one, in a city to be picked out by the governor. It will be either in Duluth, St. Paul or Minneapolis, if the bill passes.

* * *

Five more bills came into the house yesterday afternoon, at the request of the governor, four by Elmer E. Adams and one by T. J. Fulton. They are the bills asked for by the Minnesota State Editorial association, relative to publication of insurance statements, articles of incorporation, etc., and the definition of a legal newspaper.

* * *

The house yesterday afternoon passed Representative John Saari's bill providing for a county mine inspector in counties of this state containing more than five operating mines, such inspector to be appointed by the county board and to be required to visit each operating mine once every ninety days or oftener if requested, to see that the laws relating to safety of employes are observed.

* * *

The senate bill, by Senator Gjertsen, directing that charter amendments in cities having some rule charters, as well as bond propositions, shall be printed on separate ballots when the propositions are submitted at general city elections, was passed by the house.

* * *

Carl Wallace's bill providing for public hay yards at Duluth, St. Paul and Minneapolis, and the weighing and inspection of hay and straw by the state just as it handles grain, was recommended to pass by the house in committee of the whole.

* * *

The senate railroad committee will start hearing arguments on the W. A. Nolan demurrage bill this afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

We are Agents for

The Minneapolis Heat Regulator

Which will control the temperature in your rooms and regulate the fire in your heater. Scores of them are in use in Duluth with universal success. They pay for themselves in a short time. We also make a specialty of Furnace heating, Roofing and Cornice work.

BURRELL & HARMON,
3 South First Avenue East.
Both phones.

HATS MADE OVER

All kinds—into the latest spring styles — reblocked and retrimmed equal to new. Our spring blocks and shapes are all here. Hats called for and delivered. Old phone 1357-M.

C. VOLLAND
Fashionable Hatter,
14 First Avenue East.

Take Your Prescriptions and have them filled at BOYCE'S DRUG STORE

Workingmen and Others

We are prepared to move you cheaper and better than any one else. Covered vans or open drays, same price. Come and be satisfied.

DULUTH VAN & STORAGE CO.
Phones 492. 210 West Superior St.

BILL HEADS ...AND... STATEMENTS

THAT WILL INSURE PROMPT COLLECTIONS A LEADER WITH US FOR THIS MONTH.

Merritt & Hector,
Printers and Binders,
Both Telephones. 32 West First Street.

LAWYERS' BRIEFS PROMPTLY AND ACCURATELY PRINTED.

I Trust You For Clothing

Which enables you to dress well while paying only

$1.00 a Week

—or—

$5.00 a Month

Men's Suits
$8.00 to $24.00.

Ladies' Suits
$3.50 to $35.00.

Children's Suits
$2.50 to $7.00.

Boys' Pants
50c Pants for 25c
$1 Pants for 50c
This week only.

FRED W.
EDWARDS
Up-stairs over Gidding's,
First Ave. W. and Superior St.

STRONG CASE

Made By Prosecution Against Capt. Kirkman.

Valentine, Neb., March 28.—The prosecution in the courtmartial of Captain George W. Kirkman at Fort Nibrara, has rested its case. Sensational testimony was given by many witnesses bearing on the relations between the defendant and Mrs. Chandler, and a strong case has been made for the prosecution.

The court adjourned to meet again this afternoon, when Kirkman will be given a chance to defend himself. Much of the evidence of the prosecution will be admitted by the defense. Captain Kirkman will continue to act as his own attorney and will introduce many witnesses. It is stated by his friends that he has a complete answer to all the charges made against him.

That he is fully capable of looking after his own interests in a legal way may be inferred from the fact that he has frequently been detailed as instructor in military law at various points at which he has served.

Members of Captain Kirkman's company, Company I of the Twenty-fifth infantry, have been refused passes to leave Fort Nibrara while the case is on trial, and every soldier is required to remain at the post in readiness to answer as a witness if called upon.

GENEROUS SUPPLY

Government and State To Furnish Duluth With Trout Fry.

The Fly Casting Club To Superintend Work of Planting.

J. P. Harris, president of the Duluth Fly Casting club, is in receipt of communications from Samuel F. Fullerton, executive agent of the state game and fish commission, and from G. M. Bowers, a member of the United States commission of fisheries, to the effect that trout fry, of the brook and steelhead variety, will be furnished for streams in the near vicinity of Duluth by both the government and state, and in generous quantities, this year. The club will superintend the planting of more fry this season than during any like period in the past.

It is the idea of Mr. Harris, who, with brother members of the club, has been most active in the work of keeping nearby waters well supplied with fish, that the fry shall all be placed in streams within easy reach of the business section of Duluth, so that the man unable to spare the time or expense attendant upon a trip of two or three days into the more sparsely settled regions, may still enjoy a day's fishing, by leaving home in the morning, going to a creek in the vicinity of the city, some of them in the city limits, and return in the evening with a reasonable string of fish. The fry will be planted in Lester, French and Sucker rivers, as well as in Tischer's creek and other streams between Duluth and Two Harbors.

Mr. Fullerton explains in his letter that the state will be well supplied with trout fry this year, and that Duluth will be given an unusually large amount, in answer to a request made by Mr. Harris, representing the club. The club president also had a communication from J. Adam Bede, in which the congressman says he has interested himself in the organization's application for steelhead and brook trout fry, and recommended to the government commission of fisheries that they be as liberal as possible with Duluth this year. The letter of Commissioner Bowers, written at Washington, acknowledges the receipt of Congressman Bede's and Mr. Harris' letters, and states that the government will treat Duluth liberally in the matter.

"Conditions for trout have been very favorable during the past winter," said Mr. Harris today, "and we look for excellent fishing this season, both in nearby streams and in the more distant waters. We shall see that in future the creeks and rivers near Duluth, which are adapted to the purpose, are kept supplied with trout fry, giving the general public an opportunity to enjoy a little fishing without a great outlay of money and time.

"I believe that conditions will be good for fishing when the season opens, for an early break-up of the north shore streams is looked for, and the chances are that, owing to the little snow that fell during the cold months, the water will not be very high this spring. I was talking the other day with a man who lives up the north shore a ways, and he says that a person should be able to go out within the next week or two and bring home a good string of trout. A continuation of the mild weather will hurry matters a little, and a good, hard rain, liable to come along any time now, would hurry things still more.

"I have received a letter from the president of the Chicago Fly Casting club, announcing that the Windy City organization will hold a tournament this year, and inviting a representation from our club to be in attendance. Perhaps some of us will go down. The events will include both fly and bait casting."

The open season for trout in Minnesota will begin April 15.

Deputy Game Warden John Green has promised to assist the club in placing the fry received.

THE NEW RESERVOIR.

Site Selected Claimed To Be a Poor One.

To the Editor of The Herald:

According to Manager Case's plan of supplying water to the thickly populated district immediately back of the central portion of the city, as submitted to the common council last night, he provides for the construction —almost entirely in solid rock—of a 500,000 gallon reservoir, at Fourth avenue west and Seventh street.

Now it is apparent to anyone of ordinary intelligence and common sense or knowledge of the situation that the construction of a reservoir at the point designated is one of the silliest and most ridiculous propositions that ever emanated from a person claiming to be expert in waterworks construction, and it is surprising that the members of the board endorsed it. The situation certainly must have been misrepresented to them. An investigation on their part will probably result in a reconsideration.

It is evident the gentleman knows nothing whatsoever about reservoir construction or the laying out of a water system, when he suggests such a location for a reservoir. There are so many good available sites in our city a blind man could pick a better one. Under present conditions it is costing the consumers from $15,000 to $20,000 annually to educate the gentleman at the head of affairs. The correctness of this statement can be verified and proven by facts and figures from his printed reports. How long will this continue? Yours truly,

WILLIAM CRAIG.

P. S.—The probabilities are that the site selected for the West Duluth reservoir is open to many serious objections and will bear investigation.

DIVIDENDS LARGER.

New York, March 28.—Industrial dividends in April will be the largest for that month in years, according to the statistics compiled by the Journal of Commerce. The declarations thus far announced represent a total of $23,910,563, which compares with $22,594,691 in 1904 and $19,872,919 in 1903.

GIVEN NO VOICE

Health Board Has No Say In Choice of Secretary.

Civil Civil Commissioners Have Sole Power In Matter.

The claim is made by the mayor and the health commissioner that although the secretary of the board of civil service commissioners is also the secretry of the board of health, the latter body has no say in the matter of selecting the man for the office.

Health Commissioner Murray stated last evening that fully 90 per cent of the duties of the secretary of the civil service commission consisted of the work which devolved upon him as secretary of the board of health, and that he devoted practically only 10 per cent of his time to the work of the civil service board. In spite of this fact the board of health has nothing whatever to say in the matter, and is compelled to accept as secretary whoever the civil service commissioners may chose to appoint.

Next Friday evening the civil service commissioners will meet to elect a secretary for the coming year. Mayor Cullum, in a letter to the board last Friday, strongly urged the appointment of Le Roy Coons, who is at present acting secretary. The mayor claimed that Mr. Coon's had fulfilled his duties on the health board in a very efficient manned and was an excellent man in the place.

Mr. Coons is also the choice of Dr. Murray, the health commissioner.

"We would have a hard time to fill his place," said Dr. Murray. "We need a man in the office here who can handle all complaints tactfully and decide just what ought to be done. He has charge of the inspectors and keeps the records of the office. Mr. Coons has proved a very efficient man, and if I had anything to say in the matter he would certainly get the appointment. But that rests with the civil service commissioners, although 90 per cent of his time is given to our work."

Joseph Allen, formerly factory inspector, is a candidate for the position in which Mr. Coons is acting. He received the appointment from the board, but it was reconsidered last week, owing to the fact that only three members were present when it was made.

What action will be taken Friday evening is doubtful. At least two members of the board are known to favor Mr. Coons and two are supporting Mr. Allen. The fifth member will decide the question.

GUILTY AS PER SCHEDULE.

Defendant Asked Jury To Assess Damages.

Dublin, March 28.—A jury last week awarded Miss Teresa O'Reilly, aged 28, a pretty milliner, $1,500 damages against James Lee, a banker, for breach of promise of marriage. The defendant, who was also a musician and played the oboe in a Dublin music hall at times, admitted the breach of promise, and asked the jury to assess damages. Counsel for the plaintiff gave the following dates of the barometric rise and fall of the defendant's affection for his client:

Acquaintance stage, 1898.
Mild flirtation stage, 1899.
"Spooney" stage, 1900.
Engaged stage, 1901-1902.
Cooling off stage, 1903.
Disengaged stage, 1904.
"Daggers drawn" stage, 1905.

After the defendant had paid a visit to Paris, said counsel, his visits to the plaintiff became less frequent, and in the end he asked her to release him. In his letter he said:

'I know they will be all very much down on me in your place. Quite naturally. In fact, I know what to expect from my own home, as they have been worrying me very much of late with questions and warning me not to do anything shabby. However, I am acting according to the dictates of my conscience, and can only vindicate my conduct in my own eyes."

He afterward admited that his love had cooled.

Glad Tidings for Tired Women.

A Tonic Has Been Discovered Which Offers Strength, Health, Beauty and Happiness to Women.

Try It Today. If It Fails, Your Money Will Be Returned You At Once. No Risk. Read Below.

Nervousness, neurasthenia, sleeplessness and that dull, dead pain in the temples will pass away forever if you use wonderful Chrystal Tonic.

It cures brain fag, weariness, nervousness, insomnia, dyspepsia, constipation, kidney and liver disorders, neuralgia, bad blood, general debility and any run-down condition of the system.

That lackadaisical, tired feeling will vanish in ten minutes.

That down-hearted distrust of yourself and your powers will be replaced with a glad certainty of your ability to will and do.

Your dragging, leaden steps will quicken into new vigor and life will be brighter and better after you use Chrystal Tonic.

It builds brain and nerves and body; helps the blood to throw off all impurities and electrifies it into new life.

It gives sound, refreshing sleep, aids digestion, cures constipation and biliousness and drives impurities from the blood.

Chrystal Tonic is not a combination of dangerous drugs. It is a strength-giving, health-giving tonic pure and simple. It is nerve and brain and muscle food and is the tried friend of men and women which never fails in time of need.

It ought to be in every family all the time—as good for young as old, because it prevents and cures disease.

Don't take our word for what Chrystal Tonic will do for you; try a bottle today. If after using it you are not delighted with the result, write the company at Marshall and they will refund your money. What could be fairer?

Get Chrystal Tonic from your druggist at $1.00 the bottle. Your druggist keeps it or will get it for you, or, write Chrystal Tonic Co., Marshall, Mich., and they will advise you.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Spring Millinery Opening Tomorrow!

A Display of Unusual Brilliancy.

(Third Floor.)

The smartest models in Spring hats from the world's greatest artists.

This season's opening has been successful beyond our most sanguine expectations.

Of course there is ample reason for it.

Certainly nowhere else in this section of the Northwest will you find so vast, so varied, so elegant a showing as that which we are making this season.

On every hand can be heard enthusiastic praise from appreciative women—and such lovely hats —Paris contributes her most beautiful and exclusive models; New York sends us her smartest and most successful patterns. From our own workrooms come styles that vie with both of these in beauty and grace. A visit tomorrow will give you an idea of this, the finest of all millinery exhibits—and the prices are exceptionally reasonable for such superior styles.

You're welcome to look through. Come.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

States Attorney Kelley Is Suspended During Investigation of Charges.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Huron—A sensation was occasioned Monday, when Judge Gaffy, in circuit court called the grand jury and advised them that evidence had been submitted showing that charges of having uttered forged deeds to certain real estate had been made to the court against Charles A. Kelly, state's attorney. Judge Gaffy directed the jury to examine into the charges and suspended Kelly from office during the investigation. T. H. Null was appointed state's attorney pending the investigation. Three deeds are emnurated in the charges.

Pierre—After supposing for twelve years that she was a legal wife, Mrs. L. L. Johnson of Forest City is applying for legal separation from L. L. Johnson on the ground that he has another wife living in Wisconsin from whom he has never been legally separated. In the early days of the Fairbank boom, when that town of Western Sully county was a lively place, L. L. Johnson came in with the crowd and opened a store.

He remained until the town was deserted, being the last business man to quit it. While there he met and married Miss Agnes Nicol, and to them a son was born, who is now about 10.

No intimation of anything wrong came until last fall, after the Johnsons had moved to Forest City, when a young man appeared on the scene and claimed Johnson as his father, bringing the information that the first Mrs. Johnson was yet living. The second wife at once demanded the property which she had helped to accumulate, and it was turned over to her, Johnson going to Evarts to live, leaving the family at Forest City.

Govnor Elrod, on recommendation of the board of pardons, granted a pardon to William Waters, sentenced from Turner county on a charge of manslaughter in the first degree.

Spearfish—Articles of incorporation are to be filed immediately for a company which will finance the electric trolley line between Spearfish, Belle Fourch and the Northern Hills towns. The stock will be sold to business men, and it is expected the road will be in operation before Jan. 1.

Bonesteel—Letters by the bushel are being received in the office of J. D. Kelly, United States commissions, from bachelors and widowers all over the country, who are anxious to know of the 231 Rosebud girls with claims on the reservation and no claims on men. Some of the writers ask for a complete list of girls who will move, husbandless, upo nthe big tract of land, which they won in the government lottery, while others merely ask for the names of those with blue eyes or those with black hair or those who have money. Many of the writers are "willing to work." Since the announcement of the possibilities in the case, many young men have arrived, whose mission here is unexplained.

Fort Pierre—At a meeting here it was decided to organize a stockmen's association to take the place of the old Missouri River association, which has been allowed to lapse. The new organization selected temporary officers to serve until April 5, when a general meeting has been called to elect permanent officers. The temporary selections were C. L. Millet, president; B. C. Ash, vice president; Anderson Michaels, secretary-treasurer.

A Stanley county bachelor homesteader is under the doctor's care on account of a bad eye. He was attempting to stew prunes in a kettle with a tight lid. The generating steam was too great for the pressure of the lid, and the room was bombarded with flying prunes, one of which caught the amateur cook in the eye.

Elk Point—Elef Axset, who has lived in this county thirty-five years, is about to return to his old home at Throndhjem, Norway. He is 82, and expects to spend his remaining days in his old home.

W. H. Gariner of Spink was elected county cattle inspector.

Arlington—The 5-year-old son of Oscar Sederstrom, a merchant of this city, obtained a loaded revolver to play with and accidentally shot himself through the bowels, dying a few hours later.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fort Yates—Indian Inspector McLaughlin is here to consult with the Indians regarding the leasing of their surplus lands. Mr. McLaughlin was agent here from 1881 to 1885, and when he left knew every man, woman and child on the reservation by name, and once every year visited every house on the reservation.

Under a ruling of the department, the children of an Indian who has married a white man since June, 1897, are not entitled to annuities or other benefits that accrue to other mixed bloods. This ruling will not affect many on this reservation, as marriages among whites and Indians are rare.

Mayville—While driving near Portland Junction, about six miles north of here, a local attorney and one of the professors of the normal school saw a falling meteor. Starting from a point due east, it traveled in almost a horizontal direction, disappearing some 10 deg. above the horizon.

The sun was shining brightly in an almost perfectly clear sky, which made the brilliancy of the falling body all the more remarkable, while the intermittency of its light suggested the interference of th reflected sun's rays, as well as of its own light, by the heated strata of the lower atmosphere. The train of light, while shorter, seemed as broad and dense as that seen in the largest of "shooting stars" at night.

The winter term of the state normal school closed last week. The spring term will begin April 4. The term just closed was the largest and best in the history of the school. L. S. Cheroske, who filled a temporary position as extra teacher, retires. The literary societies are preparing to publish a school paper next term.

Grafton—The legislature made an appropriation of $67,670 for the institution for the feeble minded at Grafton. Of this amount $7,000 will be used for sewer purposes, which will give the institution and Grafton a perfect sewer system. The state, by connecting with the city sewer will save nearly $1,000 and $800 annually thereafter.

Two gasoline launches will be operated on the Red River this summer.

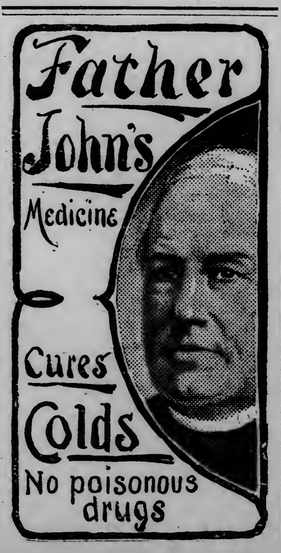
The Soo railroad bridge being built across the Red River at Ardoch will measure 1,200 feet in length, and will have a 200-foot draw to permit navigation on the river. It will require 26,000 lineal feet of piling and 400,000 feet of bridge timber.

Fargo—The long-fought insurance case in the United States court resulted in a compromise verdict. The London, Liverpool & Globe Insurance company was sued by the defunct Farmers' Elevator company of Denbigh for losses on the building and grain. The Edwards-Wood Commission company was the mortgagee of the elevator company and the interested party in the case.

It was claimed there was $18,000 worth of grain in the elevator at the time. The jury held the insurance company for its share of the losses on the building, but not for the loss on the grain. Two other companies carried insurance on the building and grain and cases will follow. The action was tried at the term at Grand Forks and resulted in a disagreement. It is asserted that much of the wheat was saved and some of it sold for milling and some for seed. Judge Morris of Duluth presided at the hearing in the absence of Judge Amidon, who is in Kansas City.

SENDS IT TO GERMANY.

Mrs. John Wefers of Lawrence, Mass., says Father John's Medicine is invaluable for children with coughs and colds, and she would not be without it in her family. She sends it to her cousin in Germany, and he is taking it with good results. Father John's Medicine is for sale by all druggists; the L. W. Leithhead Drug Co., wholesale distributors.



SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

FASHIONABLE CLOTHES!

Exclusive Gowns and Wraps

The authoritative showing to which women of discernment look for the truly correct things to wear.

There's a lot of difference between the fairly good and the best—just this difference between the S. & B. Co.'s wearables and THE JUST AS GOOD KIND you read about.

This establishment has been Duluth's representative fashion house for almost 35 years—each year getting better—always improving—for it's a progressive store in every sense of the term.

During the past few days you have witnessed an exhibition of imported and American costumes and dresses such as has called forth the admiration of every observer.

Women who are fully qualified to act as style critics declare that our showing is the finest they've ever witnessed—that our store interior is second to none in the Northwest.

And the new suits. Have you looked through yet? Practical in every particular and every garment from the most expensive to the lowest priced have that note of style and superiority of fabric that proclaims the touch of the artist.

Have you selected your spring outfit? These opening days give admirable opportunities for choosing—selection is at its best and our tailors can give you proper attention before the Easter rush comes.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Body of Man Partly Eaten By Crows Found In Woods.

Pembine—The body of a man, apparently that of a woodsman, was found near the St. Paul track about one mile north of Pembine, last week. The body was frozen in the ice and snow and one side of the face had been eaten away by crows. The body was taken to Pembine, where it was identified as that of Charles Axel, who disappeared about three months ago.

Menominee—The deer that ran into a Finntown yard, Menominee, the other day and injured its shoulder so badly that it could not be turned loose, will be sent to the state park at the Soo. The state will pay Anton Bushek, who cared for the animal, for his trouble.

The 18-months-old child of Mr. and Mrs. August Deigoff, Menominee, was painfully injured by having its fingers caught in a wringer, which the mother was using. It was necessary to amputate the ends of the third and fourth fingers. It is thought that the others will be saved.

Paul Langer of Menominee dropped dead in his tracks at the planing mill plant of the Sawyer-Goodman company in Marinette, Thursday last week, heart disease being the cause. Langer was at work behind a hardwood flooring machine, grading the pieces as they left the rollers. He was standing just in front of a large track which was used to carry away the product when finished. Suddenly the man who fed the machine saw him throw up his hands and fall over upon the truck. The feeder thought it was a joke and kept on putting in lumber, but as Langer failed to arise he called others and they found that the man was dead. Langer had lived in Menominee about seventeen years, and leaves a wife and five children, the oldest 11.

Maple Ridge—Adolph Bishop, a resident of Maple Ridge township, brought a wolf to Escanaba measuring six feet seven inches from the nose to tip of tail and weighing 103 pounds, it being one of the largest wolves ever seen in that city. It was caught in a trap, its neck having been broken. The animal is a genuine timber wolf, light gray in color, with massive head and clean cut limbs.

Escanaba—After violating his parole from the Minnesota state reformatory William Wookey was arrested in Escanaba last week and J. Z. Bernard, state agent for the state reformatory, took the prisoner back to that state. Wookey was given lodging at the city police station, and dropped a slight hint as to his identity. Special Officer McCarthy was notified and the officers finally succeeded in obtaining a confession from the prisoner. Wookey was released from the reformatory six months ago and beat his way into Escanaba.

WHITE SURPRISES SPORTS.

San Francisco, March 28.—Jabez White, England's premier lightweight boxer, has arrived here ahead of schedule time, taking the local sporting fraternity by surprise. He was accompanied by Charley Mitchell, the ex-heavyweight champion, who brings his son, Charles Jr., with him to help train White, who will begin work right away.

SHE CANNOT EXPLAIN.

Mrs. Schmidt Found Unconscious on Railroad Tracks.

St. Cloud, Minn., March 28.—The police are trying to solve the mystery surrounding what is supposed to have been a crime committed upon the person of Mrs. Emma Schmidt, aged 50. On Saturday her unconscious form was found on the tracks of the Great Northern a mile west of the city by a farmer. Her head was covered with bad contusions.

After being taken to the farmer's home she recovered consciousness, but is unable to make any explanation of what befell her. Ten years ago she parted from her husband, when they were living in Wisconsin. Since then she has made her home in St. Cloud.

Two weeks ago her attention was called to an advertisement in a St. Paul paper which stated that if she and her little girl would go to that city they would receive a sum of money. Mrs. Schmidt, fearing that it was an attempt to gain possession of her child by her former husband, refused to go.

On Monday her husband visited her and when he left the girl accompanied him. Friday morning Mrs. Schmidt left the house, telling the family where she lived that she was going to a neighbor. Nothing more was heard of her until she was found the next morning lying unconscious on the railroad track.

DECREASE IN EARNINGS.

New York, March 28.—A decrease of $1,102,004 in its net earnings for the year ended Nov. 30 last, is shown in the annual report of the Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron company made public today. The company's profits for the year, after deducting a loss by the North Alabama Furnace company of $27,027, were $771,367, a decreasc of $1,091,676. The net earnings were $692,637, a decrease of $1,102,004 and the surplus for the year after payment of dividends was $14,637, a decrease of $1,102,603.

PILES

Piles Can Be Cured Quickly and Without Pain By Using Pyramid Pile Cure.

A Trial Package Mailed Free To All For the Asking.

We want every pile sufferer to try PYRAMID PILE CURE at our expense.

The treatment which we send will bring immediate relief from the awful torture of itching, bleeding, burning, tantalizing piles.

We send the free treatment in a plain sealed package with nothing to indicate the contents.

Pyramid Pile Cure is put up in the form of suppositories which are applied directly to the affected part. Their action is immediate and certain. They are sold at 50 cents a box by druggists everywhere and one box will frequently effect a permanent cure.

By the use of Pyramid Pile Cure you will avoid an unnecessary, trying and expensive examination by a physician and will rid yourself of your trouble in the privacy of your own home at trifling expense.

After using the free treatment, which we mail in a perfectly plain wrapper, you can secure regular full-size packages from druggists at 50 cents each, or we will mail direct in plain package upon receipt of price. Pyramid Drug Co., 1008 Main street, Marshall, Mich.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., Manufacturing Gold and Silversmiths.

EVERY DAY
a Special Bargain.

Tomorrow, March 29th
We Announce a Special Sale of
Plated Hollow Ware

Including all of our Tea Services, Waiters, Baking Dishes, Bread Trays, Candelabras, Fern Dishes, Sugar and Cream Sets, Bon Bon Dishes, Five-o'clock Coffee Sets, Dessert Sets, Children's Cups, Napkin Rings, Cracker Jars, Comports, etc.

One example—An elegant $42 Tea Set for $28.

Thursday, March 30th
We Announce a Special Sale of
SOLID SILVER FLAT WARE

Including all the latest patterns, fancy pieces such as Salad Forks, Berry Sets, Child's Sets, Oyster Forks, Carving Sets, Olive Sets and all of our Knives and Forks, Tea Spoons, Dessert Spoons, Table Spoons, Bon Bon Spoons, Pickle Forks, etc.

Friday, March 31st
We Announce a Special Sale of
CUT GLASS

Including all our Vases, Bon Bons, Berry and Salad Bowls, Tankards, Cigar Jars, Water Bottles, Cologne Bottles, Sugar and Cream Sets, Celery Trays, etc.

Saturday, April 1st
We Announce a Special Sale of
PLATED FLAT WARE

Including all of our Knives and Forks, Teaspoons, Dessert Spoons, Table Spoons, Soup Spoons, Oyster Forks, Pickle Forks, Carving Sets, Berry Spoons, Cold Meat Forks, etc.

We do not hesitate to make the assertion that this event will outclass any similar sale ever conducted by any concern, wholesale or retail, in point of volume, assortment, quality and lowness of prices. The entire stock of all the leading manufacturers will be sold at a fraction of actual worth.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.
334 West Superior Street, Providence Building.
Factory—Corner Fourth Avenue West and Michigan Street.

We Want Your Business—Best Work and Service.
Peachey & Lounsberry, Printers.
Providence Bldg.—4th Avenue West and Superior St. Both Phones.

Blank Books
Loose leaf or tight bound—all rulings. We can supply you with the new set for 1905.
Chamberlain & Taylor,
323 west Superior Street.

NOTICE.
We are ready for business. Anybody desiring to borrow money on watches, diamonds and all articles of value, come to the old reliable loan office, where your valuables are safe, and where we have a fire and burglar-proof vault. Remember the place.
KEYSTONE LOAN AND MERCANTILE CO.,
16 West Superior Street.

West Duluth
THEY WILL HELP

Ald. Barnes Wants Sewer At Oneota and Other Things.

Asks For Dock For Small Craft At West Duluth.

At the meeting of the city council last night, Alderman Barnes of West Duluth introduced three resolutions, which passed, and may result in some needed improvements in West Duluth and Oneota. The one concerning Oneota requested the city engineer to draw plans of a sanitary sewer system in Oneota, which is without one now.

Another resolution requests the city engineer to make an estimate of the cost of a roadway, 16 feet wide and about 100 feet long, to cross a bog at the foot of Ramsey street, which if built will facilitate business and traffic in general at that point, which is becoming quite important now.

More work for the city engineer was provided for in the other resolution introduced by Alderman Barnes, which asks for an estimate of the cost of a public dock, 16 by 50 feet across the terminal tracks. This dock, if built, will be for the benefit of the smaller craft which land at West Duluth, and which are becoming more numerous every summer.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Maud French of Staples, Minn., is spending the week with her mother at Forty-first avenue west and Fourth street.

A special meeting of the Ladies' Guild of the Holy Apostles' church will be held at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the church. Services, conducted by Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, will follow the meeting.

Mrs. J. P. Hamill of 411 North Fifty-second avenue west, is entertaining Miss Feeley of Flfield, Wis.

Michael Tully of Chicago was the guest on Saturday and Sunday of Rev. John Feehely.

J. Schulte of the C. J. Petruschke box factory has returned from the East, where he spent seven weeks.

Miss Gladys Johnson of Pembina, N. D., is the guest of West Duluth friends this week.

A. W. Spohn of Fifty-second avenue west and Wadena street is sick with a bad cold.

The executive committee of the Western Curling association will meet this evening at J. A. Scott's office to consider plans for the entertainment they expect to give on the evening of April 4, when the annual meeting of the club will be held.

Class lessons in oil, water color and china painting until May 1st for 50 cents. Studio 7 Munger row.—Mrs. Hayden.

The Catholic Order of Foresters will meet tonight.

For wall paper go to Nygren's.

At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the funeral of Mrs. Johanna Anderson, who died last Friday, was held from the Swedish Lutheran church. The burial took place in Oneota cemetery.

Preliminary steps were taken last night at a meeting of Scandinavians at the West Duluth Commercial club rooms, for forming a Scandinavian sick benefit association. About 150 persons signed the petition for the organization and a committee was appointed to draft bylaws and a constitution. Another meeting will be held in about two weeks.

Easter sale and supper at the Plymouth Congregational church tomorrow evening. Supper, 25 cents.

PATENTS ISSUED.

Washington, March 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—A patent for a combined cot and tent has been issued to Ira L. Gleason of Hutchinson, Minn.

I CURED MY RUPTURE
I Will Show You How to Cure Yours FREE.

I was helpless and bed-ridden for years from a double rupture. No truss could hold. Doctors said I would die if not operated on. I fooled them all and cured myself by a simple discovery. I will send the cure free by mail if you write for it. It cured me and has since cured thousands. It will cure you. Write to-day. Capt. W.A. Collings, Box 403, Watertown, N. Y.

MISSION TALK

Annual Meeting of Presbyterian Society Is In Progress.

Dr. Wishard Will Talk of the Mormon Problem.

The seventeenth annual meeting of the Home and Foreign Presbyterian Missionary society is being held today at the First Presbyterian church and there are delegates present from the various churches of the city and from Two Harbors, Carlton and Sandstone.

This morning's meeting opened at 10 o'clock with a devotional service conducted by Mrs. W. J. McCabe of the Glen Avon Presbyterian church and following that were the reading of the minutes of the meeting of 1904, appointment of nominating, resolutions and registration committees, items of business, reports of delegates, of secretaries and of the foreign treasurer.

Mrs. McLeod of the Glen Avon church gave the principal address of the morning which was a talk on Japan. She spoke of the geographical, historical and industrial features of Japan and of that country's rapid development. This was followed by a discussion that brought out some interesting facts about the Yankees of the East. After the discussion was ended at noon quite an elaborate lunch was served by the ladies of the First Presbyterian church.

This afternoon officers will be elected and this will be followed by a devotional service. The minutes of the home meeting of 1901 will be read, unfinished business will be transacted, the contingent treasurer, Mrs. Pierce, secretaries, Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Sutherland, and home treasurer, Mrs. Baird, will read their reports and Dr. S. E. Wishard of Utah will speak.

Following some minor business the meeting will adjourn until this evening when Dr. Wishard, superintendent of the Home Missionary society of the Presbyterian church for Utah, will deliver an address on "The Mormon Problem." Dr. Wishard has been in the missionary work in Utah for 15 years and is well posted on the Mormon conditions. He is an uncle of Luther D. Wishard, who was in Duluth some time ago in Y. M. C. A. work. The meeting will be open to all.

"In talking over the Mormon question today, Dr. Wishard said that scarcely anybody outside of Utah really knows the tremendous power which the Mormon church wields or of what they can do to Gentiles and what they are doing. He told of how twelve representative business men among the Gentiles met and discussed the problem and what could be done with it. They agreed that the state is firmly in the grip of Mormonism and that the Gentiles in the state are at the mercy of the predominating sect. He submitted a clipping from the Salt Lake Tribune of Jan. 25 last to show what became of this meeting and how helpless Gentiles are in the matter. It follows:

"After these statements were accepted as the view of the twelve Gentiles who were present, it was decided to confer with other leading Gentiles of the community; to hold a mass meeting in one of the large auditoriums; to adopt a set of resolutions embodying the above, and to forward the same to Washington, as a protest against the testimony of Gentiles in the Smoot case, and as an appeal for help.

"Thereupon appeared this astounding situation:

"Every man approved the foregoing declaration of facts and approved the method by which the protest was to be sent to the world; and not one man among the number dared to stand out in public and become sponsor for this great cause.

"They were cowards?

"No; they were of more than the average of human courage, loyalty and ability.

"But the merchant knew that his patronage would be made to vanish in a night; he would lose the power to meet his obligations in the world; and he did not dare to invite this destruction. The professional man knew that not only could and would the hierarchy take from him all Mormon patronage—but, if he were a lawyer, it could destroy his hopes of Gentile patronage by making him and his clients so unpopular with courts and juries that to employ him would be to invite defeat. The mining man knew that the hierarchy could direct legislation against him; might possibly influence courts, and could assuredly influence jurors to his disaster. And so it went through the range of the Gentiles who were present.

"This case demonstrates all the elements of a reign of terror in Utah."

TEST SCHEME OF ENGINEER

To Prevent Bad Odors From Lake Avenue Sewer.

The city engineer's department is now installing two experimental devices on Lake avenue, which are intended to rid the district between Superior street and the ship canal of the offensive smell from the sewers which frequently is noticable in the summer months.

Owing to the fact that the sewer on Lake avenue is within two feet of the surface the usual traps containing water cannot be installed, as the water would freeze in the winter and burst the pipes. The city engineer evolved a plan to put in the usual traps to catch the gas, and connect them with the water mains, thus keeping them filled with "live" or running water which would not freeze. The surplus water from the trap would run off into the sewer.

A valve box would be constructed which would enable the city employes to shut off the water during the summer months when there would be no danger of it freezing, and the trap would then be similar to the ordinary one.

The plan was recommended by City Engineer McGilvray several months ago, and last evening the council made an appropriation to test the scheme.

MISCONDUCT IN OFFICE

Causes the Removal of a Town Chairman.

Ashland, Wis., March 28.—D. F. Tyler, chairman of the town of Jacobs, was removed from office yesterday by Judge Parish for misconduct in office. Eleven charges are made against Tyler, three of which were proven, namely, accepting interest upon town orders, omitting his personal tax from the tax roll, and allowing Belle Drew to sell liquor without a license. George McCurdy was appointed chairman.

GAELIC MAIL REFUSED.

Postal Authorities Not Required to Know Language.

London, March 28.—In view of the refusal of the Dublin postal authorities to accept a number of parcels which the Gaelic League had addressed in Irish, John Redmond has asked, in the house of commons, "whether, seeing that an average of about 4,000 letters a week addressed in Irish are posted in Dublin and regularly delivered, the postmaster general will give orders that the Gaelic League's parcels shall be dispatched?"

Last year it was officially stated in the house of commons that the use of Gaelic by the Irish people was so infrequent that the authorities saw no use in insisting upon postal officials knowing the language. It is a fact, too, that only four or five of the Nationalist members of parliament can speak Gaelic. In recent years two of them have used it in the house itself during debate. One was not noticed, the Gaelic being undistinguishable from his English; while the other, a clear tongued and cultured young man, was promptly "pulled up" by the speaker. But sympathy with the attempted revival of the ancient Erse speech is general among those interested in art and literature.

For goodness sake dine at Haley's restaurant. Popular prices. Best service.

LONDONERS ARE WILD FOR JAPANESE LOAN.

London, March 28.—When the prospectus of the Japanese war loan of $150,000,000 was issued today, the neighborhood of the issuing banks resembled the scenes witnessed on a first night's popular theater. Long lines of people were struggling for admission and special forces of police controlled the streams of eager investors. The interiors of the banks were filled with shouting crowds struggling to snatch prospectuses.

ARBOR DAY, APRIL 28.

St. Paul, March 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Johnson has changed his Arbor day proclamation to make the date April 28, instead of April 21, which is Good Friday.

S. F. BOYCE INTERESTED

Our Leading Druggist Has Combined With One Thousand Other Druggists Who Are Leaders of the Drug Business In the United States.

One thousand retail druggists, who are the leaders of the drug trade of the United States, and that means the world, rated by Bradstreets and Duns at twenty million dollars, and whose retail business aggregates over seventy million dollars annual sales, have agreed to give their name, financial backing and endorsement to the guarantee that Rexall Mucu-Tone will cure any disease or trouble arising from catarrh or they will refund the money. Mr. S. F. Boyce, our local druggist, says he is proud of his connection with the Rexall Remedies, particularly so of Mucu-Tone, and when asked why, stated that a remedy must be something out of the ordinary to get his backing. "It is not all profit," said Mr. Boyce, "that leads me and my one thousand associates into endorsing this remedy, it is our years of experience with medicines and our knowledge of them that makes us believe that a Rexall Mucu-Tone is a bona-fide discovery for the cure of all ailments due to catarrhal affection. We know that it is not a cure all, but a remedy built on scientific lines and not a patent medicine, as each one of the one thousand druggists know its formula and its value. It has one great additional value besides curing constitutional catarrh—that it is a system builder. No such tonic was ever before designed for the curing of inflammation of the mucuous membrane—nor can it be improved on in the present age. Just stop and reason with yourself for one minute. We are doing business right here in your midst. Could we afford to offer our name and endorsement to Mucu-Tone as we do if we did not know that it was an honest medicine? Could we afford to agree as we do that we will refund every penny paid us for the medicine if it does not benefit?

"All we ask is the customer's word and the empty bottles and we hand the money back. No signed certificate. We believe the public, especially the sick, are honest. Certainly every sick person who suffers from any of the following ailments should take advantage of our offer today. Rexall Mucu-Tone cures catarrh of the nose, throat, stomach, intestines, liver, kidneys or bladder, and any who are convalescing from sickness of any kind should take advantage of our offer and purchase what we recommend as the best tonic ever sold in a drug store. We have a large trial size at fifty cents, and we guarantee it or refund your money."—S. F. Boyce.

TO GO OUT SLOWLY

Little Rush Likely In Shipping Grain In Store Here.

Large Stock of Oats Nearly All Expected To Be Moved.

The elevators at Duluth and Superior have today approximately 18,000,000 bushels of grain in store and by the time navigation opens this should be increased to nearly 19,000,000 bushels. This would seem to ordinarily promise good business for vessels in grain carrying, but the situation does not seem to hold out a great deal that is satisfying. At the opening there will be a little more than 5,000,000 bushels of wheat on hand if the present rate of increase is maintained. Ordinarily wheat goes with considerable rapidity after the opening, but up to this time there has been but little sold by shippers to go forward on the opening. Offers for wheat from Eastern buyers have been at better figures recently than have prevailed. One charter is learned of having been made for wheat to go forward on the opening. This was at 2½c and there is no reservation clause. The grain must go forward within the usual period of ten days after the first boat arrives from the lower lakes, regardless of strikes or other disturbances. The rate with the usual strike reservation is understood to be 2¼c, but with little or none chartered. The amount of wheat to be moved soon after the opening can only be guessed at, but shippers would not be surprised if it should not be more than half the stock now here.

The largest stocks represented here are in flax, of which there is nearly 7,650,000 bushels. As to how much of this will be moved down the lakes no one can tell, except the American Linseed Oil company, which owns the greater part of it. It is not believed here that any great amount of it will go forward very early in the season. The American company is not likely to require it so urgently as to cause any advance in freights for the purpose of shipping it.

The stock of oats will, at the opening, be about 5,000,000 bushels, being now nearly four and three-quarter millions. The chances are that this will all go out pretty early in the season.

Rye, barley and corn stocks do not amount to very much, possibly 650,000 bushels. One of the elevators had expected to have about 1,000,000 bushels of corn here to go out after the opening, but has not yet reached the 100,000 bushel mark.

FUNERAL OF JULES VERNE OCCURS AT AMIENS.

Amiens, France, March 28.—The funeral of Jules Verne took place today in the church of St. Martin and was attended by representatives of the literary, scientific and geographical societies and many school children. The casket was covered with flowers including a tribute from the society of French authors. Military honors were accorded the deceased as he was a member of the legion of honor. The burial took place in the Madeleine cemetery.

DON'T FORGET THE
DANCE!
Given by Clan Stewart, Eagles' Hall, Folz block, Wednesday evening, March 29. LaBrosse Orchestra. Tickets 25c.

CORRUPT PRACTICE ACT

Is Repealed By the Wisconsin Assembly.

Madison, Wis., March 28.—The Wisconsin assembly today passed a bill repealing the corrupt practices act, requiring candidates for office to file a schedule of campaign expenses. A bill requiring the vaccination of all employes of lumber and ice camps and paper mills was killed. Unfavorable action for an exhibit at the Portland exposition was reconsidered and a new bill appropriating $24,000 was introduced. The senate killed the bill providing for the removal of state officers if found delinquent or guilty of wrong doing.

NO SALOONS PERMITTED

On Army Lands Segregated Under the Reclamation Act.

Washington, March 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The registers and receivers of the United States land offices in Arizonia, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Okalahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington and Wyoming, have been instructed by the commissioner of the general land office to notify all persons who have heretofore entered, or who may hereafter enter, any of the lands which have been segregated under the provisions of the reclamation act of June 17, 1902, that the leasing of such lands or portions thereof to other persons who have been and are conducting the business of selling alcoholic liquors on said lands, principally to the employes engaged on the government works, either by themselves or others, will be deemed sufficient cause for the cancelation of the entries embracing the lands so used or occupied.

The officers of the land offices are further directed to give the widest possible publicity to the fact that such use of any lands withdrawn under this act, whether such lands have been entered or are unoccupied, will be prevented by proper actions in ejectment, by injunction, or otherwise.

These instructions have been called forth by the deplorable conditions existing in Nevada, where the government work employs several thousand men. Homesteaders have leased a portion of their lands to persons engaged in the liquor business, and murder and robbery have been rampant in consequence. The commissioner's decision is likely to correct these conditions, and will undoubtedly prevent their occurrence in other sections wherein the government is about to engage upon similar works.

Rainy-Day Bargains at Freimuth's.

COME HERE for these tomorrow — no other house hereabouts will give you such rich savings on such timely needs.

98c FOR BETTER UMBRELLAS than we sold you at $1.50 last season.

$2.48 FOR EXTRA FINE $1.50 UMBRELLAS—Fine guaranteed silks in black and colors—a great assortment of handles.

$12½ FOR CHOICE 1 LOT SPIC, SPAN, NEW Cravenette Rain Coats—worth every cent of $17.50—choice styles and colorings—Wednesday only $12.50.

49c FOR WOMEN'S 65c STORM RUBBERS—OR FOR Boys' 65c Rubbers—best quality—all sizes—not odds and ends—but perfect goods.

39c FOR WOMEN'S 50c LOW CUT RUBBERS—or for Misses' 50c Rubbers—or for Youths' 50c Rubbers.

$1.39 FOR GENUINE CRAVENETTE SUITINGS—A special for Wednesday shoppers—there is only one genuine Cravenette and we have it.

On the Bargain Square Wednesday.

12½c ENGLISH PERCALES... 8½c

Another lot of those fine English Percales on sale tomorrow at 8½c the yard.

Choice styles—light and dark patterns—a full yard wide—always a shilling the yard—Wednesday, instead of 12½c, you can buy them for—

EIGHT AND A HALF CENTS.

There's a bargain it will pay to come for—rain or shine—gentle breezes, or blustry winds.

Lake Avenue, Michigan and Superior Sts. **Freimuth's** *Daylight Store Duluth, Minnesota.*

TO CANCEL DEED

Mrs. Wilkson Asks Court To Restore Transferred Property.

Case Is Peculiar and Pathetic—Plaintiff Old and Deaf.

Judge Ensign is hearing a case in district court today that is peculiar and pathetic. The case is that of Mrs. Kaiser Wilkson against John Maki, to have a deed to forty acres of land, about five miles west of West Duluth, set aside. Mrs. Wilkson is Finnish and understands no English. Besides this, she is deaf. In taking the testimony this morning an interpreter had to be employed, and in translating the questions of the attorneys, had to get close to the old lady's ear and shout at the top of his voice.

The plaintiff claims that the land in question had been owned by her husband, John Wilkson, since 1878, and that on March 4, of last year, he transferred the land to John Maki with the understanding that Maki should take care of him and his wife, the present plaintiff, as long as they lived, or, in the event of the parties to the agreement being dissatisfied, Maki was to pay to Wilkinson or his wife the sum of $1,200. On March 13, just a few days after the deed was signed, Wilkson died intestate, and his widow, according to the complaint, was left to the mercy of Maki.

About the second week in July, Maki's family and Mrs. Wilkson not getting along, the latter left and demanded the $1,200 which it was understood was to be paid under the circumstances. Maki refused to pay, and it was found that the agreement in writing did not contain this provision.

Mrs. Wilkson claims that when the agreement was drawn up the papers were not read over to her and her husband, and they signed them believing that the full agreement was contained in the written document. Since that time, it is asserted, Maki has in no way contributed to Mrs. Wilkson's support, nor paid any money for the land, and she prays the court to set aside the deed given. Mrs. Wilkson is 77 years of age.

The suit for the collection of wages by Sam Larson and George Jenson against the Powers-Simpson company is still on trial before Judge Dibell.

CONVICT KILLED

By Another Prisoner In Pennsylvania Penitentiary.

Pittsburg, March 28.—Charles Turner, aged 30 years, a convict in the Western dered at that institution early today by ed at that institution early today by Paul Kruger, another convict during an altercation while at work in the bake house. Kruger stabbed Turner with a knife which he had secreted on his person. Death was almost instantenous.

The two men were kneading dough in the bake house, when Turner, in a jocular spirit threw some dry flour into the trough at which Kruger was working. Kruger became angry and drawing the knife, stabbed Turner in the stomach. The murderer was immediately confined in the dungeon. The officials of the prison are making thorough investigation as to how Kruger came to have the weapon in his possession as the prisoners are searched almost daily. The coroner is also investigating.

SAINTS AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, March 28.—Members of the St. Paul Baseball club, champions of the American association, arrived here last night, and today took quarters at the Norwood Inn, where they will put in three weeks of spring practice.

Pure, Palatable, Popular.

FOR TOMORROW AFTERNOON

National Biscuit Company to Tender Elaborate Reception to the Ladies of Duluth and Vicinity.

To be held Wednesday afternoon at the Armory from 2 until 5 o'clock. Special decorations, music and refreshments. Ladies of Duluth and vicinity cordially invited.

The ladies of Duluth and vicinity will be interested in knowing that active preparations are under way for a reception for their special benefit. A special exhibition and reception committee comprising fifteen representatives of the National Biscuit company are now in this city, registered at the Spalding hotel. Many evidences of their coming are already apparent. To judge by the elaborate preparations, the reception promises to be something out of the ordinary. The Armory has been engaged for the occasion, and is now in the hands of a corps of decorators who accompany the committee. The National Biscuit company is giving this reception to enable the ladies of Duluth to see for themselves what the National Biscuit company has done and is doing for them. Notwithstanding the fact that the name of Uneeda Biscuit, the National Biscuit company's best-known product, is a household word in millions of homes, there are still many people who have never learned that the soda cracker has a food value that should give it rank among the necessities of life. Only those who know Uneeda Biscuit know the soda cracker at its best. For any requirement, whether for the nourishment of the invalid, or to satisfy the appetite of rugged health, it is equally appropriate. It represents not only the perfection of the baker's art, but its package, which excludes all air, moisture and dust, enables the consumer to procure it at any grocers, at any time, as fresh and crisp as it left the oven.

Since the introduction of Uneeda Biscuit, six years ago, more than three hundred million packages have been sold, and the people who bought them are hungry for more.

In the meantime the National Biscuit company determined to perfect a line of biscuit, crackers and wafers that would meet the requirements of every occasion, from the oysters to dessert. This has been done, and as in the case of Uneeda Biscuit, perfect baking was given the protection of a package which excludes all air, dust and moisture. Among the many examples of the perfection to which the art of baking has been brought are Oysterettes, Butter Thin Biscuit, Graham Crackers, Social Tea Buiscuit, Zu Zu Ginger Snaps and others.

Two of the most delicious products of the National Biscuit company are Nabisco Sugar Wafers and Festino Almonds, two confections original in their conception, delicious in flavor, pleasing to every one, and appropriate for any occasion.

Every lady in Duluth is invited, and should be present at the reception which will be held Wednesday afternoon, from 2 until 5 o'clock. Original and elaborate decorations have been sent from Chicago for the occasion, and appropriate refreshments will be served under the supervision of a chef who accompanies the reception committee.

Plante's orchestra will render a program of selected music, and there will be pleasant entertainment for all. Don't miss it.

BOGUS QUARTERS

Cause Arrest of Two Men For Counterfeiting.

Cass Lake, Minn., March 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Saturday morning, Archie Siddon, proprietor of the City hotel at Cass Lake, had two men arrested on the charge of counterfeiting. They were playing bogus quarters in his slot machine. When arrested they had a quantity of the slugs on them and a complete outfit for making them. Although the coins bear no resemblance to the quarter, Justice Cummings bound them over and Sheriff Gibson took them to Walker Monday morning. It is believed they have the material to make a better imitation planted some place, and it is the wish of the police to hold them. The leader is Mullen, who used to catch on the Detroit league team. He claims his pal has nothing to do with him, that he picked him up in Bemidji.

It dulls the scythe of Father time, drives away wrinkles of approaching old age—the elixir of life, that puts hope in the human heart—Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

TO RELIEVE NATIVES.

Hospital Corps Leaves Honolulu For Island of Molokai.

Honolulu, March 28.—The interisland steamer Likelike, chartered by the territorial government, has left for Pelekulu valley, on Molokai, carrying Army Surgeon Yost, eight men of the hospital corps and two nurses. It is a relief expedition, sent out on account of reports of an epidemic in the form of an unknown sickness believed to be typhoid fever. Eight deaths have already taken place and there are other cases. There is no doctor on the island, outside of the practically inaccessible leper settlement. The population of the valley is small and consists entirely of natives. Many have left since the sickness began. A. C. L. Atkinson, secretary of the territorial government, accompanies the expedition.

One report made to Governor Carter, which is being investigated, suggests poisoning, and says there is a native poison tree in the valley and that the deaths result from a feud.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

PURIFIES Beautifies the Skin. No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 56 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the hauntion (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers in the U. S., Canadas, and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

Mrs. J. L. Washburn of Duluth has been chosen state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution by the delegates to the national congress in Washington. A meeting of the delegates was held Saturday in Minneapolis at the home of Mrs. C. T. Thompson on Ninth street S for the purpose of choosing a successor to Mrs. W. M. Liggett, who refused to serve a second term. Mrs. C. T. Thompson was strongly urged to allow her name to be used, but when she refused the choice of Mrs. Washburn was made unanimous.

Mrs. Washburn is a charter member of the Daughters of Liberty chapter in Duluth, and she has been active in D. A. R. work. She is a well-know club woman and as well fitted to serve as the state's chief officer. Mrs. Thompson was eletced vice regent, Miss Van Horn of Faribault treasurer, and the secretary will be appointed later by the regent. The election will be ratified at the national congress.

The delegates to the congress went uninstructed in regard to the president general. According to precedent, Mrs. Charles Fairbanks is not eligible for re-election. Mrs. George M. Sternburg of Washington, Mrs. Donald McLean of New York and Mrs. Charles Lippett of Providence, R. I., are the candidates mentioned for the office.

The chapter reports showed that the Minnesota daughters have contributed $500 to the continental hall fund.

CLUBS AND SOCIETY.

Annual Meeting of Twentieth Century Club.

At the annual meeting of the Twentieth Century club held yesterday afternoon at the public library, Miss Mary B. Statham was re-elected to the presidency of the club. Other officers chosen were: Mrs. F. L. Barrows, first vice president; Mrs. Z. D. Scott, second vice president; Mrs. A. H. Smith, third vice president; Mrs. C. H. Merritt, recording secretary; Mrs. W. D. Underhill, corresponding secretary; Mrs. F. D. Smith, treasurer; Mrs. H. H. Phelps, historian.

A number of honorary vice presidents were chosen as follows: Mrs. J. D. Morrison, Mrs. George Elder, Miss Elizabeth Anderson, Mrs. Henry Taylor and Mrs. William Fisher.

The membership committee is as follows: Mrs. Z. D. Scott, chairman; Mrs. C. L. Kennedy, representing the literature class; Mrs. J. B. Hansen, representing the travel class, and Mrs. L. K. Daugherty, representing the Shakespeare class.

The reports of the officers were read. These were published in The Herald of yesterday.

• • •

Miss Idella Smith of Norhome, Minn., is in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. Millen of East Fourth street, and before returning will visit with other friends in West Duluth and Superior.

• • •

Mrs. Patrick Nester of Baker City, Or., who has been visiting here for the past week, left last evening for Baraga, Mich., for a visit.

• • •

Miss Katherine Watterworth, Mrs. Schmied and son, Leo, Mrs. E. F. Burg, Mrs. S. H. Rothermel, Mrs. E. H. Eddy and Miss Hunter were among those who left yesterday for Minneapolis to attend grand opera.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John Uno Sebenius and sons of 116 Sixteenth avenue east have returned from a trip to California.

• • •

Mrs. J. E. Goodman of 1927 West Third street left yesterday for Minneapolis for a short stay.

• • •

Two birthday parties were given by Mrs. Edward Perrotte of Duluth Heights yesterday, one in the afternoon for her daughter, Miss Lillian, who attained her twelfth birthday, and another in the evening for her son, Charles, 15 years of age.

In the afternoon games were played and the favors were won by Mary Emily Merritt, Budd Neil, Violet Parker and William Cook. Miss Watt assisted Mrs. Perrotte in entertaining the young people. The guests were:

Ruth Wilson,	Jeanette Marden,
Agnes Watt,	Gilbert Fawcett,
Budd Neil,	Bert Neville,
Violet Parker,	Benjamin Wood,
Mary Emily Merritt,	William Cook,
Katharine Parker,	Edmund Christianson,
Myrtle Noble,	Milton Mayhan,
Emille Hogan,	Frank Donaldson,
May Stewart,	Arthur Fox,
Isabel Erickson,	Arthur Paully,
Ethel Purcell,	Wallace Clements.

In the evening Mrs. Frank Mayham assisted, and the prizes were taken by Emma Jenkins, Hazel Wilson, Wilfred Robertson and Charles Perrotte. The guests were:

Wilfred Robertson,	Emma Jenkins,
Raymond Butler,	Hazel Wilson,
Henry Johnson,	Maud Watts,
Aaron Donaldson,	Alice Watts,
Alfred Brayton,	Rayonette Adams,
Camille Marion,	Lucy Wood.
Abbie Fox,	

• • •

Mrs. A. Metter of 614½ East Second street entertained Sunday for her daughter, Mathilda, it being her sixteenth birthday. The evening was spent in playing games. The guests were:

Mr. and Mrs. Boetcher.

Misses—	
Amanda Mier,	Lizzie Zuck,
Pearl Ettinger,	Bertha Boettcher,
Lena Bessen,	Birdie Lawrenz,
Hattie Teske,	Ruby Cullen,
Lillie Mier,	Minnie Dinwall,
Bertha Heinrick,	Lenora Boettcher,
Clara Bhaedel,	Elsie Boettcher,
Messrs.—	
Christ Bhenning,	Willie Mitter,
Ed Bhenning,	Walter Lawrenz,
Albert Fiser,	Johnny Cullen.
Herman Mitter,	

• • •

Earl Bruno of 204 Palmetto street, on Duluth Heights, aged 4 years, was given a pretty birthday party yesterday afternoon by his mother, Mrs. A. Bruno. Mrs. Carroll and Mrs. F. A. Lumbard assisted. Della Purcell and Floyd Stubbs won the prizes in a game which was played The guests were:

Rose Carroll,	Chauncey Johnson,
Coney Parker,	Herbert Landolt,
Evelyn Davis,	Johnny McDonald,
Doris Pennell,	Paul Youngquist,
Edna Wylie,	Della Purcell,
Ethel Purcell,	Floyd Stubbs,
Katherine Colton,	Roy Tomlin.
Rhemy Sepple,	

• • •

The Olcott club, composed of young ladies on Duluth Heights, will meet tomorow evening with Miss Rayonette Adams. The reader will be Miss Eva Metcalf.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. R. Wendlandt of 2909 West Third street, were given a surprise party by a number of their friends last evening. The guests were:

Misses—	
Lillian Klinkert,	E. Rosemund,
Bertha Wendlant,	S. Rosemund,
Alida Wendlant,	Letta Helsel,
Elmer Brooks,	Lillian Krenz,
Bertha Gutzert,	Rose Krenz.
Messrs.—	
L. G. Wendlant,	Tony Lund.
William Wendlant,	Otto Gutzert,
R. Miller.	Carl Frothero,
R. A. Brooks,	F. W. Brooks,
Maurice Moran,	J. Brooks.

• • •

The "500" club met on Duluth Heights last evening and the prizes were won by Mrs. F. J. Purcell, W. Pennell, T. J. Tomlin and George Johiston. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
William Donnellson,	Frank Nobles,
William Armstrong	William Pennell,
E. J. Purcell,	F. E. Adams,
Mrs. W. E. McEwen,	J. H. Tomlin,
	John Hogan,
	George Johnston.

• • •

Zenith council of the Royal League entertained at Elks' hall last evening and cards and dancing were the pleasures provided for the guests. At the card tables prizes were won by Mrs. L. B. Gibbs, Miss Downs, W. A. Abbett and J. K. Richter. The Young Ladies' Guild of St. Luke's church served the refreshments.

SPATS ARE THE FAD.

Newest Craze Women Are Said To Affect.

The fad of the season is the spat fad. The spat is nothing more or less than a fancy gaiter. But it is as stunning as it is fashionable. It has the advantages of being easily and cheaply made at home, relates an exchange.

The spat matches the gown. There is the tan-colored leather spat with the girl's initial burned on the instep. Then there is the white silk spat with embroidery over the instep. This elaborate affair is worn with a dainty white gown. One spat is white silk, with blue forget-me-nots in blue silk. Blue ribbons are worn with the white gown.

The all over lace spat is a stunning creation. It is made of either white or black lace and is often dyed to match a colored frock. The lace spats are trimmed with beads of the same or contrasting color. Black spats with steel beads are popular for wear with black dresses.

The buttons are covered with leather. Worn glove tops make attractive button covers.

The pattern for the spat can be made by ripping up a plain cloth gaiter and cutting from it a paper pattern. Then cut from this pattern a cloth pattern, sew it up, fit it to the foot and save it and cut the spats from it.

Some are embroidered with polka dots, others with violets. Some are done in white linen, others in white silk. Pink spats have tiny pink rose buds. All sorts of designs are employed in carrying out dainty and exquisite effects.

A patent leather boot can be worn with a spat of any color, though the swellest fashion makes the boot match the gown and spat.

Bridal Style.

There is not much change in bridal finery from year to year, save this—it is now marked with the new name or initials of the bride instead of her maiden name. The reason is this: Fine articles last some time, and it is absurd to have to account for names and initials that no longer belong to one. So superstition has been laid, and the fear of the marriage never taking place with it, because well-bred girls have a distaste for broken engagements, and only serious impediments are considered possible. A really safer and more satisfactory method is a device like a fluer-de-lis or a favorite flower. It is exceedingly pretty, too, and can be used on every article of a bride's trousseau.

WHITHER THOU GOEST

By Ida M. Shepler.

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

They were making a short cut home from the theater through side streets when the gloom spread deep between the far set street lamps. Closely she clung to his side, glancing up into the face she loved so well, for they were young, and this new life entered into for both was very sweet. Out of the gloom loomed up white marks. The woman shivered and he drew her nearer him with a slight laugh. It was only the back grounds of a marble shop, with here and there the marble in bulk awaiting the chisel; here and there a discarded stone telling its sad legend, or one getting in shape for a name that, mayhap, was yet among the living.

Something moved among them. Something old and bent. The man and woman paused in the deeper shadows to watch as the form half straightened, the face too deep in the shadow to recognize, turned about in listening, and then, still half bent, crept out, her burden covered deep with her shawl.

Suddenly something dark loomed above her—something with helmeted head, and as a heavy hand came down on the frail old shoulder, a rough voice cried out: "Drop it! Oh, that's it, is it? Stealin' tombstones, eh? Well, of all the stealin' I've had to deal with this un beats me. Come along! What next will such as you be up to?"

Crouching now with abject fear, the old woman moaned piteously: "Don't take me to the lockup. Don't. Oh, I'm an honest woman, till now. It was such a tiny, tiny old stone. Somebody's discarded footstone. They can never use it again. As I went back and forth to my work I saw it, and it come over me that I must have it for my baby's grave. N. and S., that is the letter on it. Naomi was her name. Sarah is mine. Oh, you don't know how hard it was to see them put her away out there with all the other poor children among the weeds, and soon I could not find her grave. Pity me and let me go. I have no money to buy a mark to tell where my darling lies. Naomi! Naomi! The angels named you and brought you to me." The words died away, the head was nearly in the dust at the policeman's feet. And then the woman listening, felt her arm almost roughly cast aside, and saw her husband, with one stride, reach the side of the other man, and heard the brief conversation between the two, and the happy thanks of the old woman as he promised to come and see her in the morning.

As the two walked slowly homeward, they walked apart, the man so deep in thought he heeded not her abstraction and she, bowed and cut to the heart with the blackest trouble and suspicion that can enter the heart of a pure and loving woman. "Did the child suffer at the last? Did it ever need for the comforts of life?" It was the bitter blame for his own criminal neglect that she had imagined was in his tone. When the old woman had answered that she had cared for it tenderly and lovingly to the last because the angels had left it to solace her lonely life, she had not heeded. It was only that which he had said had found place in her whirling senses.

At home he held out his arms for her. She shrank from him as from one contaminated. His eyes opened wide. She did not understand the query in them, but flinging herself face down on the couch, cried: "You lied to me. You said that you had never loved a woman but me. And yet there was one you deserted, and there was a child. Oh, God I can bear all but that. A sister for my child, a sister that died unowned, that lies in Potter's field. Don't touch me. Don't! I cannot live longer. My heart is bursting."

"Neva, stop this, or you will kill yourself," he ordered, forcing her now to lie still in his arms. "The child was not mine. Not as God is my witness would I have deserted my own. Never, come what might for me. No, dear, I never saw the girl but once. It was four years ago that Jinks and I were far out in the country, hunting. We boarded a suburban train for town. A blue-eyed, sad-faced young thing, carrying the sweetest baby I ever saw, boarded the train and sat down in front of me. You know how I love babies, and I could not help but notice and speak to this little angel. At a lonely wayside station she put it down on the seat, asking me to watch it for a moment. It was just the same old story. She had chosen this lonely place to get off the train and desert her child. We telegrapned back to find her but she had completely disappeared. That conductor was a cad. He gave Jinks and me to understand that we could look after that babe. I had it to look after for Jenks did nothing but make fun of my predicament, as he termed it. It was Jinks that wrote Naomi on a slip of paper, then pinned it to the child's dress, next another with, "whither thou goest I will go," referring to me.

"It was after dark when we got off the train, and you know that station at the further end of the town among the factories and working people's homes? Nobody I think got off there that night but we two. The place was deserted, and I was just young enough to be dismayed over the thought of carrying that baby to police headquarters. I knew the guying I was in for, and yet I pitied the sweet little thing that smiled so contentedly and was so easily amused until she had fallen asleep. A light glowed through the open door of a little cot across the way from the depot. The room seemed deserted. Take the baby over there and lay it on the bed. These people will know best what to do with it,' Jinks suggested. And I did as he told me. I left my pocketbook under its dress, and I did something else that I did not tell Jinks. I kissed it for being so good and not crying. That old woman is fitter for heaven than Jinks or I, for she could not give it up to charity. She cherished and loved it to the last while we went away and never after inquired about it. Poor baby. Now do you believe?"

Gradually she had raised up, and now she was looking deep in his eyes all her faith and trust in his truth coming back to her. Slowly she laid her lips against his cheek, whispering: "Tomorrow we will go together and see that sorrowing old woman and give her money if she needs it. And, together, we will choose a costly mark for Naomi and plant flowers every year on the little grave, for whither Naomi has gone, we, too, must go some day."

SHOULD BE SHOT.

Preacher Hands Out Roast to Brutal Husbands.

Nashua, N. H., March 28.—"A man who is downright ugly to his wife ought to be taken out into the public square and shot," said Rev. Louis E. Pease, pastor of the First Universalist church, to a fashionable congregation which filled the church edifice to the doors Sunday. "I have not the slightest sympathy for such a brute," he went on. "I do not believe in capital punishment, but even if I did, and I was on a jury in a case where a woman was being tried for her life for using a rolling pin—well, not for its usual purpose—I would never agree to the woman's conviction if I was convinced that her husband had been one of the nagging kind, one who is ever demanding more than his wife can do, illtempered, a masculine scold. Such a man has crushed out a heart purer than gold.

"Nothing that God ever created is so faithful as a woman. Every woman is a hero-worshipper. Naturally the man she chooses for a husband she regards in that light in a measure. Too often her disillusion is terrible. Then she carefully hides her hurt. Give her a chance and she will enthrone again the one she loved. She will work her fingers off for him, if he only shows that he wants to please her.

"It is the little things, most often, which are the beginning of partings between husband and wife. Husbands, let us not demand more of the one we have promised to protect and cherish than that one is able to do. Let us remember that the pies don't taste like mother's, but our own tastes are dulled. Let us send her away on a pleasant little trip and attempt to manage the children ourselves, rather than scold her because they don't always act like angels; and, above all, let us show that we appreciate her efforts to please us.

"At the bedside of his dying wife recently a husband said, "You've always been a good wife, Mary.' "You've never said that before, Henry,' replied the dying woman. And as she passed away a smile lighted her face such as I have rarely seen."

PRICES FOR

IF THIS SIGN YOU WILL KNOW SINGER SEWING MACHINES SINGER STORES IN EVERY CITY

LOWER

Quality considered, than any other.

Needles, Oil, Repairs

FOR ALL MAKES AT

SINGER STORE,

14 West Superior Street,

Duluth, Minn.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

We're doing a wonderful business in

Spring dress goods!

Our sales are larger than for any spring season in the past—as large as we expected and as large as is warranted by our immense purchases in all the black, white and colored fabrics which women are wearing as the fashions of the season develop.

You'll find a keen satisfaction in looking over the great variety of wool and mohair materials—the superb colorings, two-toned and three-toned mixtures, and the lustrous blacks—especially when your note how our prices compare with others'—in your favor.

Some black leaders.

Black Chiffon Voiles—One of the strong and popular spring leaders, we show in superb English weaves—perfectly finished—45 inches wide and only **$1.25**

Black Silk Warp Mohairs—With all the lightness and fluffiness of a veiling, combined with all the strength of best silks—42 inches wide and only **$1.50**

Black Silk Warp Tamise is exclusively at the Glass Block—sheer and beautiful, but good wear in every thread—42 in. wide—price. **$1.25**

Some colored leaders.

The craze for colored mohairs continues to gain with the fair sex, and we are showing a superior assortment.

SPECIAL—54-inch cravenetted mohair in navy and green mixtures with white. Note the width and remember these are guaranteed waterproof, and the price only **98c**

MOHAIR GRANITES—Sold generally for $1.00—52 inches wide and bright finish, in navy, brown, myrtle and black. It's only at the Glass Block you can get such a value..... **75c**

Clifton Bond Silks

continue to lead all others, because they are so good the makers give a bond with every purchase which protects you against their tearing and staining.

85c for Clifton Bond taffetas in black and colors.

$1.25 for Clifton Bond suitings in all the newest shades.

The Stage

TONIGHT'S ATTRACTIONS.

LYCEUM—Paul Gilmore in "The Mummy and the Humming Bird."

METROPOLITAN—"Buster Brown," also tomorrow afternoon and evening.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

METROPOLITAN—Latter half of week, "Alphonse and Gaston."

BUSTER BROWN.

Entertaining Musical Comedy at the Metropolitan.

CAST:

Buster Brown	Master Giovanni
Tige, Buster's dog	Jack Bell
Jack Wynn	Frank M. Christie
Ludwie Bock	Joseph T. Kelley
Michael O'Hare	Burt Jordan
Thomas Brown	Stephen W. Stott
Mary Brown	Mary Caroline Kelley-McCord
Susie Sweet	Miss May Walsh
Mrs. Sweet	Miss Nan Dodson
Gladys O'Flynn	Miss Rosa Crouch
Mlle. La Grande	Miss Adele Hinton

No one could fail to recognize the Buster Brown of Outcault's creation in the musical comedy of that name presented at the Metropolitan last evening. The youngster, whose pranks as pictured in the comic supplements have made him known in every household, is quite as fetching and mirth-provoking in the actual performance of his pranks as in the pictured representation of them. Then there is Tige, for without the dog it would not be Buster. He ably seconds his young master's mischievous efforts and lends himself to the sport with great gusto and every manifestation of an enjoyment equal to that of the young man.

The part of Buster is taken by Master Giovanni, a diminutive young man of many more years than his size and weight would indicate, and he looks it to perfection. He makes fun every minute and his antics make life a burden for his estimable grandmather. Jack Bell, in the role of Tige, ably seconds his efforts and makes the dog a most laughable character by the excellence of his pantomimic antics.

The performance is largely made up of

"BUSTER BROWN" In Highland Costume.

specialties, songs, dancing and choruses and the company gives an excellent entertainment. Burt Jordan and Rosa Crouch do some fine dancing, the latter especially making a great hit. She is agile, sensational and strenuous in her work. Miss May Walsh in songs was recalled so frequently that for a time it appeared that she would be continued for the remainder of the evening. Joseph T. Kelley as a German character is very good, in fact the company throughout is of a capable and pleasing character.

The audience filled the house and the enthusiasm indicated that all were pleased. "Buster Brown" will be repeated this evening and tomorrow afternoon and evening.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

For internal and external use.

An immediate specific for colds, coughs, sore throat, diphtheria and inflammation of the lungs. Take it in and rub it on. It stops the inflammation and prevents serious consequences. Makes you well in a day. A grand, reliable family medicine. Every bottle a complete medicine chest. Saves going for the doctor, saves expense, keeps the family well. The druggists sell it at 25c, 50c and $1.00 a bottle.

Gentlemen: "I have used Hinkley's Bone Liniment for many years at home and furnish it to my men in lumber camps. I first used it 26 years ago and my house has never been without a bottle since." W. C. McClure, Duluth, Minn.

Get a bottle today. Keep it in the house. Be prepared for contingencies. Prevention is better than cure. Hinkley's Bone Liniment is both a prevention and a cure.

Hinkley Bone Liniment Co., Saginaw, Mich.

PAUL GILMORE.

Last season Paul Gilmore made a pronounced success in "The Mummy and the Humming Bird." This season he is scoring another triumph in the same play. There is a reason for everything, and, of course, there is for this. Paul Gilmore is, in himself, a unique figure on the American stage. He combines the qualities so essential to being a popular favorite in the greatest degrees. Good looks, magnetism, artistic finesse, both in perception and in execution, a finely modulated voice, and that manly quality which is so potential an attraction for woomen. In "The Mummy and the Humming Bird" Mr. Gilmore has a vehicle calculated to show off all these good qualities to the best possible advantage.

SPENT YEAR IN PRISON.

Minnesota Youths, Convicted Of Horse Stealing, Released.

St. Cloud, Minn., March 28.—A day or two ago the doors of the Stony Mountain prison, near Winnipeg, opened for two Maine Prairie youths, whose whereabouts for more than a year have been a mystery to every one save their parents. No one of their many friends around here dreamed they were serving a sentence in prison for horse stealing. The boys left St. Cloud two years ago, bound for the Northwest territory. Their names are Matthew Lemm and Theodore Jacobs, and they were accompanied by Herbert Finneman, who escaped from the Dominion officers, and is now in the Philippine islands.

They took up land near Edmonton and at a place where they stopped over night they picked up three horses. Finnemann disappeared a short time later, and in a few days Lemm and Jacobs were arrested. They were taken to Edmonton, tried, convicted and sentenced, March 4 of last year, to serve a term of three years in the Stony Mountain prison, near Winnipeg. One of them was married and left a wife on the homestead at Vermillion valley.

Not a word of their trial or imprisonment ever appeared in print until the local paper printed an announcement to the effect that they had been discharged.

Their release was secured through the combined efforts of Senator Ripley B. Brower of St. Cloud, and Nelson D. March, senior member of the well known firm of March Brothers of Litchfield. Mr. March made three trips to Canada, and finally secured from the governor general of the Dominion a full pardon for the boys. They have written to their folks that they were innocent, and that Finnemann took the horses. His disappearance would seem to bear out their statements. The boys will proceed at once to their farms in the Vermillion valley.

SWEDEN AIDS COLLEGE.

Sends Neat Sum to Institution at Bloomington.

Bloomington, Ill., March 28.—The government of Sweden has forwarded to President Gustav Andreen of Augustana college, $13,000 pledged in aid of this institution, the largest Swedish college in the United States, and one of the leading educational institutions of Illinois.

Last year Oscar Ekman, a wealthy resident of Stockholm, gave to the college the donation of $13,000. Sweden then pledged itself to raise an equal sum to apply upon the college debt, providing that the citizens of the United States subscribed $60,000, thus paying off the entire debt. Sweden has now completed its share and the work of securing subscriptions in this country for the remainder is now being undertaken. The college has agreed to found a chair of science and $75,000 is required for the purpose. This money will be used to that end, there being no other encumbrance on the institution.

FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD

This Will Interest Every Resident of Duluth.

You can readily verify the following particulars, for the gentleman supplying them will be only too pleased to answer any enquiries by mail. If you suffer from disorder of the kidneys or bladder, and desire to be cured, write him about Doan's Kidney Pills and learn the following statement is true in every particular:

Capt. M. McLean, marine captain, living at 4324 Gilliat street, Duluth, Minn., says: "Lapse of time has only strengthened my appreciation of Doan's Kidney Pills. I gave this remedy my hearty endorsement in the summer of 1898, because of the good results I had obtained from the use of it. It promptly and effectually rid me of a dull heavy aching just over the kidneys, banished the restlessness that broke my sleep at night and brought about a healthy and natural action of the kidneys. Since that time there has been no return of the trouble, which fact convinces me that Doan's Kidney Pills cure permanently."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

TO SUBSCRIBERS:
It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both old and new addresses.

GOOD FOR THE GOVERNOR!

Governor Johnson has announced his first veto, and he has exercised the executive power regarding legislation in a way that will meet with general commendation, outside the circles of the small-minded politicians in the Republican party in this state. The governor has declined to give his approval to the so-called Horton bill that would turn the control of the new capitol over to the capitol commission for the next two years. The passage of this bill, which was acomplished by a narrow margin of votes in the legislature, was viewed with surprise by the public—or at least that portion of it which was acquainted with the motives which actuated those who framed the measure and pushed it through the house and senate. It was a piece of cheap politics, and Governor Johnson has done well to administer a strong rebuke to the peanut politicians who endeavored to deprive the executive of the small amount of patronage that would be his if the capitol were placed under his charge.

Since Minnesota entered the Union, every governor has had full charge of the capitol, and the custodian and other minor officials have been under his direction. If the Republican candidate had been elected to the governorship there is no question that he would have been vested by the legislature with full control and been given a sufficient appropriation to run it. But because Governor Johnson is a Democrat, cheap politicians among the majority in the legislature sought to take away the patronage connected with the new capitol and induced enough members of the legislature to vote for their bill. Whether they will be able to pass it now over the governor's veto remains to be seen. It will require a two-thirds vote in each branch of the legislature, and this may not be easily secured. But whatever the outcome, Governor Johnson deserves credit for courageously exercising his veto and drawing the attention of the whole state to the cheap politcal game that is being played.

STERILIZING FOODS.

There is good reason to believe that bacteria and microbes are not the causes of disease, but simply one of the symptoms; that their presence is beneficial rather than harmful. Dr. Wiley, the government chemist, is of the opinion that there is altogether too much worry and too much talk about bacteria and microbes.

He intimates that a few microbes or bacilli are a handy thing to have in one's constitution, because they serve the useful purpose of keeping down the crop of other and far more destructive bacilli.

There is too much sterilizing and pasteurizing of foods, according to his notion. He beieves that in killing the alleged bacilli in foods the life principle is also destroyed and the foods are made indigestible and about as good as so much sawdust.

So far, then, as one is able to judge from Dr. Wiley's ideas, he believes that a reasonable degree of cleanliness is all that is essential in the care and preparation of foods, and that to submit them all to chemical analysis or to take all the good out of them by recourse to sterilization is folly of the worst kind.

The person who lives properly and observes the laws of health need not fear the disease germ. Filth and unsanitary surroundings are the greatest breeders of disease. The minute animal life that is found in all flesh and food was put there for a good purpose, and to preserve foods by sterilization is simply to render them unfit to eat.

Formaldehyde will preserve meat or milk, but it will also render it unfit to eat, and the same is true of almost all the preservatives and sterilizers used in the preserving of foods.

The germ theory has been greatly overworked and is now losing much of its vogue. If germs created disease, we would all be sick all the time with practically every disease that is known, because there is little doubt that every living human is daily exposed to all the germs in the catalogue and some that have not yet been discovered.

JAPAN'S FUTURE POLICY.

That Japan will be the dominant factor in the Orient in future there is little room for doubt. Her successful war against Russia has not only fixed her position in that respect, but has placed her among the important powers of the world. That it will be her purpose to build up a great empire with China as the basis thereof, is very probable. Already dispatches have announced that Japanese soldiers, statesmen, teachers and priests are interesting themselves largely in Chinese affairs. Chinese soldiers are being instructed by Japanese officers, her children are being educated by Japanese teachers, and her places of worship are being turned over to Japanese missionaries.

While the war with Russia is still in progress, Japanese statesmen wisely refrain from giving expression to their aims and purposes, but the probable future policy of Japan has been outlined by Prof. Tomizu, the professor of international law at the university of Tokio. This eminent scholar and publicist recently said: "The peace of the Oriental Far East requires that by a union of the Orientas of the Far East, under the transforming influence of Japan, a great empire be formed on the far eastern shores of the Asiatic continent, so that militarily, economically and politically the caprices and the acts of violence of Europeans and Americans shall cease to be possible, and that the people of the Far East shall themselves maintain order in every respect."

It will be noticed that America is here included as one of the countries whose caprices might lead to further encroachment and acts of violence. The policy outlined by Prof. Tomizu is exactly similar to the doctrine promulgated by President Monroe and which has been enforced by the American nation ever since it was announced. And who shall say that Japan has not just as much right to enforce such a doctrine in the Orient as has the United States on the Western continent?

Perhaps Congressman Hull was not so far wrong in his warning that our next war would probably be with Japan over the Philippines, because the Japanese do not believe in the buncombe that Providence was responsible for our encroachment in the Far East, but rather the greed and cupidity of American spoils-hunters and exploiters. Naturally they fear further encroachment should the opportunity occur, just as the United States had reason to fear further encroachment of European powers on this continent unless steps were taken to prevent.

Japan's purpose to be the paramount power in the Orient and her desire to protect herself by protecting weaker contiguous states is natural. That would be the idea of any other people situated as is Japan.

As long as the United States gives no evidence of further encroachment in that quarter of the world, there is no reason to expect any trouble with Japan; but let this country take one step to annex more territory, and the antagonism of both Japan and China will surely be aroused to the fighting point.

Today's dispatches relate that the administration in Washington has decided to turn over the government of the Philippines to their own people two years hence. This act is in line with the best American sentiment, and if that policy is pursued throughout it will avert senseless and needless bloodshed.

REAL LIFE INSURANCE.

The theory is often advanced that married men who toil should receive better pay than single men of like ability, because they need more pay to support their families. In truth, preference is frequently given to married men by employers, not because they do more work, but because they can be better depended upon. Having wife and children depending upon them for support, they are more easily satisfied with their employment and less likely to quit for trivial causes or to take frequent holidays. The steady workman is the one most desired, and because he is generally more steady than his single brother the married man usually gets the preference.

But the theory that a married man should receive more wages than a single one of equal ability and reliability is wrong. Marriage should have nothing to do with that matter. The same is true as to proposed taxation of bachelors. If all bachelors were single men from choice, there would be some justice in taxing them, as it is every man's duty, both to himself and his country, to build a home when he can. But often circumstances are such that it is impossible for him to do so. Sometimes the trouble is that he can find no suitable mate; again, he may be supporting a mother or other relatives and is unable to marry. Manifestly it would be unjust to tax such as these.

But the recent inauguration of birth insurance points to a possible solution of the problem that will be just to all concerned. This form of insurance would seem to be the most sensible that has ever been established. It puts a premium upon life instead of death. It provides a fund upon which parents may draw at the very time it is most needed. At present, of course, this birth insurance plan is entirely voluntary. But if it is found to work successfully, the time may come when it will be made compulsory with all men between certain ages, say between 25 and 45. Then the devotees of race suicide would be compelled to pay for the privilege of avoiding their duty, while those who held the opposite view would be rewarded in suitable manner.

Such a plan of compulsory insurance would be much superior to the system of old-age pensions now in vogue in certain European countries.

THE FIELD SURVEY.

The trolley lines of the United States killed312 people last year, besides injuring a great many more. The automobile will have to hurry if it catches up with the trolley record.

* * *

The Omaha World-Herald celebrated its fortieth anniversary on Sunday with a mammoth edition and a review of its progress. The showing made is an excellent one.

* * *

It is to be hoped that Secretary Hay's illness will be brief, and that when he returns to this country he will be fully able to take up his work in the state department. He has done some splendid service for this nation, and his place would not be easily filled by a man as competent.

* * *

Senator Spooner has nominated Secretary Taft for justice of the supreme court and Secretary Taft has nominated Senator Spooner for president. But the rank and file of the Republican party may have something to say about the nomination of a president when the proper time arrives.

* * *

An English professor, the head master of St. Paul's school, has written a letter to the London Times in which he claims that President Roosevelt borrowed his inaugural address almost bodily from the speeches of Pericles. In calling attention to the extraordinary resemblance, he says:. "I doubt whether there is a sentence in the English which cannot be paralleled in the Greek, as regards meaning at least, and often as regards form. I set today's section of the oration for translation into Greek prose, and I asked our head form, 'Where does this English come from?' The general answer was, 'From Jewett's translation of Thucydides.'" It is reported that President Roosevelt has been very busy reading the old Greek authors during the past year, and if this charge is true, it is probably a result of "unconscious cerebration" instead of an attempt at plagiarism.

* * *

Truman H. Newberry, the young Detroiter who is going to succeed Assistant Secretary Darling of the naval department, was a member of the Michigan naval militia at the time of the war with Spain. His fine yacht was tendered to the government and was used, and Mr. Newberry himself served as a common sailor on the Yosemite. When President Roosevelt was last in Detroit he made a speech in which he said:

"I cannot say that the story is true, but they do say that during the Spanish war a common sailor while scrubbing the decks was asked what yacht that was in the distance.

"'It's the Dawn,' replied the sailor.

"'How do you know?' was the query.

"'I know,' said the common sailor, 'because I own her.'"

If the story is true, Mr. Newberry is the right sort of an American citizen, the kind upon which the country can depend in time of need.

* * *

The New Jersey judge who decided that a woman's tongue is a concealed weapon probably forgot that when it is concealed it can do no damage.

Hotel Gossip.

"A business comparatively new to Northern Minnesota is the getting out of ship's timbers for the building of ocean vessels at Atlantic coast points," said E. C. Edgerly of Manistique, Mich., at the St. Louis. Mr. Edgerly acts in the capacity of timber inspector and buyer for A. L. Young of Auburn, Me., who furnishes shipyards with wooden braces for wooden vessels. The former started the industry in Minnesota, and it is now increasing with each year, because timber of the proper sort is lacking in the states to the East.

"We do not bother with the mast and regular long construction timbers," he continued, but devote our attention to getting out corner braces, and for this purpose it is necessary to use the roots of trees, the main trunk, aside from a foot or two at the butt, not being called into use at all. Tamarack is best suited for the purpose, and as the stumps of trees are as suitable as the trees themselves, provided the roots are intact, there is an almost unlimited field here in Minnesota for us to work in. All we have to do is to follow in the tracks of the tie cutters and use what they leave. The stump, or a portion of it, is taken from the ground, and the crooked piece is then hewed into shape, later being hauled to the railroad and shipped to Auburn, where it goes through a planing mill and is made ready for market.

"Each vessel uses from 400 to 600 of these braces, which are necessarily rather high in price, because of the work of getting them out and because of high freight rates. They cost us about $250 a car load. The freight from here to Maine is $125 to $140 a car. None of the product is used on the lakes, where very few, if any wooden vessels are now being built. They are all of steel construction. But at ocean ports it is different, and quite a number of wooden schooners are built at the different North Atlantic shipyards every year. Most of them are four of five masted schooners, measuring probably 330 feet long, and drawing from twenty-six to twenty-eight feet of water.

"There has been much less tie and pulpwood timber cut in this region during the past winter than was the case last season, and it is a good thing, too, for it will mean the putting of prices for timber products back where they ought to be, and make the demand for ties, poles, posts and pulpwood active next fall, giving the operators an opportunity to make a reasonable profit."

* * *

"When I left Sault Ste. Marie a week ago there still remained about three feet of snow on the ground," said C. R. Johnson at the Spalding. "While you people up here could see nothing under foot but bare ground, the people at the Soo were enjoying the best of sleighing, and probably sleighs have not yet been put out of commission there for the season. Duluth and the territory immediately surrounding were certainly favored through the winter, for everywhere else things were snowed under in great shape, while the people up here were kicking some of the time because they did not have enough of the stuff to make good sleighing.

"While a good deal of ice remains in the river at the Sault, it will not take it long to go out when once it starts to break up. Several predictions have been made regarding the date that navigation will be likely to open, but no one is very sure on that point. It is generally believed, however, that it will neither be very early nor very late, but will strike a happy medium.

"We expect a good business at the Sault this year. There has been a great business activity at the Canadian Sault for the past year or so, and the future appears bright for the Canadian town."

* * *

"Grouse have been drumming in the woods for several days past," said John Hatley, a Cass county settler, at the McKay. "That is a sure indication that spring is here. The birds appear to be quite numerous up our way, and that probably means there will be good hunting next fall, for from the way it looks now the season will be a good one for breeding. I mean to say that it will be dry compared to some of the past springs and summers, owing to the fact that the snow, which was not very plentiful, has now almost entirely disappeared in the open places in the woods, and there is not enough left to fill the swamps and streams to overflowing, and so endanger the nests of the hens. Heavy spring rains sometime play havoc with the eggs and young grouse."

* * *

"More of an effort should be made by the state of Minnesota to widely advertise its great natural resources," said B. M. Hungerford of Aitkin at the St. Louis. "It would be a good plan to organize a board of immigration for this purpose. People outside of our own state should be made to learn more of the chances for dairy and stock farming in this section.

"Duluth would derive great benefit from the development of the northern counties. If all the lands between here and Aitkin county were properly utilized and cultivated it would mean a million more persons dependent upon this city for many of the necessaries of life. People seeking lands in the states farther west are flocking through Minnesota in large numbers, and some united effort should be made to have a fair share of them stop off in this state, where they can get as good or better lands for the same money, in many instances cheaper, than they can farther west."

* * *

At the St. Louis: T. F. Smith, Kent, Ohio; M. M. Hanna, D. H. Lawrence, Two Harbors; Chas. Trezona and wife, Ely; James Sale, Ely; H. B. Wunder, Soudan; E. C. Edgerly, Sault Ste. Marie; G. H. Thompson, Hibbing; Mrs. M. C. Palmer, Virginia; B. F. Smith, Virginia; S. G. Girard, H. P. Hansen, Hibbing; Terry Naughton, St. Paul; John O'Connor, Virginia; Mrs. C. V. Moore, Scanlon; Henry Young, La Crosse, Wis.; A. J. Mulzey, Stillwater; W. C. Guile, Chicago; B. J. Waldo, Marquette; W. Morehouse and daughter, Hibbing; C. Vanneberg, Minneapolis; Hugh McQuarrie, Matchwood; M. H. Schussler and wife, Floodwood; W. F. Guyott, McKinley, Minn.; M. H. Eichman, Floodwood; A. E. Peacher, Cloquet; Mrs. Hastey, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the Spalding: G. F. Kerk, Grand Rapids; Thomas Bardon, Ashland; G. S. Hallman, Fargo; R. N. Turner, Detroit; M. I. Hawkins, Moutain Iron; D. E. Luppemuli and wife, Virginia; David Murray, Ashland; G. A. DeWilde, Shebogan; Mr. and Mrs. G. M. North, Cleveland; Chas. Grabowsky and wife, Ely; G. E. Harding, Muskegon; J. O. Lee, Minneapolis; J. Kantrond and wife, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. Platt, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Peck, St. Paul; T. J. Libby and wife, Baltimore; B. Tower, Philadelphia; W. G. Young, Boston; E. A. Jandorf, Buffalo; L. E. Fansey, Grand Rapids, Mich.; T. V. Wagy, Hibbing.

* * *

At the McKay: A Deschamp, Iron River, Wis.; W. Murray, St. Paul; M. Wright, Detroit; Mrs. Bancroft, Mrs. McDuald, Sandstone; L. F. Eutrup, G. E. Barrett, Minenapolis; W. C. Church, Des Moines, Ia.; J. W. Osborne, Hyt; N. M. Curry, St. Paul; H. E. Leach, Spring Valley; Mrs. J. H. Pohlglye, St. Paul; Chas. Poynter, Richland Center; Y. Pentz, Bayfield; A. W. Blomgren, Grantsburg, Wis.; C. E. Warner, M. Wellburg, Hazel; H. A. Stuart and wife, Denver; F. E. Smith, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Lenox: E. R. Blodgett, Union Junction; F. W. Hallern, St. Paul; Olaf Peterson, Hibbing; M. M. Young, Milwaukee; J. W. Campbell, St. Paul; P. S. Bahdeau, Cass Lake; W. M. Hogan, St. Paul; Fred Russell, Montreal; Vincent Buoye, Harry Hameghan, Madelia; S. S. Macdonald, St. Cloud; A. B. Kilborn, St. Louis; Walter Madison, Omaha; E. R. Bascomb, Calumet.

A Statesman and His Pipe.

Pall Mall Gazette: Mr Stuart Cumberland, who has made thought-reading experiments with many men of note, tells in the current Pearson's how he had on one occasion taken Mr. Chamberlain as a "subject." At the outset Mr. Cumberland found that, much as Mr. Chamberlain desired not to, "his thoughts kept straying to the mantel shelf." The mental grip, the unwavering decisiveness, which had been so strikingly displayed in the previous experiments, were lacking. I begged him to concentrate his thoughts entirely upon the test in question. 'It's no good,' he said. 'My thoughts keep going to my pipe. I haven't finished my smoke, and I really cannot concentrate my thoughts without it.' The pipe was on the mantel shelf. Mr. Chamberlain took it up, placed it in his mouth, and the experiment was immediately carried to a successful conclusion."

The Weather.

United States Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 28.—The Colorado disturbance has moved its center to the Red River Valley, the barometer continuing very low. This storm has caused light to heavy rains and thunderstorms in the Upper Lake Region, Red River and Missouri Valleys, Kansas, Oklahoma and Northern Texas, and high winds over the Upper Mississippi Valley and Western Lake Superior. It is cooler in districts lying between the Mississippi River and Rocky Mountains, the temperature falling to 12 degrees above zero in Yellowstone Park.

Following were the minimum temperatures recorded during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	54	Medicine Hat	28
Atlanta	54	Miles City	36
Battleford	24	Milwaukee	44
Boston	42	Minnedosa	32
Buffalo	46	Modena	22
Calgary	18	Montgomery	58
Charleston	58	Moorhead	40
Chicago	58	New Orleans	64
Cincinnati	54	New York	50
Davenport	52	Norfolk	52
Denver	28	Northfield	38
Detroit	50	North Platte	36
Dodge City	32	Oklahoma	50
Duluth	36	Omaha	44
Edmonton	24	Phoenix	44
El Paso	42	Pittsburg	52
Escanaba	38	Port Arthur	30
Galveston	68	Portland	42
Green Bay	42	Prince Albert	26
Havre	22	Qu'Appelle	26
Helena	26	San Francisco	48
Houghton	36	Santa Fe	22
Huron	36	Shreveport	64
Jacksonville	60	Spokane	34
Kamloops	30	St. Louis	66
Kansas City	52	St. Paul	58
Knoxville	46	Sault Ste Marie	33
La Crosse	52	Swift Current	22
Lander	16	Washington	48
Little Rock	66	Williston	36
Los Angeles	48	Winnemucca	26
Marquette	36	Winnipeg	36

Forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Wednesday: Duluth Superior and Vicinity—Rain or snow tonight and probably Wednesday. Brisk and high northeast winds, shifting to westerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, March 28.—Forecasts till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Showers and thunderstorms tonight with colder in south and west portions. Wednesday, probably showers and cooler.

Minnesota—Rain tonight with colder in south and west portions. Wednesday threatening with possibly rain in northeast portion.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Threatening tonight with rain in east portions. Wednesday, partly cloudy with rising temperature.

MINNESOTA OPINIONS.

Le Sueur Sentinel: The spectacle of a woman addressing the legislature of the state of Minnesota for the first time in it's history was what the world witnessed on encampment week when Mrs. Perry Starkweather made her plea for the women's building at the soldiers' home. Not many members will be found who will deny her what she has asked for. Minnesota has done nobly for her civil war veterans and is doing nobly for them now and she is going to add to her bounty, a home for the aged wives, mothers and widows of the old boys, who, some of them, refuse to be parted from their faithful wives except by death. Every member who votes for this bill earns a well deserved fame.

St. Peter Free Press: Why private banks should be accorded more privileges than state banks or national banks is not very clear. Often these institutions are nothing but a side issue to a big industrial concern, for the purpose of getting deposits with which to run the main business. State or national banks are limited to 10 per cent in their loans to one individual, while a private bank may turn over all its deposits to one party. This is not only unfair but a dangerous system for the depositors.

Goodhue County News: Just because our state railroad commission is notoriously lax and inefficient is no reason for not giving more power to that inert body. Its laxness and inefficiency is the fault of the people who created it. If they care about having the right sort of railroad commission they can get one.

Fosston Thirteen Towns: Though at times meeting with sore discouragements, Duluth has not only weathered the storms but forged ahead and now the future of this remarkable city wears a brighter aspect than at any time in the years gone by, and even now, the extent to which the commercial relations of the city at the Head of the Lakes with this great Northwest will grow can scarcely be but slightly understood. A vast territory reaching out in various directions, but particularly to the West, will each succeeding year grow more intimate with the "Zenith City" in vastly increased commercial association, thereby demonstrating to the world that Duluth was "builded upon a rock" in more senses than one.

International Falls Press: Governor Johnson's recommendation that judges of both the supreme and district courts be chosen at spring elections is meeting with considerable favor. It would be an effective method of keeping the judiciary free from the political intrigues incident to state and national elections.

Starbuck Times: The legislature would be fully sustained by public sentiment if it should pass the bill providing for adequate compensation for our supreme and district court judges. They are notoriously underpaid as compared with the pay of judges in other and adjoining states and it is a matter of common remark among those informed on the subject that the present stipend is not commensurate with the present high order of legal ability on the bench of this state. In view of the fact that a laborer is worthy of his hire, it seems parsimonious and small to keep the judges' salaries down to the minimum.

Found in "Lemon" Pies.

Chicago Record-Herald: Three lemon pies bought from the shelves of downtown restaurants were analyzed in the office of the state food inspector, and this is the composition of the filling of one of them, as announced by the chemist:

"Starch, in thick, firm paste, flavored slightly and very little acid; 21 per cent sugar. Angiline coloring methyl-orange group). The color is made synthetically from aniline, and aniline from coal. Method—di-methyl-anilime on dinzo-benzine-sulphonic acid. Methyl orange is poisonous in large doses. Found to contain very little flavoring and acid from lemon. Filling of starch paste, sugar and colored deep yellow.

In plain English, it was explained by the chemist that anilme is used instead of eggs. The butter was neglected altogether and the lemon juice was slighted.

Another lemon pie was beginning to decompose when it was delivered to the laboratory. There was dough at the bottom. The third lemon pie examined was said to be tolerably good. The much-abused mince pie escaped with a good reputation, but one of the two pumpkin pies examined was said to be old.

The Difference

Here are tables of crime in which the meaning is the same but the description different:

THEFT.
Rich woman, kleptomania.
Rich man, shortage.
Poor man, stealing.

DRUNKENNESS.
Rich man, debility or heart failure.
Well-to-do man, alcoholism.
Poor man, delirium tremens.

IN WALL STREET.
Rich man, legitimate speculation.
Well-to-do man, dabbling in stocks.
Poor man, gambling.

A MATTER OF HEALTH
ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
HAS NO SUBSTITUTE

Twenty Years Ago.

Taken From the Columns of Duluth Papers of This Date 1885.

***W. T. Hooker returned this morning from the East.

***Dan A. Christy has returned from a trip through the East.

***Misses Munger and Gray left this morning for a visit with friends in Minneapolis.

***Two progressive euchre parties were given last night, one by Miss Bostwick and the other by Mrs. Frank B. Smith.

***The Tower Press will first see the light on April 9.

***T. H. Hawkes, Jr., left on Thursda morning for the East, called there on account of the death of his brother, Rev. W. B. Hawkes, who spent a few days in Duluth on his way to the West last summer.

***Register Carey received notice last evening to turn over his office to the newly-appointed register, G. G. Hartley of Brainerd.

***Articles of incorporation of the Ortonville & Lake Superior Railroad company have been filed. The company is to construct a double track railway from Ortonville, Big Stone county, to Duluth, with extensions and branches. The headquarters are to be at Ortonville. The first board of directors are Cornelius K. Orton, Charles E. Brooks, Leslie C. Lane, Thomas M. Grant and Bernard Dassel of Ortonville.

JUST FOR FUN.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Oh, papa, the duke has proposed to me!"

"He has?"

"Yes, papa. And he says I can wear a coronet! Here's the pawn-ticket for it!"

Boston Transcript: Sympathetic Friend—So marriage has been a sad experience to you, Mrs. Grass?

Mrs. Grass—On the contrary, it has proved a most delightful one. The alimony allowed by the court is extremely liberal.

Washington Star: "Remember, son," said Uncle Eben, "dat in dis life you's boun' to do some things you's sorry foh, but dat ain' no reason foh doin' nuffin' dat you's shamed of."

Yet when they agreed that the shaft
Of reform should be sent into graft,
Those chaps with a way
Of thus making hay
Just looked at each other and laft.
—Indianapolis News.

Houston Post: "Didn't I see Jack kissing you last night?"

"Yes, ma, but he had to jiu-jitsu me to do it."

Mine eyes have seen the fury of the Kansas man amuck;
He is giving every trust in sight a jab or two for luck,
And it's getting mighty nearly time for Standard Oil to duck,
For he's still rampaging on.
—Chicago Tribune.

LOCAL OPTION.

Cannon Falls Beacon: The Moreley bill now being considered in the legislature introduces the dispensary system into Minnesota for the first time. The bill provides that intoxicating liquors may be sold only in organized towns, villages and cities and that the community may elect whether they maybe furnished by the regularly licensed saloon with which we are familiar, or by a public dispensary. The law provides for severe punishment for illegal selling, and promises to prevent the hole in the wall, the blind pig evil. There are but few, if any, communities where public sentiment is sufficiently in sympathy with the eradication of the liquor traffic to cause anything resembling a rigid enforcement of the law forbidding unlicensed selling. For this reason we are inclined to think that the dispensary system is preferable to prohibition. If the Morley bill, which is the measure referred to, does not leave communities in which licensed saloons are allowed, to regulate such saloons as to the time of their opening and closing and the manner in which they are to be conducted it should make such provision.

It seems strange that during all the years in which the public has been struggling with the question of the drink evil there has not been already popular, effective measure has resulted. The apathy of the public conscience on a question of such terrible import as this is inexplicable. Business men by means of insistent and persistent pounding and nagging can be brought to the active support of a proposition involving some commercial evil, where dollars alone are at stake, as they are being brought to the support of railroad legislation now; but here is a question involving millions of lives, billions of money, a world of unhappiness, poverty, wretchedness, insanity and the endless catagory of crimes with only here and there a feeble protest. Here is a measure which may fairly have the support of every man whether he prefers no license, the dispensary system of the licensed saloon; it is for the public betterment in either case.

Overworked Phrases.

The Author: The diction of the minor writer both is affected by and reacts on common speech. To him every anniversary is an "auspicious occasion," every entertainment a "brilliant function." Every marriage ceremony in a "very pretty wedding," at every banquet the "festive board groans," every host is "genial," every actress and every coffin receives "floral tributes." One cannot even be drowned without finding a "watery grave."

Applying the New Test.

Chicago Tribune: "Mr. Troggins, did you ever ask any other girl to marry you?"

"I never did, Gladys! Never! I—why are you looking at me so curiously?"

"I am looking at your eyelids to see whether you are telling me the truth or not. I—I don't know what to believe, Mr. Throggins. One of your eyelids says you are telling the truth and the other says you are lying."

"Lest We Forget."

American Grocer: There was a time when tallow candles cost 10 cents each and gave less than one-twentieth of the illumination for a dollar that gas gives. There was a time, and very recently, when gas, per unit of illumination (candle power), cost the public double what it now does.

There was a time (still more recently) when there was no electric light turning night into day.

There was a time when we were satisfied to travel four miles an hour in an omnibus or horse car without light or heat or transfers and pay 6 to 10 cents for what we now get for 5 cents, with light and heat, and with speed doubled.

There was a time when we thought it was a great thing to be able to telephone to a friend for 15 cents, and yet we are not satisfied.

The Germ Sharp.

Greenwich Journal: Why can't he help us keep our minds healthy by giving us something else to think about instead of furnishing food for brooding over the germ question? What do we care about a few quintillions of rejuvenated bacteria as long as the sky is blue and the sun shines and the snow melts and the turf gets rid of rigor mortis and makes a cushion for the heel? When the grass grows again and the birds come back and the sunshine soaks into his soul he will forget—or he ought to—that there are many germs, and enjoy his share of the eternal youth that spring brings with it.

Facts Not Widely Known.

Chicago Journal: Ether was first used in surgical operations in 1846.

Iron was discovered in Virginia (the first metal found in America) in 1715.

South Africa exports about $26,000,000 worth of diamonds to London every year.

The Belgians are the greatest potato-eaters in the world, and the Irish come second.

Of the 136,561 freight cars ordered for American railroads last year 35,000 were of steel construction.

In the course of sixty-three years 5,000,000 persons have been cared for in the asylums or the homeless in Boston.

Infant mortality is reportedw to be greater in Prussia than in any other country except Russia. The deaths the first year are 20.6 per cent in Sweden, 15 in France and 23.6 in Prussia.

A machine is being perfected in a Birmingham shop that is to turn out from 90,000 to 100,000 finished wire nails an hour.

Sawdust is now used by some Paris restaurants, the Gaulois says, as a dressing for cutlets instead of bread-crumbs. It costs only 30 cents a sack.

At the present moment there are 194 monuments in Germany that have been completed to Prince Bismarck, while forty-four others are in process of construction or are planned.

And This From Susan B.!

Denver Times: Susan B. Anthony, on her return from Europe, talked in an engaging way about the things she had seen over there. Of a certain slum she said:

"The children in this slum are dirty, very dirty. I hardly know how I may make clear to you the superlative degree of dirtiness that marks them. I was told, for one thing, that a mother, in this slum, often goes out on the street and washes half a dozen children's faces before she is able to find her own child."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A woman can admire her baby's head when it is bald.

A girl seems to have an idea if she mentions the word garter some one will see it.

The funniest thing is how a widow kisses a man as if she had never heard of such a thing before.

Piso's Cure for Consumption gives relief in cases of Coughs and Cold. 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM | TONIGHT
Jules Murry again presents the clever young American actor
PAUL GILMORE,
In his big success of last season
"THE MUMMY AND THE HUMMING BIRD"
By Isaac Henderson.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.50. Parquet 75c and $1.00. Family Circle and Balcony 50c.
Curtain 8:15. Carriages 10:30.
CREATORE, April 4—5

METROPOLITAN
TONIGHT AND WEDNESDAY
Night and Wednesday Matinee,
Engagement Extraordinary. The Spectacular Musical Craze,
"BUSTER BROWN"
An all star cast. 30—People—50. Prices 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c. Matinee—10c, 25c, 35c and 50c. March 30, 31 and April 1—Alphonse and Gaston.

THE RAIN COAT OF TODAY

Once it was an oilskin—shapeless and bulky; later it was a sheet of rubber—heavy, stiff and unwieldy.

TODAY it is a stylish, soft, shapely garment, as graceful as any other article in a man's wardrobe—and the most useful garment he can possess.

It is porous and admits air, yet rainproof.

The Big Duluth is ready to show you 200 exclusive patterns in fine, hand-tailored rain coats, and this is the season of the year to enjoy the comforts of one of these coats.

Better come in and look them over—

Spring Neckwear, New Shirts, Fancy Hosiery, New Wash Vests.

Spring Shoes — Spring Hats.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

RAISES FINE LEGAL POINT

C. O. Baldwin Has Beverly Jones Admitted To Bail.

Owing to discovery of a fine legal point by Attorney C. O. Baldwin, John Beverley Jones, the 14-year-old boy accused of manslaughter, is now at home with his parents instead of being locked up in the city jail until the next meeting of the grand jury.

In court yesterday afternoon, the boy was arraigned and through his attorney, Mr. Baldwin, asked for a preliminary hearing which was set for Saturday at 2 p. m.

Then rose the question of the power of the municipal judge to give bail. Judge Windom intimated that he had never been confronted with the same circumstances before, and stated he was ready to hear the arguments of either the prosecuting attorney or the defense. He intimated that he was willing to release the boy if it was within his power to do so, but inasmuch as the maximum penalty for manslaughter was fifteen years, and the municipal court act provided that the municipal judge can not fix bail for any crime for which the penalty is over seven years, he doubted if he could release the boy.

Mr. Baldwin then pointed out that since the boy was under 17 years of age, he could not be sent any place but to the state training school at Red Wing, for any crime but murder. Then he showed the statute which provides that no boy shall be sentenced to Red Wing for a term which shall keep him there after he is 21 years of age, and since the Jones boy is now 14 years of age, his maximum sentence in the training school would be seven years, and therefore the municipal judge had power to fix his bail.

At the preliminary hearing Saturday, the defense is not likely to submit evidence, but will probably content itself with attacking the case presented by the prosecution, and forcing the state to produce whatever evidence it has in the matter. The testimony of the little Dahlman girl will probably be the most important evidence for the prosecution. This is conflicted with by the story of both the defendant and the Briggs boy.

BRIDGE IN OPERATION

Ferry Car Commences Its Regular Trips Across the Canal.

As announced yesterday afternoon, the ferry car commenced its regular trips last evening shortly before 6 o'clock, and continued running until midnight, making trips every five or ten minutes.

Despite the heavy gale which raged for several hours last evening, the car made its trips without a hitch, and the wind had no appreciable effect upon its operation.

G. A. Rakowsky, who has been employed as an engineer by the company, had charge of the car.

During the early part of the evening the car carried from fifteen to thirty passengers each trip, but later only two or three passengers constituted the load.

The regular trips were recommenced this morning and the car will now be operated regularly for thirty days by the company.

The ferry Annie L. Smith will continue her trips during that time and will run in opposition to the bridge for thirty days, as the contract with the city does not expire until May 1, when the city will take charge of the bridge.

RECAMIER CREAM.

FOR THE COMPLEXION

has been in use nearly a century. Will cure a bad skin and preserve a good one. For sale everywhere.

Two sizes—50c and $1.00.

RECAMIER MANUFACTURING CO.,

No. 129 W. 31st St., New York City.

Send for free sample and circular.

THE ONLY WAY

Of being sure that your baggage will be at the depot on time is to telephone or leave your orders here.

Our rigs are at your service at any time, day or night.

BOARD OF TRADE LIVERY,

Both Phones, 440.

LITTLE DAMAGE DONE.

Fire Under Kitchi Gammi Club Easily Extinguished.

Fire threatened the George Howe building at the corner of Third avenue west and First street for a few minutes this morning. The blaze started in the basement of Meden & Morton's grocery store, and the entire building was filled with dense smoke. A general alarm was turned in, but the firemen succeeded in handling the blaze with the chemicals only, and very little damage was done, except the loss which will be caused to the stock of groceries by smoke.

OPEN AT BRAINERD.

White Sox Will Play First Game There.

Duluth will open the baseball season at Brainerd, while Crookston will play at Fargo and Grand Forks at Winnipeg.

The White Sox will be at home on July 4 and on Labor day, thus securing the bulk of the receipts on the two big holidays of the summer.

Manager Van Praagh returned yesterday afternoon from Grand Forks, where he attended the meeting of the schedule committee. He states that the schedule is now complete with the exception of a few minor details, and it will be made public within a few days.

HAS NOT RESIGNED.

H. A. Tuttle of North American Denies Rumors.

Minneapolis, March 28.—General Manager H. A. Tuttle of the North American Telegraph company says with emphasis that he has not resigned as manager of the North American and that he is not contemplating such a move. The report, he says, was in circulation, but was without foundation.

The directors of the company held a special meeting this afternoon but adjourned without transacting any business. The offer of the Postal company to take over the stock of the local company was not even brought up. It is declared on good authority that there is little likelihood that the change will be made.

The Czar's Wealth.

The czar of Russia is unquestionably the richest monarch in Europe, if not in the world. His annual income has been estimated at $12,000,000. The wealth of the average person, however, is largely a matter of health. If he is strong and healthy his earning capacity is much greater than the less fortunate person who is handicapped by some sickness. Sickly people, however, need not remain so for in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters they will surely find health and strength. For building up run-down systems, correcting the liver and curing heartburn, nausea, bloating, indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness, liver and kidney ills, general debility, spring fever, chills, colds or la grippe the Bitters is unequaled. Try a bottle and test it for your own satisfaction. Don't accept a substitute if you value your health.

FAMOUS "SLIVER" LEASE

To Mabel Evans Attacked By the State.

St. Paul, March 28.—Attorney General E. T. Young has brought an action to set aside the famous "sliver" contract held by Mabel Evans of Princeton upon an immensely valuable mineral tract near Virginia, Minn., belonging to the state school fund.

Five parties are named in the complaint, which was served yesterday upon all of them. Besides Mabel Evans they are George A. Flinn of St. Paul, Isaac C. Patterson of Princeton, Coryate S. Wilson and B. E. Baker of Duluth. The Duluth men hold five-sixteenths and three-sixteenths interest respectively, which were assigned to them recently.

The attorney general alleges a conspiracy by which Flinn and Patterson, clerks in the state land office, secured the lease in the name of Mabel Evans.

A "BRIDGE" NIGHT

Aldermen Settle Matters In Connection With New Ferry.

Joint Courthouse and City Hall Resolution Is Withdrawn.

The council last evening:
Advertised for bids for operating ferry car.
Decided to celebrate opening of bridge.
Received report on waiting rooms for bridge.
Received report on joint courthouse and city hall question stating it is now too late to act.

Last evening might well be called "bridge night" by the aldermen.

While the car on the new bridge was making its way through the howling gale, the aldermen discussed at least four different matters of importance in connection with it.

Alderman Schaffer introduced a resolution calling for bids for a contract to operate the ferry car.

"We don't know anything about electric power, and the members of the board of public works don't," said Alderman Schaffer. "If we let this work by contract no person but a competent electrician will bid on it. We will then get a responsible man in charge of the bridge, and one who can do the work cheaper than the city can."

"I don't see why we should let the bridge out of our hands," said Alderman Moore. "We have a valuable property there that cost us about $108,000. Why should we turn that over to some contractor to operate. If the engineering department of the city had brains enough to conceive that bridge and superintend its construction, I guess they have brains enough to hire a competent man to run it.

"While I don't commit myself to the support of the idea of letting a contract, I still think it is a good plan to advertise for bids and get an estimate of what it will cost us if we do let a contract," said Alderman Wilson, "and therefore I will support the motion. We can then get an estimate from the city engineer and compare the two. However I think that members of this council who advocate municipal ownership, must admit their position is very weak if they believe the city cannot operate this bridge as cheaply as a small private contractor."

"The city of Duluth is the largest consumer of power in the city," said Alderman McEwen, "and if there is any favoritism shown at all or any difference made in the price of power, the city should get the benefit of it."

The motion to advertise finally carried and Alderman Wilson immediately moved that the city engineer and the board of public works each furnish an estimate of the cost of operating the bridge. At the suggestion of Alderman Barnes, however, the estimates will not be submitted until after the bids have been received.

* * *

The council committee on bridges, viaducts and ferries, made a favorable report on the suggestion of the Commercial club that the opening of the bridge be attended with some formal celebration, and suggested that a general committee be appointed, consisting of the bridge committee and commission, and three members of the Commercial club and the Trades and Labor assembly, to complete the details of the celebration.

* * *

Plans for waiting rooms at the bridge were filed by the city engineer. They called for two small waiting rooms constructed of concrete blocks with an ornamental red roof, to cost $1,450 each. Accompanying the plans was an offer from a Duluth man to construct the rooms in return for the privilege of running a candy and cigar store in them for a period of years. The matter was referred.

* * *

The fourth matter in connection with the bridge which was discussed last evening, was the motion of Alderman Schaffer which ordered an arc light placed at the foot of each approach to the bridge.

* * *

The aldermen escaped committing themselves on the combined courthouse and city hall question last evening, and Alderman Haven's resolution condemning the plan, was withdrawn.

The committee to which it was referred made a report that it was now too late to secure the necessary legislation in the matter and recommended that the matter be dropped for the present. The committee also reported that the great expense of the combined courthouse and city hall would probably prevent the city becoming a party to any such plan at the present time.

The report was received and filed, but no action was taken on it, and President Haven's resolution condemning the combined building, was withdrawn.

* * *

The amendment to the ordinance governing auction sales, which will prohibit sales of jewelry, was laid over for one week.

* * *

The young women stenographers employed in the Manhattan building are up in arms against the prospect of a saloon being installed in the lower floor of the building, and the council received a petition last evening, signed by practically all the young women employed in the building, and a number of the men who have offices there.

The petition called attention to the fact that there is already a saloon just east of the building, two immediately west and four directly across the street. "So there is no good reason why anyone should fall fainting by the roadside for want of a liquor shop," the petitioners say.

The petition was referred to the committee on police and license.

* * *

Manager Case of the water and light department reported on the cost of providing the residents of the hillside with water and gas connections.

The district includes that part of the city below Seventh street from Third avenue west to Seventh avenue east, and below Fifth street from Fifth avenue west to Twelfth avenue west.

Two possible plans are considered. One would supply the district with water from a new reservoir to be constructed, and filled from the Fifteenth avenue pumping station. This would cost $88,304.

The other plan contemplates an independent water system for the new district. The cost of this is estimated at $58,444.

* * *

City Engineer McGilvray was requested to draw up plans for a sewer system for the Oneota district.

* * *

City Comptroller McCormick reported that P. McDonnell had made formal demand for the payment of $9,575, the price of the tar macadam mixing plant, and suggested that an order be drawn on the general fund in payment for the same, and made payable thirty days from date.

* * *

The sprinkling districts for the coming summer, were reported by the board of public works as follows:

No. 1—Superior street from Eighth avenue west to Ninth avenue east, London road between Eighth and Ninth avenues east.

No. 2—First street from Seventh avenue west to Sixth avenue east. From First avenue east, Lake avenue, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth avenues west from Superior to First street.

No. 3—Lake avenue from Superior street to the canal, Michigan street from Second avenue east to Seventh avenue west, Second avenue east and First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth avenues west from Michigan to Superior street.

No. 4—Mesaba and Piedmont avenues from Eighth to Fourteenth avenues, Superior street from Fourteenth to Forty-second avenue west. Michigan street from Fifteenth to Twentieth avenues from Michigan to Superior street.

No. 5—Third avenue west from First to Second street, Second street from Sixth avenue west to Sixth avenue east, Sixth avenue between Second and Third street, Third street between First and Sixth avenues east.

No. 6—Third street from First avenue east to Fifth avenue west, Fourth street between Fifth avenue west and Sixth avenue east.

No. 7—First street from Sixth to Twenty-third avenue east, Superior street from Eighteenth to Twenty-third avenue east.

No. 8—Superior street from Ninth to Eighteenth avenues east, London road from Ninth to Twenty-first avenues.

No. 9—London road from Fortieth to Sixtieth avenues east.

No. 10—Piedmont avenue from Superior to Third street, and Third street from Piedmont to Thirtieth avenue west.

No. 11—Central avenue north from Main to Cody streets, Grand avenue from Central to Fifty-seventh avenues west, Ramsey street 125 feet east of Central avenue.

HAD TO HIDE IT

A mother wrote us recently that she had to keep Scott's Emulsion under lock and key --her children used to drink it whenever her back was turned. Strange that children should like something that is so good for them. It's usually the other way. Scott's Emulsion makes children comfortable, makes them fat and rosy-cheeked. Perhaps that's why they like it so much—they know it makes them feel good.

We'll send you a sample, free

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl Street, New York.

Niagara Falls, Mohawk Valley and Hudson River.

Travelers using the New York Central Lines are, in addition to a fast, safe and luxurious train service, favored with scenic attractions of unparalleled interest, including Niagara Falls, the Mohawk Valley and the Hudson River.

The points mentioned possess the charm of historic associations, as well as scenic beauty, and it is small wonder that the New York Central is the popular route between the West and the East.

TAFT NAMES SPOONER FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

Washington, March 28.—Senator Spooner was nominated last night for the presidency by Secretary Taft, following a speech made by the senator who said he would rather see Secretary Taft chief justice of the supreme court than president. This was done at the twentieth annual banquet of the Psi Upsilon association of Washington held in honor of Secretary William H. Taft, who was elected president for the ensuing year. Senator Spooner, the retiring president, acted as toastmaster.

BETROTHAL SETTLED.

King Alfonso and Princess Victoria to Marry.

Madrid, March 28.—In official circles here assurance is given that during the present visit of the duke of Connaught to the Spanish court the marriage of King Alfonso to Princess Victoria Patrica was definitely arranged.

The difficulties with regard to the religious question have been settled, but in what manner was not made public.

Alfonso is a Catholic and under the pope's guidance as fully as any monarch of Europe. The princess is a communicant of the Church of England.

DISFIGURING

HUMORS

Of the Skin and Scalp Speedily Cured by Baths with

CUTICURA

Soap to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle, gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment to instantly allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and mild doses of CUTICURA Pills to cool and cleanse the blood. A single Set, costing but One Dollar, is often sufficient to cure.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60). Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props.

Send for "The Great Humor Cure."

ASK OTHER ROUTE

New Road Will Cut Into West End Business District.

Petitions Circulated To Have Road Below Michigan Street.

It was generally talked at the West end yesterday that an effort is being made by property owners in Helm's addition to have the Lake Superior & Southeastern railroad, the proposed line to be built this year, change its route through Helm's addition. The road at present expects to run between Michigan street and the tracks from Eleventh avenue west to Twenty-fourth avenue west, but at that point will cross Michigan street and continue west between Michigan and Superior streets. It is this latter part of the route which is objected to for the reason that the road running between the streets, is going to leave a very slim margin outside of the right of way and will practically ruin the south side of Superior street and the north side of Michigan street from Twenty-fourth avenue to the ore docks for business or residence purposes.

It is understood that a petition is being quietly circulated among property owners in Helm's addition asking the road to re-consider its determination on a route west of Twenty-fourth avenue. It is claimed that there are few if any options granted on property out that way and all is a matter of condemnation.

At first it was not the intention of the company to cut into this part of the Helm's addition but to stay below Michigan street for a considerable distance out. At least so it appears from certain transactions previously made. For instance, Scheil & Bjorlin, bakers on Garfield avenue, sold out their property there to the road for $9,000 with a provision that they should be given four months time in which to find and occupy a location. They understood that the road would run below Michigan street almost to the ore docks and accordingly bought a piece of property at Twenty-fourth avenue and Superior street for $3,100 on which they have begun building. Now the road comes in and offers them $5,100 for this property and Schell & Bjorlin are in a quandary as to what they should do for at the expiration of four months they will be homeless if they do not get a location where they can build at once.

NEW PASTOR ARRIVES.

Swedish Mission Church Bids Farewell and Greets.

Rev. F. O. Kling, the new pastor of the Swedish Mission church, West end, has arrived from Wayonnette, Minn., and will conduct services at the church next Sunday.

Rev. A. M. Johnson, the retiring pastor, left yesterday afternoon over the Omaha road for his new charge, the Swedish Tabernacle of Chicago. A large number of his West end parishioners accompanied him to the depot to wish him farewell. A bouquet was presented to him at the train and the choir of the church sang. His departure is keenly felt.

Old Resident Dies.

Mrs. Olava M. Wetterlind of 1703 West Second street died this morning at her home, aged 51 years and 14 days. The funeral will take place Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the house. Mrs. Wetterlind leaves a husband and a large family. Mr. Wetterlind is a machinist in the Northern Pacific shops and with his late wife has lived at the West end for over twenty years. They are well and favorably known and much regret is expressed over Mrs. Wetterlind's death.

West End Short Rails.

The Norweglan-Danish Methodist church ladies expect to give an Easter sale on April 20 and 21.

D. S. Dietz arrived from Northome yesterday and is staying at the Esmond hotel. Mr. Dietz has been scaling logs at Northome for the surveyor general of logs and lumber and says the winter has been a good and busy one in the north end of the state.

Bota council of Modern Samaritans gave a card party last night at Columbia hall. The fraternal party and council initiated a large class of men. After the ceremonies the ladies were invited in and until a late hour a large number enjoyed themselves at cards, followed by refreshments. The council is growing rapidly and its social events are becoming unique for pleasure and social advantages.

P. S. Jarvis, the foreman of the derrick crew hurt when a portion of the Missabe ore docks collapsed a few weeks ago, is at the Esmond hotel and recovering rapidly from his injuries.

Miss Gracie Lewis, daughter of M. M. Lewis who makes his home at the Esmond hotel, left yesterday for Hamburg, Germany, in company with Mr. and Mrs. Hennebreggle of Lakeside. Miss Lewis, who is 13 years old, will remain in Germany two or three years to study music and German principally as well as other lines of study which she will take up.

Miss Louise Olson of the Esmond hotel left yesterday for Turtle Lake to visit with Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Rushenberg.

The evangelistic services which have been going on for some time in Grace Methodist church are being continued up to tonight and it will then be determined whether or not they will go on for a longer time. The results have been excellent, in fact, so much so that it was considered a mistake to cease the services when they were beginning to bear fruit freely. Last night Rev. Charles Fox Davis of the Lester Park church was the speaker. Tonight Mr. Asher of the Bethel will conduct the services. Each service is attended by large crowds.

R. R. Forward & Co., have a new clerk in the person of S. J. Berge, formerly with the New England Furniture company of Minneapolis.

On Saturday a daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Johnson.

R. R. Forward is taking a combined business and pleasure trip on the ranges.

George Stevens is on the ranges looking over some land.

Julius ge Yunk, employed at the Duluth Brewing & Malting company, suffered a compound fracture of the left leg between the ankle and knee yesterday afternoon by being struck by some material which fell forty feet on him. He is in St. Mary's hospital.

SELL OUT PLANT.

Mine Strippers Merged By Winston Bros. & Dear.

Yesterday Winston Bros. & Dear bought out the Killorin-Philbin company and this removes one competitor from the mine stripping field. The check which was passed yesterday amounts to slightly less than $100,000 and with the plant, in which $85,000 was invested by J. F. Killorin, D. M. Philbin and P. H. Nelson, the latter of Hibbing, go several stripping contracts. One of these is with the Munroe-Tenner company to remove 1,500,000 cubic yards of material near Chisholm, and other contracts are with the Burt and Mahoning mines at Hibbing and with the Iroquis mine at Mountain Iron.

If You're a Japan Tea Drinker

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

"SALADA"

CEYLON AND INDIA NATURAL GREEN tea. It is absolutely "Pure" and as far ahead of Japan tea as "Salada" Black is ahead of all other black teas.

Trial packets 10 cts. By all Grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Ladies, if you want a refined and brilliant complexion, free from blemishes, use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings red lips, bright eyes and a cream-like complexion. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

NO PRIZE FIGHTING

At Brainerd Will Be Allowed By Governor.

St. Paul, March 28.—Governor Johnson was notified today that the sporting fraternity of Brainerd had planned for a wrestling match and prize fight at that city on the night of March 30. There will be no prize-fighting at Brainerd on the night of March 30 unless the "pugs" take to the woods and elude the vigilance of the sheriff.

The governor, on the receipt of the letter, notified the sheriff of Crow Wing county to prevent the fight. The plans of the promoters are said to have called for a wrestling match as a blind for the battle. The principals of the fight have not been named. A Minneapolis bruiser, name unknown, is said to have been engaged as one of the gladiators. The governor has probably saved him the price of a round-trip ticket to Brainerd, Minn.

DIES OF SCALDS.

Babe Falls Into Pot of Boiling Water.

Stillwater, Minn., March 28.—Theodore, 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Arlstad of Oak Park, fell into a boiler of boiling water and died in a few hours.

Charles Jerry has been arrested at the instance of his mother-in-law for failure to support his wife. The case will be heard on Wednesday.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Faribault Lad Is Almost Instantly Killed.

Faribault, Minn., March 28.—Leroy Woodruff, aged 17, was accidentally shot Sunday night while driving to the river after some canoes left near Scott's mill in the afternoon. He was sitting with a companion in a wagon with a gun between his knees and resting on the bottom. The gun slipped and was discharged, inflicting a wound at the base of the stomach from which he died in a few minutes.

JEWELS FOUND

In the Brick Wall of a Jail Cell.

Chaska, Minn., March 28.—Men at work here yesterday tearing down the old brick walls of the county jail, under the courthouse, to make a coal bin, found six diamond rings, a gold watch and a pearl necklace, hidden in the brick wall of a cell.

It is a mystery how the jewels came to be placed there, but many are of the opinion that James Pulasky, who was confined in the jail in August, 1878, for burglary, and who made his escape in September of the same year, secreted them in the wall. A local jeweler places their value at $1,160.

DINED BY SPEAKER CLAGUE.

St. Paul, March 28.—Speaker Frank Clague of the house was the host last night at a banquet, given at Carlings to the newspaper men who are engaged in covering the proceedings of the house and senate. It was a happily conceived affair and the spirit of goodfellowship had full sway. Starting at 6 o'clock, a splendid menu was served and following this, informal talks were given by the speaker and all of his guests. The kindliest of feeling was expressed for the host and he was praised highly for the many courtesies he had extended to the newspaper fraternity.

DAM STILL HOLDS.

New York, March 28.—No break has yet occurred in the $5,000,000 dam forming the new Croton reservoir, which was menaced yesterday by a flood of water from the great Croton watershed. Workmen are re-enforcing the structure at all points of danger and a patrol has been established to give immediate warning should a break threaten. The village of Croton Landing, with a population of 1,100, is one mile below

MARKET IS FIRM

Copper Prices Show No Change, But Are Strong.

Walker Thinks Reaction In Stocks Was Without Reason.

Copper prices have not changed, but the market is very firm, according to George L. Walker's weekly letter. Producers are showing no anxiety to sell and are confident that the strong situation will continue. Copper shares have had a reaction, but Walker thinks there was no reason for it and that New York interests have increased their holdings. He says:

"Copper is strong at unchanged prices. Lake is selling at 15¾ to 15¼ cents and electrolytic at 15¼ to 15⅜ cents per pound. I hear of a sale of electrolytic for delivery three months ahead at 15⅜ cents, and also that at least one consumer was unable to buy Lake copper at 15¼ cents for delivery earlier than the last half of April. In trade circles it is said that producers are very independent; that they show no disposition to solicit business or to press copper for sale; they rather hold out for contracts to make deliveries several months in advance. Practically all producers have already sold their entire production for delivery as far ahead as May.

"Best selected copper is selling in London at £72 10s, which is equivalent to 15.7 cents per pound. This provides an outlet for any surplus production that might otherwise have a tendency to accumulate. Exports so far this month aggregate about 17,000 to 18,000 tons, and the prospect is that the total for March will reach 25,000 tons. Heavy shipments to China and Japan continue.

COPPER SHARE MARKET.

"There was no good reason for the heavy selling of copper stocks that resulted in the sharp decline in prices this week. The metal situation is actually growing stronger. The producing copper companies are selling their product and earning a very heavy income on the present selling prices of their stocks. There is no disturbance of any character in the financial world, such as would have a tendency to shake public confidence. Speculation in coppers has been comparatively light, and there are not enough stocks carried on margin to render possible a sustained bear campaign.

"The circulation of bearish predictions by Thomas W. Lawson, on Thursday, caused increased selling Friday morning, the liquidation being encouraged by the weakness of the New York market, but offerings of copper were well taken. Those coppers in which there is generally understood to be a Lwisohn interest, Utah, U. S. Mining, Greene and Osceola, received excellent support and were among the strongest throughout. The buying of all the coppers was, in fact, very much better on the decline than it has been at any time on the rallies, indicating that this is still an insiders' and rich man's market. The public has figured chiefly as an investment buyer from the low prices of last year up to the present time. Banking and brokerage interests all declare that a larger percentage of the buying of the past year has been for cash than in any previous bull movement in the coppers.

"This decline has given the New York interests an opportunity to considerably increase their holdings of Boston coppers at favorable prices, and I feel that the situation has in this respect been greatly improved as a result. I look for a much more active and stronger market in the coppers in the immediate future. The decline in the New York list, so long expected, has come; and, so far as I can see, there is no bearish factor left to influence our copper share market. There are an abundance of reasons, on the other hand, for buying the coppers at this very low level of prices. The buying will come, I believe, and a few months hence the highest prices so far recorded will look very low."

SANAA HOLDS OUT.

Constantinople, March 28.—According to a dispatch from Hodeida dated March 25 the town of Sanaa, capital of Yemen province, Arabia, was still holding out when the message was filed but Yerim and Heisha southward of Sanaa and Hadith northward have fallen into the hands of the insurgents and the mountain fortress of Ibb was surrounded.

FEMALE TROUBLES

New York's Most Successful Specialist in Woman's Diseases Says: "Nearly Every Case of So-Called Female Weakness and Painful Periods Is Due to Kidney or Bladder Disease of Some Form."

Not exactly sick. Just dull, listless, without energy, hope or ambition. Can't go about your work with the old-time vim and spirit. Easily tired. Your rest is disturbed, your digestion poor. Have headaches now and again, and pains in back and loins. If a woman, your monthly visits are painful, delayed or suppressed, and you have other female ills. Sometimes you even faint. It's hard to go up stairs. You don't understand your condition, nor realize your danger. The plain, simple truth is that

IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

Mrs. D. Morrow, Secretary Numismatic Society, London, Ont., Can., wrote: "Gentlemen—Two years ago I began to gradually lose my health. I became nervous and hysterical. I lost my appetite and it seemed impossible for me to obtain a good night's rest. I lost flesh, became emaciated, hollow eyed and suffered with frequent heart palpitations. My complexion became sallow and muddy, and I had a haggard expression. I felt as though life had lost its charm and I did not care to live. Warner's Safe Cure changed all this. It came as a blessing to my home. I felt better as soon as I started to use it, and within a month I was like another woman. New life, health and vigor returned to me, and a new light and happiness came to my life. Your medicine did all this for me, and is certainly worthy of great praise."

Thousands of men and women have kidney disease and don't know it. You can tell by letting a little morning urine stand in a tumbler 24 hours. If it becomes cloudy, has a reddish-brown sediment, or particles float about in it, your kidneys are affected and you haven't a minute to lose. Get a bottle of Warner's Safe Cure at the nearest druggist's, and begin taking it as directed. It will cure you, and it's the only medicine that will without leaving bad after-effects. 50c and $1.00 a bottle at all druggists.

ANALYSIS FREE If after making this test you have any doubt as to the development of the disease in your system, send a sample of your urine to the medical department, Warner Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y., and our doctors will analyze it and send advice and interesting medical booklet free.

Never take anything but Warner's Safe Cure, the standard for 30 years. Beware of so-called kidney cures that contain narcotics. They injure the tissues and do not cure. Medical booklet and doctor's advice free. Warner's Safe Cure Co., Rochester, N. Y.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS move the bowels gently and aid a speedy cure.

The man who takes a keen enjoyment in life is the kind of man who usually obtains the best of everything. People who drink

FITGER'S BEER

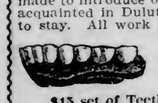
enjoy life and are healthy and happy This is because our beer is made—as only a few beers are made—in the best possible manner by clean processes, skillful brewers, and of the best material.

Telephone for a case.
FITGER BREWING CO., DULUTH MINN.

SPECIAL PRICES!

Reliable Dentistry

Don't forget our special price offer for this month. This offer is made to introduce our work and get acquainted in Duluth. We are here to stay. All work guaranteed.



This Month.

$15 set of Teeth for...$10
$10 set of Teeth for... $8
$8 set of Teeth for... $5
$1 Fillings for.....75c
$7 Crowns for $6
$5 Crowns for $4

See us before having your dental work done. Examinations free. Extracting FREE with plates.

LEE & TURLEY,
114 West Superior Street.
OVER FOLZ.
Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Sundays 9 to 4.

PAINTS PROTECTS, PRESERVES PROPERLY.

Borgen's Prescriptions—Sherwin-Williams Paint
Both Phones.

Northwestern Paint Co.,
323 West First Street.

The Northwestern Dyeing and Cleaning Co.,
(Incorporated.)
French Dry Cleaners and Dyers.
Largest, Best and Most Reliable Dye House in the Northwest. Phone Zenith, 1516. 17 North Lake avenue.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

EUROPE

THIRTY TOURS THIS SEASON.

April to August, by all Routes. Separate parties; leisurely travel. Tours cover the whole of Europe. Write for Booklet. Rates, including all expenses **$175 to $1015**
Independent Railroad and Steamship Tickets everywhere.
125 FOREIGN OFFICES.
Established 65 years.

THOS. COOK & SON,
261 Broadway, New York.

Hotel Superior,
Superior, Wis.
Largest and finest Hotel of the city. Bus meets all trains.
American Plan $2.00 to $3.50.
European Plan $1.00 Up.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W., Duluth.

COOK'S HOTEL
New Building.
Modern in Every Particular.
Julius Cook, Mgr. 210-212 W. Sup. St

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

Chicago, March 28.—Thomas H. Wickes, vice president of the Pullman Palace Car company, is dead. The tire of one of the wheels of his automobile was punctured and Mr. Wickes sent the machine to a shop to be repaired. He started to walk down town, but had proceeded only a short distance when he was attacked with acute indigestion. He hailed an automobile and was taken home, dying shortly after he reached there. Mr. Wickes was born in England and was 58 years old. He had been identified with the Pullman company for thirty-five years. His first position was agent at East St. Louis. He was subsequently division superintendent at St. Louis, Western general superintendent at Chicago, general superintendent, second vice president and vice president, holding the latter position at the time of his death.

New York, March 28.—George R. Franklin, formerly a well known newspaper editor of Chicago, is dead at his home in Caldwell, N. J., after a long illness. He was 54 years old. The interment will take place at Oak Park, Ill., March 30.

Painkiller CURES CRAMPS & COLIC
PERRY DAVIS

NOTICE!

A Ladies' Cafe
Overlooking the Lake and Harbor, is now being fitted up and will be open to the public about April 1.

☞ The Cafe' on Lobby Floor will be operated as heretofore.

The Spalding
L. J. EMERY, Manager.

SCHOOL BOYS' FIELD MEET

Arrangements Made For Athletic Competition Between Schools.

Representatives from thirteen different schools in the city attended a meeting in the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon and completed plans for an interscholastic track meet to be held this spring, when teams from all the schools in the city will compete for a pennant and the championship of the city school district.

The meeting was called by Secretary MacLeod of the boys' department, and the delegates who attended were elected by their different schools.

The meeting was opened by short addresses from Secretary MacLeod and the physical director, who outlined the plans that were to be followed.

An association was then organized with the following officers: Thomas Doyle of the Irving school, president; Ray Nelson, Washington school, secretary.

The following events will be pulled off at the meet: Fifty-yard dash, 75-yard dash, 100-yard dash, half-mile, mile, running high jump, running broad jump, standing high jump, hop, step and jump, three standing jumps, pole vault, 120-yard hurdle, half-mile relay, potato race, three-legged race, tug-of-war.

A pennant will be given to the school winning the greatest number of points, and a medal to the boy taking the largest number. First place will count five points, second three and third one. Each school in the city can enter three men in each event and one team in the relay race.

The following members comprise the committee in charge:

Jefferson school, Bennie Nelson, Paul Demar; Jackson school, William Fisher, Earl Cummings; Emerson school, Frank Page, Edward Stevens; Lincoln school, Sidney Moretrud, Harry Gorham; Lakeside school, Fred Wiors, Franklin Coventry; Lester Park school, Leon Le Tourneau, Euril Whorton; Irving school, Thomas Doyle, Ed McKinnon; Longfellow school, Gordon Brookes, George Ross; Fairmont school, Albert Seymour, John Talbot; Duluth Heights, Fred Voss, H. Christensen; Washington school, Hudson Middlecoff, Ray Nelson; Madison school, William Sterminsky, Arthur Branscomber; Whittier school,, John Irving, Harry Johnson.

MILWAUKEES' PLANS

Not Nearly As Extensive As Previously Reported.

New York, March 28.—Reports that the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company is considering the expenditure of $100,000,000 or any like sum for extraordinary improvements to the system were denied today by Roswell Miller, chairman of the board of directors. A sum not exceeding $600,000 will be spent in extending the system in the Dakotas but beyond this, according to Mr. Miller, no further improvements are under consideration. As for the story that the St. Paul road is considering the advisability of extending its lines to the Pacific coast, Chairman Miller said that this matter has not been discussed even casually by the board.

Philadelphia, March 28.—The annual election of the Pennsylvania Railroad company is in progress today. The polls opened at 9 o'clock and will close at 6 o'clock tonight. Three directors whose terms expire will be re-elected. They are Alex M. Fox, N. Parker Shortridge and Rudolph Ellis. A stock vote is being cast on the authorization of a $50,000,000 bond asked for at the annual meeting on March 14.

MORMONS BUY A JAIL AT CARTHAGE, ILL.

Chicago, March 28.—A special to the Post from Carthage, Ill., says: Because of historical associations, the members of the Mormon church have purchased for $4,000 the old jail here, where the first prophet and the founder of the faith met a tragic death at the hands of a mob. It is proposed to establish a mission church in the building. The fact that the church is to make Carthage a headquarters in Illinois may be followed by public action in opposition.

GLASS IS BROKEN

Two Woodsmen Succeed In Destroying Property Worth $200.

Cuspidor and a Tailor's Dummy Were the Weapons Used.

Glass was flying on the Bowery last night.

During the evening Emil Johnson strolled into a saloon and rapping on the bar called for a drink. The bartender evidently thought he had enough already, for he refused to sell him the liquor. Emil was not in a very pleasant temper, and picking up a heavy iron cuspidor, he hove it through the heavy beveled mirror behind the bar, smashing it to atoms.

It took the police just eight minutes to get Emil safely locked up in headquarters.

• • •

Somewhat earlier in the evening, Gus Lawkowsky decided he needed a hair cut, so he decided to enrich the coffers of one of the Bowery barbers to the extent of two bits.

"Tonic?" asked the tonsorial artist.

"Yes," said Gus.

"Thirty-five cents," said the barber when he had finished.

Gus thought he had been fleeced. He had heard of how some Bowery barbers treat good, honest lumberjacks, and he had injured feeling as he left the store. The first thing that met his gaze when he stepped out on the street was a tailor's dummy, standing in front of the clothing store adjoining the barber shop. Picking up the dummy he leveled it to the position of a battering ram and shoved it through the plate glass window in the front of the barber shop.

The police occupied seven minutes in getting Gus into headquarters.

Both men will be arraigned in the municipal court this afternoon, before Judge Windom, on the charge of malicious destruction of property. The two of them succeeded in rendering worthless about $200 worth of property which they are unable to replace.

Third Reg't Band LYCEUM, Sunday Ev'g April 2, Testimonial Concert —to— Director J. H. Flaaten.
All Seats 25c.
Opening Number 8 O'clock.

FORBIDDEN TO CARRY GUNS

Boys Under Fourteen Years Caught With Firearms Will Be Arrested.

As the result of the shooting of little Peter Thompson last Saturday afternoon, Chief Troyer of the police department has posted a bulletin in headquarters, instructing the officers to strictly enforce the statute forbidding the carrying of firearms by boys under 14 years of age.

The Jones boy is over 14, and the statute would not have affected him, but the attention of the police is called to the necessity for stringent enforcement of the statute by the bulletin.

The following is a copy of the statute: "It is unlawful for any minor person under the age of 14 to handle, or have in his possession or control, except while accompanied or under the immediate charge of his parent or guardian, any firearm of any species whatever, whether for hunting or target practice, or any other purpose whatever. Anyone violating any of the provisions of this act or aiding or knowingly permitting any minor person of such age, except as herein provided, to violate same, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor."

The police are instructed by the bulletin to instantly arrest any boy under the age of 14, carrying a gun within the city limits, whether it be loaded or not, unless the boy is in charge of his parent or guardian.

Fresh Fish.

The Tucker-Overman Co., wholesale dealers in fresh eggs and poultry, 212 West Michigan street are daily receiving fresh fish from the north and south shores, with which they are supplying the local hotel and butcher trade.

THE SUMNER AT HAVANA.

Havana, March 28.—The United States transport Sumner with the congressional party on board arrived here today from Santiago, Cuba.

The Misery of Piles

Thousands know it and thousands daily submit, through their ignorance, to the torture of the knife.

They are ignorant of the fact that there is an internal remedy that will positively and painlessly cure.

Dr. Perrin's Pile Specific
The Internal Remedy

strikes at the prime causes of piles—indigestion, congestion of the liver and constipation. These causes are removed and removed for good. Get a bottle today and see how well it proves the truth of this statement.

For dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, biliousness, catarrh of the stomach and kindred ailments it is the greatest remedy that has ever yet benefited mankind.

When these troubles are taken care of and cured, Piles will be a thing of the past.

Dr. Perrin Medical Co., Helena, Mont.

When Real Merit

Comes in— Empty Claims Blow Out.

BLATZ WIENER BEER
—MILWAUKEE—

Is brewed to command the critics' favor, and hold fast to honors won.

Always the same Good Old "Blatz."

Blatz Malt-Vivine
(Non-Intox.) Tonic

Val. Blatz Brew Co.
MILWAUKEE.
DULUTH BRANCH—
Lake Ave. and Railroad Street. Phone 62.

ROSSEAU'S BOMB

Blew Up the Maine, According To Story of Convicted Man.

Was Intended To Destroy One of the Spanish Warships.

New York, March 28.—That the battleship Maine, through an error, was destroyed by a bomb of his own manufacture, was the statement made by Gessler Rosseau in the Tombs prison today. Rosseau was convicted yesterday of having sent explosives to the Cunard line pier, this city, in May, 1903. He made the following statement today:

"For several years, while the Cuban patriots were struggling against Weyler, I watched the contest with deep interest and sympathy. I decided to go to Jacksonville and do what I could to assist the revolutionists. I started from St. Louis, where I had been living during the early part of 1897.

"Before taking a train for the South I got together the material for the construction of two exploding machines of tremendous power, so arranged that they could be wound up and left in a selected place, with the certainty that they would go off with terrible destruction within a few hours.

"At New Orleans I rented a room and put the boxes together, after which I went to Jacksonville.

"There I became acquainted with a party of Cuban leaders, who were planning a fillbustering expedition. They had engaged the Destroyer, a small vessel, to take them to Cuba along with a number of American and European adventurers, who were anxious to strike a blow for Cuban freedom.

"Several of the leaders of the party are men now well known and I will not mention their names, although I have among my papers a list of them all.

"I suggested to them that they use my machines to destroy Spanish warships in the harbor of Havana and in other ports of the island. They readily seized upon the idea and when the Destroyer sailed with the fillibusterers, they took two machines with them.

"It was my intention to go along with the party so as to direct the work of sinking the Spanish ships, but they dissuaded me, urging that I could be of greater use in Jacksonville, preparing other machines if the first proved successful.

"It was planned to have some members of the revolutionary party join the Spanish navy so as to get the machines aboard. If that failed it was decided to fasten one of the boxes to the hull of a ship under the water line, for I had constructed my machines so they could be exploded under the water.

"That was late in the fall of 1897. The next spring the Maine was destroyed.

"Only one of the men in the secret of the machines ever returned to America. I saw him some time after the war with Spain had begun.

"He told me he had nothing to do with the boxes after reaching Cuba, but had been told a mistake had been made.

"The men who had been entrusted with the task of destroying a Spanish vessel attempted to fasten a box during the night to one of Alfonso's warships, and blundered into blowing up the Maine.

"I was told that the man immediately after learning o fthe error he had made, committed suicide."

Rosseau said he had attempted to blow up the statue of Frederick the Great, in Washington, because he did not wish to see the statue of a king in America. He added that he was not an anarchist or a nihilist and that he had made no effort to supply exploding machines to the Russians.

OWSLEY AND BLOOMER

Announced As Coaches For Yale Football Team.

New Haven, Conn., March 28.—The appointment of John E. Owsley, 1905, as field coach, and Ralph Bloomer, 1906, as line coach for the Yale football team, was announced today. Owsley played full back a part of last season. Bloomer played left tackle on the 'varsity eleven in both his freshman and senior years. It is understood that Capt. Hogan of last year's team will serve as advisory coach only, as he will not return to Yale in the fall.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, March 28.—Arrived: Ryndham, Rotterdam, Manitou, from London.

BURGLARS' TRUST

"Abbeville Bandits" Were Organized and Directed From Paris.

Mansions, Villas, Public Houses and Churches Were Robbed.

Amiens, France, March 28.—One of the most remarkable trials in the French criminal calendar has been in progress here during the last fortnight. The revelations made are of the most astonishing character and have shocked the whole nation. The principal revelation was the existence of a regular burglars' trust, formed to commit robberies in every town in the country. The trust consisted of forty members. Twenty-nine of these have been arrested. The others have evaded the police.

Fifteen of the prisoners were convicted and sentenced for from five years to life at hard labor, the latter term being that of the ring leader, Marius Jacob.

Popularly, the organization is known as the "Abbeville bandits," but that is only because their existence was discovered in consequence of a burglary committed at Abbeville. As a matter of fact, the headquarters of this criminal combine were in Paris. Its affairs were managed by a committe of five burglars, who issued orders for a number of scouts, travelers and district correspondents. They possessed a banking account and an elaborate system of booking, and an organized telegraphic service with a special code for transmitting messages all over France.

At the time of the discovery of the gang it is estimated that they were in possession of capital to the value of $500,000. Though their primary object was robbery, it is alleged that members of the organization did not hesitate to commit murder, and it is not improbable that more than one member of the gang may pay the last penalty of the law for the sacrifice of human life.

The center of the organization was in a furnished hotel in the Rue de la Clef. From this address the committee of five sent out two clever travelers, who received a salary of $100 a month, all their expenses and a share of all the business done as a result of their efforts. It was the duty of these travelers to find out in the provinces houses inhabited by persons of means which could be safely burglarized during the absence of the owners.

A number of local correspondents kept the Paris committee advised of "possibilities," as they were called. It was on receipt of such tips that one of the two expert travelers were sent to investigate and report. The key of the special telegraphic code used by the organization was the French word of ten letters, "Portugaise." The letters of the word corresponded with the ten numerals. Thus the numerals 7, 3, 3, 0, 4, 0 (arrete), preceded by a proper name, would mean that the person in question had been arrsted, and so on.

Every member of the gang had a false name and specially manufactured false voting cards and other spurious identity papers.

Mansions, villas, country houses, public houses and even churches were robbed in turn. If anyone of the forty members of the trust were unlucky enough to be arrested, his wife and family were supported by the committee while he was in prison.

If he gave information to the public while under arrest, the other thirty-nine members were pledged not only to kill the informer, but also his wife and children.

As soon as it had been decided to "crack a crib" the gang traveled in groups of ten or twelve to the place selected, and they even succeeded in obtaining special rates from the railway companies by giving themselves out as members of music hall companies traveling in the provinces. As soon as the burglary had been committed the proceeds were taken directly to Paris. All precious metal was melted down.

After committing robberies all over France the gang was finally run to earth, owing to one of their depredations at Abbeville. The landlord of a cafe, being unable to sleep one night owing to the toothache, was looking out of his window about midnight and saw lights in the villa opposite. This was in April, 1903.

Knowing that the lady owning the house was away, the publican at once went to inform the police. By the time that they arrived the burglars had been alarmed and fled along the country road to Amiens, where three of them, including the chief, a man named Jacob, arrived at the country station at Point Remy. There they took tickets for Calais.

When the police came up to arrest them on suspicion, the men drew their revolvers and shot one of them dead and severely wounded another. An exciting manhunt ensued, but eventually two of the gang were arrested in a marsh not far from Amiens. At that time the police had no idea of the vast organization of the trust, and the two men arrested refused to supply any information about themselves. Some letters seized by the police at the postoffice at Abbeville, set th detectives on a clue which showed that one of the men who had several aliases was really named Jacob, and that he seemed to give directions to a number of people all over the country.

A watch was set at his house in Paris, and soon the third man who had been concerned in the murder of the policeman was arrested. It was discovered that this man, whose name was Bour, had a revolver with a rifled barrel of eight grooves. As the bullet found in the murdered policeman's body bore the marks of eight grooves each, it was at once concluded that Bour had fired the fatal shot. The police, however, did not tell Bour of this discovery, but led him to suppose that the other two members of the gang had informed against him. Bour, to save his own skin, then revealed the existence of a formidable burglars' trust, and the police succeeded in arresting twenty-nine of its members.

The prisoners have retained the services of the best Paris barristers in their defense, paying them large retaining fees. Among the prisoners are four women, and the number included locksmiths, clerks, printers, typesetters, gold stampers, woodcarvers, electricians, a hotel proprietor and others of no particular profession.

Notwithstanding every precaution, the prisoners, while under lock and key at Abbeville, succeeded in keeping up communication with persons outside the prison. Not only so, but they invented a code of signals among each other whereby they concerted as to the replies they were to make to the judge who tried them. They threaten that every person concerned in their arrest shall suffer for it sooner or later.

ROOSEVELT TO ACCEPT DOMINICAN OFFER

Washington, March 28. — President Roosevelt has decided to accept the proposition of the Dominican government, made through Minister Dawson, for the control of the finances of that republic with a view to setting aside a portion of the revenues of the republic for the payment of its debts. The officers who will collect the money and hold it will be appointed by the Dominican government, but the names of the men selected will be referred to this government for approval.

Wherever there's Pain
There is the place for an
Allcock's PLASTER
IT Does Its Work While You Do Yours.

MISER MURDERED.

Wealthy Woman Strangled and Robbed In Paris.

Paris, March 28.—Madam Bardou, supposed to be a miser, was found murdered in her bedroom last week. She lived in a house, owned by herself, in the Glaciere district, and had tenants. The old woman acted as her own concierge, and was always known to be extremely cautious about admitting people to her rooms on the first floor of the house. Usually she spoke to passing tenants through a grating, like an immured nun. Her niece and other relatives, who occasionally called to see her, were treated with as scant courtesy as those who were strangers to her, or as her tenants.

Mme. Bardou was gagged and strangled by, it is supposed, Apaches of the district, who had been watching for her for some time, and who knew that, in spite of her sordid appearance, she owned two houses—the one in which she lived, and another near it.

The old woman's rooms were in disorder. The murderers had not taken all her money, for in the nooks and corners of her squalid and spider-webbed flat gold and silver pieces to the extent of $25,000 were discovered. Under the mattress of her bed was a packet containing notes and securities worth nearly $50,000. Money was likewise found in the old woman's cellar. It is conjectured that the murderers went away with only a few hundred francs and some old jewelry.

WRITTEN PROTEST

Is Filed Against Accepting Rockefeller's Money.

Columbus, O., March 28.—Dr. Washington Gladden, moderator of the Congregational church, filed a written protest today with the Prudential committee of the American foreign missions now in session at Boston, against the committee accepting the gift of $100,000 from John D. Rockefeller.

ONLY AWAIT SIGNAL TO TAKE UP ARMS

Cape Haytien, Hayti, March 28.—Advices received here by courier from Monte Cristi, on the northern coast of the Republic of South Domingo, today announce that Gen. Barabara, with a number of Dominican exiles, have landed at Monte Cristi, and that the inhabitants have risen against President Morales, reproaching him with being the cause of the present difficulties with foreign countries. It is added that the district of Monte Cristi is ready to begin a revolution in favor of Former President Jiminez, and is only awaiting the signal to take up arms.

French & Bassett
DULUTH. MINN.
Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

For Wednesday and Thursday
Values Extraordinary

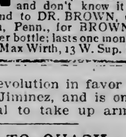
In Housefurnishings and odd Dishes—little things that one needs each day—at remarkably attractive savings.

Food Choppers 88c.
Save lots of time and labor—the medium-sized ones, for only 88c.

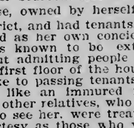
Japanned Bread Boxes
Good, heavy tin—well made—only—
Small size— Medium size— Large size—
48c 58c 68c

Bracket Lamps 48c.
Bronze finish—large burner—complete with reflector—selling usually at 65c—only 48c

Enameled Preserving Kettles.
Steel-enameled—pure white inside—turquoise blue outside. The ware is excellent and will give lasting service. Each..... 21c



Japanned Flour Cans 68c.
The 50-pound size—heavy tin—most useful articles—and but, each..... 68c



Heavy Tin Tea Kettles 28c.
With copper bottoms—the No. 8 size.....28c
No. 9 size—same quality 38c

Nickel Plated Tea Kettles.
No. 8 size—24 oz. copper—nickel plated, special. 78c
No. 9 size—14 oz. copper—nickel plated..... 88c

Bread Raisers.
Very heavy tin—good and durable—
10 qt. size.....48c
14 qt. size.....58c
17 qt. size.....68c

Tin Dish Pans.
Extra heavy quality tin Dish Pans—specially priced—
10 qt. size.....19c
14 qt. size.....25c
17 qt. size.....30c

Pie and Cake Tins
Any size—choice—only, each 3c

Table Mats.
Japanese Table Mats, set of 5, for only..... 19c

Odd Dishes--Glassw're
Another Great Clean-Up.

Consists of odd pieces in Dinnerware——plain white and decorated—and glassware—we must have the room so we are going to divide the entire assortment into Three Lots and mark them at prices that you will be more than pleased to pay. Note them!

Lot 1—Choice 1c
Consists of Odd Glasses—Plates—Individual Butter Chips—and some slightly damaged pieces—all at 1c each. ¢

Lot 2—Choice 5c
Consists of Odd Plates (all sizes)—Cups and Saucers—Egg Cups—Bone Dishes—Sugar Bowls—Sauce Dishes—Custard Cups and many other useful pieces—choice 5c each.

Lot 3—Choice 10c
Consists of open Vegetable Dishes—China Plates—Platters (assorted sized)—Covered Butter Dishes—Sugar Bowls—Pitchers, etc.—choice 10c each.

What an opportunity—come early while the assortments are complete—such prices mean rapid selling.

BLOOD POISON is the worst disease on earth, yet the easiest to cure when you know what to do. Many have pimples, spots on the skin, sores in the mouth, ulcers, falling hair, bone pains, catarrh and don't know it is BLOOD POISON. Send to DR. BROWN, 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Penn., for BROWN'S BLOOD CURE. $2.00 per bottle; lasts one month. Sold in Duluth only by Max Wirth, 13 W. Sup. St.

ATTEMPT TO QUASH

Davis Indictment Will Be Made By Attorney.

Chicago, March 28.—An attempt will be made by attorneys representing Will J. Davis to quash the indictments against him in connection with the Iroquois theater fire. After a consultation it was agreed that the motion should be heard during the first week in May, the date not being decided upon.

In the office of the clerk of the criminal court a petition for a change of venue was filed by counsel for Mr. Davis. In the petition the Iroquois theater fire is reviewed and the allegation is set up that the defendant cannot secure a fair trial in Cook county.

HIGH WATER RECEDES.

Fonda, N. Y., March 28.—The high water in the Mohawk valley has greatly receded today. Ice gorges at Fort Plain, Canjoharie and Hoffman's remain intact, and another sudden rise is looked for tonight.

If Constipated Do This.

This offer may not appear again. There is no catch about it. If Mull's Grape Tonic does not positively cure Constipation you are out nothing, as you may have the first bottle free. If it cures, which it will, tell others, that is all we ask. No remedy has ever before been known to cure Constipation permanently. Mull's Grape Tonic is not a physic. It is unlike anything you have ever used. It cures Constipation. If it did not this offer would ruin us. The process is gradual, but sure. You know from your own experience that physics like Pills, Salts, Castor Oil, Mineral Waters, Injections, etc., make you worse.

Where can Mull's Grape Tonic be had? Your druggist sells it. The $1.00 bottle contains nearly three times the 50c size, but if you will write today to Mull's Grape Tonic Co., 207 3d Ave., Rock Island, Ill., and give druggist's name, you will receive the first bottle free with full instructions. This gives us a chance to prove to you AT OUR EXPENSE that it is a wonderful remedy and leaves you under no obligation to invest a penny. Only tell your friends about it.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always appliedexternally,and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Burlington Route

Quick Trips

To Chicago, St. Louis or other points south or southwest of the Twin Cities are made on Burlington trains Nos. 48 and 50 via Chicago and St. Louis. No. 48 for night rides; No. 50 for day. Get detailed information of

F. M. RUGG, Northwestern Passenger Agent,
Germania Life Building, ST. PAUL.

Storage and Moving

We invite parties who are thinking of storing their goods to call and inspect our storehouse at 510, 512, 514 East Superior street. We want them to see for themselves how we are prepared to take care of their goods.

NO MISREPRESENTATION

Special heated room for Pianos. No extra charge. Private rooms if desired. Our rates for storage and insurance are very low.

We move you in our large "VANS" cheaper than you can get the work done in DRAYS. Get our price.

Duluth Van & Storage Co.

Both 'Phones, 492. 210 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

"THE MORE YOU SAY THE LESS PEOPLE REMEMBER." ONE WORD WITH YOU

SAPOLIO

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, or other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Traynor Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth, druggists.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FIVE MEN DROWNED IN MISSOURI RIVER.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 28.—Five men lost their lives in the Missouri river last night. The men were engaged in dyke building operations on the Kansas side of the river opposite the water pumping station. They had been brought to the Missouri side each evening by a small steamer, but on account of a heavy wind and rain storm last evening the steamer was delayed and the men, rather than spend the stormy night in a shack on the Kansas bank, determined to cross in a skiff. About mid-stream the overloaded skiff was swamped by the high waves and four of the men sank in the muddy waters and were seen no more. The fifth man sank before help could reach him.

PLANNING FOR DENVER MEET

Epworth Leaguers Will Go In Force From Minnesota.

Minneapolis, March 28.—Epworth Leaguers are commencing to make definite plans for their international convention to be held in Denver next July. On the strength of the large amount of correspondence which has been pouring in upon the transportation comittee for the last month, a special equipment of eleven 16-section sleepers has been reserved and delegates and friends will connect with the Epworth special at convenient points along the route.

If present arrangements are carried out the start from Minneapolis will be made on Monday morning, July 3, at 9:30 o'clock, and from St. Paul a half hour later. Thus the party will have daylight until nearing Omaha and at daybreak the next morning will find themselves among the foothills of the Rockies. Arriving in Denver on July 4, there will be an abundance of time to get settled in their temporary homes and do considerable sightseeing before the convention begins the following afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The tenative program for the convention indicates an attraction well worth the time and money spent in taking the trip. Added to this the young people look forward to the outing features afforded in a journey to a place surrounded with such interesting and beautiful spots as is Denver. Several inexpensive side trips can be enjoyed for the two or three days which will be spent in this vicinity after the convention is over.

The Central Christian church, one of the finest houses of worship in the neighborhood of the convention hall, will be headquarters for both Minnesota and Wisconsin. Hotel and private accommodations for Minnesotans will be made by a committee soon to go to Denver for this purpose.

The transportation committee having in charge this Denver trip in July is headed by Carl F. Miller of Hamline, as chairman. The secretary is Lois A. Smith of Minneapolis. The northern part of the state is being taken care of by Bert N. Wheeler of Duluth; the central part by W. G. Calderwood of this city, and the southern part by Claude E. Southwick of Albert Lea.

DAUGHTER OF KING

Has Been Living In Milwaukee Under An Assumed Name.

Leopold of Belgium, Her Father, Wants Her To Return.

Milwaukee, March 28.—A daughter of King Leopold of Belgium has been here a year and her identity has just become known.

Masquerading under the unpretentious names of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Alton they have been living quietly in an humble cottage on the South side of the city, she and her husband, a Venetian nobleman, who has been disinherited by his titled and wealthy family because of his marriage to the princess, who has been an actress. Not only have letters of personal appeal from the king been received by Mrs. Alton, but the Belgian legation at Washington is also keeping close track of them, and letters of inquiry concerning them have been sent to Milwaukee parties by the legation.

In Belgium, France, Russia and other European countries Mrs. Alton is known as Princess Velva Marie Von Dornberg, youngest daughter of King Leopold. Always a favorite with her father, she now appears to be the center of his affections since his estrangement with Clementine, the only one of his daughters of the queen who has been able to keep on friendly terms with him.

Mr. Alton's real name is Philip Louis Prelau and he is a member of a wealthy and titled family of Italy, the report being that he is the great-grandson of the last doge of Venice. He is also a man of high culture, broad education and professional training, having been graduated from a Southern college and a medical college and having served for two years as interne in a New York hospital. In spite of this fact he and his wife are living in humble circumstances in this city, he having found employment as a bookkeeper in the office of the Rockwell Manufacturing company, where he is now in charge of the office force.

Fiction is not stranger than the romantic story of the princess, who found it advisable to leave her European home, where she was attended by ladies in waiting from the court, and who has been living in comparative poverty with her nobleman husband in one room at 471 Scott street, the room being rented from Mrs. R. C. Higgs, who keeps a few boarders and roomers.

The princess is now on her way to the Eastern metropolis to confer farther with representatives of her royal father with a view, it is thought, of arriving at an agreement that will allow her return, with her husband, to the Belgian court. Philip Louis Prelau, who is Philip Alton, is still at 471 Scott street, where he and his wife have lived since last July, with Mrs. Higgs.

Philip Alton denied himself to all callers yesterday. He was more than annoyed at the disclosure of his identity made. The quiet, secluded life he and his wife have been enjoying for a year has come to an end. Like Jean Valjean and his adopted daughter, he and his princess must begin again amid other scenes, unless the king consents to receive his son-in-law as a non-Catholic. During the absence of his wife Alton will continue at work in the office of the Rockwell Manufacturing company, Park and Sixth avenues.

Not less annoyed at the disclosure than the princess and her husband, is Mrs. Higgs. Mrs. Higgs is not unlike Mrs. Wiggs of the cabbage patch. Since last July this woman of middle age has kept a secret; a real royal secret. Through no fault of the discreet landlady, the secret has come out. While she has held it close for no other reason than pity and friendship, officials in the state department at the national capital have "tipped off" the story because they knew it was sensational. A few words from Washington have ended temporarily, at least, the happiness of a masquerading princess and her husband.

"When the princess came here to look at rooms I had for rent, I at first refused to have her stay here," said Mrs. Higgs. "I told her that I preferred men boarders, because they were less trouble. She assured me that she wouldn't make me any trouble. The next day she came again to ask me to take her as a boarder. Later on her husband came."

"How long have I known she was a princess? Well, for some time. They have lived very simply. Mrs. Alton soon began to call me 'mother.' She has often told me that I've done more for her than her real mother. We became good friends and I feel as badly as Mr. Alton over the end of our happiness. She has a beautiful disposition and acts more like a child than a grown woman. When she first came she said she was 23 years old, but she didn't look more than 19. Yes; she is very pretty. You should see her when she first gets up in the morning. She looks more like a beautiful doll than a woman.

"I couldn't help feeling sorry for the poor little woman when she first came here. She weighed not more than ninety pounds and was very weak. Only the other day she came to me and called my attention to how fat she was growing. 'That's all your fault, mamma,' she said.

"Yes; she's told me a great deal about herself. During the day she spent much time with me talking, and we grew to be very well acquainted. She went out every day at 12:30 to go down town, returning at about 4 in the afternoon.

"Mr. and Mrs. Alton always had their meals served to them in their rooms. They wouldn't eat with us when both were at home. When Mr. Alton was away the princess always took luncheon with me."

While the house in which Princess Velva Marie von Dornberg and her husband have been living for nearly a year is a comfortable one, it is far from being anywhere near the usual idea of a royal residence. The neighborhood is typical of the poorer districts of a city, it being in close proximity to saloons and small stores. Mrs. Higgs, who through chance, harbored the daughter of a king for several months, has lived in Milwaukee for twenty-five years.

She rather resents any comment of surprise over the fact that she, a woman, has kept a secret.

PROPOSED GIFT

Offered By Rockefeller Without Any Solicitation.

Boston, March 28.—In an interview last night Dr. James L. Barton, secretary of the American board of commissioners for missions, declared that the proposed gift of $100,000 by John D. Rockefeller to the board, which has caused wide discussion, was unsolicited and spontaneous, originating in an impulse of Mr. Rockefeller to further the work of the board. Dr. Barton said:

"The initial step toward this gift was taken by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., some two years or more ago, when he, unsolicited, asked the secretary of the American board to drop into his office at any time when in New York for a conference over the matters of mutual interest. This conference was held, and the work done by the American board was inquired into most carefully.

"Some months later a secretary of the board spoke upon his work in the church of Dr. Amory H. Bradford at Mt. Clair, N. J. In the audience was the confidential secretary of John D. Rockefeller. At the close of the service the two secretaries were introduced to each other by Dr. Bradford and further questions were asked in regard to the work of the American board.

"Subsequently I was asked to present a list of objects which were in immediate need of support, and which could not be supported by the regular receipts of the board. Such a list was prepared. Still later, an interview was requested for a conference regarding this list as well as the general policy of the board. This conference was followed in time by the promise of $100,000.

"So far as I know, no persons sought an interview with Mr. Rockefeller or any member of his family or any member of his staff of secretaries and no letters were written to bring influence to bear upon him in these matters. I believe that the gift was a spontaneous one, given from his own impulse for the purpose of the work carried on under the American board."

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

WOMAN KILLS HER THREE CHILDREN.

Paducah, Ky., March 28.—Declaring that George Albertson promised to marry her if she would get rid of her three children, Mrs. Mary Brockwell broke down and confessed that she killed the little ones, aged 3, 4 and 5, by giving them morphine and coal oil. The woman further stated that her husband was in an asylum and she could not support the children. Albertson was arrested as an accessory.

Last Saturday night the three children died under suspicious circumstances.

ROSSEAU FOUND GUILTY.

New York, March 28.—Gesner Rossell, also known as Gessler Rosseau, was convicted yesterday before Recorder Goff of having sent with malicious intent an infernal machine to the Cunard steamer Umbria, in this city, on May 5, 1903. The prisoner received the verdict calmly and without comment and was remanded to the tombs for sentence on Friday. The maximum penalty for theoffense is five years imprisonment.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeney, William A. Abbett.

AMES SUES CITY.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 28.—Dr. A. A. Ames, former mayor, has at last filed his suit against the city for $400 back salary, alleged to be due him and it will be tried at the April term of the district court. The doctor's attorneys claim that they have a clear case and that the city has no defense whatever against the claim.

GETS RHODES SCHOLARSHIP.

Minneapolis, March 28.—Harry S. Mitchell of Minneapolis was yesterday awarded the Rhodes scholarship from Minnesota by a committee, consisting of President Northrop of the state university; President Salmon of Carleton; President Wallace of McAlester; President Bridgeman of Hamlin, and President Kildahl of St. Olaf.

The only other candidate for the honor placed before the committee, was Newcomb B. Chanoy of Carleton.

Weak, Nervous, Worn Out Women

Bloodless, Irritable, Despondent Women, Subject to All Sorts and Varieties of Nervous Troubles, Find a Positive Cure In

DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS.

The world is full of women whose daily life is one long struggle against diseases peculiar to their sex—whose days and nights are full of quiet, patient suffering. The head the seat of pain and pressure—the result of nerve depression and physical weakness brought on by uterine or ovaglan trouble—the nerves on the edge—inclined to laugh or cry at anything—an ever present dragging in the back, hips and limbs—a feeling of utter weariness—lassitude and despondency. To these people Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are of incomparable value, having as they do the power to rebuild, to reinvigorate and resupply every organ, every nerve, every muscle with the lost energy, and to insuro a complete return to health, strength and vigor again.

Mrs. John Bailey, of Jackson St., Penn Yan, N. Y., says:

"I was told that Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills were a great nerve medicine, and as I neded one badly, I got a box. My nerves were very weak—I lacked ambition and strength and my heart action was very weak. I used the Pills as directed and they made my nerves quiet and steady—the heart action strong and regular, and the appetite good, my sleep became restful, and I feel altogether like another person. I think as a remedy in female complaints as well, they are grand, curing the headaches and heavy, dragging feeling rapidly and easily—this I know from experience, and I am glad to recommend them." 50c a box at dealers, or Dr. W. A. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., on every package.

For sale in Duluth by all druggists.

THE LAXATIVE OF KNOWN QUALITY

There are two classes of remedies; those of known quality and which are permanently beneficial in effect, acting gently, in harmony with nature, when nature needs assistance; and another class, composed of preparations of unknown, uncertain and inferior character, acting temporarily, but injuriously, as a result of forcing the natural functions unnecessarily. One of the most exceptional of the remedies of known quality and excellence is the ever pleasant Syrup of Figs, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., which represents the active principles of plants, known to act most beneficially, in a pleasant syrup, in which the wholesome Californian blue figs are used to contribute their rich, yet delicate, fruity flavor. It is the remedy of all remedies to sweeten and refresh and cleanse the system gently and naturally, and to assist one in overcoming constipation and the many ills resulting therefrom. Its active principles and quality are known to physicians generally, and the remedy has therefore met with their approval, as well as with the favor of many millions of well informed persons who know of their own personal knowledge and from actual experience that it is a most excellent laxative remedy. We do not claim that it will cure all manner of ills, but recommend it for what it really represents, a laxative remedy of known quality and excellence, containing nothing of an objectionable or injurious character.

There are two classes of purchasers; those who are informed as to the quality of what they buy and the reasons for the excellence of articles of exceptional merit, and who do not lack courage to go elsewhere when a dealer offers an imitation of any well known article; but, unfortunately, there are some people who do not know, and who allow themselves to be imposed upon. They cannot expect its beneficial effects if they do not get the genuine remedy.

To the credit of the druggists of the United States be it said that nearly all of them value their reputation for professional integrity and the good will of their customers too highly to offer imitations of the

Genuine—Syrup of Figs

manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., and in order to buy the genuine article and to get its beneficial effects, one has only to note, when purchasing, the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—plainly printed on the front of every package. Price, 50c. per bottle. One size only.

Don't ruin your house decorations by using inferior illumination; use electric light, clean, clear.

DULUTH GENERAL ELECTRIC CO.,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 20th, 1905.

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth McGinniss, Deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Elizabeth McGinniss, late of Cuyahoga County, Ohio, deceased, and the probate thereof in the probate court of Cuyahoga county, Ohio, have been delivered to this court;

And, whereas, Joseph H. McGinniss has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Elizabeth McGinniss lately died in said county of Cuyahoga testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, and that said petitioner is one of the executors of said estate, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to him and W. S. McGinniss issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the probate office in said county, on Monday, the seventeenth day of April, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it be further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 20th day of March, A. D. 1905.

By the Court.
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March-21-28-April-4, 1905.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE

Default haveing been made in the payment of the sum of Four Hundred and Thirty-eight Dollars and Sixty-two cents ($438.62), which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain purchase money mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John B. Roy, mortgagor to Ira B. Bradford, mortgagee, bearing date the 19th day of May, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, on the 20th day of July, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 92 of Mortgages, on page 89; such default consisting in the non-payment of principal and interest moneys secured by said mortgage and of taxes amounting to $15.12 assessed against the mortgaged premises after the execution of said mortgage, which taxes said mortgagee has paid, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot fourteen (14) in block nineteen (19), London addition to Duluth, according to the plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis county, in St. Louis county and State of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county at the front door of the court house, in the City of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 5th day of April, 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and the said sum of $15.12 paid for taxes and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and Fifty Dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Februray 20th, A. D. 1905.

IRA B. BRADFORD,
Mortgagee.

CRASSWELLER & CRASSWELLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb. 21-28; March 7-14-21-28.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Jacob Stein, Plaintiff,
vs.
Hans C. Hanson, Hans E. Hanson and all other persons or parties unknown, claming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District Court, in the City of Duluth, County of St. Louis, and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers, at their office, No. 512-13-14 First National Bank Building, in the City of Duluth, in said St. Louis County, within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated February 21st, 1905.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN and
RICHARD F. GRANT,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
512-13-14 First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Jacob Stein, Plaintiff,
vs.
Hans C. Hanson, Hans E. Hanson and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that an action has been begun in the above named court, by the plaintiff above named, against the above named defendants, which action is now pending in said court.

The object of said action is to obtain judgment of said court, determining the adverse claims of the parties in the above named action, in and to the premises hereinafter described, and decreeing that plaintiff is the absolute owner in fee simple of all of said premises, and that said defendants have no estate or interest in, or lien upon said premises.

The property above referred to, and described in the complaint herein, and affected by this action, is situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The east half of the northwest quarter (e½ of nw¼) of section twenty-nine (29), in township fifty-seven (57) north of range eighteen (18) west of the Fourth P. M.

Dated February 21st, 1905.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN and
RICHARD F. GRANT,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
512-514 First National Bank building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 21-25, March 7-14-21-28.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Henry J. Jenswold, Plaintiff,
vs.
Edwin Mott, as administrator of the estate of George R. Monfort, deceased, Mary A. Johnson, Alex. McLaren, David C. Irwin, David Erwin, Jno. Jenswold, Jr., George N. Monfort, John J. Buckhout, The St. Louis River Dalles Improvement company, "also all other persons or parties unknown claming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein," Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file in the office of the clerk of the above court, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office No. 407 Palladio Building, in the City of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated October 14, 1904.

JNO. JENSWOLD, Jr.,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
No. 407 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Henry J. Jenswold, Plaintiff,
vs.
Edwin Mott, as administrator of the estate of George R. Monfort, deceased, Mary A. Johnson, Alex. McLaren, David C. Irwin, David Erwin, Jno. Jenswold, Jr., George N. Monfort, John J. Buckhout, The St. Louis River Dalles Improvement company, "also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein," Defendants.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

Notice is hereby given, that an action has been commenced and is now pending in the above entitled court, by the above named plaintiff against the above named defendants.

The object of said action is to determine the adverse claims, estate, lien and interest of the defendants and the rights of the parties to this action in and to the premises herinafter described, and that plaintiff be adjudged to be the absolute owner thereof in fee simple, and that defendants and each of them have no right, title, estate or interest therein or lien thereon.

The description of the real property involved and brought in question thereby is situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots 2 and 3 in section 32, township 53 north, of range 14 west, of the 4th p. m., Lot 1, or the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 24, in township 58 north, of range 15 west, of the 4th p. m.; Lots 2 and 3 in section 33, township 63 north, of range 17 west, of the 4th p. m., and nw¼ of the se¼ and lots 7 and 8 in section 22, township 67 north, of range 17 west, of the 4th p. m.

Dater October 14, A. D. 1904.

JNO. JENSWOLD, Jr.,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
No. 407 Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by James Quinn and Margret (or Margaret) Quinn, his wife, mortgagors, to Richard R. Bailey, mortgagee, bearing date September twenty-second (22nd), 1903, and which was duly recorded in the Register of Deeds' office for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on September twenty-fourth (24th), 1903, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book two hundred seven (207) of Mortgages, on page one hundred eighty-eight (188); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, and interest thereon from September 22nd, 1903.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of three hundred thirty-four ($334.00) dollars, principal and interest;

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virture of said power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot twenty-six (26), in block twelve (12), in the Great Northern Addition to Virginia, according to the plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the said County of St. Louis; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1905, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars attorney's fee, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February, 21st, 1905.

RICHARD R. BAILEY,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-21-28-March 7-14-21-28-1905.

ANOTHER BREAK

Wheat Continues To Decline, With July Showing Most Weakness.

Trade Is Afraid of the May Option—Flax Is Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 28.—Wheat was dragging again today and it was the July option which suffered the most. In the Chicago market the May fell ½c and the July 1⅛-¼c. In Duluth May dropped 1-¼c and July 1½c, in Minneapolis May 1⅜c and July 2⅛-¼c, and in New York May ½c and July 1¼c. There is general fear of the May option in nearly all markets, because of the belief that there is severe congestion and that anyone interested in it is likely to get hurt which ever side he is on. The cash demand is not very good. Duluth in the past day or two has been offering Duluth wheat to be delivered in Chicago and weigh 57½ pounds to the bus, but none of the grain was taken.

The Liverpool market closed ¼d lower, London unchanged, Berlin ⅜c lower and Budapest ⅛c lower.

Car receipts at Duluth were 18 against 54 last year, and at Minneapolis 186 against 232 last year. Chicago received 26 against 19 last year.

Primary receipts of wheat were 352,056 bus, last year 306,254 bus. Shipments 300,-208 bus, last year 337,638 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 44,685 bus.

Bradstreet reported a decrease of 2,906,-000 bus, in the world's visible supply of wheat. East of the Rockies there was a decrease of 1,546,000 bus, and in Europe and afloat of 1,460,000 bus. Last year there was a decrease of 451,000 bus, in the corresponding week.

Bradstreet reported an increase of 142,-000 bus, in the world's visible supply of corn. Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged to ¼d lower. In the Chicago market May corn closed ⅜-⅝c lower. May oats closed ½c lower. Primary receipts of corn were 520,700 bus, last year 355,258 bus. Shipments 562,544 bus., last year 332,659 bus. Clearances were 457,362 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was fairly active and the feature was the weakness of the July option. Everybody had July to sell and at noon there had been a decline of ½-⅝c in May and 1⅝c in July. The May option opened ⅛-¼c lower at $1.06⅝ and in the first hour sold between that price and $1.06¾. At 10:45 it sold at $1.06⅝, rallied to $1.06¾ at 11:30, and then fell steadily until the close which was at $1.05¾ and the low point of the day. This was a decline of 1-¼c. The July option at the close showed a loss of 1⅛c and its closing price was $1.03⅛.

There was no change in the basis upon which cash wheat is sold, it continuing at 1c under May for No. 1 northern.

Flax was very dull. The May option opened ¼c lower at $1.36, and then advanced, and closed 1½c higher at $1.37¾.

Oats declined ⅝c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat to arrive—No. 1 northern, $1.04¾. On track—No. 1 northern, $1.04¾; No. 2 northern, 58¾c-$1.02¾. Durum No. 1, 92c; No. 2, 91c; May, $1.05¾; July, $1.03¼; Sept. 85¾c. Flax on track, $1.29; May, $1.37¾; Oct., $1.26. Oats to arrive, 29c; on track, 29c. Rye to arrive, 77c; on track, 77c. Barley, feed, 33@37c; malting, 37@44c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 18, last year 54; corn 1, oats 58, barley 3, flax 21, last year 94.

Receipts: Wheat 7,576; oats, 23,741; flax, 8,129.

Shipments: Rye, 1,179; flax, 1,950.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

Oats, 3 cars No. 3 white 29½
Oats, 2 cars No. 4 white 28¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Lower Cables and Wet Weather Make Wheat Easier.

Chicago, March 28.—Lower cables and wet weather in the Southwest caused an easier tone in the wheat market here today. At the opening July was 3⅝@4c lower to a shade higher at 89¼c to 90c, and May was unchanged to ⅛c up at $1.12⅜ to $1.12⅝. July was in fair demand from commission houses and the price of that delivery soon steadied around 89½c. May sold up to $1.13 on a light trade. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 230 cars against 216 cars last week and 256 cars a year ago.

Late in the day the market became extremely weak on general selling, July declining to 88¾c. May sold off to $1.11¾. The close was near the lowest point of the day, July being down 1¼@1⅝c at 88¾c. May was off ⅛c at $1.12.

Sentiment in the corn pit was rather bearish mainly as a result of lower prices at Liverpool. Owing to smaller receipts than expected offerings were quite light. May opened a shade lower at 48¾c. After touching 48¼c, the price reacted to 48¾c. Local receipts were 301 cars, with three of contract grade.

The slump in wheat caused selling of corn, the market becoming weak. May sold off to 47⅞c and closed at 47⅞c, a net loss of ⅜@⅝c.

A scattered demand for oats held prices steady at practically last night's closing values. May was unchanged at 30¼c. Local receipts 256 cars.

Liberal receipts and a decline of 5c in the price of hogs caused some profit-taking in provisions, resulting in an easier market. May pork was off 5c at $12.75; lard was down 2½@5c at $7.12½; ribs were 2½@5c lower at $6.55.

Close: Wheat—May, $1.12; July, 88¾c; Sept. 83¾c. Corn—March, 47c; May, 47⅞c; July, 48⅛c; Sept., 48¼c. Oats—May, 29⅝c; July, 29⅝c; March, 29⅝c; Sept., 28¾c. Pork—May, $12.67½@12.70; July, $12.82½. Lard—March, $7.06; May, $7.10@7.12½; April, $7.02½; July, $7.25. Sept., $7.37½. Ribs—May, $6.92½@6.95; July, $7.12½; Sept., $7.27½. Rye—March, 78½c; May, 78¼c; Sept., 60c. Flax—cash, northwestern, $1.36; southwestern, $1.23; March, $1.23; May, $1.23. Timothy—March, $2.85@3.00; April, $2.90@3.00; Sept., $3.05. Clover—March, $13.35. Barley—cash, 40@48c. Wheat—2 red, $1.12½@1.14½; 3 red, $1.03@1.10; 2 hard, $1.10½@1.12½; 3 hard, $1.06@1.09½; 1 northern, $1.12½@1.14½; 2 northern, $1.09@1.12½; 3 spring, $1.04@1.12½. Oats—2, 30¼c; 3, 29¾c. Corn—2, 48@48c; 3, 47½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—Aside from a little rally immediately after the opening the market at no time showed strength or inclination to rally. New low prices were made for the winter months, with the closing just a shade above the low point. The weather is still the dominating factor. Throughout the winter wheat belt the crop has received moisture, but the temperatures give no indication of going down to an alarming point. Short selling has been more aggressive than in recent sessions. The market closed weak enough to warrant the belief in somewhat lower prices.

Corn—Weakness in wheat and the absence of support caused an easier feeling in this market which prevailed throughout the session. Prominent bulls were reported as principal sellers. The corn market acted tired today and seems to be feling the weight of large receipts and slow cash situation. The former bull snap is missing and the market acts as if it wanted to drag some lower.

Oats—Trade has been quiet through most of the session, but the market was under pressure all the time. We feel that stocks and supplies are too large to warrant any sustained price improvement at this time.

Provisions—This market sympathized with the other pits and was saved from further decline by the packers; their buying steadied the market somewhat, which was quite likely their intention. This market seems to be in a discouraging rut. Hogs are being slaughtered in large numbers and the manufactured stuff is accumulating rapidly.

* * *

B. E. Baker's Chicago Grain Letter: This fine warm, summer like weather is rapidly augmenting the bear ranks and is discovering the bull. The course of the market shows plainly the effect on values. The long continued favorable conditions for the growing crop are leading to an amount of confidence in lower prices, which may end in disaster. A change in the weather would quickly alter sentiment, and the market is in shape to respond to any encouragement. The news today was in scant supply. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 28 cars.

Corn—A moderate trade and bearish pit crowd and fair selling in a market bare of buying orders gave corn a weak tone early. Later when wheat developed weakness, selling became more popular, smaller holders dumping their lines. A fair demand was encountered around 48 cents for the May, but this aws eventually supplied. The news was, in some respects, more bullish than of late, and the weather is a great aid to bearish sentiment. Receipts under run the preliminary estimate, and the total the past two days is 400 cars short of the same period last week. The country is selling nothing. The cash market held firm at yesterday's prices with offerings light. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 187 cars.

* * *

Edwards, Wood & Co.: Wheat—The market for wheat was irregular and somewhat lower. The market news was very strong and in line with theories that were advanced last fall and early which wheat sold up 40c. The spring-like weather continues and accounts for the letting go of wheat at this time. At Minneapolis millers reported a sale of 50,000 barrels of flour to Japan. Sentiment among the best traders is to accumulate wheat around this level for a big advance. They say with reference to the new crop months that very little in the way of a change in conditions will start shorts to covering.

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: A good many commission merchants are trying to close up their trades in May wheat, fearing sensational price changes as the time for the settlement of the May deal draws nearer. They are not only getting out of old trades, but discouraging customers from making new ones. That there is a similar feeling of uneasiness in Minneapolis was attested by the action of the chamber of commerce there in requiring a deposit of 10 per cent on all May contracts.

* * *

Broomhall's weekly crop summary: United Kingdom and France—The weather continues seasonable and the crop outlook favorable. Supplies of native wheat have further decreased and are now very small.

Germany—Continued favorable weather has been beneficial to the crops which look well. Suplies of wheat are still large.

Hungary—The outlook remains favorable.

Roumania—The condition of the growing crops is good. Supplies of wheat are small.

Russia—Warmer weather is wanted. Navigation has opened on the sea of Azoff, this being a few days earlier than usual. Arrivals of grains at the ports are very small.

Italy—The crop is all right, notwithstanding the recent unseasonable weather.

Spain—Further complaints have been received.

North Africa—Wheat crop prospects are now generally satisfactory.

India—Little change has occurred since a week ago, but the outlook is rather more hopeful.

* * *

Chicago Inter-Ocean: A prominent trader says: "Think speculation in corn will be large and the prices higher this summer. It looks as though 55 cents will be an easy matter and 60 cents not at all improbable. The strength will surprise everybody, I believe, when these receipts, due to the low freight rates, have had their run. The first of April sees an advance of 6 to 7 cents per bushel in rates. The western man will not stand for this, nor even half of it, and he will stop shipping while hogs and cattle are so high and feeding demand at home absorbs so much of his corn on basis of his present price. In the meantime exports will keep up, as this corn bought on the lower rates was mostly placed for foreign shipment when contracted for."

* * *

Chicago Record-Herald: "Growing wheat looks fine all through the Southwest," said Capt. Phillips, the veteran operator, who came up from Hot Springs yesterday. "The price looks high, too, but if Gates has a big long line the price may not matter much."

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 28.—Wheat spot steady; 1 Cal., 6s 10d. Futures, quiet; May, 6s 7½d; July, 6s 8d; Sept., 6s 7½d. Corn—spot, steady; American mixed new, 4s 4½d; do old, 4s 11d; futures, quiet; March, 4s 4d; May, 4s 4⅝d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	$1.06⅝B	$1.09½-⅝	$1.12½-⅝	$1.10
High	1.06⅝	1.09⅝	1.12⅝	1.10¼
Low	1.05⅝B	1.08⅜	1.11¼	1.09¾
Close	1.05⅝B	1.08½-⅝B	1.12	1.09¾B
Close 27	1.06¾-⅞	1.09⅞-10	1.12½	1.10¼
July—				
Open	1.04½B	1.05⅞	89½-¾	94½-¼
High	1.04⅝	1.06⅞	90⅛	94⅝
Low	1.03⅛	1.03⅝	88⅝	93⅜
Close	1.03⅛B	1.03⅝-¾	88¾	93½A
Close 27	1.04⅜	1.05⅞	89⅞-90	94⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	30¼	48¾	$12.75
High	30⅜-¼	48¾	12.75
Low	29½	47¾	12.67
Close	29⅝	47⅞	12.67-70

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 28.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.05⅜@⅝; July, $1.03⅝@¾; Sept., 85¼c. No. 1 hard, $1.12⅜; 1 northern, $1.10⅜; 2 northern, $1.05⅝.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 28.—Close: Wheat—May, $1.09⅜; July, 93¾c; Sept., 86¾c. Corn—May, 53½c; July, 53½c.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 328 West Superior street:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated	77⅞	78¼
Adventure	5½	6
Atlantic	16¼	16½
Allouez	21¼	22
Arcadian	1½	2
Elm River	2½	3
Bingham	31¾	32
Copper Range	75¼	75¾
Centennial	17¼	17½
Calumet and Hecla	675	680
Calumet and Arizona	105	108
Calumet and Pittsburg		39
Lake Copper and Pittsburg		45
Isle Royale	24	24¾
Mass	10¾	11½
Michigan	13	13¼
Mohawk	53	54
Manhattan	75c	1.00
Mercur Con	30c	34c
National	1½	2
Old Colony	1⅞	1¾
Old Dominion	20	20½
Osceola	98	99
Phoenix	1⅞	2
Parrott	28	29
Quincy	105	106
Rhode Island	1¾	2
Santa Fe	2	2½
Franklin	10	10½
Tecumseh	3¾	3
Tamarack	126	130
Shannon	7⅝	8
Trinity	10¼	10⅝
Utah	42	42⅛
U. S. Mining	20¼	20¾
Victoria	4½	5
Wolverine	110	111
Wyandot	2	2¼
Winona	12½	13
Daly West	15	15⅜
Greene Cons	28¼	28⅜
Pittsburg and Duluth		25
Union Land	3½	4
Junction		100
Wolverine and Arizona		4½
Black Mountain		2.10
Chiricahua		64
Granby	5⅛	6

REPORT ON COTTON GINNING.

Washington, March 28.—The census bureau today issued a special cotton ginning report on the total crop showing total crop, including linters, counting round bales as half bales to be 13,597,782, equivalent to 13,584,457.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 28.—Cattle receipts, 5,500, steady; good to prime steers, $5.25@6.25; poor to medium, $4.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, $2.75@4.75; cows, $2.00@4.50; heifers, $2.00@5.00; canners, $1.60@2.50; bulls, $2.50@4.00; calves, $3.00@7.00. Hogs receipts, 25,000; tomorrow, 33,000; 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.25@5.40; good to choice heavy, $5.35@5.46; rough heavy, $5.25@5.35; light, $5.20@5.35; bulk of sales, $5.30@5.40. Sheep receipts, 18,000, steady; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $5.75@6.25; fair to choice mixed, $5.00@5.50; Western sheep, $5.00@6.25; native lambs, $5.50@7.70; Western lambs, $6.00@7.80.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report receipts of horses exceptionally large, especially of farm mares. Prices held lower than any day the past week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$175@200
Drafters, choice	155@175
Drafters, common to good	120@155
Farm mares, extra	130@150
Farm mares, choice	100@130
Farm mares, common to good	80@100

MONEY HEAVY IN PARIS.

Paris, March 28.—The tone on the bourse today was heavy. Russians were weak upon a denial of the report that the imperial council had decided to open peace negotiations. A general stagnancy prevailed and the market closed heavy. Russian Imperial fours were quoted at 88.50 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 503. The private rate of discount was 2¾ per cent.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 28.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $138,316,-362; gold, $85,128,200; silver, $25,974,799; United States notes, $14,725,201.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market closed weak and lower, with pressure quite pronounced on the high priced railroad issues. Rallies throughout the session have been very frequent but were short lived, with the market closing but little above the low point of the day. The market seems to indicate that liquidation is dribbling out on any show of strength. Sentiment is not quite so unanimous in favor of better prices right away. Money shows some tendency to harden. On the whole the market seemed to present a very tired appearance. It has clearly lost its snap and acts as if it wanted to drag some lower.

* * *

C. G. Gates & Co. to B. E. Baker: There is strong suspicions in some circles that Union Pacific was depressed recently to enable the large interests to further their accumulations of these stocks. Men who have been watching it closely would not be surprised to see it advance sharply when the general market becomes a little more regular. Opinion is also held by close observers that New York Central is being bought steadily and they welcome reactions to get more stock.

* * *

Paine, Webber & Co.: Jacob Field says: "This is a big trading market, in which stocks are a purchase on breaks and a sale on sharp rallies. For myself I prefer to sell them on the bulges."

* * *

C. G. Gates to B. E. Baker: Pittsburg advices are that the United States Steel corporation is not in market as a buyer of Bessemer iron either April delivery or for the second quarter of the year, although it is certain that the corporation will need a large tonnage for April.

THE COTTON MARKET.

Cotton spot quiet; middling uplands, 8.65; middling gulf, 8.80. Sales 50 bales. Futures closed steady; March, 7.39; April, 7.40; May, 7.51; July, 7.42; August, 7.46; September, 7.47; October, 7.52; November, 7.55; December, 7.58; January, 7.61.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Closing Was Weak and Little Above the Low Point.

Rallies Throughout the Session Frequent But Short-Lived.

New York, March 28.—Stocks were under decided pressure in the opening dealings today, which were well distributed throughout the list. Gains in one or two of the Railway Equipment stocks were the only exceptions, Car rising a point. Tennessee Coal fell 1¼ and 6,000 shares of Union Pacific sold at 128 and 128¼, compared with 129 last night. Southern Pacific, Northwestern, Atchison, Reading, Smelting, Locomotive, Republic Steel and Consolidated Gas were also notably affected and made large fractional declines.

After the selling orders hanging over the market at the opening had been disposed of prices hardened throughout and initial losses were largely recovered. The higher range of prices, however, brought out more abundant offerings and the market sold considerably lower. St. Paul, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Reading, Norfolk & Western, Atchison and Kansas & Texas preferred and Kansas City Southern were bought at an advance of a point and American Express 2.

Apart from belated selling in a few stocks of secondary importance, the tendency was upward during the second hour's trading. A large part of the early losses were retrieved and in some instances entirely recovered, notably for New York Central and Union Pacific. Some of the Southern stocks were conspicuously buoyant. Atlantic Coast line advanced 1 to 1½. United Railway & Investment preferred, Pipe preferred and Texas Land Trust improved 1, Beet Sugar 2 and Distilling preferred 2. Business was rather quiet throughout the forenoon with the specialties figuring largely in the total. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Little effort was made to support prices and the market was unable to withstand the volume of stocks that was thrown over after 12 o'clock. Western stocks were the weakest features but the selling was pretty general and other leading railroads and specialties dropped sharply. St. Paul yielded about 2 points and Union Pacific 1. Average losses reached a point in most other favorites.

It was not until well into the afternoon that the day's selling movement was substantially checked. By that time Union Pacific, St. Paul and Reading had been hammered down 2 points and the list generally from 1 to 1½. When signs of support appeared the rally was rapid and considerable stock was bought as prices hardened. Recoveries from the low point reached nearly a point in a large number of stocks and Tennessee Coal was lifted to 97.

Prices fluctuated widely but dully. Union Pacific touched the lowest at 127⅛ and recovered to 128⅝. Lackawanna rose an extreme 13 points but prices slipped back owing to the entire subsidence of the demand and melted away again rather easily in some cases to the lowest. The close was dull and heavy.

Quotations furnished by Edwards-Wood Co., room A, Torrey building.

Stocks—	High	Low	Close
Atchison, pfd.	102½	102⅜	102⅜
do com.	88	88¼	87⅛
Smelter, com.	101¾	100	100⅝
American Ice	5½	5⅛	5½
Amalgamated Copper	79	77⅜	77⅝
Baltimore & Ohio Ry.	108⅝	107⅞	108
Brooklyn Rapid Transit.	67⅛	66	66¾
Canadian Pacific R.	147⅞	146¾	147
C. & O.	58	56⅞	57
Colorado Fuel & Iron	56⅝	55¾	55½
C., G. W., com.	23½	23	23⅜
Erie 1st., pfd.	79⅞	79⅝	79⅞
Erie, com.	45⅝	44¾	44⅞
Illinois Central	159¾	159½	159¾
Louisville & Nashville	140¾	139⅝	140
Mexican Central	24⅜	24⅛	24⅜
Metropolitan Railway	123¼	122½	122⅜
Missouri Pacific	106⅝	106½	106
Manhattan	168	167¼	167¼
Norfolk & Western	85¾	84⅝	85½
New York Central	161½	160	160½
Ontario & Western	62⅜	60½	62¼
People's Gas	111⅞	110	110⅝
Pacific Mail	44¾	43⅝	43½
Penn. Ry.	141	140¼	140¾
Rock Island, com.	34	33½	33⅝
Rock Island, pfd	79½	78⅝	79
Reading, com.	94¾	92⅜	93⅛
R. I. & S., pfd	82	79⅝	80
R. I. & S., com	22¼	21⅛	21½
Rubber, com.	42⅜	41¾	42¼
St. Paul	175¾	173⅞	175⅞
Sugar	141⅝	140⅜	140⅝
Southern Railway, com.	34⅜	34	34
Southern Pacific	67⅝	66⅜	66½
T. C. & I.	97	94¾	96
Texas Pacific	38½	37½	38
U. S. Steel, pfd	95⅝	93⅝	94⅝
U. S. Steel, com.	35⅛	34⅜	34⅞
Union Pacific, com.	128⅞	127⅛	127½
Wisconsin Central, com.	23¾	23½	23½
Wisconsin Central, pfd.	51⅝	51	51⅝
Western Union	92⅝	92½	92½
Wabash, com	22¾	22⅜	22⅝
Wabash, pfd	46¼	45	45
Twin City	114	113½	113⅝

The total sales were 1,058,400 shares.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 28.—Money on call, strong, 3½@4 per cent; closing bid, 3½, offered at 4. Time loans, steady; 60 and 90 days, 3½ per cent; 6 months, 3½@3¾. Prime mercantile paper, 3¾@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange, strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.90@95 on demand and $4.83.90@4.84 for 60 days.

FLEET SAILED MARCH 16.

Tamative, Madagascar, March 28.—It has been definitely ascertained that the whole Russian second Pacific squadron left the waters of Madagascar March 16 for an unknown destination.

SIEGE IN LIVONIA.

Riga, Russia, March 28.—The minister of the interior has ordered the proclamation of a minor state of siege in Livonia, the order dating from yesterday.

B. E. BAKER
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.
318 St. Louis Hotel Building.
307 Board of Trade.
MEMBERS:
Chicago Board of Trade.
Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce.
Duluth Board of Trade.

We Are Headquarters For
Arizona Copper Stocks
PAINE, WEBBER & CO
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
328 West Superior Street.

MINNEAPOLIS OMAHA
Edwards-Wood Co.
MAIN OFFICE
5th and Robert Sts.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
(INCORPORATED)
DEALERS IN
Stocks, Grain, Provisions
Ship Your Grain To Us
Best Facilities. Prompt Returns.
Liberal Advances.
DULUTH WINNIPEG
Branch office, 310 Board of Trade. Old 'Phone, 135. City office, Room A, Torrey Bldg. Both 'Phones 1159.

We Are Dealers In Stocks!
LOCAL BANK AND INDUSTRIAL STOCKS.
BONANZA CIRCLE COPPERS—Specialties.
Stocks
Miscellaneous— Asked
Alaska Central, pfd $5.50
Black Rock, (Bellinger) 45c
Crooked River, Idaho 45c
LaLuz, Mexico $1.50
Niagara Iron $1.50
Ophir Tunnel 25c
Parry Sound, Ont. 5c
Zenith 'Phone stock.
If you wish to buy or sell any kind of stock, communicate with
H. E. SMITH & CO., BROKERS
Ground Floor Palladio Building, near Elevator. Zenith 'phone 696.
Hansen E. Smith. William Kaiser.

Alaska Ceniral Railway Preferred Stock!
CHAS. B. ASKE,
Duluth, Minn. Zenith Phone. 1228-X.
Closing prices, March 28, 1905. Alaska Central Railway, bid $4.25, asked, $5.00.

Boston & Duluth Farm Land Company,
J. L. WASHBURN, President.
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, Vice President and Treasurer.
EDWARD HAZEN, Secretary.
A. W. KUEHNOW, Sales Agent.
This company still has for sale about 65,000 acres of the best land in Carlton and St. Louis counties.
Choice lands in the Holyoke, Floodwood, Prairie Lake and Cromwell regions.
25,000 acres north of the city in the Rice Lake, Cloquet river, Jean du Luth Stock Farm localities.
These lands are selling themselves at from $6.00 to $10.00 per acre. Our settlers are satisfied and the opening of farms in Northeastern Minnesota has begun in earnest. We have sold about 200,000 acres. We would be glad to make a few sales in tracts of 5,000 acres or upwards and will make the prices attractive.
We would be especially glad to sell some lands to citizens of Duluth. Let our own people show their faith in lands and do something towards carrying on the work in which for four years we have been engaged, and at the same time make handsome profits.
OFFICE—18 FIFTH AVENUE WEST.

Lakeside Houses.
I have for sale in the beautiful suburb of Lakeside some excellent houses that will prove very good purchases. The following is ony a partial list:
$2300 —reasonable terms if desired, buys a seven-room house; furnace heat, city water, sewer, bath, closet, cellar, mantel and grate; downstairs finished in hardwood, upstairs in pine; hardwood floors in kitchen and hall. Good barn. Size of grounds 50x140. Corner location.
$4750 buys an eight-room house, hot water heat, electric lights, city water, sewer, bath, closet, cellar, stone foundation; all improvements in the street. This property is in excellent condition and will make you a nice home.
$3150 buys a lot 50x140 with an eight-room house. Electric lights, city water, sewer, bath, closet, mantel and grate; new plumbing, beautiful location. Upper side of London road near Gorman Park.
$950 buys a nice cottage seven blocks from the car line—big lot. Cost of building the house alone much more than asked for the whole thing.
$5000 buys 100x140 ground with modern ten-room house. Commands a magnificent lake view. Splendid purchase.
GEO. H. CROSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Building.

East End Houses.
$7000 takes modern 11-room house, hot water heat, fine location; only $1,000 cash.
$7500 takes modern 10-room house on East First street; hot water heat. Swellest location.
$5000 takes modern 9-room house, only two years old.
$8000 takes modern 9-room house on fine corner.
$3500 takes modern 7-room house on Nineteenth avenue.
$3500 takes modern 7-room house on East Second street.
We have the largest list in the city. Acres are coming in fast. You need our help to get the choice. We are leaders.
A. C. VOLK & CO.
$2850 Double house, water, sewer. Central. Will sell to two families.
$1250 8-room house on Second avenue east. Monthly payments.
$4000 Strictly modern, 10-room house. East end.
$3000 Cash buys well improved central located property, paying 18 per cent net on money invested. Houses and lots in all parts of the city.
ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Building. Zenith 'phone 338.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON PROVIDENCE BLDG.
MAKE AN OFFER!
On lot 120, block 35, Third division; lots 134 and 136, block 36, Third division. These lots are on Fourth street between Seventh and Ninth avenues West. Fine lots and just the place to build a home. Also lots 18, 22 and 24, block 132, Third division. These lots are on the boulevard between First and Second avenues West. If you want to buy call and see how quick we can make a trade.
F. E. KENNEDY, Associate,
104 Providence Bldg.

CHEAP ACRES
4,000 acres in northern part of St. Louis and Itasca counties, Minnesota, for sale at $1.25 per acre. Think of it, 4,000 acres for $5,000. Timber is reserved, but buyer of lands has no taxes to pay until lands are released from timber reservation. NO MINERAL IS RESERVED, and if iron or other mineral is found on one forty, it will sell for more than is asked for the whole tract. Title to all of this land is perfect and is all based on U. S. government patents. For further particulars call on or address
Guaranty Farm Land Co., 416 Lyceum.

$1675 will buy twenty-five feet on West First street, near Eighteenth avenue West, improved with a five-room house. If you are looking for a bargain here is your chance.
WHITNEY WALL,
Real Estate and Insurance.
Main Floor Palladio Bldg. Telephones—Bell 1368. Zenith 810.

Eight-room house, West Duluth—central location; easy terms— price $1100
Five lots, West Duluth—near car line $1000
Two lots near blast furnace—price $450
Five lots on West Third street, near Bryant school—$400 to $500.
One lot on West Fourth street, near Lincoln Park $1350
Two acres near street car line—will trade for a house and lot...$1000
Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Ground Floor, Providence Bldg.

$5500 for modern residence; within walking distance; hot water heat; all in best condition.
$1100 for a cozy cottage in the East end. Small cash payment, balance monthly.
$3000 to Loan—5%.
COOLEY & UNDERHILL Exchange Building.

LOOSE LEAF LEDGERS
and Blank Books at Wholesale Prices.
BOOKKEEPERS' SPECIAL PENCILS.
ZENITH PAPER CO.,
222-224 WEST MICHIGAN STREET.

EAST END HOMES FOR SALE.
$5250 Fourth street, near Fifteenth avenue, eight rooms, hardwood finish, all conveniences. Bright, warm house on upper side of street.
$4500 Third street, near Twelfth avenue, 7-room brick house, new, hot water heat, fine plumbing, hardwood floors throughout.
$3500 Nineteenth avenue, near Superior street, 10-room house, two fire places, all conveniences.
$2800 Nineteenth avenue near Jefferson street, 10-room house. Arranged for two families. Stone foundation, water and bath.
$1700 Seventh street, near Ninth avenue, 7 rooms, water, sewer and gas.
N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

Houses and Lots
$3500 for a seven-room house on East Second street, near Tenth avenue.
$1400 for full-size lot near Twenty-ninth avenue West and Second street.
$1200 for six-room house near Twenty-first avenue East, below London road.
$1000 for lot on Fifth street, near Normal school.
G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Phone 201. Alworth Building.

$3500—Eight rooms, stone foundation; water, sewer, etc.; perfect condition; upper side of street, in VERY CENTER OF CITY.
$1200—Eight fine rooms—good barn, good well. Twenty-third avenue West. Very comfortable home.
$1400—Seven rooms, city water up and down stairs. Second street, West end.
$2100—Seven rooms—water, sewer and bath; upper side of street. Very central. WEST END.
$1000—Lot 50x140 feet. Second street. WEST END.
$300—Lot on Seventh street, near Third avenue East.
I have many bargains in West Duluth which will double in the next year.
T. G. VAUGHAN,
400 Lonsdale Bldg. Phone 789.

BUILDING LOANS!
WE LOAN MONEY for the construction of substantial buildings and dwellings.
TELL US WHAT YOU NEED. Reasonable terms, prompt service.
Representing loan department Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., Northwestern Trust Co.
O. C. Hartman & Co.,
209-210-211 EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Lease For Term of Years.
25 feet well situated on Superior street, either ground lease or will erect building. Exclusively,
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

Wm. Schupp
Insurance and Bonds.
Lonsdale Building. Ground Floor.
Telephone No. 207.

STOP RENTING.
The Athena Building Co. is now prepared to build you a house according to your own plans and will let you pay for it in monthly installments. Stop paying rent and apply this money on your own property.
S. S. WILLIAMSON, Manager,
615 Torrey Building.

$1600 HOUSE AND LOT $1600
Good location. Great bargain. $300 cash, balance $25 a month. For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BUILDING.

$175 A nice level lot, 25x160, West end.
$1800 A 7-room house, well built, with water, sewer, cellar, woodshed and chicken house on West Third street.
$2000 7-room house West First street —water, sewer, electric lights. Easy terms.
$2500 A double house of five rooms each and a six-room house adjoining, on Minnesota avenue, Park Point. Annual rental $400. A gilt edge investment.
We also build a limited number of houses to suit purchasers and sell them on monthly payments.
Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
REAL ESTATE—MORTGAGE LOANS. INSURANCE.
220 West Superior Street.

5% LOANS WANTED 6%
Money on Hand For Real Estate Loans.
NO DELAY. NO ANNOYANCE.
THE BEST CONTRACT.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO
Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE.
$2000 Easy terms. House at Eleventh avenue west. Rents for $30 per month.
$2500 Boarding house, 11 rooms, also barn. A good location near Blast Furnace.
$4200 A flat building, two 6-room flats near Portland square, renting for $48 per month.
$1000 A fine lot on East Fourth street.
PULFORD, HOW & CO.
309 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT
THE PHELAN RESIDENCE
No. 405 East Third street. The house has hot water heat, 11 rooms, and is laid out and finished in a way that makes it very desirable. Good barn with room for coachman. Apply to
R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

WE MAKE
REAL ESTATE LOANS
THAT MAKE SATISFIED CUSTOMERS.
It will pay you to investigate our methods before borrowing.
R. M. NEWPORT 302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. Salter, Agent.

FOR RENT.
Store Room—One of the best locations on Superior street.
House in Chester Terrace, steam heat, hot and cold water, gas range. In prime condition.
Eight-room, strictly modern house in East end.
If you contemplate making a change this spring, now is the time to make your arrangements for May 1st, and it will pay you to come and see us before doing so.
Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,
216 W. Superior St.

Burrows' Rain Coats

A "RAIN OR SHINE" COAT is a mighty handy garment. The way Rain Coats are made now-a-days they serve a double purpose of protection against weather and at the same time give a man a light weight, dressy coat to wear clear days.

We've gone beyond any standard yet set for excellent Rain Coats. Better cut, better made coats, in fact, the kind of coats you'd expect at Burrows'.

Prices range from $15.00 to $30.00. Fabrics are mixtures, worsteds, cheviots, Etc., that have been rainproofed. The $15.00 coat is unusually popular here, especially the black thibet line.

M. S. BURROWS,

KNOX HATS. HANAN SHOES.

COL. GRAVES IS AT HOME

Will Leave For Stockholm In About Three Weeks.

Col. C. H. Graves, the newly appointed United States minister to Norway and Sweden, has just returned to Duluth after a winter's visit in Florida. He has been in Washington a good deal since the president named him for diplomatic honors, and came from Washington here.

Today Col. Graves is shaking hands with old friends on the street, and all are sincerely pleased over the honors which have come to crown his long and useful public career. The colonel said today:

"I expect to leave for Stockholm in about two or three weeks, but on just what date it is impossible to say, for I have a considerable amount of business to clean up before getting away. Of course I feel highly gratified over the president appointing me to the post of minister to Stockholm, and I fully appreciate what my friends have done for me in the matter by pushing my interests. I trust my service as minister to Scandinavia from the United States will be of use to this country, and I shall endeavor to do my best to properly represent my native land in a way that will be fitting with its greatness and its importance among the nations of the earth."

The Scandinavians of the city will, within a few days, perfect arrangements for the banquet which they will tender to Col. Graves before his departure for his post. This affair will be quite elaborate and will be a fitting farewell for Duluth's honored citizen.

WEST FIRST STREET SALE.

Old Board of Trade Livery Site Sold.

A transfer was filed with the register of deeds today in which John B. Meagher and his wife turn over to Margarett G. Hunter of Duluth the property on which the old Board of Trade livery is located, next to the Mason flats, between Third and Fourth avenues west, on First street. The consideration of the transfer was $20,000. This piece of property is regarded as one of the most valuable pieces of business property in the city. Just what is is intended to do with it could not be learned today, but there is some rumor of a new building going up on it.

Lot 9, block 23, in Portland addition, was transferred by George N. Fifer to Angeline Pyette for $7,300.

DANGER OF LYNCHING

For Woman Who Poisoned Her Three Daughters.

Paducah, Ky., March 28.—There is believed to be danger of lynching Mrs. Mary Brockwell, aged 29 years, who admitted that she poisoned her three little daughters, and George Albritton, the youth who she says proposed to marry her if she would do so. Both were arraigned in police court today and remanded until Monday. Mrs. Brockwell says that suffering and inability to find homes for her children drove her mad, and that she did not know what she was doing. Albritton denies any knowledge of the matter.

LESS ICE IN LAKES

Than Reported at This Time Last Year.

Detroit, March 28.—The report on ice conditions in the Great Lakes, published today by Inspector N. B. Conger of the weather bureau, says that ten days of warm weather and rain will cut the ice so that there will be little difficulty in opening navigation on the chain of lakes.

There is much less ice reported in all the lakes than at this time last year.

FIRES IN RUSSIA.

Ninji Novogorod, Russia, March 28.—A fire at the Mazoule grain depots has caused heavy losses estimated at hundreds of thousands of rubles. The flames threaten to spread to the shipping.

Baku, Caucasia, March 28.—The works of the Mantacheff Pterleum company and the Baku Petroleum works at Biblerbat are on fire.

It may be

Coffee.

Prove by change to

POSTUM

10 days and note the improvement.

CITY BRIEFS

Lawyers' briefs. North Land Printery.

Capt. George Thorpe of the marine corps is expected here today or tomorrow to swear in six men whom Corporal Glenn has examined for service.

Michael Ryan has gone to Anaconda, Mont. to take a positin as chief engineer for a mining company there. He is well known in Duluth having been chief engineer of the Union Towing & Wrecking company for a number of years. He has lived at the Head of the Lakes for fifteen years, and was one of the organizers and the first president of the Licensed Engineers' Protective association.

Depositions have been filed in United States district court by the respondent in the action brought by M. Stickens, owner of the barge Thomas Gawn against the Gilchrist Transportation company for injury done to the barge while being towed into Duluth harbor last year.

The ice in the lake and bay is getting in pretty bad shape with the warm sunny weather, followed by the warm rain which has been falling. Assistant United States Engineer Coleman reports that his men find it dangerous to cross the ice in Allouez bay and that there is considerable open water showing. A very slight wind would blow out the ice and leave the lake open at this end.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the register of deeds by the Delhi company which will engage in the real estate business, and by the Orpheum company which will engage in the theatrical business.

On account of the unpleasant weather of today J. M. Gidding & Co. announce that they will continue their formal opening of Tailored Suits, Wraps, etc. tomorrow and Thursday.

William Asher of the Bethel will preach at the evangelistic services at Grace Methodist church at the West end this evening.

The funeral of Victoria Frankowski will be held tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock from the Polish church, and interment made at the Polish cemetery.

Degree of Honor lodge No. 6 will entertain at cards in Sloan hall this evening.

PERSONALS

Miss Annie Fitzpatrick has returned from New York where she attended the millinery congress.

R. S. Brown, assistant general freight agent of the Rock Island, is in the city from Minneapolis today.

F. B. Lyons of Minneapolis, traveling passenger agent of the Rock Island, is in the city.

L. A. Peck, representing the Chicago & Alton lines, is in Duluth today.

Harry D. Smead has returned from Arkansas, where he was called by the serious illness of his mother.

H. R. Harris leaves this evening for Sault Ste. Marie.

A. S. Otis nas gone to St. Paul.

A. Gibbons left for Milwaukee today.

COULDN'T SIT DOWN IN IT.

Imitation Gibson Girl Refuses Payment For Gown.

London, March 28.—"I want to know—judicially—what a Gibson girl is," said Judge Bevall in the Westminster court this week. He was handed a photograph of Miss Camille Clifford. Then he remarked cryptically that it appeared to be "chiefly a matter of figure."

There are, according to Mr. Butt, manager of the Palace theater, many ladies anxious to imitate—on the stage—Miss Camille Clifford. One is Miss Kate Hardren, an American girl. She and her manager, John Halpin, were sued recently by Messrs. Marrison for the price of two dresses. The dresses were ordered so that she might give "a show" before the manager of the Palace theater. Counsel explained that when Mr. Halpin was asked for payment later he wrote that Miss Hardren had lost a fortnight's engagement owing to the dress.

The dress was discussed at great length, and the photograph of Miss Clifford was handed round in order to help toward an elucidation of the knotty points. Counsel said Miss Hardren had to stand four hours while waiting for the rehearsal, because "she could not sit down in the dress owing to the bones." Miss Dhoyl, an assistant at Harrisons', said she saw Miss Hardren "sitting on a box placed on top of chairs." Counsel explained that was because she had not to bend when in that posture. Mr. Butt said it was not because of the dress that he did not give the lady an engagement.

"No man," he declared, "has yet succeeded in imitating Miss Clifford, who 'walks in a most captivating way.' It is hard," he added with a sigh, "to explain hard," he added with a sigh, "to explain

The judge dismissed the action against Miss Hardren and gave judgment for Mr. Halpin. Leave to appeal was granted.

TO TRY ONCE MORE FOR FAMOUS "OLD MUG."

Chicago, March 28.—Alexander H. Revell of this city today received a letter from Sir Thomas Lipton, written on board of Sir Thomas' yacht in the Indian ocean. The writer says he is determined to have one more try at the America's cup—the famous "old mug" as he called it.

BANKRUPTCY DOES APPLY TO ALIMONY.

Columbus, O., March 28.—The supreme court handed down a decision today in the case of W. S. Lemert, against Amelia Lemert, coming from Muskingum county, affirming the decision of the circuit court. This case involves the question of whether a discharge in bankruptcy under the national law relieves a divorce from the payment of alimony decreed by a previous judgment in the state courts. This decision holds that it does not relieve the divorcee and his property is held under attachment for the satisfaction of these payments.

ODD POINT IN WILL

Does the Second, Canceled, Leave the First Effective?

Question Raised In Stephen B. Miles Case In Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., March 28.—Stephen B. Miles came to the West as a young man from Baltimore, Md., nearly sixty years ago. He arrived with a contract to carry the government mails over the plains from Independence, Mo., to Salt Lake City. For ten years he held the job and amassed a fortune. For a time he was in partnership with the men who afterward made up the Wells-Fargo Express company. When the war stopped the work Miles retired with nearly $1,000,000.

He had a family consisting of a wife and four children, two boys and two girls. Miles himself was eccentric, and in the early '80s there was a domestic upheaval in the family. The father and mother separated, one son, Joseph, alone of all the children, taking the father's side in the controversy. Thereafter he was made the favorite child, and today is enjoying the millions left by the old man. Both of the daughters have died. The older son, Samuel, lives in a suburb of Lincoln.

As Miles grew older an estrangement occurred between him and Joseph. The old man was of economical habits, and even after great wealth came to him he husbanded his dollars carefully. He supplied Joseph with capital to engage in the banking business in Falls City, Neb., the family home in later years, but when the young man as he became prosperous insisted upon enjoying life his father objected. Joseph built himself a fine home and proceeded to spend his income as a man of wealth should. This was not to the liking of the father, and, his protests being unheeded, he left his son's home. Thereafter he lived in second-class hotels in various cities of the West.

As he grew older he lost some of his bitterness toward the estranged children, and in the last two years of his life he renewed friendly relions with them. He died in 1897 in one of the hotels where he had temporarily established himself.

After his death a search was undertaken to discover if he had left a will. Weeks were employed in the quest, and finally Joseph unearthed in a closet in a small hotel in the country town of Rulo an old satchel, in which was a will executed in 1886, making Joseph the sole legatee. It was offered for probate.

The other son, Samuel, was confident that a later will had been executed, and he began a search for the missing document. In a hotel in St. Louis he discovered two men, one of them the proprietor, who said they had witnessed a will for old Col. Miles in 1897. With the contents of this document they were unfamiliar their part in the transaction being merely to witness his signature.

Samuel engaged half a dozen lawyers prominent in St. Louis, Kansas City, Lincoln and Falls City. They began a contest of the will proposed by Joseph, contending that he had suppressed the later will and substituted the older. Upon this point they have never been able to secure proof.

Every lawyer's office in St. Louis was invaded in the hunt for the man who had drawn the will, but without result. A reward of $1,000 was offered for him if he could prove its contents.

Joseph Miles, convinced that there was a conspiracy to break the will and deprive him of the greater part of the fortune left to him, engaged one Dell Harbaugh, a detective, to call upon the attorneys for the contestants and represent himself as the man who drew the missing will. Harbaugh's story was believed, and he outlined a will which was committed to paper and offered as a copy of the lost document. The attorneys were entirely unaware of Harbaugh's employment by Joseph Miles, and when he took the stand as a witness for the latter they were dumbfounded.

Harbaugh gave a circumstantial account of his dealings with the lawyers and swore that I. J. Ringolsky, the Kansas City attorney for Samuel Miles, had admitted to him that there was a conspiracy to break the will. Ringolsky indignantly denied the story and sought to show that Harbaugh had received $10,000 from Joseph Miles to prove a conspiracy. His admission of his imposture, however, left the contestants without the needed testimony to sustain their cause, and they failed in the courts. The principal reason given for dismissing the case was that insufficient proof had been adduced to show a revocation or that the second will was even inconsistent with the other will, and that since the St. Louis will could not be found, the presumption was that Miles had destroyed it, leaving the Rulo will as his last testament.

Within the year allowed for a new trial Mr. Cannon, in St. Louis, informed the contestants that he had discovered the whereabouts of the lawyer who had drawn the St. Louis will. He was Paul T. Gadsden, and, subsequent to making the draft he had gone to Mexico and was still there. He was found in a remote mining district 200 miles south of the City of Mexico. He told frankly of having made the will for Miles, and came back and made deposition to the circumstances. This was offered in support of the motion for a new trial, but upon appeal the supreme court has ordered that his testimony be admitted.

Gadsden's story details an interesting set of circumstanqces. He was unknown to Miles. The latter, while on a visit to a safety deposit vault, was seized with the idea of making a will. He went into the nearest attorney's office, which proved to be Gadsden's. The lawyer made a memorandum of the disposition of the property, and had his typewriter copy it. Being in doubt about the form of revocation he went into an adjoining law office and asked advice.

The accommodating lawyer, Judge Wing, was found and corroborated Gadsden's story about the will, recalling the circumstances from certain questions asked. The stenographer was also found and remembered about it, finally digging up the memorandum. This was found to make an equal distribution among Miles' children, the heirs of the two daughters being remembered equally with the sons.

Whether the court finally admits the St. Louis will or not is regarded as immaterial by the contestants. They insist that the law is that where a person having made a will afterward makes another containing a clause expressly revoking the former will even though he destroys the second will, leaving the first uncanceled, the revocation operates instantly, and that the destruction of the second will does not set up the first. Instead, the estate is left to be equally divided, as though there were no will.

McKibbin hats

None better made-None better known

What "sterling" is to silver "McKIBBIN" is to hats. Five dollar quality at $3

AT LIVE DEALERS

ELIXIR OF LIFE.

Beecham's Pills cure Bilious and Nervous Disorders, Stomach Troubles, Female Ailments and hundreds of minor complaints. They have the largest sale of any patent medicine in the world.

Beecham's Pills are a true tonic, a harmless stimulant from which there is no reaction, a painless, effectual laxative, and a specific for the cure of fifty per cent of all diseases. They probably come as near being an elixir of long life as anything created by human hands.

The virtue of Beecham's Pills does not result from any lucky combination of standard remedies, but rather from some beneficient occult power inherent in itself.

BLIND AT SUNSET

Tragedy Of a Shanty In the Canadian Forest.

Four Men Find a Fifth Frozen Stiff In Death.

Lashine, Que., March 28.—Night blindness is an ailment prevalent among lumbermen who work in shanties remote enough to make vegetables an unusual luxury. In most instances the persons affected have the normal use of their eyesight from sunrise to sunset, but are stone blind when the sun is below the horizon.

Sometimes the trouble comes on slowly, beginning with a dimness of vision at morning and evening, and increasing until it is impossible for the patient to stir outside except when the sun is high. At other times, and especially in the bright days of March, when the glare of the sun upon the snow is trying to all eyes, night blindness sets in suddenly.

There was a curious case of this sudden coming on of the blindness in the Ottawa lumber district, near Beaver lake. Four men had been detailed to mark the logs laid upon the ice, and they had worked three or four days in the scorching light of the March sun reflected from the clear lake surface with no particularly bad results. Two of them were sufferers from night blindness, and had to be led home at night by their comrades, and as their shanty was four miles away from the lake it was their custom to start back a little before sundown.

One day they had about finished the job, and worked rather late to complete it. To their dismay they found when they stopped work and slipped on their coats that all four were completely blind.

The night was terribly cold and there was more than half a gale of north wind blowing across the lake. To attempt to grope their way home would be to risk their lives. Happily one of them remembered that one of the great timbers used as a skidway was a stick of white birch, the canoe tree of the Indians.

Cautiously they felt their way to this log and contrived to tear away a section of the paper-like bark. Hastily rolling this up into what would answer for a torch, they lit it with a match and derived light enough for three of the four to be able to distinguish their surroundings.

The birch pole was at once completely stripped of its bark, and while at this work they decided that it would be almost madness to try to reach their own shanty that night, along the narrow pathway their footsteps had made in the deep snow. Right across an arm of the lake on a projecting point was a deserted shanty, and thither they determined to go.

The journey was difficult, as even with the flaming bark to guide them the poor fellows found it difficult to steer a straight course. It was probable near midnight when they pushed open the rude wooden-hinged door and entered the shanty.

A fire was quickly started in the caboose with some of the poles taken from the bottom of one of the shelf-like sleeping bunks, still in position all around the walls. After a time their sense of seeing came back to them as they sat about the bright fire, and they could look about their new home with tolerable clearness. As their vision cleared they made out the figure of a man seated at the clerk's desk in the corner, with a fine hound at his feet.

A little investigation showed that both the man and dog were stone dead and frozen to stiffness. It was evident that the shanty had been the home of the dead pair for a considerable time.

The greater part of a fine deer hung in the cook's lean-to, which was entered by a door from the rear of the shanty. No trace of flour or other provisions was to be seen.

The visitors had been prodigal in their use of matches and now discovered that they had used the last of their supply. Their keenest search of the clothing and stores of the dead man failed to discover a single one, and, though they found a fine rifle in good order in the bunk wherein the bed had been made, not a single cartridge wherewith a flame might be obtained, could be found. They at once piled all available fuel near their fire and determined to watch beside it all night.

The dead man was dressed in city clothes, some brown checked material, well made, and he had a good gold watch. On the table were old newspapers of six or eight months ago, all from the United States. A lead pencil lay near the hand of the dead man, and a bit of white birch bark, on which was written over and over again: "Blind!" "Blind!"

Naturally enough, the four men did not care to make a very close search for means of identification. They concluded that the man was a stranger in the woods and an American. It is their opinion that the man was afflicted with night blindness while in the shanty, and became afraid to go far away from it for fear of being overtaken by the evening and becoming unable to find his way back again. His matches were used up and his rifle cartridges having disappeared, it was impossible for him to make a fire to keep himself warm or to cook his meat. With the thermometer ranging from 15 to 30 below zero, it would not be long before the frost would claim both him and his faithful hound as victims when without fire or provisions.

When morning came the shanty men made a breakfast of the venison in the lean-to and then started for their own shanty to tell their story to their fellows. The foreman and a couple of others at once set out with one of the four to bury the dead man in the shanty, but arrived at the lake side to find the building in flames, which soon made a total destruction of it and its contents.

Probably it will never be known who the unfortunate man was whose body was discovered that night by the temporarily blind men. Somehow the impression has declared itself among the lumberers that he was a fugitive from justice, who tried to hide himself in the woods. A hunter would have had a guide with him. Had he been used to the woods, he would have known how to keep up his fire and would have had proper supplies.

MAN-HATING TEACHERS

Wanted By School District In New Hampshire.

Manchester, N. H., March 28.—Because of the recent extraordinary activity of Cupid among the pretty schoolma'ams of this city, the school board finds itself in need of the services of eighteen women teachers, men-haters preferred. Within the last two weeks eighteen teachers have anounced their intention to wed, and the school board is worrying over the probability of the marriage epidemic spreading. A rule of long standing forbids a married woman to be a teacher unless she is without other means of suport.

BIRTHS.

PARTIKA—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Partika of 113 West Superior street, March 27.

DEATHS.

SZCRYPKA—Katherine Szcrypka, aged 24 years, died March 25.

BUILDING PERMITS.

H. Schuman, repairs to building on Fourth street between Fourth and Fifth avenues East, to cost $200

Henry Ross, additions and repairs to building on Helm street, between Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth avenues West, to cost 432

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GROCERYman. First Avenue Grocery.

FOR SALE — EDUCATED PARROT, 815 Corner Fifty-third avenue west and Ramsey street.

WANTED — LADY OR GENTLEMAN of fair education to travel for a firm of $250,000 capital. Salary, $1,072 per year and expenses; paid weekly. Address with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED — COATMAKER BY CHAS. Milaney, Graad Rapids, Minn.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1531 East First St.

FOR RENT — IMMEDIATELY, COTtage for the summer on Park Point; terms reasonable. 230 East Superior St.

$300 BUYS MINNESOTA AVENUE LOT; $250 buys 40 acres near Rice Lake, improved. C 19, Herald.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

"The Penn Is Mightier Than the Sword"

The Penn issues an honest policy, makes an Equitable distribution of surplus annually, and does *not* insist on the horns and hoofs (*and other surplus*) going with the Hyde. Insure your life in the Penn.

PINEO & CO., 408 Burrows Bldg.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

We have just opened up additional invoices of

"DutchCollars"

—the newest and most fashionable of the East—and confined exclusively to us for Duluth—

Of white or natural linen, beautifully embroidered with self color or contrasting shades.

Our other invoices were sold out very quickly and we would suggest coming early enough to get your choice of these.

Rounded or straight points—50c.

Windsors.

New invoices to go with the "Dutch" collars.

Plain or changeable taffeta in all of the correct shades.

Also peau de ceine, embroidered or not — special lines at 25c and 50c.

Folded Windsors.

Beautifully embroidered, in the different floral effects—75c.

Superior St. and First Ave. W.

J. M. GIDDING & CO. | J. M. GIDDING & CO.

We Shall Continue Tomorrow the Sale of $35, $32.50 and $29.50 Tailored Suits at the Special Anniversary Price, $25.00

Don't let the cloudy weather scare you away from the store!

(Cloudy days are best days for shopping.)

Come and help us celebrate our first year in business!

The store is bright and cheerful and the hundreds of pretty things that you can see really makes it worth one's while!

And let us impress it upon you strongly—that, you're just as welcome to come to the store merely to "look" as you are to buy.

For "lookers"- of today are usually buyers of tomorrow!

Everybody says there's no display of Wearing Apparel for Women or Girls equal to Gidding's in the Northwest!

There are, of course, skeptics—and those are the ones we want to see now—We've convinced hundreds of others—We're ready to convince the skeptics now.

We also offer tomorrow:

$21.50 and $22.50 Cravenette Raincoats, collarless effect, pleated back and front—with belt and finely tailored; in the desirable shades—$16.50.

Also Rain-shine Coats in fancy mixtures; loose models and Redingote style; regular $21.50 value at $15.00.

We are also showing new, "swagger" Rain-Shine Coats—gray, tan and white and black check at $25.00.

"Redingote" Rain-Shine Coats—correct and fashionable models that are entirely exclusive with us. Tan, olive and gray—$25.00.

Cravenetted Raincoats—box pleated back and front, collarless and strapped—tan, olive and oxford—$16.50.

New Novelty Raincoats for misses — $12.75, $13.50.

Children's Raincoats — tan, oxford and olive—$6.75, $8.50, $10.00 and $12.50.

UMBRELLAS! Of silk gloria cover and tassel; natural wood stick—$1.50.

Of silk gloria with fancy gun-metal handles—$2.50.

Of all silk with natural handles, black and colors—$3.50.

Of all silk, black and colors, in novelty handles—$5.00.

GIDDING'S

Superior Street and First Avenue West.

LOAN SHARKS

Bring An Army Officer To Court Martial.

New York, March 28.—As the outcome of his dealings with a money-lender who makes advances on the salaries of army officers, Capt. Edson A. Lewis of the Eighteenth infantry is on trial by court-martial in the department of the East. It is charged that he destroyed or kept some pay vouchers which were the rightful property of Louis Silverman and several other money lenders.

About a year ago Capt. Lewis, who is married and has a family, was ordered to the Philippines. Such an order is always embarrassing to any officer without private means. Capt. Lewis had recourse to Silverman. The money lender and officer went through proceedings common in such cases.

Capt. Lewis made over vouchers for several months' salary in advance to Silverman and received a certain cash price for them. The difference between the face value of the vouchers and the sum paid is said to have amounted to 60 per cent a year, or about $400.

Before the vouchers fell due the war department issued an order changing the form to be employed in signing over pay vouchers. Silverman could not collect until the vouchers were reindorsed. He charges that he sent them to Capt. Lewis in the Philippines for proper indorsement and that the latter failed to return them.

Silverman waited for a time and then complained to the war department. Lewis was ordered from the Philippines to Fort Leavenworth to await trial. A trial court under Col. Greenough was convened here last week and began taking testimony.

MUTUATIZATION PLAN

Of the Equitable Meets With More Opposition.

Albany, N. Y., March 28.—Supt. Hendricks of the state insurance department heard arguments today in the application of a committee representing many policyholders of the Equitable Life Assurance society, in support of the request that he withhold his approval of the mutualization plan proposed for the company and adopted at a recent meeting of its board of directors. The proposed amendment to the charter of the company, by which it is intended to carry into operation the plan of mutualization, provides that there shall be a reorganization of the board of directors by the election of thirteen new directors each year during the coming four years, of which seven will represent policyholders and six the stockholders. The amendment also provides that all policyholders who have paid their second year's premium on policies for $1,000 or more shall be entitled to vote in person or by proxy at the annual meeting of the society.

PEASANT CLAIMS BOY.

Says Alleged Kwilecki Heir Is Her Child.

Berlin, March 28.—The Kwilecki heir case, which was the legal sensation of Berlin fifteen months ago, has been reopened at Posen. Count Sigmund Kwilecki and wife were charged with passing off the child of a peasant woman as their own to prevent the succession of their estates to Count Hector Kwilecki, the heir-at-law.

The court, however, declared them innocent, and Count Hector wrote to the countess, saying that the evidence had convinced him that his accusations were groundless, and begging the forgiveness of the count and countess for his error.

Frau Meyer, the wife of a railway pointsman at Cracow, who was the alleged mother of the disputed heir, has now brought an action against the count and countess, claiming the boy. She has lost a previous similar action, but declares that she now has obtained additional proof that the boy is really her own child.

PARLOR LAMP

Stops Train On the Lake Shore Road.

Sandusky, Ohio, March 28.—Jacob Heliriegel, a farmer living east of this city along a curve of the Lake Shore railroad, recently purchased a parlor lamp with a red shade.

It was placed in a window in such a way that it made a danger signal to Lake Shore trains, which slowed down every time the engineers saw it.

Railroad agents went to the man and paid him a good price for the red shade and got an agreement from him not to use a red lampshade in the house again.

Your heart beats 100,000 times each day!

Put your finger on your pulse and feel the blood rushing by. Good blood or bad blood? Good health or bad health? You know. Your doctor will tell you his experience with Ayer's Sarsaparilla in these cases. Sold for sixty years. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

IF IT IS TRUE

That Nothing Succeeds Like Success, Then What Better Evidence Do You Want of The Pre-eminence of The Evening Herald in the Local Advertisement Field Than the Continuous, Steady Growth of Its Classified Advertising ?

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LANDS!

The dairyman located near Duluth and Superior can make four times more money than the Illinois, Iowa, Southern Minnesota or Wisconsin dairyman.

AND WE CAN PROVE IT.

But, of course, his largest profits depend on selecting good land properly located.

WE HAVE THE BEST 75,000 acres, no stone, sand, few stumps; $6.00 per acre up—$1.00 per acre down, balance to suit you; large or small tracts. Several improved farms near Superior—best of soil—for rent or sale; easy terms.

We want to trade farm lands for a team of draft horses.

Ernest A. Arnold Land Co.,
SUPERIOR, WIS.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

WANTED—POSITION BY GOOD, ALL around man, soliciting, collecting or inside work. Seventeen years' residence; best references furnished. C 9, Herald.

SMALL SET OF BOOKS TO KEEP, evenings. Inquire J, care of Herald.

EXPERIENCED CLOTHING AND GROcery clerk wants position, reference. C 17, Herald.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND—BY good worker. Address 6-15, Herald.

A SWEDISH TAILOR DESIRES POSItion in clothing department. Address at once C 18, Herald.

WANTED—BY MARRIED MAN, WORK of taking out storm windows, beating rugs and taking care of lawn, in the East end for the summer. Sober and honest. 1 99, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION BY A YOUNG man experienced as traveling salesman. Reliable, sober and a hustler, with best of references. Address Z 61, Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

GERMAN WOMAN WANTS PLACE TO do washing and scrubbing. 612 East First street.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER would like position; has had three years' experience. Can also keep set of books. The best of reference furnished. Address I. M., Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS STENOgrapher, two years' experience; first-class reference furnished. Address J. 98, Herald.

WANTED — BY YOUNG WOMAN office work, or position as copyist. Can furnish references. C 14, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A COMPEtent and experienced stenographer. Address Miss C., care Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY GRADUATE of high school and Duluth Business University wants position as stenographer for mercantile house. Best references. Address Miss B., care of Herald.

MEDICAL.

MEN AND WOMEN—VITALIZED. "VIRTUama," is a French mode of treatment that is positively guaranteed to cure impotency and incontinence of urine resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle-aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business, professional, social and married life. $2 a package or 3 for $5. Send your money to nearest druggist. He will deliver you this vitalizer in plain wrapper at your residence prepaid. No one should expect cheaper remedies to rejuvenate them. Don't waste time and money with any others. Druggists supplied by jobbers.

WOMEN ONLY — DR. RAYMOND'S Monthly Regulator has brought relief to hundreds of anxious women. No pain, no danger, no interference with work, relief in 3 to 5 days. We have never known of a single failure. Price $2.00 by mail. Dr. R. G. Raymond Remedy Co., room 27, 84 Adams street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—Dr. LaFranco's Compound; safe speedy regulator, 25c, druggists or mail. Booklet free. Dr. LaFranco, Phila, Pa.

PERSONAL.

J.P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. This medicine has more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever been offered. Sent post-paid in plain package only on receipt of this adv. and $1.

Made by its originators C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable, Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggist.

Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

WILL RENT MY PIANO CHEAP FOR a few months to responsible parties without children. Do not wish to store it. Address at once, C 5, Herald.

PURE, SAFE AND SURE! Dr. Roger's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills. A test of forty years in France has proved them to *positively* cure SUPPRESSION OF THE MENSES. Special Price reduced to $1.00 per box. Mailed in plain wrapper. Imported direct from Paris, France, by W. A. ABBETT, Druggist, Duluth, Minn., 201 West Superior street.

YOUR DENTAL WORK AT ONE-HALF price this month. See Lee & Turley, 214 West Superior street, over Folz. Book of valuable information on care of the teeth sent to any address upon request.

SAFE! SURE! GUARANTEED FEMALE Pens; quickly relieve suppression from any cause. $2. French Remedy Co., box 367, Duluth, Minn.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD—211 W. Second St.

ROOMS AND BOARD, TABLE BOARD All conveniences. Good service. Mrs. C. Roy, 124 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD. 202 West Third street.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 W. Superior St.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—Over Soffel's. HUMES.

MISS FITZPATRICK, 502 E. 4. Old phone.

PAINTING, PAPERHANGING.

AND DECORATING. LOWEST PRICES, best work. M. L. Beck & Co., 423 East Fourth street. Old 'phone 719-K.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SHOPPING BY TELEPHONE

MEAT MARKETS—

	Old 'phone.	New 'phone.
B. J. Toben	22	22
Mork Bros.	677-M	189

LAUNDRIES—

Yale Laundry	479	479
Lutes' Laundry	447	447

DRUGGISTS—

Boyce	163	163
Smith & Smith	344-M	7

MUSIC AND INSTRUMENTS—

Ingvald Westgaard	521-K	464

COAL AND FUEL—

Ohio Coal Co.	76	76
Finch Fuel Co.	1291	1291
Upham Coal Co.	256	455

FUNERAL DESIGNS—

Victor Huot	633-R	1370

FLORISTS—

Seekins & LeBorious	1356	1626

BAKERIES—

The Bon Ton		1168

SEWING MACHINES—

Singer Sewing Mach. Co.	1141	973
White Sewing Mach. Co.	35-K	515

ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING—

Mutual Electric Co.	496	496

RUBBER STAMP WORKS—

Cons. Stamp & Prtg. Co.	702-K	755

FRENCH CLEANING—

La Rose Dye Works	633-K	1191

PLUMBING AND HEATING—

McGurtin Plumbing & Heating Co.		815

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Modern houses for sale in all parts of city Geo. H. Crosby, Providence building.

FOR SALE—A LARGE LIST OF EAST end, Lakeside and Park Point lots. Now is the time to begin making your plans for the season. Let us show you what we can do in the way of securing a home of your own on easy terms. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans, fire insurance.

FOR SALE—FOUR ROOM HOUSE, barn, chicken house, and root house. B. Beeler, Sixty-ninth avenue, West Duluth, at edge of bay.

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM HOUSE AND lot. 518 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—LARGE MODern residence, centrally located, steam heat and all conveniences. N. J. Upham, 400 Burrows building.

$1,100 BUYS TEN-ROOM HOUSE AND lot, centrally located, above Fifth street. $1,500 for 6-room house, with water and sewer and bath; Fifth street; central. $12.00 per month for 4-room flat, Twelfth avenue west and Michigan street. Cheap lands near the city. J. N. Shellenberger, 706 Palladio building.

FOR SALE—PARK POINT LOT AT 1904 price until the 15th. Look this up quick. William C. Sargent & Co., Lonsdale building.

ONE OF THE BEST LOTS ON PARK Point at $100 less than market price. If you are going to buy there this summer, this is your chance. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL DESIRABLE 5, 10 and 20-acre tracts on Lester river, 1½ to 3 miles from street car line. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FOR SALE—HORSES.

FOR SALE — TWENTY-EIGHT HEAD fine draft horses, also logging outfit, or will trade for city lots, pine lands or good outside property. R. B. White-side, 216 West Superior street, over Duluth Savings Bank.

FOR SALE—ONE SPAN OF YOUNG mares, weight 2,200. H. J. Layng, 2516 West Third street.

FOR SALE — ACCLIMATED, FINE draft and general purpose horses; 70 to 100 head always on hand. Stone-Ordean-Wells company.

FOR SALE—COWS.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a carload of fresh milch cows. Will sell or exchange for fat cattle. 1219 East Seventh. Zenith 1387.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE AT the Poor Farm.

FOR SALE—E. CARLSON ARRIVED with carload of fresh milch cows. Twenty-second avenue west and Twelfth street. Zenith 1654-D.

MASONRY.

CONCRETE WORK, ETC. 24 WEST First street. Anton Neubeck.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES cleaned and pressed. The Pantorium, 118 First avenue west.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 166 Providence building.

DON'T RENEW YOUR FIRE INSURance without first calling on W. M. Prindle & Co., room 3, Lonsdale building.

WE SELL FIRE INSURANCE THAT insures. We solicit your business. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building. Real estate, loans.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

TYPEWRITERS.

MINIMUM OF REPAIRS, MAXIMUM of sales; they go together with the Remington. Remington Typewriter Co., New York and everywhere.

CENTRAL HALL, 12TH AVE. W.

FOR RENT—PARTIES AND DANCES; reasonable rates; orchestra in connection. Receptions Wed. and Sat. 1204 W. Michigan St. Zenith 'phone 1665-X.

WATCH REPAIRING.

WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING done promptly and in a thorough manner. J. Gruesen, 31 West Superior St.

PAINTING LESSONS.

MRS. MARY INMAN, 114 S. 14th Ave. E.

STENOGRAPHER.

MISS PEACHEY, 207 First National bank.

MISS N. ORTON, 102 Manhattan Bldg.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

MERRITT & HECTOR, 32 W. First St.

LYLE, SECOND AVENUE WEST.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,
Corner First St. and Third Ave. West.

Oak Pianos—good tone and action—a new piano for $150. $10 cash and $5 a month.

Used Piano in fine condition. $110. Terms $10 cash and $5 a month.

INCUBATORS AND BROODers at factory prices. Poultry supplies. Chick food. Eggs for hatching from very best show birds in Partridge and Golden Wyandottes. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

write Poole & Williams, 214 East
OWING TO A
CHANGE IN BUSINESS
We offer for sale our complete cabinet outfit at a reasonable price. Call or write
POOLE & WILLIAMS,
214 East Superior Street.

PIANO FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, A brand new Kimball piano never used. Address "Kimball Piano," care of Evening Herald, Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—ONE FRANK'S ATLAS OF Duluth. Address P. O. Box 227.

FOR SALE — GAS RANGE WITH water frone, first-class condition; also small heater. C 5, Herald.

FOR SALE—200 SHARES BLACK ROCK Gold Mining Co. 45 cents. A. N., Herald.

FOR SALE—FINE BEDROOM SET, spring and mattress. 3 La Ferte flat. Call mornings.

CANOES AND ALL KINDS OF LIGHT rowboats for sale. H. S. Patterson, Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—HOWARD STEEL RANGE, refrigerator and bed room furniture. 26 West Third street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—TWO ROCKING chairs, one sofa, dining table, iron bed with mattress. C. Sanders, 118 East Fourth street, Flat D.

SEWING MACHINES SOLD ON EASY payments. If we cannot show you improvements found on no machine but the White we will make you a present of it. See it before buying.

FOR SALE—CHEAP FOR CASH, TWOstory frame building, occupied by grocery in business center of prosperous mining town; reason for selling, owner going to Europe. Address Box 218, Biwabik, Min.

FOR SALE, VERY CHEAP — FIRST class soda fountain. Inquire Eischen Bros., 129 West Supe ior street.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND silver. Highest market prices. M. Henrickson Jewelry company, 394 West Superior street.

MEN'S SEWED SOLES, 85c; NAILED, 50c; ruber heels, 40c. While you wait. The Gopher, 8 First avenue west.

WYANDOTTE BRAND CHICK FEED, made by Pike & Co., Minneapolis. Balanced ration, chick power and lifesaver. Raising every chick. Ask your dealer for Wyandotte Brand Poultry and Stock suplies.

THE OLIVER STANDARD VISIBLE typewritcr. Edmont, 410 W. Superior St.

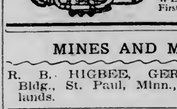
FOR SALE—T RAIL AND DYNAMOS and second-hand sacks. Northwestern Iron and Metal company.

TRY THACHER'S GROCERY NEXT time you order groceries. 218 West Fourth street. New 'phone 747-X.

HOUSES AND VACANT LOTS ON Park Point, or central; no commission. 568 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—SINGER SEWING MAchine. Best of running order. Very cheap, if taken at once. 725 East Second street.

LEADING MUSIC STORE.



MUSIC and musical merchandise of every description. Edison phonographs and orchestra instruments, pianos and organs. INGVALD WESTGAARD, 7 and 9 First Avenue West.

MINES AND MINING.

R. B. HIGBEE, GERMANIA LIFE Bldg., St. Paul, Minn., dealer in iron lands.

IRON MINES, iron lands, iron leases and mining stock. O. A. Nafe, 407 Torrey.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED, SMALL CAPItal, to take half interest and management of good paying business. C 3, Herald.

WANTED TO TRADE FARM LANDS near Superior for team draft horses, also team drivers. Ernest A. Arnold, Superior, Wis.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S. 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BOSTON HAIR PARLORS.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, HAIR MOLES, warts, removed by electricity. Shampooing, manicuring, hair switches. Miss Kelly, opp. Glass Block. Both 'phones.

FLORIST.

EVERYTHING in plants, cut flowers, artistic designs. Seekins, 110 W. Sup. St.

MASSAGE.

MISS BACON, Phoenix Blk., 4th Ave. W.

ASHES AND GARBAGE.

BY LOAD OR MONTH. 48 both 'phones.

SEEDS FOR SALE.

Seeds for Sale—It is time. See about your seeds. New seeds, chick food, brooders and inbucabetrs. Scarlett, 125 W. 1st St.

BAND AND ORCHESTRA.

LA BROSSE BAND AND ORCHESTRA; residence, 430 Nineteenth avenue west. 'Phones, Zenith 1717-X; Duluth 678-R. Office with Lundberg & Stone, 221 West Superior street.

STEINWAY HALL

BEST HALL IN CITY FOR CONCERTS, private dancing parties, etc. Rent reasonable. For terms, apply to Bradbury School of Music, Fourth avenue west and First street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FURNISHED front room; private family; every modern convenience; centrally located. 202 East Third street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board if desired. 921 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms, best of repair; bath and use of 'phone. 2820 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, 1016 West Fourth street, $7. Inquire 910 West Fourth street.

ROOMS AND BOARD WITH PRIVATE family. Call 326 West Third street.

ROOM FOR TWO WITH BATH CONnections and board. C 10, Herald.

CLEAN ROOMS, $2 PER WEEK. 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED SUITE OF front rooms, suitable for three persons; modern conveniences, $25 per month. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, steam heated; telephone and bath. 523 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished room for lady. Reasonable. Steam heat, gas and bath. 125 Tenth avenue east.

TWO OR THREE ROOMS FURNISHED complete for light housekeeping by April 1. State terms. Address C 16, Herald.

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT. CALL AT 226 West Third street.

FOR RENT—ONE BIG ROOM WITH kitchen utensils and two furnished rooms. C 13, Herald.

MODERN ROOM, BATH. 505 EAST Second street.

ROOMS, WELL FURNISHED. 413½ West Superior street.

FOR RENT — OFFICES, MESABA building. Julius D. Howard & Co.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED house, fine location. Address U 3, Herald.

NINE ROOM HOUSE, STOVE HEAT, $30.00 month. 1412 Jefferson street. Both 'phones 597.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY —G. H. Crosby, 166 Providence building, 'phone 24.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT, APRIL 1—FIVE-ROOM brick flat. Hardwood floors, water and gas. Inquire 407 East Fifth street. Lower flat.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT, WEST end. Water, bath, toilet, sewer. Nice place. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior street.

SMALL FLAT FOR RENT—FURNISHed or unfurnished. Water, gas and heat. 315 West Fourth street.

FOUR-ROOM FLAT FOR RENT, ALL modern conveniences. 316 West Second street.

FOR RENT — TWO NEW FLATS, 1112 East Fifth street; all modern conveniences. Inquire 1118 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO 4-ROOM FLATS, city water and sewer, $11 and $12.50 per month. E. D. Feild Co.

FOR RENT—ONE FOUR-ROOM FLAT and one five-room flat; water and sewer, gas and electric light. 1325 London road.

FLAT IN ASHTABULA TERRACE, Inquire 202 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—FOUR-ROOM FLAT, CENtral; all conveniences. N. J. Upham Co., 400 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—STEAM-HEATED APARTments, No. 31 East Superior street. Chas. P. Craig & Co., 220 West Superior St.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—STRAY DOG ON FRIDAY 24TH at Sixty-ninth avenue and Polk street. owner can receive the same for description at C. Kelsten, West Duluth.

LOST—BLACK ROSARY, BETWEEN cathedral and Lake avenue on Fourth street, Sunday night last. Will finder please return to this office.

FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—THE PERRAULT FARM, 3 miles north of Lester Park. 80 acres, or in smaller tracts—cultivated land—suitbale buildings and running water. Inquire 518 Torrey building.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

FINE LINE OF GENTS' SHOES AT 50 cents on the dollar. Repairing while you wait. Half soles, 50 cents. 229 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

DENTISTRY.

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN. Duluth Dental Parlors, 3 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEYER, 14 W. SUPERIOR ST.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Zenith, 936. Duluth Tel. 759-R.

MONEY TO LOAN!
WESTERN LOAN CO.,
Pioneers in the Business. 521 Manhattan Bldg. Courteous Treatment to All.
MANAGED BY MEN!

$10 to $1,000 on horses, cattle, wagons, pianos, household goods. Salaried people with steady employment can borrow on their plain note. Lowest rates and best terms in the Northwest. No charge for taking application. Everything absolutely confidential.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, endorsers or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Building.
'Phones—New, 883; old, 636-M.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

WANTED!
WANTED!
Every salaried person in Duluth and Superior to call and get our terms on salary loans without security.
DULUTH FINANCE CO.,
201 Palladio Bldg.

MONEY—IF YOU HAVE FROM $250 TO $100,000, loan it on improved Duluth property. I guarantee 6 to 7 per cent interest net on loans running one to four years. Correspondence a pleasure. George H. Crosby, 106-7-8-9 Providence building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, diamonds, furs, etc., and all goods of value from $1 to $1,000. We hold all goods one year, even if interest is not paid. The only recognized, reputable pawnbroker. Established 1887. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street. Zenith 'phone 1080-X.

UNION LOAN CO.—Makes loans, buys notes and mortgages. 210 Palladio.

MONEY SUPPLIED TO SALARIED people and others upon their own names, without security; easy payments. Offices in 51 principal cities. Tolmon, 609 Palladio building.

Money to Loan on Watches, Diamonds, Furs, Guns and all articles of value. We have two large fire and burglar proof safes. All business strictly confidential. The only up-to-date and reliable place in the city to transact your business. Give us a trial. Crescent Brokers, 413½ West Superior street.

PAINTING DONE.

C. GILL, PAINTER AND PAPERhanger, 627 West Michigan street. Zenith 'phone 1518-X. Call and see him.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—A SMALL NAPHtha launch for the summer. Address W. 4, Herald.

WANTED—PLACE TO STORE ONE load furniture for summer. State terms. X Herald office.

WANTED — BY MAN AND WIFE, strictly modern furnished house or flat. U 74, Herald.

WANTED — A NICE ROOM WITH OR without board by single gentleman, with references. C 12, Herald.

EVERYTHING IN MAGAZINES.

ZENITH SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY, 417 Burrows building. Telephone 987-L.

COD LIVER OIL.

C. J. TUFTE'S 1904 IMPORT. ALFRED Swedberg, 2016 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORES.

STEAM-HEATED STORE ROOM AND basement in brick block. First avenue east, near Superior street. Low rent. MILTON BLOCK—STORE ROOM NO. 130 West Michigan street, three floors, steam heat if desired.

LOTS 50x90 FEET, STEAM HEATED, electric elevators, front and rear; good light; railroad spur at rear; suitable for wholesale, jobbing or light manufacturing.
CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
220 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE CORNER FIRST street and Fifth avenue west. Inquire Hotel McKay office.

FOR RENT—RESTAURANT, FURNISHed complete, good proposition. 2608 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT, fine brick block; rent cheap. Apply Sherwood, 615 Torrey building.

FOR RENT — BUTCHER SHOP WITH fixtures complete. 508 West First street. Inquire Crystal restaurant.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME BIAS, SPIRITUALIST MEDium. 1809 Eleventh St., Superior, Wis.

KNAUF'S METHO CREAM.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION, KNAUF Sisters' Hair Store.

ARCHITECTS.

F. L. YOUNG & CO., 201 Palladio Bldg.

LIVE CASH FOR A DEAD ASSET!

That Surplus Bedstead, or Bureau, or Table, or Sewing Machine now standing unused in garret, cellar or storage house —how'd you like to convert it into Silver or Currency?

A HERALD WANT AD IS A GOOD AUCTIONEER—
Talks to the Whole Town for Fifteen Cents.

Tell It To 'Phone 324!

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 721 East First. 6 St. Elmo flats.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 211 West Second street.

GIRL WANTED — FOR GENERAL housework, family of three, work easy. Call 831 East Third street.

GOOD GIRL WANTED AT 324 WEST Third street.

WANTED — NURSE GIRL OR GIRL for general housework. 226 East Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — DISHWASHER AND GIRL for general work. 2532 West Superior street.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of two; at 1423 East Third.

LADIES — EARN $20 PER HUNDRED writing short letters. Enclose stamped envelope. American Belt Works, Batavia, Ill.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Must be neat and willing. 1424 East Second street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK, small family, small flat, German preferred. Flat G, 120 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE FOR two children. Call 1401 East Superior street.

GOOD GIRL AT ONCE. APPLY 1402 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light work. Call at 223 East Sixth street at once.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 465 Mesaba avenue.

GIRLS CAN FIND GOOD PLACES AND good wages at Mrs. Somers' Employment office, 17 Second avenue east.

PALMIST.

Madame De Vernen,
PALMIST AND MEDIUM.

Have your future told by Madame De Vernen, Palmist. Your past, present and future told, business and family matters explained; also advice given in love affairs. Call and see plaster casts of the Princess of Wales and also of President and Mrs. McKinley, whose hands she has read. Private readings can be had at your residence by notifying the medium at North Star Hotel, 509½ West Michigan street. Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 9 p. m.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

WRITE for booklets telling how we place men in positions paying $1,000-$5,000; opportunities now open for competent Salesmen, Executive, Clerical and Technical men; offices in 12 cities. HAPGOOD'S, Brain Brokers, 213 Nicollet avenue, Minenapolis, Minn.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SHOEMAKers at once. Steady work. Good pay. Gopher Shoe Repair Works, 8 First avenue west.

WANTED—BOY, STEADY JOB FOR one willing to work and lives in city. City Stove & Repair Works, 28 East Superior street.

BARBER WANTED AT 630 WEST SUperior street.

WANTED—AN ACTIVE, ENERGETIC man for district manager of old-line life insurance for Duluth and vicinity. Address Insurance, 910 N. Y. Life building, St. Paul.

WANTED—BARBER 604½ WEST SUperior street.

WANTED—25 HARNESSMAKERS AT once. Scheffer & Rossum, St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—BELL BOY AT SPALDING Hotel.

WANTED—ONE COAT MAKER AND one trouser maker. Apply at once. J. Frank Burrows, 24 Third avenue west.

ARE YOU GETTING ALL YOU EARN? Getting tired of working for small pay? We can enable you to make at least $3 a day selling our celebrated household specialties on easy payments. Experience and investment not necessary; city or country. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MEN TO LEARN BARBER TRADE. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, 221 2nd Ave. C., Minneapolis.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY TWO first-class coatmakers. Permanent position. George H. Brenton.

WANTED — TWO GOOD COATMAKers; steady work. Mies, Wolvin building.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, EMployed during the day, board and room, east of Eight avenue east. O. 4, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — NICE SEVEN-HUNDRED pounds pony. City broke. C 98, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—ARIZONA COPPER Mountain and Parry Sound. A 47, Herald.

LOANS WANTED.

IF YOU WANT THE LOWEST RATE and the best terms, I can satisfy you. John A. Stephenson. Ask for Frank E. Kennedy.

UPHOLSTERY.

C. F. FORSELL, PRACTICAL UPHOLsterer. Shop 338 E. Sup. St. Zenith, 949.

CHAIR CANING AND GENERAL REpairing. Goods called for and delivered. J. Underwood, New 'phone 1703.

CLOTHES BOUGHT.

I BUY all kinds of old clothing; highest prices. G. Shapiro, 721 W. Superior St.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

SUITS PRESSED, 50c; PANTS, 15c. J. Oreckovsky, 10 Fourth avenue west.

DRESSMAKING.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING, EMbroidery of all kinds; terms reasonable. 503 Second avenue east.

DERMATOLOGIST.

L. M. HOYT, 7 OVER BIG DULUTH. Shampoo and scalp treatment. New 'phone 1702-D.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY—B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith 'phone, 660; residence, 1213.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, GRADUATE MIDwife; female complaints. 413 5th Ave. E. Old phone 865; Zenith 1225.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—PRACTICal dyers and French dry cleaners. We make a specialty of pantorium work. 6 East Superior street. Both phones.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO.—W. B. Patton, Mgr., 613 Palladio bldg. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for waterworks, sewers, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings, first and third Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, April 3, 1905. Work—Second degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Guy A. Eaton, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 27, 1905. Work—Second Degree. Meeting in new Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. William D. Underhill, W. M.; H. S. Newell, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 22, 1905. Work—M.M. degree. William A. McGonagle, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T. Stated conclave, first Tuesday of each month at 7:30 p. m. Special conclave March 28, 7:30 p. m., at new Masonic Temple. Drill, followed by refreshments. C. W. Wilson, commander; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

SCOTTISH RITE.

Regular meetings every Thursday evening of each month, at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting, March 30, 1905. Work—Eighteenth degree. New Masonic Temple, Lake avenue entrance. Jerome E. Cooley, secretary.

K. O. T. M.

DULUTH TENT, NO. 1, MEETS EVERY Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. John P. Peterson, Com., 2617 West Third street; Charles J. Hector, finance keeper, 32 West First street; J. B. Gelineau, R. K., third floor Hunter bldg. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL, NO. 1, meets every Thursday, 8 p. m., in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Next meeting March 30. Beneficient degree. P. A. Noble, G. S.; W. F. Welbanks, scribe; Thomas A. Gail, financial scribe.

A. O. U. W.

FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105, meets in Hunter hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lee Warner, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, recorder; O. J. Murvold, financier, 8 East Seventh street.

A. O. U. W.

DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Geo. J. Sherman, M. W.; J. W. Shepeidson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Sick benefits meets 7:30 o'clock. A good time after meeting. All members come.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock sharp at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second. March 28. G. E. Storms, C. C.; H. B. Young, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

GRANT LODGE, K. of P., No. 3 (colored), meets first and third Thursday every month at Kalamazoo hall. I. Taylor, C. C.; W. S. Mosely, K. of R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.

DULUTH AERIE, NO. 79, MEETS every Thursday night, at 8 o'clock at Eagle hall, Folz building, 116 West Superior St. W. E. Brown, W. P.; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 23 West Superior St. Apply to W. E. Brown, 417 West Superior street, for rental of hall.

M. W. A.

IMPERIAL CAMP, NO. 2206, meets at Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and Fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. F. B. Beaupre, V. C.; N. P. Turnbladt, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

I. O. F.

COURT COMMERCE, NO. 3283, Independent Order of Foresters, meets first and third Friday evening, at 8 o'clock at Kalamazoo hall. Next meeting, April 7, 1905. R. J. Packard, C. R.; W. W. Hoopes, R. S.

CLAN STEWART, NO. 50, O. S. C.—meets first and third Wednesdays of each month at 8 p. m., in Folz hall, West Superior street. John G. Ross, chief; Malcolm MacDonald, secretary; John Burnett, financial secretary, 10 Mason Flats. Next meeting, Wednesday, April 5. Dance in hall, Wednesday, March 29.

ROYAL LEAGUE.

ZENITH COUNCIL—NO. 161, Royal League, meets in Elks' hall, second and fourth Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. J. P. Hefferman, archon; L. P. Murray, scribe, 1815 East Fifth street.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD—Subordinate Division, No. 132, meets first and third Wednesday evenings each month. Hall A, Kalamazoo block. E. F. Heller, Capt. Gen.; Mary P. Foster, recorder, 720 Third avenue east; H. V. Holmes, paymaster and treasurer, 421 Fifteenth avenue east.